

PM 32 65723-3

Act 90

CHLORINATING TABLETS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER

SEE FIRST AID AND OTHER PRECAUTIONS ON BACK LABEL

EPA REG. NO. 65723-3
EPA EST. NO. 65723-MX1
NET WEIGHT 50 LBS (22.6 KG)

Active Ingredient Trichloro-s-triazinetrione 99.4%
Inert Ingredients 0.6%
Available chlorine 89%

3"

ACCEPTED

SEP 11 1961

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, this pesticide is registered under EPA Reg. No. 65723

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READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT:
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

DANGER: Highly corrosive. causes eye and skin damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Irritating to nose and throat. Avoid breathing dust. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID: IF SWALLOWED, drink large amount of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. IN CASE OF SKIN CONTACT, brush off excess chemicals and flush skin with cold water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation persists, call a physician. IN CASE OF EYE CONTACT, flush eyes with cold water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD: This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuarine, oceans, or public waters unless this product is specifically identified and addressed in an NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

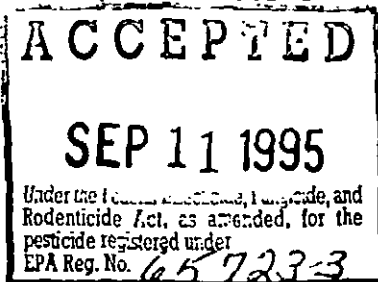
PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT. Mix only with water. Use clean, dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible, isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary.

EPA REG. NO. 65723-3

EPA EST. NO. 65723-MX-1

PACKAGED BY: AQUA-CLOR, S.A. DE C.V. MONTERRY, MEX. 66550

EMERGENCY PHONE: (213) 562-9500



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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Keep product dry in tightly closed original container when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from heat, open flames, organic chemicals and sunlight. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard in trash. Waste resulting from the use of this product can be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal site. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Do not reuse empty container. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

DIRECTION FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

POOL START-UP: Fill the chlorinator with Act 90 professional chlorinating tablets and adjust the feeder so that the available chlorine is 5-10 ppm.

. These Act 90 tablets were manufactured for use in erosion type feeders, where they are slowly dissolved as the water flows over the tablets surface. If thrown directly into water, Act 90 tablets may stain concrete or vinyl walls.

. 24 hours after filling the chlorinator, check the water with a test kit for chlorine availability. If necessary, adjust the feeder so that the available chlorine is always maintained between 1.0 to 2.0 ppm.

SUPERCHLORINATION. Superchlorination is necessary at the start of the bathing season. Upon filling the pool, every week during hot weather and following heavy rains. Superchlorination is performed two to three times the normal amount of chlorine to oxidize any unwanted organic and inorganic material. A granular chlorinator which will dissolve quickly, should be used for superchlorination. Follow the directions for use found on the granular product label for superchlorination use. Bathers should not be permitted in the pool during superchlorination until the chlorine residual is at least 3.0 ppm.

The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 7.6.

Use pool only when the chlorine residual is between 1.0 - 3.0 ppm.

Frequency of treatment, and dosage is dependent on temperature and bather load.

DOT SHIPPING NAME: Trichloro-s-Triazinetrione, dry, oxidizer.