AND TECHNICAL AMORECION

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

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NOV 2 | 1994

A. EIMANIS MAKHTESHIM-AGAN OF NORTH AMERICA INC. 551 FIFTH AVENUE, ST. 1100 NEW YORK, N.Y. 10176

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Subject: Label Amendment Submission of 5/19/94 in Response to PR Notice 93-7 EPA Reg. No. 66222-1 CAPTAN 50-WP

Dear Registrant:

The labeling cited above and submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is accepted subject to the comments reflected on the enclosed sheet. A copy of your proposed labeling stamped "ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS" is enclosed.

WHAT THIS ACCEPTANCE MEANS:

Based on your certification, the Agency has accepted the labeling changes that are necessary to comply with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) labeling requirements of 40 CFR part 156, subpart K, described in PR Notices 93-7 and 93-11. Any other labeling changes submitted in connection with this amendment application but not directly related to compliance with the WPS have not been reviewed or accepted by the Agency. If you wish to make such changes, you must submit a separate amendment application proposing them. If your product is currently suspended, the acceptance of this labeling amendment does not affect the suspension in any way.

WHAT YOU NEED TO DO NEXT:

By the next label printing make all the specified changes to your labeling. Send to EPA one (1) copy of the final printed labeling:

- BEFORE selling or distributing any product bearing the final printed labeling AND
- WITHIN one year from date of this acceptance.

Submit the final printed labeling via the U.S. Postal Service to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street, SW
Washington, D.C. 20460-0001

Hand or courier deliveries of final printed labeling may be made to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL)
Office of Pesticide Programs
Room 266A, Crystal Mall 2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202

Sincerely,

In Tompkins, Deputy Chief Registration Support Branch Registration Division (7505W) ., 6

Attachment

CAPTAN 50-WP

A Fungicide For Plant Disease Control

*Captan	
Related Derivatives	
INERT INGREDIENTS:	50.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

*N-Trichloromethylthio-4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboximide

CAPTAN 50-WP is a microfine wettable powder for use in water as a spray for the control of certain fungal diseases of fruit, and ornamental crops, and as a soil treatment for the control of certain selid rots and damping-off diseases.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER PELIGRO

Si ested no entlende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (Il you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail }

CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Eirst Ald:

If a known exposure occurs or is suspected, immediately start the procedures given below and contact a POISON CENTER, PHYSICIAN, OR THE NEAREST HOSPITAL. Describe the type and extent of exposure, the victim's symptoms and follow the advice given.

If In eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician

If swallowed: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, agg whites, gelatin solutions, or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably mouth tonouth. Get medical attention.

If on skin; Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if abnormal reaction occurs.

PA Reg. No. 66222-1	EPA Est. No.	ACCEPTED with COMMENTS
		In EPA Letter Dated

Net Contents ____ lbs.

Manufactured by: Makhteshim-Agan of North America Inc. amended, for the posticide 551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1100 considered under EPA Reg. No. New York, NY 10176

INUV 2 1 1994 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodentielde Act

PRECAUTIONARY STAT HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DO

DANGER

Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. If Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Avoid in

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Waterproof gloves.
- Shoes plus socks.
- Protective evewear

Mixers and Loaders must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- · Waterproof gloves.
- · Shoes plus socks. - Protective eyewesr.
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or Inading,
- Dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from c

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a m listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pestic handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chawing gum, using tobacco
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gats inside. Then wash t
 Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the out
- soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

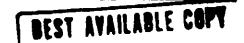
This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or wet potholes). Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to areas. Do not clean equipment or dispose of equipment washwaters water resources.

STORE IN COOL, DRY PLACE-PROTECT FROM EXCESSIVE HEAT

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner incon-

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide reg-



AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultual workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It Contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification to workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated ereas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days.

Exception: For the last 48 hours of the REI, workers may enter the treated area to perform hand labor or other tasks involving contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soll or water, without time limit, if they wear the early entry PPE listed below.

Exception: The restricted entry interval (REI) for STRAWBERRIES is <u>24 hours</u>. After expiration of the <u>24 hour period</u>, no Personal Protective Equipment is required.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralis.
- · Waterproof gloves.
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear.

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally or by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

Read all precautions and directions for use before using. Use only for claims fisted and only as specified on this label.

In order that pasticide residues on food, and, forage crops will not exceed federal tolerances, use only at recommended rates and intervals, and do not apply closer to harvest than specified. Do not apply or allow to drift to adjoining food, fiber or pasture crops.

Consult State Agricultural Experiment atations or State Agricultural Extension Service for additional information, as the time of applications needed will vary with the local conditions.

COMPATIBILITY AND PLANT_SAFETY: CAPTAN 50-WP can be combined safely and effectively at recommended dosage rates with most commonly used fungicides and insecticides, with the exception of oil and strongly alkaline materials. Alkaline materials such as apray lime, lime-sulfur and bordeaux mixture will reduce the fungicidal activity of CAPTAN. Do not apply CAPTAN in combination with or immediately before or closely following oil sprays. The time factor governing the safe interval between CAPTAN and oil sprays varies due to general climatic conditions, therefore, consult local agricultural spray programs and authorities to determine the proper timing. The use of spreaders which cause excessive wetting is not ach—10. Combinations with solvent formulations of organic phosphates should not be used. Combinatio. 2 of CAPTAN and sulfur should not be used on crops sensitive to sulfur. Used at high rates or in direnching sprays, CAPTAN may cause a necrotic spotting of tender, immature leaves of certain varieties of apples, peaches, plums and cherries. This type of injury is most likely to occur in the early cover sprays during long periods of warm, cloudy, humid weather. To avoid the hazard of leaf spotting under such conditions, use CAPTAN and other spray materials at lowest recommended rates and avoid direnching trees.

Applications can be made by aircraft or ground power equipment (including concentrate and semi-concentrate equipment). Pour recommended amount of this material into nearly filled spray tank. Add balance of water. Maintain agitation during filling and spraying operations. Do not allow mixture to stand. Do not combine with emulsifiable liquids or wettable powders unless previous experience has proven them to be physically compatible and safe to plants. (Read compatibility and plant safety information).

For aerial or concentrate spray applications, apply the same amount of CAPTAN 50 WP per acre as would normally be applied for dilute spray applications. Apply aerial or concentrate sprays in sufficient water for coverage. Use soray volumes of 5 to 20 gallons per acre for aerial applications. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

Except as specified begin applications before or at first sign of disease and repeat as needed to maintain control but observe use limitations. Unless otherwise specified, application can be made on the day of harvest. Apply the high rate when climatic conditions most favors disease(s) and the low rate when climatic conditions feast favors disease(s). If you are unaware of the climatic conditions favorable for disease(s) claimed for the specific use sites, you must consult with your State Agricultural Extension Service to learn of these conditions.

IMPORTANT: Read label carefully. Although most of the directions on this label may be followed nationwide, a few are limited to either the eastern or western U.S. Follow those directions for your growing area where specified.

<u>ALMONDS</u>; Brown rot twig and blossom blight, shothole, scab, leaf blight—Apply 9 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 300 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in popcorn, bloom and petal fall stages and up to 5 weeks after petal fall. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Hulls may be fed to fivestock. Subsequent applications may be made up to 12 days of harvest in accordance with pest infestations and state agricultural extension service recommendations, provided the hulls are not fed to dairy enimals or animals being finished for slaughter.

<u>APPLES</u>; (Eastern U.S.): Primary scab, black rot (frogeys), botrytis blossom-end-rot — Apply 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 400 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed to maintain control in prebloom, bloom, petal fall and first cover sprays.

Secondary scab, Brooks fruit spot, sooty blotch, fly speck, black pox, botryosphaeria rot, bitter rot — Apply 4 to 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 20 to 400 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply at 10 to 14 day intervals in second and later cover sprays. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 60 pounds of CAPTAN 50-WP per acre per year.

Powdery mildew — If powdery mildew is a problem add 6 to 12 pounds suffur per acre or 1 to 2 pounds of Karathane per acre to all postbloom sprays until foliage matures. Use 2 pounds Karathane per acre if Interval between sprays is longer than 7 days. CAUTION — Do not use CAPTAN 50-WP in combination with or closely following or in alternation with wettable sulfur products on sulfur sensitive varieties of apples such as Red Delicious, Staymen, Baldwin, King etc. as severe injury and defoliation may occur

<u>APPLES:</u> (Western U.S.): Primary scab — Apply 6 pounds of CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in a high volume application for preblossom sprays. In mid-summer, the dosage may be reduced to 4 pounds per acre in high volume applications. (Pacific Northwest): Bull's eye rot, Botrytis rot — Apply 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 400 gallons of water using ground equipment. Make 1 or 2 applications with late cover sprays and 1 final spray prior to hervest. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 60 pounds of CAPTAN 50-WP per acre per year.

<u>APRICOTS</u>: Brown rot (twig blight), jacket rot — Apply 5 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 250 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in red bud, bloom, 75% petal fall, and cover sprays. Do not apply by aerial application to apricots.

<u>BLUEBERRIES</u>; (Eastern U.S.): Botrytis gray mold or berry rot, mummy berry- Apply 5 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Start spray program when buds swell or when buds have loose scales. Repeat at 7 day intervals through blossom period. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals from late bloom

<u>BLUEBERRIES</u> (Western U.S.): Botrytis gray mold or berry rot, murmmy berry: Apply 2 to 5 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Begin at mid-bloom, repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals until maturity.

CHERRIES: (Eastern U.S.): Brown rot, leaf spot, Botrytls rot— Apply 4 pounds CAPTAN 50 WP per acre in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in pre-bloom, bloom, petal fall, shuck, cover and preharvest sprays. Applications at 3 to 4 day intervals may be necessary during bloom to control blossom blight. Repeat applications at 7 to 20 day intervals as needed to maintain control up to start of harvest. If powdery mildew is a problem add 6 lbs sulfur per acre to the petal fail, shuck or early cover sprays. If sulfur is added, CAPTAN 50-WP may be reduced to 2 pounds per acre in these sprays. Do not apply by aerial application to cherries.

Post harvest agrays: leaf apot — Apply 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply immediately after harvest and repeat application in 10 to 14 days.



<u>CHERRIES</u>: (Western U.S.,): Brown rot blossom blight, brown rot (fruit), leaf spot — Apply 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per scre in 20 to 200 gallone of water using ground equipment. Apply in pre-bloom, broom, petal fall, shuck, cover and preharvest sprays. Do not apply by serial application to cherries.

GRAPES; (Eastern U.S.); downy mildew, black rot — Apply 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment. Make first application just before bloom, repeat just after bloom and at 10 to 14 day intervals for 1 to 3 additional applications depending upon the susceptibility of the grape variety. Dead Arm (current season infection) — Apply 2 to 4 bs. CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply first application when shoots are 1/2 to 1 inch long. Repeat application when shoots are 4 to 6 inches long. Do not apply more than 24 pounds of CAPTAN 50-WP acre per year.

GRAPES: (California): Sunch rot (Botrytis) — Apply 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment. Make 2 applications before bloom and 1 immediately after bloom. Repeat periodically making 3 covar applications before the bunches close. Daed Arm (current assaon Infection) — Apply 3 to 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 200 gallons of water using ground equipment or apply 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 7 to 20 gallons of water by aircraft. Apply first spray when green tissue begins to show but before shoots are 1 inch long and repeat application when shoots are 6 to 8 inches long. Do not apply more than 24 pounds of CAPTAN 50-WP per acre per year.

NECTABINES: Brown rot, scab - Apply 8 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 250 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in full pink, bloom, petal fall, shuck, cover and preharvest sprays. Applications at 3 to 4 day intervals may be necessary during bloom to control blossom blight. Repeat application at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed to maintein control. Continue applications throughout harvest if conditions favor brown rot. If powdery mildew is a problem, add 7 1/2 pounds suffur per acre to the petal fall, shuck and early cover spray. If sulfur is added, CAPTAN 50-WP may be reduced to 2 1/2 pounds per acre in these sprays.

Coryneum blight (peach blight, shothole)— Apply 8 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 250 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in pink bud, full bloom, petal fall and cover sprays as necessary and as a post harvest spray (but before leaves drop). Do not apply by serial application to nectarines.

<u>PEACHES</u>: Brown rot, scab— Apply 8 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 400 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in full pink, bloom, petal fall, shuck stages and in cover and preharvest sprays. Applications at 3 to 4 day intervals may be necessary during bloom to control blossom blight. Repeat application at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed to maintain control. Continue applications through harvest if conditions favor brown rot. If powdery mildew is a problem, add 12 pounds sulfur per acre to the patal fall, shuck and early cover spray. If sulfur is added, CAPTAN 50-WP may be reduced to 4 pounds per acre in these sprays.

Coryneum blight (peach blight, shothole)— Apply 8 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 400 gations of water using ground equipment. Apply in pink bud, full bloom, petal fall and cover sprays as necessary and as a post harvest spray (but before leaves drop).

PEACHES INURSERY STOCK! ICalifornial: Preventative preplant dip treatment for crown gell - Use 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP plus 3.2 pints diluted sodium hypochlorite (5.25% household bleach) per 100 gallons of water. Wash nursery trees to remove soil from roots. Cut off all dormant buds and suckers in crown area and prune root system if necessary. Submerge the entire dormant tree for 5 minutes. Recharge dip during operation as necessary to maintain a proper concentration of 200 ppm chlorine. Check the concentration frequently using a chlorine test kit.

PLUMS, FRESH PRUNES (Eastern U.S.): Brown rat — Apply 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 300 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply in full pink, bloom and petal fall sprays. Repeat applications at 7 to 14 day intervals as needed to maintain control. Continue applications through harvest if conditions favor brown rot. The addition of a neutral spreader has improved coverage. -Do not apply by aerial application to plums or fresh prunes.

PLUMS, FRESH PRUNES (Western U.S.): Brown rot — Apply 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 300 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply at green bud, popcorn, bloom and petal fall stages. Repeat in cover sprays as conditions warrant. Prune russet scab (lacy scab) (in California only) — Apply 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in 20 to 300 gallons of water using ground equipment. Apply at full bloom. Do not apply by aerial application to plums or fresh prunes.

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STRAWBERRIES: Botrytis (gray mold), leaf spot — Apply 6 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per acre in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Begin applications when new growth starts in the spring and before fruit starts to form. Repeat at weekly intervals. Under conditions favorable to fruit rot continue applications through harvest period treating immediately after each picking. Restricted entry interval is 24 hours.

SPECIAL USES

POST HARVEST DIP: For control of various molds and storage rots (Botrytis, Gleosporium, Rhizopus). Use as a post hervest dip or spray wash on the following fruits: Apoles, Cherries, Pears— Use 2 1/2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a spray or in a dip tank. When user as a dip, recharge wash solution periodically when tank volume is reduced by 25%. Bring water back to volume and add 1 pound CAPTAN 50-WP for each 25 gallons added. At end of every 8 hour shilt, empty tank, flush and charge with fresh dilution. Do not allow tank solution to stand overnight. Maintain continuous agitation during dipping operation.

ORNAMENTALS

Use Precautions

Do not apply spray to ornamental plants listed below beyond the point of drip from the leaf surface. When applying as a drench, apply only sufficient mixture to wet the surface of the soil except when the dose is specified in terms volume of mixture per square foot of area.

<u>AZALEAS:</u> Damping-off of cuttings — Use 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Dip cuttings before bedding. Patal blight — Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Apply to soil area around plants and spray flowers just before bloom. Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals through bloom.

<u>BEGONIAS</u> (Tuberous): Demping-off, tuber rot — Use 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Dip tubers 30 minutes, drain and plant.

CAMELLIAS: Petal blight — Use 1 pound CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Apply to drench soil around plants beginning when flowers start to open. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals through bloom.

<u>CARNATIONS</u>: Alternaria leaf spot, rust— Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water Begin application at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Shorten intervals during frequent rains and heavy dews. Demping-off of cuttings— Use 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gations of water. Dip cuttings before bedding.

<u>CHRYSANTHEMUM</u>; Botrytls flower blight, Septonia leaf spot— Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Apply at first sign of disease. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. Damping-off cuttings— Use 4 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water. Dip cuttings before bedding.

<u>DICHONDRA</u> (California Only): White mold (Scierotium rolfsil)— Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50 WP per 100 gallons of water. Apply 1 gallon spray per 10 square feet. Make 2 to 3 applications at 7 day intervals.

GLADIOLUS (Corms): Corm rot and decay, damping-off— Use 1/2 to 11/2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 10 gallons, dip corms 20 to 30 minutes. Drain and plant.

GRASSES (Qraamental in Non-Pastured Areas Only): Leef spot, demping-off, brown patch, melting out. seedling blights, and brown spots on St. Augustine grass— Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50 WP per 100 gallons of water. Apply 10 gallons spray per 1,000 square feet. Begin when growth starts in spring Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals throughout season. Do not graze treated areas or feed clippings to livestock.

GRASSES (Lawn Seedbads): Damping-off and other soil borne diseases — Use 1/4 to 1/3 pound CAPTAN 50-WP per 1,000 square feet or 2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water, using 15 gallons spray per 1000 square feet. Cultivate into upper 3 to 4 inches before planting

<u>ROSES</u>; Black apot, Botrytis blossom blight — Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water Begin at first growth or first sign of disease. Repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals, and more frequently during frequent rains and heavy dews.

<u>SQN, AND GREENHOUSE BENCH TREATMENT</u>: Preplant treatment for damping-off, root rot diseases on seeding or transplants of roses (and other shrubs, trees, flowers) and lawn seedbeds — Use 2 pounds CAPTAN 50-WP per 100 gallons of water at a rate of 15 gallons per 1,000 square feet. Cultivate into upper 3 to 4 inches of soil before planting

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

<u>PROHIBITIONS</u>: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container.

<u>STORAGE</u>: Keep pesticide in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from excessive heat. Store in a cool, dry place.

<u>PESTICIDE DISPOSAL</u>: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

<u>CONTAINER DISPOSAL</u>: Do not reuse container. Completely empty container into application equipment, then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke,

This product is sold only for uses stated on its label. No express or implied license is granted to use or sell this product under any patent in any country except as specified: Country: <u>United States</u>

WARRANTY STATEMENT

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Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICU LAR PURPOSE express or implied extend to the use of this product contrary to label instruction or under ebnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage, or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

