66222-236 8/29/2012 1/23

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON D C 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND
POLLUTION PREVENTION

August 29, 2012

Kelly Wall Powell
Regulatory Specialist
Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc
3120 Highwoods Blvd #100
Raleigh, NC 27604

Subject Notification to Add an Alternate Brand Name
Fanfare 2 SC
EPA Registration Number 66222-236
Date of Submission August 6, 2012

Dear Ms Powell

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration (PRN)98-10 dated August 6, 2012, for the above mentioned product The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the actions requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10 The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact BeWanda Alexander at (703) 305-7460 or e-mail alexander bewanda@epa gov

Sincerely,

BeWanda Alexander for

Richard Gebken
Product Manager 10
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

2/23

Please read instructions on reverse before co ng form Form Approv OMB No 2070-0060, Approval expires 2 28 95

EPA

United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington DC 20460

- [ ] Registration
- [ ] Amendment
- [x] Other

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1 Company/Product Number	2 EPA Product Manager	3 Proposed Classification
66222-236	Richard Gebken	[ ] None [x] Restricted
4 Company/Product (Name) Fanfare 2 SC	PM# 10	

5 Name and Address of Applicant *(Include ZIP Code)*

Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc
3120 Highwoods Blvd #100
Raleigh NC 27604

[x] *Check if this is a new address*

6 **Expedited Reveiw** In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)(b)(i) my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to

EPA Reg No _____

Product Name _____

Section - II

- [ ] Amendment Explain below
- [ ] Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____
- [x] Notification Explain below
- [ ] Final printed labels in repsonse to Agency letter dated _____
- [ ] Me Too Application
- [ ] Other Explain below

Explanation Use additional page(s) if necessary (For section I and Section II)

Alternate brand name notification Fanfare ES This notification is consistent with the provisions of PRN 98 10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152 46 No other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec 1001 to willfully make any false statements to the EPA I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PRN 98 10 and 40 CFR 152 46 this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA

Section - III

1 **Material This Product Will Be Packaged In**

Child Resistant Packaging	Unit Packaging	Water Soluble Packaging	2 Type of Container
[ ] Yes [ ] No	[ ] Yes [ ] No	[ ] Yes [ ] No	[ ] Metal [ ] Plastic [ ] Glass [ ] Paper [ ] Other (Specify) _____
Certification must be submitted	If Yes Unit Packaging wgt / No per container	If Yes Package wgt / No per container	

3 Location of Net Contents Information	4 Size(s) Retail Container	5 Location of Label Directions
[ ] Label [ ] Container		[ ]

6 Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product [ ] Lithograph [ ] Paper glued [ ] Stenciled [ ] Other _____

Section - IV

1 Contact Point *(Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted if necessary to process this application)*

Name	Title	Telephone No (Include Area Code)
Kelly Wall Powell	Regulatory Specialist	919 256 9357

Certification

I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true accurate and complete I acknowledge that any knowlingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law

6 Date Application Received **(Stamped)**

2 Signature	3 Title
Kelly Wall Powell	Regulatory Specialist
4 Typed Name	**5 Date**
Kelly Wall Powell	August 6 2012

3/23

August 6, 2012

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS TO
Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U S EPA, One Potomac Yard
2777 S Crystal Drive, Room S-4900
Arlington, VA 22202

www.manainc.com
P (919) 256-9300
F (919) 256-9308
3120 Highwoods Blvd
Suite 100
Raleigh, NC 27604
MANA Crop Protection

RE Fanfare 2 SC (EPA Reg No 66222-236)
Notification of ABN as allowed per PRN 98-10

To Whom It May Concern

We are notifying the Agency that Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc is submitting an alternate brand name for Fanfare 2 SC (EPA Reg No 66222-236) The new ABN will be called Fanfare ES

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulation 40 CFR 152 46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product I understand that it is a violation of 18 U S C Sec 1001 to willfully make any false statement to the EPA I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152 46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA, and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1),
- One annotated copy of the printed label, and
- Two clean copies of the printed label

If you have concerns with this application, please contact me directly at (919) 256-9357 or kpowell@manainc com

Best regards,

Kelly Wall Powell
Regulatory Specialist

4/23

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms
For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for the uses covered by the certified applicator s certification

"GROUP 3 INSECTICIDE" symbol

FANFARE® 2 SC
INSECTICIDE/MITICIDE
(Alternate Brand Name Tailgunner™, Fanfare ES)

NOTIFICATION
AUG 29 2012

- Insecticide/Miticide
- For use on Tree Nut Crops

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	**% BY WT**
Bifenthrin (2 methyl[1 1 -biphenyl]-3-yl)methyl 3-(2 chloro 3 3 3-trifluoro-1-propenyl) 2 2-dimethyl cyclopropanecarboxylate*	22 6%
OTHER INGREDIENTS	77 4%
TOTAL	100 0%

*Cis isomers 97% minimum trans isomers 3% maximum
This product contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING-AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle (If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail)

Manufactured for
Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc
3120 Highwoods Blvd Suite 100
Raleigh NC 27604

EPA Reg No 66222-236 EPA Est No [redacted]

NET CONTENTS ___ GALS

FIRST AID	
IF SWALLOWED	• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	• Take off contaminated clothing • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice
IF IN EYES	• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes • Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice
IF INHALED	• Move person to fresh air • If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance then give artificial respiration preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment You may also contact PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information	

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN This product is a pyrethroid If large amounts have been ingested the stomach and intestines should be evacuated Treatment is symptomatic and supportive Digestible fats oils or alcohol may increase absorption and should be avoided

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed Harmful if absorbed through skin Avoid contact with skin eyes or clothing Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants socks shoes and gloves Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below If you want more options follow the instructions for category *E* on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart

Handlers who may be exposed to the dilute through application or other tasks must wear

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate nitrile rubber neoprene rubber or Viton
- Shoes plus socks

Handlers who may be exposed to the concentrate through mixing, loading, application, or other tasks must wear

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate nitrile rubber neoprene rubber or Viton
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product s concentrate Do not reuse them Follow manufacturer s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE If no such instructions for washables use detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should

- Wash hands before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water Do not apply directly to water to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark Do not make applications when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area

The use of bifenthrin is prohibited in areas that may result in exposure of endangered species to bifenthrin Prior to use in a particular county contact the local extension service for procedures and precautions to use to protect endangered species

PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL HAZARDS

COMBUSTIBLE Do not use or store near heat or open flame

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift Only protected handlers may be in the area during application For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR Part 170 This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms forests nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides It contains requirements for training decontamination notification and emergency assistance It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants soil or water is

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate nitrile rubber neoprene rubber or Viton
- Shoes plus socks

CHEMIGATION USE DIRECTIONS

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot lateral move end tow side (wheel) roll traveler big gun solid set or hand move irrigation systems Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system

Crop injury lack of effectiveness or illegal residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water Contact your State Agricultural Extension Service specialists equipment manufacturers or other experts for consultation on the suitability of the equipment set up to obtain effective control of the target insect pests

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise Failure to cease application during a mechanical stoppage may result in undesirable residues to adjacent areas

The system must contain a functional check valve vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected

Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e g diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment

For sprinkler irrigation meter Fanfare® 2 SC at a continuous uniform rate during the entire irrigation period To ensure accurate application over the treated area apply in sufficient volume of water or other diluent If non-emulsified oil is used as the diluent use 1 to 2 pints per acre Continuously agitate the pesticide supply tank for the duration of the application period Use 0 5 inch per acre of irrigation water in chemigation systems except for Low Energy Precision Application (LEPA) irrigation use a minimum of 0 75 inch of water per acre

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Fanfare 2 SC contains a Group 3 Insecticide With repeated use of Group 3 insecticides as the primary method of control in the same field or in successive years insect/mite populations can develop resistant biotypes If this occurs insect/mite biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 3 insecticides may eventually dominate the

insect/mite population This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Fanfare 2 SC or other Group 3 insecticides

To delay development of insecticide resistance use the following practice

- Base insecticide applications on comprehensive IPM programs Use an insect management program that includes cultural and biological control where possible
- Use good resistance management strategies established for the use area Include the use of insecticide rotations or tank mixes with other Groups of insecticide and miticides in an IPM program
- Always apply Fanfare 2 SC at the specified rates and according to label directions Do not use less than specified label rates alone or in tank mixtures unless directed otherwise in supplemental labeling supplied by Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc (MANA)
- Monitor treated populations in the field for loss of control If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions a resistant strain of insect may be present Immediately consult your local MANA representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area
- Do not treat seedling plants grown for transplant in greenhouse shade houses or field plots
- Consult your local extension specialist certified crop advisor and/or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and/or IPM directions for the specific site and resistant pest problems

ROTATIONAL CROPS

Crops for which bifenthrin tolerances exist may be rotated at any time All other crops may be rotated 30 days following the final application of Fanfare 2 SC

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

The spray tank must be clean thoroughly rinsed and decontaminated before adding either Fanfare 2 SC alone or with tank mix combinations (see **Fanfare 2 SC in Tank Mixtures** section below) If water is used as the carrier use clean water

For aerial applications made on brassicas (see **CROPS** section of the label below for full list of approved brassicas) canola crambe rapeseed foliar applications on corn cucurbits (see **CROPS** section of the label below for full list of approved cucurbits) eggplant grapes head lettuce and succulent peas and beans (see **CROPS** section of the label below for full list of approved succulent peas and beans) 1 to 2 quarts of emulsified oil can be substituted for 1 to 2 quarts of water in the finished spray For aerial applications made on cotton 1 quart of emulsified oil can be substituted for one quart of water in the finished spray Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control

Fanfare 2 SC Used Alone When Fanfare 2 SC is used alone add the specified amount to the spray tank when the tank is half filled with water or other carrier then add the rest of the water or other carrier (as permitted on this label) Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion

Fanfare 2 SC with Fertilizer Fill the spray tank approximately one half full with water and/or liquid fertilizer add the proper amount of Fanfare 2 SC then add the rest of the water and/or fertilizer Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform spray mixture

Perform a jar compatibility test with the appropriate ratio of Fanfare 2 SC and fertilizer to ensure the mixture will stay in solution Maintain constant agitation during mixing and application

Fanfare 2 SC in Tank Mixtures If a tank mixture is used perform a compatibility test before actual tank mixing Use a jar test for physical compatibility of untried mixtures using proper ratios and mixing sequences of all ingredients to be included in the mixture Once compatibility is confirmed for the tank mix fill the tank half full with water or other carrier Start and continue agitation throughout mixing following conventional mixing order practices Fanfare 2 SC can be applied in tank mixtures with other products approved for use on registered crops Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

The rate of Fanfare 2 SC applied will vary according to pest pressure and timing of application Use lower rates under light to moderate infestations and higher rates under heavy insect pressure and for mite control Arid climates require higher rates

Unless otherwise specified for a specific crop apply when pest population reaches economic (damaging) threshold and repeat as necessary to maintain control Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control

In the **COMMENTS** section of the label for each crop the specified application rate when applied by ground and/or air is listed as an amount of spray per acre In all cases this refers to finished spray per acre

SPRAY DRIFT REQUIREMENTS

Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph

Temperature Inversion

Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface

Droplet Size

Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures applicators should use a coarser droplet size

Additional Requirements for Ground Applications

Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side immediately prior to application

For ground boom applications apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy

For airblast applications turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications spray must be directed into the canopy

Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications

The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or rotor diameter

Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size

Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety

When applications are made with a cross-wind the swath will be displaced downwind The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind

BUFFER ZONES

Vegetative Buffer Strip

Constuct and maintain a minimum 10 foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as but not limited to lakes reservoirs rivers permanent streams marshes or natural ponds estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds)

Only apply products containing (*name of pyrethroid*) onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat

For guidance refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers *Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses Natural Resources Conservation Services* USDA NRCS 2000 Fort Worth Texas 21 pp

http //www wsi nrcs usda gov/products/W2Q/pest/docs/newconbuf pdf

In New York State this product may not be applied within 100 feet (using ground equipment) to 300 feet (using aerial equipment) of coastal marshes or streams that drain into coastal marshes

Buffer Zone for Ground Application (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast)

Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as but not limited to lakes reservoirs rivers streams marshes natural ponds estuaries and commercial fish ponds)

Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as but not limited to lakes reservoirs rivers streams marshes natural ponds estuaries and commercial fish ponds)

Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application

Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as but not limited to lakes reservoirs rivers streams marshes natural ponds estuaries and commercial fish ponds)

PREHARVEST INTERVAL

The required days to wait between the last application and harvest are given in ( ) after each crop name

CROPS

ARTICHOKE (5)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Artichoke Plume Moth Cribrate Weevil	0 10	6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 75 gallons per acre as a full cover spray **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre
• Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season • Repeat applications if needed to maintain control but do not make applications less than 15 days apart			

BRASSICAS (7)

Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables including Broccoli Chinese Broccoli (gailon white flowering broccoli) Brussels sprouts Cauliflower Cavalo broccolo Kohlrabi Cabbage Chinese Cabbage (napa) Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Corn Earworm Crickets Cucumber Beetle Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle Ground Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Loopers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Stink Bugs Thrips Tobacco Budworm Whitefly Wireworm Adults	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp Pacific Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	
• Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season • Do not make more than 5 applications after bloom • Repeat applications if needed to maintain control but do not make applications less than 7 days apart			

BUSHBERRIES (1)

Blueberry (highbush and lowbush) Currant Elderberry Gooseberry Huckleberry

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Blueberry Maggot Fruitworms Plum Curculio Leaf Rollers Spanworm Leafhoppers Japanese Beetle Aphids	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre
Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite *Lygus* spp	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	Do not make applications less than 7 days apart
• Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

CANEBERRIES (3)

Caneberries including Blackberries Bingleberries Dewberries Loganberries Lowberries Marionberries Olallieberries Raspberries Youngberries

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Leafrollers Orange Tortrix Root Weevils	0 05 0 10	3 2 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 50 gallons per acre
Spider Mites Raspberry Crown Borer	0 10	6 4	**Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre A total of two applications may be made Make the first application pre bloom and the second at post bloom For Crown Borer apply as a drench either post harvest (fall) or pre bloom (spring) using 6 4 fluid ounces in at least 200 gallons of water/A Direct the spray at the crown of the plant For best results apply at higher water gallonages (up to 400 gallons/A) or prior to significant rainfall Do not apply both pre bloom foliar and pre bloom drench applications
• Do not apply more than 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

CANOLA, CRAMBE RAPESEED (35)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Flea Hoppers Grasshoppers Loopers Lygus Bugs Other Lepidopterous Larvae Plant Bugs Seedpod Weevil Stink Bugs Thrips Whitefly	0 033 0 04	2 1 2 6	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water

- Do not apply more than 0 08 lb active ingredient (5 12 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Repeat applications if needed to maintain control but do not make applications less than 14 days apart

CHRISTMAS TREES (For Use Only in Washington and Oregon)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Root Weevil Spruce Spider Mite	0 06 0 1	3 9 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre Fanfare 2 SC is not phytotoxic to Christmas trees However make applications to a small representative group of plants to ensure that a particular variety grown under current conditions is not unusually sensitive to Fanfare 2 SC Maintain a minimum of 21 days between applications

- Do not apply more than 0 1 lb active ingredient (6 4 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per treatment
- Do not make more than 3 applications in a crop year
- Do not make applications through irrigation systems

CILANTRO, CORIANDER (3)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Beet Armyworm Cabbage Looper Cutworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Leafminer Saltmarsh Caterpillar Spotted Cucumber Beetle Thrips Whitefly	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre
Two Spotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage

- Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Do not make applications less than 7 days apart

CITRUS* (Except Florida) (1)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Asian Cockroach Diaprepes Root Weevil (*Diaprepes abbreviatus*) Fire ants	0 25 0 50	16 32	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 30 gallons per acre Use a hand gun or shielded sprayer to apply to individual citrus trees if they are not planted in solid rows Diaprepes root weevil emergence ~~generally~~ occurs in the spring but weather conditions can prompt a second emergence in the fall In areas where only a spring emergence is expected use 32 fluid ounces of Fanfare 2 SC In areas where a second emergence is expected use 16 fluid ounces of Fanfare 2 SC in the early season and 16 fluid ounces of Fanfare 2 SC later in the season If the length of control of Fanfare 2 SC is not sufficient to cover the emergence of the root weevil use other pest control measures as specified by State Agricultural Extension Specialists or other local experts

Not for use in California unless accompanied by a supplemental label

- Do not apply through irrigation systems
- Do not allow any application of Fanfare 2 SC to contact fruit or foliage
- Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per year
- Do not apply by air

11/23

CITRUS* (Florida only) (1)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Blue Green Citrus Root Weevil (*Pachnaeus opalus*) Brown Leaf Notcher (*Epicaerus mexicanus*) Diaprepes Root Weevil (*Diaprepes abbreviatus*) Little Leaf Notcher (*Artipus floridanus*) Southern Blue Green Citrus Root Weevil (*Pachnaeus Litus*)	0 25 0 50	16 32	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 40 gallons per acre Greater spray volumes increase uniformity of coverage Also coverage uniformity may be aided by using a pre and post irrigation application Use a hand gun or shielded sprayer to apply to individual citrus trees if they are not planted in solid rows All citrus root weevils have a similar life cycle They have three immature stages egg larva and pupa Adult weevils emerge from the soil and lay eggs on host plants above ground the larvae enter the soil to feed on roots and the pupae and teneral adult stages are spent below ground Adults emerge beneath citrus trees throughout the year time applications of Fanfare 2 SC for when the adults emerge Peak adult emergence varies within and among species and by region Peak emergence for the blue green root weevil is normally April and May Diaprepes adult emergence from the soil appears to be triggered by the onset of regular rainfall events and can have two emergence peaks in mid May to mid July and/or late August to mid October The second peak is variable and may relate to host plant availability Little leaf notcher has three generations per year Although there is considerable overlap of generations adults appear most abundant in April/May July/August and October/November For best control of emerging root weevils apply Fanfare 2 SC to the soil beneath the citrus trees from the trunk to the drip line of the tree Fanfare 2 SC protects citrus tree roots from citrus root weevils by forming a barrier which provides contact activity on neonate larvae when they fall to the ground shortly after hatching from eggs which were oviposited in the citrus tree foliage Once application is made be careful not to disturb the treated soil In areas where only a spring emergence is expected use 32 fluid ounces of Fanfare 2 SC In areas where a second emergence is expected use 16 fluid ounces of Fanfare 2 SC in the early season and 16 fluid ounces of Fanfare 2 SC later in the season If the length of control of Fanfare 2 SC is not sufficient to cover the emergence of the root weevil use other pest control measures as specified by State Agricultural Extension Specialists or other local experts
Asian Cockroach Fire ants	0 1 0 25	6 4 16	

- Do not apply through irrigation systems
- Do not allow any application of Fanfare 2 SC to contact fruit or foliage
- Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per year
- Do not apply by air

CONIFER SEED ORCHARDS
(For Use Only in Alabama Arkansas Florida Georgia Louisiana Mississippi Oklahoma South Carolina Tennessee Texas Virginia)

PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Cone Worms Seed Bugs Seed Worms	0 1 0 2	6 4 12 8	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 100 500 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre or 0 5 gallon refined vegetable oil per acre Apply in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage Begin applications 7 days after peak pollen flight and continue on 30 day intervals up to a maximum of 0 6 lb active per acre per season

- Do not make more than six applications per season or apply more than 0 6 lb active ingredient (38 4 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season

CORN FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) POPCORN, FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANTING)(30)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI	FL OZ	

Corn Rootworm Larvae (Mexican Northern Southern Western)	0 0046 pound active per 1 000 linear feet of row	0 30 fluid ounces per 1 000 linear feet of row	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 3 gallons per acre For use on corn at planting apply in a 5 inch to 7 inch T band over the open seed furrow Center the spray nozzle over the row behind the planter shoe in front of the press wheel In furrow pop up fertilizers may be used alone or in tank mixtures with Fanfare 2 SC See the section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS Fanfare 2 SC with Fertilizer** for additional instructions and precautions when mixing with fertilizers
Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seedcorn Beetle Seedcorn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworms	0 0023 to 0 0046 pound active per 1 000 linear feet of row	0 15 to 0 30 fluid ounces per 1 000 linear feet of row	

- Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining
- Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment
- Do not apply more than 0 1 lb active ingredient (6 4 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season as an at planting application

Row spacings (inches)[1]	**40**	**38**	**36**	**30**
Fanfare 2 SC (pounds ai per acre)	0 060	0 064	0 069	0 080
Fanfare 2 SC (formulated ounces per acre)	3 9	4 1	4 4	5 12

[1] Use this table to determine the Fanfare 2 SC needs per acre

CORN FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) POPCORN FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (PRE & PPI)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Armyworm Species Black Cutworm Seedcorn Maggot Stalkborer White Grub Wireworm	0 047 to 0 062 Pre Plant Incorporated (PPI)	3 4 Preplant Incorporated (PPI)	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 3 gallons per acre Use the specified dosage as a preplant incorporated treatment either alone on in tank mix combination with registered preplant incorporated herbicides Incorporate Fanfare 2 SC to the intended planting depth but no deeper than 3 inches The 3 to 4 fluid ounce rate must be applied as PPI and can be tank mixed and applied with PPI herbicides The 2 56 fluid ounce rate may be applied PRE and can be tank mixed and applied with PRE herbicides
Armyworm Species Black Cutworm Stalkborer	0 040 Pre Emergence (PRE)	2 56 Preemergence (PRE)	

CORN FIELD CORN (GRAIN AND SILAGE) POPCORN FIELD CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR)(30)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbug Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre except see specific comment below for TX NM OK and AZ mite control **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 to 5 gallons per acre except see specific comment below for TX NM OK and AZ mite control In all states insect control will be improved by increasing the finished spray per acre to 5 gallons In Texas New Mexico Oklahoma and Arizona use a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre by ground and 5 gallons of water per acre by air when making applications to control mites Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water Make applications of Fanfare 2 SC as necessary to maintain control being careful not to exceed reapplication intervals or maximum dosage rates specified in this section For pests which attack the ear apply just before silking For corn borer control make application just before or at egg hatch For mite control apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage and before they disperse into the canopy (for Banks Grass Mite before dispersal into the upper 2/3 of the plant) Use higher rates of Fanfare 2 SC when pest pressure is severe or crop is under stress from drought and/or heat When these conditions exist tank mixtures with dimethoate have shown good control
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

- Do not apply more than 0 3 lb active ingredient (19 2 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season including pre and PPI at planting plus foliar applications
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of the last application
- Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited
- Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent
- **Use of Fanfare 2 SC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties**

CORN SWEET CORN SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (AT PLANTING, (30)

PEST	DOSAGE	COMMENTS

	LB AI	FL OZ	
Corn Rootworm Larvae (Mexican Northern Southern Western)	0046 pound active per 1 000 linear feet of row	0 30 fluid ounces per 1 000 linear feet of row	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 3 gallons per acre For use on corn at planting apply in a 5 inch to 7 inch T band over the open seed furrow Center the spray nozzle over the row behind the planter shoe in front of the press wheel In furrow pop up fertilizers may be used alone or in tank mixtures with Fanfare 2 SC See the section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS Fanfare 2 SC with Fertilizer** for additional instructions and precautions when mixing with fertilizers
Army Cutworm Cutworm Species Grubs Seedcorn Beetle Seedcorn Maggot True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Wireworms	0023 to 0046 pound active per 1 000 linear feet of row	0 15 to 0 30 fluid ounces per 1 000 linear feet of row	

- Do not apply to soil where there is greater than 30% cover of crop residue remaining
- Do not graze livestock in treated area or cut treated crops for feed within 30 days of treatment
- Do not apply more than 0 1 lb active ingredient (6 4 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season as an at plant application

Row spacings (inches)[1]	**40**	**38**	**36**	**30**
Fanfare 2 SC (pounds ai per acre)	0 060	0 064	0 069	0 080
Fanfare 2 SC (formulated ounces per acre)	3 9	4 1	4 4	5 12

[1] Use this table to determine the Fanfare 2 SC needs per acre

CORN SWEET CORN SWEET CORN GROWN FOR SEED (FOLIAR) (1)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI	FL OZ	
Aphids Army Cutworm Beet Armyworm Cereal Leaf Beetle Chinch Bug Common Stalk Borer Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetle Adult Cutworm Species European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Greenbugs Japanese Beetle Adult Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Leaf Beetle Southwestern Corn Borer Stinkbugs Tarnished Plant Bug True Armyworm or Armyworm Species Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Yellowstriped Armyworm	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water Make applications of Fanfare 2 SC as necessary to maintain control being careful not to exceed reapplication intervals or maximum dosage rates specified in this section For pests which attack the ear apply just before silking For corn borer control make application just before or at egg hatch For mite control apply when colonies first form prior to leaf damage and before they disperse into the canopy (for Banks Grass Mite before dispersal into the upper 2/3 of the plant) Use higher rates of Fanfare 2 SC when pest pressure is severe or crop is under stress from drought and/or heat When these conditions exist tank mixtures with dimethoate have shown acceptable control
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

- Do not apply more than 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed within 1 day of last application
- Use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on corn is prohibited
- Do not make aerial or ground applications to corn if heavy rainfall is imminent
- **Use of Fanfare 2 SC on corn is prohibited in all coastal counties**

COTTON (14)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
European Corn Borer Soybean (Banded) Thrips Tobacco Thrips	0 02 0 10	1 3 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 1 gallon per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water **ULV application** Apply in a minimum of 1 quart per acre using refined vegetable oil with aircraft calibrated to give adequate coverage
Boll Weevil Bollworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Aphid Cotton Fleahopper Cotton Leafperforator Cutworms Fall Armyworm Plant Bugs Saltmarsh Caterpillar Southern Garden Leafhopper Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm Whitefly Yellow Striped Armyworm	0 04 0 10	2 6 6 4	

Beet Armyworm Carmine Spider Mite *Lygus* Spp Pink Bollworm Twospotted Spider Mite	0 06 0 10	3 8 6 4	Make applications of Fanfare 2 SC as necessary to maintain control being careful not to exceed reapplication intervals or maximum dosage rates specified in this section **To Control Boll Weevil** Apply Fanfare 2 SC at 3 to 4 day intervals until pest populations are reduced below economic threshold levels **To Control Mites and Aphids** Apply when pests first appear Repeat as necessary to maintain control without exceeding maximum application rates and reapplication intervals Use higher rates when an economic threshold has been established

- Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season in all states except in California For California do not apply more than 0 3 lb active ingredient (19 2 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Do not graze livestock in treated areas or cut treated crops for feed
- Do not make more than 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season Synthetic pyrethroid products include Ambush® Ammo® Asana® XL Baythroid® Capture® Danitol® Karate® Mustang® and Scout X TRA®

CUCURBITS (3)

Chayote (fruit) Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Edible Gourd [(includes hyotan cucuzza) *Luffa* spp (includes hechima Chinese okra) *Momordica* spp (includes balsam apple balsam pear bitter melon Chinese cucumber)] Muskmelon [(hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo*) (includes true cantaloupe cantaloupe casaba crenshaw melon golden pershaw melon honeydew melon honey balls mango melon Persian melon pineapple melon Santa Claus melon and snake melon)] Pumpkin (*Cucurbita* spp) Squash summer (includes crookneck squash scallop squash straightneck squash vegetable marrow zucchini) Squash winter [includes butternut squash calabaza hubbard squash (*C mixta C pepo*)(includes acorn squash spaghetti squash)] Watermelon (includes hybrids and/or varieties of *Citrullus* spp)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Cabbage Looper Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Grasshoppers Leafhoppers Melonworms Pickleworms Plant Bugs Rindworms Squash Bugs Squash Vine Borer Stink Bugs Tobacco Budworm	0 04 0 10	2 6 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp Twospotted Spider Mite Whitefly	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

- Do not apply more than 0 3 lb active ingredient (19 2 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Do not make more than two applications after bloom
- Repeat applications if needed to maintain control but do not make applications less than 7 days apart

DRIED BEANS AND PEAS (14)

Dried cultivars of
Bean (*Lupinus* spp) Grain Lupin Sweet Lupin White Lupin White Sweet Lupin
Bean (*Phaseolus* spp) Field bean Kidney Bean Lima Bean (dry) Navy Bean Pinto Bean Tepary Bean
Bean (*Vigna* spp) Adzuki Bean Blackeyed Pea Catjang Cowpea Crowder Pea Moth Bean Mung Bean Rice Bean Southern Pea Urd Bean
Broad Bean (dry) Chickpea Guar Lablab Bean Lentil Pea (*Pisum spp*) Field Pea Pigeon Pea

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Banks Grass Mite Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section
Aster Leafhopper Flea Beetle Leafhoppers	0 025 0 10	1 6 6 4	

Aphids Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Armyworm Yellowstriped Armyworm Bean Leaf Beetle Cucumber Beetles Japanese Beetle Adults Mexican Bean Beetle Sap Beetle Plant Bug Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Alfalfa Caterpillar Cloverworm European Corn Borer Cutworms Western Bean Cutworm Corn Earworm Loopers Corn Rootworm Adults Thrips Webworms Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Whitefly Imported Cabbageworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Tobacco Budworm Leafminer Grasshoppers	0 33 0 10	2 1 6 4	entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control
• Do not apply more than 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season to peas Do not apply more than 0 3 lb active ingredient (19 2 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season to beans • Do not make applications less than 7 days apart			

FRUITING VEGETABLES (7)

Eggplant Groundcherry Pepino Pepper (Bell and Non Bell)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Armyworms (including Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm) Cabbage Loopers Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Pepper Weevil Plant Bugs Stink Bugs Thrips Tomato Hornworm Tomato Pinworm Vegetable Leafminer Whitefly	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water
Banks Grass Mite Broad Mite Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp Pacific Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	
• To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart • Do not apply more than 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

GRAPES (30)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Cutworms Eastern Grape Leafhopper Grape Berry Moth Japanese Beetles Adults Lady Beetle (*Scymnus*) Variegated Leafhopper Western Grape Leafhopper	0 05 0 10	3 2 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 25 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water When pest pressure is moderate to severe use the higher rate
Black Vine Weevil Glassywinged Sharpshooter Twospotted Spider Mite	0 10	6 4	
• Do not apply more than 0 1 lb active ingredient (6 4 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

HOPS (14)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Cutworms Leafrollers Loopers	0 06 0 10	3 8 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 100 150 gallons per acre in early season 200 250 gallons per acre late season **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre Make a directed spray up the vine 3 feet and the soil surface 1 5 to 2 feet on either side of the plant to control root weevil
Root Weevils	0 05 0 10	3 2 6 4	
Twospotted Spider Mite	0 10	6 4	
• Do not apply more than 0 1 lb active ingredient (6 4 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per application • Do not apply more than 0 3 lb active ingredient (19 2 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season • To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 21 days apart • The use of ultra low volume (ULV) application on hops is prohibited			

LEAFY BRASSICAS (7)

Broccoli Raab Bok Choy Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Turnip Greens*

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Corn Earworm Crickets Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetles Grasshoppers Ground Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Adults Leafhoppers Loopers Saltmarsh Caterpillar Stink Bugs Thrips Tobacco Budworm Whitefly Wireworm (adults)	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water Thorough coverage is essential to achieve control
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite Lygus spp Pacific Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling
- Do not apply more than 0 40 lb active ingredient (25 6 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Repeat applications if needed to maintain control but do not make applications less than 7 days apart

LEAFY PETIOLE VEGETABLES* (7)

Celery Cardoon Chinese Celery Celtuce Florence Fennel Rhubarb Swiss Chard

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Cutworms Corn Earworm Leafhoppers Flea Beetles Imported Cabbageworm Cucumber Beetles Aphids Armyworms Loopers Stink Bugs Crickets Ground Beetles Thrips Wireworm Adults Diamondback Moth	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre
Twospotted Spider Mite Carmine Mite Pacific Spider Mite *Lygus* spp	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

* Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling
- Do not apply more than 0 50 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Repeat applications if needed to maintain control but do not make applications less than 7 days apart

LETTUCE HEAD (7)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Cabbage Maggot Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Diamondback Moth Flea Beetle **Grasshoppers** Imported Cabbageworm Leafhoppers Loopers Salt Marsh Caterpillar Stink Bug Species Thrips Tobacco Budworm Whitefly	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 15 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 5 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on the amount of oil to use in the spray tank in lieu of water
Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

- To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart
- Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season

MAYHAW* (30)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Plum Curculio	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 28 gallons of finished spray per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Apply in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage as needed

Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling
- Do not apply more than 0 2 pound active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart

OKRA (7)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Japanese Beetle Adults Leafminers Loopers Stink Bugs Thrips Whitefly	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Apply in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage as needed
Broad Mite Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp Two Spotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	

- To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart
- Do not apply more than 0 20 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season

PEANUT (14)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Beet Armyworm Corn Earworm Cutworm Species Fall Armyworm Grasshoppers Green Cloverworm Leafhoppers Lesser Cornstalk Borer Loopers Rednecked Peanut Worm Southern Armyworm Southern Corn Rootworm Stink Bugs Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper Velvetbean Caterpillar Yellowstriped Armyworm	0 033 0 1	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Apply in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage as needed
Aphids Spider Mites Thrips Whitefly	0 08 0 1	5 12 6 4	

- Do not apply more than 0 5 pound active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 14 days apart
- Do not feed immature plants and peanut hay to livestock

PEARS (14)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Codling Moth Cutworms Green Fruitworm Leafhoppers Leafminers Leafrollers *Lygus* spp Plant bugs Plum Curculio San Jose Scale Crawlers Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug	0 04 to 0 2	2 6 to 12 8	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 200 gallons per acre (dilute) and 50 gallons per acre (concentrate) **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre
Twospotted Spider Mite Yellow Mite	0 06 to 0 2	3 8 to 12 8	
European Red Mite	0 08 to 0 2	5 12 to 12 8	

- Do not apply more than 0 5 pound active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season with no more than 0 45 (28 8 fluid ounces formulated) pound active per acre applied after petal fall
- To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 30 days apart
- Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed

ROOT CROPS (except Sugar Beets) (21)

Burdock edible Carrot Celeriac Chervil turnip rooted Chicory Ginseng Horseradish Parsley turnip rooted Parsnip Radish Radish Oriental Rutabaga Salsify Salsify Black Salsify Spanish Skirret Turnip

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Beet Armyworm Celery Leaftier Corn Earworm Cross striped Cabbageworm Cutworm Species Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Fire Ants Flea Beetles Green Cloverworm Hornworms Imported Cabbageworm Loopers Southern Armyworm Spider Mites Tobacco Budworm Velvetbean Caterpillar Whitefly Yellowstriped Armyworm	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 25 gallons of finished spray per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Apply in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage as needed

- Do not apply more than 0 5 pound active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart

GARDEN BEET* (1)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Fire Ants Flea Beetles Lepidopterous Larvae Spider Mites Whitefly	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 25 gallons of finished spray per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Apply in sufficient water to obtain uniform coverage as needed
Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling • Do not apply more than 0 40 pound active ingredient (25 6 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season • To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart			

SOYBEAN (18)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Alfalfa Caterpillar Aphids Aster leafhopper Army Worms[1] Bean Leaf Beetle Blister Beetle Species Cloverworm Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetles Cutworms Cowpea Curculio Cucumber Beetle Adult Dectes Stem Borer European Corn Borer False Chinch Bug Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Green Cloverworm Hornworms Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Adult Pea Weevil Leaf Skeletonizer Species Leafhoppers Leafminer Adults Lesser Cornstalk Borer Loopers Mexican Bean Beetle Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Pea Leaf Weevil Saltmarch Caterpillar Silverspotted Skipper Seedcorn Maggot Adult Spittlebug Stink Bug Tarnished Plant Bug Three Cornered Alfalfa Hopper Thrips Tobacco Budworm[1] Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm Western Bean Cutworm Whitefly Soybean Aphid Woollybear Caterpillar	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre [1]Pyrethroid resistance is common for Beet Armyworm and Tobacco Budworm Consult with state or local extension service representatives to determine if resistance pest populations are present in your area If resistance has been detected in your area refer to the **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT** statement found
Two spotted Spider Mite *Lygus* spp Whitefly	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	
• To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 30 days apart • Do not apply more than 0 3 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

SPINACH (40)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Armyworms Colorado Potato Beetle Corn Earworm Cucumber Beetles Cutworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Leafminers Loopers Pepper Weevil Thrips Tomato Hornworm Tomato Pinworm Whitefly	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 to 50 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 5 to 50 gallons per acre For whitefly and fire ant control either at planting or as a foliar treatment apply up to 6 4 fluid ounces (0 1 lb active) per acre being careful not exceed reapplication intervals or maximum dosage rates specified in this section
Banks Grass Mite Broad Mite Carmine Mite Fire Ants *Lygus* spp Pacific Spider Mite Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	
• To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 7 days apart • Do not apply more than 0 4 lb active ingredient (25 6 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

SUCCULENT PEAS AND BEANS (3)

Pea (*Pisum* spp) Dwarf Pea Edible pod Pea English Pea Garden Pea Green Pea Snow Pea Sugar Snap Pea Pigeon Pea

Bean (*Phaseolus* spp) Broadbean (succulent) Lima Bean (green) Runner Bean Snap Bean Wax Bean
Bean (*Vigna* spp) Asparagus Bean Black eyed Pea Chinese Longbean Cowpea Moth Bean Southern Pea Yardlong Bean Jackbean Soybean (immature seed) Sword Bean

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aster Leafhopper Flea Beetle Grasshoppers Leafhoppers	0 025 0 10	1 6 6 4	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre Emulsified oil may be substituted for water See section entitled **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS** for details on amount of oil to use in the spray tank
Alfalfa Caterpillar Aphids Bean Leaf Beetle Beet Armyworm Cloverworm Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Adult Cucumber Beetle Cutworms European Corn Borer Fall Armyworm Imported Cabbageworm Japanese Beetle Adult Leafminers Loopers **Mexican Bean Beetle** Pea Leaf Weevil Pea Weevil Plant Bugs Salt Marsh Caterpillar Sap Beetle Southern Armyworm Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips Tobacco Budworm Webworms Western Bean Cutworm Whitefly Yellowstriped Armyworm	0 033 0 10	2 1 6 4	
Banks Grass Mite Carmine Mite *Lygus* spp Twospotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 6 4	
• Do not apply more than 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season			

TOBACCO

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Armyworm Species Cutworm Species Mole Crickets Stalkborers Tobacco Flea Beetle Larvae White Grubs Wireworms	0 625 0 10	4 0 6 4	**Pre transplant soil applications** Apply 0 0625 0 1 active ingredient per acre in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre to control soil pests Use of suitable equipment to incorporate into top 4 of the soil is required to control below ground pests **At transplant water treatment application** Apply 0 0625 0 1 lb active ingredient per acre in a water treatment application volume of the 10 200 gallons per acre May be tank mixed with Command® Spartan® and other herbicides approved for tobacco use
Aphid s Species Armyworm Species Chinch Bugs Cutworm Species Flea Beetle Adults Grasshoppers Green Bugs Japanese Beetles Stink Bugs Tarnished Plant Bugs Thrips Whiteflies Tobacco Budworm Tobacco Hornworm Saltmarsh Caterpillar Cucumber Beetle	0 04 0 10	2 56 6 4	**Foliar applications** Apply 0 04 0 10 lb active ingredient per acre foliar application up to and including layby in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre May be tank mixed with Command Spartan and other herbicides approved for tobacco use
Lygus spp Spider mites	0 1	6 4	
• For foliar applications do not make more than 2 applications per season • For all applications do not apply more than 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season • Do not apply later than layby			

TOMATOES TOMATILLO (1)

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Aphids Armyworms (including Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Southern Yellowstriped Armyworm) Bean Leaf Beetle Cabbageworms Carmine Mite Cloverworm Corn Earworm Corn Rootworm Cucumber Beetle Cutworms Diamondback Moth European Corn Borer Flea Beetles Flea Hoppers Grasshoppers Japanese Beetle Adult Leafhoppers Loopers *Lygus* spp Melonworms Pea Weevil Pea Leaf Weevil Pickleworms Plant Bugs Rindworms Salt Marsh Caterpillar	0 033 0 08	2 1 5 2	**Ground application** Apply in water in a minimum of 15 gallons per acre **Air application** Apply in water in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre

Sap Beetle Seedpod Weevil Squash Bugs Stink Bug Species Tobacco Budworm Tarnished Plant Bug Thrips Whitefly			
Two Spotted Spider Mite	0 08 0 10	5 12 5 4	
• To maintain a proper spray interval do not make applications less than 10 days apart • Do not make more than 4 applications per season			

TREE NUTS CROPS (21 Pecans) (7 All Other Nut Crops)

Tree Nuts Crops including Almond Beech nut Brazil nut Butternut Cashew Chestnut Chinquapin Filbert (hazelnut) Hickory nut Macadamia nut (bush nut) Pecan Pistachio and Walnut (Black and English)

PEST	DOSAGE		REMARKS
	LB/AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Black Pecan Aphid Codling Moth Filbert Worm Hickory Shuckworm Leaffooted Bugs Navel Orangeworm Oblique Banded Leafroller Peach Twig Borer Pecan Leaf Casebearer Pecan Nut Casebearer Pecan Phylloxera Plant Bugs Stink Bugs Walnut Aphid Yellow Pecan Aphid	0 05 to 0 20	3 2 to 12 8	**Application by ground** Apply as a dilute (minimum of 200 gallons of finished spray per acre) or concentrate (minimum of 50 gallons of finished spray per acre) spray in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage **Application by air** Apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of finished spray per acre
European Red Mite Spider Mites	0 08 to 0 20	5 1 to 12 8	
Fire Ants Walnut Husk Fly	0 1 to 0 20	6 4 to 12 8	

- Minimum Spray intervals Apply Fanfare 2EC as needed to maintain control but not apply at intervals sooner than 15 days
- Observe a 21 day Pre Harvest Interval (phi) for Pecans and a 7 day Pre Harvest Interval (phi) for all other registered tree nut crops
- Do not exceed 0 2 lb active ingredient (12 8 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per application do not exceed 0 50 lb active ingredient (32 fluid ounces formulated) per acre per season
- Do not graze livestock in treated orchards or cut treated cover crops for feed

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (21)

Arracacha Arrowroot Chinese Artichoke Jerusalem Artichoke Edible Canna Cassava (bitter and sweet) Chayote (root) Chufa Dasheen (taro) Ginger Leren Potato Sweet Potato Tanier Turmeric Yam Bean True Yam

PEST	DOSAGE		COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/A	
Corn Wireworm Tobacco Wireworm Southern Potato Wireworm Japanese Beetle Grubs June Beetle Sweetpotato Flea Beetle Cucumber Beetle Sweetpotato Weevil Banded Cucumber Beetle Black Flea Beetle Whitefringed Beetle White Grub Sugarcane Beetle Rootworms	0 15 0 30 (at plant) 0 05 0 15 (at cultivation or lay by) 0 033 0 10 (foliar)	9 6 19 2 (at plant) 3 2 9 6 (at cultivation or lay by) 2 1 6 4 (foliar)	**In furrow planting time treatment** Fanfare 2 SC may be applied as an in furrow planting time treatment for the control of wireworms rootworms and white grubs Apply Fanfare 2 SC at the rate of 0 15 to 0 3 pounds active ingredient per acre as an in furrow spray or T band spray at planting time **Cultivation or Lay by treatment** Fanfare 2 SC may be applied at cultibation or as a lay by treatment for the control of wireworms rootworms and white grubs Apply Fanfare 2 SC to the drill area and cover with soil utilizing cultivation equipment set to throw soil to the drill area Apply Fanfare 2 SC as a banded spray over the row at a rate of 0 05 to 0 15 pounds active ingredient per acre (3 2 to 9 6 12 8 fluid ounces formulated) in 10 gallons per acre of spray **Foliar spray** Fanfare 2 SC may be applied as a foliar spray for the control of the adult life stages of flea beetles click beetles (wireworms) cucumber beetles (rootworms) white fringed beetles and May/June beetles (white grubs) Apply Fanfare 2 SC at the rate of 0 033 to 0 1 lb active ingredient per acre (2 1 to 6 4 12 8 fluid ounces formulated) in 10 gallons of spray by ground and 3 gallons of spray by air

- For foliar applications do not make more than 2 foliar applications per season and do not make application less than 21 days apart
- Do not apply more than 0 5 lb active ingredient (32 12 8 fluid ounces formulated) ounces formulated) per acre per season including soil applications

SOD FARMS*

The application rates listed in the following table will provide excellent control of the respective pests under typical conditions However at the discretion of the applicator Fanfare 2 SC can be applied at up to 0 32 fluid ounces per 1000 square feet to control each of the pests in this table Use the higher application rates when maximum residual control is desired or heavy pest populations occur

PEST	DOSAGE			COMMENTS
	LB AI/A	FL OZ/1000 Sq ft	FL OZ/A	

Armyworms[1] Cutworms[1] Sod Webworms[1]	0 03 0 05	0 05 0 08	2 2 3 5	**Ground Application** Apply as a broadcast treatment Use higher volumes up to 10 gallons of carrier per 1000 square feet to get uniform coverage when treating dense grass foliage For low water volume usage less than 2 gallons/1000 square feet addition of a non ionic or silicone based surfactant (0 25% by volume) is recommended Irrigation to treated area within a few hours following application can improve efficacy to sub surface pests such as but not limited to mole crickets
Annual Bluegrass Weevil (*Hyperoides* spp) Adults[2] Banks Grass Mite[6] Billbug Adults[3] Black Turfgrass Ataenius Adults[4] Crickets Earwigs Flea Adults Grasshoppers Mealybugs Mites[6]	0 05 0 11	0 08 0 16	3 5 7 0	
Ants Chich Bugs[5] Flea Larvae)[7] Imported Fire Ants[8] Japanese Beetle Adult Mole Cricket Adults[9] Mole Cricket Nymphs[10] Ticks[11]	0 11 0 21	0 16 0 32	7 0 14 0	

* Not for use in California unless accompanied by supplemental labeling

In New York State this product may NOT be applied to any grass or turf area within 100 feet of a water body (lake pond river stream wetland or drainage ditch)

In New York State make a single repeat application of this product if there are signs of renewed insect activity but not sooner than two weeks after the first application

Comments on Pests

[1]**Armyworms Cutworms and Sod Webworms** For optimum control delay watering (irrigation) or mowing for 24 hours after application If the grass area is being maintained at mowing height of greater than 1 inch then higher application rates (up to 0 32 fluid ounces per 1000 sq ft) may be required during periods of high pest pressure

[2]**Annual Bluegrass Weevil (Hyperodes) adults** Time applications to control adult weevils as they leave their overwintering sites and move into grass areas This movement usually begins when *Forsythia* is in full bloom and concludes when flowering dogwood (*Cornus florida*) is in full bloom Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for more specific information regarding application timing

[3]**Billbug adults** Apply when adult billbugs are first observed during April and May Degree day models have been developed to optimize application timing Consult your State Cooperative Extension Service for information specific to your region In temperate regions spring applications targeting billbug adults will also provide control of over wintered chinch bugs

[4]**Black Turfgrass Ataenius adults** Apply during May and July to control the first and second generation of black turfgrass Ataenius adults respectively Time the May application to coincide with the full bloom stage of Vanhoutte spiraea (*Spiraea vanhouttei*)and horse chestnut *(Aesculus hippocastanum)* Time the July application to coincide with the blooming of Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus)

[5]**Chinch Bugs** Chinch bugs infest the base of grass plants and are often found in the thatch later Irrigation of the grass area before treatment will optimize the penetration of the insecticide to the area where the chinch bugs are located Use higher volume applications if the thatch layer is excessive or if a relatively long mowing height is being maintained Chinch bugs can be one of the most difficult pests to control in grasses and the higher application rates (up to 0 21 fluid ounces per 1000 sq ft) may be required to control populations that contain both nymphs and adults during the middle of the summer

[6]**Mites** To ensure optimal control of eriophyid mites apply in combination with the labeled rate of a surfactant A second application 5 7 days after the first may be necessary to achieve acceptable control

[7]**Flea larvae** Flea larvae develop in the soil of shaded areas that are accessible to pets or other animals Use higher volume applications when treating these areas to ensure penetration of the insecticide into the soil Note if the lawn area is being treated with this product at 0 10 fluid ounce per 1000 sq ft for adult flea control then the larval application rate may be achieved by increasing the application volume two to four fold

[8]**Imported Fire Ant** Control will be optimized by combining broadcast applications that will control foraging workers and newly mated fly in queens with mound drenches that will control existing colonies If the soil is not moist then it is important to irrigate before application or use a high volume application Broadcast treatments should apply 0 32 fluid ounce per 1 000 sq ft Mounds should be treated by diluting 0 05 fluid ounce per gallon of water and applying 1 to 2 gallons of finished spray per mound The mounds should be treated with sufficient force to break their apex and allow the insecticide solution to flow into the any tunnels A four foot diameter circle around the mound should also be terated For best results apply in cool weather (65 80F) or in early morning or late evening hours

[9]**Mole Cricket adults** Control of adult mole crickets is difficult because preferred grass areas are subject to continuous invasion during the early spring by this extremely active stage Make applications as late in the day as possible and water in with up to 0 5 inches of water immediately after treatment If the soil is not moist then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized Grass areas that receive pressure from adult mole crickets should be treated at peak egg hatch to ensure optimum control of subsequent nymph populations (see below)

[10]**Mole Cricket nymphs** Grass areas that received intense adult mole cricket pressure in the spring should be treated immediately prior to peak egg hatch Optimal control is achieved at this time because young nymphs are more susceptible to insecticides and they are located near the soil surface where the insecticide is most concentrated Control of larger more damaging nymphs later in the year may require both higher application rates and more frequent applications to maintain acceptable control Make applications as late in the day as possible and water in with up to 0 5 inches of water immediately after treatment If the soil is not moist then it is important to irrigate before application to bring the mole crickets closer to the soil surface where contact with the insecticide will be maximized

[11]**Ticks (Including ticks that may transmit Lyme Disease and Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever)** Do not make spot applications treat the entire area where exposure to ticks may occur Use higher spray volumes when treating areas with dense ground cover or heavy leaf litter Ticks may be reintroduced from surrounding areas on host animals Retreatment may be necessary to achieve and/or maintain control during periods of high pest pressure Repeat application is necessary only if there are signs of renewed activity Limit repeat application to no more than once per seven days

Deer Ticks (*Ixodes* spp) These ticks have a complicated life cycle that ranges over a two year period and involves four life stages Make applications in the late fall and/or early spring to control adult ticks that are usually located on brush or grass above the soil surface and in mid to late spring to control larvae that reside in the soil and leaf litter

American dog ticks These ticks may be a considerable nuisance in suburban settings particularly where homes are built on land that was previously field or forest These ticks commonly congregate along paths or roadways where humans are likely to be encountered Make applications as necessary from mid spring to early fall to control American dog tick larvae nymphs and adults

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS Do not contaminate water food or feed by storage or disposal Open dumping is prohibited Do not reuse empty container

PESTICIDE STORAGE DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE Do not store below 40° F If crystals are observed warm material to above 60° F by placing container in warm location Shake or roll container periodically to redissolve solids Keep out of reach of children and animals Store in original containers only Store in a cool dry place and avoid excess heat Do not contaminate other pesticides fertilizers water food or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Pesticide wastes are toxic Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less) Nonrefillable container Do not reuse or refill this container Offer for recycling if available Clean container promptly after emptying Triple rinse as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap Shake for 10 seconds Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Repeat this procedure two more times If recycling is not available puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning If burned stay out of smoke

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons) Nonrefillable container Do not reuse or refill this container Offer for recycling if available Clean container promptly after emptying Triple rinse as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank Fill the container 1/4 full with water Replace and tighten closures Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth ensuring at least one complete revolution for 30 seconds Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal Repeat this procedure two more times If recycling is not available puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities by burning If burned stay out of smoke

Refillable Container (greater than 55 gallons) Refill this container with Fanfare 2 SC (containing the active ingredient bifenthrin) only Do not reuse this container for any other purpose Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller To clean the container before final disposal empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank Fill the container about 10% full with water Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times For final disposal offer for recycling or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

SPILL, FIRE, LEAK or OTHER CHEMICAL EMERGENCY In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces soak up with sand earth or synthetic absorbent Remove to chemical waste area

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product If terms are not acceptable return the unopened product container at once

By using this product user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES** and **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY**

CONDITIONS The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully However it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product Crop injury ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions presence of other materials or the manner of use or application all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America Inc All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer

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