PLEASE NOTE

This image contains more than one label approved for this product on this date.



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON. D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SEP 2 9 2009

Ms. Christie Hitchcock Product Registration MANA, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

SUBJECT:

Application for Pesticide Notification PRN 98-10

Request Alternate Brand Name "Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG"

EPA Reg. No. 66222-89

Application Dated August 24, 2009

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 08/24/09 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

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Please	read i	nstruction	s on	reverse	before	<u>comple</u>

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	Registration
	Amendmen
✓	Other

Please read instructions on reverse before comple. form.		Form Approve	ed (3 No. 207	2 0-0080, Approvel expires 2-28-95
United Star Environmental Prote Washington, DC	tes Ction Agenc		Registration Amendme Other	OPP Identifier Number
Applic	ation for Pe	sticide - Section	n I	
1. Company/Product Number 66222-89	2.	EPA Product Manager Danne Miller		3. Proposed Classification None Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) Prodiamine 65 WG	PN 2	//# 3		
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)	6.	Expedited Reveiw	. In accordance	with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)
Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609	to	,		in composition and labeling
Check if this is a new address	P	roduct Name		
	Sectio	n - II		
Amendment - Explain below. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated Notification - Explain below.		Final printed lab Agency letter de "Me Too" Appli Other - Explain I	cation.	OTIFICATION SEP 2 9 2009
V Total Eddall Explain Solow.				AFI TA (AA)
labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this produc EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consister FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penaltic	nt with the terms of	PR Notice 98-10 and 40 12 and 14 of FIFRA.		
1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes No No * Certification must be submitted Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No per contain	Yes No	No. per	Pi Gi Pa	tainer etal astic ass aper ther (Specify)
3. Location of Net Contents Information 4. Size(s) Label Container) Retail Container	5. L	ocation of Label D	irections
6. Manner in Which Lebel is Affixed to Product Li Pa	thograph aper glued tenciled	Other		·
	Section	- IV		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identified	cation of individua	I to be contacted, if ne	cessary, to proces	ss this application.)
Name Christie Hitchcock	Title Regulatory	Specialist		pphone No. (Include Area Code) 0-256-9342
Certi I certify that the statements I have made on this form I acknowledge that any knowlinglly false or misleading both under applicable law.				te. Received (Stamped)
2. Signature Christie Hellehurch	3. Title Regulatory S	pecialist		(((((((((((((((((((
4. Typed Name Christie Hitchcock	5. Date	08-24-09		



August 24, 2009

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504-P)
US Environmental Protection Agency
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, DC 20460

Re: Notification of Alternate Brand Name per PR Notice 98-10

Prodiamine 65 WG - EPA Reg. No. 66222-89

To Whom It May Concern:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc., is submitting a notification of an alternate brand name for the product referenced above. We are marketing the product under the name: **Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG**.

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- · One copy of final printed labeling

NOTIFICATION OF ALTERNATE BRAND NAME. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Thank you for your help with this request. Please contact me by phone at 919-256-9342 or by email at chitchcock@manainc.com should you have questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Christie Hitchcock Regulatory Specialist

Enclosures

NOTIFICATION

SEP_2 9_2009

EPA 051104/EPA 072006/ Notif 072308/Rev C

EPA EST. NO. 37429-GA-01^{BT} EPA EST. NO. 37429-GA-02^{BO} Letter(s) in lot number correspond(s) to superscript in EPA Est. No.

Net Contents: 5 Pounds

65.0% % BY WT. ... 35.0% For additional precautionary, handling, and use statements, see inside of this booklet. Prodiamine 65 WDG KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 CAUTION Manufactured for: Herbicide Prodiamine (CAS No. 29091-21-2) INERT INGREDIENTS: EPA REG. NO. 66222-89 **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Raleigh, NC 27609



NOTIFICATION SEP 2 9 2009

Prodiamine 65 WDG Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	% BY WT.
Prodiamine (CAS No. 29091-21-2)	65.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL:	

EPA REG. NO. 66222-89

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

For additional precautionary, handling, and use statements; see inside of this booklet.

Manufactured for:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

13358

EPA 051104/EPA 072006/

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries
- container, field-grown, and landscape ornamentals
- conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries
- established perennials and wildflower plantings
- non-crop areas including managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including roadways, roadsides, railways, and equipment yards)
- facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fence rows
- Christmas tree farms
- drainage ditches in California and Arizona only

	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
going for treatment.	ontainer or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or gencies involving this product, call Prosar at 1-877-250-9291,

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) - in general, agricultural plant uses are covered - must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as butyl rubber >14 mils, neoprene rubber > 14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart if you want other options.)
- Shoes plus socks

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as butyl rubber >14 mils, neoprene rubber > 14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart if you want other options.)
- · Shoes plus socks

NON-WPS USES:

Mixers and loaders who handle this product for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) - in general, only agricultural plant uses are covered by the WPS - must wear:

• Chemical-resistant gloves such as butyl rubber >14 mils, neoprene rubber > 14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart if you want other options.)

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

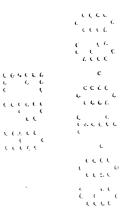
- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside; then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- After handling this product, immediately wash the outside of gloves before removing them; then remove gloves and all other PPE. Immediately wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.



AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If this product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

GENERAL INFORMATION

WHERE TO USE

Prodiamine 65 WDG is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turfgrass (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries
- · Container, field-grown, and landscape ornamentals
- Conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries
- Established perennial and wildflower plantings
- Non-crop areas including managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including roadways, roadsides, railways, and equipment yards)
- Facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fence rows
- · Christmas tree farms

Drainage ditches in California and Arizona only

HOW QUALI-PRO PRODIAMINE 65 WDG WORKS

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG controls susceptible weeds by preventing growth and development

of newly germinated weed seeds. Weed control is most effective when Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation or shallow incorporation (1-2 inches) before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days following application.

USE PRECAUTIONS

- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG.
- Do not apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to plants that will be consumed for food use.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the labels of EPA-registered tank mix partners.
- Do not blend Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG onto dry fertilizer or any other granular material.
- Chemigation Statement: do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless instructed otherwise in this label.
- · Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

NEW PLANTINGS, REPLANTING, AND ROTATIONAL PLANTINGS

Nursery, landscape, or non-cropland areas treated with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG should be rotated only to ornamental species listed on this label for 1 year following application unless the following test has shown species safety:

Before planting a species not listed on this label, it is recommended that several test strips of an indicator plant such as wheat, sorghum, or corn be sown into the treated area. If the indicator plants germinate and grow normally to a height of 12 inches with normal root development, it is safe to plant.

In areas disturbed by new plantings or replanting of labeled species, it may be necessary to retreat exposed soil to maintain satisfactory weed control.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

MIXING AND APPLICATION PROCEDURES

MIXING

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG must be mixed thoroughly in the spray tank to ensure uniform application. Follow these steps:

- 1. Fill the spray tank 1/4 full with clean water or fluid fertilizer only.
- 2. Start agitation and check to ensure it is working properly.
- 3. Add Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG directly into the tank.
- 4. Add the rest of the carrier to obtain the final spray volume.
- 5. A spray colorant may be used with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to mark a leas as they are treated. This will improve application accuracy by minimizing swath skips and overlaps.

- 6. Maintain vigorous agitation in the spray tank before and during the application. This will ensure a well mixed spray suspension.
- 7. Do not allow spray suspension to dry in the tank. Thoroughly clean the sprayer after use by flushing the system with water containing a detergent. Refer to the **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL** section of this label for waste disposal.

TANK MIXING QUALI-PRO PRODIAMINE 65 WDG

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with certain other EPA-registered herbicides to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Refer to the specific directions for use for tank mix partners and consult the label(s) of the individual tank mix partner(s) for use rate, application timing, weeds controlled, and specific precautions and/or restrictions. Tank mixes are permitted only in states where the tank mix partner(s) are registered for the application site and the turf and ornamental species listed. When using Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG in a tank mixture with other pesticides, observe the most restrictive label limitations and precautions on the labels of the products used.

Before tank mixing with other pesticides not named on this label, compatibility must be tested. See the **COMPATIBILITY TEST** section below.

COMPATIBILITY TEST

Before mixing Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG with other pesticides in the spray tank, test the compatibility by mixing all components (carrier and pesticide products) in a small container in proportionate quantities. For example, a 1 qt. jar would be 1/100 the volume of a 25 gal./acre spray rate. At 1 lb./acre, the Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG rate would be proportional to 4.5 g per quart. Add approximately 1.5 teaspoons to a qt. of water. Calculate amounts for other products based on rate per acre. An approximate volume would be 1.5 teaspoons for each lb./acre of a dry formulation and 0.5 teaspoons for each pt./acre of a liquid formulation. (See following table).

AMOUNT OF COMPONENT TO ADD TO ONE QUART JAR OF SPRAY CARRIER (Assuming Carrier Volume of 25 gals./Acre)

COMPONENTS FORMULATIONS	RATE PER ACRE	RATE PER 1000 SQ. FT.	LEVEL TEASPOONS
Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG	1.0 lb.	0.4 oz.	1.5
Dry Tank Mix Partners	1.0 lb.	0.4 oz.	1.5 ; ; ; ; ;
Liquid Tank Mix Partners	1.0 pt.	0.4 oz.	0.5

If components do not ball up or form flakes, sludge, gels, oily films, or layers, then the rinixture is compatible. Incompatibility will usually occur within 5 minutes after mixing. If the compatible, a compatibility agent must be added to the tank mixture. Rerun the test to determine if the

mixture is suitable after addition of the compatibility agent. If components are still not compatible, do not tank mix.

MIXING ORDER FOR TANK MIXTURES

Notes: 1. When mixing Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG with other components (carrier and partner pesticide products), allow products to completely dissolve between steps. This is key when tank mixing with ester formulations. 2. Maintain agitation throughout mixing and application of the mixture.

Add the products to the spray tank in the following order:

- 1. Add products packaged in water-soluble bags first. Agitate the tank mixture. Allow the water-soluble bags to completely dissolve and the product to disperse before adding any other tank mix partner.
- 2. Then add water-dispersible granules (WDG or WG formulations) and wettable powders (WP formulations). Add wettable powders to the tank as agitation continues. Allow the product to disperse completely before other products are added.
- 3. Add spray adjuvants and spray markers. Read the adjuvant's label first and use only those adjuvants approved for application to turf and ornamentals.
- 4. Add flowable liquids (FL) or suspension concentrates (SC).
- 5. Add emulsifiable concentrates (EC) last.

APPLICATION

Apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG in a minimum of 20 gals./acre (0.5 gal./1000 sq. ft.) of carrier (water and/or fluid fertilizer) using a calibrated, low-pressure sprayer with 50 mesh or coarser screens. A broadcast boom or handheld wand designed for herbicide or insecticide application will provide the best results. Select nozzle pressure and gallonage to provide complete coverage.

SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS ESTABLISHED TURF

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turfgrasses including:

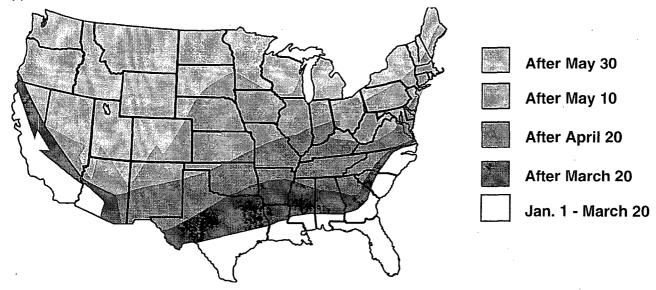
- golf courses excluding putting greens
- lawns
- sod nurseries

The maximum amount of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG that may be applied per year is given for each turfgrass species in the **Annual Use Rates-Turfgrass** section of this label.

For optimum weed control, Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG should be activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES

Approximate Date



Use Precautions - Turfgrass

- 1. Do not apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- 2. Do not harvest treated sod within 90 days of application. To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply to newly set sod until the sod has rooted and exposed edges have filled in.
- 3. To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to turf stressed by conditions such as drought, low fertility, or pest damage.
- 4. Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- 5. Do not apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to golf course putting greens.
- 6. If the depth of the creeping bentgrass root system becomes shallow and root tips contact prodiamine-treated soil, new root formation may be inhibited. Mowing height can affect the depth of a plant's root system. To avoid this, do not apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to creeping bentgrass less than 0.5 inch in height.

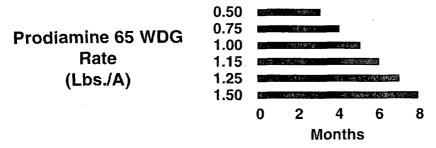
Application Timing and Rate - Turfgrass

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications should be made before target weeds germinate. Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG will not control weeds that have already emerged.

The amount of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to apply is based upon:

- 1. the length of weed control desired (the higher the application rate, the longer the control) (see Figure 1);
- 2. the turf species; and
- 3. the maximum amount which can be applied to the turf species per calendar year (see Table 1).

Figure 1: Length of Crabgrass Control



^{*}Length of control varies by region. This table is an average for planning purposes.

Annual Use Rates - Turfgrass

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG can be applied to the turfgrass species listed in the following table. Do not apply more than the highest rate listed for each species in a calendar year.

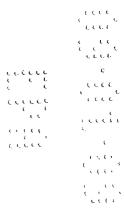


TABLE 1: MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATE QUALI-PRO PRODIAMINE 65 WDG
Per Calendar Year by Turfgrass Species¹

TURF SPECIES	LBS. OF PRODUCT/ACRE	OZ. OF PRODUCT/1000 SQ. FT.
Bermudagrass ² Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Kikuyugrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass ³ Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysiagrass	1.0 - 2.301	0.36 - 0.83
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	0.5 - 1.501	0.185 - 0.55
Fine Fescue	0.5 - 1.15¹	0.185 - 0.42
Creeping Bentgrass (0.5 inches or more in height)4	0.5 - 1.00¹	0.185 - 0.37

¹ Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied more than once a year as long as the total amount applied is not greater than the maximum application rate per calendar year for the turf species. All applications must be made before weed seeds germinate.

⁴ To avoid grass injury, do not apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to creeping bentgrass mowed at less than 0.5 inch in height.



² May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 0.80 lb./A (0.30 oz./1000 sq. ft.). Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded.

³ Use an initial rate of 0.75-1.5 lbs./acre (0.28-0.55 oz./1000 sq. ft.) per application.

Weeds Controlled (Turf, Ornamentals)
When used as directed in this label, Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG will control the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass	• Henbit²	Purslane, Common
• Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua)1	• Itchgrass	Pusley, Florida
Carpetweed	Johnsongrass (from seed)	• Rescuegrass⁴
Chickweed, Common ²	Junglerice	Shepherdspurse ²
Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)	Knotweed ²	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Crabgrass (Large, Smooth) ³	Kochia	• Speedwell, Persian
Crowfootgrass	Lambsquarters, Common	Sprangletop
Cupgrass, Woolly	Lovegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
Foxtails, Annual	Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
• Goosegrass⁵	• Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

¹ In areas where *Poa annua* is a winter annual, apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG (see Table 1) in August or September to established, non-overseeded turf before *Poa annua* seeds germinate. These timings are approximate. Consult State Extension Service for more specific timing for your area. Also see the section of this label "*Poa Annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass."

- ² To control this weed, apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG in late summer, fall, or winter before weed seeds germinate.
- ³ Fall Applications for Spring Crabgrass Control in Cool-Season Grasses: In those areas where the ground freezes in the winter, Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG can be applied in the fall at rates of 1.0-1.15 lbs./acre after the soil temperature falls below 50°F but before the ground freezes. This application will control crabgrass the following spring.
- ⁴ Suppression only.
- In many areas, a single application of 1.0-2.3 lbs./acre of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, the most effective control may be maintained by making a "split application" (i.e., two applications) that does not exceed the maximum application rate per calendar year for the turfgrass species.

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WHEN TO APPLY QUALI-PRO PRODIAMINE 65 WDG AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is applied before the secondary roots of seedlings are in the second inch of soil (not thatch plus soil). To reduce the potential to injure overseeded turf, wait 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer, before applying Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG.

When to Overseed After Application (All States)* Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG will inhibit the development of turfgrass species overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

*Note: See exceptions for "Poa Annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass" below.

AMOUNT OF QUALI-PRO PRODIAMINE 65 WDG	INTERVAL (MONTHS) BEFORE OVERSEEDING*			
Lbs. of Product/Acre	North	Transition	South	
0.75	4	4	4	
1.00	5	4	4	
1.15	6	5	5	
1.25	-	6	6	
1.50	-	7	7	
1.75	-	-	9	
2.00	-	-	10	
2.30	-	-	12	

Poa Annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (Arizona, California, Nevada, and Texas only)

Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seeding rate of 350 lbs./A).

HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY

AMOUNT TO APPLY	WHEN TO APPLY	EXPECTED CONTROL	USE PRECAUTIONS
0.58-1.0 lb./acre	6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding Second Application: 4 to 8 weeks after overseeding or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil	1 application for 70% or greater control of <i>Poa annua</i> Second application may enhance control.	Some seedling mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur. To reduce the potential for seedling mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed a total of 1.3 lbs./acre per year. Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application. Do not make a second application unless the product was first applied before overseeding.

,,,,,,

Poa Annua Control in Perennial Ryegrass Overseedings (Alabama, Louisiana, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee Only)

Use this product on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) when overseeding with perennial ryegrass only (minimum seeding rate of 350 lbs./A).

HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY

AMOUNT TO APPLY	WHEN TO APPLY	EXPECTED CONTROL	USE PRECAUTIONS
0.58 - 1.0 lb./acre	8 to 10 weeks before ryegrass overseeding	70% or greater	Some seedling mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur. To reduce the potential for seedling mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. To maximize seedling establishment, use lower rate and/or the maximum time interval before overseeding. To maximize <i>Poa annua</i> control, use higher rate and shorter time interval before overseeding.

CONTAINER, FIELD GROWN, AND LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREE FARMS)

Application Timing and Information

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG:

- 1. Will not control emerged weeds.
- 2. May be applied to newly transplanted and established ornamentals as broadcast or over-the-top spray.
- 3. Is most effective when applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch.
- 4. Is most effective when the product is activated in the soil before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days after application.
- 5. Is activated when the treated area receives at least 0.5 inch of irrigation or rainfall or shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation.

Use Precautions

To reduce injury potential:

- 1. In the spring when buds are rapidly growing and expanding, over-the-top application of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may temporarily injure new growth of desirable plants. To reduce the possibility of injury at this time, wait to apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG over the top of newly emerged vegetation until it has hardened off unless experience indicates that the ornamental plant will not be injured by the over-the-top application.
- 2. After application (immediately for deciduous plants) apply overhead irrigation to wash Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG from plant surfaces onto soil (watering plants before application may improve the washing process).

Application Sites and Instructions

SITE	APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS
Newly Transplanted Container or Field Nursery Stock	Delay application until soil has settled around transplants. Water transplants thoroughly before application. Apply after cuttings form roots and are established. To avoid inhibition of the tissue union, apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken.
Established Container, Field Nursery Stock, or Landscape Plants	Apply at any time as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed spray.
Landscape (or Ornamental) Plantings	Apply as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed spray. Delay application to newly transplanted ornamentals until soil has settled around transplants.
Bare Ground Application for Container Placement	Apply to soil (including mulch, gravel, wood chips, or other permeable base) upon which containerized ornamentals are placed. After Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is applied, perform shallow cultivation or hand weeding only to avoid disturbing the herbicide barrier.
In Shadehouses and Uncovered Polyhouses	After Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is applied, uncovered polyhouses must remain open for at least 7 days and ornamentals must receive 2 irrigations totaling at least 1/2 inch of water.
Ornamental Bulbs and Perennial Wildflower Plantings	Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied to bulbs or perennial wildflower species listed in the section "Tolerant Ornamental Species." Apply before or after bulbs emerge but before bulbs blacom and weeds emerge. In wildflowers, a postemergence herbicide labéled for wildflowers may be needed to control weeds that have already emerged.

HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY (Container, Field Grown and Landscape Ornamentals)

AMOUNT TO APPLY (BROADCAST)*	WHEN TO APPLY	COMMENTS/INSTRUCTIONS
1.0 - 2.3 lbs./acre or 0.37 - 0.83 oz./1000 sq. ft.	In the fall or spring before weeds ger- minate or after weeds are removed.	Use the higher rate for longer control. Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied more than once per year as long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed 2.3 lbs./acre per year.

*Note: For band application, calculate amount per acre:

Band width in inches
Row width in inches

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broadcast rate

=

amount to apply per acre of field

EQUIVALENT MEASUREMENTS FOR QUALI-PRO PRODIAMINE 65 WDG

lbs./acre	oz./1000 sq. ft.	Approximate Equivalent – Tablespoons/1000 sq. ft.
1.0	0.37	1
1.5	0.55	1.5
2.0	0.74	2
2.3	0.83	2.25

Tank Mixtures For Use on Container, Field Grown, and Landscape Ornamentals

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides listed on this label to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Tank mixes with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG are for use only in states where the tank mix partner(s), application site, and intended use pattern are registered.

Follow the label(s) of the tank mix partner(s) for application rates, timing, weeds controlled, tolerant ornamentals, and specific use precautions and/or restrictions. Before mixing pesticides in the spray tank, test compatibility by mixing the products in a small container first. See the **COMPATIBILITY TEST** section of this label.

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Tank Mix Partners For Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG on Ornamentals

PRODUCT	PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS
Goal® or Galigan® (use on conifers only)	Mix with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG for postemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds including malva and filaree.
Gallery®, Princep®, Pennant®	See product labels for weed spectrum and tolerant ornamentals.
Touchdown® Pro (or other glyphosate- based products), and Finale®	These nonselective tank mix herbicides control most emerged annual broadleaves and grasses. Take extreme care to prevent tank mixtures with these products from contacting the foliage and stems of turfgrass, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation because desirable vegetation may be severely injured or killed. Apply these tank mixtures as a directed spray and use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage of desirable plants. Following instructions on the tank mix partner's label, delay irrigation of the treated area to allow time for the herbicide to be absorbed by weed foliage.

Tolerant Ornamental Species – Container, Field Grown, and Landscape Ornamentals Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below in Table 2 are tolerant to Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG. Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is approved for application, except in CA, to the species in Table 3. Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied over the top of the listed species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage), some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG.

TABLE 2 – Tolerant Ornamental Species – Container, Field Grown, and Landscape (All States)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)	Abies spp.
Japanese Maple	Acer palmatum
Norway Maple***	Acer pໍ[a̯ta̞noides
Kiwi*	Actinidia chinensis
Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)	Agapanthus africanus
Vine Hill Manzanita	Arctostaphylos densiflora
Cape Weed	Arctotheca calendula
Japanese Aucuba	Aucuḫą jąponica

	Dado de altre de la compansión
Barberry	
Wintergreen Barberry	
Mentor Barberry	
Japanese Barberry	
Warty Barberry	
Japanese Boxwood	
Weeping Bottlebrush	
Scotch Heather	
Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)	Carpobrotus edulis
Feathery Cassia	Cassia artemisoides
Wild Lilac	Ceanothus rigidus
False Cypress	
Cleyera	Cleyera japonica
Citrus species*	Citrus spp.*
Flowering Dogwood	
American Dogwood	
Pampas Grass	
Cranberry Cotoneaster	
Cotoneaster	
Bearberry Cotoneaster	
Rockspray Cotoneaster	
Hawthorne	
Italian Cypress	
White Trailing Ice Plant	
Hop Bush	
Silverberry	
Wintercreeper	
Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)	
Spreading Euonymus	
Japanese Aralia	
Border Forsythia	
Greenstem Forsythia	
Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine	The state of the s
Gladiolus species**	
English Ivy	Fleriera helix
Rose of Sharon**	
Chinese Hibiscus**	Hibierne Roessinoneie
Chinese Holly**	CCCCC Ilororoute
Offiliase Holly	((((((((((((((((((((
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Japanese Holly
American Holly
Holly
Yaupon Holly
Iris species**
Winter Jasmine
Chinese Juniper
Shore Juniper
Creeping Juniper
Walnut*Juglans spp.
Shrimp Plant
Crape Myrtle
Amur Privet Ligustrum amurense
Japanese Privet
Glossy Privet (wax-leaf) Ligustrum lucidum
Big Blue Lillyturf Liriope muscari
Japanese Honeysuckle
Tatarian Honeysuckle Lonicera tatarica
Magnolia species**
Ice Plant
Crabapple* Malus spp.
Heavenly Bamboo
Narcissus species**
Oleander
Olive* Olea europaea
Mondo Grass** Ophiopogon japonicus
Trailing African Daisy Osteospermum fruticosum
Sourwood
Avocado*
Fraser's Photinia (Redtip)
Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)
Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub
Calabrian Pine
Canary Island Pine
Slash Pine Finus elliottii
Aleppo Pine
Austrian Black Pine
Longleaf Pine

Monterey Pine		
Eastern White Pine		Pinus strobus
Scotch Pine		Pinus sylvestris
Loblolly Pine		
Japanese Black Pine		
Virginia Pine		Pinus virginiana
Pistachio*		
Queensland Pittosporum		Pittosporum rhombifolium
Japanese Pittosporum		
Japanese Yew		
English Laurel		
Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, and		
Douglas Fir***		. Pseudotsuga menziesii
Firethorn, Scarlet		•
Firethorn, Chinese		
Firethorn, Formosa		Pyracantha koidzumii
Bradford Pear spp		
Oak species		Quercus rubra
Indian Hawthorne		
'Coral Bells'	Rhodode	ndron (including Azalea)
'Formosa'		•
'Hino-crimson'		
'PJM'		
'Roseum Elegans'		
Lady Bank's Rose		
Rosemary*		
Leatherleaf Fern		
		Santolina virens
Stonecrop		Sedum album
Japanese Boxcherry		
Japanese Yew		Taxus cuspidata
Yew		Taxus media
American Arborvitae		Thuja occidentalis
Star Jasmine	Tra	achelospermປູ່ເກີ່ ໍູ່ສຸ່siatum
Canada Hemlock		
Tulip species		сесер Tulipa spp.
Japanese Viburnum		Viburnum japonicum
Sweet Viburnum		Vibันัrภุนุกา odoratissimum
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Japanese Snowball	Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum Viburnum tinus Viburnum trilobium
Canary Island Viburnum	ြိုင်နှင့်သို့သေး Viburnum rigidum
Laurustinus	Control of the contro
Cranberry Bush	"Viburnum trilobium
Leatherleaf Viburnum	Viburnum wrightii
	Vinca major
Dwarf Periwinkle	Vinca minor
Grape*	Vitis spp.
	Weigela florida
Spanish Bayonet	Yucca aloifolia
Yucca, Adam's Needle	Yucca filamentosa

^{*} Do not use on food-producing trees, vines, or plants.

TABLE 3 – Tolerant Ornamental Species Container, Field Grown, and Landscape (All States Except CA)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Abelia: Sherwood	Abelia grandiflora
Yarrow: King Edward	Achillea spp.
	Agapanthus orientalis
Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine	Akebia quintata
Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion	Allium cernuum
Japanese Anemone	
Aquilegia: Red and Gold	
Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle	Artemisia spp.
Aster: Bonny Blue	
Purple Dome	
Lady Fern; Fern Lady	Athyrium filix-femina
Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis	Begonia spp.
	Bergenia cordifolia
Snowbank	Boltonia asteroides
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spp.
Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red	Buddleia davidii
Crimson Bottlebrush	
Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)	Campanula carpatica
Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen	Campis X tagliabuana
	Ceratostigma plumbaginoides
	Chrysanthemum nipponicum

^{**} Not for use on container grown plants.

^{***}Landscape ornamentals only

Coreopsis (Calliopsis); Early Sunrise, Moonbeam	Coreopsis spp.
Lucifer	Crocosmia spp.
Cooperi Pink	Delosperma spp.
Lucifer	Delphinium spp.
Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'	Dianthus deltoides
Cheddar Pink	
Coneflower, Purple; Magnus	-
Weeping Forsythia	Forsythia suspensa
Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'	
	Gaura spp.
Gentian	Gentiana dahurica
Cranesbill	Geranium cinereum
Baby's Breath	Gypsophila repens
Sunrose	Helianthemum spp.
Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love	Hemerocallis spp.
Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom	
Mallow; Disco Belle White	Hibiscus spp.
Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)	Hosta plantaginea
Hosta, 'Searsucker'	
	Houttuynia cordata var. variegata
Bigleaf Hydrangea	,
	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia
Bigleaf Hydrangea	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia
	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Iris ensata
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica X fauriei
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica X fauriei
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica X fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp.
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica X fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp Leontopodium alpinum
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica X fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp Leontopodium alpinum
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily; Jazz	
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata	
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily; Jazz	Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris ensata Iris siberica Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica X fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp. Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense Liriope muscari var. variegata
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily; Jazz Liriope, Variegated. Liriope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink	
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily; Jazz Liriope, Variegated. Liriope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Burgundy	
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily; Jazz Liriope, Variegated. Liriope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Burgundy	
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana. Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily; Jazz Liriope, Variegated. Liriope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink	

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide	Osmanthus heterophyllus
Tree Peony	Paeonia suffruticosa
Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide	Pennisetum setaceum
	Perovskia atriplicifolia
Dragonhead, False; Vivid	
Oak, Shumard's Red	Quercus Shumardii
Yedda Hawthorne	
'Delaware Valley White'	
'Flame Creeper'	(
'Girard Crimson'	
'George L. Tabor'	,
'Wakeiebisu'	
'White Gumpo'	
Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum	Rudbeckia spp.
Saxifrage; Purple Dome	Saxifraga spp.
Pincushion Flower	Scabiosa spp.
Stonecrop; Lidakense	Sedum cauticola
Stonecrop	Sedum dasyphyllum
Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood	Sedum spurium
Spirea: Anthony Waterer	Spiraea bumalda
Australian Brushcherry	Syzygium paniculatum
Germander	Teucrium spp.
Meadow Rue	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border	
Arrowood Viburnum	Viburnum suspensum

VEGETATION MANAGEMENT

** Not for use on container grown plants.

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied to soil surfaces for preemergence control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Non-crop areas including ornamentals (does not include container or field grown ornamentals) and established perennial and wildflower plantings on or surrounding:
 - o Managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities including roadways, roadsides, railways, and equipment yards;
 - o Facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fence rows.

Weeds Controlled-Vegetation Management

When used as directed in this label, Quali-Prodiginal 65 WDG will control the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass

Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua)1

Carpetweed

Chickweed, Common¹

Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)

Crabgrass (Large, Smooth)3

Crowfootgrass

Cupgrass, Woolly

Foxtails, Annual

Goosegrass³

Henbit1

Itchgrass

Johnsongrass (from seed)

Junglerice

Knotweed1

Kochia

Lambsquarter, Common

Lovegrass

Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)

Pigweed

Purslane, Common

Pusley, Florida

Rescuegrass²

Shepherdspurse¹

Signalgrass, Broadleaf

Speedwell, Persian

Sprangletop

Spurge, Prostrate

Witchgrass

Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

- ¹ To control this weed, apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG in late summer, fall, or winter before weed seeds germinate.
- ² Suppression only.
- ³ Sequential applications may be made as long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed 2.3 lbs./A per year. To control weeds, all applications must be made before weed seeds germinate.

Application Timing and Information-Vegetation Management

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG:

- 1. Provides residual preemergence weed control.
- 2. Will not control emerged weeds.
- 3. May be applied to newly transplanted and established ornamentals as a broadcast or overthe-top spray.

- 4. Is most effective when the product is activated in the soil before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days after application.
- 5. Is activated when the treated area receives at least 0.5 inches of irrigation or rainfall or shallow (1-2 inches) mechanical incorporation.
- 6. Is most effective when applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch.

Use Precautions-Vegetation Management

To reduce injury potential:

- 1. Direct application of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to rapidly growing tissue or buds may injure desirable plants. In the spring when buds are rapidly growing and expanding, over-the-top application of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may temporarily injure new growth of desirable plants. To reduce the possibility of injury at this time, wait to apply Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG over the top of newly emerged vegetation until it has hardened off unless your experience indicates that the ornamental plant will not be injured by the over-the-top application.
- After application (immediately for deciduous plants), irrigate the treated area to wash Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG from plant surfaces onto soil. Watering plants before application may improve the washing process.

How Much and When to Apply-Vegetation Management

AMOUNT TO APPLY (BROADCAST)*	WHEN TO APPLY	COMMENTS/INSTRUCTIONS
1.0-2.3 lbs./A. or 0.37-0.83 oz/1000 sq.ft.	In fall and/or spring before weeds germi- nate or after weeds are removed.	Use the higher rate for longer control. Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied more than once per year as long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed 2.3 lbs./A. per year.



*Note: For band application, calculate amount per acre:

Band width in inches
Row width in inches

broadcas

amt. to apply/acre of field

Equivalent Measurements for Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG

Lbs./A	Oz./1000 sq. ft.	Approximate Equivalent Tablespoons/1000 sq. ft.
1.0	0.37	1
1.5	0.55	. 1 1/2
2.0	0.74	2
2.3	0.83	2 1/4

Application Sites and Use Precautions-Vegetation Management

SITE	USE PRECAUTIONS
Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines	Apply as a broadcast, over-the-top, or as a directed spray. Delay applications to newly transplanted ornamentals until soil has settled around transplants.
Ornamental Bulbs and Perennial Wildflower Plantings	May be applied to bulbs or perennial wildflower species listed in the section Tolerant Ornamental Species . Apply before or after bulbs emerge but before bloom and weeds emerge. In wildflowers, a postemergence herbicide labeled for wildflowers may be needed to control weeds that have already emerged.

Tank Mixtures-Vegetation Management

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides listed on this label to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Tank mixes with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG are for use only in states where the tank mix partner(s), application site, and intended use pattern are registered.

Follow the label(s) of the tank mix partner(s) for application rates, timing, weeds controlled, tolerant ornamentals, and specific use precautions and/or restrictions. Before combining tank mix partners in the spray tank, test compatibility by mixing the products in a small container. See the **COMPATIBILITY TEST** section.

Tank Mixing and Application-Vegetation Management

Tank Mix Partners for Quali-Pro Prodiamine 55 WOG

PRODUCT	PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS
Goal®, Galigan® (use on conifers only)	Mix with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG for postemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds including malva and filaree.
Gallery®, Princep®, Pennant®	See product labels for weed spectrum and tolerant ornamentals.
Touchdown®Pro (or other glyphosate-based labeled products), Reward® and Finale®	These non-selective tank mix herbicides control most emerged annual broadleaves and grasses. Take extreme care to prevent tank mixtures with these partner products from contacting the foliage and stems of turfgrass, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation because desirable vegetation may be severely injured or killed. Apply these tank mixtures as a directed spray and use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage of desirable plants. Follow instructions on the tank mix partner's label; delay irrigation of the treated area to allow time for the herbicide to be absorbed by weed foliage.

Tolerant Ornamental Species*–Vegetation Management *Not for use on container or field grown ornamentals

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below in Table 4 are tolerant to Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG.

Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG is approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 5. Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied over the top of the listed species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage), some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG.

TABLE 4: TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES*-VEGETATION MANAGEMENT-ALL STATES

Common Name	
Scientific Name	
Fir species (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)	. Abies spp.
Japanese Maple	er palmatum

NI	· A mlatamaista
Norway Maple	Acer piatanoides
Norway Maple*** Kiwi** Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)	Actinidia chinensis
Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)	Agapantnus atricanus
Vine Hill Manzanita	
Cape Weed	
Japanese Aucuba	
Barberry	
Wintergreen Barberry	•
Mentor Barberry	
Japanese Barberry	
Warty Barberry	
Japanese Boxwood	,
Weeping Bottlebrush	
Scotch Heather	
Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)	•
Feathery Cassia	
Wild Lilac ,	
False Cypress	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Cleyera	
Citrus species**	• •
Flowering Dogwood	
American Dogwood	
Pampas Grass	
Cranberry Cotoneaster	•
Cotoneaster	
Bearberry Cotoneaster	
Rockspray Cotoneaster	
Hawthorne	•
Italian Cypress	
White Trailing Ice Plant	•
Hop Bush	Dodonea viscosa
Silverberry	Elaeagnus pungens
Wintercreeper	Euonymus fortunei
Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)	Euonymus japonica
Spreading Euonymus	Euonymus kiautschovica
Japanese Aralia	
Border Forsythia	
Greenstem Forsythia	Forsythia viridissima

Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine	Gardenia jasminoides
Gladiolus species	Gladiolus spp.
Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine	S Hedera helix
Rose of Sharon	Hibiscus
Chinese Hibiscus	
Chinese Holly	
Japanese Holly	
American Holly	
Holly	
Yaupon Holly	•
Iris species	Iris spp.
Winter Jasmine	
Chinese Juniper	Juniperus chinensis
Shore Juniper	Juniperus conferta
Creeping Juniper	Juniperus horizontalis
Walnut**	Juglans spp.
Shrimp Plant	Justicia brandegeana
Crape Myrtle	Lagerstromia indica
Amur Privet	Ligustrum amurense
Japanese Privet	
Glossy Privet (wax-leaf)	
Big Blue Lillyturf	
Japanese Honeysuckle	• •
Tatarian Honeysuckle	
Magnolia species	
Ice Plant	•
Crabapple**	
Heavenly Bamboo	Nandina domestica
Narcissus species	Narcissus spp.
Oleander	• •
Olive**	•
Mondo Grass	, , , , , ,
Trailing African Daisy	
Sourwood	
Avocado**	
Fraser's Photinia (Redtip)	
Spruce species*** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)	
Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub	Pieris japonica

Calabrian Pine	Pinus brutia
Canary Island Pine	်ႏြင့် Pinus canariensis
Calabrian Pine	Pinus elliottii
Alanna Pina	Pinus halanansia
Aleppo Pine	
Austrian Black Pine	<u> </u>
Longleaf Pine	
Monterey Pine	
Eastern White Pine	
Scotch Pine	
Loblolly Pine	Pinus taeda
Japanese Black Pine	
Virginia Pine	
Pistachio**	
Queensland Pittosporum	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Japanese Pittosporum	• '
Japanese Yew	·
English Laurel	
Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, Prune**	
Douglas Fir***	
Firethorn, Scarlet	
Firethorn, Chinese	
Firethorn, Formosa	-
Bradford Pear spp	
Oak species	
Indian Hawthorne	
'Coral Bells'	hilododendron (including Azalea)
'Formosa'	
'Hino-crimson'	
'PJM'	
'Roseum Elegans'	
Lady Bank's Rose	Rosa banksiae
Rosemary**	
Leatherleaf Fern	Rumohra adiantiformis
	Santolina virens
Stonecrop	Sedum album
Japanese Boxcherry	Syzygium paniculatum
Japanese Yew	
Yew	

American Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis
Star Jasmine	Trachelospermum asiatum
Canada Hemlock	ાર્ક્ટુટ રિલ્સિટ સ્ટાર્ટિસ્ટર Tsuga canadensis
Tulip species	
Japanese Viburnum	Viburnum japonicum
Sweet Viburnum	Viburnum odoratissimum
Japanese Snowball	Viburnum plicatum
Canary Island Viburnum	
Laurustinus	Viburnum tinus
Cranberry Bush	Viburnum trilobium
Leatherleaf Viburnum	
Vinca	
Dwarf Periwinkle	Vinca minor
Grape**	
Old Fashioned Weigela	Weigela florida
Spanish Bayonet	
Yucca, Adam's Needle	Yucca filamentosa

^{*}Not for use on container or field grown ornamentals.

**Do not use on food-producing trees, vines, or plants.

***Landscape ornamentals only.

TABLE 5: TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES*-VEGETATION MANAGEMENT-ALL STATES EXCEPT CA

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Abelia: Sherwood	Abelia grandiflora
Yarrow: King Edward	Achillea spp.
	Agapanthus orientalis
Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine	Akebia quintata
Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion	Allium cernuum
Japanese Anemone	Anemone hybrida
Aquilegia: Red and Gold	Aquilegia spp.
Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle	Artemisia spp.
Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome	Aster spp.
	Aster X frikartii
Lady Fern; Fern Lady	Athyrium filix-femina
Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis	Begonia spp.
	Bergenia cordifolia

Snowbank	roides a spp.
Butterfly-Bush(Dwarf Blue); Royal Redຄາວວາກ ຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມຄວາມ	davidii
Crimson Bottlebrush	itrinus
Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)	patica
Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen	
Ceratostigma plumbagir	
Chrysanthemum nippo	
Coreopsis (Calliopsis); Early Sunrise, Moonbeam	
Lucifer	
Cooperi Pink	
Larkspur; Blue Elf	
Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'	
Cheddar Pink	
Coneflower, Purple; Magnus	
Weeping Forsythia	
Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'	
•	a spp. a spp.
Gentian	
Cranesbill	
Baby's Breath	
Sunrose	•
Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love	
\cdot .	
Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom	
Mallow; Disco Belle White	
Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)	_
Hosta, 'Searsucker'	
Houttuynia cordata var. var.	~
Bigleaf Hydrangea	
Inula en	
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong	
Siberian Iris; Cabernet	
Parsoni	vurica
Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora	
Weeping LantanaLantana montevio	
Lavender; MunsteadLavende	
Edelweiss Leontopodium al	oinum
Chinese Privet; Variegata Ligustrum si	nense

Lily, Jazz	Lilium spp.
Liriope, Variegated	Liriope muscari var. variegata
Liriope, Creeping.	Liriope spicata
Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink	Lobelia cardinalis
Burgundy	
Loosestrife; Modern Pink	Lythrum spp.
Yaku Jima, Silberfeder**	Miscanthus sinensis
Evening Primrose	Oenothera missourensis
Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide	
Tree Peony	Paeonia suffruticosa
Fountain Grass (Dwarf)**	Pennisetum setaceum
	Perovskia atriplicifolia
Dragonhead, False; Vivid	
Oak, Shumard's Red44	
Yedda Hawthorne	
'Delaware Valley White'	. Rhododendron (including Azalea)
'Flame Creeper'	•
'Girard Crimson'	
'Girard Crimson' 'George L. Tabor'	
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo'	
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum	• •
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum	Saxifraga spp.
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum	Saxifraga spp.
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum	
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome	
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop; Lidakense	
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome	
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower. Stonecrop; Lidakense. Stonecrop. Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood. Spirea: Anthony Waterer. Australian Brushcherry.	Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzygium paniculatum
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower. Stonecrop; Lidakense. Stonecrop. Stonecrop: Dragon's Blood. Spirea: Anthony Waterer. Australian Brushcherry. Germander.	Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzygium paniculatum Teucrium spp.
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop; Lidakense Stonecrop Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry Germander Meadow Rue	Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzygium paniculatum Teucrium spp. Thalictrum dipterocarpum
'George L. Tabor' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum. Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower. Stonecrop; Lidakense. Stonecrop. Stonecrop: Dragon's Blood. Spirea: Anthony Waterer. Australian Brushcherry. Germander.	Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzygium paniculatum Teucrium spp. Thalictrum dipterocarpum

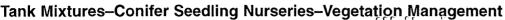
^{*}Not for use on container or field grown ornamentals.
** Landscape ornamentals only.



CONIFER AND HARDWOOD SEEDLING NURSERIES (NON-ORNAMENTAL, FORESTRY USE ONLY)-VEGETATION MANAGEMENT-QUALI-PROPROPIAMINE 65 WDG

- 1. Provides residual preemergence weed control in conifercand hardwood seedling nurseries.
- 2. Provides the most effective weed control when the product is activated in the soil by 0.5 inch of irrigation or rainfall before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days after application.
- 3. Should be applied to conifer and hardwood seedling nurseries any time after the soil has settled around newly transplanted seedlings and liners.

	APPLICA	TION RATE		COMMENTS/INSTRUCTIONS		
SITE	Lbs./A	Oz./1000 sq.ft	TIMING			
Conifer and Hardwood Seedling Nurseries	1.0-2.3	0.37-0.84	Apply in fall or spring before weed seeds germinate or after weeds are removed.	Use higher rate range for longer control. More than one application per year is permitted, but do not apply more than 2.3 lbs./A per year.		
Southern Pine Seedbeds	0.75		Just after seeding and/or a minimum of 3 weeks after most seedlings have shed their seedcoat.	To assist in the establishment of Southern pine seedbeds, apply this product preemergence just after seeding pines. Application after emergence of pine seedlings should not occur until 3 weeks after most seedlings have shed their seedcoat		
Hardwood, Seedbeds: Oak (<i>Quercus</i> spp.), Sweetgum, Green Ash	0.75-1.5		When seedlings are at least 6 weeks old (from time of 50% germination).	Use higher rate for longer control and when higher weed pressure is anticipated. The lower rate will provide 2 to 3 months of weed control. Broadcast to beds and apply approximately 1/2 inch of sprinkler irrigation afterwards.		



Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides listed on this label to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control femerged weeds. Tank mixes with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG are for use only in states where the tank mix partner, application site, and intended use pattern are registered.

Follow the label of the tank mix partner for application rates, timing, weeds controlled, tolerant ornamentals, and specific use precautions and/or restrictions. Before combining the tank mix partner in the spray tank, test compatibility by mixing the products in small container. See the **COMPATIBILITY TEST** section.

Tank Mixing and Application-Vegetation Management

Tank Mix Partner for Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG-Conifer Seedling Nurseries

PRODUCT	PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS
Goal®, Galigan® (use on	Mix with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG for postemergence
conifers only)	control of certain broadleaf weeds including malva and filaree.

VEGETATION MANAGEMENT (NON-CROP AREAS)

- May be applied in soil surfaces for preemergence control of many grass and broadleaf weeds.
- Is most effective when activated by at least 0.5 inch rainfall or irrigation or shallow incorporation before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days after application.

	APPLICA	TION RATE		COMMENTS/	
SITE	LBS./A OZ./1000 SQ.FT		TIMING	INSTRUCTIONS	
Non-crop areas including ornamentals on or surrounding managed rights-of-way for transportation systems and utilities (including roadways, roadsides, railways, and equipment yards), facilities including substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas, and ungrazed fence rows	1.0-2.3	0.36-0.83	Before weed seeds germinate	Use higher rate for longer control. This product may be applied more than once per year, but do not apply more than 2.3 lbs./A per year.	



Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds or brush. Tank mixes with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG are for use only in states where the tank mix partner(s) are registered for the application site.

Tank Mix Partners with Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG-Vegetation Management

PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
Touchdown® Pro (and glyphosate-based products¹) Gramoxone®, Reward®, Predict®, Princep®, Vanquish®, diuron-based products¹, Finale®, Gallery, Garlon®, Goal®, Krovar® I and II, Oust®, Arsenal®, Spike™, and Telar®	Follow the label(s) of the tank mix partner(s) for application rates, timing, weeds controlled, tolerant ornamentals, and specific use precautions and/or restrictions. Do not mix Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG with any product whose label prohibits mixing with another pesticide.

¹ Products with this chemical as the active ingredient and which are labeled for the same use may be used.

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS-OVERHEAD SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION Use Precautions

- 1. Apply this product only through an overhead sprinkler irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- 2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- 3. To avoid injury to foliage, make sure foliage is sufficiently wet before application or adequate irrigation is applied after application.
- 4. If sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable weed control may result.
- 5. If sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, injury to leatherleaf ferns may result.
- 6. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to public water systems unless pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 7. If necessary, a person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or someone under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments.

42/45

Operation Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum telef valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoidoperated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Prepare a mixture with a minimum of 20 parts of water to 1 part Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG and inject this herbicide suspension mixture into the overhead system. Injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture per hour will usually provide more accurate calibration of metering equipment. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the herbicide in suspension.
- 9. Before injecting Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG into the system, run the irrigation system long enough to wet the foliage, then inject Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG suspension mixture in the pesticide supply tank (see number 8 above) in 1 inch of irrigation water. After the application is complete, continue the irrigation until all residues are washed off the foliage.

Application Precautions

To reduce injury potential:

- Direct application of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG to rapidly growing tissue or buds may injure desirable plants. Do not make over-the-top application of Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG until after newly formed tissue has hardened off.
- 2. Immediately wash Quali-Pro Prodiamine 65 WDG from plant surfaces onto soil.
- 3. Do not apply to newly transplanted ferns until after the plants are established and begin to grow.

Weeds controlled COMMON NAME Florida Betony	 Oxalis pes-caprae
Common Vetch	
Weeds suppressed COMMON NAME Wandering Jew	 SCIENTIFIC NAME Zebrian pendual

FOR CONTROL OF CERTAIN WEEDS ON DRAINAGE DITCHES IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA ONLY

Irrigation, Drainage Ditches, Spreading Grounds, Channels, Canals, and Similar Sites: Apply 1.0 to 2.3 lbs. per acre for preemergent control of shallow germinating annual grasses and small seeded broadleaf weeds. Prodiamine 65WG inhibits growth and development of newly germinated weed seeds. It will not control established vegetation. Higher rates of application provide for a longer control period. Sequential applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application of 2.3 lbs. per acre. Apply only when water is not present. For irrigation ditches, apply when ditch is not in use. To minimize movement of Prodiamine 65WG with irrigation water and to activate product, it is essential that the herbicide be fixed in the soil by moisture. Apply before expected seasonal rainfall (if possible when soil in the ditch is still moist). Following treatment, if rainfall has not totaled at least one-half inch within 14 to 21 days, fill ditch with water and allow to stand for 48 hours; drain off any remaining water before using ditch.

Wastewater Treatment Facilities (Levees)

Apply 1.0 to 2.3 lbs. per acre for preemergent control of shallow germinating annual grasses and small seeded broadleaf weeds. Use the higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application of 2.3 lbs. per acre. Applications may be made down to the water level. Do not apply to the water. Care must be taken not to allow overspray of the water or drift into the water.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage စုံး diခြာဝဲခွဲဆြင့်

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or foodstuffs. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (flexible-bag-all weights): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-fifty lbs. or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than fifty lbs.): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with prodiamine only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following **CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES**, and **LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY**.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be

followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the magner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

Finale® - Bayer CropScience Galigan® - Agan Chemical Manufacturers, Ltd. Gallery®, Goal®, - Dow AgroSciences Pennant®, Princep®, Touchdown® - Syngenta Group Company

Quali-Pro® is a registered trademark of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.

NEXT

LABEL



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

SEP 2 9 2009

Ms. Christie Hitchcock Product Registration MANA, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

SUBJECT:

Application for Pesticide Notification PRN 98-10

Request Alternate Brand Name "Prime One Prodiamine 65 WDG"

EPA Reg. No. 66222-89

Application Dated August 24, 2009

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 08/24/09 for the above product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249 or Owen F. Beeder of my staff at 703-308-8899.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

1. Company/Product Number	2. EPA P	e - Sect	√ ion	Reg Am Oth	istra endn	tion nent	OPP Identifier Number			
66222-89 4. Company/Product (Name)				PM# 25					None Restricted	
Prodiamine 65 WG				Registration Support Branch						
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609 Check if this is a new address			:	6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No.						
			Sect	ion - II	t Name _					
Amendment - Explain be	se to Agency letter	dated		- 🔲	Final printed Agency lette "Me Too" A Other - Expl	er date pplica	ed ition.	psonse	NOTI	FICATION 2 9 2009
Notification of Alternate Brand N This notification is consistent wit labeling or the confidential state EPA. I further understand that if	Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Notification of Alternate Brand Name: PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.									
1. Material This Product Will Be	Packaged In:		Secti	on - III						
Child-Resistant Packaging U Yes No	nit Packaging Yes No "Yes" nit Packaging wgt.	No. per conteiner 4. Size(s) Re	If "Yes" Package	wgt	No. per container	5 Jan			Ontainer Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (S	
r i r i	tainer	Lithoo	ıraph		Other	5. LOC		OI LADE	ii Directio	
		Stenc	glued iled					<u>-</u> :		UCCE
10	. Parado balanda	- 1-1		on - IV		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		C C C
1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this applice tion?) Name Christie Hitchcock Title Regulatory Specialist 919-256-9342 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °					No. (Include Area Code)					
I certify that the statemer I acknowledge that any k both under applicable law	nowlinglly false or n		all attachn					nd coirí		6. Date Application Secesived (Stamped)
2. Signature Christie flits	twok		3. Title Regulator	y Specialis	t					
4. Typed Name Christie Hitchcock			5. Date	08-2	4-09					



August 24, 2009

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504-P)
US Environmental Protection Agency
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, DC 20460

Re: Notification of Alternate Brand Name

Prodiamine 65 WG - EPA Reg. No. 66222-89

To Whom It May Concern:

Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is submitting a notification of an alternate brand name for the product referenced above. We are marketing the product under the name: **PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG.**

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- One copy of final printed labeling

ristic Hilstrook

NOTIFICATION OF ALTERNATE BRAND NAME. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Thank you for your help with this request. Please contact me by phone at 919-256-9342 or by email at chitchcock@manainc.com should you have questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Christie Hitchcock Regulatory Specialist

Enclosures

PULL HERE TO OPEN 🗠



e 65V Herbicide

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for

15-20 minutes.

IF IN EYES:

TIRST AID

	.:			IF ON SKIN OR	CLOTHING:
ACHUE MENEDENE: % by Weight	Prodiamine (CAS No. 29091-21-2) 65.0%	INERT INGREDIENTS: 35.0%	TOTAL 100 0%		

EPA REG. NO. 66222-89

KIED OF OF THE STATE OF THE STA OF CALL UMEN

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then

Move person to fresh air.

IF INHALED

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20

Take off contaminated clothing.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5

minutes; then continue rinsing eye.

give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if:

Call a poison control center or doctor for further

freatment advice.

For additional precautionary, handling, and use statements, see inside of this booklet.

EPA 051104/Notif 072308/Rev B

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control center or doctor or going for treatment.

For medical emergencies involving this product, call Prosar at 1-877-250-9291.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poiso

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person,

control center or doctor,

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for

IF SWALLOWED:

Manufactured for Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. • 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 • Raleigh, NC 27509

Net Contents: 5 Founds

-Letier(s) in lot number correspond(s) to superscript

EPA Est, No. 37429-GA-00187, 37429-GA-0028

■ PF-32310-3



Prodiamine 65WDG

Herbicide

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: % by Weight
Prodiamine (CAS No. 29091-21-2) ... 65.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 35.0%
TOTAL: 100.0%

EPA REG. NO. 66222-89

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

For additional precautionary, handling, and use statements, see inside of this booklet.

13009

EPA 051104/Notif 072308/Rev B

	FIRST ALD
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF SWALLOWED:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison

For medical emergencies involving this product, call Prosar at 1-877-250-

control center or doctor or going for treatment.

Manufactured for Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. • 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 \$ Raleigh, NC 27609

JOB #37520

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For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries
- container, field-grown, and landscape ornamentals
- · established perennials and wildflower plantings
- · Christmas tree farms

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) WPS USES:

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general, agricultural-plant uses are covered – must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as butyl rubber >14 mils, neoprene rubber >14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils. (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart if you want other options.)
- Shoes plus socks

Mixers and loaders must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as butyl rubber >14 mils, neoprene rubber >14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils. (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart if you want other options.)
- · Shoes plus socks

NON-WPS USES:

Mixers and loaders who handle this product for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general, only agricultural-plant uses are covered by the WPS – must wear:

 Chemical-resistant gloves such as butyl rubber >14 mils, neoprene rubber >14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils. (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart if you want other options.)

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS:

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- After handling this product, immediately wash the outside of gloves before removing them; then remove gloves and all other PPE. Immediately wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

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ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish; however, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restrictedentry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

(continued)

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If this product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- · Shoes plus socks

GENERAL INFORMATION

WHERE TO USE

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turfgrass (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries
- Container, field-grown, and landscape ornamentals
- Established perennial and wildflower plantings
- · Christmas tree farms

HOW PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG WORKS

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG controls susceptible weeds by preventing growth and development of newly germinated weed seeds. Weed control is most effective when PrimeraOn6° Prodiamine 65 WDG is activated by at least 0.5° inch of rainfall or irrigation or shellow incorporation (1 – 2 inches) before weed seeds germinate and within 14 that seeds following application.

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USE PRECAUTIONS

- DO NOT graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG
- DO NOT apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to plants that will be consumed for food use.
- Follow all applicable directions, restrictions, and precautions on the labels of EPA-registered tank mix partners.
- DO NOT blend PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG onto dry fertilizer or any other granular material.
- Chemigation Statement: DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless instructed otherwise in this label.
- · DO NOT apply aerially.
- DO NOT apply to golf course putting greens.

NEW PLANTINGS, REPLANTING, AND ROTATIONAL PLANTINGS

Nursery, landscape, or non-crop land areas treated with PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG should be rotated only to ornamental species listed on this label for 1 year following application unless the following test has shown species safety:

Before planting a species not listed on this label, it is recommended that several test strips of an indicator plant such as wheat, sorghum, or corn be sown into the treated area. If the indicator plants germinate and grow normally to a height of 12 inches with normal root development, it is safe to plant.

In areas disturbed by new plantings or replanting of labeled species, it may be necessary to re-treat exposed soil to maintain satisfactory weed control.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

MIXING AND APPLICATION PROCEDURES

MIXING

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG must be mixed thoroughly in the spray tank to ensure uniform application. Follow these steps:

- Fill the spray tank 1/4 full with clean water or fluid fertilizer only.
- Start agitation and check to ensure it is working properly.
- Add PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG directly into the tank.
- Add the rest of the carrier to obtain the final spray volume.
- A spray colorant may be used with PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to mark areas as they are treated. This will improve application accuracy by minimizing swath skips and overlaps.
- Maintain vigorous agitation in the spray tank before and during the application. This will ensure a well mixed spray suspension.
- DO NOT allow spray suspension to dry in the tank. Thoroughly clean the sprayer after use by flushing the system with water containing a detergent. Refer to the Pesticide Disposal section of this label for waste disposal.

TANK MIXING PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with certain other EPA-registered herbicides to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Refer to the specific directions for use for tank mix partners and consult the label(s) of the individual tank mix partner(s) for use rate, application timing, weeds controlled, and specific precautions and/or restrictions. Tank mixes are permitted only in states where the tank mix partner(s) area registered for the application site and the turf and ornamental species listed. When PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG in a tanke mixture with other pesticides, observe the most restrictive label limitations and precautions on the labels of the products used. *******

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Before tank mixing with other pesticides not named on this label, compatibility must be tested. See the **Compatibility Test** section below.

COMPATIBILITY TEST

Before mixing PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG with other pesticides in the spray tank, test the compatibility by mixing all components (carrier and pesticide products) in a small container in proportionate quantities. For example, a 1 qt. jar would be 1/100 the volume of a 25 gal./acre spray rate. At 1 lb./acre, the PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG rate would be proportional to 4.5 g per quart. Add approximately 1.5 teaspoons to a qt. of water. Calculate amounts for other products based on rate per acre. An approximate volume would be 1.5 teaspoons for each lb./acre of a dry formulation and 0.5 teaspoons for each pt./acre of a liquid formulation. (See following table).

AMOUNT OF COMPONENT TO ADD TO ONE QUART JAR OF SPRAY CARRIER (Assuming Carrier Volume of 25 gals./Acre)

Components Formulations	Rate per Acre	Rate per 1,000 sq. ft.	Level Teaspoons
PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG	1.0 lb.	0.4 oz.	1.5
Dry Tank Mix Partners	1.0 lb.	0.4 oz.	1.5
Liquid Tank Mix Partners	1.0 pt.	0.4 oz.	0.5

If components **DO NOT** ball up or form flakes, sludge, gels, oily films, or layers, then the mixture is compatible. Incompatibility will usually occur within 5 minutes after mixing. If the components are not compatible, a compatibility agent must be added to the tank mixture. Rerun the test to determine if the mixture is suitable after addition of the compatibility agent. If components are still not compatible, **DO NOT** tank mix.

MIXING ORDER FOR TANK MIXTURES

Notes: 1. When mixing PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG with other components (carrier and partner pesticide products), allow products to completely dissolve between steps. This is key when tank mixing with ester formulations. 2. Maintain agitation throughout mixing and application of the mixture.

Add the products to the spray tank in the following order:

- Add products packaged in water-soluble bags first. Agitate the tank mixture. Allow the watersoluble bags to completely dissolve and the product to disperse before adding any other tank mix partner.
- Then add water-dispersible granules (WDG or WG formulations) and wettable powders (WP formulations). Add wettable powders to the tank as agitation continues. Allow the product to disperse completely before other products are added.
- Add spray adjuvants and spray markers. Read the adjuvant's label first and use only those adjuvants approved for application to turf and ornamentals.
- 4. Add flowable liquids (FL) or suspension concentrates (SC).
- 5. Add emulsifiable concentrates (EC) last.

APPLICATION

Apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG in a minimum of 20 gals./acre (0.5 gal./1,000 sq. ft.) of carrier (water and/or fluid fertilizer) using a calibrated, low-pressure sprayer with 50 mesh or coarser screens. A broadcast boom or handheld wand designed for herbicide or insecticide application will provide the best results. Select nozzle pressure and gallonage to provide complete coverage.

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SPECIAL USE DIRECTIONS ESTABLISHED TURF

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG is a preemergence herbicide that when properly applied will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turfgrasses including:

- golf courses excluding putting greens
- lawns
- sod nurseries

The maximum amount of PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG that may be applied per year is given for each turfgrass species in the **Annual Use Rates – Turfgrass** section of this label.

For optimum weed control, PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG should be activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES Approximate Date



Use Precautions - Turfgrass

- DO NOT apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- DO NOT harvest treated sod within 90 days of application. To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply to newly set sod until the sod has rooted and exposed edges have filled in.
- To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to turf stressed by conditions such as drought, low fertility, or pest damage.

- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- DO NOT apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to golf course putting greens.
- 6. If the depth of the creeping bentgrass root system becomes shallow and root tips contact prodiamine-treated soil, new root formation may be inhibited. Mowing height can affect the depth of a plant's root system. To avoid this, do not apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to creeping bentgrass less than 0.5 inch in height.

Application Timing and Rate - Turfgrass

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications should be made before target weeds germinate. PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG will not control weeds that have already emerged.

The amount of PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to apply is based upon:

- the length of weed control desired (the higher the application rate, the longer the control) (see Figure 1);
- 2. the turf species; and
- 3. the maximum amount which can be applied to the turf species per calendar year (see Table 1).

Figure 1: Length of Crabgrass Control*



*Length of control varies by region. This table is an average for planning purpose

Annual Use Rates – Turfgrass

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDQ can be applied to the turfgrass species listed in the following table. **DO NOT** apply more than the highest rate listed for each species in a calendar year.

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TABLE 1: MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATE PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG
Per Calendar Year by Turfgrass Species 1

TURF SPECIES	LBS. OF PRODUCT / ACRE	OZ. OF PRODUCT / 1,000 SQ. FT.
Bermudagrass ² Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Kikuyugrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass ³ Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysiagrass	1.0 – 2.301	0.36 – 0.83
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	0.5 – 1.501	0.185 — 0.55
Fine Fescue	0.5 - 1.15¹	0.185 - 0.42
Creeping Bentgrass (0.5 inches or more in height) 4	0.5 – 1.00 1	0.185 - 0.37

¹ PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied more than once a year as long as the total amount applied is not greater than the maximum application rate per calendar year for the turf species. All applications must be made before weed seeds germinate.

² May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 0.80 lb./A (0.30 oz./1,000 sq. ft.). Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded.

 3 Use an initial rate of 0.75 – 1.5 lbs./acre (0.28 – 0.55 oz./1000 sq. ft.) per application.

⁴ To avoid grass injury, do not apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG to creeping bentgrass mowed at less than 0.5 inch in height.

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Weeds Controlled (Turf, Ornamentals)
When used as directed in this label, PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG will control the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass	Henbit ²	Purslane, Common
Bluegrass, Annual (<i>Poa annua</i>)¹	Itchgrass	Pusley, Florida
Carpetweed	Johnsongrass (from seed)	Rescuegrass ⁴
Chickweed, Common ²	Junglerice	Shepherdspurse ²
Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)	Knotweed ²	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Crabgrass (Large, Smooth)3	Kochia	Speedwell, Persian
Crowfootgrass	Lambsquarters, Common	Sprangletop
Cupgrass, Woolly	Lovegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
Foxtails, Annual	Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
Goosegrass⁵	Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

- In areas where Poa annua is a winter annual, apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG (see Table 1) in August or September to established, non-overseeded turf before Poa annua seeds germinate. These timings are approximate. Consult State Extension Service for more specific timing for your area. Also see the section of this label "Poa Annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass."
- ² To control this weed, apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG in late summer, fall, or winter before weed seeds germinate.
- ³ Fall Applications for Spring Crabgrass Control in Cool-Season Grasses: In those areas where the ground freezes in the winter, PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG can be applied in the fall at rates of 1.0 1.15 lbs./acre after the soil temperature falls below 50°F but before the ground freezes. This application will control crabgrass the following spring.
- 4 Suppression only.
- In many areas, a single application of 1.0 2.3 lbs./acre of PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, the most effective control may be maintained by making a "split application" (i.e., two applications) that does not exceed the maximum application rate per calendar year for the turfgrass; species.

WHEN TO APPLY PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG is applied before the secondary roots of seedlings are in the second inch of soil (not thatch plus soil). To reduce the potential to injure overseeded turf, wait 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer, before applying PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG.

When to Overseed After Application (All States)* – PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG will inhibit the development of turfgrass species overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding / reseeding results.

* Note: See exceptions for "Poa annua control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass" below.

AMOUNT OF PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG	INTERVAL (MONTHS) BEFORE OVERSEEDING*		
Lbs. of Product / Acre	North	Transition	South
0.75	4	4	4
1.00	5	4	4
1.15	6	5	5
1.25		6	6
1.50		7	7
1.75		_	9
2.00	-	_	10
2.30	_	_	12

Poa annua control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (Arizona, California, Nevada, and Texas only) Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seeding rate of 350 lbs./A).

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HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY

AMOUNT TO APPLY	WHEN TO APPLY	EXPECTED CONTROL	USE PRECAUTIONS
0.58 - 1.0 lb./acre	6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding second application: 4 to 8 weeks after overseeding or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil	1 application for 70% or greater control of Poa annua second application may enhance control	Some seedling mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur. To reduce the potential for seedling mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed a total of 1.3 lbs./acre per year. DO NOT make a second application of any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application. DO NOT make a second application unless the product was circum and tender of t

Poa annua control in Perennial Ryegrass Overseedings (Alabama, Louisiana, Georgia, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Tennessee Only)

Use this product on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) when overseeding with perennial ryegrass only (minimum seeding rate of 350 lbs./A).

HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY

AMOUNT TO APPLY	WHEN TO APPLY	EXPECTED CONTROL	USE PRECAUTIONS
0.58 – 1.0 lb./acre	8 to 10 weeks before ryegrass overseeding	70% or greater	Some seedling mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur. To reduce the potential for seedling mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. To maximize seedling establishment, use lower rate and/or the maximum time interval before overseeding. To maximize <i>Poa annua</i> control, use higher rate and shorter time interval before overseeding.

CONTAINER, FIELD-GROWN, AND LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREE FARMS)

Application Timing and Information

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG:

- 1. Will not control emerged weeds.
- May be applied to newly-transplanted and established ornamentals as broadcast or overthe-top spray.
- Is most effective when applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch.
- 4. Is most effective when the product is activated in the soil before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days after application.
- 5. Is activated when the treated area receives at least 0.5 inch of irrigation or rainfall or shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation.

Use Precautions

To reduce injury potential:

- 1. In the spring when buds are rapidly growing and expanding, over-the-top application of PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may temporarily injure new growth of desirable plants. To reduce the possibility of injury at this time, wait to apply PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG over the top of newly emerged vegetation until it has hardened off unless experience indicates that the ornamental plant will not be injured by the over-the-top application.
- 2. After application (immediately for deciduous plants) apply overhead irrigation to wash PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG from plant surfaces onto soil (watering plants before application may improve the washing process).

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Application Sites and Instructions

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Site	Application Instructions
Newly-Transplanted Container or Field Nursery Stock	Delay application until soil has settled around transplants. Water transplants thoroughly before application. Apply after cuttings form roots and are established. To avoid inhibition of the tissue union, apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken.
Established Container, Field Nursery Stock or Landscape Plants	Apply at any time as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed spray.
Landscape (or Ornamental) Plantings	Apply as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed spray. Delay application to newly-transplanted ornamentals until soil has settled around transplants.
Bare Ground Application for Container Placement	Apply to soil (including mulch, gravel, wood chips, or other permeable base) upon which containerized ornamentals are placed. After PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG is applied, perform shallow cultivation or hand weeding only to avoid disturbing the herbicide barrier.
In Shadehouses and Uncovered Polyhouses	After PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG is applied, uncovered polyhouses must remain open for at least 7 days, and ornamentals must receive 2 irrigations totaling at least 1/2 inch of water.
Ornamental Bulbs and Perennial Wildflower Plantings	PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied to bulbs or perennial wildflower species listed in the section "Tolerant Ornamental Species." Apply before or after bulbs emerge but before bulbs bloom and weeds emerge. In wildflowers, a postemergence herbicide labeled for wildflowers may be needed to control weeds that have already emerged.

HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO APPLY – (Container, Field-Grown and Landscape Ornamentals)

Amount to Apply (Broad- cast)*	When to Apply	Comments/Instructions
1.0 – 2.3 lbs./acre or 0.37 – 0.83 oz./1,000 sq. ft.	In the fall or spring before weeds germinate or after weeds are removed.	Use the higher rate for longer control. PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied more than once per year as long aso the total amount of product applied does not exceed 2.3 lbs./acre per year.

* Note: For band application calculate amount per acre:

Band width in inches x broadcast rate = amount to apply per acre of field Row width in inches

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EQUIVALENT MEASUREMENTS FOR PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG

lbs./ acre	oz./1,000 sq. ft.	Approximate Equivalent – Tablespoons/1,000 sq. ft.
1.0	0.37	1
1.5	0.55	1.5
2.0	0.74	2
2.3	0.83	2.25

Tank Mixtures For Use on Container, Field-Grown, and Landscape Ornamentals

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides listed on this label to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Tank mixes with PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG are for use only in states where the tank mix partner(s), application site, and intended use pattern are registered.

Follow the label(s) of the tank mix partner(s) for application rates, timing, weeds controlled, tolerant ornamentals, and specific use precautions and/or restrictions. Before mixing pesticides in the spray tank, test compatibility by mixing the products in a small container first. See the **Compatibility Test** section of this label.

Tank Mix Partners for PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG on Ornamentals

Product	Precautions/Instructions
Goal® or Galigan® (use on conifers only)	Mix with PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG for postemergence con- trol of certain broadleaf weeds including malva and filaree.
Gallery®, Princep®, Pennant®	See product labels for weed spectrum and tolerant ornamentals.

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Tank Mix Partners for PRIMERAONE PRODIAMINE 65 WDG on Ornamentals (continued)

Product	Precautions/Instructions
Touchdown® Pro (or other glyphosate- based products), and Finale®	These nonselective tank mix herbicides control most emerged annual broadleaves and grasses. Take extreme care to prevent tank mixtures with these products from contacting the foliage and stems of turfgrass, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation because desirable vegetation may be severely injured or killed. Apply these tank mixtures as a directed spray and use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage of desirable plants. Following instructions on the tank mix partner's label, delay irrigation of the treated area to allow time for the herbicide to be absorbed by weed foliage.

Tolerant Ornamental Species – Container, Field-Grown, and Landscape Ornamentals

PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below in Table 2 are tolerant to PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG. PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG is approved for application, except in CA, to the species in Table 3. PrimeraOne Prodiamine 65 WDG may be applied over the top of the listed species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage), some cultivars of listed oplants may be sensitive to Primera Crac of Prodiamine 65 WDG.

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TABLE 2 – Tolerant Ornamental Species – Container, Field-Grown, and Landscape (All States)				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name	
Fir species**	<i>Abies</i> spp.	Greenstem Forsythia	Forsythia viridissima	
(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)		Gardenia, Cape –	Gardenia jasminoides	
Japanese Maple	Acer palmatum	Jasmine		
Norway Maple***	Acer platanoides	Gladiolus species**	Gladiolus spp.	
Kiwi*	Actinidia chinensis	English Ivy	Hedera helix	
Lily-of-the-Nile	Agapanthus africanus	Rose of Sharon**	Hibiscus	
(African Lily)		Chinese Hibiscus**	Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis	
Vine Hill Manzanita	Arctostaphylos densiflora	Chinese Holly**	llex cornuta	
Cape Weed	Arctotheca calendula	Japanese Holly	llex crenata	
Japanese Aucuba	Aucuba japonica	American Holly	llex opaca	
Barberry	Berberis gladwynensis	Holly	llex pernyi	
Wintergreen Barberry	Berberis julianae	Yaupon Holly	Ilex vomitoria	
Mentor Barberry	Berberis mentorensis	Iris species**	<i>Iris</i> spp.	
Japanese Barberry	Berberis thunbergii	Winter Jasmine	Jasminium nudiflorum	
Warty Barberry	Berberis verruculosa	Chinese Juniper	Juniperus chinensis	
Japanese Boxwood	Buxus microphylla	Shore Juniper	Juniperus conferta	
Weeping Bottlebrush	Callistemon viminalis	Creeping Juniper	Juniperus horizontalis	
Scotch Heather	Calluna vulgaris	Walnut*	<i>Juglans</i> spp.	
Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant		Shrimp Plant	Justicia brandegeana	
Feathery Cassia	Cassia artemisoides	Crape Myrtle	Lagerstromia indica	
Wild Lilac	Ceanothus rigidus	Amur Privet	Ligustrum amurense	
False Cypress	Chamaecyparis pisifera	Japanese Privet	Ligustrum japonicum	
Cleyera	Cleyera japonica	Glossy Privet (wax-leaf)	Ligustrum lucidum	
Citrus species*	Citrus spp.*	Big Blue Lillyturf	Liriope muscari	
Flowering Dogwood	Cornus florida	Japanese Honeysuckle	Lonicera japonica	
American Dogwood	Cornus stolonifera	Tatarian Honeysuckle	Lonicera tatarica	
Pampas Grass	Cortaderia selloana	Magnolia species**	<i>Magnolia</i> spp.	
Cranberry Cotoneaster	•	Ice Plant	Maleophora luteola	
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster buxifolius	Crabapple*	<i>Malus</i> spp.	
Bearberry Cotoneaster		Heavenly Bamboo	Nandina domestica	
Rockspray	Cotoneaster microphyllus	Narcissus species**	<i>Narcissus</i> spp.	
Cotoneaster		Oleander	Nerium spp.	
Hawthorne	<i>Crataegus</i> spp.	Olive*	Olea europaea	
Italian Cypress	Cupressus sempervirens	Mondo Grass**	Ophiopogon japonicus	
White Trailing Ice Plant			steospermum fruticosum	
Hop Bush	Dodonea viscosa	Daisy	eeec	
Silverberry	Elaeagnus pungens	Sourwood	Oxydendrum arboreum c	
Wintercreeper	Euonymus fortunei	Avocado*	Porcos americans	
Japanese Spindle Tree	Euonymus japonica	Frasier's Photinia (Redtip	o) Photinia frascric	
(Evergreen Euonymus)		Spruce species**	Picea spp. ay, etc. Pieris japenica	
Spreading Euonymus	Euonymus kiautschovica	(Colorado Blue, Norwa	ay, etc. 👸 👸 👸 👸 👸	
Japanese Aralia	Fatsia japonica			
Border Forsythia	Forsythia intermedia	Calabrian Pine	ั๊ ั๊ ั๊ ั๊ Finus brutia ั	
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Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientific Name
Canary Island Pine	Pinus canariensis	Lady Bank's Rose	Rosa banksiae
Slash Pine	Pinus elliottii	Rosemary*	Rosmarinus officinalis
Aleppo Pine	Pinus halepensis	Leatherleaf Fern	Rumohra adiantiformis
Austrian Black Pine	Pinus nigra		Santolina virens
Longleaf Pine	Pinus palustrus	Stonecrop	Sedum album
Monterey Pine	Pinus radiata	Japanese Boxcherry	Syzygium paniculatum
Eastern White Pine	Pinus strobus	Japanese Yew	Taxus cuspidata
Scotch Pine	Pinus sylvestris	Yew	Taxus media
Loblolly Pine	Pinus taeda	American Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis
Japanese Black Pine	Pinus thunbergiana	Star Jasmine	Trachelospermum asiatum
Virginia Pine	Pinus virginiana	Canada Hemlock	Tsuga canadensis
Pistachio*	<i>Pistacia</i> spp.	Tulip species	<i>Tulipa</i> spp.
Queensland	Pittosporum rhombifolium	Japanese Viburnum	Viburnum japonicum
Pittosporum		Sweet Viburnum	Viburnum odoratissimum
Japanese Pittosporum		Japanese Snowball	Viburnum plicatum
Japanese Yew	Podocarpus macrophyllus	Canary Island Viburnu	
English Laurel	Prunus laurocerasus	Laurustinus	Viburnum tinus
Almond, Apricot,	<i>Prunus</i> spp.	Cranberry Bush '	Viburnum trilobium
Nectarine, Peach,		Leatherleaf Viburnum	Viburnum wrightii
Plum, and Prune*		Vinca	Vinca major
Douglas Fir***	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Dwarf Periwinkle	Vinca minor
Firethorn, Scarlet	Pyracantha coccinea	Grape*	Vitis spp.
Firethorn, Chinese	Pyracantha fortuneana	Old Fashioned Weigela	_
Firethorn, Formosa	Pyracantha koidzumii	Spanish Bayonet	Yucca aloifolia
Bradford Pear spp.	Pyrus spp.	Yucca, Adam's Needle	Yucca filamentosa
Oak species	Quercus rubra	*DO NOT use on food-	-producing trees, vines, or
Indian Hawthorne	Raphiolepsis indica	plants.	
'Coral Bells'	Rhododendron	**Not for use on container-grown plants.	
'Formosa'	(including	***Landscape ornamentals only.	
'Hino-crimson'	Azalea)		
'PJM'			
'Roseum Elegans'			

TABLE 3 – Tolerant Ornamental Species Container, Field-Grown, and Landscape – (All States Except CA)

Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name	Scientifi	c Name
Abelia: Sherwood	Abelia grandiflora	Wormwood; Silver	Artemi	<i>isia</i> spp.
Yarrow: King Edward	<i>Achillea</i> spp.	Mound, Castle		6666
A	gapanthus orientalis	Aster: Bonny Blue,	As	ster°sກຸູິ
Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine	Akebia quintata	Purple Dome	Aster X	frikartiį 🧧
Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion	Allium cernuum	Lady Fern; Fern Lady	Athyrium filix	c-fefnifia ເ
Japanese Anemone	Anemone hybrida	Fibrous Begonia:	. c.c.cRego.	<i>nia</i> spp。
Aquilegia: Red and Gold	Aquilegia spp.	Hardy Grandis	Bergenla c	
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Common Name	Scientific Name	Common Name Scientific Name
Snowbank	Boltonia asteroides	Crape Myrtle; Lagerstromia indica X fauriei
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spp.	Tuscarora
Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf	Blue); Buddleia davidii	Weeping Lantana Lantana montevidensis
Royal Red		Lavender; Munstead Lavender spp.
Crimson Bottlebrush	Callistemon citrínus	Edelweiss Leontopodium alpinum
Tussock Bellflower;	Campanula carpatica	Chinese Privet; Variegata Ligustrum sinense
(White Clips)		Lily; Jazz Lilium spp.
Trumpet Creeper,	Campis X tagliabuana	Liriope, Liriope muscari var. variegata
Trumpet Flower,	Ceratostigma	Variegated
Madame Galen	plumbaginoides	Liriope, Creeping Liriope spicata
	hrysanthemum nipponicum	Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Lobelia cardinalis
Coreopsis (Calliopsis)	; Coreopsis spp.	Burgundy Loropetalum chinense
Early Sunrise,		Loosestrife; Modern Pink Lythrum spp.
Moonbeam		Yaku Jima**, Silberfeder** Miscanthus sinensis
Lucifer	Crocosmia spp.	Evening Primrose Oenothera missourensis
Cooperi Pink	D delosperma spp.	Osmanthus Osmanthus
Larkspur; Blue Elf	Delphinium spp.	(False Holly): Gulf Tide heterophyllus
Dianthus, Maiden	Dianthus deltoides	Tree Peony Paeonia suffruticosa
Pinks 'Zing'	Disable as a series and liberary	Fountain Grass (Dwarf)** Pennisetum setaceum
Cheddar Pink	Dianthus gratianopolitanus	Perovskia atriplicifolia
Coneflower, Purple;	Echinacea purpurea	Dragonhead, False; Vivid <i>Physostegia virginiana</i> Oak, Shumard's Red <i>Quercus Shumardii</i>
Magnus Weeping Forsythia	Forsythia suspensa	Oak, Shumard's Red Quercus Shumardii Yedda Hawthorne Raphiolepsis umbellata
Gaillardia, Blanket	Gaillardia spp.	Delaware Valley White Rhododendron
Flower: 'Goblin'	Gainardia spp. Gaura spp.	'Flame Creeper' (including
Gentian	Gentiana dahurica	'Girard Crimson' Azalea)
Cranesbill	Geranium cinereum	'George L. Tabor'
Baby's Breath	Gypsophila repens	'Wakeiebisu'
Sunrose	Helianthemum spp.	'White Gumpo'
Daylily: Aztec Gold,	Hemerocallis spp.	Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum Rudbeckia spp.
Stella De Oro, Tend		Saxifrage; Purple Dome Saxifraga spp.
Coral Bell; Bridget Blo		Pincushion Flower Scabiosa spp.
Mallow; Disco Belle W		Stonecrop; Lidakense Sedum cauticola
Hosta, Plantain Lily	Hosta plantaginea	Stonecrop Sedum dasyphyllum
(Fragrant)	, record promoteguites	Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Sedum spurium
Hosta, 'Searsucker'	Hosta sieboldiana	Spirea: Anthony Waterer Spiraea bumalda
	ıynia cordata var. variegata	Australian Brushcherry Syzygium paniculatum
Bigleaf Hydrangea	Hydrangea macrophylla	Germander Teucrium spp.c
3, 3	Inula ensifolia	Meadow Rue Thalictrum dipterocafpum.
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jo	dlesong Iris ensata	Veronica, Speedwell; Veronica, spp.,
Siberian Iris; Caberne		Sunny Border
Parsoni	Juniperus davurica	Arrowood Viburnum Viburnum suspensum
	•	** Not for use an container grown plants cost
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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (flexible-bag-all weights): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-fifty lbs. or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid-greater than fifty lbs.): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling. if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

(continued)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

(continued)

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with prodiamine only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

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CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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