

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Washington, D.C. 20460

March 17, 2009

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Bill Washburn Regulatory Manager Arysta LifeScience North America LLC 15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 150 Cary, NC 27513

RE:

Product Name: PIX PLUS PLANT REGULATOR

EPA Reg. No: 66330-351

Your Label Notification dated February 3, 2009, to Update Container Disposal, Company's Information, Emergency Telephone Numbers and Warranty per

PR Notices 98-10 and 2007-4

Dear Mr. Washburn:

The Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division is in receipt of your application for Notification under Pesticides Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated above. A preliminary screen of this request has been conducted for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and it has been determined that the action(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. Our records have been duly noted, and the letter submitted with this application has been stamped "Notification, received and reviewed" and will be placed accordingly in our records.

Ouestions concerning this action should be directed to Ms. Diana Hudson at (703) 308-8713 or email at hudson.diana@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Sheryl K. Reilly

Sheryl K. Reilly, Ph.D., Chief Microbial Pesticides Branch Biopesticides and Pollution Prevention Division (7511P)

Please read instructions on reverse befo	ore completing form.		Form Approve	ed, OMB No. 2070-0	0060, Approval expires 05-31-98		
O EDA	United State	s	☐ Registra	ation	OPP Identifier Number		
EPA Env	rironmental Protec	tion Agency	/ ☐ Amendi	ment			
2111	Washington, DC				· ·		
							
Application for Pesticide - Section I							
Company/Product Number			Product Manager		Proposed Classification		
66330-351	PATRI	CIA MOE					
Company/Product (Name) PIX® PLUS		PM#G	ν		None Restricted		
5. Name and Address of Applicant (II	nclude ZIP Code)			accordance w	ith FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)		
Control Line Control C	,				composition and labeling		
Arysta LifeScience North An	nerica, LLC	to:	, p. 500001.0 0		,		
15401 Weston Parkway, Suit		EPA R	eg. No		rification ·		
Cary, NC 27513			· —	Data Bayl	owod: 3-17-09		
		Produc	t Name	Date nevi	ewed.		
Check if this is a new ac	ddress			Peviewe	ewed: 3-17-09 d By: D. Hudson		
		Section	on - II				
Amendment – Explain below.		***	Final printed la	bels in response to	Agency letter dated		
Resubmission in response to A	gency letter dated		me Too" Applic	ation			
Notification - Explain below.	-		Other - Explain				
Explanation: Use additional	page(s) if necessar	y. (For Section					
Notification of label change					lotice 2007-4 and the		
requirements of EPA's regulations a	t 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156	S.140. 156.144, 1	156.146, and 156.156.	No other changes I	have been made to the labeling or		
the Confidential Statement of Formu							
EPA. I further understand that if the this product may be in violation of FI							
Notification of label change							
regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and n							
understand that it is a violation of 18	USC Sec 1001 to willful	ly make any fals	e statement to EPA. I	further understand	that if this notification is not		
consistent with the terms of PR Noti		2.46, this may b	e in violation of FIFRA	and I may be subje	ect to enforcement action and		
penalties under sections 12 and 14 of	of FIFRA.						
		Section	on - iii				
Material This Product Will Be Pace							
Child-Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging		Water Soluble Pac	kaging	2. Type of Container		
∐ Yes*	∐ Yes		∐ Yes	i.	Metal		
⊠ No	⊠ No		No No		Plastic		
	If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per	If "Yes" Package wgt.	No. per container	Glass		
*Certification must	Onit Fackaging wgt.	container	Fackage Wgt.	Containe	Paper		
be submitted					Other (Specify)		
3. Location of Net Contents Informa	tion 4. Size(s) Retail Contair	пег		Label Directions		
	ainer			On Label			
	· .	1.0 gal., 2.5 g	jal, 5.0 gal	On labelir	ng accompanying product		
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed		ograph	Other				
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		Section			0.000		
1. Contact Point (Complete items dir	rectly below for identifica		to be contacted, if ned				
Name Bill Washburn					Telephone No. (Include Area		
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certify that the statements I have m	Certific	Regulator ation		. odo 6	Code) 901-432-5118		
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February 3, 2009

Ms. Patricia Moe
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs – 7504P
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
One Potomac Yard, Room S-4900
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Subject:

Y K

PIX® PLUS

EPA Reg. No. 66330-351

Notification of Label Change per PR Notice 2007-4 and PR Notice 98-10

Dear Ms. Moe:

Please find the following enclosed:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (Other) dated 02/03/09.
- One highlighted copy of subject label, showing all changes.
- One clean copy of the subject label.

Notification of label change per PR Notice 2007-4. This notification is consistent with guidance in PR Notice 2007-4 and the requirements of EPA's regulations at 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156.140. 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if the amendment is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156.140. 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Also in this submission, we are using PR Notice 98-10 to update the name of the company, emergency telephone numbers and warranty. Arysta LifeScience North America Corporation was changed to Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC.

Should you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact me at 901-432-5118 or by e-mail at bill.washburn@arystalifescience.com

Sincerely,

Bill Washburn

Regulatory Manager

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NOTIFICATION

Date Reviewed: 3/17/09

Reviewed By: D. Hudson



Plant Regulator

For Use on Cotton

Active ingredients:	
Mepiquat Chloride*: N, N-dimethylpiperidinium chloride	4.2000%
Bacilus cereus, Strain BP01**	0.0058%
Other Ingredients:	95.7942%
Total	
*Equivalent to .035 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.	

^{**}Equivalent to a minimum of 3.1x108 colony forming units per fluid ounce

EPA Registration Number 66330-351 EPA Establishment Number 51036-GA-01

AD051704

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside booklet for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions for Use, and Warranty and Disclaimer Statement.

Net contents: 1 gallon (3.79 liters)

Manufactured For:
ARYSTA LIFESCIENCE NORTH AMERICA, LLC
15401 Weston Parkway, Suite 150
Cary, NC 27513

	FIRST AID
If in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
	HOT LINE NUMBER

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE CALL: 1-866-303-6952

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Caution: Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Waterproof gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.



Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the meanhigh water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Directions For Use

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

All applicable directions, restrictions, precautions, and Warranty and Disclaimer Statement are to be followed. This labeling must be in the user's possession during application.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Waterproof gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Do not store below 32° F or above 100° F. Store in a dry place away from heat or open flame.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Wastes resulting from this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mix, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact the state agency responsible for pesticide regulation or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal:

Plastic Containers: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Wear the personal protective equipment specified on the label or the Material Safety Data Sheet. Recover the material for re-use according to label whenever possible. Cover the liquid with an absorbent material (such as pet litter). Sweep up and place in an appropriate container for disposal. Remove and wash clothing and personal protective equipment prior to re-use. Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call: CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

I. General Information

Pix® Plus plant regulator is a foliar-applied plant regulator that modifies the cotton plant in several beneficial ways. It is the only such compound that allows the grower to manage the cotton plant for **short-season production** leading to reduced risk of yield and quality loss due to delayed and prolonged harvest. The use of **Pix Plus** will also result in several or all of the following:

- · height reduction and more open canopy
- better early boll retention and/or larger bolls
- · less boll rot
- improved defoliation
- · reduced trash and lower ginning costs
- · better harvest efficiency
- darker green leaf color.

Most of these effects often favorably influence the yield potential of the cotton plant. The pink color of **Pix Plus** may fade under some conditions; however, effectiveness is not related to color of spray solution or the color of **Pix Plus**.

Spray Coverage

Under most circumstances, water is the recommended diluent, however oil is permitted in the following states for ultra low volume (ULV) aerial applications: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Missouri, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas. Refer to **Air** and **Ground Application** sections for spray volumes. Regardless of method or gallonage of application, thorough coverage of the cotton foliage is required.

Cleaning Application Equipment

Clean application equipment thoroughly using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions before and after applying this product, particularly if a product with the potential to injure crops was used.

II. Application Instructions

Early Application

On both short-staple and Pima cotton, the grower has the option of low-rate multiple applications (see **Table 1**) or higher, less frequent dosages (see **Table 2**) which greatly facilitates his management flexibility. The multiple application option gives the producer the ability to discontinue usage of **Pix Plus** if any significant stresses occur after an earlier application. In such a case, the total quantity of **Pix Plus** used over a season may be reduced. If stress is relieved, the grower has the option of continuing treatments with **Pix Plus**. In addition, the rate and timing ranges indicated in the **Application Rates and Timings Tables** allow the grower to tailor his usage of **Pix Plus** to the degree of vegetative vigor in a given field. In areas where insecticides, miticides or foliar fertilizers are frequently applied, the timings are such that tank mixing is often possible. (See section **VI. General Restrictions and Limitations**)

Fields should be carefully scouted and **Pix Plus** should not be applied if plants are under severe stress from weather factors, mite, insect or nematode damage, disease stress, herbicide injury, or fertility stress. In the absence of these stresses, up to 5 low-rate multiple applications can be made each season.

After the first application (at matchhead square in the absence of stress), the rate and timing of subsequent applications will depend on vegetative vigor. Under good growing conditions, additional treatments should be made at 7 – 14 day intervals. However, if new growth at any time is excessive, higher rates of **Pix Plus** can be used.

If significant loss of squares or young bolls has occurred earlier due to insect pressure or other stresses, but now these stresses have been alleviated, the need for **Pix Plus** is increased --- excess vegetative growth is likely because of poor fruit load.

Late Season Application

Late application of Pix® Plus plant regulator (approximately during the fourth to sixth week of blooming) can provide certain benefits to cotton. However, it should not and does not substitute for early season use — - the time of the greatest benefit from the use of Pix Plus. Late season application can lead to one or more of the following:

- reduction in late season vegetative growth or regrowth after cutout or defoliation
- · more complete and manageable cutout
- better defoliation
- · earlier maturity
- · reduction in trash
- · lower ginning costs

Some of these effects may favorably influence the yield potential and fiber quality. A late season application of **Pix Plus** should be applied only if fields are not drought or nutrient stressed; that is, those fields likely to experience additional vegetative growth or regrowth. However, fields that are very rank and extremely vigorous due to a combination of poor boll load and excellent growing conditions may not respond as much as desired to late season applications at the suggested rates.

Timing for Late Season Applications

- On fields where cotton cuts out and then starts regrowth: Apply when regrowth begins, as evidenced by new leaves in the terminal and stem elongation. This application time is often, but not always, 5-6 weeks after the first bloom.
- On fields where cotton never completely cuts out: Apply Pix Plus when there are 4-6 nodes above the white flower (NAWF). Measure NAWF by counting the number of mainstem nodes from the first position white bloom (the one closest to the mainstem) to the terminal. Count the node with the first position white bloom as zero and the last node in the terminal, which is counted, should have a leaf at least the size of a quarter. Generally, the NAWF first reaches 4-6 nodes during the fourth to sixth week of bloom. During this time, the NAWF should be decreasing about one node every 5-6 days if its rate of decrease is less, the plant is not cutting out soon enough (the crop is too vigorous). If the fifth week of bloom arrives and NAWF is still above 5-6, apply Pix Plus.

Use Rate for Late Season Application

Apply 8-24 fluid ounces of **Pix Plus** per acre. Use the lower rate on cotton with only moderate additional growth potential, and the higher rate on fields likely to continue vigorous growth.

Air Application

Spray Volume

- Water as Diluent: Use a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre.
- Oil as Diluent: Use a minimum of 1 quart of oil per acre. When using oil as a diluent, the oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all of the following criteria:
 - · be nonphytotoxic
 - · contain only EPA-exempt ingredients
 - · provide good mixing quality in the jar test
 - be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable products will vary; however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers to provide good mixing quality. If the oil does not contain an emulsifier, one must be added during mixing at a volume equal to 3% of the final volume of the mixing tank. Do not apply **Pix Plus** ULV without using emulsifiers. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. For additional information, see **Compatibility Test for Mix Components**.

Drift Management

Avoid spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction

10

Advisory Information. The interaction of many equipment – and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

Application Height: Applications should not be made more than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest safe height reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Boom Length: The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¾ the length of the wingspan or rotor. Reducing this length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.)

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every application should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Controlling Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

Nozzle Type: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets. Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzles, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by

increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Ground Application

Spray Volume

• Water as Diluent: Use 2 gallons of spray solution per acre.

III. Additives

If rain is expected within 8 hours, use a high-quality, EPA-exempt surfactant to make Pix® Plus plant regulator rain-safe after 4 hours.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Add components in the following sequence using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of recommended label rate per acre.

- Water: For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3.3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust rates accordingly. Use only water from the intended source at the source temperature.
- 2) Products in PVA bags: Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 3) Water-dispersible products: (dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions) Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 4) Water-soluble products: --- (such as Pix Plus) Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 5) Emulsifiable concentrates: oil concentrate Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 6) Water-soluble additives: Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.
- 7) Let the solution stand for 15 minutes.
- 8) Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, non thick (clabbered) texture. Do not use any spray solution that could clog spray nozzles.

IV. Mixing Order

- 1) Water: Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank half full of clean water.
- 2) Products in PVA bags: Rinse the tank thoroughly before adding any material in PVA bags as boron residue will prevent adequate mixing. Place the water-soluble PVA bag into the mixing tank. The water-soluble PVA bag will dissolve in water to allow the contents to disperse. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the plant regulator is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing. To prepare spray solution for aerial application, use a mixing tank or mixing vat first to get the product into suspension before transferring suspension to air application equipment.
- Water-dispersible products: (dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspoemulsions)
- 4) Water-soluble products
- 5) Emulsifiable concentrates
- 6) Water-soluble additives
- 7) Remaining quantity water

Only moderate agitation should be used while mixing and transporting.

V. General Tank Mixing Information

Pix Plus has an aqueous base, and as such, is compatible with most insecticides and miticides. You may combine Pix Plus with foliar fertilizers if prior experience has shown the original liquid formulation of Pix Plus to be compatible and noninjurious under your conditions. Always perform a Compatibility Test for Mix Components before preparing a tank mix application. Read and follow the applicable Restrictions and Limitations and Directions For Use on all products involved in tank mixing. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes.

Table 1. Application Rates and Timing: Low Rate Multiple Applications

The times and rates of application have been carefully researched and the Directions For Use should be observed as

specified below.	See section VI.	General Restrictions and Limitations.

Geographic Area	Time of Application	Fields with Moderate Vegetative Vigor: Rate Per Acre	Fields with High Vegetative Vigor: Rate Per Acre
AL, AR, AZ, FL, GA, LA, MO, MS,	First application: Optimal results will be achieved when plants are in the matchhead square ¹ stage of growth.	2 fluid ounces	4 fluid ounces
NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, TX,	Second application: 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs.	2 fluid ounces	4 fluid ounces
VA	Third application: 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs.	2-4 fluid ounces ²	4-8 fluid ounces ²
	Fourth application: 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs.	2-8 fluid ounces ²	4-12 fluid ounces ²
	Fifth application (if needed): 7-14 days later, or when regrowth occurs.	4-8 fluid ounces ²	4-12 fluid ounces ²
	Late season: Refer to Late Season Application of Pix® Plus plant regulator.	8-16 fluid ounces ²	12-24 fluid ounces

Matchhead square is when the first square of a typical cotton plant is 1/8-1/4 inches in diameter. The first application should be applied when 50% of the plants have one or more matchhead squares.

² Use higher rates if previous application was not made or if growing conditions are conducive to vigorous growth.

Table 2. Application Rates and Timing

The times and rates of application have been carefully researched and section II. Application Instructions should be

Geographic Area	Time of Application	Rate Per Acre	
AL, AR, AZ, FL, GA, LA, MO, MS, NM, NC, SC, TN,	First application: Apply Pix Plus to actively growing cotton that is 20-30" tall, provided cotton is not more than 7 days beyond early bloom stage (5-6 blooms per 25 row feet). If cotton is 24" tall and has no blooms, apply Pix Plus. Use 8-16 fluid ounces per acre on cotton where excessive vegetable growth is not likely to be a problem, and 16 fluid ounces per acre in areas tending to have excessive vegetative growth.	8-16 fluid ounces	
VA	Second application for control of excessive vegetable growth: If the cotton field has a history of vigorous growth or if conditions after the first application of Pix Plus favor vigorous growth, make a second application 2-3 weeks after the first application.	8-16 fluid Ounces	
	Third Application for control of excessive vegetative growth: If the cotton field has a history of vigorous growth or if conditions continue to favor vigorous growth, make a third application 1-2 weeks after the second application.	8-16 fluid Ounces	
	Late season application: Refer to Late Season Application in section II. Application Instructions.	8-24 fluid ounces	
OK, TX (except Rio Grande Valley)	Areas where excessive vegetative growth is not a problem First application: Apply Pix Plus to actively growing cotton in the early bloom stage (5-6 blooms per 25 row feet). If no blooms are present and the cotton is 20" tall and actively growing, apply Pix Plus.	8 fluid ounces	
	Second application: If conditions after the first application of Pix Plus favor vigorous growth, make a second application 2-3 weeks after the first application.	8 fluid ounces	
	Third application: If conditions after the second application of Pix Plus continue to favor vigorous growth, make a third application 1-2 weeks after the second application.	8 fluid ounces	
	Late season application:	8-24 fluid	

	Refer to Late Season Application in section II. Application Instructions.	Ounces
OK, TX (including Rio Grande Valley)	Areas where excessive vegetative growth is a problem First application: Apply Pix Plus to actively growing cotton that is 20-30" tall, provided cotton is not more than 7 days beyond early bloom stage (5-6 blooms per 25 row feet). If cotton is 24" tall and has no blooms, apply Pix Plus.	16 fluid ounces
	Second application for control of excessive vegetative growth: If cotton field has a history of vigorous growth, or conditions after the first application of Pix Plus favor vigorous growth, make a second application 2-3 weeks after the first application.	8-16 fluid Ounces
	Third application: If conditions after the second application of Pix Plus continue to favor vigorous growth, make a third application 1-2 weeks after the second application.	8-16 fluid Ounces
	Late season application: Refer to Late Season Application in section II. Application Instructions.	8-24 fluid ounces

VI. General Restrictions and Limitations

- Maximum seasonal use rate: Do not apply more than a total of 48 fluid ounces (3 pints) of Pix® Plus plant regulator (0.132 pounds a.i.) per acre, per season.
- The sum of all products and formulations containing mepiquat chloride must not exceed 0.132 pounds of mepiquat chloride per acre per season. This maximum equals 48 fluid ounces (3 pints) of standard Pix or Pix Plus (0.35 pounds a.i. per gallon) or 8.4 fluid ounces of Pix Concentrate (2.0 pounds a.i. per gallon) or 0.375 pound of Pix DF (35% active) or a 1 water-soluble packet of Pix DF per 0.33 acre.
- Preharvest Interval (PHI): Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Restricted Entry Interval (REI): 12 hours.
- Do not plant another crop within 75 days of last treatment.
- Stress: Do not apply to cotton plants under severe stress due to adverse weather conditions, mite, insect, or nematode damage, disease, herbicide injury, or fertility stress. If using the low-rate multiple option, discontinue use until the stress is alleviated. Do not apply a single application of 8-16 fluid ounces of Pix Plus to cotton that is stressed due to lack of soil moisture.
- Do not graze or feed cotton forage to livestock.
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation equipment.

Table 3. Restrictions and Limitations

Crop	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application
Cotton	30 days	24 fluid ounces (1.5 pints)	48 fluid ounces (3 pints)	No	Yes

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Crops:

This product can be used on the following crop:

Cotton

Look inside for complete **Restrictions and Limitations** and **Application Instructions**.

Warranty and Disclaimer Statement

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks may arise from weather conditions, soil factors, off-target movement, unconventional farming techniques, the presence of other materials, the manner of use or application, or other unknown factors, all of which are beyond the control of Arysta LifeScience North America, LLC ("Arysta"), and can cause crop injury, injury to non-target crops or plants, ineffectiveness of the product, or other unintended consequences. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer. Arysta warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks described above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Arysta, and is subject to the inherent risks described above.

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