

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

JUL 2 4 2008

Christie Hitchcock Registration Specialist Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

Subject: Label Notification(s) for Pesticide Registration Notice 98-10 and 2007-4

Dear Ms. Hitchcock:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 and 2007-4 dated June 13, 2008 for:

EPA Registration 66222-15

Prometryn 4L

EPA Registration 66222-56

Dicofol 4E

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 98-10 and 2007-4 and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10 and 2007-4. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by nonnotification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Nicole Williams of my staff at 703-308-5551.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

Please read instructions on reverse before completing form. United States Environmental Protection Washington: DC 204			on Agency		Registration Amendment Other			O. Approval expires 2-28-9 OPP Identifier Number	
	·	Applicatio	n for Pesticide - S	ection	ł				
1, Company/Product Numbe 66222-56	r		2. EPA Product Menager Linda Arrington			3	3 Proposed Classification None Restricted		
4. Company/Product (Name) Dicofol 4E			PM# Registration Support Branch				<u> </u>		
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Rd., Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609 Check if this is a new address			6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Section - II						
Resubmission in responsible in Notification - Explain Explanation: Use addition Notification per PRN 98-10 8 and no other changes have it Sec 1001 to willfully make fit and 40 CFR 152 46, this pro	nal page(s) if necessar 2007-4: This notificati been made to the labeli alse statements to EPA	ry. (For section on is consistent on the confider I further unders	Other - I and Section II) with the provisions of PR Nothital statement of formula of tand that If this notification is	this prod	& 2007-4 and	nd that I terms of	t is a violation PR Notice :	ภา of 18 98-10 8	3 U.S.C. 3 2007-4
			Section - III						
A Material This Product Will Child-Resistant Peckaging Yes ✓ No * Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt	No. per container	Water Soluble Packeging Yes No No If "Yes" No. Package wgt cont	per	2. Type of	Meta Plast Glass Pape	t ic s		
Location of Net Contents	Information Container	4 Size(s) Reto	il Container r less; more than 5 gals	5. L	ocation of Lat on label		ctions		
. Manner in Which Label is	Affixed to Product	Lithogr Paper Stencil		Other S	elf-adhesive				
		:	Section - IV				***************************************		
. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below	for identific eti ol	of individual to be contac	ted, if ne	cessery, to pr	ocess t	his applicat	ion.	······································
lame Christie Hitchcock		1	Title Registration Specialist			1	one No (in 56-9342	clude A	Area Code)
	y knowlinglly false or		ion all attachments thereto are ement may be punishable i			•	6. Date Rece		
Signature Christia	Rehurk	I	. Title Registration Specialist			·			
Typed Name christie Hitchcock			5. Date 06-13-08						



June 13, 2008

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Registration Division (7504P) OPP, USEPA Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave, NW Washington DC 20460

Re:

Dicofol 4E EPA Reg. No. 66222-56

Notification per PRN 98-10 and 2007-4

To Whom It May Concern:

We are notifying the Agency of several label updates as allowed in PR Notices 98-10 and 2007-4. The changes are summarized below:

- Added a voluntary marketing statement about use of an adjuvant (allowed per PRN 98-10, §II(N)(3))
- Updated container disposal instructions per PRN 2007-4

In support of this submission, the following documents are attached:

- Application for Pesticide Registration (EPA Form 8570-1)
- One copy of final printed labeling.

Please contact me at 919-256-9342 or by email at chitchcock@manainc.com if you have any questions regarding this submission or would like a copy of the annotated label showing the changes for your files.

Sincerely,

Christie Hitchcock

Registration Specialist

Enclosures



Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.

Notification of label change per PR Notice 2007-4. This notification is consistent with the guidance of PR Notice 2007-4 and requirements of EPA's regulations at 40 CFR §§156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statements to EPA. I further understand that if the amended label is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR §§156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA

Christie Hitchcock
Registration Specialist
Regulatory Affairs, MANA

NOTIFICATION

JUL 24 2008

DICOFOL 4E

MITICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	% BY WT .
Dicofol: 1,1-bis(chlorophenyl)-2,2,2-trichloroethanol*	42.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	<u> 58.0%</u>
•	TOTAL 100.00/

*Contains 4 Pounds Active Ingredient per Gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. FIN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. F IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
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F IN EYES: • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eve
Tremove contact lenges, if present, after the first of fillinates, their continue filling eye.
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
F ON SKIN OR • Take off contaminated clothing.
CLOTHING: • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
F INHALED: • Move person to fresh air.
 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact PROSAR at 1-877-250-9291 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Because this product contains a chlorinated hydrocarbon insecticide, vomiting or careful gastric lavage is recommended. Epinephrin or other adrenergic amines may cause myocardial irritability.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Prolonged of frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals.

NET CONTENTS: 2.5 GALLONS

EPA Reg. No. 66222-56 EPA Est. No.



Manufactured for: Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. 4515 Falls of Neuse Road, Suite 300 Raleigh, NC 27609

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category *E* on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers using engineering controls must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- In addition, mixers and loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or Viton, and a chemical resistant apron

See engineering controls for additional requirements.

All other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, or Viton
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear if overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron for mixing and loading and when cleaning equipment or applying as a dip
- A NIOSH-approved respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or an organic-vapor cartridge or canister with any N, R or P or HE prefilter

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS SYSTEMS

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

Applicators using motorized ground equipment and flaggers must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, applicators must:

- --wear the personal protective equipment required in the PPE section for applicators using engineering controls,
- --either wear the type of respirator specified in the PPE section of this labeling or use an enclosed cab that is declared in writing by the manufacturer or by a government agency to provide at least as much respiratory protection as the type of respirator specified in the PPE section of this labeling.
- --be provided and have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure, and, if using an enclosed cab that provides respiratory protection, a respirator of the type specified in the PPE section of this labeling,
- --take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- --store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or cockpits in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish and wildlife. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be nazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment or washwaters.

This chemical can contaminate surface water through drift from spray application. Under some conditions, dicofol may runoff into surface water for several weeks after application. These conditions include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying

extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and highly erodible soils cultivated using poor agricultural practices such as conventional tillage and down the slope plowing.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear (if overhead exposure)

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to product agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. suggests the use of a $\sqrt{}$ Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant.

CHEMIGATION STATEMENT

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses, or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the <u>Aerial Drift Reduction</u> <u>Advisory Information</u>.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume-Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure-Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles-Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation-Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type-Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.
- Boom Length-For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.
- Application-Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

GENERAL INFORMATION

Dicofol 4E is an emulsifiable formulation that gives high initial kill against most species of agricultural mites. Dicofol 4E is a specific miticide and will not kill bees and beneficial insect predators when used as recommended. Use only on crops listed on this label.

Dicofol 4E is compatibile with most other commonly used insecticides and fungicides. Observe the following use restrictions:

- Do not combine with lime.
- Do not apply to any crop within 2 weeks following sulfur dust or spray.

Hand-held equipment is prohibited for applications. This product must be applied only with mechanical ground or aerial application equipment.

Do not apply this product by any method not specified on this label.

Applications of dicofol will be limited to no more than one per year on any one field.

Do not apply to residential sites.

Do not apply ground equipment within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, or commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra low volume (ULV) application is made.

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative buffer strip.

DILUTION AND SPRAYING DIRECTIONS

Dicofol 4E can be applied by ground or air according to the following dilution directions. Provide thorough coverage of all plant parts. Coverage on the underside of leaves is especially important. Optimum spray gallonage varies with the type of equipment, size, and density of crop plants. For dry beans a closed mixing system must be utilized to handle this product.

DILUTE APPLICATION: Field and Row Crops: Apply specified rate in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre. **Orchard:** Apply specified rate in 100 to 800 gallons of water per acre.

CONCENTRATE APPLICATION: Field and Row Crops: Apply specified rate in not less than 5 gallons of water per acre. **Orchard:** Apply specified rate in 20 to 100 gallons of water per acre.

AIR APPLICATION: Apply specified rate in 5 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Orchard rates should not be applied in less than 10 gallons of water per acre.

For further details see specific recommendations on this label, then consult current State Agricultural Experiment Station's spray schedules or State Extension Service Specialists for additional details on compatibility, dosage, and uses.

MITE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Resistance to miticides is common and has been confirmed for virtually all commercial miticides. While resistance to Dicofol 4E has been confirmed in some mite species, it has also been conclusively demonstrated that resistance to mites to Dicofol 4E is unstable. Susceptibility to Dicofol 4E returns if Dicofol 4E use is discontinued for a short time, usually 1 to 2 years. As a general rule, the utility of Dicofol 4E can be maintained indefinitely by rotating use of Dicofol 4E with miticides with different modes of action. Resistance management strategies vary from crop and state to state. For additional information, contact your State Extension Service Specialists or your local Makhteshim Agan Technical Services Group.

PREHARVEST INTERVAL

The required days between last application and harvest are given in () after each crop name.

VEGETABLES AND FIELD CROPS CROP **PEST** PINTS/ACRE COMMENTS Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites, BEANS (Dry, Green, Lima) Apply at first sign of mite buildup. Tropical Mites (21)The REI is 33 days. Do not make more than one application per season. Applicators/mixers/loaders must use closed mixing systems for use on dry beans. Pacific Mites, Tomato Russet BEANS (Dry, Green, Lima) Apply at first sign of mite buildup. (CA only) (21) Mites, Twospotted Mites, Tropical Mites The REI is 33 days. Do not make more than one application per season. Applicators/mixers/loaders must use closed mixing systems for use on (iry bear)s. **COTTON** (30) Desert Mites, Pacific Mites, 11/2 to 3 Adjust rate depending on size of plant and density The REI is 12 hours. Twospotted Mites of the foliage. Apply in sufficient water to provide thorough coverage. Begin application when mites are first noticed. Do not feed cotton stalks or trash to meat or dairy animals. Do not make more than one application per season **CUCUMBERS, SQUASH (2)** Pacific Mites, Tomato Russet 1 1/4 Apply at first sign of mite buildup. 44.14 The REI is 21 days. Mites, Twospotted Mites, Tropical

Paper Pape		Do not use in combination with is safe to plants. Do not make more than one a		ess previous experience has shown that the mixture		
The REI is 32 days. The REI i		Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites, Tropical Mites	2 to 21/3	2 to 21/3 Apply at first sign of mite infestation.		
Do not make more than one application per season. PEPPERS, TOMATOES (2) The REI is 25 days. Miles Do not apply more than one application per season. PEPPERS, TOMATOES (2) The REI is 25 days. Miles Do not apply more than one application per season. PETTIL SAID NUTS CROP PEST CROP Apple Rust Miles, Clover Miles, McDaniel Miles, Twospotted Miles, McDaniel Miles Williamette Miles, Velow (Carpin) Miles Do not make more than one application per year. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Curry Flat Miles, Citrus Rust Miles, Surgerians) PETTIL SAID NUTS COMMENTS Apply when mile population appears. Apply in full coverage sprays using 1 pint per do to exceed 6 pints/scare 6 pints/scare 6 pints/scare 6 pints/scare 6 pints/scare 6 pints/scare 7 pints/scare 7 pints/scare 7 pints/scare 7 pints/scare 8 pints/scare 8 pints/scare 8 pints/scare 8 pints/scare 9 p						
PEPPERS, TOMATOES (2) The REI is 25 days. Pacific Miles. Tromptote Miles. Tromptote May 1. Apply at first sign of mile buildup. PEST PRUTS AND NUTS CROP PEST PINTSACRE APPLES, PEARS (7) The REI is 35 days. Apple Sust Miles, Clover Miles, Educated Miles, Williamette Miles, Pacific Miles, Schoene Miles, Twospotted Miles, Williamette Miles, Vellow (Carpin) Miles Do not make more than one application per year. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Williamette Miles, Vellow (Carpin) Miles Tangerines) (7) The REI is 37 days. Do not apply more than one application per year. Clover (Brown Almond) Miles, Schoene Miles, Schoene Miles, Twospotted Miles, Face Schrus Miles, McDaniel Miles, Pacific Miles, Williamette Miles, Pacific Miles, Williamette Miles, Vellow Miles Do not apply more than one application per year. Clover (Brown Almond) Miles, European Red Miles, McDaniel Miles, Pacific Miles, Twospotted Miles, Williamette Miles, Pacific Miles, Williamette Miles, Willi		Twospotted Mites	1¾ to 2½			
Miles, Evospotted Miles, Tropical Miles Do not apply more than one application per season. FRUITS AND NUTS CROP PEST APPLES, PEARS (7) The REI is 35 days. Apple Rust Miles, Clover Miles, European Red Miles, McDaniel Miles, Pacific Miles, Schoene Miles, Twospotted Miles, McDaniel Miles, Pacific Miles, Fear Miles, McDaniel Miles, Pacific Miles, Schoene Miles, Twospotted Miles, Williamete Miles, Yellow (Carpin) Miles Do not make more than one application per year. Cittrus Flat Miles, Citrus Red (Purple) Miles, European Red Miles, Twospotted Miles, Pacific Miles, Peace Citrus Flat Miles, Pacific Miles, Flaxes Citrus Flat Miles, Pacific Miles, McDaniel Miles, Miles Miles McDaniel Miles, Miles Miles, Miles, Miles, McDaniel Miles, Miles Miles, Miles, Miles, McDaniel Miles, Miles Miles, Mil		Do not make more than one as	oplication per seasor	1.		
FRUITS AND NUTS CROP PEST PINTS/ACRE COMMENTS APPLES, PEARS (7) The REI is 35 days. APPLES, PEARS (7) The REI is 36 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 87 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 87 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 39 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 39 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 39 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 39 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 39 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 49 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlange, Tangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 49 days. CITRUS (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Orlangelos, Tangerines) (7) The REI is 49 days. CITRUS (See Leuropean Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Publications with the Color of the Color of Robust Mites, Twospotted Mites, Villamette Mites, Yellow Mites Do not make more than one application per season. Clover (Brown Almond) Mites, Leuropean Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Publications must be made before shuck split. STRAWBERRIES (2) The REI is 31 days. CROP Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. Do not make more than one application per year. Apply in volumes sufficient to assure uniform thorough coverage of all foliage and fruit surfaces. Po not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. Do not make more than one application per year. Apply when mites first appear. For cyclamen mites of the period of the pe		Mites, Twospotted Mites, Tropical	3⁄4 to 11⁄2	Apply at first sign of mite buildup.		
APPLES, PEARS (7) The REI is 35 days. Apple Rust Mikes, Clover Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mikes, Pacific Mites, Schoenee Mikes, Twospotted Mites, Wilmanette Mites, Yellow (Carpin) Mites Do not make more than one application per year. Citrus Is (Grapefruit, Furple) Mixes, Citrus Rust Mites, Granges, Tangelos, Trangerines) (7) The REI is 87 days. Do not apply more than one application per year. Clover (Grown Aimond) Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Pacific Mites, Williamette Mites, Yellow (Carpin) Mites Do not make more than one application per year. Clover (Grown Aimond) Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites, Milamette Mites, Trouspotted Mit						
APPLES, PEARS (?) The REI is 35 days. Apple Rust Miles, Clover Miles, McDaniel Miles, Person Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, Person Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, Williamette Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, McDaniel Miles, Williamette Miles, McDaniel Miles, Williamette Miles, McDaniel Mi						
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Do not make more than one application per year. Citrus (Grapefruit, Kumquats, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos, Tangelos) (7) The REI is 87 days. GRAPES (7) The REI is 39 days. Citover (Brown Almond) Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Yellow Mites Do not make more than one application per year. Clover (Brown Almond) Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Yellow Mites Do not make more than one application per year. Clover (Brown Almond) Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites, Williamette Mites, Yellow Mites Do not make more than one application per year. Clover (Brown Almond) Mites, European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites, Williamette Mites, Yellow Mites Do not make more than one application per year. Apply just after bloom or whenever mites apple application per year. Apply in volumes sufficient to assure uniform: thorough coverage of all foliage and fruit surfaces. STRAWBERRIES (2) The REI is 31 days. STRAWBERRIES (2) The REI is 31 days. Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. Do not make more than one application per year. Applications must be made before shuck split. Apply when mites first appear. For cyclamen mites only, use 4 pints per acre in 2 to 3 thorough, high denoing graves 4000 gallons acre) at 10 to 20 day intervals. Apply when mites appear and repeated as necessary. BERMUDAGRASS (grown fore seed) The REI is 20 days. CROP BERMUDAGRASS (Sodfarm turf) The REI is 29 days. CIOVER Mites, Erown		European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Pacific Mites, Schoene Mites, Twospotted Mites, Willamette Mites, Yellow (Carpin)	6 .	Apply when mite population appears.		
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European Red Mites, McDaniel Mites, Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites Pacific Mites, Twospotted Mites • Do not make more than one application per season. PECANS, WALNUTS (see text for PHI) The REI is 49 days. • Do not make more than one application per season. • Do not make more than one application per year. • Applications must be made before shuck split. STRAWBERRIES (2) The REI is 31 days. STRAWBERRIES (2) The REI is 31 days. On ont apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. • Do not make more than one application per year. • Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. • Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. • Do not make more than one application per year. • Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. • Do not make more than one application per year. • Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. • Do not make more than one application per year. • Do not make more than one application per year. • Do not apply if temperature exceeds 90°F. • Do not make more than one application per season. OTHER USES CROP BERMUDAGRASS (grown for seed) The REI is 20 days. LApply when mites first appear. For cyclamen mites only, use 4 pints per acre in 2 to 3 thorough, high drenching sprays (400 gallons acre) at 10 to 20 day intervals. Apply when mites appear and repeated as necessary. OTHER USES COMMENTS Applications should be made as soon as miter appear and repeated as necessary. Apply when mites appear. Apply when mites first appear. For cyclamen mites only, use 4 pints per acre in 2 to 3 thorough, high drenching sprays (400 gallons acre) at 10 to 20 day intervals. Apply when mites appear and repeated as necessary. Apply when mites first appear. Apply when mites firs		Do not apply more than one apply more tha	plication per year.	,		
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or; ½ pint per 50 gals. based on 100 gals. per acre	· .		ft.;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
100 gals. per acre			or; ½ pint per 50			
Do not use on residential home lawns			100 gals. per			
Bo not use on residential from a tarner.		Do not use on residential home	lawns.			

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep from freezing. Store at 32°F to 110°F.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (five gallons or less): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable Container (greater than five gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refillable container. Refill this container with dicofol only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Eliminate ignition sources. Ventilate area. Avoid breathing vapors. Wear respirator suitable for vapor concentration encountered (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent). Dike the spill with inert material and transfer the liquid or solid diking materials to separate containers. REFER TO PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE (SPILL, LEAK OR FIRE), CALL INFOTRAC AT (800) 535-5053.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

Read the entire directions for use, conditions of warranties and limitations of liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

By using this product, user or buyer accepts the following CONDITIONS, DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES and LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

DISCLAIMER OF WARRANTIES: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. makes no other warranties, express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, that extend beyond the statements made on this label. No agent of Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc. disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY: To the extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract, warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the purchase price paid or at Makhteshim Agan of North America, Inc.'s election, the replacement of product.

Dicofol 4E (66222-56)(EPA app 5-17-07)(notif to EPA 05-13-08)