

#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Christie Hitchcock Registration Specialist Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

AUG 8 2008

Subject: Label Notification(s) for Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4 and 98-10

Dear Ms. Hitchcock:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4 and 98-10 dated June 19, 2008 for:

EPA	Registration	66222-173		Sweep
EPA	Registration	66222-40	• •	<b>Rimon 10SC</b>

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under 2007-4 and 98-10 and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of 2007-4 and 98-10. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on <u>nonrefillable</u> containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Nicole Williams of my staff at 703-308-5551.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs



June 19, 2008

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Registration Division (7504P) OPP, USEPA Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave, NW Washington DC 20460

Re: Sweep EPA Reg. No. 66222-173 Notification per PRN 98-10 and 2007-4

To Whom It May Concern:

We are notifying the Agency of several label updates as allowed in PR Notices 98-10 and 2007-4. The changes are summarized below:

- Added a voluntary marketing statement about use of an adjuvant (allowed per PRN 98-10, §II(N)(3))
- Updated container disposal instructions per PRN 2007-4

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- One copy of final printed labeling

Please contact me at 919-256-9342 or by email at <u>chitchcock@manainc.com</u> if you have any questions regarding this submission or would like a copy of the annotated label showing the changes for your files.

Sincerely,

christie Hetetwood

Christie Hitchcock Registration Specialist

Enclosures

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4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300, Raleigh NC 27609 T: 919.256.9305 • F: 919.256.9308

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4. Company/Product (Na Sweep	Brite)			PM# Registration	Support	Branch		
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EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 3-94) Previous editions are obsolete.

Yellow - Applicant Copy

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Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.

Notification of label change per PR Notice 2007-4. This notification is consistent with the guidance of PR Notice 2007-4 and requirements of EPA's regulations at 40 CFR §§156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to EPA. I further understand that if the amended label is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR §§156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA

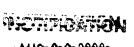
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Christie Hitchcock Registration Specialist Regulatory Affairs, MANA

4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300, Raleigh NC 27609 T: 919.256.9300 ◆ F: 919.256.9308

# NOTIFICATION

AUG 09 2008



5/15

EPA Est. No.

## Herbicide

EEPTM

## **Dispersible granules**

Contains bromacil and diuron, the active ingredients used in Dupont Krovar 1 DF Sweep is not manufactured or distributed by E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Bromacil: [5-bromo-3- <u>sec</u> -butyl-6-methyluracil]	 <b>BY WT.</b>
Diuron: [3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-dimethylurea]	 40.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	<u>20.0%</u> 100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 66222-173

Manufactured for:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

**NET WEIGHT: 6 POUNDS** 

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN** CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.
CLOTHING:	<ul> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.
	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	<ul> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
	or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. SAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

## CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. 11600

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want r	nore options,	follow the
instructions for Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.	00000	i tri
Pilots, flaggers and groundbloom applicators must wear:	Grig AZ Grba	e + i t

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

## Mixers, loaders, other applicators, and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinylchoride.

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- A NIOSH approved dust/mist filtering respirator with any N, R, P, or HE filter or with approval number prefix TC-21C.
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing, loading, or cleaning equipment or spills.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

Flaggers supporting aerial applications must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5) for dermal protection.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters. Bromacil is known to leach through soil and has been found in ground water as a result of normal field use. Users are advised not to apply in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where ground water is used for drinking water. Consult with the pesticide state lead agency for information regarding soil permeability and aquifer vulnerability in your area.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Sweep is formulated as a dispersible granule to be mixed in water. It is to be sprayed in citrus for selective weed control and on non-crop areas for non-selective control of weeds. Sweep controls many annual weeds at the lower label rates and certain perennial weeds at the highest label rates.

Moisture is necessary to move Sweep into the root zone of susceptible weeds and brush. Application to moist soil or to soil where moisture from rainfall or sprinkler irrigation occurs within 14 days of application will provide the best control. Symptoms of control will be slow to appear because the product must first move into the root zone of the susceptible plants. The level and length of weed and brush control will be dependent upon the amount of herbicide applied, soil texture, amount of moisture applied and other soil and water management practices.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

#### USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS

If you plan to use Sweep for selective weed control in citrus or for non-selective weed control in non-crop areas, adhere to the following:

- 1. Do not use in any recreational areas or around homes.
- 2. To prevent injury or loss to desirable plants and trees:
  - a. Do not apply except as instructed by this label.

b. Thoroughly clean all traces of Sweep from application equipment – tank, pump, hoses, etc.immediately after use by thoroughly washing/rinsing with several changes of water after removing nozzle tips and screens (clean these parts separately).

c. Do not drain or clean equipment near desirable trees or other plants, or onto areas where roots of desirable trees and plants may extend, or onto areas where Sweep may be washed or moved into contact with roots of desirable trees and plants.

- d. Do not use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts, or similar areas.
- e. Prevent drift of dry powder or spray to desirable plants.
- f. Do not store and handle Sweep around fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides, or seeds.
- g. Do not use in home fruit planting, or in citrus orchards interplanted to other trees or desirable plants.

- 3. Do not apply Sweep through any type of irrigation system.
- 4. Do not graze cattle in treated areas.
- 5. Only citrus may be planted into treated areas and only after one year of the last application.
- 6. Other crops may not be planted until 2 years after the last application.

#### MIXING

Sprayers should be properly calibrated with clean water only and checked regularly during operation.

It is important to accurately measure Sweep and to only mix enough spray mixture for the job at hand. The spray tank should not be over-filled. Excess spray mixture should be diluted and applied at labeled rates/uses. It should never be discharged at a single location in the field/grove or at the mixing/loading location.

Do not store or mix near well site.

## **CROP ROTATION BIOASSAY**

In sites where Sweep has been used, a field bioassy should be completed prior to planting any desired crop. In arid climates (10 inches of rainfall or less) or areas where drought conditions have prevailed for one or more years, a field bioassay should be completed prior to planting any desired crop.

A successful field bioassay means growing to maturity a test strip of the crop(s) intended for production. The test strip should cross the entire field including knolls and low areas. The results from the bioassy may require the two-year crop rotation interval to be extended.

#### SPRAY PREPARATION

**Mixing in water:** Fill tank ½ full with water. Start agitation system, add Sweep and continue adding water. Add separately each additional component of any tank-mix while adding water. Continue agitation throughout.

**Mixing in liquid fertilizer**: A fertilizer solution may be used in the spray mixture. Small quantities should be tested for compatibility by the following procedures before full scale mixing:

1. Put 1pint fertilizer solution in a quart jar.

2. Mix 2 teaspoons Sweep with 2 tablespoons of water: mix thoroughly and add to fertilizer solution.

3. Close jar and shake well.

4. If other herbicides are used in the mixture, premix 2 teaspoonfuls of dry materials or 1 teaspoonful of liquids with 2 tablespoons of water; add to Sweep fertilizer solution mixture.

- 5. Close jar and shake well.
- 6. Watch mixture for several seconds; check again in 30 minutes.

7. If mixture does not separate, foam, gel, or become lumpy, it may be used.

Provided the above procedure shows the mixture to be compatible, prepare the tank mixture as follows: add the fertilizer solution to the spray tank first; with agitator running, add the required amount of Sweep and mix thoroughly.

**Mixing with other herbicides:** Determine the tank mixture partner(s) compatibility with Sweep by following the directions above. For Step 1 above, use 1 pint of water instead of the liquid fertilizer. Provided the above procedure shows the mixture to be compatible, Sweep may be used in this tank mixture.

#### SPRAY TANK CLEAN OUT

Thoroughly clean all traces of Sweep, from application equipment immediately after use. Flush the tank, pump, hoses, and boom with several changes of water after removing nozzle tips and screens (clean these parts separately). Dispose of the equipment wash water by applying it to a use-site listed on this label.

#### RESISTANCE

When herbicides that affect the same biological site of action are used repeatedly over several years to control the same weed species in the same field, naturally-occurring resistant biotypes may survive a correctly applied herbicide treatment, propagate, and become dominant in that field. Adequate control of these resistant weed biotypes cannot be expected. If weed control is unsatisfactory, it may be necessary to retreat the problem area using a product affecting a different site of action.

To better manage herbicide resistance through delaying the proliferation and possible dominance of herbicide resistant weed biotypes, it may be necessary to change cultural practices within and between crop seasons such as using a combination of tillage, retreatment, tank-mix partners and/or sequential herbicide applications that have a different site of action. Weed escapes that are allowed to go to seed will promote the spread of resistant biotypes.

It is advisable to keep accurate records of pesticides applied to individual fields to help obtain information on the spread and dispersal of resistant biotypes. Consult your agricultural dealer, consultant, applicator, and/or appropriate state agricultural extension service representative for specific alternative cultural practices or herbicide recommendations available in your area.

#### INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT

This product may be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that can include biological, cultural, and genetic practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. IPM principles and practices include field scouting or other detection methods, correct target pest identification, population monitoring, and treating when target pest populations reach locally determined action thresholds. Consult your state cooperative extension service, professional consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate action treatment threshold levels for treating specific pest/crop systems in your area.

#### **DIRÉCTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Sweep herbicide should only be used in accordance with recommendations on this label. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon, and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in <u>Washington Toxics Coalition et al vs EPA</u>. Col-132C (W.D.W.A.). For information, please refer to <u>www.epa.gov/espp/wtc/</u>.

#### AGRICULTURAL USES

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls

- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Sweep should be applied as a band or broadcast treatment with a calibrated fixed-boom power sprayer with nozzles equipped with 50 mesh or larger screens. Shut off spray booms when starting, turning, slowing or stopping because higher than labeled use rates may be applied and injury to the crop or successive crops could occur. Use rates provided below for Sweep are expressed for broadcast treatments. If band treatments are applied, then proportionately less Sweep should be used. A minimum of 10 gallons spray volume per acre should be used to insure proper suspension of the product in the spray tank. Sufficient spray volume should be used to allow for uniform coverage of the sprayed area. Continuous agitation in the spray tank with mechanical or hydraulic means (do not use air agitation) is necessary to keep Sweep in suspension. If by-pass or return line agitation is used, it should terminate at the bottom of the tank to decrease foaming. When using Sweep alone or in tank mixture thoroughly re-agitate if allowed to settle.

Applications should be made at any time of the year provided rainfall or overhead irrigation is available to activate the herbicide, preferably just before or just after weeds have germinated. Best results are obtained when Sweep is applied to bare ground. If weeds are already present, a tank-mixture of Sweep with a foliar active herbicide is recommended (See Tank Mixtures section of the label). Control dense populations of hard-to-kills weeds with other herbicides before making an application of Sweep.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED (annuals)

Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-gali
Brome, downy (cheatgrass)	Bromus tectorum
Chickweed, common	Stellaria media
Chickweed, mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum
Clovers, (annual)	Trifolium spp.
Filaree	Erodium spp.
Fleabane, flaxleaved (hairy)	Conyza bonariensis
Foxtail	Setaria spp.
Goatweed	Scoparia dulcis
Groundsel	Senecio spp.
Horseweed (marestail)	Conyza candadensis
Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Lambsquarter	Chenopodium album
Lettuce, wild	Lactuca serriola
Mustard, wild	Brassica kaber
Natalgrass (red top)	Rhynchelytrum repens
Nightshade (annual)	Solanum spp.
Pigweed	Amaranthus spp.
Pineappleweed	Matricaria matricariodes
Puncturevine, common	Tribulus terrestris
Purslane, common	Portulaca oleracea
Pusley, Florida	Richardia scraba
Ragweed, common	Ambrosia artmisifolia
Sandbur (sandspur)	Cenchrus spp.
Shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Sowthistle, annual	Sonchus oleraceus
Spanishneedles	Bidens pilosa
Thistle, Russian	Salsola australis

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED (perennials) (at maximum rates and repeat treatments)

	(42
Balsamapple vine (seedling)	Momordica charantia
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon
Drymary	Drymaria spp.
Guineagrass	Panicum maximum
Milkweed vine (strangler)	Morrenia odorata
Quackgrass	Agropyron repens
Vines (seedlings)	

**NOTE:** Best control of perennial weeds is obtained when the highest rates of Sweep is applied. Repeat applications are usually necessary to control perennials. To improve control of perennials, cultivate prior to treatment. After treatment with Sweep, avoid cultivation as long as weed control is holding. Working the soil after treatment could result in reduced weed control.

#### CITRUS

Sweep may be applied in citrus for control of the annual and perennial weeds listed above. Applications should be made at any time of the year provided rainfall or overhead irrigation is available to activate the herbicide, preferably just before or just after weeds have germinated. The degree and duration of control will vary with the amount of herbicide applied, soil texture, rainfall and other conditions. It is non-corrocive to equipment, non-flammable and non-volatile.

Apply Sweep as a band or broadcast treatment beneath and/or between trees. Avoid contact of foliage and fruit with spray or mist. Avoid overlapping and shut off spray boom while starting, turning, or stopping as injury to trees may results. Temporary yellowing of citrus leaves may occur following treatment.

- a. Do not use on soils with less than 1% organic matter.
- b. Do not use on poorly drained soils, gravelly soils or thinly covered or exposed subsoils.
- c. Do not treat trees planted in irrigation furrows.

- d. Do not treat diseased or stressed citrus trees.
- e. Do not use in citrus groves inter-planted with other desirable trees or plants or in areas where roots of desirable trees or plants may extend as injury to desirable trees or plants may result.
- f. Do not use in home citrus plantings.
- g. Do not apply at less than 60-day intervals when making multiple applications to trees less than 4 years old or 80-day intervals to trees 4 years old and older. A maximum of 2 applications of product per year is permitted.
- h. Do not graze cattle in treated areas.

All traces of Sweep must be removed from the application equipment immediately after use. Remove nozzles and screens and clean separately. Several changes of water should be run through the application equipment.

#### CALIFORNIA, ARIZONA

#### Trees Established for at least Three Years:

Apply Sweep in late fall or early winter before winter annuals become established. Wait to apply treatment until after the soil has been settled by fall or early winter rains. Apply as needed, 4 to 5 pounds Sweep per acre on course soils (1-2% organic matter) and 5-6 pounds Sweep per acre on fine soils (2.5% or greater organic matter). Alternatively, apply 3-4 pounds per acre in the fall and 2-4 pounds in the spring. Do not exceed 6 pounds per acre per year. If problem weeds like groundsel or pucturevine are present at the location, use the highest rates allowed on this label according to soil type. These rates will also suppress low levels of bermudagrass and yellow nutsedge. Best results will occur if this treatment is applied annually.

#### FLORIDA

Apply Sweep as a band treatment only in Florida citrus groves. Do not apply trunk to trunk. The use of Sweep is prohibited for weed control in non-bedded citrus groves located on any permeable, better drained soil identified in the intended site of application. Permeable, better drained soils which occur in citrus producing areas of the state include soils unnamed and characteristic of guartzipsamments, and the following soil series classifications:

Adamsville	Archbold	Astatula
Bahiahonda	Broward	Canaveral
Candler	Cocoa	Dade
Florahome	Fort Meade	Gainseville
Lake	Lakewood	Neilhurst
Orlando	Orsino	Palm Beach
Paola	Satellite	St. Augustine
St. Lucie	Tavares	

#### **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Since all use rates for Sweep are expressed for broadcast treatments, use proportionately less per acre for band treatments in Florida. Multiple applications may be required for control of some problem weeds. **Note:** Do not apply more than 16 pounds per acre of Sweep per year. This corresponds to 6.4 pounds per treated acre of bromacil and 6.4 pounds per treated acre of diuron. These amounts represent the maximum allowable use rates for bromacil and diuron on citrus inclusive of all formulations of bromacil or diuron that might be used.

**Trees Established Less Than One Year:** For control of annual weeds, apply 2-4 pounds of Sweep per treated acre as needed to maintain weed control. Do not apply more than 6 pounds per treated acre during the any 6 month period nor more than 8 pounds per treated acre during the 1<sup>st</sup> year.

**Trees Established One to Three Years:** For control of annual weeds, apply 2-4 pounds of Sweep per treated acre. A second application may be made when needed to maintain weed control, but do not exceed 8 pounds per treated acre per year.

**Trees Established Three or More Years:** Apply 4-8 pounds per treated acre as needed to maintain weed control. Do not apply more than 16 pounds of Sweep per treated acre per year.

#### LOUISIANA

**Trees Established for at least Three Years:** On course soils, apply Sweep at 2 to 4 pounds per acrewhereas on finer soils (2.5% or greater organic matter) apply Sweep at 4 to 6 pounds per acre. Use the highest labeled rates for suppression of perennials. Alternatively, make two applications per year for weed control using 2 pounds per acre on coarse soils and 3 pounds per acre of finer soils. In either case, do not apply more than 6 pounds Sweep per treated acre per year.

#### TEXAS

**Trees Established Less Than One Year:** Apply 2-4 pounds of Sweep per acre as needed to maintain weed control. Do not apply at less than 60 day intervals. Do not apply more than 6 pounds per acre per year.

**Trees Established One or Two Years:** Apply 2-4 pounds of Sweep per acre. A second application may be made when needed to maintain weed control, but do not exceed 6 pounds per acre per year.

**Trees Established Three or More Years:** Make one to two applications per year as needed to maintain weed control. Use 2-4 pounds per acre on coarser soils (sands, loamy sands, sandy loams) and 4-6 pounds per acre on finer soils (silt loams, clay loams, or soils with organic matter of 2½% or more). Use the higher rate for maximum suppression of perennials. Do not use more than 6 pounds per acre per year.

#### TANK MIXTURES

To achieve a broader sprectrum of weed control in citrus, Sweep may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for use in citrus. Be sure to follow the use information and restrictions on the labels of the tank-mix herbicides. The label guidelines that are the most restrictive must be followed. Adjuvants used with herbicides in citrus may also be tank-mixed with Sweep.

**Note:** If the user has no experience with a particular tank-mixture, a jar-compatibility test should be performed to determine chemical compatibility of the products before they are mixed in the spray tank. See the SPRAY PREPARATION section of this label above for additional details.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USES

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Non-crop weed control is not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS – STATE OF FLORIDA**

In the state of Florida, the use of Sweep is prohibited in the counties of Hardee, Highland, Polk, Orange, and Lake. For Non-Agricultural Usage in all other areas of the state, do not apply more than 16 pounds per acre per year of Sweep. This corresponds to 6.4 pounds per treated acre of bromacil and 6.4 pounds per treated acre of diuron. These amounts represent the maximum allowable use rates for bromacil and diuron inclusive of all formulations of bromacil or diuron that might be used.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

For general weed control in uncultivated non-agricultural areas (for example, airports, highway, railroad and utility rights-of-way, sewage disposal areas), uncultivated non-crop producing areas (for example, farmyards, fuel storage areas, fence rows, barrier strips) and outdoor industrial sites (for example, lumberyards, pipeline and tank farms) apply Sweep using a properly calibrated fixed-boom power sprayer. Use rates provided below for Sweep are expressed for broadcast treatments. If band treatments are applied, then proportionately less Sweep should be used. A minimum of 10 gallons spray volume per acre should be used to insure proper suspension of the product in the spray tank. Sufficient spray volume should be used to allow for uniform coverage of the sprayed area. Continuous agitation in the spray tank with mechanical or hydraulic means (do not use air agitation) is necessary to keep Sweep in suspension. If by-pass or return line agitation is used, it should terminate at the bottom of the tank to decrease foaming. When using Sweep alone or in tank mixture thoroughly re-agitate if allowed to settle.

A broader spectrum of weeds may be controlled by tank-mixing Sweep with other herbicides. Also, higher rates of Sweep applied with residual herbicides will provide total vegetation control. Always add a suitable surfactant at 0.25% v/v when attempting to control emerged weeds.

**Note:** Applications may also be made using a handgun sprayer. Use a spray volume of at least 40 gallons per acre to insure uniform coverage. For small areas, a hand sprayer or sprinkling may be used.

- 1. Apply a maximum of two applications per year.
- 2. The minimum retreatment interval is 90 days.
- 3. A maximum of 12 pounds active ingredient bromacil per year is allowed.
- 4. A maximum of 12 pounds active ingredient diuron is allowed per year in areas of high rainfall or dense vegetation. A maximum of 8 pounds active ingredient diuron is allowed in all other areas.

#### **APPLICATION RATES AND TIMING**

## NON-CROP WEED CONTROL

Sweep should be applied at the rates provided in the tables below according to weed type. Lower rates of Sweep provide short-term control of the weeds listed whereas higher rates provide more residual control. Always apply as a preemergence spray when weeds are actively germinating or growing. Since moisture is required to move the herbicide into the root zone of the weeds, best preemergence control is obtained when Sweep is applied prior

to a rainfall and weed germination. In areas of low and infrequent rainfall, such as the Western U.S., Sweep should be applied well before the Fall freeze or immediately after the Spring thaw to increase the chances of having adequate moisture to activate and disperse the herbicide in the soil. Do not treat frozen or saturated soils, or soils that are non-receptive to percolation.

Do not apply to sites which have roots of desirable plants growing into the treatment zone as plant injury or death may occur. Do not apply to hard or impervious soils, water saturated soils or to any surface that does not allow the herbicide to be moved into the soil horizon with moisture. Unusually heavy rainfall shortly after application may move the product off-target to the lowest surrounding point and cause plant injury or death.

If herbicide treated soil is disturbed by any physical or mechanical means, the herbicide barrier is disrupted and the likelihood of non-performance may increase. For best performance results, make sure the treatment area is stable after the application for the desired weed control period.

#### WEEDS CONTROLLED

Sweep effectively controls the following broadleaf weeds and grasses when applied at the rates shown.

Trifolium spp.
Amsinckia intermedia
Enulium spp.
Centaurea diffusa
Chenopodium album
Lactuca serriola
Brassica, spp.
Amaranthus spp.
Ambrosia spp.
Helianthus annuus
Salsola iberica

#### Broadleaf Weeds: 6-8 pounds per acre

Broadleaf Weeds: 8-12 pounds per acre		
Carrot, wild	Daucus carota	
Dandelion, common	Taraxacum officinale	
Dock, curly	Rumex crispus	
Knapweed, spotted	Centaurea maculosa	
Knotweed, prostrate	Polygonum aviculare	
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	
Marestail,common	Conyza Canadensis	
(horseweed)		
Parsnip, wild	Pastinaca sativa	
Plantain	Plantago spp.	
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	
Spurge	Euphorbia spp.	
Thistle, milk	Silybum marianum	
Yarrow, common	Achillea millefolium	

#### Broadleaf Weeds: 12-16 pounds per acre

Cinquefoil, common	Potentilla Canadensis
Goldenrod	Solidago spp.
Milkweed, common	Asclepias syriaca

#### Grasses: 6-8 pounds per acre

Hordeum jubatum
Bromus spp.
Bromus secalinus
Eriochloa contracta
Setaria spp.
Avena fatua
Lolium multiflorum
Agropyron repens
Agropyron intermedium

#### Grasses: 8-12 pounds per acre

Bahiagrass	Paspatum notatum
Crabgrass	Digitaria spp.
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica
Rye	Secale cereale
Vaseygrass	Paspalum urvillei

#### Grasses: 12-16 pounds per acre

Bluegrass	Poa spp.
Dropseed, sand*	Sporobolus cryptandrus
Fescue	Festuca spp.
Saltgrass*	Distichlis spp.
00.19.400	

\*Note: Best control of Saltgrass and Sand Dropseed is achieved from a Spring application prior to plant green-up. For control of hard-to-kill perennials such as bermudagrass (*Cynodon dactylon*), bouncingbet (*Saporaria officinalis*), dogbane (*Apocynum* spp.), Johnsongrass (*Sorghum halepense*), and nutsedge (*Cyperus* spp.), apply 19-30 pounds per acre (except Florida).

For extended control of annual weeds and partial control of perennials such as bermudagrass and nutsedge apply 10-18 pounds\* per acre. Use the higher Sweep rates on adsorptive soils (high in organic matter or carbon). Best results occur when application is made just before weed emergence or in the early stages of weed growth.

**Retreating:** Apply 4 to 6 pounds per acre when annual weeds and grasses reappear on sites where weed growth has been controlled.

Small areas: ¼ cupful of Sweep per 200 sq. ft. is approximately 15 pounds per acre.

#### TANK MIXTURES

To achieve a broader spectrum of weed control in non-crop areas, Sweep may be tank mixed with other herbicides registered for such use. Be sure to follow the use information and restrictions on the labels of the tank-mix herbicides. The label guidelines that are the most restrictive must be followed. Adjuvants used with herbicides in non-crop areas may also be tank-mixed with Sweep.

**Note:** If the user has no experience with a particular tank-mixture, a jar-compatibility test should be performed to determine chemical compatibility of the products before they are mixed in the spray tank. See the SPRAY PREPARATION section of this label above for additional details.

Be sure to thoroughly re-agitate the contents of the spray tank if allowed to settle out.

## SPECIAL USES UNDER ASPHALT AND CONCRETE PAVEMENT

#### APPLICATON INFORMATION

Sweep can be used to control weeds under asphalt and concrete pavement, such as that used in parking lots, highway shoulders, median strips, roadways, and other industrial sites.

Sweep should only be used in an area that had been prepared according to good construction practices. Use sufficient water to insure uniform coverage, generally 100 gal. per acre. Agitate the tank continuously to keep Sweep in suspension.

#### APPLICATION TIMING AND RATES

Apply Sweep at 17 to 30 pounds per acre immediately before paving to avoid lateral movement of the herbicide as a result of soil movement due to rainfall or mechanical means. Use higher rates for control of problem weeds and for more residual control.

#### TANK MIXTURES

To control a broader spectrum of weeds, or for an extended period of weed control, a tank mixture of Sweep at 7 to 15 pounds per acre plus Dupont OUST<sup>®</sup> XP at 4 to 8 ounces per acre may be used.

#### IMPORTANT PRECAUTIONS: UNDER ASPHALT ONLY

- Do not use Sweep under pavement in residential properties such as driveways, or in recreational areas, including jogging or bike paths, tennis courts, or golf cart paths.
- Desirable plants may be injured if their roots extend into treated areas or if planted in treated areas.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making application decisions. AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR. IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets (>150-200 microns). The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. The presence of sensitive species nearby, the environmental conditions, and pest pressure may affect how an applicator balances drift control and coverage. APPLYING LARGER DROPLETS REDUCES DRIFT POTENTIAL, BUT WILL NOT PREVENT DRIFT IF APPLICATIONS ARE MADE IMPROPERLY OR UNDER UNFAVAORABLE ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS! See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Surface Temperature Inversions sections of this label.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – General Techniques**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Use the lower spray pressures
- recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. WHEN HIGHER FLOW RATES ARE NEEDED, USE A HIGHER-CAPACITY NOZZLE INSTEAD OF INCREASING PRESSURE.
- **Nozzle Type-** Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles with the highest flow rate that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is emitted backwards, parallel to the airstream
  will produce larger droplets than other orientations.
- Nozzle Type Solid stream nozzles (such as disc and core with swirl plate removed) oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

#### BOOM LENGTH AND HEIGHT

- Boom Length (aircraft)- The boom length should not exceed ¾ of the wing length, using shorter booms
  decreases drift potential. For helicopters use a boom length and position that prevents droplets from
  entering the rotor vortices.
- Boom Height (aircraft)- Application more than 10 ft. above the canopy increases the potential for spray drift.
- Boom Height (ground)- Setting the boom at the lowest height which provides uniform coverage reduces the exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind. The boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### WIND

Drift potential increases at wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to variable direction and inversion potential) or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY OR WINDLESS CONDITIONS.

**NOTE:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they effect spray drift.

#### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### SURFACE TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a surface temperature inversion. Surface inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Surface inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates a surface inversion, while smoke that inoves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce the effects of wind. However, it is the responsibility of the applicator to verify that the shields are preventing drift and not interfering with uniform deposition of the product.

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#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store product in original container only. Store in a cool, dry place.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

**Nonrefillable Container (flexible-bag-all weights):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid-fifty lbs. or less):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than fifty lbs.):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Refillable Container:** Refillable container. Refill this container with bromacil + diuron only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

#### FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT (800) 535-5053.

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

**CONDITIONS:** The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

**DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

**LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY:** To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

Sweep (66222-173)(EPA app 5-14-03)(notif to EPA 06-19-08)