66222-60 10/15/2003 **OPP Identifier Number** Registration United States **Environmental Protection Agency** Amendment * Weshington, DC 20480 Other Application for Pesticide - Section I 1. Company/Product Number 2. EPA Product Menager 3. Proposed Classification 66222-60 Miller None Restricted 4. Company/Product (Name) PMA Clethodim 2EC Team 23 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) 6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) Makhteshim-Agan of North America, Inc. (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling 551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1100 EPA Reg. No. New York, NY 10176 Check if this is a new address Product Name Section - II Amendment - Explain below. Final printed labels in repsonce to Agency letter deted NOTIFICATION "Me Too" Application. Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated_ OCT 15 2003 Notification - Explain below. Other - Explain below. Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.) Notification of alternate brand name: Arrow 2EC Herbicide This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 USC Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA. Section - III 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged in: 2. Type of Container Unit Packaging Water Soluble Packaging Child-Resistant Packaging Metal Yes Yes Yes Plastic No Nο Glass Paper H "Yes" If "Yes" No. per container No. per artification must Unit Peckaging wgt. Other (Specify) container Peckage wgt be submitted 5. Location of Label Directions 4. Size(s) Retail Container 3. Location of Net Contents Information on label Container 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Other Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled Section - IV 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.) Name Title Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 901-861-4400 Anne Stout Registration Specialist 6. Date Application Certification Received I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowlingily false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or (Stamped) both under applicable law. 3. Title

Manager, Regulatory Affairs

9-12-03

5. Date

4. vped Name

Andy Eimanis

OCT 1 5 2003

ARROW 2 EC

HERBICIDE

% BY WT. 5-[2-(ethylthio)propyf]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one OTHER INGREDIENTS: 73.6%

TOTAL

Contains petroleum distillate. Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR **CLOTHING:**

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:

- Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. Contains petroleum distillate.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

NET CONTENTS: 1 GALLON

EPA Reg. No. 66222-60 EPA Est. No. 5905-GA-001



Makhteshim-Agan of North America, Inc. 551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1100 New York, NY 10176

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

	Solano Grass: I Solano County California the years lakes are bounded by the Italea Bediffe Ballmad and Hastings				
	Solano Grass:	Solano County, California: the vemal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings			
		Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the			
		west.			
ì	Wild Rice:	Hays County, Texas			

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated area without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator, and/or application advisor. Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

GENERAL INFORMATION

FOR USE ON: Soybeans, Cotton, Ornamentals, Sugarbeets, Onions (dry bulbs and green), Garlic, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Alfalfa, Peanuts, Dry Beans, Sunflower, Canola, Flax, Mustard Seed, Potato, Sweet Potato, Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables), Tomatoes, Peppers (bell and non-bell), Eggplants (and other Fruiting Vegetables), Carrot, Radish, Garden Beet, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables²), Leaf Lettuce, Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables³), Mustard Greens (and other Leafy Brassica Greens⁴), Spinach, Celery, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles⁵), Cranberry, Squash (including Pumpkins), Cucumber, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons), Mint, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only), Confer Trees, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-crop or Non-planted Areas.

¹ Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tarmeric, and bean yarn.

² Other root vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret, and turnip.

4 727

Other head and stern brassica vegetables approved include: Chinese broccoli; Brussels sprouts; Chinese (Napa) cabbage; Chinese mustard; cavalo broccolo; and koh!rabi.

⁴ Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with Arrow 2EC Herbicide include: broccoli raab, cabbage, Chinese (Bok Choy), collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens, and turnip greens.

Other leaf petiole crops include: cardoon, Chinese celery, celtuce, Florence fennel, and swiss chard.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. Arrow 2 EC Herbicide does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

Repeated use of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (or similar posternergence grass herbicide with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.

If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

Do not allow Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to come in contact with desirable grass crops such as com, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

Control symptoms

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide posternergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture or cold temperatures or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide should be applied as soon as possible after an irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY Arrow 2 EC Herbicide if rainfall is expected within one hour since control may be reduced.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
Soybeans, Alfalfa, Dry Beans, Cotton, Peanuts, Sugar Beels, Sunflowers, Potatoes	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air. 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including, quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Onions (dry bulbs and green), Garlic, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Carrots, Radishes, Garden Beets, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables), Leaf Lettuce, Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables), Mustard Greens (and other Leafy Brassica Greens), Spinach, Celery, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles), Cranberries, Sweet Potatoes, Yams (and other tuberous and corm vegetables), Canola, Flax, Mustard Seed, Tomatoes, Peppers (bell and nonbell), Eggplants (and other fruiting vegetables), Strawberries, Squash (including Pumpkins), Cucumbers, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons), Mint, Clover	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise. Addition of liquid fertilizer is not recommended for these crops.

CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
Ornamental Plants, Non-Bearing Food Crops	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees , Fallow Land (and other non- producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non- Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

*Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be hose which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer com, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure, or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green) should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air application

Use a minimum of 3 gals, of spray solution per acre. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals, as grass or crop foliage becomes dense.

For onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green): When applying by air do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Note: Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied to onions, garlic, or shallots with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix ½% to ½% (0.33 cz. to 0.65 oz. per gal.) Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and treat to wet vegetation while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at ½% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume.

Note: If Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION ONIONS (Dry Bulbs and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

This product may be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the high rate recommended for annual grasses (16 fl. oz./A) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that Arrow 2 EC Herbicide be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Use Precautions

 Apply this product only through irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Page 4 of 26

- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS GENERAL

Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.

Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide or reduced grass control may result.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

For canola, flax, and mustard seed crops, do not apply more than 5 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.08 lb.ai) per acre per season. For clover and radish crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season. For all other crops, do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.50 lb. ai) per acre per season. Application on Long Island, New York is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb.ai) per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 8 ff. oz/A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: garden beets, carrots, radish (and other root vegetables), green onions, leaf lettuce, broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower (and other head and stem brassica vegetables), mustard greens (and other leafy brassica greens), spinach, celery, rhubarb (and other leaf petioles), cranberry, cucurbits, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), non-bearing food crops, and strawberry. Do not apply more than 5 ff. oz/A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to canola, flax, or mustard seed. Exceeding these recommendations may result in unacceptable crop injury.

Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity, and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate Arrow 2 EC Herbicide effectively and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.

Best perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, results in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than two Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.

Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

7 327

Tank mixes of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be necessary.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT

Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift, including:

- Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive. Do not spray if wind speed is 10 MPH or greater. If sensitive
 crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions. Do not spray if winds are gusty.
- Use extreme caution when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought, low relative humidity), especially
 when sensitive plants are located nearby.
- Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.
- Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:
 - Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
 - Orienting nozzles straight back with the wind stream, using straight stream orifices for aerial applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.
 - 3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.
 - 4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage, or other planting that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use, or consumption.

PREHARVEST INTERVAL

The required days to wait between the last application and harvest are given in () after each crop name.

CROP-SPECIFIC RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE

			IONS FOR ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE
CROPS "	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Alfalfa (including: Sainfoin, Holy Clover, Birdsfoot Trefoil) (3) (15 days before grazing, feeding or	6-16 fl. oz. (*)	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not plant rotational crops until 30 days after application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide. (6) The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass.
harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay)			Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Beans, Dry (30 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air (5)	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
_		•	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer com.
Beet, Garden (30 days)	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Carrot (30 days)	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Canola (75 days)	4-5 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied during the bloom period.
			Do not exceed 5 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.08 lb. ai) per acre in a season.

CROPS (1)	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Celery (includes Cardoon, Chinese Celery, Celtuce, Florence Fennel, Swiss Chard) (30 days)	6-8 fl. coz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Clover (Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only) (15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay)	6-16 fl. az.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only. In Oregon, for use on clover grown for seed, use 6-8 fl. oz. per acre for annual grass control and 8-10 fl. oz. per acre for perennial grass control. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season.
Cotton (60 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ^(S)	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Cranberry (30 days)	6-8 fl. az.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Cucurbits (including Cantaloupes (all), Cucumber, Gherkin, Honeydew Melon, Muskmelons (all), Pumpkin, Squash (all), Watermelon) (14 days)	6-8 fl. cz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Fallow Land, Conifer Trees (and other non- producing agricultural areas), Non-Crop or Non- Planted Areas	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier.	Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow is registered for use in that crop.
Flax (75 days)	4-5 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied during the bloom period. Do not exceed 5 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.08 lb.ai) per acre in a season
Fruiting Vegetables ((except Tomato) including Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Peppers (ail), Tomatillo) (20 days)	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.

CROPS ⁽¹⁾	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables (including Broccoli,	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
Cabbage, Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts) (30 days)	•		For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Leafy Brassica Greens (including Broccoli Raab;	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 ft. oz./A in a single application.
Cabbage, Chinese (Bok Choy; Collards; Kale; Mizuna; Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens, Turnip			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Greens) (14 days)			
Leaf Lettuce (14 days)	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Mint (21 days)	6-16 fl. oz ^(*)	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt. per acre by	Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A in a single application.
		air)	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Mustard Seed (75 days)	4-5 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied during the bloom period.
			Do not exceed 5 fl. oz. of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide (0.08 lb. ai) per acre in a season.
Onions (Dry Bulbs Only), Garlic, Shallots (Dry Bulbs Only) (45	6-16 fl. ciz. (7), (8)	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire U.S.
days)		į	Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air in California ⁹⁾
Onions, Green including Leeks, Scallions, or Spring	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
Onions, Japanese Bunching Onions, Green Shallots, Green Eschalots (14 days)			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.
Ornamentals	6-16 fl. oz.	Use of crop oil	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80%
Non-Bearing Food Crops	6-8 ff. oz. ⁽⁸⁾	concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers	active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25%v/v).
		and foliage. See Special use Instructions	Sugar meples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.
Peanuts (40 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Potato (30 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.

CROPS ***	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS		
Radish (15 days)	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.		
	**		Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season.		
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.		
Root Vegetables (except Radish) Including Chicory,	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.		
Ginseng, Horseradish, Turnip (30 days)			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.		
Rhubarb (30 days)	6-8 fl. oz	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.		
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.		
Soybean (60 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.		
			Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.		
			The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.		
Spinach (14 days)	6-8 fl. oz	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.		
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.		
Strawberry (4 days)	days) 6-8 fl. oz. 1% v/v in the finish spray volume		application.		
			For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14-day interval.		
Sugar Beet (40 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.		
			The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer com.		
Sunflower (70 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1.0% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.		
Sweet Potato, Yam, and other tuberous	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume			
and corm vegetables (except potato)		·			
including Artichoke (Chinese, Jerusalem), Cassava (Bitter,			•		
Sweet), Ginger (30 days)					

CROPS (1)	USE RATES PER ACRE	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE RATES PER ACRE (2)	SPECIAL USE INSTRUCTIONS
Tomato (20 days)	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume	

N/A= Not Applicable

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the ADDITION OF ADJUVANT AND CROP OIL CONCENTRATE section for further information.

(3) Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop, or direct grazing.

(4) For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 8 fl. oz./A.

(5) 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate.

Do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60 day feeding, grazing, and harvesting

restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.

For ground applications to garlic or shallots, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For air applications to onions, garlic, or shallots, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For garlic and shallots, do not exceed 2 applications per season. In California for air applications to onions, do not exceed 2 applications per season.

If Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment to onions, garlic, shallots, or non-bearing food crops, care should

be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a PER ACRE basis or crop injury may occur.

(9) In California, do not apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to onions, garlic, or shallots until crop has at least two full leaves. In California, 14-day spray intervals are recommended between the application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and Liquid Nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS, COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, ONIONS (Dry Buibs and Green), GARLIC, SHALLOTS (Dry Bulbs and Green), ALFALFA, PEANUTS, DRY BEANS, SUNFLOWER, CANOLA, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, POTATO, SWEET POTATO, YAM (and other Tuberous* and Corm* Vegetables), TOMATOES, PEPPERS (bell and non-bell), EGGPLANTS (and other Fruiting Vegetables), CARROT, RADISH, GARDEN BEET, HORSERADISH (and other Root Vegetables**), LEAF LETTUCE, BROCCOLI, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables***), MUSTARD GREENS (and other leafy brassica greens*****), SPINACH, CELERY, RHUBARB (and other Leaf Petioles****), CRANBERRY, STRAWBERRY, SQUASH (including PUMPKINS), CUCUMBER, MELONS (Including CANTALOUPES and WATERMELONS), MINT, and CLOVER (grown in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only), CONIFER TREES, NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS, AND NON-CROP or NON-PLANTED AREAS.

*Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, Ieren, tanier, turmeric, and bean yam

**Other root vegetables approved for use with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip

***Other head and stem brassica vegetables approved include: Chinese broccoli; brussel sprouts; Chinese (napa) cabbage; Chinese mustard; cavalo broccolo; and kohirabi

****Other leaf petiole crops include: cardoon, Chinese celery, celtuce, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard

*****Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with Arrow 2EC Herbicide include: broccoli raab; cabbage, Chinese (Bok Choy); collards; kale; mizuna; mustard greens; mustard spinach; rape greens; turnip greens.

IMPORTANT: Plant tolerance to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is improperly applied. Arrow 2 EC Herbicide should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following Arrow 2 EC Herbicide

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	Malus spp.
Berries	Vaccinium spp.
	Rubus spp.
Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium
Citrus Fruits	Citrus spp.
Grapes	Vitis spp.
Olives	Olea spp.
Peach	Prunus persica
Pears	Pyrus communis
Prunes	Prunus spp.
Stone Fruits	Prunus spp.
Strawberries	Fragaria spp.
Tree Nuts:	
Almonds	Prunus dulcis
Filbert	Corylus maxima
Pecan	Carya illinoinensis
Pistachio	Pistacia vera
Walnut	Juglans spp.

CONIFER TREES

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME		
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis		
Cedars	Cedrus spp.		
Cypress	Taxodium spp.		
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii		
Firs	Abies spp.		
Hemlock, Canadian	Tsuga canadensis		
Hemlock, Western	Tsuga heterophylla		
Pines	Pinus spp.		
Spruces	Picea spp.		
Yew	Taxus spp.		

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: Rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations, around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest croplands, also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl.oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: garden beets, carrots, radish (and other root vegetables), green onions, leaf lettuce, broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower (and other head and stem brassica vegetables), mustard greens (and other leafy brassica greens), spinach, celery, rhubarb (and other leaf petioles), cranberry, cucurbits, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), non-bearing food crops, and strawberry. Do not apply more than 5 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per; application to canola, flax, or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT*	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
BARNYARDGRASS	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	6	8
BROADLEAF SIGNALGRASS	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	6	8
BROME	<u> </u>			
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	6	8
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	6	8
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	6	8
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	6	8
CANARYGRASS	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	6	8
CRABGRASS				

Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	6	8
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	6	8
Smooth -	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	6	8
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	6	8
CROWFOOTGRASS	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	6	8
FALL PANICUM	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	6	8
FIELD SANDBUR	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	6	8
FOXTAIL				
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	6	8
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	6	8
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	6	8
GOOSEGRASS	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	6	8
ITCHGRASS	Rottboellia exaltata	2 to 6	6	8
JUNGLERICE	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	6	. 8
LOVEGRASS (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	6	8
RABBITSFOOTGRASS	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	6	8
REDRICE	Oryza sativa	1 to 3	6	8
RYEGRASS			<u> </u>	
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	6	8
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	6	8
SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	6	8
SHATTERCANE	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	6	8
SOUTHWESTERN CUPGRASS	Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	6	8
SPRANGLETOP				
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	6	8
Bearded	Leptochioa fascicularis	2 to 6	6	8
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2 to 6	6	8
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6	6	8
TEXAS PANICUM	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	6	8
VOLUNTEER CEREALS (3)				
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	6	8
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	6	8
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	6	8
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	6	8
VOLUNTEER CORN 12	Zea mays	4 to 12	4	6
VOLUNTEER CORN (S. R.) (1)	Zea mays	4 to 12	8 (suppres	sion only)
VOLUNTEER CORN (2)	Zea mays	12 to 24	6	8
VOLUNTEER GRAIN SORGHUM	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	6	8
WILD OATS	Avena fatua	2 to 6	6	8
WILD PROSO MILLET	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	6	8
WITCHGRASS	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	6	8
WOOLLY CUPGRASS	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	6	8

^{*}Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering

**Length of lateral growth

(1) Sethoxydim-resistant volunteer corn.

(2) Includes Roundup Ready[®], Liberty Link[®], and IMI-CORN[®] VOLUNTEER CORN.

When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop

establishment, the minimum Arrow 2 EC Herbicide use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A

Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A may be applied. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: garden beets, carrots, radish (and other root vegetables), green onions, leaf lettuce, broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower (and other head and stem brassica vegetables), mustard greens (and other leafy brassica greens), spinach, celery, rhubarb (and other leaf petioles), cranberry, cucurbits, fruiting vegetables (except tomatoes), non-bearing food crops, and strawberry. Do not apply more than 5 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2EC Herbicide per application to canola, flax, or mustard seed.

14 227

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH ARROW 2EC HERBICIDE

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual & Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	8	16
Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved	by applying Arrow 26	C before grass weeds are	mowed. Once a
grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control as much of th			

killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of Arrow 2EC for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of Arrow 2EC in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Annual Grass Control: Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendation for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated above (8 to 16 fl. oz./A). If a grass has been cut, apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to Arrow may vary from region to region.

Also some annuals germinate over an extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule, spray spring- and summer-germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: Arrow 2EC effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermudagrass, johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestern muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley, and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before mizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1 % v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE
ANNUAL BLUEGRASS (Poa annua)	to 4-leaf	6*	16
Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidit	y which exists within a few day	s after rainfall or within 7 day	s after irrigation.
Grass needs to be actively growing at time of app	olication(s).		
Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as re	duced control can be expected	with more mature annual blue	egrass.
Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure an	d/or when annual bluegrass is	more mature.	-
· Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 gt./A by gr			

^{*} Use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN DRY BEANS, SOYBEANS, AND SUGAR BEETS AT A REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for
- Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low temperatures, and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾
BARNYARDGRASS	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	4
BROADLEAF SIGNALGRASS	Brachiaria platyphylla	1 to 4	5
CRABGRASS			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 3*	4
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	5
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 3*	4
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	5
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	1 to 4*	5
FALL PANICUM	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	4
FOXTAIL			
Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	4
Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	4
Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 4	5

Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	4
SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS	Sorghum halepense	1 to 6	5
SHATTERCANE	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	4
TEXAS PANICUM	Panicum texanum	1 to 4	5
VOLUNTEER CORN**	Zea mays	4 to 12	4
WILD PROSO MILLET	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 6	4
WILD OATS	Avena fatua	1 to 4	5

^{*}Length of lateral growth

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN CANOLA, FLAX, AND MUSTARD SEED AT REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

 Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture,

low temperatures, and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE
BARNYARDGRASS	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	4
CRABGRASS			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	5
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	_5
FALL PANICUM	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	4
FOXTAIL			
Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	4
Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	5
Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	5
SHATTERCANE	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	4
VOLUNTEER CEREALS			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	1 to 4	5
Oats	Avena sativa	1 to 4	5
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	1 to 4	5
VOLUNTEER CORN**	Zea mays	4 to 12	4
WILD OATS	Avena fatua	1 to 4	5
WILD PROSO MILLET	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 6	4

^{*}Length of lateral growth

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to the following crops: garden beets, carrots, radish (and other root vegetables), green onions, leaf lettuce, broccoli, cabbage, cauliflower (and other head and stem brassica vegetables), mustard greens (and other leafy brassica greens), spinach, celery, rhubarb (and other leaf petioles), cranberry, cucurbits, fruiting vegetables (except tornatoes), non-bearing food crops, and strawberry. Do not apply more than 5 fl. oz./A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide per application to canola, flax, or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Fescue, tail (Festuca arundinacea)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Foxtail Barley (Hordeum jubatum)			
First Application	2 to 6	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8	16
Orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

^{**}Not S. R. Corn

⁽¹⁾ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

^{**}Not S. R. Corn

Quackgrass* (Agropyron repens)			
First Application	4 to 12	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhiy (Muhlenbergia frondosa)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Perennial Bluegrass* [Roughstalk (<i>Poatrivialis</i>)][Ke	entucky (Poa prantensis)]		
First Application	2 to 4	8	16
Repeat Application(s)	2 to 4	8	16

*Control of quackgrass and perennial bluegrass with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A.

TANK MIXES GENERAL INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- Geographic restrictions -all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (e.g. protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g. pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per season;
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- 8. Application timing (e.g. pre-harvest interval)
- 9. FOR ALL CROPS EXCEPT CANOLA, CLOVER, FLAX, MUSTARD, AND RADISH: DO NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 32 FL. OZ./A (0.5 LB./Al/A) OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE PER SEASON, WHETHER APPLIED ALONE OR IN TANK MIX APPLICATIONS.
 - FOR CLOVER AND RADISH: DO NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 16 FL. OZ. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE (0.25 LB. OF AI) PER ACRE PER SEASON.
 - FOR CANOLA, MUSTARD, AND FLAX: DO NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 5 FL. CZ. ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE (0.08 LB. OF AI) PER ACRE PER SEASON.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop injury as compared
 to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application
 of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix Arrow 2 EC Herbicide when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide Tank Mix. Add ½ of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of tank mix partner and continue mixing. Finally add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and/or the nitrogen fertilizer and the remaining water.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species, which would have otherwise been controlled when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

Table 1

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES⁽³⁾ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEANS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT ACRE RATE ⁽¹⁾	GRASS HEIGHT	CROP OIL CONC. ⁽²⁾	28%N OR 32%N QTS./A OR 2.5 TO 4.0 LBS. AMS
Arrow 2 EC Herbicide +	3 fl.oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3" Fall Panicum 1 to 3"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
2,4-D Ester*	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4" Fall Panicum 1 to 4"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A or 2.5 to 4.0 ibs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. ai	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed)	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

*2,4-D Ester should not be used where drift-sensitive crops may be grown.

Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.

Table 2

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

	T T	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE	,	
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CO	
	<u> </u>		GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
† . .	+	+	1	
Cobra [®] Herbicide	12.5 fl. oz.	12.5 fl. oz.		
Arrow 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+	+		
Basagran [®] 4 SL	1 to 2 pts.	1 to 2 pts.		
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
+	+ 1	+		
Blazer® 2 SL	1 to 1.5 pts.	1 to 1.5 pts.		
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	Refer to the Flexstar HL	Refer to the Flexstar HL	}	
Flexstar® HL Herbicide (5)	Herbicide label for specific	Herbicide label for specific	1	
	application rates	application rates		
Arrow 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+ i	+	1	
Classic [®] 25 DG	0.5 to 0.75 az.	0.5 to 0.75 oz.		
Arrow 2 EC(4)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+	+	1	
Pursuit	4 fl. oz.	4 fl. oz.		
Arrow 2 EC ^(*)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5% to 1%	1%
.	+	+ _	1	
Reflex® 2 LC	0.75 to 1.5 pts.	0.75 to 1.5 pts.		
Arrow 2 EC(*)	8 to 10 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
+	+ 1		\	
Galaxy™	32 fl. oz.			
Arrow 2 EC(*)	8 to 10 fl. oz.	- 1	0.5%	1%
*	+ -			
Cobra Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz.		!	
Classic 25 DG	0.5 to 0.75 az.			
Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	8 to 10 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
+	+			
Cobra Herbicide	6 to 10 fl. oz.		1	
+	+ ,]	
Basagran 4 SL	1 to 1.5 pts.			

⁽¹⁾ If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽³⁾ The following products can be tank mixed with Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus 2,4-D Ester: Dual 8E®, Dual 11®, Dual Magnum®, Prowl®, Sencor®, and Sencor plus the Dual products.

DD001107(2)		APPLICATION RATES/ACRE		
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONC.(3) (V/V	
Arrow 2 EC(*)	8 to 10 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
+	+	-	1 0.5%	170
Cobra Herbicide	6 to 10 fl. oz.		-	
Pursuit	4 fl. oz.		1	
Arrow 2 EC(*)	8 to 10 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
+ Storm [®]	+		j	
Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	1.5 pts. 8 to 10 fl. oz.		1%	1%
+	+			
Resource [®] Herbicide	4 fl. oz.			
+ Pursuit	4 fl. oz.			
Arrow 2 EC(*)	8 to 10 fl. oz.	-	1%	1%
+ Resource Herbicide	4.5			
Hesource Herbicide +	4 fl. oz. +		[
Basagran Herbicide	1 pt.			
Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	8 to 10 ff. oz.		1%	1%
+ Resource Herbicide	4 fl. oz.] '	
+	+			
Classic Herbicide Arrow 2 EC ^{H)}	0.5 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%
Arrow 2 E.C. 7 +	6 to 8 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	176
Cobra Herbicide	6 fl. oz.	ì		
+ Donoumo Hodricido	40.00	·		
Resource Herbicide Arrow 2 EC (4)	4 fl. oz. 6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
+	+	+		
FirstRate® Arrow 2 EC®	0.3 oz. 6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.3 oz. 8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
+	+	δ ω 16 ii. 02. +	170	-
Cobra Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.		
+ FirstRate	+ 0.3 oz.	+ 0.3 oz.		
Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz.	0.3 u.2	1%	
+	+	1	, , , ,	
Raptor® (1 AS) Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	4 to 5 fl. oz.		100	
ATTOW 2 EC*	6 to 8 fl. oz.	•	1%	-
Cobra Herbicide	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+ Raptor (1 AS)	+ 4 to 5 fl. oz.			
Arrow 2 EC(4)	6 to 8 fl. oz. (6)		1 qt./A	
+	+		'	
Synchrony® STS™ Arrow 2 EC®	0.5 oz. 6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁶⁾		1 pt./A	
+	· .	- 1	1 1907	•
Cobra Herbicide	4 to 8 fl. oz.	Į.	[[
+ Synchrony STS	+ 0.5 oz.			
Arrow 2 EC(*)	6 to 8 fl. oz.		1 qt./A	-
+	+		'"	
Resource Herbicide Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	4 to 12 fl. oz.		1%	
AITOW 2 EU''' +	8 to 10 fl. oz. +	-	170	-
Frontrow™	Refer to Frontrow label for]	
·····	use rates	orass emerges, make a second	L	

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray

Page 17 of 26

- pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- (5) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- (4) The addition of 1 to 2-qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is recommended when Arrow 2 EC Herbicide is tank mixed with Pursuit, Resource, Galaxy, Storm, FirstRate, Synchrony, Raptor, Frontrow, Cobra plus Classic, Cobra plus Basagran, Cobra plus Pursuit, Cobra plus FirstRate, Cobra plus Synchrony, and Cobra plus Raptor. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.
- Refer to Flexstar HL label for geographic and rotational restrictions.
- (6) Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those which are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS AT A REDUCED RATE table.

Table 3

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH COBRA HERBICIDE AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE"			CROP OIL CONC. ⁽³⁾	COMMENTS
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	1	
Arrow 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾ + Cobra Herbicide	6 to 8 ff. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1% v/v	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to	
+ MSMA (4.0 lbs./gal.) or	cotton. Refer to the Arrow controlled.	o control broadleaf weeds and he 2 EC Herbicide label for weed he	eight and species	the band area actually treated.	
MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)		o control broadleaf weeds and he 2 EC Herbicide label for weed he			

- If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.
- (4) If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be necessary.

Table 4

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL® 4 EC HERBICIDE TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE"	CROP OIL CONC.	COMMENTS	
•	ANNUAL GRASSES	PER ACRE ⁽³⁾	1	
Arrow 2 EC	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1 qt./A	See charts for	
+ Buctril 4 EC Herbicide (4,5,6)	See Buctril 4 EC Herbicide label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.		grasses controlled.	

- If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-Buctril tank mix.
- Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.
- (3) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray solution.
- (4) Applications of Buctril 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil.
- Do not apply the Arrow 2EC plus Buctril tank mix within 75 days of harvest.
- (6) Do not exceed two applications of Buctril before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.
- Use a minimum of 10 gals, of spray solution per acre.

Table 5

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH STINGER® HERBICIDE APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS

	APPLICATION F	CROP OIL CONC.(3)		
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz. 8 to 16 fl. oz. 1% v/v		i/V	
+ Stinger Herbicide	See Stinger Herbicide label for rates. Refer to the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label for weed height and species controlled.			

- If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 6

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® OR BETANEX® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS

PRODUCT"	WEEDS	WEEDS CONTROLLED		APPLICATION
	Common Name	Scientific Name	1	RATEACRE(1)
Arrow 2 EC(3)	Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 3"	8 fl. oz.
+	Foxtail	Setaria spp.	1 to 3"	
	Foxtail Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 3"	ļ
	` Wild Oats	Avena fatua	1 to 3"	
	Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 3"	
Betamix	` !	1	See Betamix label	for rates to control
or	- 1		broadleaf weeds.	No additives are
	1	\	recommended in the tank mix.	
Betanex		1	See Betanex label	for rates to control
			broadleaf weeds.	No additives are
	1		recommended in th	e tank mix.

Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.

Do not feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application of Pursuit to alfalfa.

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND 2,4-DB HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ALFALFA

A tank mix of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus 2,4-DB (up to 1.0 lb.Al/A) can be used to control grass and broadleaf weeds listed on the two product labels. Include a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v in the finished spray. Follow rate and other recommendations on the individual herbicide labels when applying this tank mix.

NOTE: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND PURSUIT HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ALFALFA

A tank mix of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Pursuit Herbicide or Pursuit DG Herbicide can be used to control annual grass and broadleaf weeds listed on the two product labels. Include a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray. For annual grass control in alfalfa using Arrow 2 EC Herbicide plus Pursuit, use 8 to 16 fl. oz/A of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide. Before using this tank mix, read and understand the Pursuit or Pursuit DG Herbicide labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa.

Table 7

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN SOYBEANS, COTTON, AND PEANUTS

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE*			
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONC.(3) V/V	
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
+ _	+	+		
Orthene® 75 SP	0.33 to 1.33 lbs.	0.33 to 1.33 lbs.		
or i	or	or		
Orthene 97 (for use in cotton and peanuts only,	0.25 to 1.0 lb.	0.25 to 1.0 lb.		
not soybeans)				
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
+	+	+		
Orthene 90 S (4)	0.25 to 1 lb.	0.25 to 1 lb.		
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	
+	+	+	Į.	
Danitol® 2.4 EC Spray ⁵⁾ (for use in cotton and peanuts only, not soybeans)	10 ? to 16 ff. oz	10 ? to 16 fl. az.		

If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

(2) Refer to the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide and insecticide label for rates, weeds, and insects controlled.

Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Insecticide tank mix use with Orthene 90S in soybeans is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration for Orthene 90S use in soybeans.

(5) Danitol tank mix is labeled for use in cotton and peanuts only, not soybeans.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide can be tank mixed with the following insecticides for use in alfalfa: Baythroid[®], dimethoate, Lorsban[®], Pounce[®], or Warrior[®]. The Arrow 2 EC Herbicide rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established alfalfa, and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A. For the Arrow 2EC Herbicide plus Lorsban tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt./A when the Lorsban rate is 1.0 pt./A or higher.

Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

Applications must be made at a timing which falls within the guidelines of the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label relative to weed sizes and application equipment. For these applications, it is necessary to use application equipment designed for herbicide applications.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN MINT

Arrow 2EC Herbicide can be tank mixed with the following insecticides for use in mint: Orthene®.

The Arrow 2EC Herbicide rate should be 6-8 ft. oz./A for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 ft. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint, and 8 to 16 ft. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A.

Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

Applications must be made at a timing which falls within the guidelines of the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label relative to weed sizes and application equipment. For these applications, it is necessary to use application equipment designed for herbicide applications.

Table 8
RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY® VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS
WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIX

PRODUCT	GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE	ADJUVANT RATE"
Arrow 2 EC	RR Volunteer Corn	up to 12 inches	4 ⁽¹⁾ to 6 ⁽²⁾	AMS
+				2.5 lbs./A
Roundup Ultra®	1	up to 24 inches	6 to 8	
(or glyphosate		•	+	
formulations labeled]		up to 2 qts./A	
for RR soybean) ⁽³⁾	1		(See Roundup Ultra	
			label, glyphosate	
	1		labels for use rates)	

"At the 4 fl. oz./A rate of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, the adjuvant recommendation is 1 pt./A COC plus AMS at 2.5 lbs./A.

(2) Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

For glyphosate formulations that do not contain a built-in adjuvant system, the adjuvant recommendation is 1 pt./A COC plus AMS (2.5 lbs./A) or NIS at 0.25% v/v plus AMS at 2.5 lbs./A.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide as specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix Arrow 2 EC Herbicide when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- This tank mix may be applied posternergence to Roundup Ready soybeans up through the full flowering stage. Do not apply later than 60 days before harvest.
- Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybeans with the Roundup Ready gene as severe injury or destruction will result.
- Do not allow the Arrow plus Roundup to mist, drip, drift, or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the
 tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants, or other areas on which treatment was not
 intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5
 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of
 spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALLOW LAND

Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide may be tank mixed with 2,4-D Ester or Banvel SGF Herbicide for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur

22 227

in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A Arrow 2 EC Herbicide.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height as specified by the RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES section of this label.
- Annual grasses which emerge after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application will not be controlled and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than one application in non-tilled areas.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads, or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to drought-stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for two weeks prior to or after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ¹⁷		CROP OIL CONC. (4)	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
Arrow 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 ft. oz.	1% v	/v
2,4-D Ester	0.5 lb.			
or Banvel SGF	See Banvel SG	See Banvel SGF label for rates.		

Refer to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide label for weed height and species control. Review Banvel SGF Herbicide and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates, and weeds controlled.

Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

		GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		
PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED STAGE
Arrow 2 EC	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 in. (40 to
L	<u> </u>			60% green-up)

Adjuvant: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

- Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.
- Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals, of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.
- Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for two years. Applications of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide to
 emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless Arrow is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47 degrees Fahrenheit.

ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	SUPPRESSION	APPLICATION TIMING
Arrow 2 EC	1½ to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads	(50 to 90%Tall Fescue
	1	(Festuca arundinacea)	green-up)

Adjuvant: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add Arrow 2 EC Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

- Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.
- Use the higher Arrow 2 EC Herbicide rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.
- Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the Arrow 2 EC Herbicide application.
- Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals, of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS (continued)

- 2,4-D Ester may be added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D Ester label for weeds controlled).
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless Arrow is registered for use in that crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For omamental plant uses, Arrow 2 EC Herbicide can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT: Arrow 2 EC Herbicide successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to Arrow 2 EC Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of Arrow 2 EC Herbicide has investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for Arrow 2 EC Herbicide applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
ALDER, RED	Alnus oregona
ASH	Fraxinus spp.
BASSWOOD	Tilia spp.
BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE	Betula pendula
BIRCH, RIVER	Betula nigra
BIRCH, WHITE	Betula papyrifera
CRABAPPLE, FLOWERING	Malus halliana
DOGWOOD, FLOWERING	Cornus florida
GOLDEN CHAIN TREE	Labumum anagyroides
MAPLES	Acer spp.
MULBERRY, WHITE	Morus alba
OAKS	Quercus spp.
OLIVE, WILD	Elaeagnus angustifolia
REDBUD	Cercis canadensis
SWEET GUM	Liquidambar styraciflua

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

AGERATUM	Ageratum spp.
ALYSSUM*	Lobularia maritima
ASPARAGUS FERN	Asparagus setaceus
BLEEDING HEART	Dicentra spectab ilis
CAST IRON PLANT	Aspidistra elatior
CHRYSANTHEMUM	Chrysanthemum spp.
CINQUEFOIL	Potentilla spp.
COLEUS	Coleus spp.
CORALBELLS	Heuchera sanquinea
CRANESBILL	Geranium spp.
DAHLIA	Dahlia spp.
DAISY, AFRICAN	Osteospermum fruticosum
DAYLILY	Hemerocallis spp.
DUSTY MILLER	Senecio cinemaa
EUONYMUS	Euonymus spp.
GAZANIA	Gazania spp.
GERANIUM, HOUSE	Pelargonium hortorum
HEATHER	Cuphea hyssopifolia
HOSTA	Hosta fortunei
IRIS	Iris spp.
JASMINE TOBACCO	Nicotiana alata
LOOSESTRIFE	Lythrum salicaria
MARIGOLD	Tagetes spp.
PARTRIDGEBERRY	Mitchella repens
PETUNIA*	Petunia hybrida
PHLOX	Phlox spp.
PINKS	Dianthus spp.
PORTULACA	Portulaca grandiflora
SALVIA	Salvia spp.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
SAXIFRAGE	Saxifraga spp.	
SEDUM	Sedum spp.	
SELLOUM	Philodendron selloum	
SNAPDRAGON*	Antirrhinum majus	
SWEET FLAG	Acorus gramineus	
TICKSEED	Coreopsis grandiflora	
TOUCH-ME-NOT	Impatiens spp.	
VERBENA	Verbena spp.	
VIOLET	Viola spp.	
YARROW, COMMON	Achillea millefolium	
ZINNIA	Zinnia elegans	

*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

GROUND COVERS

BUGLEWEED, CARPET	Ajuga reptans	
IVY, ENGLISH	Hedera helix	
JAPANESE SPURGE	Pachysandra terminalis	
LILYTURF	Liriope muscari	
MONEYWORT	Lysimachia nummularia	
MONDO GRASS, WHITE	Ophiopogon jaburan	
MONDO GRASS, DWARF	Ophiopogon japonicus	
PERIWINKLE, COMMON	Vinca minor	
	CURLINO.	

SHRUBS ABELIA Abelia spp. ANISE, PURPLE Illicium floridanum Aucuba spp. AUCUBA AZALEA* Rhododendron spp. BAMBOO Bambusa spp. BARBERRY, JAPANESE Berberis thunb ergii BARBERRY, MAGELLAN Berberis buxifolia BAYBERRY Myrica pensylvanica BOTTLEBRUSH Callistemon citrinus BOXWOOD Buxus sempervirens CAMELLIA Camellia japonica CANDYTUFT Iberis sempervirens CLEYERA Cleyera japonica CORALBERRY Ardisia crenata CRAPE MYRTLE Lagerstroemia indica COYOTE BRUSH Baccharis pilularis FIG, CREEPING Ficus pumila Gardenia spp. GARDENIA HOLLY llex spp. HONEYSUCLKE Lonicera pileata INDIAN HAWTHORN Raphiolepis indica **JASMINE** Jasminum spp. JASMINE, ASIATIC JASMINE, CONFEDERATE Trachelospermum asiaticum Trachelospermum jasminoides JUNIPER Juniperus spp. LANTANA Lantana spp NANDINA* Nandinia domestica OLEANDER, COMMON Nerium oleander **OREGON GRAPE** Mahonia aquifolium PHOTINIA Photinia spp PITTOSPORUM Pittosporum spp. PODOCARPUS Podocarpus spp. PRIVET Ligustrum spp. **PYRACANTHA** Pyracantha spp. RHODODENDRON Phododendron spp. ROSE Rosa spp. SPIREA Spiraea bumalda TEA OLIVE Osmanthus fragrans VIBURNUM Viburnum tinus Wisteria spp. WISTERIA

25 3 27

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
YELLOW SAGE	Lantana camara

*Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

 Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE
BARNYARDGRASS	Echinochioa crus-galli	2 to 8	8	16
BROADLEAF SIGNALGRASS	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	8	16
BROME				
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	8	16
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	8	16
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	8	16
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	8	16
CANARYGRASS	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	8	16
CRABGRASS	 	-		
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	8	16
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	8	16
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	8	16
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	8	16
CROWFOOTGRASS	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	8	16
FALL PANICUM	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	8	16
FIELD SANDBUR	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	8	16
FOXTAIL	Centinus incertus	200		10
		240		
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12 2 to 8	88	16
Green	Setaria viridis			
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	8	16
FOXTAIL BARLEY	Hordeum jubatum	2 to 6	8	16
GOOSEGRASS	Eleusine indica	2 to 6** ·	8	16
ITCHGRASS	Rottboellia exaltata	2 to 6	8	16
JUNGLERICE	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	8	16
LOVEGRASS (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	8	16
RABBITSFOOTGRASS	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	88	16
RED RICE	Oryza sativa	1 to 3	β	16
RYEGRASS				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	8	16
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	8	16
SEEDLING JOHNSONGRASS	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	8	16
SHATTERCANE	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	8	16
SOUTHWESTERN CUPGRASS	Eriochioa gracilis	2 to 6	8	16
SPRANGLETOP	<u> </u>			
Amazon	Leptochioa panicoides	2 to 6	8	16
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	8	16 16
Mexican	Leptochioa uninervia Leptochioa filiformis	2 to 6	8 8	16
TEXAS PANICUM	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	8	16
VOLUNTEER CEREALS			<u>~_</u>	
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	8_	16
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	8	16
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	8	16
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	8_	16
VOLUNTEER CORN	Zea mays ·	4 to 12	6	8
VOLUNTEER CORN	Zea mays	12 to 24	8	16
VOLUNTEER GRAIN SORGHUM	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	8	16
WILD OATS	Avena fatua	2 to 6	- 8	16
WILD PROSO MILLET	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	8	16
WITCHGRASS	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	8	16
WOOLLY CUPGRASS	Eriochioa villosa	2 to 8	8	16
				

*Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

**Length of lateral growth.

(2) 8 fl. oz./A=approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft. 16 fl. oz./A=approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH ARROW 2 EC HERBICIDE IN ORNAMENTALS

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE				
ANNUAL BLUEGRASS (Poa annua)	to 4-leaf	6	16				
Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).							

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25 v/v).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

 Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIÉS	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Quackgrass (Agropyron repens)			<u> </u>
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa)			·
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

⁸ fl. oz./A=approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. **STORAGE:** Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Do not reuse container. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK, OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT (800) 535-5053.

WARRANTY STATEMENT

MAKHTESHIM-AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label thereof and is reasonably fit for purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of MAKHTESHIM-AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. Except as expressly provided herein, MAKHTESHIM-AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA makes no warranties, guarantees, or representations of any kind, either expressed or implied, or by usage of trade, statutory or otherwise, with regard to the product sold, including, but not limited to merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, use or eligibility of the product for any particular trade usage. The exclusive remedy of any buyer or user of this product for any and all losses, injuries, or damages resulting from or in any way arising from the use, handling, or application of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability, or otherwise, shall be damages not exceeding the purchase price paid for this product or, at MAKHTESHIM-AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA's election, the replacement of this product.

BANVEL®-Reg. TM of BASF Corporation BASAGRAN®-Reg. TM of BASF AG.

²⁾ 16 fl. oz./A=approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

BAYTHROID®-Reg. TM of The Aventis Group
BETANIX®-Reg. TM of The Aventis Group
BETANIX®-Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
BUCTRIL®-Reg. TM of Rhone-Poulenc
CLASSIO®-Reg. TM of Rhone-Poulenc
CLASSIO®-Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
DANITOL®-Reg. TM of Sumiliomo Chemical Co., Ltd.
DUAL®, DUAL II® and DUAL MAGNUM®-Reg. TMs of Novartis Crop Protection, Inc.
FIRSTRATE®-Reg. TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC
FLEXSTAR®-Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag. Products
FRONTROWTM-TM of Dow AgroSciences LLC
GALAXY®-Reg. TM of BASF AG
IMI-CORN®-Reg. TM of American Canamid Co.
LIBERTY LINK®-Reg. TM of The Aventis Group
LORSBAN®-Reg. TM of OMS Investments, Inc.
POUNCE®-Reg. TM of OMS Investments, Inc.
POUNCE®-Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co.
PURSUIT® and PURSUIT DG®-Reg. TMs of American Cyanamid Co.
REFLEX®-Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co.
REFLEX®-Reg. TM of American Cyanamid Co.
REFLEX®-Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
ROUNDUP READY® and ROUNDUP ULTRA®-Reg. TMs of Monsanto Company
SELECT®-Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
ROUNDUP READY® and ROUNDUP ULTRA®-Reg. TMs of Monsanto Company
SELECT®-Reg. TM of Valent U.S.A. Corporation
STINGER®-Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
STORM®-Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
STORM®-Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
STORM®-Reg. TM of BASF Corporation
STINGER®-Reg. TM of Jeneca AG. Products

Arrow 2EC (66222-60)(EPA app 9-12-03)

•