

U.S. EN VIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460 EPA Registration. Number:

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et : 4.0.50.1

Date of Issuance:

66222-145

SEP 2 4 2008

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

__ Registration
__x_ Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance: Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product: Thiophanate Methyl 85 WDG

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Makhteshim-Agan of North America Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse RD, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act provided you make the changes listed below. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency.

In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

Based on your response to the Reregistration Eligibility Decision for Thiophanate Methyl, EPA has reregistered the product listed above. This action is taken under the authority of section 4(g)(2)(c) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended. Reregistration under this section does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of pesticides. EPA may require submission of data at any time to maintain the registration of your product.

Continued on Page 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

9/24/08

Shaja B. Joyner, Product Manager 20

Fungicide Branch-

Registration Division (7505P)

EPA Form 8570-6

You must make the following changes:

Page 3 - Crop Uses Application Rate Table

In the Remarks row for Beans (Except California) change "24 hours" to "1 day".

Page 5 - Crop Uses Application Rate Table

Remove "Apply in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons/A for aerial applications and do not apply through irrigation equipment." from Remarks row for Pecans and place it into the Remarks row for Pears.

A copy of your label stamped "Accepted with comments" is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, contact Lisa Jones of my team at (703) 308-9424 or at jones.lisa@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Shaja B. Joyner Product Manager (20) Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure: Stamped copy of label

THIOPHANATE METHYL 85 WDG

FUNGICIDE

Contains thiophanate-methyl, the active ingredient used in Topsin® Thiophanate methyl 85WDG is not manufactured or distributed by Cerexagri.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	%	BY WT.
Thiophanate-methyl: (dimethyl[(1,2-phenylene)-bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[carbamate])	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	85.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:		<u>15.0%</u>
T	OTAL	100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 66222-145

"Accepted with Comments"

09/24/08

Manufactured for:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

NET CONTENTS: 5 LB

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

CAUTION						
	FIRST AID					
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.					
	 Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing 					
	eye.					
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 					
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. 					
	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.					
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 					
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.					
	 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. 					
	 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. 					
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. 					
,	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. 					
	 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. 					
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.					
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may						
also contact PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.						

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate, neoprene rubber (>14mils) and polyethylene. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance selection chart.

Handlers mixing, loading, and applying the product as a dip (including application of product in kaolinite clay to conifer seedling roots) must wear:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · A chemical-resistant apron

All other mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

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- · Chemical-resistant gloves for all mixers and loaders and for applicators using hand held equipment
- Shoes plus socks

User Safety Requirements: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment, PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

Exemption: If the product is applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

GENERAL INFORMATION

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Add required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Do not tank mix with highly alkaline pesticides such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service recommendations for application schedules.

Use the LB/Acre rate for concentrate sprayers (less than 400 gallons) and aerial application. Use the LB/100 GAL rate for dilute ground application.

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS: Chemigation instructions follow Directions for Use. Do not apply through any irrigation system unless these instructions are followed.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

To avoid the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi, Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG should always be tank mixed with a fungicide of different chemistry and/or a fungicide of different chemistry should be alternated with Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG at each application. MAKHTESHIM AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA, INC. DOES NOT RECOMMEND THE USE OF PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIABENDAZOLE IN COMBINATION OR IN ROTATION WITH THIOPHANATE METHYL

85WDG. If after using Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG as recommended and the treatment is not effective, a tolerant or resistant strain of fungi may be present. Discontinue the use of Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG for at least one season. Do not use products containing thiabendazole as substitutes for Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG, as they are of similar chemistry and will contribute to the development of resistance. As long as these precautions are followed, Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG can be useful for disease control even if resistant strains are present.

0000	DIOT : CTC	CROP USES	1.0460.041	DEMARKS
CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
ALMONDS	Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia) Scab (Cladosporium)	0.8-1.2	-	Apply at early pink bud and early petal fall. Refer to the Resistance Management section above for additional instructions. Do not apply more than 2.47 lb of product per acre per season. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days. Preharvest Interval is 1 day.
APPLES (preharvest)	Apple Scab (Venturia) Bitter Rot (Glomerella) Flyspeck (Zygophiala) Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera) Sooty Blotch (Gloeodes) Black Rot (Physalospora) Brooks Fruit Spot (Mycosphaerella) White Rot (Sclerotium) (Not in California)	0.6-0.8	0.2-0.3	Apply at 5 to 10 day intervals from green tip through petal fall, Continue at 7-14 day intervals as cover sprays. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section above for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.
BEANS (Except California)	Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis</i>) White Mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i>) Anthracnose	0.8-1.6	-	Make first application when 10%-30% of plants have at least one open bloom and/or conditions are favorable for disease development. A maximum of 3.2 lb of product per acre per crop cycle may used with a minimum 7 day spray interval. Preharvest interval: 14 days for snap and lima beans, 28 days for dry beans. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 24 hours for all beans except 3 days for dry beans.
BEANS (California Only)	Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis</i>) White Mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i>) Anthracnose	0.8-1.6	-	Apply once at 50%-70% of full bloom. OR Apply twice with the first application at 10%-30% of full bloom and a second application at 4 to 7 days later or at peak bloom. Preharvest interval: 14 days for snap beans, 28 days for lima or dry beans. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day for all beans except 3 days for dry beans.
CANOLA North Dakota, Minnesota, and Montana (east of Interstate 15) Only	White Mold Sclerotinia Stem Rot (Sclerotinia sclerotiorum)	0.8-1.6 in a single application OR 0.8 per application in 2 applications	-	Apply once at stage of 20%-50% flowering. OR Apply twice with first application at stage of 20%-30% flowering with second application at stage of 40%-50% flowering. Thorough coverage of flowers is essential for controlling White Mold. Do not exceed 1.6 lb of product per acre season. Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12 hours.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
CUCURBITS	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum)	0.2-0.4 for	-	Begin applications when plants begin
(cucumbers, melons,	Gummy Stem Blight	ground		to run or when disease first appears
pumpkins, summer	(Didymella)	applications		and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals as
and winter squash)	Powdery Mildew	OR .		needed. For Target Spot, use 7 day
and miles equality	(Erysiphe	0.4 for aerial		intervals as needed. Do not apply
Note: In California,	Target Spot	applications		more than 2.5 lb of product per acre
use only for Powdery	(Corynespora)	applications	}	per season.
Mildew Control	(Corynespora)	•		
Wildew Cornior	'			Preharvest interval is 1 day.
	5			Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day
	Belly Rots (Rhizoctonia/Fusarium	0.4	•	For Belly Rots, apply in sufficient
	spp.)		,	volume to allow runoff to the soil. Will
				not control Pythium sp. Do not apply
				more 2.5 lb of product per acre per
•				season.
		i		Preharvest interval is 1 day.
				Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day
	Suppression of vine decay	0.4	· -	For disease suppression, apply at 14
	caused by Monosporascus			day intervals beginning at emergence
	cannonballus			and continuing to harvest. Applications
				weekly or biweekly, beginning 4-6
	[weeks prior to harvest, will also offer
	[suppression but may not be as
	[effective as a season long program.
				Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of
		•		product per acre per season.
				Preharvest interval is 1 day.
				Postricted Entry Interval (DEI) is 4 days
CARLIC	D		0.0	Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day.
GARLIC	Penicillium Clove Rot	-	0.8	Immerse garlic cloves completely in
			•	suspension for at least 5 minutes.
				Continuously agitate the solution tank
				by mechanical or hydraulic means.
	}			After treatment, remove cloves from
				solution and drain them over sand. Dry
				cloves after treatment and before
•				planting.
•	1	í		Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 12
				hours.
GRAPES	Botrytis Bunch Rot	0.8-1.2	-	Apply at first bloom and repeat 14 days
West of Rocky	(Botrytis cinerea)			later or whenever severe disease
Mountains	Powdery Mildew			conditions exist. Make second
	(Uncinula necator)			application 3-4 weeks before harvest
				or when sugar begins to build. Make
	'			third application 14 days later if
				conditions favorable to disease
				development persist. For powdery
	.			mildew, continue applications
				throughout the season. Combine with
		-		sulfur or in rotation with sulfur and/or
•		Î	•	DMI funcicides De not succeed 2.0 lb
				DMI fungicides. Do not exceed 3.2 lb
				of product per acre per season. Refer
				to the Resistance Management section
				for additional instructions.
		ļ		Preharvest interval is 14 days.
				The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2
				days.
GRAPES	Bitter Rot	0.6-1.2	• .	Apply when foliage first develops and
East of Rocky	(Melanconium)			repeat at intervals of 14-21 days or as
Mountains	Black Rot			needed. Do not exceed 3.2 lb of
•	(Guignardia)			product per acre per season. Refer to
	Powdery Mildew		•	the Resistance Management section
	(Uncinula)			for additional instructions.
	(Griolina)		•	Preharvest interval is 14 days.
	•		-	The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2
				days.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
ONIONS (In furrow)	White Rot (Sclerotium spp.)	0.4-0.6 ounce product per 1000 ft of row (12 inch row spacing)	-	Spray directly into the open furrow at the time of planting seed, sets, or bulbs. Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply more than 1.6 lb of product per acre per
		OR 1.6 lb broadcast		year.) The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days.
PEANUTS	Leaf Spot (Cercospora) Rust (Puccinia) Limb Rot (Rhizoctonia) Ascochyta Web Blotch	0.4		Begin applications 35 days after planting or when disease first appears and repeat at 14 day intervals or as needed. Use the 14 day interval under severe disease pressure. Do not apply more than 1.65 lb of product per acre
				per season. Use only in combination with another non-benzimidazole fungicide such as mancozeb at label recommended rates. Review Resistance Management section for
			·	additional guidance. Preharvest interval is 14 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 1 day.
PEARS	Pear Scab (Venturia pirina) Sooty Blotch (Gloeodes pomigena) Flyspeck (Microthyriella rubi) Powdery Mildew (Oidium spp.) Fabraea leaf spot (Fabraea	0.8	0.2	Apply at intervals of 5-10 days from green tip through petal fall. Apply again at intervals of 7-14 days in cover sprays. Do not exceed 3.2 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section
	maculate) .			for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2 days.
PECANS	Brown Spot (Cercospora) Downy Spot Mycosphaerella) Powdery Mildew (Microsphaera) Scab (Fusicladium) Stem End Blight (Botryosphaeria). Zonate Leaf Spot (Chistulariella) Liver Spot (Gnomonia)	0.4-0.8	-	Apply in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons/A for aerial applications and do not apply through irrigation equipment. Use the higher rate for trees over 30 feet tall and for aerial application in AR, GA, LA, MS, OK, and TX. Begin application when first leaves are showing and repeat at 3-4 week intervals until shuck split. Do not
				spray after shuck split. Do not apply more than 2.5 lb of product per acre per season. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days. Preharvest interval is 1 day.
PISTACHIOS	Shoot Blight (Botrytis, Botryosphaeria)	1.2-1.6	_	Apply at bloom. Do not apply more than 1.6 lb of product per acre per season. Apply in a minimum of 100 gallons by ground or 20 gallons per acre by air. For aerial application, fly over every row or center. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 3 days.
POTATOES (Not for use in California)	White Mold (Sclerotinia spp.)	. 0.8-1.2	-	Make initial application just before row closure. Repeat application within 7-14 days and at intervals of 7-14 days if conditions for disease development are favorable. Thoroughly cover lower stems and branches for control. Do not average 3.2 the of product persons are
				exceed 3.2 lb of product per acre per season. May be tank mixed with other fungicides labeled for blight control. AERIAL APPLICATION FOR WHITE MOLD ON THIS CROP IS NOT RECOMMENDED. Preharvest interval is 21 days. The Restricted Entry Interval (REI) is 2

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
SOYBEANS	Anthracnose (Colletotrichum) Brown Spot (Septoria) Frog-eye Leaf Spot (Cercospora) Stem and Pod Blight (Diaporthe, and the imperfect stage Phomopsis) Purple Seed Stain (Cercospora)	0.4-0.8		Apply from full bloom when pods are 1/8-1/4 inch in length. Make a second application 14-21 days later. Do not make the second application later than 14 days after pods average 1/4 inch in length or when beans form in the pod. Use the high rate under severe disease pressure. FOR SEED BEANS ONLY: For seed quality, make a single application at the high rate when beans form in the pod. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines or hay to livestock. Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
	Sclerotinia	0.6-0.8	_	Make one application at early bloom (R-1 to R-2 stage) followed by a second application 7-14 days later if conditions are favorable for continued disease pressure. Use a minimum of 5 gallons by air. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock.
	Aerial Blight (suppression)	0.8	-	Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day. Make initial application when disease threatens and repeat 14-21 days later if needed. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines to livestock.
STONE FRUITS: APRICOTS CHERRIES NECTARINES PEACHES PLUMS/PRUNES	Brown Rot Blossom Blight (Monilinia) Brown rot of fruit (Monilinia)	0,8-1.2	0.4 in apricots, cherries, nectarines, and plums/prunes 0.4-0.6 in peaches	Preharvest interval is 21 days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day. Apply at early bloom (red bud) for apricots, early bloom (early popcorn) for cherries, early bloom (pink bud) for nectarines and peaches, and early bloom (green tip) for plums/prunes. Make a second application at full bloom. In addition, for fruit brown rot, apply 1 or 2 sprays starting 3 weeks
				before harvest. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10-14 day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest spray. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
CHERRIES	Cherry leaf spot (Coccomyces)	0.8-1.2	0.3-0.4	Apply at petal fall or before, when leaves first unfold, and at first, second and third cover sprays at 10-14 day intervals and one spray 14-21days after harvest. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of product per acre per season. Refer to the Resistance Management section for additional instructions. Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted entry interval (REI) is 2 days.

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	LB/100 GAL	REMARKS
CHERRIES	Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera	0.8-1.2	0.4	Apply at early bloom (early popcorn).
(continued)	spp. and Sphaerotheca spp.)	PLUS	PLUS	Make a second application at full
,	1	0.8-1.2	0.3-0.4	bloom.
		1		PLUS
				Apply at shuck fall and first cover. Do
	1	1	}	
	1	,		not apply more than 3.3 lb of product
			,	per acre per season. Refer to the
	<u> </u>		1	Resistance Management section for
			1	additional instructions.
				Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted
				entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
PEACHES	Peach Scab	0.8-1.2	0.4-0.6	Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make
LACILO	(Cladosporium)	PLUS	PLUS	a second application at full bloom if
	(Cladosponarii)	1		
		0.8-1-2	0.3-0.4	conditions favor disease development.
4				PLUS
				Apply at shuck split and at first cover
				spray. Treatments must be 10 days
	1	1		apart. Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of
				product per acre per season. Refer to
	1	1		the Resistance Management section
				for additional instructions.
				Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted
	<u> </u>			entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
PLUMS/PRUNES	Black Knot (Dibotryon)	0.8-1.2	0.4	Apply at pre-bloom, petal fall, and at
	Leaf Spot (Coccomyces)			first, second, and third cover spray at
	Loar oper (Goodern) Gody			10-14 day intervals, and for Leaf Spot,
				make 1 spray 14 to 21 days after
				harvest.
				Do not apply more than 3.3 lb of
			1	product per acre per season. Refer to
				the Resistance Management section
				for additional instructions.
				Preharvest interval is 1 day. Restricted
				entry interval (REI) is 2 days.
CTDAWDEDDIEG	F	0.6-0.8		
STRAWBERRIES	Fruit rot (Botrytis)	0.6-0.8	-	Begin applications at early bloom and
	Leaf blight (Dendrophoma)			continue at 7-10 day intervals. Use
	Leaf scorch (Diplocarpon)			higher rate East of the Rocky
	· ·			Mountains and under conditions of
•				severe disease pressure. Do not apply
•		,		more than 3.2 lb of product per acre
				per year. Refer to the Resistance
			1.	
				Management section for additional
i			1	instructions.
*				Preharvest interval is 1 day.
				Restricted entry interval (REI) is 1 day.
SUGARBEET	Leaf spot (Cercosphora)	0.4-0.8	-	Begin applications when disease first
				appears and repeat at 14-21 day
	[1	intervals as needed. Do not apply
				more than 2.5 lb of product per acre
		•	1	
				per season. Refer to the Resistance
				Management section for additional
			1	instructions. Preharvest interval is 21
				days. Restricted entry interval (REI) is
			1	1 day.
WHEAT, FALL	Foot Rot, Strawbreaker, Eye Spot	0.8	_	Apply at the rate indicated in a single
•		0.0	1 -	
SEEDED	(Pseudocercosporella sp.)			application by air or ground after wheat
Idaho, Oregon, and	1			is tillered but before stem elongation
Washington only	 	,		has begun. Use sufficient water to
,	·	,		obtain thorough coverage. Do not
*				make more than one application per
			1	
	·)		1	season. Do not cut for hay within 90
	į i			
				days of application. Do not allow
				livestock to graze in treated areas
·				

CROP	DISEASES	LB/ACRE	RATE: MINIMUM GALLONAGE	REMARKS
CONIFERS PINE* Austrian Red Scots Christmas trees	Tip Blight (Diplodia)	56 oz (3.5 lb)	13 oz/ A 100 gal/A	Apply at bud break. Repeat 10-14 days later, just before needles emerge from sheath; repeat again 10-14 days after needle emergence.
FIR Douglas	Swiss Needle Cast (Phaecryptopus) Rhabdocline Needle Cast	56 oz (3.5 lb)	13 oz/A 50 gal/A	Apply initially in early May. Repeat at 4 week intervals.

*Not for use in California.

- Add a spreader/sticker to improve coverage.
- · Use minimum gallonage with mist-blower types of sprayers and higher gallonage with conventional sprayers.

Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

Do not graze livest				
CONIFERS*	Brown Needle Blight (Scirrhia)	-	0.8 oz/9.5 oz dry	Wet seedling roots in clean water, then
(seedling treatment)	, ,		kaolinite clay for	apply Thiophanate 85WDG/kaolinite
Longleaf			seedling roots	mixture to wet roots.
Loblolly	Fusarium and Rhizoctonia Root	-	1.6 oz/50 oz	Thoroughly cover seedling rotos with
Longleaf	Rot		kaolinite clay, plus	Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG/kaolinite
Slash			enough water to	slurry.
			make a slurry.	

*Not for use in California.

- Do not apply mixture to seedling foliage.
- During treatment, avoid excessive drying of roots or exposure to temperatures greater than 90°F or less than 32°F.
- Thiophanate Methyl 85 WDG does not control Pythium or Phytophthora.

NOTE: Dilute sprays are not to exceed maximum rate per acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS

Use in California by Chemigation Systems Only in Beans, Curcurbits (cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, squash, watermelons), Peanuts, Potatoes, Soybeans, and Strawberries, and Sugar Beets.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move, or drip (mini-micro sprinklers, strip tubing, trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact Cooperative Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect the chemigation system to any public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirement:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively
 designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system
 interlock.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPRINKLER (OVERHEAD) IRRIGATION

Observe the requirements in the System Requirements section above. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG only through systems containing anti-syphon and check valves designed to prevent water source contamination or overflow of the mix tank and containing interlocking controls between the metering device and the water pump to insure simultaneous shut-off.

Maintain a gentle continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a large volume of a more dilute suspension per unit time.

Application of more the recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or when lines containing the product cannot be flushed and must be dismantled and drained. In a center pivot system, block the nozzle set nearest the well/pivot/injection unit to prevent spray being applied to this area.

Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable disease control may result.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG may be applied in conjuction with chemically neutral liquid fertilizers. Application in conjunction with highly alkaline fertilizers, such as aqueous ammonia, may cause a degradation of the pesticide resulting in reduced performance and should be avoided.

Check local restrictions and requirements regarding sprinkler irrigation applications as they may vary from state to state.

SPRAY PREPARATION

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Prepare a suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG in a mix tank. Fill the tank with ½ or ¾ the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Slowly add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG and then the remaining volume of water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Sprinkler Irrigation-Notes

Observe all Systems Requirements and Instructions above. Set sprinkler system to deliver 0.1 to 1.25 inches of water per acre. Volumes of water higher than this may reduce efficacy. Start sprinkler and then uniformly inject the suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle to insure adequate mixing.

NOTE: When treatment with Thiophanate Methyl 85 WDG has been completed, do not irrigate the treated area for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

Drip (MiniMicro Sprinklers, Strip Tubing, Trickle) Irrigation-Notes

Observe all System Requirements and Application Instructions above.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in dry area. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal instructions listed below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (flexible-bag-all weights): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. After bag has been emptied, dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-fifty lbs. or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than fifty lbs.): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ½ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with thiophanate methyl only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT (800) 535-5053.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application; all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

Thiophanate Methyl 85WDG (66222-145)(to EPA 9-22-08)

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

SEP 2 4 2008

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

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