

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505C)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

66222-113	

EPA Reg. Number:

Date of Issuance:

NOV 17 2005

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration
Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

Double Team Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Makhteshim-Agan of North America, Inc 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit the results of the one-year storage stability (830.8317) and corrosion characteristics (830.8320) studies when they are available.
- 2. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 3. Add the phase, "EPA Registration No. 66222-113" to your label before you release the product for shipment.

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

**Product Kulling for Structure of Approving Official:

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EPA Form 8570-6

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4. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to ground and surface water concerns and oncogenicity concerns.

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

Double Team Herbicide

Double Team Herbicide is an herbicide for weed control in Field Corn, Production Seed Corn, Silage Corn, and Popcorn.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	% BY WT.
Acetochlor: 2-chloro-N-ethoxymethyl-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)acetamide*	
Atrazine: 2-chloro-4-(ethylamino)-6-isopropylamino-s-triazine**	19.1%
Related triazines	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
	TOTAL 100.0%

^{*}Contains 3.5 pounds per gallon of the active ingredient acetochlor.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through skin, or inhaled. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear clothing specified in Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) below. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

NET CONTENTS: ___ GALLON(S)

EPA Reg. No. 66222-xxx EPA Est. No. 11603-IS-001

SPA Rose, No.

NOV 17 2005 Under the Federal Incesticide, Pungloide, and Rodemicate Act. as amended for the pessible registered under i. 1222-113 Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1100 New York, NY 10176

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^{**}Contains 1.78 pounds per gallon of the active ingredient atrazine and related triazines.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:

- · Coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinychloride
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear (if overhead exposure)
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing/loading, cleaning up spills, cleaning equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters.

Atrazine can travel (seep or leach) through soil and can enter ground water which may be used as drinking water. Atrazine has been found in ground water. Users are advised not to apply atrazine to sand and loamy sand soils where the water table (ground water) is close to the surface and where these soils are very permeable, i.e., welf-drained. Your local agricultural agencies can provide further information on the type of soil in your area and the location of ground water.

Acetochlor has properties that may result in surface water contamination via dissolved runoff and runoff erosion. Practices should be followed to minimize the potential for dissolved runoff and/or runoff erosion.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

ANY USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN AN AREA WHERE USE IS PROHIBITED IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW. Before using this product, you must consult the Atrazine Watershed Information Center (AWIC) to determine whether the use of this product is prohibited in your watershed. AWIC can be accessed through www.atrazine-watershed.info or 1-886-365-3014. If use of this product is prohibited in your watershed, you may return this product to your point of purchase or contact Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. for a refund.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinychloride
- · Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Protective evewear

GENERAL INFORMATION

For use only on field corn, production seed corn, silage corn, and popcorn. Corn in this label refers to all four types; field corn, production seed corn, silage corn, and popcorn.

Double Team herbicide is a combination of the herbicides acetochlor and atrazine. Double Team may be applied to the surface or incorporated into the top 1-2 inch layer of soil. It is recommended for control alone or in tank mix combinations for the weeds listed in the "Target Weeds" section of these use directions. Double Team controls weeds by interfering with normal germination and seedling development. Double Team does not control established or germinated weeds present at application.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply to the following soils if groundwater depth is 30 feet or less; sand with less than 3% organic matter; loamy sand with less than 2% organic matter; or sandy loam with less than 1% organic matter.
- This product may not be mixed/loaded or used within 50 feet of any well including abandoned wells, drainage wells, or sink holes.
- This product must not be mixed or loaded or used within 50 feet of all wells, including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sinks holes. Operations that involve mixing, loading, rinsing, or washing of this product into or from pesticide handling or application equipment or containers within 50 feet of any well are prohibited unless conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be positioned on or moved across the pad. Such a pad shall be designed and maintained to contain any product spills or equipment leaks, container or equipment rinse or washwater, and rainwater that may fall on the pad. Surface water shall not be allowed to either flow over or from the pad, which means the pad must be self-contained. The pad shall be sloped to facilitate material removal. An unroofed pad shall be of sufficient capacity to contain at a minimum 110% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. A pad that is covered by a roof of sufficient size to completely exclude precipitation from contact with the pad shall have a minimum containment capacity of 100% of the capacity of the largest pesticide container or application equipment on the pad. Containment capacities as described above shall be maintained at all times. The above specified minimum containment capacities do not apply to vehicles when delivering pesticide shipments to the mixing/loading site. Additional State imposed requirements regarding well-head setbacks and operational area containment must be observed.
- This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 ft. of intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes, and reservoirs. This product may not be applied by ground within 66 feet of the points where field surface water runoff enters perennial or intermittent streams and rivers or within 200 feet around natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. If this product is applied to highly erodible land, the 66-foot buffer or setback from runoff entry points must be planted to crop, seeded with grass, or other suitable crop.
- Tile-Outletted Fields Containing Standpipes:
 - One of the following restrictions must be used in applying this product to tile-outletted fields containing standpipes:
 - 1. Do not apply this product within 66 feet of standpipes in tile-outletted fields.
 - Apply this product to the entire tile-outletted field and immediately incorporate it to a depth of 2-3 inches in the entire tile-outletted field.
 - 3. Apply this product to the entire tile-outletted field under a no-till practice only when high crop residue

management practices are used. High crop residue management is described as a crop management practice where little or no crop residue is removed from the field during or after crop harvest.

- Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- . Do not use flood irrigation to apply or incorporate this product.
- Product must be used in a manner that will prevent back siphoning in wells, spills or improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsates.
- Do not apply under conditions that favor runoff or wind erosion of soil containing this product to non-target areas. To prevent off-site movement due to runoff or wind erosion:
 - Avoid treating powdery dry or light sandy soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions, the soil surface should first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.
 - Do not apply to impervious substrates such as paved or highly compacted surfaces or frozen or snow covered soils.
 - Do not use tailwater from the first flood or furrow irrigation of treated fields to treat non-target crops unless at least 1/2 inch of rainfall has occurred between application and the first irrigation.

Aerial Application:

- Do not apply this product using aerial application equipment.
- Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift to non-target sites. To minimize spray drift to non-target areas:
 - Use low-pressure application equipment capable of producing a large droplet spray.
 - Do not use nozzles that produce a fine droplet spray.
 - Minimize drift by using sufficient spray volume to ensure adequate coverage with large droplet size sprays.
 - Keep ground-driven spray boom as low as possible above the target surface.
 - Make application when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph).
 - ° Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid application when gusts approach 15 mph.
 - Low humidity and high temperatures increase the likelihood of spray drift to sensitive areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures. Do not apply during inversion conditions.

Maximum Application Rates: Maximum broadcast application rates for corn must be as follows:

- of If no atrazine was applied prior to corn emergence, apply a maximum of 2 pounds active ingredient per acre broadcast. If postemergence treatment is required following an earlier herbicide application, the total atrazine applied may not exceed 2.5 pounds active ingredient per acre per calendar year.
- Apply a maximum of 2.0 pounds active ingredient per acre as a single preemergence application is made on soils that are not highly erodible or on highly erodible soil if at least 30% of the soil is covered with plant residues, or;
- Apply a maximum of 1.6 pounds active ingredient per acre as a single preemergence application on highly erodible soils if less than 30% of the soil is covered with plant residues; or 2.0 pounds active ingredient per acre if only applied postemergence.
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply Double Team within 60 days of harvest for forage uses.
- Postemergence applications of atrazine to corn must be made before the crop reaches 12 inches in height.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

- Failure to strictly follow label directions may result in exceeding the maximum annual atrazine use rates as stipulated by the Environmental Protection Agency.
- Note: This product contains atrazine and thus may not control weeds that are known or suspected to be triazine resistant. Following many years of continuous use of atrazine and chemically related products, biotypes of some of the weeds listed on this label have been reported which cannot be effectively controlled by atrazine and related herbicides. Where this is known or suspected and weeds controlled by atrazine are expected to be present along with resistant biotypes, it is recommended that atrazine be used in combinations or in sequence with other registered herbicides which are not triazines. If only resistant biotypes are expected to be present, use a registered non-triazine herbicide.
- o Do not use Double Team on any crop other than field corn, production seed corn, silage corn and popcorn.
- o Double Team should not be used on corn seed stock such as Breeders, Foundation, or Increase.
- o Do not contaminate irrigation water used for crops other than corn or water used for domestic purposes.
- Do not apply Double Team before pre-irrigation in irrigated areas.

- o Do not allow Double Team to contaminate feed or food.
- o Double Team should not be stored near seeds, fertilizers, or foodstuffs.
- o All containers of Double Team should be kept tightly closed when not in use.
- o Applied according to directions and under normal growing conditions, Double Team will not harm the treated crop. During germination and early stages of growth, extended periods of unusually cold and wet or hot and dry weather, insect or plant disease attack, carryover pesticide residues, the use of certain soil applied systemic insecticides, improperly placed fertilizers, or soil insecticides may create abnormal conditions that weaken crop seedlings. Double Team used under these abnormal conditions could result in crop injury.

Rotational Crop Restrictions:

When tank mixing with other herbicides, follow the most restrictive crop rotation guidelines on the label of each product used. The following rotational crops may be planted as indicated:

Rotational Crop(1)	Timing or Interval	
corn	0 months after application	
sorghum, soybeans(2), tobacco(3)	Spring following application	•
wheat	15 months after application	

Numbers within parentheses () in the table refer to Specific Rotational Crop Requirements below.

- 1. If crop treated with Double Team is lost, corn may be replanted immediately. Do not make a second application of Double Team. Do not rotate to crops other than corn, soybeans, sorghum, tobacco, and wheat. Do not apply Double Team after June 10 unless only corn will be planted the following year.
- 2. Due to the risk of atrazine carryover, injury to soybeans may occur the year following corn when planted in north central and northwest Iowa, south central and southwest Minnesota, northern Nebraska, and southeast South Dakota on soils having a calcareous surface layer and relatively high pH.
- 3. Because of atrazine carryover, injury may occur to tobacco.

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS CORN

CARRIERS

Liquids: Either water or liquid fertilizers such as solutions, slurries, or suspensions may be used as liquid carriers. If fluid fertilizers are used, a physical compatibility test with these must be done before combining in the spray tank. See Appendix I for details of the compatibility testing procedure. Even if Double Team is physically compatible with a fluid fertilizer, constant agitation is necessary to maintain a uniform mixture during application.

Dry Bulk Fertilizer: Double Team may be impregnated on dry bulk fertilizer and applied as the fertilizer is spread. See Appendix II for details including which fertilizers are compatible.

ADDING TO SPRAY TANK

The spray tank must be clean, thoroughly rinsed and decontaminated before adding either Double Team alone or with tank mix combinations. If water is used as the carrier, use clean water.

Used Alone: When Double Team is used alone, add the reconnected amount to the spray tank when the tank is half filled with carrier, then add the rest of the water or fluid fertilizer. Provide sufficient agitation during mixing and application to maintain a uniform emulsion.

Tank Mixed: If a tank mixture is used, it is recommended that a compatibility test be done before actual tank mixing. See Appendix I for details on the procedure for such a test.

Once compatibility is confirmed for the tank mix, fill the tank half full of carrier. Start and continue agitation throughout mixing. All return lines to the spray tank must discharge below the liquid level. Add components in the following order of formulation:

- If a wettable powder or dry flowable formulation is used, make a slurry with water and add it slowly through the screen into the tank. Agitate during the procedure.
- If a flowable formulation is used, add slowly through screen into the tank. Mixing and compatibility may be improved when the flowable is diluted with water before adding to the tank.
- Add Double Team next.
- Add ammonium sulfate, then Glyphosate herbicide, 2,4-D herbicide, and a nonionic surfactant last, if needed.
- · Complete filling the sprayer tank and continue agitation.
- Batches should be mixed and applied the same day.

VOLUME



Liquid: Use a minimum of 10 gallons per acre in broadcast boom equipment for ground applications.

Dry Bulk Fertilizer: Use a minimum of 200 pounds of dry bulk fertilizer per acre. See Appendix II for more details.

PRESSURE

If liquid carriers are used, the pressure at the nozzle should be 15 to 40 psi to ensure good distribution in the spray pattern. Use appropriate nozzles and 50-mesh or coarser screens, if needed. Maintain sufficient agitation to ensure the mixture is suspended in the spray tank.

APPLICATION TIMING AND METHODS

Early Preplant: On medium- and fine-textured soils (Table 1), Double Team may be applied up to 30 days prior to planting.

Preplant Incorporation: Double Team may be mechanically incorporated in the top 2 inches of the soil with field cultivators, discs, or spring tooth harrows at any time within 14 days prior to planting. Improper incorporation, excessive crop residues, or poor soil tilth may result in erratic, streaked, or otherwise unsatisfactory weed control. Avoid moving or shaping soil after incorporation.

Preemergence Surface: Double Team and certain tank mixes may be applied to the soil surface as a broadcast or banded application. Precipitation or sprinkler irrigation of at least 0.25 inch is required to bring Double Team into contact with germinating seeds. If rain or sprinkler irrigation does not occur within 7 days after application, weed control may be improved by using a rotary hoe or similar device to incorporate the herbicide. The device used should be run at a shallow depth to prevent disturbing the corn seed. Do not remove Double Team from the weed control zone or dilute it with untreated soil.

Postplant-Preemergence: Double Team may be applied immediately after planting but prior to corn emergence. If rain or sprinkler irrigation does not occur within 7 days after application, weed control may be improved by using a rotary hoe or similar device to shallowly incorporate the herbicide. Do not disturb the germinating corn. Do not remove Double Team from the weed control zone or dilute it with untreated soil.

Banding-Preemergence: Double Team may be applied in a 10 to 14 inch band after corn planting but prior to corn emergence. If rain or sprinkler irrigation does not occur within 7 days after application, weed control may be improved by using a rotary hoe or similar device to incorporate the herbicide. Do not disturb the germinating corn. Do not remove Double Team from the weed control zone or dilute it with untreated soil.

Early Postemergence: Double Team may be applied early postemergence to corn up to 11" tall. Applications must be made prior to weed seedling emergence or in a tank mixture that controls the emerged weeds. Read and follow restrictions and directions on tank mix product labels.

Sprinkler Irrigation: Do not apply Double Team through sprinkler irrigation systems. Use a sprinkler system only to incorporate Double Team after application. After Double Team has been applied, a sprinkler irrigation system set to deliver 0.25 to 0.75 inch of water per acre may be used to incorporate the product. Using more than 0.75 inch of water could result in reduced performance. On sandy soils low in organic matter, use no more than 0.5 inch of water. Do not use flood irrigation to apply or incorporate Double Team.

PLANTING

Planting should be done as close to the time of application of Double Team as possible. This allows Double Team to provide effective weed control during the time it is most critical in the production of corn.

CULTIVATION

Cultivation should be delayed as long as possible. Should weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in improved weed control. If Double Team was incorporated, cultivate to a depth of less than half the depth of incorporation.

If cultivation is necessary due to soil crusting, compaction, or escaped weeds, adjust equipment to run shallow and minimize soil movement. This will decrease the possibility of diluting or moving the herbicide from the weed control zone.

SOIL TEXTURE AND ORGANIC MATTER

Soils are grouped into three textural classes (coarse, medium, and fine) as outlined in Table 1.

Table 1: Soil Texture Groupings for Double Team Use Rate Selection

Coarse	Medium	Fine	
Sand	Loam	Silty Clay Loam	
Loamy Sand	Silt	Sandy Clay Loam	
Sandy Loam	Silt Loam	Sandy Clay	
		Silty Clay	
	1	Clay Loam	
		Clay	

Soil texture and organic matter content of the field to which the application is to be made must be determined prior to application. The use rate of Double Team is determined by a combination of these two factors.

USE RATES IN CONVENTIONAL TILLAGE SYSTEMS

The following use rates are for preplant incorporated, preemergence, and early postemergence applications (see Application Timing and Methods). Consult Table 3 if no-till applications are made or the product is applied more that 14 days prior to planting under conventional tillage.

Table 2: Double Team Use Rates (qt/acre) by Soil Texture and Organic Matter Content in Conventional

Tillage Systems

Soil Texture	Soil Organic I	Matter Content
	Less than 3%	3% or Greater
Coarse	1.9-2.1	2.1-2.3
Medium	2.1-2.4	2.2-2.4
Fine	2.2-2.5	2.2-3.4

Organic Matter: If the organic matter content of the soil is at the lower end of the range, use the lower rates in the rate range provided in Table 2. If the organic matter content is at the upper end of the range, use the higher rates.

Weed Infestation: If the weed infestation is lighter, use a rate at the lower end of the rate range for the soil texture and organic matter content. If the weed infestation is heavier, use the higher rates in the rate range for the soil conditions.

USE RATES FOR REDUCED TILLAGE SYSTEMS

Double Team may be used in reduced or no-tillage systems. Applications may be made from up to 30 days prior to planting or after planting but before the corn emerges. Optimal weed control will be obtained when applications are made as close to planting as possible but before the corn emerges. It is recommended that a burndown herbicide such as Glyphosate or 2,4-D be tank mixed with Double Team in reduced or no-tillage systems to control emerged weeds.

Table 3: Double Team Use Rates t (qt/acre) by Soil Texture in Reduced or No-Tillage Systems

Soil	Time Of Application Relative To Planting		
Texture	Greater Than 14 Days Before Planting	Less Than 14 Days Before Planting or After Planting But Prior to Corn Emergence	After Planting and/or Corn Emergence
Coarse	Do not apply more than 14 days before planting on coarse textured soils.	1.8-2.2	1.8-2.2
Medium	2.1-2.9	2.1-2.4	2.1-2.4
Fine	2.4-3.4	2.2-3.4	2.2-3.4

Rates are for single applications. Split applications of Double Team may be used. Apply at least 60% of the recommended rate up to 30 days before planting and the remaining balance, up to 40%, at planting.

BAND APPLICATIONS

For band applications, use row and band width measurements (inches) to calculate the amount of Double Team to be applied per acre as follows:

Band width in inches
Row width in inches

X Rate per acre for a = Amount of Acetochlor broadcast treatment
X-tra to apply per acre

WEEDS CONTROLLED

Double Team applied as directed in this label will control or partially control the weeds listed in Table 4. Additional weeds may be controlled with tank mixes. See the "Tank Mix Combinations" section of this label for tank mix recommendations. Always consult the tank mix product labels for specific use rates and directions. Always follow the most restrictive label when tank mixing Double Team with another product. Double Team may be tank mixed with any other registered corn product as long as compatibility is verified and it is not prohibited by the label of the tank mix product. Note: This product contains atrazine and thus may not control weeds that are known to be triazine resistant.

Table 4: Weeds Controlled or Partially Controlled by Double Team at Recommended Use Rates.

Grasses and Sedges	C = Control	Broadleaves	C = Control	
	PC = Partial Control		PC = Partial Control	
barnyardgrass	С	beggarweed, Florida	С	
crabgrass spp.	C	carpetweed	C	
crowfootgrass	С	cocklebur (2)	PC	
cupgrass, southwestern	C	galinsoga	С	
cupgrass, woolly	PC	jimsonweed	C	
foxtail, giant	C	kochia	PC PC	
foxtail, green	C	lambsquarters, common	С	
foxtail, robust (purple, white)	C	morningglory spp.	C	
foxtail, yellow	C	nightshade, black	C C	
goosegrass	С	nightshade, hairy	С	
johnsongrass, seedling	PC	pigweed, redroot	C	
millet, foxtail	С	purslane, common	C	
millet, wild proso	PC	pusiey, Florida	С	
nutsedge , yellow (1,2)	C	ragweed, common	C	
panicum, browntop	С	ragweed, giant	PC	
panicum, fall	_·C	sicklepod	С	
panicum, Texas	C (3)	sida, prick!y	C	
rice, red	C	smartweed spp.	C	
sandbur, field	PC	velvetieaf (2)	PC .	
shattercane	PC	waterhemp, tall	С	
signalgrass, broadleaf	C (3)			
sprangletop, red	Ċ			
witchgrass	C	1		

- 1) For best control of yellow nutsedge, use preplant incorporation or tank mix with additional Acetochlor 6.4EC or atrazine.
- 2) Activity may be reduced under dry conditions or following early (more than 14 days) preplant applications. Sequential herbicides or additional atrazine may be needed for complete control.
- 3) Best control is achieved when Double Team is applied within 5 days of planting and rainfall occurs shortly after application or mechanical incorporation is used to activate the herbicide. If rainfall does not occur within 7 days after application, shallow cultivation will enhance activity. Excessive rainfall after application may reduce control. Under adverse weather conditions and/or heavy infestations, a cultivation or follow-up herbicide may be needed.

DOUBLE TEAM TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

When tank mixing or sequentially applying atrazine or products containing atrazine to corn, the total pounds of atrazine applied (lb ai/A) must not exceed 2.5 pounds of active ingredient per year.

USE OF SPRAY ADJUVANTS

Double Team is a preemergence herbicide for which spray adjuvants have little or no effect on performance. However, several herbicides used in tank mixtures with Double Team require use of adjuvants to aid in the burndown of emerged weeds. Use only those adjuvants recommended on tank mix product labels and approved

for agricultural crop use. Adjuvants and/or low rate liquid fertilizers (28%, 30%, or 32% UAN) or ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be used with tank mixes applied preplant or preemergence to the crop. Note: Do not use liquid fertilizer as the carrier when Double Team is applied postemergence to corn as severe injury may result. The addition of liquid fertilizers used as adjuvants with Double Team tank mixes applied postemergence to corn under environmental stress conditions may result in significant crop injury and should be avoided if the risk of crop injury is unacceptable.

PREEMERGENCE TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

Tank mix combinations may be used in either conventional, reduced, or no-till systems and be applied by the same methods and at the same timings as Double Team unless otherwise specified in the tank mix product label.

When tank mixing Double Team with atrazine, do not exceed the maximum allowable rate of atrazine in your county or state. In some atrazine management areas, atrazine is more restricted. Consult your county extension office or state university for further information.

Conventional Tillage Corn (Double Team Plus):

	ge Corn (Double Team Plus):
Tank Mix Herbicid	e ¹ Comments
Atrazine 4L	 Prepiant surface, preplant incorporated, preemergence. If emerged weeds are greater than 1.5 inches tall at the time of application, add an appropriate postemergence herbicide Longer growing season areas High rainfall areas Heavy broadleaf weed pressure
Balance Pro	 Not labeled in all states; please refer to the Balance Pro label for precautionary statements, directions for use, geographic and other restrictions Field corn only Refer to the use rates section for Double Team for minimum use rates
Hornet WDG	 Tank mixing 3.0-4.0 oz/acre Hornet[®] WDG herbicide provides consistent control of velvetleaf, lambsquarters, pigweed species, waterhemp, and triazine resistant varieties of these species. Will also provide improved control of cocklebur, common ragweed, giant ragweed, common sunflower, and jimsonweed
Princep 4L	Improve crabgrass or fall panicum control.
Python WDG	 Tank mixing 0.8-1.0 ozlacre Python® WDG herbicide provides consistent control of velvetleaf,lambsquarters, pigweed species, waterhemp, and triazine resistant varieties of these species
Acetochlor 6.4EC	Tank mix 1 pt/acre for enhanced grass and nutsedge control

^t Formulations that are not listed may be used: Perform a compatibility test and check the label of the tank mix product label for application rates, applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations.

Reduced or No-Tillage Corn (Double Team Plus):

Tank Mix Herbicide	Comments
Atrazine 4L	 Longer growing season areas High rainfall areas Heavy broadleaf weed pressure If emerged weeds are greater than 1.5 inches tall at the time of application, add an appropriate postemergence herbicide
Balance Pro	 Not labeled in all states; refer to the label for Balance Pro label for precautionary statements, directions for use, geographic and other use restrictions Field corn only Refer to use rate section for Double Team for minimum use rates
Banvel/Clarity Marksman	 Apply preplant or preemergence in reduced/no-till systems for burndown of existing weeds Preemergence on all soils; medium and fine textured with >2% OM
Glyphomax Plus, Roundup UltraMAX, Touchdown	Burndown existing weeds
Gramoxone Max	Controls annuals, suppresses perennials
Pendimax/Prowl	• Preemergence to early postemergence (up to 3" tall corn) but before weeds are more



	than 1 inch tall
Princep 4L	Improved crabgrass or fall panicum control
Acetochlor 6.4EC	Enchanced grass and nutsedge control
2,4-D	Burndown existing weeds

¹ Formulations that are not listed may be used: Perform compatibility test and check the product label for directions and precautions.

DOUBLE TEAM AND GLYPHOMAX PLUS, 2,4-D

In reduced or no-tillage corn, Glyphosate herbicides including Glyphomax Plus, Roundup Ultra Max, Gramoxone Max, Touchdown, and/or 2,4-D can be used to burn down existing weeds. Burndown herbicides should be applied to emerged weeds when they are small; weeds less than 6 inches in height are easiest to control. Consult the burndown product labels for further information on weeds controlled.

POSTEMERGENCE TANK MIX COMBINATIONS

Double Team may be applied before, with, or following the use of one or more of the following herbicides: 2,4-D Ester, Accent, Accent Gold, Aim, atrazine, Banvel, Basis, Basis Gold, Beacon, Buctril, Buctril/atrazine, Clarity, Distinct, Exceed, Hornet WDG, Liberty, Lightning, Marksman, Peak, Permit, Princep, Prowl, Pendimax, Pursuit, Resource, Spirit, and Steadfast. Refer to the tank mix product label(s) regarding use directions, precautions and restrictions, and the list of weeds controlled. Double Team may be tank mixed with any product approved for use on corn unless it is prohibited on the tank mix product label. Note: Do not use liquid fertilizer as the carrier when Double Team is applied postemergence to corn as severe injury may result. The addition of liquid fertilizers used as adjuvants with Double Team tank mixes applied postemergence to corn under environmental stress conditions may result in significant crop injury and should be avoided if the risk of crop injury is unacceptable.

When tank mixed, refer to the tank mix product label and follow the additional use directions given in the table below. Double Team can be applied to corn up to 11" tall.

Postemergence Tank Mixes (Double Team Plus):

Tank Mix Herbicide	Rate	Comments
Accent Gold	2.9 oz/A	Always add crop oil concentrate at 1%v/v. An ammonium nitrogen
		fertilizer is also recommended.
Hornet WDG	2-5 oz/A	Always add NIS at 0.25% v/v or COC at 1% v/v.
Aim Herbicide	0.3 oz/A	Always add NIS at 0.25% v/v.
Banvel	0.5-1.0 pt/A	Early postemergence up to 8" tall corn on all soils. If grasses are more
Clarity	0.8-1.0 pt/A	than 2-leaf stage, combine with another herbicide to control these
Marksman	2-3.5 pt/A	weeds.
Buctril	1.5 pt/A	Refer to product label for timing and use directions.
Buctril/Atrazine	2.0 pt/A	
Shotgun herbicide	2-3 pt/A	
Atrazine	0.5-2.0 lb ai/A	Preplant surface, preplant incorporated, preemergence, or early postemergence (up to 8" tall corn). If emerged weeds are greater than 1.5 inches tall at the time of application, add an appropriate postemergence herbicide. Note: The maximum atrazine application rate for corn is 2.5 pounds atrazine active ingredient per acre per calendar year.
Distinct	4.0-6.0 oz/A	Always add a NIS at 0.25% v/v and 1.25% UAN. Can be applied up to 10-inch corn.
Exceed	1.0 oz/A	Always add crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v. See label for geographic restrictions.
Liberty	16-28 oz/A	For use on Liberty tolerant corn only. Apply to grass and
		broadleaves up to 6" tall. Do not add additional surfactant.
Lightning	1.28 oz/A	For use on Clearfield corn only. Use a NIS at 0.25% v/v and a liquid nitrogen fertilizer at 1-2 qt. per acre or ammonium sulfate at 2.5 lb per acre.
Prowl/Pendimax	1. 8-3.6 pt/A	Preemergence to early postemergence (up to 3" tall corn) but before weeds are more than 1" tall.
Princep	1.0-3.0 lb ai/A	Preplant surface, preplant incorporated, preemergence to corn.

Pursuit 2.5L	4.0 fl oz/A	Use only on Clearfield varities. Apply preplant surface, preplant				
Pursuit 70DG	1.4 fl oz/A	incorporated, preemergence, or early postemergence (up to 3" tall weeds).				
Resource	4.0-6.0 oz/A	Apply to weeds less than 5" tall. Add a crop oil concentrate at 1-2 pt/A and either 28% nitrogen at 2%v/v or ammonium sulfate at 2.5 lb/A. May cause some burn or spotting to corn leaves.				
Spirit	1.0 oz/A	Always add crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v. See label for geographic restrictions.				
2,4-D Ester	See Label	Apply preplant surface or preemergence to control emerged broadleaf weeds in corn.				
Accent 75WDG	1/4-2/3 oz/A	Minimal Double Team use rate (qt/A):				
Beacon 75WDG	0.76 oz/A	Soil <3% OM 3-7% OM >7% OM				
Basis	1/4-2/3 oz/A	Coarse 1.4 1.4 1.8				
Steadfast	0.75 oz/a	Medium 1.4 1.4-1.6 1.9-2.1				
		Fine 1.4 1,4-1.6 2.1				
		Always add NIS at 0.25% (v/v); and in addition if applied in dry conditions, add 4% (v/v) clear liquid fertilizer. Banvel, Clarity,				
	İ					
		Marksman, Buctril, Buctril/Atrazine may be added to this mixture to				
		provide burndown and residual control of broadleaf weeds.				
Basis Gold	14.0 oz/A	Minimal Double Team use rate (qt/A):				
		Soil <3% OM 3-7% OM >7% OM				
		Coarse 1.4 1.4 1.8				
		Medium 1.4 1.4-1.6 1.9-2.1				
		Fine 1.4 1.4-1.6 2.1				
		Always add crop oil concentrate at 1.0% (v/v) or under dry arid				
		conditions, 2.0% (v/v) and 28% liquid nitrogen at 2 qt/A or AMS at 2 lb/A.				
		Banvel, Clarity, Marksman, Buctril, or Tough may be added to this				
	•	mixture to provide burndown and residual control of broadleaf weeds.				

APPENDIX 1

PROCEDURE FOR TESTING THE COMPATIBILITY OF DOUBLE TEAM HERBICIDE AND TANK MIXES WITH FLUID FERTILIZERS

Since fluid fertilizers vary, the following procedure is suggested for determining whether Double Team may be combined with a specific fluid fertilizer for spray tank application.

Materiais Needed:

- Double Team and any tank mix products
- · Fluid fertilizer to be used
- Adjuvant for fertilizer tank mix: Use any adjuvant cleared for use on growing crops under 40CFR 180.1001 to improve the compatibility of Double Team with fluid fertilizers. The adjuvant that provides the best emulsification depends on the specific fertilizer under consideration.
- Two 1 quart, wide mouth glass jars with lid or stopper.
- Measuring spoons (a 25 ml pipette or graduated cylinder provides more accurate measurement)
- Measuring cup, 8 ounces (257 ml)

Procedure:

- 1. Pour a pint (about 473 m) of the fluid fertilizer into each of the quart jars.
- 2. Add Double Team and any tank mix combination to the jars. The order of addition is wettable powders first with mixing, followed by flowables with mixing, and the EC's last. The rate of wettable powders and dry flowables is 1½ teaspoon per pound of product per acre to be applied. EC's should be added at the rate of ½ teaspoon for each pint per acre to be applied. Premixing the wettable powders in 1 ounce of water before adding to the pint of fluid fertilizer will improve the compatibility of the final mixture.
- 3. Add ½ teaspoon (2 ml) adjuvant to one of the jars, label it as "with", and mix. The rate of ½ teaspoon per pint is equal to 3 pints of adjuvant per 100 gallons of fluid fertilizer.
- 4. Close both jars with lids or stoppers and mix the contents by turning the jars upside down ten times.
- 5. Inspect the surface and body of the mixtures.
 - a) Immediately after completing the jar inversions
 - b) After allowing the jars to stand quietly for 30 minutes
 - c) And then again after turning the jars upside down 10 times after the 30 minute inspection

Evaluation:

If either mixture remains uniform for 30 minutes, the combination may be used. Should either mixture separate after 30 minutes but readily remix uniformly with 10 jar inversions, the mixture can be used if adequate agitation is maintained in the tank. If the mixture with adjuvant is satisfactory but the mixture without adjuvant is not, be sure to use the adjuvant in the spray tank. Add the adjuvant first at a rate of 3 pints per 100 gallons of fluid fertilizer. Foaming may be minimized by using moderate agitation. If non-dispersible oil, sludge, or clumps of solids form in the mixtures, the combinations should not be used.

APPENDIY II

DRY BULK FERTILIZER IMPREGNATION

Impregnation of bulk fertilizer is restricted to commercial facilities. On farm fertilizer impregnation is prohibited. No more than 500 tons of bulk fertilizer can be impregnated per day. No single facility may impregnate fertilizer with this product for more than 30 days per calendar year.

The commercial facility impregnating the dry bulk fertilizer must inform, in writing, the user (applicator) of the dry bulk fertilizer that;

- --applicator must wear long sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, and socks
- -the restricted entry interval is 12 hours.

All individual state regulations relating to dry bulk fertilizer blending, registration, labeling, and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the Double Team or other acetochlor fertilizer mixtures. When applying Double Team alone or in tank mixes with dry bulk fertilizers, follow all directions for use and

When applying Double Team alone or in tank mixes with dry bulk fertilizers, follow all directions for use and precautions on the respective tank mix product labels regarding use rates, soil texture, application methods, and rotational restrictions.

Use a minimum of 200 pounds of dry bulk fertilizer per acre.

Table 5: Approved Dry Fertilizer Ingredients for Use with Double Team

Fertilizer	N	P	K
Ammonium Phosphate-	16	20	0
Sulfate			<u> </u>
Ammonium Sulfate	21	0	0
Diammonium Phosphate	18	46	0
Monoammonium Phosphate	111	56	0
Potassium Chloride	0	0	60
Potassium Sulfate	<u>j</u> 0	0	52
Urea	45	0	0

¹ Some ureas may be phytotoxic when high rates are applied to corn. Use only urea rates known to be safe for corn application.

For impregnating pesticides on dry fertilizers, use an appropriate mixer equipped with suitable spraying equipment. The spray nozzles should be positioned inside the mixer to provide uniform spray coverage of the tumbling fertilizer. The Double Team should be sprayed uniformly onto the fertilizer using a fine spray pattern. Tank mix components may be applied as separate ingredients with powders and dry flowables added first or they may be mixed in a slurry in the proper ratio and added jointly.

Double Team may also be impregnated on the go and applied with pneumatic applicators.

The following table provides a reference to determine the amount of Double Team to be mixed per ton of dry bulk fertilizer for a range of herbicide rates.

Double Team Fertilizer Impregnation Rate Conversion Table

Fertilizer Rate	Acres (per ton)	Quarts of Double Team per ton of fertilizer to deliver:			
(lb/acre)	Ţ	2 qt/acre	2.5 qt/acre	3.00 qt/acre	
200	10	20.0	25.0	30.0	
250	8	16.0	20.0	24.0	
300	6.7	13.3	16.8	20.0	
350	5.7	11.4	14.3	17.1	
400	5	10.0	12.5	15.0	
450	4.5	8.9	11.3	13.3	

To determine the amount of Double Team needed for other fertilizer rates, use this formula:

<u>Double Team (quarts/acre)</u>
Pounds of fertilizer/acre

X 2000

 Quarts of Double Team per ton of fertilizer

If the herbicide/fertilizer mixture is too wet, use of a drying agent is required to provide a dry, free-flowing mixture. For mixtures to be used in spinning-disc applicators, Micro-Cel E calcium silicate powder (Manville, Filtration & Minerals) is recommended for use as a driving agent. Mixtures to be used in pneumatic applicators should use Microl-Cel E or Agsorb 16/30 RVM-MS granular clay (Oil-Dri Corporation). The drying agents should be added separately and uniformly to the prepared pesticide/fertilizer mixture in a quantity that is sufficient to provide a suitable free-flowing mixture. Generally, less than 2% Micro-Cel E or 5% Agsorb 16/30 RVM-MS by weight is required.

Precaution: To avoid potential for explosion, do not impregnate Double Team on ammonium sorbate nitrate, potassium nitrate, or sodium nitrate fertilizer or fertilizer blends. Do not impregnate on a single (0-20-0) or triple (0-46-0) super phosphate. Do not attempt to impregnate Double Team on agricultural limestone as the herbicide will not be adequately absorbed.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with vermiculite, earth, or synthetic absorbent.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For Bulk and Mini-Bulk Containers

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent); then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

CONTAINER PRECAUTIONS: Before refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.

FOR MINI-BULK CONTAINERS: Refill Only With Double Team herbicide. The contents of this container cannot be completely removed by cleaning. Refilling with materials other than **Double Team** will result in contamination and may weaken container.

- * After filling and before transporting, checks for leaks.
- * Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.
- * Circulation before dispensing is required.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area, and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. Call INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

MAKHTESHIM AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of MAKHTESHIM AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA. To the extent allowed by law, MAKHTESHIM AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA shall not be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. In addition to the foregoing, no purchaser of this product (other than an end user) shall be entitled to any reimbursement for any loss suffered as a result of any suspension or cancellation of the registration for this product by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. Except as expressly provided herein, MAKHTESHIM AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA makes no warranties, guarantees, or representations of any kind, either expressed or implied, or by usage of trade, statutory or otherwise, with regard to the product sold, including, but not limited to merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, use or eligibility of the product for any particular trade usage. The exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use,

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handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, shall be damages not exceeding the purchase price paid for this product or, at MAKHTESHIM AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA's election, the replacement of this product.

Double Team (66222-xx) (to EPA 3-1-05)