66222-134

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Anne Stout Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

SEP 0 8 2011

Subject:ApplicatSubmission date:7/26/12Product Name:ThiophaEPA Reg. No.:66222-43EPA Decision Number:452863

Application for Pesticide Notification (PRN 98-10) 7/26/11 Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F 66222-\34 452863

Dear Ms. Stout,

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The Agency acknowledges the addition and deletion of California specific restrictions.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records. If you have questions concerning this letter, please contact Erin Malone at 703-347-0253 or me at 703-308-3194.

Sincerely,

Homer

Śhaja B.⁰ Joyner Product Manager 20 Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7504P)

| Please read instructions on reverse before | g form. | | Form Ap | | OMB No. 20 | | CATION 2/2 |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Environmental I | ted States Protection Ag ton, DC 20460 | jency | | | Registrati Amendme Other | | Brit i 2011 fier Number |
| A | pplication for | Pesticio | le - Sec | tion I | | | |
| . Company/Product Number 66222-134 | | 1 | roduct Mar | nager | | 3. Pr | oposed Classification |
| . Company/Product (Name) Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F | | Shaja . PM# 20 | oyner | | | 🗸 | None Restricted |
| Name and Address of Applicant <i>(Include ZIP Code</i> | | | diand Day | | | | |
| Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc 1515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609 | | (b)(i), m to: | y product | is simil | lar or identica | It in co | FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) mposition and labeling |
| Check if this is a new address | | Produ | t Name | | | | |
| | Se | ction - I | | | | | |
| Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter day Notification - Explain below. (xplanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. Notification for Removal and/or Addition of Alternate M This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR abeling or the confidential statement of formula for this EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and | (For section I and arketing Language to Notice 98-10 and El s product. I understa consistent with the to | hat Addresse PA regulation Ind that it is a erms of PR N | Agency let "Me Too" Other - Exp s a State-Sp s at 40 CFR violation of otice 98-10 | ter date Application blain bel becific Ist 152.46, 18 USC and 40 (| tion. ow. sue as Allowed and no other c Sec. 1001 to w | by PRN hanges illfully m | have been made to the take any false statement to |
| . Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: | Se | ction - II | | | | | |
| Material This Product Will be Packaged in: hild-Resistant Packaging Yes No Certification must e submitted | No. per If "Y | er Soluble Pa Yes No Yes" (age wgt | No. per containe | ır | | Aetal Yastic Glass Yaper | pecify) |
| | . Size(s) Retail Cont | tainar | l | 5.100 | ation of Label | Disastia | |
| Label Container | . 3126(3) Notali CON | 1011101 | | | | Direcuo | 113 |
| Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product | Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled | | Othe |)r | | | υ ε ε ε ε ε |
| | | ction - IV | 1 | | | | C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C |
| . Contact Point <i>(Complete items directly below for</i> | | | | if nece | ssary, từ prực | s this | |
| ame Anne Stout | Title | tration Spec | | | | č | Nó. (Include Area Code) |
| l certify that the statements I have made on th I acknowledge that any knowlinglly false or mi both under applicable law. | Certification his form and all atta sleading statement | chments the may be pun | reto are tru shable by f | e, accur ine or in | ເເເເ ແຂ່ເເ nprisonment o | ete. | 6. Date Application Received |
| Signature ane Stat | gnature 3. Title | | | | | | |
| . Typed Name Anne Stout | 5. Date | | 26-11 | | | | |

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 3-94) Previous editions are obsolete.



July 26, 2011

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) US EPA One Potomac Yard 2777 S. Crystal Drive, Room S-4900 Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F (EPA Reg. No. 66222-134) Removal and/or Addition of Alternate Marketing Language that Addresses a State-Specific Issue as Allowed by PRN 98-10 125

To Whom It May Concern:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. (MANA) is notifying the Agency of its intention to remove alternate marketing language from the above referenced product that addresses state-specific restrictions for use on certain crops/pests in the state of California. We are removing "Not for Use in California" from crop uses/pests that no longer have this restriction, and we are adding a rate range for Leaf Spots and Blights specific to California. Please note that this rate range was already submitted to EPA by notification on July 7, 2011. Lastly, we have corrected some typographical/formatting errors; these changes would normally be considered non-notifications to EPA by PRN 98-10, but we are pointing them out since they are annotated on the label.

We certify the following:

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notices 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- One copy of annotated labeling highlighting the deleted text in yellow and added text in red
- One copy of the final printed labeling showing all changes in black ink

Should you have any questions about this application, please contact me at 901 ເຮັດເຊັ້າ-4400 gree-mail at annies@manainc.com.

Sincerely,

Anne Stout Registration Specialist

Enclosures



THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5 F

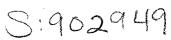
[Optional marketing language: "Contains thiophanate-methyl, the active ingredient used in Topsin 4.5FL Thiophanate methyl 4.5 F is not manufactured or distributed by Cerexagri."]

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

| Thiophanate-methyl: (dimethyl[(1,2-phenylene)-bis(iminocarbonothioyl)]bis[carbamate]) | . 46.2% |
|---|--------------|
| OTHER INGREDIENTS: | <u>53.8%</u> |
| TOTAL | 100.0% |
| Contained A E nounde of this head to mothyl nor gallon | |

Contains 4.5 pounds of thiophanate-methyl per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION



EPA Est. No.

Manufactured for: Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

EPA Reg. No. 66222-134

information.

NET CONTENTS: GALS

FIRST AID IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. . Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center • or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. . IF ON SKIN OR Take off contaminated clothing. . **CLOTHING:** Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. • IF INHALED: • Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial . respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. ٠ IF IN EYES: Hold eve open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 • minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then • continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. . Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact Prosar at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water, after handling, and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are barrier laminate, butyl rubber (\geq 14 mils), neoprene rubber (\geq 14 mils) and polyethylene. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category C on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Handlers mixing, loading, and applying the product as a dip (including application of product in kaolinite clay to conifer seedling roots) must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- A chemical-resistant apron

All other mixers, loaders, and applicators must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant apron for mixers, loaders, and other handlers exposed to the concentrate

User Safety Requirements: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment, PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

When handlers use enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

Exemption: If the product is applied by drenching, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated areas if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

Shake well before using.

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F with ground or aerial equipment using sufficient volume of spray to provide thorough coverage. Add required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F to partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add remaining required amount of water. Continuous agitation is required to keep the material in suspension. Do not tank mix with highly alkaline pesticides such as Bordeaux mixture or lime sulfur. No claim of compatibility with other pesticides is implied. Use the higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. Also, see local State Extension Service instructions for application schedules.

Use the fl oz/acre rate for concentrate sprayers (less than 400 gallons on apples, less than 300 gallons on stone fruit). Use the fl oz/100 gal rate for dilute ground application. For aerial applications use a minimum of 5 gal/acre for row crops; use a minimum of 10 gal/acre for tree crops. For ground applications use a minimum of 20 gal/acre for row crops and 30 gal/acre for tree crops. Higher spray volume will result in better coverage and better disease control.

Chemigation instructions follow the **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT** section of this labeling. Do not apply through any irrigation system unless these instructions are followed.

In California, chemigation is only allowed for the following crops: beans, cucurbits (cantaloupe, casaba, cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, squash, and watermelons), peanuts, soybeans, strawberries, and sugar beets.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

To avoid the development of tolerant or resistant strains of fungi, tank mix Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F with a fungicide of different chemistry and/or alternate a fungicide of different chemistry with Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F at each application. DO NOT USE PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIABENDAZOLE OR OTHER PRODUCTS CONTAINING THIOPHANATE METHYL IN COMBINATION OR IN ROTATION WITH THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5 F. If after using Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F as directed and the treatment is not effective, a tolerant or resistant strain of fungi may be present. Discontinue the use of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F for at least one season. Do not use products containing thiabendazole as substitutes for Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F, as they are of similar chemistry and will contribute to the development of resistance. As long as these precautions are followed, Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F can be useful for disease control even if resistant strains are present.

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move, or drip (mini-micro sprinklers, strip tubing, trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact Cooperative Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect the chemigation system to any public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirement:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to
 prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also
 contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the
 injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from
 the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPRINKLER (OVERHEAD) IRRIGATION, DRIP (TRICKLE) IRRIGATION

Observe the requirements in the **SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS** section above. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F only through systems containing anti-siphon and check valves designed to prevent water source contamination or overflow of the mix tank and containing interlocking controls between the metering device and the water pump to ensure simultaneous shut off.

Maintain a gentle continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to ensure a uniform suspension.

Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a large volume of a more dilute suspension per unit time.

Application of more than the specified quantities of irrigation water per acre can result in decreased product performance.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution, or when lines containing the product cannot be flushed and must be dismantled and drained. In a center pivot system, block the nozzle set nearest the well/pivot/injection unit to prevent spray being applied to this area.

Where sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable disease control may result.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water.

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F in conjunction with chemically neutral liquid fertilizers. Avoid application in conjunction with highly alkaline fertilizers such as aqueous ammonia, as degradation of the pesticide could result in reduced performance.

Check local restrictions and requirements regarding sprinkler irrigation applications, as they vary from state to state.

SPRAY PREPARATION

Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Prepare a suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F in a mix tank. Fill the tank with 1/2 or 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Slowly add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F and then the remaining volume of water.

Sprinkler Irridation-Notes

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Observe all **SYSTEMS REQUIREMENTS** and **APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS**. Set sprinkler system to deliver 0.4 inches of water per acre. Volumes of water higher than this could reduce efficacy. Start sprinkler and then uniformly inject the suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. Inject the suspension of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle to ensure adequate mixing. **NOTE:** When treatment with Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F has been completed, do not irrigate the treated area for 24 to 48 hours to prevent washing the chemical off the crop.

Drip (Mini-Micro Sprinklers, Strip Tubing, Trickle) Irrigation-Notes Observe all SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS and APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS.

Preharvest Interval (PHI)

The required days between last application and harvest are given in the **REMARKS** section for each crop.

REI = Restricted-Entry Interval

APPLICATION RATES

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| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS |
|---------|--|---|-------------------|--|
| ALMONDS | Brown Rot Blossom Blight <i>(Monilinia)</i> Scab <i>(Cladosporium</i> sp.) Jacket Rot <i>(Monilinia, Sclerotinia, Botrytis)</i> Leaf Blight <i>(Seimatosporium)</i> | 20 - 30 | | Apply at early pink bud and early petal fall. Apply at pink bud for Brown Rot control. For all other applications Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F can be applied with a contact fungicide like Ziram 76F for broad-spectrum control and resistance management. |
| | Do not apply more th Do not apply more th The PHI is 1 day. The REI is 3 days | | | |
| APPLES | Apple Scab (Venturia) Black pox* (Helminthosporium papulosum) Flyspeck (Zygophiala sp.) Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera sp.) Sooty Blotch (Gloeodes) Black Rot (Botryosphaeria obtusa) Brooks fruit spot (Mycosphaerella sp.) White rot* (Botryosphaeria sp.) | 15-20 (except CA) 30 (CA only) | 3.75-5 | Apply at 5- to 10-day intervals from green tip through petal fall; continue at 7- to14-day intervals as cover sprays. |
| | *Not registered for useDo not apply more to | han 80 fl oz of proc | | per year total including both applications to control post-harvest |

| APPLES | Preharvest use to co | ntrol Post-Harvest | Diseases or | n Apples | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| (continued) | Storage Rot Blue Mold (<i>Pencillium</i> <i>expansum</i>) Gray Mold (<i>Botrytis</i> <i>cinerea</i>) Bulls-Eye Rot (<i>Neofabraea</i> spp.) | 1 | 3.75-5 | Apply as a pre-harvest spray within 2 weeks to 3 days of harvest. Application closer to harvest provides better efficacy. Application of a non- benzimidazole post-harvest fungicide such as Penbotec [®] or Schlor [®] will provide additional protection from post-harvest diseases. | |
| | applications begin diseases.Do not use a benz | nning at petal fall an timidazole fungicide on of Thiophanate M | d preharvest such as Mert | per year total including both applications to control post-harvest tect [®] post-harvest following a pre- | |
| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS | |
| BEANS (Dry and Succulent) including: Lima bean, Snap bean, Kidney bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Pinto bean, Wax bean, Broad bean, Fava bean, Asparagus bean, Blackeyed | Gray Mold (Botrytis) White Mold (Sclerotinia) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum) | 30-40 OR 20-30 Use a maximum of 80 fl oz of product per acre (2.8 lbs a.i.) per crop cycle, with a minimum 7- day spray interval. | | For one application: Apply when 100% of plants have at least one open bloom or when conditions are favorable for disease development. OR For multiple applications: Make first application when 10%-30% of plants have at least one open bloom, and follow with sequential applications on a 4- to 7-day interval. | |
| pea, Cowpea, Sweet lupine, White lupine White Sweet lupine, Grain lupine, Chick pea, Garbanzo | The REI is 1 day for all succulent beans and 3 days for dry beans. The PHI is 14 days for succulent beans and lima beans. PHI is 28 days for dry beans. For California Only: PHI is 14 days for succulent beans. a, | | | | |

| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/100 GAL | REMARKS | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| CUCURBITS: Cantaloupe, Casaba | Acremonium/ Cephalosporium Hypocotyl rot | 10 | | Apply in-furrow, on top of the seeds at planting. Do not use less than 10 gallons of water per acre. | | |
| Cucumbers, Melons, Pumpkins, Summer and winter squash, Watermelons | Anthracnose* (Colletotrichum) Gummy Stem Blight* (Didymella) Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe) | 10 | | Begin applications when plants begin to run or when disease first appears and repeat at 7- to 14- day intervals as needed. For Target Spot, use 7-day | | |
| valenneiona | Target Spot* (Corynespora) | | | intervals as needed. | | |
| | Belly Rots (Rhizoctonia,Fusariu m) | 10 | - | For Belly Rots, apply in sufficient volume to allow runoff to the soil. Will not control <i>Pythium</i> or <i>Phytophthora</i> . | | |
| | Suppression of vine decline (Monosporascus) Charcoal rot (Macrophomina) | 10 | | Apply through buried drip irrigation (chemigation) to the root zone. For disease suppression, apply at 14-day intervals beginning at emergence and continuing to harvest. Applications weekly or biweekly, beginning 4-6 weeks prior to harvest, will also offer suppression but may not be as effective as a season-long program. | | |
| | *Not registered for use in California | | | | | |
| States and | Do not apply more than 60 fl oz product (2 lbs a.i.) per acre per season from any combination of application timings | | | | | |
| | Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F can be tank mixed with mancozeb or chlorothalonil for | | | | | |
| A STATISTICS | additional disease co | ntrol and resistance | manageme | ent. | | |
| | Follow resistance ma | nagement guideline | es under DIF | RECTIONS FOR USE. | | |
| - Harrison Contraction | The PHI is 1 day.The REI is 1 day. | | | | | |

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| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| GARLIC (Clove treatment) | Penicillium Clove rot | | 20 | Completely immerse garlic cloves in suspension for at least five minutes. Continuously agitate the solution tank by hydraulic or mechanical means. After treatment, remove cloves from solution and drain over sand. Dry cloves after treatment and prior to planting. |
| | • The PHI is 0 days. | | | |
| ONIONS* GARLIC (IN- FURROW) | White rot (Sclerotinia cepivorum) | 40 broadcast | | Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F by spraying directly into the open furrow at the time of planting seed, sets, or bulbs. |
| | *Not registered for use | in California | | |
| | Not for this use through | | tion system | |
| | Do not apply more that | | | thyl 4 5 E per year |
| | • The PHI is 0 days. | | opilaliate me | |
| | 1 - | | | |
| | • The REI is 3 days. | | | |
| PEANUTS | Early Leaf Spot (Cercospora) Late Leaf Spot (Cercosporidium) Rust (Puccinia) Limb rot (Rhizoctonia) Web blotch | 10 | | Begin applications when disease first appears and repeat at 14-day intervals, as needed. |
| | (Ascochyta) | | | |
| | benzimidazole fungi resistance managen | cide such as mance nent guidelines und | ozeb at 1.5 lb er DIRECTIC | y in combination with another non- s/acre or chlorothalonil. Follow DNS FOR USE. e Methyl 4.5 F per year. |
| PECANS | Brown Spot | 20 | | Begin applications when first |
| | (Cercospora) Downy Spot (Mycosphaerella) | | | leaves are showing and repeat a 3- to 4-week intervals until shuck split. Do not spray after shuck |
| | Liver Spot (<i>Gnomonia</i>) Powdery Mildew | | | split. |
| | (<i>Microsphaera)</i> Scab (<i>Fusicladium</i>) Stem end blight | | | |
| | (Botryosphaeria sp.) Zonate leaf spot (Cristulariella sp.) | | | · · · |
| | | an 60 fl oz/acre of | [hiophanate] | Methyl 4.5 F per season. |
| | Follow resistance ma The PHI is 1 days. | | • | · · · · |
| | • The REI is 3 days. | | | |
| | • THE REHS J UAYS. | | | |

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| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| PISTACHIOS | Shoot blight <i>(Botrytis,</i> <i>Botryosphaeria)</i> | 30-40 | - | Apply at bloom. Apply in a minimum of 100 gallons per acre by ground or 20 gallons per acre by air. For aerial application, fly over every row or center. |
| | Do not apply more th The PHI is 0 days. The REI is 3 days. | an 40 fl oz/acre of ⁻ | Thiophanate I | Methyl 4.5 F per season. |
| POTATOES | White mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i> sp.) | 20-30 | | Make first application just prior to row closure to full bloom of the primary flower clusters, prior to petal drop, followed by a second application 14 days later, and at 14-day intervals if conditions for disease development are favorable. Thorough coverage of the flowers, stems and branches is essential for disease control. Apply prior to the development of disease for best results. May be tank mixed with other fungicides labeled for early and late blight control. Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. does not recommend aerial application for control of this disease on this crop. |
| | The PHI is 21 days. The REI is 2 days. | | mophanale | Methyl 4.5 F per season. |

| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS | |
|----------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| SOYBEANS | Anthracnose (Colletotrichum) Brown Spot (Septoria) Frog-eye Leaf Spot (Cercospora) Stem and Pod Blight | 10-20 | | Apply from full bloom when pods are 1/8-1/4 inch in length. Make a second application 14 to 21 days later. Do not make the second application later than 14 days after pods average 1/4 inch in length or when beans form in the | |
| | (Diaporthe, Phomopsis) Purple Seed Stain (Cercospora) | 20 | | pod. Use the high rate under severe disease pressure. FOR SEED BEANS ONLY: For seed quality, make a single application at the high rate when beans form in the pod. | |
| | White mold (<i>Sclerotinia</i>) | .15-20 | | Make one application at early bloom (R-1 to R-2 stage) followed by a second application 14 days later if conditions are favorable for continued disease pressure. Thorough coverage of the flowers, stems and branches is essential for disease control. Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre by air. | |
| | Aerial blight (suppression) | 20 | | Make initial application when disease threatens (before visual symptoms appear) and repeat 14- 21 days later if needed. Applications later than 14 days after pods average 1/4 inch in length are prohibited. | |
| | Do not apply more than 40 fl oz/acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per year. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not graze or feed treated vines or hay to livestock. The PHI is 21 days. The REI is 1 day. | | | | |

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| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| STONE FRUITS: | | | | |
| Apricots | Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot <i>(Monilinia)</i> | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at early bloom (red bud). Make a second application at full bloom. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest spray. |
| Cherries: Sweet and Sour | Brown Rot Blossom blight Fruit Brown Rot <i>(Monilinia)</i> | 20-30 (use 30 in California | 6.7-10 | Apply at early bloom (early popcorn). Make a second application at full bloom. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest spray. |
| | Cherry leaf spot (Coccomyces) | 22.5-30 | 7.5-10 | Apply at petal fall or before, when leaves first unfold, and at first, second and third cover sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals and one spray 14 to 21 days after harvest. |
| | Powdery Mildew (Podosphaera and Sphaerotheca) | 20-30 (use 30 in California) PLUS 22.5-30 | 6.7-10 PLUS 7.5-10 | Apply at early bloom (early popcorn). Make a second application at full bloom. PLUS Apply at shuck fall and first cover. |
| Nectarines | Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot <i>(Monilinia)</i> | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final pre-harvest sprays. |
| Peaches | Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot <i>(Monilinia)</i> | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest sprays. |

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| Peaches (continued) | Peach Scab (Cladosporium) | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at early bloom (pink bud). Make a second application at full bloom if conditions favor disease development. | | |
|------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------|---|--|--|
| | | PLUS | PLUS | PLUS | | |
| | | 22.5-30 | 7.5 -10 | Apply at shuck split and at first cover spray. | | |
| Plums and Prunes | Brown Rot Blossom Blight Fruit Brown Rot (Monilinia) | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at early bloom (green tip). Make a second application at full bloom. If needed under severe disease pressure, apply additional sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals between full bloom and final preharvest sprays. | | |
| | Black knot (Dibotryon) | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at pre-bloom, petal fall, and at first, second, and third cover spray at 10- to-14-day intervals. | | |
| | Leaf spot (Coccomyces) | 20-30 (use 30 in California) | 6.7-10 | Apply at petal fall, shuck, and at first, second, and third cover sprays at 10- to 14-day intervals and 1 spray 14 to 21 days after harvest. | | |
| | Do not apply more than 80 fl oz/acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per year Follow resistance management guidelines under DIRECTIONS FOR USE. The PHI is 1 day. The RELie 2 down | | | | | |

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• The REI is 2 days.

| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS |
|-------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------------|--|
| STRAWBER- RIES | Suppression only: Crown Rot* (Colletotrichum spp.) | 15-20 | | Begin applications after establishment of the transplants and continue through first bloom at 10- to 14-day intervals. Use the higher rate if the fields have a history of <i>Colletotrichum</i> crown rot and/or conditions are favorable for development of the disease. Will not control <i>Phytophthora</i> species. |
| | Fruit rot (Botrytis) Leaf blight (Dendrophoma) Leaf scorch (Diplocarpon) Powdery mildew (Sphaerotheca) | 15-20 | | Begin applications at early bloom and continue at 7- to 10-day intervals. Use higher rate under conditions of severe disease pressure. |
| | *Not registered for us | | | |

• Do not apply more than 80 fl oz of this product per acre per year.

• Follow resistance management guidelines under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

• The PHI is 1 day.

• The REI is 1 day.

| CROP | DISEASES | FL OZ/ACRE/ APPLICATION | FL OZ/ 100 GAL | REMARKS | |
|-------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | Caracanara loof anat | 10-20 | 100 GAL | Apply when conditions become | |
| SUGARBEET | Cercospora leaf spot (Cercospora) | (use 10 in | | Apply when conditions become favorable for disease | |
| | (0010030010) | California) | | development before the disease | |
| • | | | | appears and follow with a non- | |
| | | | | benzimidazole fungicide within 14 | |
| | | | • | days of application or as needed. | |
| | | | | Tank mix Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 | |
| | | | | F with a protectant fungicide such | |
| | | | | as mancozeb or triphenyltin | |
| | | | | hydroxide when resistant strains of <i>Cercospora</i> are present in the | |
| | | | | field. | |
| | | | | For areas east of the Rocky | |
| | | • | | Mountains: Do not make more | |
| | | | | than one application of | |
| | | | | Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per | |
| | | | | season for Cercospora Leaf | |
| | Powdery mildew | 10-20 | | Spot. Apply as soon as disease | |
| | (Erysiphe sp.) | (use 10 in | | symptoms appear and follow with | |
| | | California) | | a non-benzimidazole fungicide at | |
| | | , | | a 14-day interval or as needed. | |
| | | | | Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F can be | |
| | | | | tank mixed with sulfur products | |
| | · · · | | | such as Microthiol [®] Disperss [®] at | |
| | | | | 5 to 10 lbs/acre for additional disease control and resistance | |
| | | | | management. | |
| | Do not apply more that | an 60 fl oz/acre of | Thiophanate M | | |
| | Follow resistance man | | | | |
| | • The PHI is 21 days. | | | | |
| | • The REI is 1 day. | | | | |
| TRITICALE | Foot Rot | 20 | | Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 | |
| AND FALL | Strawbreaker | | | F at the rate indicated in a | |
| SEEDED | Eye Spot | | | single application by air or | |
| WHEAT | (Pseudocercosporell | | | ground after wheat is tillered | |
| Idaho, | a sp.) | | | but before stem elongation has | |
| Oregon, and | | | | begun. Use sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage. | |
| Washington | • Do not apply more th | an 20 fl oz/acro o | L f Thiophonet | | |
| only | Do not apply more than 20 fl oz/acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per year. Do not cut for hay within 90 days of application. | | | | |
| | Do not allow livestoc | | • | ore harvest | |
| | • The PHI is 90 days. | i to graze in treat | | | |
| | • The REI is 1 day. | | | | |
| | - THE IVELIS I day. | | <u></u> | | |

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| CROP | DISEASES | MAXIMUM APPLICABLE RATE PER ACRE | RATE, MINIMUM GALLONAGE | REMARKS |
|--|---|---|--|---|
| CONIFERS Pine Austrian Red Scots Christmas Trees | Tip blight <i>(Diplodia)</i> | 60 fl oz | 20 fl oz product per acre applied in spray solution at a rate of 100 gallons of spray per acre | Apply at bud break. Repeat 10 to 14 days later, just before needles emerge from sheath; repeat again 10 to 14 days after needle emergence |
| Fir Douglas | Swiss needle cast (<i>Phaecryptopus</i>) Rhabdocline needle cast | 100 fl oz | 20 fl oz product per acre applied in spray solution at a rate of 50 gallons of spray per acre | Apply initially in early May. Repeat at 4-week intervals. |

• Pine: Do not apply more than 60 fl oz/acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per year.

• Fir: Do not apply more than 100 fl oz/acre of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per year.

• Add a spreader-sticker to improve coverage.

• Use minimum gallonage with mist-blower types of sprayers and higher gallonage with conventional sprayers.

• Do not graze livestock in treated areas.

• The REI is 12 hours.

| CONIFERS (Seedling treatment) Longleaf | Brown needle blight (Scirrhia) | 1.25 fl oz per 9.5 oz of dry kaolinite clay for seedling roots | Wet seedling roots in clean water, then apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F / kaolinite mixture to wet roots. |
|---|---|--|---|
| Lobiolly Longleaf Slash | Fusarium and Rhizoctonia root rot | 2 fl oz / 50 oz kaolinite clay, plus enough water to make a slurry | Thoroughly cover seedling roots with Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F / kaolinite slurry. |

Do not apply mixture to seedling foliage.

• During treatment, avoid excessive drying of roots or exposure to temperatures greater than 90° or less than 32°F.

• Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F does not control Pythium or Phytophthora.

• The REI is 12 hours.

HORTICULTURAL APPLICATIONS GREENHOUSE, NURSERY, AND LANDSCAPE REI-12 hours

Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F provides broad-spectrum control of many foliar, stem, and below-ground diseases on a wide range of horticultural plants grown or maintained under a variety of conditions. Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F 14 to 21 days prior to when a particular disease usually appears and at the very latest, upon first sign of disease. Use 7- to 14-day spray intervals with 14 days being for preventive treatments and the 7-day interval for times when conditions are conducive to disease development. Add an acceptable wetting agent to the spray tank to increase product efficacy for hard-to-wet foliage. Use a spreader-sticker when excessive and repeated foliar wetting occurs. Use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F to control listed diseases on non-commercial fruit and nut trees. Do not use fruit or nuts from trees treated with this product as food. Do not apply this product to home orchards or backyard fruit trees after fruit set.

Note: Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F has been determined to be safe for use on the plant types listed in these directions for use based on cumulative data derived from research trials and historical field use. As all species and cultivars have not been tested, perform trial applications if a user wishes to make an application to a plant type not listed on the label but found on a similar use site and for disease that is listed on the label. To conduct a trial application, apply at least two applications to at least 25 trial plants at the highest concentration, 7 days apart. Evaluate 7 days after the last application before initiating full-scale application. Do not use this product on the following plants: Swedish Ivy (*Nephrolepsis exaltata*), Boston Fern (*Plectranthus australis*), and Easter Cactus (*Hatiora gaertneri*).

| Contraction of the second |
|---------------------------|
| er, Foxglove, Fuchsia, |
| nia, Pinks, Primrose, |
| |
| tia |
| OS |
| yracantha |
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*Do not use fruit or nuts from treated trees as food or feed.

FOLIAR SPRAY

PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED

| DISEASE(S) | PLANT TYPES | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Anthracnose | Woody ornamentals, shade trees ¹ | | |
| Ascochyta Blight | Herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Black spot | Roses | | |
| Botrytris (Gray Mold) | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Brown Rot | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Colletotrichum | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Cercospora Leaf Spot | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Corynespora Leaf Spot | Ligustrum | | |
| Didymellina Leaf Spot | Iris | | |
| Diplodia Tip Blight (Diplodia pinea) | Shade and ornamental trees | | |
| Ovulinia | Azalea, rhododendron ² | | |
| Entomosporium Leaf Spot | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Fusicaladium Leaf Scab | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Phomopsis Blight | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Pine Tip Blights | Woody ornamentals | | |

FOLIAR SPRAY PLANT TYPES AND DISEASES CONTROLLED (Continued)

| DISEASE(S) | PLANT TYPES | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Powdery Mildew | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals, ornamental nut and fruit trees | | |
| Rust Diseases | Ornamental nut and fruit trees | | |
| Ramularia Leaf Spot | Herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Scab | Pyracantha, flowering crab, ornamental fruit and nut trees | | |
| Septoria Leaf Spot | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| Venturia Leaf Scab | Woody and herbaceous ornamentals | | |
| | | | |

¹ Begin at bud and make 2 or 3 additional applications at 10- to 14-day intervals.

² Begin treatment as flowers open. Addition of a spray surfactant to the spray mixture improves distribution of the spray on hard-to-wet plants such as roses.

FOLIAR SPRAY APPLICATIONS

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

Maximum Single Application Rates:

Ornamentals: Do not exceed the maximum single application rate of 85.3 oz Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per acre (3.0 lbs thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre).

Cut Flowers: Do not exceed the maximum single application rate of 14.2 oz Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per acre (0.5 lb thiophanate-methyl active ingredient per acre).

Seasonal Maximum Application:

All Ornamentals: Do not apply more than 66.6 gallons Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F (300 lbs thiophanate methyl active ingredient per acre per season).

Hydraulic Application Mixing Instructions

Add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F to a partially filled spray tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means and then add the remaining volume of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension and apply with properly calibrated spray equipment.

Application Concentrations (Mechanical or Hand-Held):

Use the labeled amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per 100 gallons of water for the prevention and control of the diseases shown below.

FOLIAR DISEASES

| DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED | CONCENTRATION OF THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5 F FL OZ/100 GALS | REMARKS |
|---|--|---|
| Anthracnose (Colletotrichum) | 10.75-20 | Apply as buds break or at first sign of disease. Repeat application at 7- to 14-day intervals as needed during disease period. |
| Black Spot of Rose (Diplocarpon rosae) | 10.75-20 | Apply early summer or at first sign of disease. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days as needed during disease period. |
| Brown Rot and Blight (Monlinia, Sclerotina, Whetzellinia) | 10.75-20 | Apply late spring or at first sign of disease. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days as needed during the disease period. |

| FOLIAR DISEASES (Continued) | <u> </u> | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---------|
| DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED | CONCENTRATION | REMARKS |

| | | ····· |
|---|---|---|
| | OF THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5 F FL OZ/100 GALS | · . |
| Fusicladium and Venturia Leaf Scabs on: Crabapple, Hawthorn, Pear, Mountain Ash, Pyracantha, etc. | 10.75-20 | Apply as buds break. Repeat application every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Effective control requires coverage during expansion. Rotations with chlorothalonil or propiconazole can be utilized. |
| Leaf Spots and Blights caused by: Ascochyta, Blumeriella, Botrytis, Cercospora, Coccomyces, Corynespora, Curvularia, Didymellina, Entomosporium, Fabraea, Fusarium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Marssoninia, Mycosphaerella, Myrothecium, Phoma, Physalaspora, Schizothyrium, Septoria, Sphaceloma | 10.75-20 (10-14.5; California Only) | Make applications when disease symptoms first appear. Repeat every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Rotations with chlorothalonil can be used. |
| Ovulinia Blight | 7.25-20 | Apply as flowers open. Repeat every 7 to 14 days during disease period. |
| Powdery Mildews Erysiphe, Microsphaera, Phyllactinia, Podosphaera, Oidium,Sphaerotheca | 10-20 | Apply when disease first appears and repeat application every 7 to 14 days. Rotations with other effective products can be used. |
| Rust Diseases caused by: Puccinia, Gymnosporangium, Uromyces | 10.75-20 | Apply late spring or when symptoms first appear. Repeat applications every 7 to 14 days during disease period. Rotations with other effective products can be used. |
| Tip Blight of Pine Sphaeropsis sapinea, Diplodia pinea | 14.5-20 | Begin applications in the spring when new growth starts. Make a second application just prior to needle emergence from the sheath and a third application 7 days later. Ensure thorough coverage. |
| Twig Blights, Cankers, and Diebacks Diaporthe, Kabatina, Phoma, Phomopsis | 14.5-20 | Apply when symptoms first appear. Repeat applications every 7 to 14 days during disease period. |

Adjuvants: Where rainfall and/or overhead irrigation is the norm, use of a compatible spreader/sticker is suggested. Where wetting of foliage is difficult, use a compatible wetting agent. Follow the phytotoxicity precautions described in the **HORTICULTURAL APPLICATIONS** section of this label.

SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Mixing Instructions: Add required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F to a partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means. Add the remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation throughout application to keep the material in suspension.

Application Concentrations/Rates and Timing for Disease Control: Create a drench solution by mixing 7.5 to 20 fl oz of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a drench or heavy spray at the rate of 0.5 to 2 pints per square foot (100 gallons per 400 to 1600 square feet). For small pots and shallow flats up to 4 inches in size, apply at 1 pint per square foot. For containers and pots 4

inches or larger, refer to the following table for the volume to apply. Make repeat applications at 4- to 8week intervals depending on disease presence and conditions for disease development.

| Container Type | Drench Solution Volume to Apply/Container | | |
|----------------|---|-----------------|--|
| | 1 pt/ sq ft Rate | 2 pt/sq ft Rate | |
| 4 inch | 2 fl oz | | |
| 5 inch | 2.5 fl oz | | |
| 6 inch | | 6.5 fl oz | |
| 7 inch | | 8.5 fl oz | |
| 8 inch | | 11 fl oz | |
| 9 inch | | 14 fl oz | |
| 10 inch | | 17.5 fl oz | |

For containers larger than 10 inches, a drench volume of 2½ to 3 pints per square foot of surface area is required.

Plant Types: Containerized woody shrubs, trees, herbaceous/bedding, flowering, and tropical foliage plants and flowers and bedding plants in the landscape.

Note: Do not apply this product to plug trays or seedling flats at time of seeding.

Soil Diseases Controlled: Botrytis, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Gliocladium, Myrothecium, Penicillium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia, and Thielaviopsis.

Note: *Pythium, Phytophthora* and Cylindrocladium spathiphylli are not controlled by Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F.

PLANT DIP TREATMENT

Mixing Instructions: Mix as described in the **FOLIAR DISEASES** and **SOIL DRENCH APPLICATIONS** sections of this label. Maintain continuous agitation during application.

Application Concentration and Dipping Time

Plants or Cuttings: Use 14.5 to 20 fl oz of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per 100 gallons of water. Immerse plants or cuttings for 10 to 15 minutes, remove, and allow to drain and dry. Note that the **PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT** section of this label included protective clothing for dip treatment.

Bulbs, Corms, Tubers, and Rhizomes: Use 14.5 to 20 fl oz of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F per 100 gallons of water or two teaspoons of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F per gallon of water. Soak cleaned bulbs for 15 to 30 minutes in warm dip (80-85° F) within 48 hours of digging. Dry bulbs after treatment. If bulbs are for forcing, treat bulbs that have been heat cured.

Plant Types: Plants, cuttings, cane sections of woody herbaceous, flowering and tropical foliage plants. Bulbs, corms, tubers, and rhizomes of plants such as but not limited to Caladium, Easter Lily, Tulip, Gladiolus, Daffodil, Iris.

Diseases Controlled: Botrytis, Cylindrocladium, Fusarium, Gliocladium, Myrothecium, Penicilium, Ramularia, Rhizoctonia, Sclerotinia, and Thielaviopsis.

TURF APPLICATIONS

Use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F against certain foliar and soil diseases for use on all turf types such as golf course greens, tees and fairways, athletic fields, cemeteries, parks, and commercial and home lawns. Use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F both preventatively and curatively; it is not phytotoxic on turfgrass. Do not use Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F on turf being grown for sale or other commercial uses such as sod.

For use only by certified applicators and those under their direct supervision. Do not apply with fixed wing or rotary aircraft.

Mixing Instructions: Add the required amount of Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F to a partially filled tank agitated by mechanical or hydraulic means. Add the remaining required amount of water. Maintain continuous agitation to keep the material in suspension. For best results, use spray mixture the same day it is prepared.

Turf Types: All cool season and warm season grasses (such as but not limited to Bentgrasses, Bermudagrasses, Bluegrasses, Fescues, Ryegrasses, St. Augustinegrasses and Zoysiagrasses) or their mixtures.

| DISEASE(S) CONTROLLED | RATE OF THIOPHANATE METHYL 4.5 F FL OZ/1000 SQ FT * | REMARKS |
|---|--|---|
| Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola) | 2-3.5 (3.5-5.3)** | Apply when disease first appears. Make additional applications at 14- day intervals as needed. Allow spray to dry on leaves with no watering in. |
| Dollar Spot (Sclerotinia homoeocarpa) Copper Spot (Gloeocercospora sorghi) Brown Patch and Zoysia Patch (Rhizoctonia solani) Red Thread (Laetisaria fuciformis) | 2-3.5 | Apply when disease first appears. Make additional applications at 14- day intervals as needed. Allow spray to dry on leaves with no watering in. |
| Pink Snow Mold (<i>Microdochium nivale</i>) (Only for those areas where snow cover is not present the entire winter) | 2-3.5 | Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F in middle to late November before turf has stopped all growth activity. Lightly water application into the root zone for best results. For best results, use a spreader-sticker. Let second spray dry on leaf surfaces with no watering-in. Minimum spray interval is 14 days. |
| Gray Leaf Spot (Pyricularia grisea) | 3.5-5.3 | Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Continue at 14-day intervals. Let spray dry on leaves with no watering in. |
| Summer Patch (Magnaporthe poae) | 3.5-5.3 | For preventative treatment, make 3 applications at 21-day intervals beginning in early May. Water product into the root zone thoroughly after application. For suppression, apply two applications at 14-day intervals, beginning applications when the disease first appears. |
| Fusarium Blight <i>(Fusarium roseum)</i> Necrotic Ring Spot and Spring Dead Spot <i>(Leptosphaeria korrae)</i> | 3.5-5.3 | Make two applications at 14-day intervals beginning applications when the disease first appears. |
| Stripe Smut (Ustilago striiformis) | 3.5-5.3 | Make two applications at 14-day intervals when disease first appears. Water into root zone after application. For prevention, apply in the spring (just before grass begins growth) and in the fall. |

*Refer to the use sites and maximum application rates table to determine allowable rates for each application.

**Use the 3.5 - 5.3 fl oz rate for curative response to Basal Stem Anthracnose.

Turf Application Directions

Apply Thiophanate Methyl 4.5 F uniformly over the area to be treated with a properly calibrated power sprayer. Apply after mowing or avoid mowing for 12 hours after application. Apply sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage; usually 1½ to 2½ gallons per 1000 sq ft of turf area. When treating golf course greens, always treat aprons and approaches to golf greens.

| SITE | MAXIMUM SINGLE APPLICATION RATE PER FL OZ/1000 SQ FT | MAXIMUM SEASONAL APPLICATION RATE FL OZ/1000 SQ FT |
|---|--|--|
| Golf course green/tees/aprons | 5.3 | 14.25 |
| Golf Course Fairways (Except Florida) | 3.5 | 3.5 |
| Golf Course Fairways (Florida only) | 1.75 | 1.75 |
| Residential and Public areas (home lawns, parks, athletic fields, schools, day care centers) | 1.75 | 7 |

Note to User: Do not graze animals on treated turf. Do not feed clippings to livestock or poultry.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container in dry area. Do not store in a manner where crosscontamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. If spilled during storage or handling, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal instructions listed below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be used according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER HANDLING:

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. If recycling is not available, puncture or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with thiophanate methyl only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this

container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. For final disposal, offer for recycling or reconditioning if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS**, **DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES** and **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY**.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

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Thiophanate Methyl 4.5F (66222-134)(EPA app 01-20-11)(Notif to EPA 07-26-11)(Resub 09-06-11)(Resub 09-08-11)