

66330-384

5/1/2009

Page 1830



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Jonathan Janis
Regulatory Manager
Arysta LifeScience North America LLC
15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 201
Cary, NC 27513

MAY 1 2009

SUBJECT: Application for Pesticide Notification – Corrections to Label for Equipment
Cleanout Directions and the Basic Confidential Statement of Formula
(CSF) to Correct EPA Registration Number
Audit 75 WDG Herbicide
EPA Reg. No. 66330-384
Application and Basic CSF Dated March 11, 2009

Dear Mr. Janis:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the actions requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The Basic Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) dated March 11, 2009 and the label submitted with the application of the same date are considered "acceptable", date stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

PLEASE NOTE: The Basic CSF dated March 11, 2009 will supersede all previously "accepted" CSFs.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Terri Stowe of my staff at 703-305-6117.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Linda Arrington".

Linda Arrington
Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

2730



Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.

Form Approved. OMB No. 2070-0060

United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460		<input type="checkbox"/> Registration <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other	OPP Identifier Number
Application for Pesticide - Section I			
1. Company/Product Number 66330-384		2. EPA Product Manager Jim Tompkins	
4. Company/Product (Name) Audit 75 WDG Herbicide		3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Arysta LifeScience North America LLC 15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 150 Cary, NC 27513 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In NOTIFICATION Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. <u>MAY 01 2009</u> Product Name _____	
Section - II			
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.		<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____		<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.		<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.	
Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Notification of correction of Sprayer Clean-up directions and confirmation of primary brandname of product. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 162.46, this may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.			
Section - III			
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged in:			
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____
* Certification must be submitted			
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container	
5. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled		5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/>	
Section - IV			
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)			
Name M. Sam Bondurant		Title Regulatory Manager	
		Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 901-684-5390	
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.			8. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature <i>M. Sam Bondurant</i>		3. Title Regulatory Manager	
4. Typed Name M. Sam Bondurant		5. Date 11 March 2009	



Arysta LifeScience

3 8 3 0

REGISTRATION ACTION

Notification – Corrections to CSF and Label

FEE CATEGORY: N/A

REGISTRATION FEE: N/A

Via FedEx TRK# 7964 1782 3141

March 11, 2009

Mr. Jim Tompkins, PM#25
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Dear Mr. Tompkins:

SUBJECT: AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE, EPA Reg. No. 66330-384
Notification to Correct Typographical Error on CSF and
Sprayer Cleanout Directions

Please find enclosed a Notification from Arysta LifeScience North America LLC to correct an error on the CSF listing the wrong EPA Registration Number for Express XP Herbicide (75%) and to correct the Sprayer Cleanout directions on pages 17 and 18 of the Master Label. Per our conversations, the following enclosures are included in support of this Notification:

1. EPA Form 8570-1 – Notification

One (1) copy of EPA Form 8570-1 Notification dated March 11, 2009 listing the corrections made to the CSF and the Master Label

2. EPA Form 8570-4 – Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF)

One (1) copy of corrected Confidential Statement of Formula listing the correct EPA Reg. No. 352-509 for Express XP Herbicide

Arysta LifeScience North America

15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 150, Cary, NC USA 27513 Telephone: (+1) 919-678-4900 Fax: (+1) 919-678-2194
www.arystalifescience.com



Arysta LifeScience

4 8 30

Mr. Jim Tompkins, PM#25
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
March 11, 2009
Page 2 of 2

3. Labels for Audit 75 WDG Herbicide

One (1) redline copy of the Audit 75 WDG Herbicide Master Label showing the correction to the cleanup instructions on pages 17 and 18 of the label
One (1) clean copy of the Audit 75 WDG Herbicide Master Label
One (1) clean copy of the Supplemental Label that Arysta will provide to distributors, dealers, applicators and growers for product that has been produced and packaged for this growing season.

No other changes have been made to the label or the confidential statement of formula. We request acknowledgement of receipt of this Notification for use in supporting our individual State registrations.

If you have questions or need additional information, please contact me by phone at (901) 432-5116 or by email to sam.bondurant@arystalifescience.com.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "M. Sam Bondurant".

M. Sam Bondurant
Regulatory Manager

BONDURANT, Sam

From: BONDURANT, Sam
Sent: Wednesday, March 11, 2009 1:56 PM
To: Tompkins.Jim@epa.gov
Cc: DYKES, Jan; BUTLER, Jean; KOONCE, Wanda
Subject: Audit 75 WDG Herbicide - Notification to Correct
Attachments: Sprayer Cleanout Notification 031109.pdf

Dear Jim,

Per our phone conversations the past few days, attached are:

1. Notification to Correct a Typographical Error on the Confidential Statement of Formula and to clarify the equipment cleanout instructions on the Master Label.
2. Copy of the corrected CSF
3. Clean copy and redline copy of the Audit 75 WDG Herbicide Master Label showing the correction made on pages 17 and 18 of the label
4. Clean copy of the Supplemental Label that Arysta will provide to Distributors, Dealers, Applicators and Growers. This Supplemental Label will immediately be posted on CDMS.

We appreciate the assistance and cooperation you have provided to Arysta.

Best regards,

'Sam'

M. Sam Bondurant (Mrs.)
Regulatory Manager
Arysta LifeScience N.A. LLC
Ph. (901) 432-5116 Fax: (901) 432-5031 Cell: (901) 496-4755
Email: sam.bondurant@arystalifescience.com

6730

Audit 75 WDG Herbicide

For Use on Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Fallow and
As a Pre-plant or Post-harvest Burndown Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

BY WT.

Thifensulfuron-Methyl:

Methyl 3-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl) amino]
carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-
thiophenecarboxylate.....56.25%

Tribenuron methyl:

Methyl 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-
2-yl)methylamino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoate18.75%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:25.00%

TOTAL 100.00 %

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail)

FIRST AID	
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first five minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
HOT LINE NUMBER	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE: Call PROSAR at 1-866-303-6952 or 1-651-632-8946 if calling from outside the U.S. FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC at 1-800-434-9300 or 1-703-527-3887 if calling from outside of the U.S.	

EPA REG. No. 66330-384
AD XXXXXX

EPA EST. NO. _____

NET CONTENTS: _____

Manufactured for:

ARYSTA LIFESCIENCE NORTH AMERICA, LLC
15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 150
Cary, NC 27513

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical Resistant Gloves, Category A (such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber), all \geq 14 mls
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

Do not allow sprays to drift onto adjacent desirable plants.

Important: Read these entire DIRECTIONS FOR USE and CONDITIONS OF SALE before using AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protections Standard.

Do not allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical Resistant Gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride.
- Shoes plus socks

GENERAL INFORMATION

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE is selective herbicide for control of many broadleaf weeds including common lambsquarters, mustard species, wild buckwheat, common sunflower, smartweeds and pigweeds in wheat, durum, barley, triticale, post-harvest burndown, pre-plant burndown and fallow applications.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE is absorbed by foliage of susceptible weeds, which cease growth soon after application. Maximum weed control may not be seen for one to two weeks, though susceptible weeds will stop growing and will no longer be competitive. The use rate will depend on weed size and species present at the time of application. Warm temperatures and good soil moisture at the time of application will promote weed control, while cold temperatures and drought conditions may cause reduced control. When cereal crops are stressed due to extreme temperatures or abnormal soil conditions (excess moisture or drought), the addition of a 2,4-D containing herbicide as a tank mix with AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may reduce any potential crop damage.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other broadleaf herbicides listed on this label. See "TANK MIXES" section for recommended products.

USE RATES AND APPLICATION TIMING

Wheat, Barley and Triticale

Make applications after the crop is in the 2-leaf stage, but before the flag leaf is visible.

Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE as follows:

Ultra-Low Rate ¹	0.133 ounce/A
Low Rate	0.4 ounce/A
High Rate	0.66 ounce/A

Do not use less than 0.133 ounce/A of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE. When using the 0.133 ounce/A rate, apply in a tank mix with other registered herbicides (See the "TANK MIXTURES" section of this label for additional information).

¹The Ultra-Low use rate of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE in a tank mix with other suitable registered herbicides will provide control of selected broadleaf weeds including; Annual Smartweeds, Common Lambsquarters, Pigweeds (Redroot and others), Velvetleaf and Wild Mustard as well as suppress Cocklebur and Wild Sunflower. Use rates of 0.4 to 0.66 ounces/A are required to control the broad spectrum of weeds listed in "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

Sequential treatments of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be made provided the total amount applied to the crop does not exceed 1.2 ounce/A per growing season.

Pre-Plant Burndown

Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE as follows:

Low Rate	0.4 ounce/A
High Rate	0.66 ounce/A

For burndown of emerged weeds, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be applied up through planting, but before emergence of wheat (including durum), barley, or triticale plants. Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE as a burndown treatment to sugarbeets, winter rape, and canola fields at least 60 days prior to planting. Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE as a burndown treatment before planting any other crop (such as soybeans and field corn, cotton, rice, or grain sorghum) at least 45 days prior to planting. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE should be applied in combination with other registered preplant burndown herbicides (See the "TANK MIXTURES" section of this label for additional information). Sequential treatments of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may also be made provided the total amount of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE applied during one fallow/preplant season does not exceed 1.2 ounce/A per growing season.

Post Harvest and Fallow

Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE as follows:

Low Rate	0.4 ounce/A
High Rate	0.66 ounce/A

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be used as a post harvest burndown treatment to crop stubble when the majority of weeds have emerged and are actively growing. Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE as a postemergence fallow treatment in the spring or fall when the majority of weeds have emerged and are actively growing. Apply in combination with other suitable registered fallow herbicides (See the "TANK MIXTURES" section of this label for additional information). Sequential treatments of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be made provided the total amount of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE applied to the crop does not exceed 1.2 ounce/A per growing season.

SPRAY ADJUVANTS

Include a spray adjuvant with applications of AUDIT 75WDG HERBICIDE. An ammonium nitrogen fertilizer may also be used. Do not use low rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer solution as a substitute for a surfactant. Always use a surfactant, unless otherwise recommended. Antifoaming agents may be used if needed. Select adjuvants that are authorized for use with all products in AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE tank mix. Products must contain only EPA-exempt ingredients (40 CFR 1001). When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Arysta recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) certified adjuvant.

Nonionic Surfactant (NIS)

- Apply 0.25 to 0.50% volume/volume (1 quart to 2 quarts per 100 gal of spray solution).
- See the "TANK MIXTURES" section of this label for additional information.

Crop Oil Concentrate (COC) - Modified Seed Oil (MSO)

- Apply at least 1% v/v (1 gal per 100 gal spray solution), or 2% under arid conditions. MSO adjuvants may be used at 0.5% v/v if specified on local Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC product literature or service policies.
- Oil adjuvants must contain at least 80% high quality, petroleum (mineral) or modified vegetable seed oil with at least 15% surfactant emulsifiers.

Other Adjuvant Types

- Combination adjuvant products may be used at doses that provide the required amount of NIS, COC, MSO and/or ammonium nitrogen fertilizer. Consult product literature for use rates and restrictions.

11 8 30

Ammonium Nitrogen Fertilizer

- Use 2 qt/acre of a high-quality urea ammonium nitrate (UAN), such as 28%N or 32%N, with a surfactant or 2 lb/acre of a spray-grade ammonium sulfate (AMS), with a surfactant. Use 4 qt/acre UAN or 4 lb/acre AMS under arid conditions.

WEEDS CONTROLLED WITH AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE at 0.4 to 0.66 OUNCE/A	
Annual knawel	Marshelder
Annual sowthistle	Miners lettuce
Black mustard	Mouseear chickweed
Bushy wallflower/ Treacle mustard	Narrowleaf lambsquarters
Broadleaf dock	Nightflowering catchfly
Bur buttercup	Pennsylvania smartweed
Canada Thistle**	Pepperweed species
Carolina geranium	Pineappleweed
Catchweed bedstraw**	Prickly lettuce ‡
Coast fiddleneck	Prostrate knotweed
Common buckwheat	Prostrate pigweed
Common chickweed *	Puncturevine*
Common cocklebur*	Redmaids
Common groundsel	Redroot pigweed
Common lambsquarters	Russian thistle ‡
Common purselane	Scentless chamomile/mayweed
Common radish	Shepherd's purse
Common ragweed*	Slimleaf lambsquarters
Common sunflower	Smallflower buttercup
Common tarweed*	Smallseed falseflax
Corn chamomile	Stinking mayweed/Dogfennel ‡
Corn spurry	Swinecress
Cow cockle	Tansymustard
Cress (mouse ear)	Tarweed fiddleneck
Curly dock	Tumble/Jim Hill mustard
False chamomile	Velvetleaf
Filaree (Texas redstem)	Volunteer canola
Flixweed	Volunteer lentils
Green smartweed	Volunteer peas
Henbit	Volunteer sunflower *
Kochia ‡	Wild buckwheat
Ladysthumb	Wild chamomile
Lanceleaf sage*	Wild garlic*
London rocket	Wild mustard
Mallow (little)	Wild radish

* See SPECIFIC WEED PROBLEMS for more information.

** Suppression: A visual reduction of weed population as well as a significant loss of vigor for individual weeds plants.

‡ Naturally occurring resistant biotypes of kochia, prickly lettuce, and Russian thistle are known to occur. See the "TANK MIXTURES" and "SPECIFIC WEED PROBLEMS" sections of this label for additional details.

SPECIFIC WEED PROBLEMS

Common chickweed: For improved control, apply a minimum of 6 ounces active ingredient per acre of a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate or Bison at 1 1/2 pint per acre) when all or the majority of weeds have germinated and are past the cotyledon stage. Weeds should be less than 3 inches tall or across at the time of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE application. In addition, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be mixed with a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane at 0.5 pint per acre) when all or the majority of weeds have germinated and are past the cotyledon stage. Weeds should be less than 3 inches tall or across at the time of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE application.

Canada Thistle: For improved control, apply a tank mix of 0.66 oz/A of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and 2,4-D at 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient (such as 1/2 to 3/4 pint of a 4 lb/gal product, 1/3 to 1/2 pint of a 6 lb/gal product). Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury, especially at the higher phenoxy rates. Make applications to 4 to 8 inch thistles in the spring.

Common cocklebur, Common ragweed, Common Tarweed, Lanceleaf sage and Puncturevine: For improved control, apply a tank mix of 0.66 oz/A of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and 2,4-D at 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient (such as 1/2 to 3/4 pint of a 4 lb/gal product, 1/3 to 1/2 pint of a 6 lb/gal product). Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury, especially at the higher phenoxy rates. Make applications to small actively growing weeds.

Corn gromwell: For improved control, apply a tank mix of 0.66 oz/A of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and 2,4-D at 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient (such as 1/2 to 3/4 pint of a 4 lb/gal product, 1/3 to 1/2 pint of a 6 lb/gal product). Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury, especially at the higher phenoxy rates. Make applications to small actively growing weeds.

Kochia: Naturally occurring biotypes resistant to AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE are known to occur. For improved control, apply a minimum of 6 ounces active ingredient per acre of a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate or Bison at 1 1/2 pints per acre) when kochia are less than 2" tall and are actively growing. For best results, apply a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane at 1/2 pint per acre) when all or the majority of weeds have germinated and are past the cotyledon stage. Weeds should be less than 4 inches tall or across at the time of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE application.

Prickly lettuce: Naturally occurring biotypes resistant to AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE are known to occur. For best results, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE tank mixed a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane at 1/2 pint per acre) should be applied in the spring when prickly lettuce are 2" to 4" across and are actively growing.

Russian Thistle: Naturally occurring biotypes resistant to AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE are known to occur. For improved control, apply a minimum of 6 ounces active ingredient per acre of a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate® or Bison® at 1 1/2 pints per acre) when all or the majority of weeds have germinated. Weeds should be less than 2" tall or across at the time of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE application.

For best results, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE tank mixed with a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr and 2,4-D or MCP containing herbicides (equivalent to Starane +Saber® at 1 1/2 pints per acre, Starane +Sword® at 1 1/8 pints per acre or Starane +Salvo® at 1 pint per acre) should be applied in the spring when Russian thistle are less than 2" tall and are actively growing.

For suppression, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE tank mixed with a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane® at 1/2 pint per acre) should be applied in the spring when Russian thistle are less than 2" tall and are actively growing.

SU / Clearfield Tolerant Volunteer Sunflowers:

For best results, apply a minimum of 6 ounces active ingredient per acre of a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate® or Bison® at 1 1/2 pints per acre). Delay application until first sunflower seedlings emerging are 4 inches in height.

For improved control, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE tank mixed with a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr and 2,4-D or MCP containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane +Saber at 1 1/2 pints per acre, Starane +Sword at 1 1/8 pints per acre or Starane + Salvo at 1 pint per acre) should be applied in the spring when SU/Clearfield tolerant volunteer sunflower are less than 2" tall and are actively growing.

For suppression, apply a minimum of 1 1/2 ounces active ingredient per acre of a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane® at 1/2 pint per acre).

Wild Garlic: For improved control, apply a tank mix of 0.66 oz/A of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and 2,4-D at 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient (such as 1/2 to 3/4 pint of a 4 lb/gal product, 1/3 to 1/2 pint of a 6 lb/gal product). Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury, especially at the higher phenoxy rates. Make applications to less than 12 inch wild garlic. Stressed plants due to cold temperatures or drought are more difficult to control.

Vetch (common and hairy): For improved control, apply a tank mix of 0.66 oz/A of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and 2,4-D at 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient (such as 1/2 to 3/4 pint of a 4 lb/gal product, 1/3 to 1/2 pint of a 6 lb/gal product). Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury, especially at the higher phenoxy rates. Make applications to less than 6 inch vetch. Stressed plants due to cold temperatures or drought are more difficult to control.

ADDITIONAL AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE TANK MIXTURES

Read and follow all manufacturers' label instructions for any herbicides, fungicides, and/or insecticides tank mixed with AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE. If those instructions conflict with this label, do not tank mix that product with AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE. Read and follow all label instructions on timing, precautions, and warnings for any tank mix product. Follow the most restrictive labeling.

In cereals, AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with other suitable registered herbicides to control weeds listed as suppressed or resistant to AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE or weeds not listed under the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

2,4-D (amine or ester) or MCP (amine or ester)

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with the amine and ester formulations of 2,4-D and MCP herbicides for use on wheat, barley, or fallow. For best results add the ester formulations of 2,4-D or MCP herbicides to the tank at 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient (such as 1/2 to 3/4 pint of a 4 lb/gal product, 1/3 to 1/2 pint of a 6 lb/gal product). Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury, especially at the higher phenoxy rates. Higher rates of 2,4-D or MCP may be used, but do not exceed the highest rate allowed by those respective labels.

With dicamba (such as Banvel or Clarity)

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with 1/16 to 1/8 lb active ingredient dicamba (such as 2-4 fluid ounces of "Banvel" or 2-4 fluid ounces of Clarity). Use higher rates when weed infestation is heavy. Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury. Refer to the specific dicamba label for application timing and restrictions. Tank mixes of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE plus dicamba may result in reduced control of some broadleaf weeds.

With 2,4-D or MCP (amine or ester) and Banvel/Clarity

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be applied in a 3-way tank mixture with formulations of dicamba and 2,4-D or MCP. Make application of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE plus 1/16 to 1/8 lb active ingredient dicamba (such as 2 to 4 fluid ounces of Banvel or 2 to 4 fluid ounces of Clarity) plus 1/4 to 3/8 lb active ingredient 2,4-D or MCP ester or amine per acre. Use higher rates when weed infestation is heavy. Nonionic surfactant may be added to the mixture at 1/2 to 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.125 to 0.25% v/v); however, adding nonionic surfactant may increase the potential for crop injury. Apply this three-way combination to winter wheat after the crop is tillering and prior to jointing (first node). In Spring Wheat (including Durum), apply after the crop is tillering and before it exceeds the 5-leaf stage. In Spring Barley, apply after the crop is tillering and before it exceeds the 4-leaf stage.

With Bromoxynil containing products (such as Buctril®, Bison®, Bronate®, Bronate Advanced® or Rhino®)

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with bromoxynil containing herbicides registered for use on wheat, barley or triticale. For best results, add bromoxynil containing herbicides to the tank at 3 to 6 oz active ingredient per acre (such as "Bronate" or "Bison" at 3/4 to 1 1/2 pt per acre). Tank mixes of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE plus bromoxynil may result in reduced control of Canada thistle.

With a Fluroxypyr Containing Herbicide (equivalent to Starane®, Starane + Salvo®, Starane + Sword®)

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed with 1/3 to 2/3 pint per acre of Starane, 2/3 to 1 1/3 pints per acre of Starane + Salvo, 3/4 to 1 1/2 pints per acre of Starane + Sword. 2,4-D and MCP herbicides (preferably ester formulations) may be tank mixed with AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE plus Starane. Consult local recommendations and the "TANK MIXTURES" section of this label for additional information.

With Maverick®

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with Maverick herbicide for improved control of grassy weeds in wheat. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as "Bronate" or "Bison" at 3/4 to 1 pint per acre) may be tank mixed with 2/3 ounce per acre of "Maverick" herbicide for control of grassy weeds in wheat. This tank mix may also include "Starane" for greater spectrum of broadleaf control - see the "Maverick" label for specific use directions and restrictions. Apply 0.5% volume/volume (4 pint per 100 gal of spray solution) of non-ionic surfactant (NIS) with this tank mix. Some reduction in annual grass control may occur when optimum environmental conditions do not occur for several days prior to and after application - such as low moisture conditions, high and low temperatures, low humidity.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to "Starane", "Starane +Saber", "Starane +Sword" or "Starane +Salvo") may be tank mixed with 2/3 ounce per acre of "Maverick" herbicide for control of grassy weeds in wheat. Tank mixtures with herbicides formulated as amines may decrease the effectiveness of "Maverick" herbicide. Apply 0.5% volume/volume (4 pint per 100 gal of spray solution) of nonionic surfactant (NIS) with this tankmix. Some reduction in annual grass control may occur when optimum environmental conditions do not occur for several days prior to and after application - such as low moisture conditions, high and low temperatures, low humidity.

With Stinger®, Curtail®, Curtail® M or WideMatch®

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with Stinger, Curtail, Curtail M or WideMatch herbicides for improved control of weeds in wheat and barley. AUDIT 75WDG HERBICIDE and a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to "Starane", "Starane +Saber", "Starane +Sword" or "Starane +Salvo") may be tank mixed with Stinger, Curtail or Curtail M herbicides for improved control of weeds in wheat and barley. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may tank mixed with up to 2/3 pint per acre of WideMatch.

With Assert® Herbicide

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with Assert. When tank mixing AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE with Assert, always include another broadleaf weed herbicide with a different mode of action (for example 2,4-D ester, MCP ester, or bromoxynil - such as Buctril, Bison, Bronate or Bronate Advanced). Applications of AUDIT 75WDG HERBICIDE plus Assert may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application. AUDIT 75WDG HERBICIDE and fluroxypyr containing herbicides (such as Starane, Starane +Sword or Starane +Salvo) may be tank mixed with Assert. Applications of fluroxypyr containing herbicides (such as Starane, Starane +Saber, Starane +Sword or Starane +Salvo) may be tank mixed with Stinger or Curtail. AUDIT 75 WDG

HERBICIDE plus Assert may cause temporary crop discoloration, stunting, or injury when heavy rainfall occurs shortly after application.

Refer to the Assert label for specific instructions and restrictions when using amine formulations or additional tank mix products.

With Discover®

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with Discover herbicide for improved control of grass weeds in spring wheat. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate or Bison at 3/4 to 1 pint per acre) may be tank mixed with 4.0 ounces per acre of Discover herbicide or 16 fluid ounces per acre Discover NG, for control of wild oat in wheat - see the Discover label for specific use directions, tank mixes, precautions, restrictions and geographical limitations of use.

AUDIT 75WDG HERBICIDE and a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane or Starane +Sword) may be tank mixed with 4.0 ounces per acre of Discover herbicide or 16 fluid ounces per acre of "Discover" NG, for control of wild oat in wheat. See the Discover label for specific use directions, tank mixes, precautions, restrictions and geographical limitations of use. Some reduction in annual grass control may occur when optimum environmental conditions do not occur for several days prior to and after application - such as low moisture conditions, high and low temperatures or low humidity.

With Axial XL®

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with *Axial XL* herbicide for improved control of grass weeds in spring wheat. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate or Bison at 3/4 to 1 pint per acre) may be tank mixed with 16.4 ounces per acre of *Axial XL* herbicide for control of wild oat in wheat. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane) may be tank mixed with 16.4 ounces per acre of *Axial XL* herbicide for control of wild oat in wheat. See the *Axial XL* label for specific use directions, tank mixes, precautions, restrictions and geographical limitations of use. Some reduction in annual grass control may occur when optimum environmental conditions do not occur for several days prior to and after application - such as low moisture conditions, high and low temperatures or low humidity.

With Everest®

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with Everest herbicide for improved control of grassy weeds in wheat. When AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and Everest are tank mixed, the mix must include at least 1/4 pint 2,4-D.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a bromoxynil containing herbicide (such as Bronate or Bison at 3/4 to 1 pint per acre) may be tank mixed with 0.3 ounce per acre of Everest for control of green foxtail, or 0.4 - 0.6 ounce per acre of Everest for control of green

foxtail, yellow foxtail and wild oat. This tank mix may also include Starane for greater spectrum of broadleaf control - see the Everest label for specific use directions and restrictions.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane, Starane +Saber, Starane +Sword or Starane +Salvo) may be tank mixed with 0.3 ounce per acre of Everest for control of green foxtail or 0.4 - 0.6 ounce per acre of Everest for control of green foxtail, yellow foxtail and wild oat. See the Everest label for specific use directions, tank mixes, precautions and restrictions of use. Some reduction in annual grass control may occur when optimum environmental conditions do not occur for several days prior to and after application - such as low moisture conditions, high and low temperatures or low humidity.

With Puma®

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with Puma IEC for control of some annual grass weeds. This tank mix may also include MCP ester for greater spectrum of broadleaf control - see Puma IEC label for specific use directions and restrictions on tank mixes.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a fluroxypyr containing herbicide (equivalent to Starane) may be tank mixed with 0.66 pint per acre of Puma for annual grass control in wheat or barley. See the "Puma" label for specific use directions, tank mixes, precautions and restrictions of use. Some reduction in annual grass control may occur when optimum environmental conditions do not occur for several days prior to and after application -- such as low moisture conditions, high and low temperatures, or low humidity.

With Other Grass Control Products

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE can be tank mixed with grass control products. Antagonism generally does not occur. However, Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC recommends that you first consult your state experiment station, university, or extension agent, Agricultural dealer, or Arysta LifeScience North America representative as to the potential for antagonism before using the mixture. If no information is available, limit the initial use of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and the grass product to a small area. Do not tank mix AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE with Achieve herbicide".

With Fungicides

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed or used sequentially with fungicides registered for use on cereal grains. Review all fungicide labels for restrictions.

With Insecticides

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be tank mixed or used sequentially with insecticides registered for use on cereal grains. Review all insecticide labels for restrictions.

However, under certain conditions (drought stress, cold weather, or if the crop is in the 2-4 leaf stage), tank mixes or sequential applications of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE with organophosphate insecticides (such as "Lorsban") may produce temporary crop yellowing or, in severe cases, crop injury. The potential for crop injury is greatest when wide fluctuations in day/night temperatures occur just prior to or soon after application. Test these mixtures in a small area before treating large areas.

Do not apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE within 60 days of crop emergence where an organophosphate insecticide has been applied as an in-furrow treatment because crop injury may result.

Do not use AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE plus Malathion because crop injury will result.

With Liquid Nitrogen Solution Fertilizer

Liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions may be used as a carrier in place of water. Run a tank mix compatibility test before mixing AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE in fertilizer solution.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE must first be completely dissolved in water and then added to liquid nitrogen solutions. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE must first be added to water and allowed to completely dissolve (slurried) before adding to liquid nitrogen solutions (e.g., 28-0-0, 32-0-0). Ensure that the agitator is running while the AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE is added. Use of this mixture may result in temporary crop yellowing and stunting.

If using low rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer in the spray solution (less than 50% of the spray solution volume), the addition of surfactant is necessary. Add surfactant at 1/2 pint - 1 quart per 100 gal of spray solution (0.06 to 0.125% v/v) based on local recommendations.

When using high rates of liquid nitrogen fertilizer in the spray solution, adding surfactant increases the risk of crop injury. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, fieldsman, or Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC representative for a specific recommendation before adding an adjuvant to these tank mixtures.

If 2,4-D or MCP is included with a AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and fertilizer mixture, ester formulations tend to be more compatible (See manufacturer's label). Additional surfactant may not be needed when using AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE in

tank mix with 2,4-D ester or MCP ester and liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, field advisor, or Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC representative for a specific recommendation before adding an adjuvant to these tank mixtures.

Liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions that contain sulfur can increase crop response.

Do not use low rates of liquid fertilizer as a substitute for a surfactant.

Do not use with liquid fertilizer solutions with a pH less than 3.0.

TANK MIXTURES IN FALLOW

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be used as a fallow treatment, and should be tank mixed with other herbicides that are registered for use in fallow, such as glyphosate (such as Roundup), 2,4-D (ester formulations work best), or dicamba (such as Banvel®/ Clarity®) alone. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and fluroxypyr containing herbicides (equivalent to Starane®, Starane® +Saber®, Starane +Sword® or Starane +Salvo®) may be used as a fallow treatment, and should be tank mixed with other herbicides that are registered for use in fallow, including glyphosate (such as Roundup), 2,4-D (ester formulations work best), or dicamba (such as Banvel®/ Clarity®) alone.

TANK MIXTURES IN PRE-PLANT BURNDOWN APPLICATIONS

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be used as a pre-plant burndown treatment alone or tank mixed with other herbicides that are registered for use as a pre-plant burndown product, such as Aim, glyphosate (such as Roundup), or dicamba (such as Banvel/ Clarity) alone.

TANK MIXTURES IN POST HARVEST APPLICATIONS

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE may be used as a post harvest treatment to crop stubble, and should be tank mixed with other herbicides that are registered for use in fallow.

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and fluroxypyr containing herbicides (equivalent to Starane, Starane +Saber, Starane +Sword or Starane +Salvo) may be used as a post harvest treatment to crop stubble, and should be tank mixed with other herbicides such as Aim, glyphosate (such as Roundup), or dicamba (such as Banvel / Clarity) alone, that are registered for use in post harvest cereal applications.

GROUND APPLICATION

Apply in a spray volume of 5 to 10 gallons/acre (or 50 to 100 liters/hectare) at 30 to 50 psi to ensure proper weed coverage. Flat fan nozzles of 80 or 110 degrees are recommended for optimum coverage. Do not use controlled droplet application equipment. Nozzles may be oriented 45 degrees forward to enhance crop penetration and to give better weed coverage. Use screens that are 50-mesh or larger.

For flood nozzles on 30" spacings, use at least 10 GPA, flood nozzles no larger than TK10 (or the equivalent), and a pressure of at least 30 psi. For 40" nozzle spacings, use at least 13 GPA; for 60" spacings use at least 20 GPA. It is essential to overlap the nozzles 100% for all spacings. "Raindrop RA" nozzles are not recommended for AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE applications, as weed control performance may be reduced. Use screens that are 50-mesh or larger.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Apply in water using a minimum spray volume of 3 gallons/acre (or 30 liters/hectare). For best results, use a minimum of 5 gallons/acre (or 50 liters/hectare) under dry conditions or heavy weed infestations. Use nozzles that provide 200 to 350 micron size droplets for best results and to insure uniform spray coverage. Aerial applications with AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE should be made with low drift nozzles at a maximum height of 10 feet above the crop and at a maximum pressure of 40 psi. Do not apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Do not allow spray to drift onto adjacent crops, as injury or loss may occur.

See the "AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION" section of this label for additional information on how to reduce drift during aerial application. Do not apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE by air in the state of New York.

CROP ROTATION

Wheat, barley, and triticale may be replanted anytime after the application of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE.

Sugarbeets, Winter Rape, and Canola can be planted 60 days after the application of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE.

Any other crop may be planted 45 days after the application of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE.

GRAZING

Do not graze, or feed forage or hay from treated areas to livestock. Harvested straw collected after grain harvest may be used for bedding and/or feed.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Do not use with spray additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 6.0 as rapid product degradation can occur. Spray solutions of pH 7.0 and higher allow for optimum stability of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE. AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE **must be completely dissolved in clean water** before adding to spray tanks that do not have continuous agitation during loading and mixing. (This is common for airplanes with turbine engines).

1. Fill the tank 1/4 to 1/3 full of water.
2. While agitating, add the required amount of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE .
3. Continue agitation until the AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE is fully dissolved, at least 5 minutes.
4. Once the AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE is fully dissolved, maintain agitation and continue filling tank with water.
5. As the tank is filling, add the other tank mix partners and then add the required volume of spray adjuvant. Always add spray adjuvant last. Antifoaming agents may be used.
6. Dispersed tank mix partners can settle if the tank mixture is not continually agitated. If settling occurs, thoroughly re-agitate before using.
7. Apply AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE spray mixture within 24 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.
8. If AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE and a tank mix partner are to be applied in multiple loads, fully dissolve the AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE in clean water prior to adding to the tank.

SPRAY EQUIPMENT

For specific application equipment, refer to the manufacturer's recommendations for additional information on GPA, pressure, speed, nozzle types and arrangements, nozzle heights above the target canopy, etc.

Be sure to calibrate air or ground equipment properly before application. Select a spray volume and delivery system that will ensure thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern with minimum drift. Use higher spray volumes to obtain better coverage when crop canopy is dense. Avoid swath overlapping, and shut off spray booms while starting, turning, slowing, or stopping, to avoid injury to the crop. Do not make applications using equipment and/or spray volumes or during weather conditions that might cause spray to drift onto nontarget sites. For additional information on spray drift refer to the " **AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION** " section of this label.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

The spray equipment must be cleaned before **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** is sprayed. Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the labels of the previously applied products. If no directions are provided, follow the six steps outlined in the **After Spraying AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** section of this label.

AT THE END OF DAY

When multiple loads of **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** are applied, it is recommended that at the end of each day of spraying the interior of the tank be rinsed with fresh water and then partially filled, and the boom and hoses flushed. This will prevent the buildup of dried pesticide deposits, which can accumulate in the application equipment.

23 730

AFTER SPRAYING AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE AND BEFORE SPRAYING CROPS OTHER THAN WHEAT, BARLEY AND TRITICALE

To avoid subsequent injury to desirable crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment immediately following applications of **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** as follows:

1. Drain tank; thoroughly rinse spray tanks, boom and hoses with clean water. Physically remove any visible deposits.
2. Fill the tank with clean water and 1 gal of household ammonia* (contains 3% active ingredient) for every 100 gal of water. Flush the hoses, boom and nozzles with the cleaning solution. Then add more water to completely fill the tank. Circulate the cleaning solution through the tank and hoses for at least 15 min. Flush the hoses, boom and nozzles again with the cleaning solution, and then drain the tank.
3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing cleaning agent and water.
4. Repeat step 2.
5. Rinse the tank, boom, and hoses with clean water.
6. If only ammonia is used as a cleaner, the rinsate solution may be applied back to the crop(s) recommended on this label. Do not exceed the maximum-labeled use rate. If other cleaners are used, consult the cleaner label for rinsate disposal instructions. If no instructions are given, dispose of the rinsate on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

*Equivalent amounts of an alternate strength ammonia solution or a DuPont or Arysta approved cleaner can be used in the cleanout procedure. Carefully read and follow the individual cleaner instructions. Consult your Ag dealer, applicator, or Arysta representative for a listing of approved cleaners.

Notes:

1. CAUTION: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia because dangerous gases will form. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.
2. Steam-cleaning aerial spray tanks is recommended prior to performing the above cleanout procedure to facilitate the removal of any caked deposits.
3. When **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** is tank mixed with other pesticides, all cleanout procedures for each product should be examined and the most rigorous procedure should be followed.
4. In addition to this cleanout procedure, all pre-cleanout guidelines on subsequently applied products should be followed as per the individual product labels.
5. When routine spraying practices included shared equipment frequently being switched between applications of **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** and applications of other pesticides to **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** sensitive crops during the same spray season, it is recommended that a sprayer be dedicated to **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** to further reduce the chance of crop injury.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed $\frac{3}{4}$ the length of the wingspan or rotor.

Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

When applying AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE in a tank mix with other herbicides (e.g. 2,4-D, bromoxynil, dicamba, MCPA, sulfonyleurea herbicides) in eastern Washington, observe all applicable Washington State Department of Agriculture herbicide rules.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information.

Information On Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume – Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume.

Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure – Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles – Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation – Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type – Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature And Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue in the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE is an acetolactate synthase (ALS) inhibiting herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to a herbicidal

mode of action. Resistant biotypes may eventually dominate the weed population if herbicides with an identical mode of action are used repeatedly in the same field and weed control may fail. Where possible, rotate the use of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE with herbicides that have a different mode of action.

Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. The use of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your agricultural advisor for resistance management strategies and recommended pest management practices for your area.

PRECAUTIONS

Injury to or loss of adjacent sensitive crops, desirable trees, or vegetation may result from failure to observe the following:

- Do not apply, drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
- Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas. Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants.
- Take all necessary precautions to avoid all direct or indirect contact (such as spray drift) with non-target plants or areas.
- Carefully observe all sprayer cleanup instructions both prior to and after using this product, as spray tank residue may damage crops other than wheat, barley, or triticale.
- Wheat, barley and triticale varieties may differ in their response to various herbicides. Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC recommends that you first consult your state experiment station, university, or extension agent as to sensitivity to any herbicide. If no information is available, limit the initial use of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE to a small area.
- Under certain conditions such as heavy rainfall, prolonged cold weather (daily high temperature less than 50 Deg. F.), or wide fluctuations in day/night temperatures prior to or soon after AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE application, temporary discoloration and/or crop injury may occur. To reduce the potential of crop injury, tank mix AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE with 2,4-D (ester formulations perform best – see "TANK MIXTURES" section of this label) and apply after the crop is in the tillering stage of growth.
- AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE should not be applied to wheat, barley or triticale that is stressed by severe weather conditions, drought (including low levels of subsoil moisture), low fertility, water-saturated soil, disease, or insect damage, as crop injury may result. Risk of injury is greatest when the cereal crop is in the 2 to 5- leaf stage. Severe winter stress, drought, disease, or insect damage following application also may result in crop injury.
- Do not apply to wheat, barley or triticale crops underseeded with another crop.
- Dry, dusty field conditions may result in reduced control in wheel track areas.

Also, observe the following:

- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay. Harvested straw may be used for bedding and/or feed.
- Do not harvest wheat, barley, or triticale sooner than 45 days after the last application of AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

Handle and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage. If the container is leaking or material spilled for any reason or cause, carefully sweep material into a pile. Refer to Precautionary Statements on label for hazards associated with the handling of this material. Do not walk through spilled material. Dispose of pesticide as directed below. In spill or leak incidents, keep unauthorized people away. For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night CHEMTREC (703) 527-3887 or (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks may arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off-target movement, unconventional farming techniques, the presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC ("Arysta"), and can cause crop injury, injury to non-target crops or plants, ineffectiveness of the product, or other unintended consequences. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

Arysta warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Arysta, and is subject to the inherent risks described above.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ARYSTA DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, ARYSTA, MANUFACTURER, AND SELLER DISCLAIM AND SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE, HANDLING, APPLICATION, STORAGE, OR DISPOSAL OF THIS PRODUCT OR FOR DAMAGES IN THE NATURE OF PENALTIES, AND THE USER AND BUYER WAIVE ANY RIGHT THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO SUCH DAMAGES. NO AGENT, REPRESENTATIVE OR EMPLOYEE OF ARYSTA IS AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION BEYOND THOSE CONTAINED HEREIN OR TO MODIFY THE WARRANTIES CONTAINED HEREIN.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE TOTAL LIABILITY OF ARYSTA, MANUFACTURER, AND SELLER, SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PRICE PAID, OR AT ARYSTA'S ELECTION, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

The Arysta LifeScience North America LLC Logo, are trademarks or registered trademarks of Arysta LifeScience North America LLC

Maverick and Roundup are registered trademarks of Monsanto Company

Assert and Banvel are registered trademarks of BASF

Clarity is a registered trademark of BASF Ag Products

Buctril, Bronate, Bronate Advanced and Puma are registered trademarks of Bayer Crop Science

Starane, Stinger, Curtail, Curtail M, and WideMatch are registered trademarks of Dow AgroSciences LLC

Salvo and Sword are registered trademarks of UAP Loveland Products Inc.

Aim is a registered trademark of FMC Corp.

Discover is a registered trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection Inc.

Everest is a registered trademark of Arysta LifeScience North America LLC.

Raindrop RA is a registered trademark of Delavan

Avenge is a registered trademark of Amvac Chemical Corporation

Rhino is a registered trademark of The McGregor Company

NOTIFICATION

MAY 01 2009

NOTICE TO BUYER: Purchase of this material does not confer any rights under patents of countries outside of the United States.

SUPPLEMENTAL LABELING

Audit 75 WDG Herbicide

**For Use on Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Fallow and
As a Pre-plant or Post-harvest Burndown Herbicide
NOTIFICATION**

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

MAY 01 2009 W.T.

Thifensulfuron-Methyl:

Methyl 3-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl) amino]
carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-2-
thiophenecarboxylate.....56.25%

Tribenuron methyl:

Methyl 2-[[[(4-methoxy-6-methyl-1,3,5-triazin-
2-yl)methylamino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]benzoate18.75%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:25.00%

TOTAL100.00 %

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, worker protection standard requirements, and precautions on the EPA registered main label for

AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE (EPA Reg. No. 66330-384).

This supplemental label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

The spray equipment must be cleaned before **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** is sprayed. Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the labels of the previously applied products. If no directions are provided, follow the six steps outlined in the **After Spraying AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** section of this label.

AT THE END OF DAY

When multiple loads of **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** are applied, it is recommended that at the end of each day of spraying the interior of the tank be rinsed with fresh water and then partially filled, and the boom and hoses flushed. This will prevent the buildup of dried pesticide deposits, which can accumulate in the application equipment.

AFTER SPRAYING AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE AND BEFORE SPRAYING CROPS OTHER THAN WHEAT, BARLEY AND TRITICALE

To avoid subsequent injury to desirable crops, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment immediately following applications of **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** as follows:

1. Drain tank; thoroughly rinse spray tanks, boom and hoses with clean water. Physically remove any visible deposits.

2. Fill the tank with clean water and 1 gal of household ammonia* (contains 3% active ingredient) for every 100 gal of water. Flush the hoses, boom and nozzles with the cleaning solution. Then add more water to completely fill the tank. Circulate the cleaning solution through the tank and hoses for at least 15 min. Flush the hoses, boom and nozzles again with the cleaning solution, and then drain the tank.
3. Remove the nozzles and screens and clean separately in a bucket containing cleaning agent and water.
4. Repeat step 2.
5. Rinse the tank, boom, and hoses with clean water.
6. If only ammonia is used as a cleaner, the rinsate solution may be applied back to the crop(s) recommended on this label. Do not exceed the maximum-labeled use rate. If other cleaners are used, consult the cleaner label for rinsate disposal instructions. If no instructions are given, dispose of the rinsate on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

*Equivalent amounts of an alternate strength ammonia solution or a DuPont or Arysta approved cleaner can be used in the cleanout procedure. Carefully read and follow the individual cleaner instructions. Consult your Ag dealer, applicator, or Arysta representative for a listing of approved cleaners.

Notes:

1. CAUTION: Do not use chlorine bleach with ammonia because dangerous gases will form. Do not clean equipment in an enclosed area.
2. Steam-cleaning aerial spray tanks is recommended prior to performing the above cleanout procedure to facilitate the removal of any caked deposits.
3. When **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** is tank mixed with other pesticides, all cleanout procedures for each product should be examined and the most rigorous procedure should be followed.
4. In addition to this cleanout procedure, all pre-cleanout guidelines on subsequently applied products should be followed as per the individual product labels.
5. When routine spraying practices included shared equipment frequently being switched between applications of **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** and applications of other pesticides to **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** sensitive crops during the same spray season, it is recommended that a sprayer be dedicated to **AUDIT 75 WDG HERBICIDE** to further reduce the chance of crop injury.

Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC
15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 150, Cary, NC 27539

The Arysta LifeScience North America LLC Logo, are trademarks or registered trademarks of Arysta LifeScience North America LLC



Arysta LifeScience