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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MAY 0 6 2005

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Robert Brennis Regulatory Agent for, BBJ Chemical Compounds, Inc. 6802 Citicorp Blvd., Suite 500 Tampa, FL 33619

Mail to: Attn: Bob Brennis Lewis & Harrison 122 C Street, N. W., Suite 740 Washington, D.C. 20001

Subject: BBJ Mold Control EPA Registration Number 67212-3 Your Amendment Dated January 10th, 2005 EPA Received Date January 11th, 2005

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act(FIFRA), as amended, to correct some minor typographical errors, add the alternate brand name, "BBJ MGI-Mold Growth Inhibitor", and label language for HVAC uses, is acceptable.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Karen M. Leavy-Munk at (703) 308-6237.

Sincerely. Marshall Swindell

Product Manager 33 Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobial Division(7510C)

[Front Label]

BBJ Mold Control

[alternate brand name]

BBJ MGI - Mold Growth Inhibitor

- Eliminates odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew, smoke, animals, cooking, spoilage, musty and other odors.
- Controls and inhibits odor causing bacteria, fungi, mold and mildew on floors, walls, contents and other interior building surfaces.
- Bacteriostat
- Fungistat (mold and mildew)
- Mildewstat
- Deodorizer
- Residential
- Commercial
- Industrial
- Will not damage most surfaces

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: 2-Bromo-2-nitropropane-1,3-diol INERT INGREDIENTS:

.05% <u>99.95%</u> 100.00%

BBJ Environmental Solutions, Inc. 6802 Citicorp Dr., Suite 500 Tampa, Florida 33619 Questions? 1-800-889-2251 EPA REG NUMBER 67212-3 EPA EST NUMBER 67212-FL-001 NET CONTENTS 32 oz (_______g)

TOTAL

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For complete product use instructions, refer to the attached booklet and read completely prior to using this product. If the booklet is missing, return this product to the place of purchase and obtain a replacement package.

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[Back Label]

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Keep away from heat.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in areas inaccessible to children or persons unfamiliar with its use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous, improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty package. Empty residue into application equipment. Triple rinse (or equivalent) then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture. Dispose of package in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, if allowed by State and local authorities. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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Florida 33619 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and

Rodenticide Act as amended, for the

Festicide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 6 7 1

[For use only with the Floors and Walls labeling] BBJ - MOLD CONTROL - EPA Reg. No. 67212-3

BBJ Environmental Solutions, Inc., 6802 Citicorp Dr., Suite 500, Tampa,

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUC IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING

THE PERSON APPLYING THIS PRODUCT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FOLLOWING THESE DIRECTIONS UNDER BOTH STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS.

1.0 General

BBJ MOLD CONTROL is designed to be used to retard (or inhibit) odor, stain causing or other damage causing organisms including mold and mildew on floors, walls, contents and other interior building surfaces. It is also used as one component of a comprehensive mold remediation or water damage restoration program. The purpose of such a program is to minimize damage from growth of mold and other odor, stain or damaging organisms. limit regrowth and help building interiors continue in that condition. This product should only be used in those cases where visible microbial growth has been detected (or conditions are likely to immediately result in such growth) and then only as part of a program that removes that growth and identifies and corrects the conditions that led to that growth. If you need help understanding any part of these instructions or have additional questions after reading these instructions, DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT until you have received the answers for all of your questions.

2.0 **Causes of Microbial Growth**

Microbial (including bacteria, mold, mildew, and other fungi) growth is present at all times both outdoors and in our building interiors. Normally the natural balance of the environment limits such growth to acceptable levels. Under certain conditions, growth can reach problem levels and if not controlled, will cause foul odors, soil and damage furnishings and valuables and may even destroy structural components of a residence or other building. Normally, fungal spores, live organisms and food sources are plentiful in building interiors without uncontrolled growth taking place. Elevated water from the following lead to growth:

2.1 Floods

If water floods the interior of a building it brings a massive load of organic matter, bacteria and fungal spores. If the water and excessive organic load is not cleaned quickly, massive growth will result. Floods can be either from rising water or massive plumbing failures.

2.2 Leaks

Leaks release lesser amounts of water and often over extended time periods. Thus, they can lead to high levels of growth in wall cavities and other spaces where they are not visible until considerable damage has been done. Leaks can be both from plumbing and roof, wall or other structural failures.

2.3 **Humidity**

Microorganisms grow in moisture films that form on surfaces and within porous materials. This is known as water activity of the material or surface. High levels of humidity can lead to sufficient surface water activity to support accelerated growth if that elevated level is maintained for as little as 24 hours. Accelerated growth takes place with some fungi within 24 hours at humidity levels between 66%-70%.

3.0 Indications for use and Guidelines

Homeowners and building managers should survey their buildings at least monthly for any of the following conditions. When they are found, they should be corrected according to the following guidelines.

3.1 Visible Growth

Areas of visible growth of less than 30 square feet (the area of a single wall panel) can normally be remediated without elaborate procedures. When these areas are identified, first clean affected areas with detergent and water. Then mist (see application instructions below) lightly with BBJ MOLD CONTROL to retard growth and

spread of fungal spores and other contaminates. If growth is on ceiling tiles or other such easily removable items of nominal value, remove them and seal them in a plastic bag and dispose with normal trash. If the surface is not easily replaceable, clean with detergent and water then mist with BBJ MOLD CONTROL to retard future growth. If growth appears again in the same location, determine the cause and correct prior to attempting additional treatment.

Areas larger than 30 square feet require special procedures and individuals trained in remediation. You should locate a qualified contractor or contact BBJ customer service at 800.889.2251 for suggestions of contractors in your area.

4.0 General Directions for BBJ Mold Control Usage

BBJ MOLD CONTROL effectively controls by inhibiting growth of odor causing bacteria, fungi, and other odor, stain or damage causing organisms on floors, walls and other surfaces in residences. BBJ MOLD CONTROL also eliminates odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew, smoke, animals, cooking, spoilage, musty and other odors and removes odor-causing organisms when used as part of a comprehensive preventative maintenance approach.

BBJ MOLD CONTROL is a bacteriostat, fungistat (mold and mildew), mildewstat and deodorizer for use in residential, commercial and industrial settings. It will not stain or bleach materials or fabrics and will not harm or damage most interior surfaces. Test on an inconspicuous area if you are unsure of the surface you are working with.

BBJ MOLD CONTROL is formulated for use on all kinds of surfaces including:

- Painted wallboard.
- Structural members and supports.
- Ceilings and above ceiling spaces.
- Basements and crawl spaces.
- Cabinets and countertops.
- Case goods and other furnishings.
- Floor surfaces.

Follow the directions for the specific type of component being treated. The following directions must be carefully read and understood prior to using the product. If you have any questions, need further information, require clarification, or do not understand any of the directions, call BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 prior to use.

4.1 Application Methods

4.1.1 Brush, Mop or Wipe Application

You can brush, mop or wipe BBJ MOLD CONTROL on hard non-porous surfaces. If in doubt about a given surface, contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 before proceeding. When using brush or mop application, tools and materials used should be reserved only for application of BBJ MOLD CONTROL, kept clean and protected between uses and replaced when worn or visibly soiled. Natural fiber brushes are preferred although any quality brush is acceptable. Mops should be of the types that leave minimal lint behind. Micro-fiber or other non-linting cloths are preferable. Where other types of cloths are used, they must be soft enough that they absorb a sufficient quantity of liquid to provide uniform application.

During Brush, Mop or Wipe Application, apply to a limited area at a time. Over lap applications to assure complete coverage. Cover completely while avoiding runs or pooling.

4.1.2 Spray Applicators

Spray application is preferred on surfaces that are easily accessible and most uniformly shaped objects. Insert the spray tip (provided) and cover surface with a uniform spray pattern. Avoid excessive wetting and do not allow the spray to run or pool.

4.1.3 LV or Mist Generating Sprayers

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ULV or mist or other wet small particle application is preferable where surfaces are irregular or less accessible. Equipment capable of generating particles in the 15 to 60 micron range is most satisfactory. Avoid use of thermal type fog generators. BBJ Model 903 is preferred. Contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 for information on other devices.

4.2 Rate of Application

The recommended rate of application for BBJ MOLD CONTROL varies depending on the surface being treated. Users of this product must carefully follow the rate of application instructions provided below:

4.3.1 Hard, Smooth Surface (Glass, Metal)

Apply until surface is evenly wet. Mist or wipe coverage 250 ft² per quart. Spray coverage 125 ft² per quart. If the above application rates result in surface runoff or liquid pooling, lower the application rate until the surface is thoroughly and evenly wet without runoff or pooling.

4.3.2 Semi Porous Surfaces such as Concrete or Plaster or Wallboard

Apply until surface is evenly wet. Mist coverage 125 ft² per quart. Wipe not recommended. Spray coverage 60 ft² per quart. BBJ MICROBIOCIDE FOR FLOORS AND WALLS must penetrate into surface crevices and irregularities or it will not be effective. Inspect and assure that penetration is satisfactory. It may be helpful to make multiple applications at a lower application rate on some surfaces as the first application will wet the surface and facilitate penetration of following application(s).

4.4 Frequency of Application

Normally, infrequent application (twice a year or less) will provide effective control. Do not apply more often than monthly and then only if there is evidence of re-growth. Prior to reapplication in such cases, investigate to determine the cause of re-growth and correct that problem prior to re-application. Before embarking on a program of frequent application contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 and discuss the specific application and situation. Also make sure the reoccurrence of microbial growth does not have another cause such as persistently high humidity, standing water or hidden leaks.

Removed components that are contaminated with mold and other microbial growth may spread contamination while being removed from the building. To prevent this, smaller items should be placed in plastic bags that should then be sealed before being removed. Larger items that cannot be safely packaged should be treated before being moved through occupied spaces. An appropriately labeled disinfectant can be used for treatment. Care must be used during treatment to assure that fumes from the agent being used are not released into occupied spaces. Products used should be used according to their label directions. Please contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 for guidance on the appropriate disinfectant to use for treatment.

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Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. C 7 $\alpha/\alpha - 3$

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BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS – EPA Reg. No. 67212 Antimicrobial for HVAC Systems and Air Ducts [For Use Only with the HVAC labeling]	ACCEPTED May 0 6 2005				
BBJ Environmental Solutions, Inc., 6802 Citicorp Dr., Suite 500, Tampa, Florid	Under the Gederal Insecticide, fundicide, and Robert dicide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. $4.7 \times 1.2 - 3$				
IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELING					
THE PERSON APPLYING THIS PRODUCT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FOLLOWING THE UNDER BOTH STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS	ESE DIRECTIONS				
1.0 General					
BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS is designed to be used as one component of a comprehensive HVAC and duct maintenance program. The purpose of such a program is to assure that the HVAC system and ducts function in the manner they were designed to, remain free from mold and other microbial growth and other contamination, and continue in that condition. This product should only be used in only those cases where visible microbial growth has been detected in the system and then only after removing that growth and identifying and correcting the conditions that led to that growth. It may also be used to inhibit growth on surfaces that normally become wet during operation of the system. These normally include (but are not limited to) evaporator coils, uninsulated piping, condensate drain pans, drain lines, mist eliminators and cabinet housing components subject to wetting by mist or carryover of water. If you need help in understanding any part of these instructions or have additional questions after reading these instructions, DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT until you have received the answers for all of your questions.					
2.0 Inspection					

Prior to inspecting, cleaning, treating, repairing or otherwise working on the HVAC or duct section, the HVAC system should be turned off or the section under repair physically isolated from sections in active use.

Prior to any application of BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS the system must be inspected for cleanliness and mechanical condition. When initiating any measures to repair, clean or treat HVAC system components or air ducts, industry standards from the American Society of Heating and Refrigeration Engineers (ASHRAE), National Air Duct Cleaners Association (NADCA), Indoor Air Quality Association (IAQA) and other organizations must be followed.

HVAC systems should be routinely inspected for cleanliness by visual means. The NADCA Standard, *Assessment, Cleaning and Restoration of HVAC Systems* (ACR 2002 or the latest revision), provides minimum recommended inspection frequency schedules for ducts and other system components. More information on NADCA standards can be obtained from the NADCA web site at <u>www.nadca.com</u>.

2.1 Cleanliness Inspection

According to NADCA Standards, HVAC system cleaning must be performed when any of the following conditions are found in the cleanliness inspection. If any of these deficiencies are found during inspection, cleaning in accordance with industry standards must be performed prior to the application of BBJ MOLD CONTROLFOR HVAC SYSTEMS. At a minimum, these standards require removing all loose soil and debris with a HEPA filter equipped vacuum cleaner and complete cleaning of soil from all heat exchange surfaces using a special cleaner formulated so as to clean such soils effectively yet not damage heat exchange components or release unpleasant or potentially damaging fumes. BBJ POWER COIL CLEAN is especially formulated to work with BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS.

2.1.1 Contamination

 HVAC systems should be operated in a clean condition. If significant accumulations of contaminants or debris are visually observed within the HVAC system, then cleaning is necessary. Likewise, if evidence of microbial growth is visually observed or confirmed by analytical methods, then cleaning is required.

- If the HVAC system discharges visible particulate into the occupied space, or a significant contribution of airborne particles from the HVAC system into the indoor ambient air is confirmed, then cleaning is necessary.
- Heat exchange coils, cooling coils, air flow control devices, filtration devices, and air-handling equipment determined to have restrictions, blockages, or contamination deposits that may cause system performance inefficiencies, air flow degradation, or that may significantly affect the design intent of the HVAC system, require cleaning.
- Drain pans must be free from slime and sludge or other contamination. Badly rusted or corroded drain pans must either be repaired or replaced.
- Fans and fan housings must be free from accumulations of microbial growth and particulate matter.
- Filters must be in good condition and cleaned or replaced as needed to avoid exceeding the allowable
 pressure drop for the equipment.

If you need help in understanding existing industry standards, consult a qualified professional or contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 for guidance and further direction or consult the information at <u>www.epa.gov</u> (search on "HVAC Systems" or "air ducts"). In addition, the following association and society Internet sites should be consulted for information on standards and guidelines they have developed: ACCA – <u>www.acca.org</u> ASHRAE – <u>www.nadca.com</u> NAIMA – www.naima.org MAY 0 6 2005

NAIMA – <u>www.naima.org</u> SMACNA – <u>www.smacna.org</u>

2.2 Mechanical Inspection

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 672/2-3

BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS must be used only on HVAC system components and air ducts in sound mechanical condition as defined in 2.2.1 and 2.2.2 (below). The HVAC system components must be designed and installed in conformance with industry standards and guidelines. Prior to using the product, inspect the HVAC system and ducts and assure that they are in sound mechanical condition. The following general guidelines, supplemented by industry standards from SMACNA, NAIMA, ASHRAE, ACCA and other organizations, must be followed:

2.2.1 Air Leaks and Mechanical Defects .

The equipment housing, cabinets and ducts must be free from air leaks and other mechanical defects. Air leaks will promote condensation of water that causes microbial growth and will lead to failure of BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS to protect the system adequately.

2.2.2 Design and Installation

ASHRAE, SMACNA, NAIMA and other industry organizations have established guidelines and standards for the design and installation of HVAC and duct systems. You should determine that the system components you wish to treat conform to industry practice. If you are not knowledgeable of industry guidelines and standards, consult a gualified professional or contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 for assistance.

In some situations, the inspection may reveal that a component of the HVAC or duct system is badly damaged or in such poor operating condition that it cannot be corrected through cleaning and/or minor repair. In these situations, the system should be replaced or rebuilt in conformity to the applicable industry standards prior to using BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS. Some (but not all) of the conditions that would indicate the need for major repairs or replacement of the system include:

 Improper size of system or component – The system and all components must be sized to achieve correct airflow and be of the proper capacity for the load. When air-handling equipment is changed or new inlets or outlets added, the size of all components in the system should be recalculated and replacements made as needed.

- Physical damage Crushed or physically damaged equipment may leak or fail to perform as designed.
 Deformed air ducts will restrict airflow and may leak (especially at joint areas). Damaged equipment must be repaired or replaced or if there is extensive damage, the entire system should be replaced.
- Badly corroded metal components including duct sections, housings and cabinets, coil assemblies, drain pans, fans and their housings and heat exchange surfaces.
- Loose, damaged, friable or missing insulation Insulation is important in preventing moisture condensation and subsequent growth of mold and other organisms. If insulation (either interior or exterior) is damaged, missing or not properly fastened it must be repaired or replaced or the associated duct sections replaced. Air handler, mixing, and VAV box housings are also normally insulated and this insulation should be checked for damage in a like manner.

Removed components that are contaminated with mold and other microbial growth may spread contamination while being removed from the building. To prevent this, smaller items should be placed in plastic bags that should then be sealed before being removed. Larger items that cannot be safely packaged should be treated before being moved through occupied spaces. An appropriately labeled disinfectant can be used during treatment. Care must be used during treatment to assure that fumes from the agent being used are not released into occupied spaces. Products used should be used according to their label directions. Please contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 for guidance on the appropriate disinfectant to use for treatment.

3.0 General Directions for BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS Usage

BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS effectively controls by inhibiting growth of odor causing bacteria, fungi, and other odor, stain or damage causing organisms in HVAC system components and air ducts in residential, commercial, institutional, and industrial buildings. BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS also eliminates odors associated with bacteria, mold, mildew, smoke, animals, cooking, spoilage, musty and other odors and removes odor-causing organisms when used as part of such a comprehensive preventative maintenance program in HVAC systems and air ducts.

BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS is a bacteriostat, fungistat (mold and mildew), mildewstat and deodorizer for use in residential, commercial and industrial settings. It will not stain or bleach materials or fabrics and will not harm or damage HVAC system components.

BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS is formulated for use in all kinds of HVAC components and air ducts including:

- Furnaces.
- Air Handlers.
- Packaged units including Rooftops and Packaged Terminal Air Conditioner (PTAC) units.
- Fan coil units.
- Air distribution components such as air handlers, mixing boxes, transfer boxes, transitions, turning vanes, dampers, fans and fan housings, and associated components.
- Condensate drain pans.
- Unlined sheet metal ducts.
- Air supply and return ducts and plenums fabricated with plywood, OSB or other wood like material.
- Flexible air ducts fabricated of metal or plastic.
- Humidifiers.
- Dehumidifiers; both Desiccant and Refrigerated.
- Registers, Grills and other air intake and discharge devices.

Follow the directions below for the specific type of duct or component being treated. It is vital that the following directions be carefully read and understood prior to using the product. If you have any questions, need further information, require clarification, or do not understand any of the directions, call BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 prior to use.

3.1 Application Equipment and Devices	ACCEPTED
3.1.1 Spray Applicators	MAY 0 6 2005
EPA Label Amendment for Mold Control – Revised 12/22/2004	Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenficide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 6 72/2-3 Page 8 of 11

Spray application is preferred on large surfaces that are easily accessible (such as plenums, coil assemblies, the interior of cabinets, housings with removable access panels, and in long runs of large diameter ducts). The sprav equipment chosen should provide a consistent fine (1-300 micron) particle size and uniform spray pattern. Powered medium pressure sprayers such as the BBJ Model 902 are preferred. However, airless sprayers are suitable.

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Where airless sprayers are used, the most satisfactory spray pattern will be achieved using a 0.011" spray tip. For other brands and options contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251.

Pump up garden type sprayers can be used but care must be taken to maintain maximum pressure by pumping frequently and the spray nozzle must be adjusted for the finest spray pattern possible. During application achieve complete uniform coverage. Avoid excessive wetting and do not allow the spray to run or pool.

3.1.2 ULV or Mist Generating Spravers

ULV or mist or other wet small particle application is preferable where surfaces are irregular or less accessible. Equipment capable of generating particles in the 15 to 60 micron range is most satisfactory. Avoid use of thermal type fog generators. BBJ Model 903 is preferred. Contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 for information on other devices.

Generally a fog will carry and provide adequate coverage up to 8 feet from the point of application so adequate penetrations must be cut in cabinets or ducts to assure complete coverage without over wetting. SMACNA, NADCA and NAIMA have established standards and guidelines for making and sealing openings in HVAC system components and ducts. Operators should be trained on proper application techniques as well as correct duct penetration and sealing procedures using these standards and guidelines. Operators should also carefully read and follow directions for the brand of equipment used. BBJ Customer Service personnel should be contacted at 800.889.2251 for information on training for using various types of equipment. Housing and duct penetrations should be properly closed following application, in accordance with industry standards.

3.1.3 Automated Atomizing or Spray System

There are a number of automated spraying systems on the market including those that are carried by a "robot" through air ducts. These may provide an excellent option for application of BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS in parts of air ducts that are difficult to access if they produce the correct spray pattern and application quantity. These devices must be visually monitored using video or other means while applying spray so proper application rate will be maintained. Please contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 regarding a specific device should you have questions.

3.1.4 Brush, Mop or Wipe Application

Brush, Mop or Wipe Application may be specified by some facility maintenance or remediation plans. These techniques are generally more labor intensive than other methods and are normally used only when specifications require. These methods are suitable only for smooth uniform surfaces. Do not use on porous or non-uniform surfaces. If in doubt about a given surface, contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 before proceeding. When using brush or mop application, tools and materials used should be reserved only for application of BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS, kept clean and protected between uses and replaced when worn or visibly soiled. Natural fiber brushes are preferred although any quality brush is acceptable. Mops should be of the types that leave minimal lint behind. Micro-fiber or other non-linting cloths are preferable. Where other types of cloths are used, they must be soft enough that they absorb a sufficient quantity of liquid to provide uniform application.

During Brush, Mop or Wipe Application, the applicator must have access to the surfaces being treated. Usually this will require entering the component or air ducts. In such cases, application must start from the point most distant from the point of entry. The applicator will then work from that point back to the entry point covering a 3foot length of duct at a time. Apply to the top of the area to be treated first, followed by the sides than the floor. Overlap applications to assure complete coverage. Cover completely while avoiding runs of CEPTED

3.2 **Application Techniques**

BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS must be applied evenly to surfaces that are being

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and uniform application is essential for satisfactory results. The procedures, equipment and techniques described below have been tested and provide the desired results. Other procedures, equipment or techniques may also achieve satisfactory results but should not be used without discussing the specific situation and equipment with a BBJ Customer Service Representative who can be reached toll free at 800.889.2251.

3.2.1 Application from Exterior of the HVAC System or Air Duct

BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS may be sprayed into existing access openings where these provide adequate access. Normally these consist of removable panels or access doors. Completely cover all non-electrical components until they are thoroughly and uniformly covered using hand or powered spray equipment. This is the technique of choice for large penthouse or built up air handlers and other components with access panels or doors.

When applying to ductwork, spray into openings at a minimum of every 8 feet. Existing supply openings can be used where they provide a clear view of the surfaces being sprayed so that uniform application can be achieved. However, additional penetrations will have to be made, as needed, so enough openings will be available to achieve total and uniform coverage.

Spray application is not an acceptable technique where openings are greater than 8 feet apart, additional openings cannot be made and properly sealed, and/or the duct geometry does not allow for uniform coverage. In such cases, application from within the HVAC system is necessary (see 3.3.2 below).

3.2.2 Application from Within the HVAC System

When BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS cannot be sprayed into openings at intervals throughout the HVAC or duct system, you must gain entry into the system and spray the product onto interior surfaces until they are thoroughly and uniformly covered using hand or powered spray equipment. This is the most frequently used technique and is the technique of choice for air handlers, other components with access panels or doors and large diameter (generally 20" x 20" minimum) ducts where direct access can be gained to surfaces being treated.

Some protection is provided for drain pans by excess BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS that runs off of cooling coils when they are treated. Additional protection can be provided by spraying BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS onto the surfaces of the pan or pouring into the drain pan until the bottom of the pan is uniformly wetted. Systems greater than 20 tons may require BBJ Pan control strips. Before treating the drain pan, check to determine that the drain line is clear and free running and that the drain pan is clean and free of loose corrosion. Replace badly deteriorated pans. Drain pans that do not drain completely and retain water may experience microbial growth even when treated. Level drain pans and otherwise adjust them so water completely drains from them.

3.3 Fans and Fan Housings

Fans create air turbulence, which can lead to condensation of water that supports mold and other growth. As a result, fan blade and blower wheel surfaces as well as associated housings are especially prone to fouling from both microbial growth and soil accumulation. It may be necessary to partially or completely remove and disassemble these components so they may be properly cleaned prior to application of BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS. Complete cleaning must take place before attempting to treat these components.

3.3.1 Humidifiers and Dehumidifiers

Because of the amount of water present, humidifiers and dehumidifiers are often sites especially prone to microbial growth. They also attract and hold soil as growth related contamination builds up over time. This accumulated material must be thoroughly removed prior to treatment with BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS. For some units, cleaning may also signal the need to replace pads, belts, wheels or service other components. The manufacturer of the unit being maintained should be consulted on the proper maintenance and cleaning procedure.

3.4 Rate of Application

The recommended rate of application for BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS varies depending on the surface being treated. Users of this product must carefully follow the rate of application instructions provided below:

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3.4.1 Bare Metal and Flexible Ducts

Apply until surface is evenly wet. Mist or wipe coverage 1,000 ft² per gallon. Spray coverage 500 ft² per gallon. If the above application rates result in surface runoff or liquid pooling on the bottom of the duct, lower the application rate until the surface is thoroughly and evenly wet without runoff or pooling. The exception to this is when treating coil assemblies. In this case, the spray should be applied generously until there is runoff into the drain pan so as to penetrate the coil assembly to the greatest possible depth.

3.4.2 Semi Porous Surfaces such as Concrete or Plaster

Apply until surface is evenly wet. Mist coverage 500 ft² per gallon. Wipe not recommended. Spray coverage 250-ft² per gallon. BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS must penetrate into surface crevices and irregularities or it will not be effective. Inspect and assure that penetration is satisfactory. It may be helpful to apply half of the quantity needed for full coverage spraying from side to side then repeat the application moving the spray from top to bottom.

3.5 Frequency of Application

Normally, infrequent application (every 3 months for HVAC Systems and every 6 months to every two years for air ducts) will provide effective control. Some critical applications such as HVAC and duct systems serving critical health care spaces or clean rooms where it is essential to minimize the generation of particulate matter that may be released as a byproduct of microbial growth may require more frequent treatment. Do not apply more often than monthly and then only if there is evidence of re-growth. This product must only be used in those cases where visible microbial growth has been detected in the system and then only after removing that growth and identifying and correcting the conditions that led to that growth. Prior to reapplication in such cases, investigate to determine the cause of re-growth and correct that problem prior to re-application. Before embarking on a program of frequent application (more frequent than every three months) contact BBJ Customer Service at 800.889.2251 and discuss the specific application and situation. Also make sure the reoccurrence of microbial growth does not have another cause such as persistently high humidity, standing water or hidden leaks.

Prior to reapplication, the interior of the ducts and other surfaces must be inspected and found to be free of accumulated soil. If soil or growth is found, the cause should be determined and corrected and then the ducts cleaned in accordance with accepted industry practice.

If microbial growth persists in air ducts following application re-inspect for duct leaks, carryover of water from cooling coils or humidifiers and other sources of moisture promoting growth. Eliminate such sources of moisture before retreating.

3.6 Returning the System to Operation following Application

Equipment being treated and the fans and blowers in the section of duct being treated must be turned off during application of BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS. If the system cannot be shut down, the section of the system being treated must be isolated until treatment is complete. This will prevent the spray of fog from being blown away from the surface that is being treated.

Do not attempt to use the system fan or blower to carry BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS to the surfaces within system. Such a practice will not result in uniform application of the product to the surfaces being treated and will lead to ineffective control. This should never be attempted.

The system can be returned to full operation as soon as treatment is completed or at any time following completion of treatment. BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS will dry on surfaces within 15 minutes following application. Extended drying time does not have an impact on effectiveness of treatment. BBJ MOLD CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS should not be rinsed off following application so it will continue to inhibit the growth of microorganisms on treated surfaces.

When the above directions are followed properly, there will not be significant concentrations of **PEO/OCE** CONTROL FOR HVAC SYSTEMS released to the spaces served by a system being treated. There is no n have occupants leave the building during application.

