UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

DEC 2 3 2013

Ms. Laura Phelps Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 3120 Highwoods Blvd. #100 Raleigh, NC 27604

Subject:

Amended label to add pollinator protection language

Product Name: Skyraider EPA Reg. No. 66222-247 EPA Decision No. 485389

Submission dated August 29, 2013; resubmission dated December 17, 2013

Dear Ms. Phelps:

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act is acceptable. A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. See 40 CFR 156.10(a)(6).

Under 40 CFR 152.130(d), EPA may establish dates by which all product distributed or sold by the registrant must bear revised labeling. The following paragraphs set forth the schedule for ensuring that that your product bears revised labeling within a reasonable time period:

Any product released for shipment after 2/28/14 must bear the new label.

If these conditions are not complied with, EPA will take appropriate action against this registration. If you have any questions please contact Julie Chao at 703-308-8735 or chao.julie@epa.gov.

Regards,

Richard Gebken, Product Manager 10 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

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RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

TOXIC TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS. FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

SKYRAIDER

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WT.
Bifenthrin: (2-methyl[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl) methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,	
3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethyl-cyclopropanecarboxylate*	. 21.65%
Imidacloprid: 1-[(6-Chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl]-N-nitro-2-imidazolidinimine	. 10.80%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	<u>67.55%</u>
TOTAL:	100.00%
*CIS isomers 97% minimum, trans isomers 3% maximum.	
This product contains 2 lb. active Bifenthrin and 1 lb. active Imidacloprid per gallon.	

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of application. Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se a explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.) ACCEPTED

See other panels for additional precautionary information.

DEC 2 3 2013

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under:

Manufactured for:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 3120 Highwoods Blvd., Suite 100 Raleigh, NC 27604

66222-247 For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-406-MANA (6282). No: _

EPA Reg. No. 66222-247

NET CONTENTS: ___ GALLONS

	EPA	Est.	No.		
					_

	FIRST AID				
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquids to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. 				
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.				
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 				

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For a medical emergency involving this product call: 1-866-944-8565.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product contains a pyrethroid. If large amounts have been ingested, the stomach and intestines should be evacuated. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. Digestible fats, oils, or alcohol may increase absorption and so should be avoided.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instruction for Category E on the EPA Chemical resistance category section chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- · Protective eyewear,
- · Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Nitrile Rubber or Neoprene Rubber or Viton, and
- · Shoes plus socks.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/mAl/AntAl/Aning PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water.

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops/plants or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops/plants or weeds while bees are foraging in or adjacent to the treatment area.

The use of bifenthrin is prohibited in areas that may result in exposure of endangered species to bifenthrin. Prior to use in a particular county, contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species.

The chemical imidacloprid demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

PROTECTION OF POLLINATORS

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS EXIST FOR THIS PRODUCT BECAUSE OF RISK TO BEES AND OTHER INSECT POLLINATORS, FOLLOW APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS FOUND IN THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO PROTECT POLLINATORS.

Look for the bee hazard icon in the Directions for Use for each application site for specific use restrictions and instructions to protect bees and other insect pollinators.

This product can kill bees and other insect pollinators.

Bees and other insect pollinators will forage on plants when they flower, shed pollen, or produce nectar

Bees and other insect pollinators can be exposed to this pesticide from:

- o Direct contact during foliar applications, or contact with residues on plant surfaces after foliar applications
- o Ingestion of residues in nectar and pollen when the pesticide is applied as a seed treatment, soil, tree injection, as well as foliar applications.

When Using This Product Take Steps To:

- Minimize exposure of this product to bees and other insect pollinators when they are foraging on pollinator attractive plants around the application site.
- o Minimize drift of this product on to beehives or to off-site pollinator attractive habitat. Drift of this product onto beehives or off-site to pollinator attractive habitat can result in bee kills.

Information on protecting bees and other insect pollinators may be found at the Pesticide Environmental Stewardship website at: http://pesticidestewardship.org/PollinatorProtection/Pages/default.aspx.

Pesticide incidents (for example, bee kills) should immediately be reported to the state/tribal lead agency. For contact information for your state, go to: www.aapco.org/officials.html. Pesticide incidents should also be reported to the National Pesticide Information Center at: www.npic.orst.edu or directly to EPA at: beekill@epa.gov

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near oxidizing agents.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

See individual crops for specific pollinator protection application restrictions. If none exist under the specific crop, for foliar applications, follow these application directions for crops that are contracted to have pollinator services or for food/feed crops and commercially grown ornamentals that are attractive to pollinators:



1. FOR CROPS UNDER CONTRACTED POLLINATION SERVICES

Do not apply this product while bees are foraging. Do not apply this product until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless the following condition has been met:

If an application must be made when managed bees are at the treatment site, the beekeeper providing the pollination services must be notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.



2. FOR FOOD/FEED CROPS AND COMMERCIALLY GROWN ORNAMENTALS NOT UNDER CONTRACT FOR POLLINATION SERVICES BUT ARE ATTRACTIVE TO POLLINATORS

Do not apply this product while bees are foraging. Do not apply this product until flowering is complete and all petals have fallen unless one of the following conditions is met:

- •The application is made to the target site after sunset
- •The application is made to the target site when temperatures are below 55°F
- •The application is made in accordance with a government-initiated public health response
- •The application is made in accordance with an active state-administered apiary registry program where beekeepers are notified no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying
- •The application is made due to an imminent threat of significant crop loss, and a documented determination consistent with an IPM plan or predetermined economic threshold is met. Every effort should be made to notify beekeepers no less than 48-hours prior to the time of the planned application so that the bees can be removed, covered or otherwise protected prior to spraying.

Do not apply this product in a way that it will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-866-406-MANA (6262).

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Neoprene Rubber or Viton:
- · Shoes plus socks; and
- Protective eyewear.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products with the same chemical class used repeatedly for control. SKYRAIDER contains Group 3 and Group 4A insecticides. Although pest resistance cannot be predicted, a general rule to reduce the onset of resistance in pest species to SKYRAIDER is not to consecutively and repeatedly apply Group 3 and/or Group 4A insecticides during a growing season for control of a particular pest target. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities or your Makhteshim Agan of North America (MANA) representative for more specific details on insect resistance management strategies.

The Group 4A active ingredient in SKYRAIDER is a member of the neonicotinoid chemical group. Avoid using a block of more than three consecutive applications of SKYRAIDER and/or other Group 4A products having the same or similar mode of action. Following a neonicotinoid block of treatments, LPI strongly encourages the rotation to a block of applications with effective products of different mode before using additional applications of neonicotinoid products. Using a block rotation or windowed approach, along with IPM practices, is considered an effective use strategy for preventing or delaying an insect's ability to develop resistance to this class of chemistry.

Foliar applications of SKYRAIDER or other Group 4A products from the neonicotinoid chemical class must not be used on crops previously treated with a long-residual, soil-applied product from the neonicotinoid chemical class.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect(s) may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your

local MANA company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

Application Instructions:

Rate of application is variable according to pest pressure, timing of sprays, and field scouting. Use lower listed rates under light to moderate infestations; higher listed rates under heavy insect pressures. Arid climates generally require higher listed rates.

Use adequate spray volumes, properly calibrated application equipment and VADER® spray adjuvant to obtain thorough coverage. To optimize deposition, penetration, and translocation, use 0.25% v/v of VADER. Other adjuvants must be used at 0.25 to 0.50% v/v.

Cultivation within 10 feet of a water body is prohibited to allow for the growth of a vegetated filter strip. In New York State, this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) or 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes.

California Special Equipment and Restrictions: SKYRAIDER must be used in a closed system that meets the criteria for closed systems as established by the California Department of Food and Agriculture. The criteria and a list of the closed systems meeting the criteria are available through the California Department of Food and Agriculture.

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Plant back restrictions are determined by the crop. Crops that have tolerances for both bifenthrin and imidacloprid may be rotated at any time. Crops with tolerances for bifenthrin and not imidacloprid can be rotated 12 months following the final application of SKYRAIDER. Crops that have tolerances for imidacloprid and not bifenthrin may be rotated 30 days following the final application of SKYRAIDER.

Plant back restrictions:

Immediate plant back: Crops on this label [artichoke, brassica, cotton,fruiting vegitables, grapes, peanuts, potatoe,tree nuts (except almonds), corn (all), tobacco, tomatoes, eggplant, peppers bell and non-bell, okra, caneberries, citrus, artichoke, lettuce (head and leaf), grapes, spinach, pears, hops, legume vegetables (edible podded),dried beans and peas, succulent beans and peas, tuberous root and corm vegetables (except sugar beet), cilantro and coriander, soybeans and strawberries.

30 Day plant back: Cereals, cucurbits, safflower 10 Month plant back: Onion and bulb vegetables

12 Month plant back: All other crops

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE USE PER SEASON

Refer to the individual crop sections for maximum allowable SKYRAIDER usage per acre per season. The maximum allowable use must include all registered use patterns including at-plant, soil applied and/or foliar applications for the 12 month period. The 12-month period is to begin upon the initial application to the acreage.

Tank Mixture

SKYRAIDER may be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on registered crops. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

BUFFER ZONES

Vegetative Buffer Zones

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply product containing bifenthrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas. 2I pp. http://www.in.nrcs.usda.qov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf.

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast)

Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

SPRAY DRIFT REQUIREMENTS

Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

Droplet Size

Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side, immediately prior to application.

For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% rotor diameter. Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size. Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height

greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.

For LEPA irrigation, a minimum of 0.75 inch of water per acre is recommended. Where non-emulsified oils are used as the diluent, 1 to 2 pints per acre is recommended.

Results from utilizing chemigation have been variable and depend upon the set up and calibration of equipment. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. Contact your State Agricultural Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts for consultation on the suitability of the equipment set up to obtain effective control of the target insect pests.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise. Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. SKYRAIDER should be applied continuously for the duration of the water application. SKYRAIDER should be diluted in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. When using chemigation, a minimum of 0.5 inch per acre of irrigation water is recommended. Agitation generally is not required when a suitable diluent is used. A diluent test should be conducted to ensure that phase separation will not occur during dilution and application. Failure to achieve a uniform dilution throughout the time of application may result in undesirable residues or less than desirable control.

CROP USE INSTRUCTIONS AGRICULTURAL USES

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)	Aphid spp. Artichoke plume moth	6.4	Make applications when pests appear.
(GLOBE)	Cribrate weevil Leafhopper spp.	:	Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.
			Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 75 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
			Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
			Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
·	 Do not apply more thar 		
	 Do not apply more than 		
	 Do not apply more thar 		Bifenthrin per year
•	 Do not apply within 5 d 		
	 Do not apply at interval 		
CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	REMARKS
		fl oz/A	
BRASSICA	Aphid spp.	2.1 - 6.0	Make applications when pests appear.
(Head and	Armyworm spp.*		
Stem)	Budworm		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of
Broccoli, Broccoli	Corn earworm		foliage.
(Cavalo),	Crickets		
Broccoli	Cucumber beetle		Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per
(Chinese),	Cutworm spp.		acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
Brussels sprouts,	Diamondback moth**		foliage or target area.
Cabbage,	Ground beetles		April applications Apply in a minimum of 2 college pay
Cabbage	Grasshoppers		Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the
(Chinese	Imported cabbageworm		, , ,
Mustard),	Leafhopper spp.		foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 to 2 qts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 to 2 qts of water in the
Cabbage (Chinese napa),	Loopers Saltmarsh caterpillar		finished spray.
Cauliflower,	Stink bug spp.		minoriou apray.
Caulinower, Cavalo Broccolo,	Thrips		When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use
Kohlrabi	Tobacco budworm Wireworm (adults)		5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by ground and higher use rates.
			Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.

Banks Grass Mite	5.12 - 6.0			, ,	
Beet armyworm					
Carmine Mite					
Lygus spp.					
Pacific spider Mite					
Two Spotted Spider	-				
Mite			•		
Whitefly					
,					

- * Including all armyworm pests except Beet Armyworm.
- ** Pyrethroid resistance is common for this pest. Consult your local or state agricultural authority to determine if resistant pest populations are in your area. If so refer to the Resistance management statement of this label.
- Do not apply more than 0.24 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per season.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per season.
- Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days.
- Do not apply more than 5 applications after bloom.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Skyraider per season.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE INSTRUCTIONS					
		fl oz/A					
BRASSICA	Aphid spp.	2.1 – 6.0	Make applications when pests appear.				
(Leafy Greens)	Armyworm spp.*	•					
Broccoli Raab,	Budworm		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage				
Cabbage	Corn earworm		of foliage.				
(Chinese bok	Crickets						
choy), Collards,	Cucumber beetle		Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons				
Kale, Mizuna,	Cutworm spp.		per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full				
Mustard Greens,	Diamondback moth**		coverage of the foliage or target area.				
Mustard Spinach,	Ground beetles						
Rape Greens	Grasshoppers		Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons				
Turnip tops	Imported cabbageworm		per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full				
(greens)***	Leafhopper spp.		coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying				
	Loopers		by air, 1 to 2 qts of emulsified oil may be substituted for				
	Saltmarsh caterpillar		1 to 2 qts of water in the finished spray.				
	Stink bug spp						
	Thrips		When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high,				
	Tobacco budworm		use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by ground and				
	Wireworm (adults)		higher use rates.				
	Banks Grass Mite	5.12 - 6.0	Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.				
	Beet armyworm	5.12 - 6.0	Ose Higher listed rates for increased residual control.				
	Carmine Mite						
	Lygus spp.						
	Pacific spider Mite		·				
r.	Two Spotted Spider Mite						
	Whitefly						
	* Including all armyworn	n nests except F	Reet Armyworm				
			his pest. Consult your local or state agricultural authority				
,			s are in your area. If so refer to the Resistance				
	management statement		3 are in your area. If 30 feler to the resistance				
	*** This use not permitted in California						
	Do not apply more than		midaclonrid per season				
	Do not apply more than Do not apply more than						
	Do not apply within 7 da		inchitiini per ocason.				
	 Do not apply within 7 da Do not apply at intervals 		IC.				
	Do not apply at intervals Do not apply more than	•					
Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Skyraider per season.							

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS				
		fl oz/A					
CILANTRO and	Aphid spp.	2.1 – 5.6	Make applications when pests appear.				
CORIANDER	Cabbage looper						
	Cutworm spp.		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage				
	Flea beetle		of foliage.				
	Grasshopper						
	Leafhopper spp.		Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10				
	Leafminer		gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full				
	Saltmarsh caterpillar		coverage of the foliage or target area.				
	Spotted cucumber beetle		Agrial applications Apply in a minimum of 2 gallang				
	Thrips	Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full					
		coverage of the foliage or target area.					
	Beet armyworm	5.12 – 5.6					
	Twospotted spider mite	0.12	When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are				
	Whitefly	high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by					
			ground and higher use rates.				
			Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.				
i	Do not apply more than 0.13 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per season.						
		ot apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per season.					
	Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.						
	Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days.						
	Do not apply more than 16 fl oz of Skyraider per year.						

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
OITOUG	A -:	fl oz/A	Annly by many of action and to have sail becaute situates. Do not
CITRUS	Asian cockroach	16 – 32	Apply by ground equipment to bare soil beneath citrus trees - Do not allow any application of the product to contact fruit or foliage.
(Except	Diaprepes root		allow any application of the product to contact truit of foliage.
Florida)*:	weevil		Must be uniformly applied from the trunk to the drip line of tree. Apply in
Calamondin,	(Diaprepes		a minimum of 40 gallons of dilute spray per acre or sufficient spray
Citron citron,	abbreviatus)		volume to obtain full coverage of target area. Higher spray volume
Citrus hybrids	Fire ants		should insure greater uniformity of coverage.
(includes			
chironja, tangelo			A pre- and post-application irrigation may aid in the uniformity of
and tangor),			coverage as well.
Grapefruit,			The use of this product protects citrus tree roots from <i>Diaprepes</i> and
Kumquat,		i	other citrus root weevil feeding by forming a barrier. As newly hatched
Lemon, Lime,			Citrus weevil larvae (neonates) fall to the soil surface beneath the tree
Mandarin			and come in contact with this product as they attempt to burrow into the
(tangerine),			root zone. Disturbance of the soil beneath trees should be minimized.
Pummelo,			
Orange (sweet			Timing of applications is critical and current information suggests that
and sour), Satsuma			peak emergence of adult Diaprepes Weevil varies by citrus growing
mandarinand			region and these emergence peaks can be dramatically affected by environmental factors, such as soil moisture. Usually, two peaks are
other cultivars			observed for <i>Diaprepes</i> , first in spring then late summer or early fall.
and/or hybrids of			Southern Blue-Green and Blue-Green Citrus Weevils and Fuller Rose
these			Beetle typically exhibit a single emergence peak in the spring. Brown
ulese			and Little Leaf Notchers typically exhibit three emergence peaks, spring,
			summer and fall. Since emergence varies seasonally and by location,
			timing of this product application can be accurately forecast by observing
			adults. Adults are most active early morning and late afternoon;
		Į.	numbers can be estimated by trapping throughout spring and summer (emergence periods). Egg laying will occur for 8 to 10
			weeks following adult emergence from the soil; larval invasion of the soil
			will begin 2-3 weeks following adult emergence. This product must be
			applied prior to drop of the neonates. Insecticides are one of several
			effective tools in an integrated pest management program for Citrus
			Root Weevils. Application of this product should be used in conjunction
	•		with good cultural practices, biological control of larvae and foliar control
			of adults. Consult local university extension personnel for current information to protect citrus trees from Citrus Root Weevils and other
			pests.
			Apply to individual citrus resets, when not in solid planted rows, using
			hand-gun or shielded sprayer.
	•		Deale and a second of Diagram and the second of Diagram and
			Peak emergence of Diaprepes root weevil generally occurs in the spring.
	,		Depending on weather conditions, a minor emergence of Diaprepes root weevil may also occur in the fall.
			weevii iiiay aiso occui iii tiie iaii.
			If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions
1			are conducive to primary emergence occurring in the spring, 32 fl ozs
·			formulated product should be used to obtain the longest residual
			management of Diaprepes root weevil. If the citrus grove to be treated
			is in an area where weather conditions will promote more than one peak
	,		of pest emergence, 16 fl ozs formulated product can be applied early
	·		season and 16 fl ozs formulated product can be applied later in the
			season. If emergence extends beyond the residual protection of this
,			product, grower is advised to use additional management strategies (i.e. foliar adult control or soil larvae control such as nematodes). Contact
			your state agricultural Extension Specialist as to the recommendation
	,		suited for local conditions.
			Talled 15. 1988 Constitution
L	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>

- *Use in California not permitted
- Do not apply by air or through irrigation systems
- Do not apply starting 10 days prior to bloom through bloom or when bees are foraging.
- Do not apply more than 0.25 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not apply at intervals less than 10 days.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Skyraider per year.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
CITRUS(Florida only): Calamondin, Citron citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Pummelo, Orange (sweet and sour), Satsuma mandarin, (Casimiroa spp.), and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these	Asian citrus psyllid Blue green citrus root weevil (Pachnaeus opalus) Brown leaf notcher (Epicacrus mexicanus) Diaprepes root weevil (Diaprepes abbreviatus) Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters Leafminers Little leaf notcher (Artipus floridanus) Mealy bugs Scales Southern blue green citrus root weevil (Pachnaeus litus) Whiteflies	16 – 32	Apply by ground equipment to bare soil beneath citrus trees - Do not allow any application of the product to contact fruit or foliage. Must be uniformly applied from the trunk to the drip line of tree. Apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of dilute spray per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of target area. Higher spray volume should insure greater uniformity of coverage. A pre- and post-application irrigation may aid in the uniformity of coverage as well. The use of this product protects citrus tree roots from Diaprepes and other citrus root weevil feeding by forming a barrier. As newly hatched Citrus weevil larvae (neonates) fall to the soil surface beneath the tree and come in contact with this product as they attempt to burrow into the root zone. Disturbance of the soil beneath trees should be minimized. Timing of applications is critical and current information suggests that peak emergence of adult Diaprepes Weevil varies by citrus growing region and

	Asian cockroaches; Fire ants	6.4 - 16	these emergence peaks can be dramatically affected by environmental factors, such as soil moisture. Usually, two peaks are observed for <i>Diaprepes</i> , first in spring then late summer or early fall. Southern Blue-Green and Blue-Green Citrus Weevils and Fuller Rose Beetle typically exhibit a single emergence peak in the spring. Brown and Little Leaf Notchers typically exhibit three emergence peaks, spring, summer and fall. Since emergence varies seasonally and by location, timing of this product application can be
		٠.	accurately forecast by observing adults. Adults are most active early morning and late afternoon; numbers can be estimated by trapping throughout spring and summer (emergence periods). Egg laying will occur for 8 to 10 weeks following adult emergence
			from the soil; larval invasion of the soil will begin 2-3 weeks following adult emergence. This product must be applied prior to drop of the neonates. Insecticides are one of several effective tools in an integrated pest management program for Citrus Root Weevils. Application of this product should be used in conjunction with good cultural practices, biological
			control of larvae and foliar control of adults. Consult local university extension personnel for current information to protect citrus trees from Citrus Root Weevils and other pests. Apply to individual citrus resets, when not in solid planted rows, using hand-gun or shielded sprayer.
÷			Peak emergence of Diaprepes root weevil generally occurs in the spring. Depending on weather conditions, a minor emergence of Diaprepes root weevil may also occur in the fall.
			If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions are conducive to primary emergence occurring in the spring, 32 fl ozs formulated product should be used to obtain the longest residual management of Diaprepes root weevil. If the citrus grove to be treated is in an area where weather conditions will promote more than one peak of pest emergence, 16 fl ozs formulated product can be applied early season and 16 fl ozs formulated product can be applied later in the season. If emergence extends beyond the residual protection of this product, grower is advised to use additional
		·	management strategies (i.e. foliar adult control or soil larvae control such as nematodes). Contact your state agricultural Extension Specialist as to the recommendation suited for local conditions.

- Do not apply by air or through irrigation systems
- Do not apply starting 10 days prior to bloom through bloom or when bees are foraging.
- Do not apply more than 0.25 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not apply at intervals less than 10 days.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Skyraider per year.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl. oz./1000RF	
CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE), POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)	Corn rootworm larvae Northern Southern Western Army cutworm Cutworm spp. Grubs Seed corn beetle Seed corn maggot True armyworm or Armyworm spp. Wireworm	0.30	Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons per acres as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow. Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine this product's needs/A. Mix this product with water or fertilizer in the following manner: Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of this product, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture. Applications of this product alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in-furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used. A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of this product and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution. Constant agitation should be maintained.
	 application. Do not apply more than Do not apply more than plus foliar applications. Do not apply within 30 c Do not apply to soil whe 	Bifenthrin per year including PRE and PPI, at-planting, t. ater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment.	

Row Spacing (inches)	40	38	36	30
SKYRAIDER (IbAI/A)	0.09	0.096	01035	0.12
SKYRAIDER (Product - fl	3.9	.4.1	4.4	5.12
oz/A)				

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		. fl.	
		oz./1000RF	
FIELD CORN	Armyworm spp.	3 - 4	Pre-Plant Incorporated (PPI)
(GRAIN AND	Black cutworm		The 3 to 4 ozs/A rate must be applied as PPI and can
SILAGE),	Seedcorn maggot		be tankmixed and applied with PPI herbicides.
POPCORN,	Stalkborer		Incorporation of this product should not be any deeper
FIELD CORN	White grub		than the intended planting depth and no deeper than 3
GROWN FOR	Wireworm		inches. Incorporation depth should
SEED (PRE &			be close to the intended seed planting depth.
PPI)			
	Armyworm spp.	2.56	Pre-Emergence (PRE)
	Black cutworm		The 2:56 ozs/A rate may be applied PRE and can be
	Stalkborer		tankmixed and applied with PRE herbicides.
	Do not apply more than	0.3 lb Al/A of l	midacloprid per year.
	1		Bifenthrin per year including PRE and PPI, at-planting,
	plus foliar applications.		1 · 7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Do not apply within 30 d	lays of harvest	
	, , ,	•	ater than 30% cover of crop residue remAl/Aning.
			or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment.
*	Do not apply more than		
CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
\ \		fl oz/A	
FIELD CORN	Aphids	2.1 – 6.4	General: Apply in a minimum of 2 to 5 gallons of
(GRAIN AND	Army cutworm		finished spray/A by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons/A
SILAGE),	Beet armyworm		with ground equipment. To improve control by air, use
POPCORN,	Cereal leaf beetle		5 gallons of finished spray/A particularly when initial
FIELD CORN	Chinch bug		populations are heavier than normal. When applying by
GROWN FOR	Common stalk borer		air, 1 to 2 qts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1
SEED (FOLIAR	Corn earworm		to 2 qts of water in the finished spray. Thorough
USE)	Corn rootworm adults		coverage is essential to achieve control.
,	Cucumber beetle adult		G
	Cutworm spp.		To control ear-attacking pests: Apply this product just
	Southwestern corn borer		before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain
	European corn borer		control, but do not exceed maximum application rates
·	Fall armyworm		and reapplication intervals listed elsewhere in this
	Flea beetle		section.
	Grasshoppers		
	Greenbug		Southwestern corn borer, European corn borer:
	Japanese beetle adult		Make application for corn borer control with initial
	Sap beetle		application at or shortly before egg hatch.
	Southern armyworm		
	Southern corn leaf		For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests
	beetle		first appear and repeat as necessary but do not exceed
	Stink bug		maximum application rates and reapplication intervals
	Tarnished plant bug		listed elsewhere in this section.
	True armyworm or		
	Armyworm spp.		
	Webworms		• .
•	Western bean cutworm		
	Yellowstriped armyworm		
L			

Banks grass mite	5.12 - 6.4	For control of mites:					
Carmine mite		Banks Grass Mite - Apply for control when colonies					
Twospotted spider mite		first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and					
		before					
		dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.					
		Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite - Apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy.					
		Higher listed rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress. Field experience with dimethoate at 0.5 lb Al/A in tank mixture has demonstrated good control under these conditions.					
		For mite control in Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Arizona: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of finished spray/A by aircraft or in a minimum of 10 gallons/A with ground equipment.					
 Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year including PRE and PPI, at-planting, plus foliar applications. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A/season including PRE & PPI, at plant, plus foliar 							
applications.		3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Do not apply at intervals	less than 7 d	ays.					
Do not apply more than	5 applications	after bloom.					
	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.						
	Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment.						
Do not use on corn in all		· ·					
Do not make application							
Do not apply using Ultra							
Do not apply more than	19 floz of Sky	raider per year.					

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl.	
		oz./1000RF	
SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE)	Corn rootworm larvae Northern Southern	0.3	Apply in a minimum of 3 gallons per acres as a 5 to 7 inch T-band treatment over an open seed furrow.
SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANT USE)	Western Mexican		Position the spray nozzle behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel centered over the row. Use the table below to determine this product's needs/A.
, _, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Mix this product with water or fertilizer in the following manner: Fill the spray tank approximately one-half full with water or liquid fertilizer, add the proper amount of this product, then add the rest of the water or fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture.
		·	Applications of this product alone or in recommended tank mixtures, in conjunction with in-furrow pop-up fertilizers may be used.
			A jar compatibility test should be performed with appropriate ratio of this product and fertilizer to ensure mixture will stay in solution.
	·		Constant agitation should be maintained during mixing and application.
	,		
	Army cutworm	0.15 - 0.30	
	Cutworm spp. Grubs Seed corn beetle		
	Seed corn maggot True armyworm or Armyworm spp.		
,	Wireworm	0 15 lb /0 5 fl	oz Skyraider) Al/A/season as an at plant application.
	Do not apply more thanDo not apply more than	0.2 lb Al/A of 0.2 lb Al/A of	midacloprid per year. Bifenthrin per year.
	 Do not graze livestock in 	ere there is gre n treated area	ater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining. or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment.
	Do not apply more than	12.8 fl oz of S	kyraider per year.

Row Spacing (inches)	40	38	36	30
SKYRAIDER (IbAI/A)	0.09	0.096	0.103	0.12
SKYRAIDER (Product – fl oz/A)	3.9	4.1	4.4	5.12

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
CROP SWEET CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR USE)	Aphids Army cutworm Aster leafhopper Beet armyworm Cereal leaf beetle Chinch bug Common stalk borer Corn earworm Corn rootworm adults Corn silk fly Cucumber beetle adult Cutworm spp. European corn borer Fall armyworm Flea beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese beetle adult Leafhoppers		General: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of finished spray/A by air or in a minimum of 10 gallons/A with ground equipment. To improve control by air, use 5 gallons of finished spray/A particularly when initial populations are heavier than normal. When applying by air, 1 to 2 qts of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 to 2 qts of water in the finished spray. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. To control ear-attacking pests: Apply this product just before silking and repeat as necessary to maintain control, but do not exceed maximum application rates and reapplication intervals listed elsewhere in this section. For control of other insect pests: Apply when pests first appear and repeat as necessary but do not exceed maximum application rates and reapplication intervals listed elsewhere in this section.
		5.12 – 6.4	For control of mites: Banks Grass Mite - Apply for control when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before dispersal above the bottom third of the plant.
			Twospotted Spider Mite and Carmine Mite - Apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage or discoloration and before widespread mite dispersal throughout the canopy. Higher listed rates will be necessary for heavier initial populations and corn under heat or drought stress.

- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year.
- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year.
- Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
- Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days.
- Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 1 day of treatment.
- Do not use on corn in all coastal counties.
- Do not make applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent.
- Do not apply using Ultra Low Volume (ULV) application.
- Do not apply more than 12.8 fl oz of Skyraider per year.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
COTTON	Bandedwinged whitefly Boll weevil Cotton aphid Cotton fleahopper Lygus spp. Plant bugs (excludes Lygus hesperus) Southern garden leafhopper Stink bug spp. Armyworm spp.* Bollworm Cabbage looper Cotton leaf perforator Cutworm spp. European corn borer	2.6 - 6.4 3.8 - 6.4	Application in Water: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons/A with ground equipment or 1 gallon/A by air. When applying by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray. ULV Application: Apply the listed rate of this product in refined vegetable oil in a minimum of 1 qt of finished spray/A with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage. To Control Boll Weevil: Apply this product at an interval of 3 to 4 days until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels. To Control Aphids: Apply when pest first appears
	Pink bollworm Saltmarsh caterpillar Tobacco budworm Thrips spp. Beet armyworm Whitefly	6.4	rates will be required once a damaging threshold is established.

- * Including all armyworm pests except Beet Armyworm.
- Do not apply more than 0.31 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid by foliar application per crop; regardless of formulation or method of application, apply no more than 0.5 lb Al/A per acre per year, including seed treatment, soil and foliar uses.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year.
- Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed.
- Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of a single product or a combination of pyrethroid containing products) to a cotton crop in one growing season.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Skyraider per year.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS	
		fl oz/A		
FRUITING VEGETABLES:	Armyworm spp.* Cabbage looper	2.1 – 6.4	Make applications when pests appear.	
Crops of Crop Group 8 including EGGPLANT, PEPPERS (BELL & NON-BELL),	Colorado potato beetle Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworms European corn borer		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to	
GROUNDCHERRY, PEPINO	Flea beetle Leafminer Loopers Stink bug Thrips Tomato hornworm Tomato pinworm		obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.	
	Aphid spp. Artichoke plume moth Banks grass mite Carmine mite Leafhopper spp. Pacific spider mite Pepper weevil Twospotted spider mite	5.12 - 6.4	When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by ground and higher use rates. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.	
	Beet armyworm Lygus spp Whitefly	6.4		
	Do not apply more thanDo not apply more thanDo not apply at intervalDo not apply within 7 do			

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
GRAPES	Cutworm spp. Eastern grape leafhopper Fleabeetle spp. Grape berry moth Grape bud beetle Grape leafroller Grapeleaf skeletonizer Japanese beetles (adult) Mealybug Omnivorous leafroller Orange tortrix Sharpshooter spp. Thrips (adults) Variegated leafhopper Western grape leafhopper	3.2 6.4	Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 25 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use higher spray volumes and higher use rates. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	Black vine weevil Glassywinged sharpshooter Two spotted spider mite Do not apply more tha Do not apply more tha Do not apply at interva Do not apply within 30 Do not apply more tha	in 0.1lb Al/A cals less than 1 days of harve	of Bifenthrin per year. 4 days. est.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
PEANUT*	Corn earworm Cutworm spp. Fall armyworm Grasshoppers Green cloverworm Leafhoppers Lesser cornstalk borer Loopers Rednecked peanut worm Southern armyworm Southern corn rootworm Stink bugs Threecornered alfalfa hopper Thrips Velvetbean caterpillar Yellowstriped armyworm Aphids Beet armyworm Spider mites	5.6	*Not for Use in California Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use 20 gallons/A by ground and higher listed use rates. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	 *Not for Use in Califo Do not apply more than Do not apply within 14 Do not apply at interval Do not feed green imm Do not apply more than 	n 0.13 lb Al/A n 0.5 lb Al/A o days of harve ls less than 14 ature plants a	of Bifenthrin per year. est. 4 days. and peanut hay to livestock.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS		
HEAD LETTUCE	Anhid on a	fl oz/A 2.1 – 6.0	Make applications when a set annous		
HEAD LETTUCE	Aphid spp Leafhopper spp.	2.1-0.0	Make applications when pests appear.		
	Stink bug spp.		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage		
	Thrips		of foliage.		
			Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10		
			gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full		
,			coverage of the foliage or target area.		
			Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray.		
			When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by ground and higher listed use rates.		
			Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.		
		0.50			
	Armyworm spp.* Cabbageworm	2.56 – 6.0			
	Cabbageworm Corn earworm				
	Crickets				
	Cucumber beetle				
	Cutworm spp.				
	Diamondback moth				
	European corn borer Flea beetle		•		
	Grasshoppers				
	Ground beetles				
	Leafminer				
	Loopers				
	Pepper weevil				
	Tomato hornworm Tomato pinworm				
	Tobacco budworm		·		
	Saltmarsh caterpillar				
	Beet armyworm	6.0]		
	Carmine mite				
	Lygus spp.				
	Two-spotted spider mite				
	Whiteflies				
•	* Including all armywo	rm poets ever	ant boot armyworm		
	1	•	·		
	 Do not apply more than 0.24 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per season. Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per season. 				
	 Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days. 				
	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.				
	Do not apply more that				

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE fl oz/A	INSTRUCTIONS	
HOPS	Root weevil	3.2 - 6.4	Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage.	
	Aphid spp. Armyworm spp.* Cutworm spp. Leafrollers Looper spp.	3.8 – 6.4	Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 100 - 150 gallons per acre in early season; 200 – 250 gallons per acre late season. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area	
	Two spotted spider mite Beet armyworm	6.4	For Root weevil control: Make a direct spray to the base of the plant. Spray up to 3 ft on the vine and 1.5 to 2 ft on sides of the plant. Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.	
	 *All armyworm except Beet Armyworm Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year. Do not apply at intervals less than 21 days. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 19 fl oz of Skyraider per year. 			

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	REMARKS
		fl oz/A	
SPINACH	Armyworm spp.*	2.1 – 6.0	Make applications when pests appear.
	Cabbageworm		
	Colorado potato beetle		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage
•	Corn earworm		of foliage.
	Cucumber beetle		
	Cutworm spp.		Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10
	Diamondback moth		gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full
	European corn borer Flea beetle	·	coverage of the foliage or target area.
	Leafhopper spp.		Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons
	Leafminer		per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full
, i	Loopers		coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying
	Pepper weevil		by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for one
	Stink bugs		quart of water in the finished spray.
,	Thrips		
	Tomato hornworm		When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are
	Tomato pinworm		high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by
	Tobacco budworm		ground and higher use rates.
	Saltmarsh caterpillar		Has bish sulfated unter front and and a second
			Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	·		
	Banks grass mite	5.12 - 6.0	
	Broad mite		
	Carmine mite		
	Fire ants		
	Lygus spp.		
	Pacific spider mite		_
	Twospotted spider mites		
	Aphids	6.0	4 <u> </u>
	Beet armyworm	0.0	
	Whiteflies		
	VVIIICINES		
			·
	* Including all armywo	rme neete ovo	ent heet armyworm
		•	of Imidacloprid per year.
	 Do not apply more that Do not apply more that 		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	 Do not apply more that Do not apply at interval 	and the second s	· ·
	1		•
	 Do not apply within 40 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 27.5 fl oz of Skyraider per year. 		
	- Do not apply more tha		Onyraider per year.
	•		
	<u> </u>	l	

Aphid spp. Armyworm Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Float/A Aphid spp. Armyworm Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Float/A Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficien of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ ground and higher listed use rates. Use higher listed rates for increased residual	f 10 o obtain full 2 gallons					
Armyworm Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	f 10 o obtain full 2 gallons					
Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	f 10 o obtain full 2 gallons					
Cucumber beetle Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Cucumber beetle Cutworms Ground application: Apply in a minimum of gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	f 10 o obtain full 2 gallons					
Cutworms European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ ground and higher listed use rates.	o obtain full 2 gallons					
European corn borer Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly European corn borer Flea beetles Coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	o obtain full 2 gallons					
Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Flea beetles Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Ground and higher listed use rates. gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	o obtain full 2 gallons					
Leafminer Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	2 gallons					
Loopers Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.						
Japanese beetle (adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.						
(adult) Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.						
Stink bug spp. Thrips Whitefly When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.	Tull					
Thrips Whitefly When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ground and higher listed use rates.						
When foliage is dense and/or pest population high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ ground and higher listed use rates.						
high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/ ground and higher listed use rates.						
ground and higher listed use rates.						
	A by					
Lisa higher listed rates for increased residual						
	Control					
Ose nighter listed rates for increased residual	CONTROL.					
Broad Mite 6.0						
Carmine Mite						
Lygus spp.						
Two Spotted Spider						
Mite						
Do not apply more than 0.24 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per season.						
	 Do not apply more than 0.20 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per season. 					
	Do not apply more than 0.20 ib Ai/A or Birentiffin per season. Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days.					
 Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. 						
 Do not apply more than 12.8 fl oz of Skyraider per year. 						
Bo not apply more than 12.0 if 02 of oxyraider per year.						
CROP TARGET PESTS RATE INSTRUCTIONS						
fl oz/A						
PEARS Aphid spp. 2.6 – 12.8 Make applications when pests appear.						
Codling moth						
Cutworm spp. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient	t coverage					
Green fruitworm of foliage.	-					
Leafhopper spp.						
Leafminer Ground application: Apply as a dilute spray	y in a					
Leafroller minimum of 200 gallons per acre (Dilute) and						
Lygus spp. gallons per acre (concentrate) or sufficient sp						
Plum curculio volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage of	oray					
Stink bug spp. area.						

Twospotted Spider Mite Yellow Mite	3.8 – 12.8	Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are
European Red Mite	5.12- 12.8	high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air 20 gallons/A by ground and higher listed use rates. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
Apple maggot	12.8	

- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per season (0.45 lb Al/A after petal fall).
- Do not apply more than 0.5 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per season (0.45 lb Al/A after petal fall).
- Do not apply at intervals less than 30 days.
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl oz of Skyraider per year.
- Do not apply pre-bloom or during bloom or when bees are forahing.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	
		fl oz/A	
POTATO (Foliar uses)	Banded cucumber beetle Black flea beetle Cucumber beetle European corn borer Grasshopper spp. Looper spp.	2.1 – 6.0	Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to
	Flea beetle spp. June beetle Sugarcane beetle Sweetpotato flea beetle Sweetpotato weevil Tuberworm Whitefringed beetle		obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 1 gallon per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 qt of water in the finished spray.
. ,			When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by ground and higher listed use rates.
·			Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
		ļ	
. •	Aphid Colorado Potato beetle Leafhopper Potato psyllid Whitefly	6.0	
•			of Imidacloprid per year.
		permitted per plication late als less than	year. It is permitted to make one at-plant application r in the same growing year. 7 days.
CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE fl oz/A	REMARKS
POTATO (At- plant)	Aphid spp. Colorado potato beetle Flea beetle spp. (adult, larvae)	12.8	At-plant Application/In-furrow applications: Apply as an in-furrow spray onto the seed pieces or seed potatoes.
	Japanese beetle (larvae) Leafhopper spp. Potato psyllid		
	Rootworm spp. White grub Wireworm		

•	Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
•	Do not apply more than 0.2 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid pe

- Do not apply more than 0.2 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year.
 Do not apply more than 0.2 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year.
 Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days.
 A maximum of one at-plant application is permitted/year (12.8 fl oz Skyraider).

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES: Arracacha; arrowroot; artichoke, Chinese; artichoke, Jerusalem; canna, ediable; cassava, bitter and sweet; chayote (root); chufa; dasheen (taro);	Banded cucumber beetle beetle Black flea beetle Cucumber beetle Cucumber beetle European corn borer Grasshopper spp. Looper spp. Looper spp. Flea beetle spp. June beetle Sugarcane beetle Sweetpotato flea beetle Sweetpotato weevil	fl oz/A 2.1 – 6.0	Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be
Ginger; Leren; Tanier; Turmeric; Bean, Yam, True yam.	Tuberworm Whitefringed beetle Aphid Colorado Potato beetle Leafhopper Potato psyllid Whitefly	6.0	substituted for 1 qt of water in the finished spray. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high, use 5-10 gallons/A by air or 20 gallons/A by ground and higher listed use rates. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	fall). Do not apply more than Do not apply more than Do not apply at interval Do not apply within 21 of the point apply within 21 of the point make more than	n 0.5 lb Al/A of n 2 applications is less than 7 d days of harves n 10 synthetic poid containing p	lays. by: cyrethroid applications (of a single product or a poroducts) to a potato crop in one growing season.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
TREE NUTS	Aphids (except black	3.2 – 11.2	Make applications when pests appear.
except Almonds	Aprilds (except black pecan aphid) Codling moth Filbert worm Hickory shuckworm Leaffooted bug Navel orangeworm Oblique banded leafroller Leafhoppers/Sharpshooters Peach twig borer Pecan leaf casebearer Pecan nut casebearer Phylloxera spp. (leaf infestations) Plantbug spp. Spittlebugs Stink bug spp.	3.2 – 11.2	Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply by ground as a dilute (minimum of 200 gallons of finished spray per acre) or concentrate (50 gallons of finished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to provide through coverage. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	Black pecan aphid European mite Mealybugs San Jose scale Spider mite Fire ants Walnut husk fly	5.1 – 11.2 3.2 -11.2	Applications for control of San Jose scale should be timed according to crawler stage, treating each successive generation.
	 Do not apply more than 0.3 Do not apply more than 0.5 Do not apply at intervals le Do not apply within 7 days Do not apply during bloom Do not apply more than 32 	b Ib AI/A of Bif ss than 15 da of harvest. (P or within 10 d	enthrin per season. ys. ecan PHI – 21 days) ays prior to bloom or when bees are foraging.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
LEGUME	Alfalfa caterpillar	2.1 – 5.6	Make applications when pests appear.
VEGETABLES	Aphid spp.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
DRIED BEANS	Armyworm spp.*		Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage
AND PEAS except	Bean leaf beetle		of foliage.
Soybeans	Cloverworm		
Including: Dried	Corn earworm		Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons
cultivars of bean	Corn rootworm (adult)		per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full
(Lupinus spp.)	Cucumber beetle		coverage of the foliage or target area.
(Phaseolus spp.);	Cutworm spp.		
and any one	European corn borer		Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per
(includes grAl/An	Flee beetle spp.	•	acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of
lupin, sweet lupin,	Grasshopper		the foliage or target area. When applying by air, 1 qt of
dried cultivar of pea	Japanese beetle (adult)		emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 qt of water in the
(Pisum white lupin,	June beetle (adult)		finished spray.
and white sweet lupin); (Phaseolus	Leafhopper spp. Looper spp.		Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
spp.) (includes field	Mexican bean beetle		Ose higher listed rates for increased residual control.
bean, kidney bean,	Pea leaf weevil		
lima bean(dry),	Pea weevil		
navy bean, pinto	Sap beetle (adult)		
bean,	Saltmarsh caterpillar		
tepary bean; bean	Silverspotted skipper		
(Vigna spp.)	Threecornered alfalfa		
(includes adzuki	hopper		
bean, blackeyed	Thrips (adult) (foliage		
pea, catjang,	feeding)		
cowpea, Crowder	Webworm		
pea, moth bean,			
mung bean, rice	Banks grass mite	5.12 - 5.6	
bean,	Beet armyworm		
southern pea, urd	Carmine Mite		
bean); broad bean	Lygus spp.		
(dry); chickpea;	Twospotted spider mite		
guar; lablab bean;	Whitefly	<u> </u>	
lentil; pea (Pisum	*All armyworm except E		
spp.) (includes field pea); pigeon pea.			of Imidacloprid per season.
pea), pigeon pea.			r peas and 0.3 lb Al/A for beans of Bifenthrin per season.
	Do not apply at interval		
	Do not apply within 14 co.		
,	 Do not apply more than 	12.8 fl oz of \$	Skyraider per year.
	· ·		
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CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
SUCCULENT BEANS AND PEAS except soybeans: Crops in the Succulent Pea and Bean group, Pea (Pisum spp.): Dwarf pea, Edible-pod pea, English pea, Garden pea, Green pea, Snow pea, Sugar snap pea, Pigeon pea; Bean (Phaseolus spp.): Broadbean (succulent), Lima bean (green), Runner bean, Snap bean, Wax bean; Bean (Vigna spp.): Asparagus bean, Blackeyed pea, Chinese longbean, Cowpea, Moth bean, Southern pea, Yardlong bean., Jackbean, Soybean (immature seed), Sword bean	Alfalfa caterpillar Bean leaf beetle Cloverworm Corn earworm Corn rootworm (adult) Cucumber beetle Cutworm spp European corn borer Fall armyworm Flea beetle Japanese beetle (adult) Looper spp Pea leaf weevil Pea weevil Sap beetle (adult) Southern armyworm Webworm Yellowstriped armyworm Banks grass mite Beet armyworm Carmine Mite Lygus spp Twospotted spider mite Whitefly • Do not apply more than • Do not apply at intervals • Do not apply more than	0.2 lb Al/A of s less than 7 d ays of harvest.	Bifenthrin per season. ays.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
SOYBEANS	Alfalfa caterpillar Aphids Aster leafhopper	2.1 – 6.0	Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage
	Bean leaf beetle Beet armyworm* Cloverworm		of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10
	Corn earworm Corn rootworm adult Cucumber beetles		gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
	Cutworms European corn borer Fall armyworm Flea beetle		Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area.
	Grasshoppers Imported cabbageworm Japanese beetle adult		Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	Leafhoppers Leafminer		
٠.	Loopers Mexican bean beetle (adult)		
	Pea leaf weevil Pea weevil Plant bug Saltmarsh caterpillar	·	en e
	Sap beetle Southern armyworm Stink bugs Tarnished plant bug		
	Thrips Tobacco budworm* Twospotted spider mite Webworms		44
	Western bean cutworm Yellowstriped armyworm		
	Lygus spp. Twospotted spider mite Whitefly	5.12 – 6.0	
	·		

- Do not apply more than 0.14 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year.
- Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year.
- Do not apply at intervals less than 30 days.
- Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 18 fl oz of Skyraider per year.
- *Pyrethroid resistance is common for beet armyworm and tobacco budworm. Consult your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor, and/or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and/or IPM guidance for the specific site and resistant pest problems.

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS
		fl oz/A	
TOBACCO	Aphid Armyworm spp. Chinch bugs Cutworm spp. Flea beetle (Adults) Grasshoppers Japanese beetles Stalkborers Stink bug Thrips	2.56 - 6.4	Make applications when pests appear. Apply in sufficient volume to ensure sufficient coverage of foliage. Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. Aerial application: Apply in a minimum of 5 gallon per acre or sufficient spray volume to obtain full coverage of the foliage or target area. When applying
	Beet armyworm Lygus spp. Spider mites Whitefly	6.4	by air, 1 qt of emulsified oil may be substituted for 1 q of water in the finished spray. Use higher listed rates for increased residual control.
	• .		
	 * Including all armyworm pests except beet armyworm. Do not apply more than 0.28 lb Al/A of Imidacloprid per year. Do not apply more than 0.3 lb Al/A of Bifenthrin per year. Do not apply at intervals less than 7 days. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 2 applications per season. Do not apply more than 19 fl oz of Skyraider per year. 		

CROP	TARGET PESTS	RATE	INSTRUCTIONS	
		fl oz/A		
OMATO	Aphid app.	2.1-5.2		
	Armyworm spp.			
	Bean leaf beetle		·	
	1			
	Cabbageworm		•	
,	Cloverworm			
	Corn earworm			
	Corn rootworm		'	
	Cucumber beetle			
	Cutworms			
	Diamondback moth			
	European corn borer			
			· ·	
	Flea beetle			
	Flea hopper	,		
	Grasshopper		·	
	Japanese beetle (adult)			
	Leaf hopper			
	Loopers			
			·	
	Lygus spp.			
	Melonworm			
	Pea leaf weevil			
	Pea weevil			
	Pickleworm			
	Rindworm			
•	Saltmarsh caterpillar	1		
	Sap beetle	'		
	Seedpod weevil		·	
	Squash bug			
•	Stink bug spp.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Thrips	1	·	
	Twospotted spider mite	5.12 - 6.4		
	Colorado potato beetle	0.,2 0.,		
	Pepper weevil	1	. **	
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		1		
			<u> </u>	
	 Do not apply more than 	0.24 lb Al/A	of Imidacloprid per season as a foliar application.	
	Do not apply more than			
	Do not apply at interval		days.	
	 Do not apply within 1 d 			
	Do not apply more than		kyraider per year.	
	Transport Maria		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. .

PESTICIDE STORAGE:

DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE. Do not store below 40° F. If crystals are observed, warm material to above 60° F by placing container in warm location. Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in a cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Open dumping is prohibited.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES** and **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.**

CONDITIONS:

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:

To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent

with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

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