

# THE PREMIERE WHITE MINERAL OIL\* FOR CONTROL

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS) CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed. If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Call a physician. Avoid breathing vapors and spray mists.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment:**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long sleeved shirt and long pants; Chemical-resistant gloves, such as: Barrier laminate or nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber or viton; Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. .eep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. Apply this product only as specified on the label.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**STORAGE** - Keep drum tightly closed in storage to prevent entry of water. Do not freeze. Store drum on side. Roll drum before use if stored over-season.

**DISPOSAL PROHIBITIONS:** Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide disposal waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at approved waste disposal facility.

**Container disposal:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Consult Federal, State or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures.

\*White oil is a superior grade technical mineral oil subjected to sufficient refinement steps to remove the impurities found in typical spray oils.

### ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

PARAFFINIC OIL	97.1%
INERT INGREDIENTS	2.9%
TOTAL	100%

Boder the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,

as amended, for the pe

Unsulfonated Residue of the Oil	99.1%
Flash Point	345°F

EPA Registration No. 65564-1

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

#### FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED-Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED-Move person to fresh air.

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING-Take off contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES-Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-561-567-9241 for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: MAY POSE AN ASPIRATION PNEUMONIA HAZARD.

PREHARVEST INTERVAL No Interval Required

## **JMS STYLET-OIL<sup>®</sup>**

### The Premiere White Mineral Oil Giving Growers A CLEAR Choice

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including microjet, solid jet, wheel lines and center pivot only to the following crop: Potato. Do not apply this product by chemigation to any other crop or to this crop through any other type of irrigation system.

SPRAY PREPARATION: Remove scale, pesticide residues and other foreign matter from the chemical tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS: First prepare a suspension of JMS Stylet-Oil + Rovral brand 4 Flowable Fungicide in a tank mix. Fill tank with 1/2 to 3/4 the desired amount of water. Start hydraulic or mechanical agitation. Add JMS Stylet-Oil as the last ingredient. Add the remaining volume of water. The spray solution should be buffered to a pH of 5.0-7.0. Maintain agitation in the tank while applying the suspension. Then set sprinkler to deliver 0.1 to 0.4 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the desired rate per acre. The suspension should be injected with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to insure adequate mixing. If you should have any other questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Following treatment, further irrigation over the treated area should be avoided for 24 hours to prevent washing the suspension off the crop.

#### **GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR APPLICATIONS THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEMS**

Maintain continuous agitation in mix tank during mixing and application to assure a uniform suspension. Greater accuracy in calibration and distribution will be achieved by injecting a larger volume of a more dilute solution per unit time. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. If you are unsure of wind conditions, contact your local extension agent.

to not apply when wind speed favors drift, when system connection or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are used.

#### **CHEMIGATION USE RATES**

For control of Early Blight (*Alternaria solani*) and/or White mold (*Sclerotinia sclerotiorum*). Tank mix 1 pint to 1 quart JMS Stylet-Oil/acre with the labeled rate of Rovral. When applying by sprinkler irrigation, deliver between 0.1 to 0.4 inches of water per acre. For Early Blight: Begin applications when conditions first become favorable for disease development. Up to 3 subsequent applications can be applied at 10-14 day intervals or as required. For White Mold: Apply just prior to row closing, or at early first sign of disease, and repeat on a 14-21 day interval, if favorable conditions for disease development continues.

### (R) **JMS STYLET-OIL**

### THE PREMIERE WHITE MINERAL OIL GIVING GROWERS A CLEAR CHOICE

METHOD OF APPLICATION/EQUIPMENT

Use the following application method information unless otherwise directed under "Timing/Remarks" for a particular crop/pest.

#### APPLICATION RATE

With ground equipment, from 25-150 gallons of dilute spray emulsion per acre depending on plant size. Thorough coverage is necessary. A tractor speed of 3.5-4 mph (6-7 kph) is recommended. Vary the quantity of spray applied by changing the number of nozzles used, not by changing either tractor speed or spray pressure.

#### TIMING OF APPLICATIONS

For use as an insecticide: Spray should be initiated as soon as plants emerge. Plants should be sprayed weekly or twice weekly depending on level of pest infestation. Continue sprays through harvest.

For use as a fungicide: Spray weekly or once every two weeks depending on level of disease pressure.

For use in mitigating aphid transmission of plant viruses: Initiate sprays when winged aphids first appear. Spray weekly or twice weekly depending on level of disease/vector pressure. For cucurbits, begin spraying when 50% of plants germinate. Cucurbits should be sprayed twice weekly during rapid growth phase. EQUIPMENT

Thorough coverage is essential. Best coverage is achieved with ground equipment using proper spray pressure, gallonage per acre, nozzles (generally hollow cone), nozzle spacing and tractor speed.

For vegetables/plant virus: Spray at no less than 400 psi using ceram-ic hollow cone nozzles (ALBUZ® ATR (lilac); HCA (green) color or their equivalent).

For fungicide use: Application system used for insects/plant virus is not required. However, maximum coverage and least potential for phyto-toxicity results from use of this system. When using conventional application equipment, spray for coverage of upper leaf surface.

#### **GREENHOUSE**

For greenhouse use: Apply recommended rate for control of the greenhouse pest. Use ceramic hollow cone nozzles (ALBUZ® ATR (lilac); HCA (green) color or their equivalent). Apply weekly or every two weeks depending on level of pest infestation. From 20-100 gallons of dilute spray nulsion per acre, depending on plant size. Spray to the point of runoff.

ary quantity of spray applied by changing the number of nozzles used, not by changing spray pressure, speed of sprayer or size of nozzle,

#### COMPATIBILITY INFORMATION

Add the oil to tank mix formulations as the last ingredient. Local climactic conditions can adversely affect the persistence of oil on a crop. On crops where tank mixes and/or spray intervals have not been previously used, spray a small area with the recommended nozzles and spray pressure and wait several days. If sufficient time between sprays has not elapsed, phytotoxicity will normally occur in several days. Chemicals which are phytotoxic when used alone will be more phytotoxic when used with oil. TANK MIXING: Mix JMS Stylet-Oil<sup>®</sup> only with those chemicals regis-tered for use on the specific crop to be treated. When using JMS Stylet-Oil<sup>®</sup> in **tank mixtures**, observe all limitations, precautions and rate rec-ommendations which appear on the label for these products: acephate (Orthene), benomyl (Benlate), copper ammonium carbonate (CCN), cop-ner, hydroxida (Kocida), fanualerate (Asama XI), incodione (CCN), copper hydroxide (Kocide), fenvalerate (Asana XL), iprodione (Rovral), Mancozeb, Maneb, methamidophos (Monitor), metalaxyl (Ridomil) and triadimefon (Bayleton).

**Do Not** tank mix JMS Stylet-Oil with spreader stickers, Nu-Film-P or Nu-Film-17 (pinolene based products). Wait at least 10 days between an oil application and spraying pinolene-based products with truit present.

**Do** Not tank mix JMS Stylet-Oil<sup>®</sup> with highly ionized nutrient spray materials (Nutri-Leaf) (20-20-20), Bayfolan. These materials can be sprayed separately from oil. JMS Stylet-Oil<sup>®</sup> is compatible with urea (up to 5 lb. per 100 gal.) and epsom salt (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) (3 lb. per 100 gal.).

Do Not Use the following chemicals: captan, Folpet, oxythioquinox (Morestan), organic tin compds. (Du-Ter), during, with or following an oil spray

Do Not Use propargite (Omite) with an oil spray. Do not apply propargite within 30 days of an oil application.

Do Not Use chlorothalonil (Bravo) or dimethoate (Cygon) in a spray program with JMS Stylet-Oil<sup>®</sup> on the following crops: grapes, ornamentals and strawberries. Do not use dicofol (Kelthane) in a spray program with JMS Stylet-Oil® on ornamentals and strawberries.

Do Not Use the following chemicals with JMS Stylet-Oil® unless at least two weeks have clapsed between the use of oil and the chemical anilazine (Dyrene), chlorothalonil (Bravo), dicloran (Botran), dicofol (Kelthane), Dikar, dinocap (Karathane), permethrin (Ambush, Pounce).

Copper: On grapes Do not use copper and oil together with fruit preseni

Sulfur: On grapes: Do not apply sulfur within 10 days of an oil application. On all other crops: Do not apply micronized sulfur within 10 days of an oil application and do not apply oil within 14 days of an application of wettable or dusting sulfur.

#### ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ON SPRAYING

Do not spray wet foliage. Do not spray when freezing temperatures are anticipated within 48 hours of an oil application, above 90 ° F (32° C) or when plants are under heat or moisture stress.

**On vegetables:** Do not apply when temperatures are below  $50^{\circ}$  F ( $10^{\circ}$  C).

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURE USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are cov-ered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

Coveralls

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier laminate or nitrile rubber or neoprene rubber or viton; Shoes plus socks

4/7

THE PREMIERE WHITE MINERAL OIL GIVING GROWERS A CLEAR CHOICE

#### FOR VEGETABLES:

CROP	PESTS	RATE/100 gal. Water	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application Compatibility/Chemigation Sections also)
Asparagus	Leafhopper*,	3-6 qts	Using ground equipment, spray for
Bean	Leafminers,	1	thorough coverage of upper leaf
Beet	Mites,	1	surface. For aphid-transmitted plant
Cabbage	Whiteflies,		viruses and insect control use 400 psi
Cauliflower	Alternaria Leafspot.		spray pressure and ceramic hollow cone
Celery	Gummy Stem Blight,		nozzles. For fungal diseases use at least
Cucumber	Powdery Mildew,		200 psi spray pressure.
Cucurbits	Rust		
Eggplant	Cucumber Mosaic Virus.	3 qts	For Chemigation use: See DIRECTIONS
Lettuce	Papaya Ringspot Virus,		FOR USE THROUGH SPRINKLER IRRIGATION
Melon	Pepper Mottle Virus,		SYSTEMS
Okra	Potato Leafroll Virus,		
Pepper	Potato Virus Y,		
Potato	Tobacco Etch Virus,		
Pumpkin	Watermelon Mosaic Virus 2	!	
Squash	Zucchini Yellow Mosaic		
Tomato			
ι		1	

FOR SMALL FRUIT, BERRIES & VINE CROPS:				
CROP	Pests	Rate/100 gal/water	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/ Compatibility Sections also)	
Blueberries* Bushberries* Caneberries	Mites, Powdery Mildew, Rust	3-6 qts	Using ground equipment, spray for optimum coverage of leaf surfaces. For <b>fungal diseases</b> use at least 200 psi spray pressure.	
Strawberries	Leafminers*, Mites, Botrytis, Powdery Mildew	3 qts	Spray at no less than 400 psi using ceramic spray noz- zles (ALBUZ <sup>®</sup> ATR, lilac color or their equivalent).	
Grapes	Mealybugs, Mites, Whiteflies*, Leafhopper*	1-2 gal	Using ground equipment, spray for optimum coverage of leaf surfaces. Repeat sprays every 10-14 days.	
	Powdery Mildew. Botrytis		<ul> <li>For powdery mildew-Make first application pre- bloom and continue every ten days to three weeks depending on level of disease pressure. Use higher rate and shorter spray interval when disease conditions are severe.</li> <li>For Botrytis Bunch Rot-Initiate sprays at bloom and repeat prior to bunch closing and veraison. Final application at harvest if needed. Use higher rate when disease conditions are severe.</li> <li>Oil will temporarily remove the bloom on grapes. Table grapes should not be sprayed within two weeks of harvest.</li> <li>Do not use copper and oil together with fruit present.</li> </ul>	
*Hops	Mites, Powdery Mildew	1-2 gal	For powdery mildew: Initiate sprays at early leaf stage. Continue sprays every 10-14 days. Mite control will be effective under the same spray interval as powdery mildew sprays. Discontinue sprays at burr development.	

CROP	PESTS	RATE/100 gal. Water	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/ Compatibility Sections also)
Cotton Field Corn Sugar beets Sweet Corn Tobacco	Earworm, Fall armyworm, Corn rootworm, Leafhopper, Leafminer, Mites, Whiteflies, Cercospora	3-6 qts	Using ground equipment, spray for optimum coverage of leaf surfaces. For fungal diseases use at least 200 psi spray pressure.

\*Asterisk denotes crop, pest Not registered for use in California

### THE PREMIERE WHITE MINERAL OIL GIVING GROWERS A CLEAR CHOICE

CROP	ROP PEST R gs		TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/Compatibility Sections also)		
Almonds Apricots	Scale, Mites Fruit Tree Leafroller*	1-1.5 gal 2-3 gal	Dormant/delayed dormant.		
	Scale, Mites	l gal	Summer (foliar or cover sprays). Also postharvest. Do not apply to oil sensitive varieties.		
Apple	Apple Red Bug European Fruit Lecanium Scale San Jose scale Fruit Tree Leafroller* European Red Mite	1-2 gal	Dormant/delayed dormant to 1/2" Green.		
	Scurfy Scale	3 gal			
	Mites (including European Red Mite) Leafhopper* Rust mite* San Jose Scale Rosy Apple Aphid Fruit Tree Leafroller*	1-2 gal	Summer Use (foliar or cover sprays). Apply every 10-14 days depending on level of pest pressure. Also Postharvest to reduce overwintering pest pressure. Do not spray oil sensitive varieties.		
	Powdery Mildew	1-2 gal	Apply at tight cluster and continue every 10-14 days through second cover spray. Use higher rate and/or shorter spray interval when disease conditions are severe.		
Cherries	Fruit Tree Leafroller*	1-2 gal	Dormant/delayed dormant.		
	Mites, Scale	1-2 gal	Summer Use. Apply when mites first appear. Repeat sprays every 10-14 days. Postharvest sprays may be made to maintain control and reduce overwintering pest pressure. Do not apply to oil sensitive varieties.		
	Powdery Mildew	1-2 gal	Preharvest Use: Use up to pit hardening stage. Apply at 10-14 day interval- shorten interval and/or use higher rate when disease conditions are severe. Do not use Guthion during, with or following the use of oil. Postharvest applications may be made to maintain control and reduce overwintering inoculum.		
Mango*	Mites	1-1.5 gal	Apply every 2-3 weeks as necessary depending on level of pest pressure.		
	Powdery Mildew	1-1.5 gal	For Powdery Mildew: Begin application before bloom. Repeat at bloom and every 2-3 weeks as necessary.		
Olives	Mites, Scale	1.5 gal	Prebloom to Postbloom Buckshot.		
Papaya*	Mites, Powdery mildew, Papaya ringspot virus	0.75-1.5 gal	For powdery mildew/mites. Spray every 10-14 days depending on level of pest pressure For virus: Initiate sprays when seeds are germinated. Spray weekly using 400 psi spray pressure and ceramic hollow cone nozzles.		
Nectarines Peaches	Fruit Tree Leafroller* Cottony Peach Scale, Mites, Scale	2.5 gal 3 gal 1-2 gal	Dormant to delayed dormant.		
	Mites, Scale	1-2 gal	Summer Use (foliar or cover sprays). Postharvest applications can be made to maintain control and reduce overwintering pressure.		
	Powdery Mildew	1-2 gal	For powdery mildew begin at 5% bloom and continue at 10-14 day intervals until ter- minal growth phase stops. Do not apply to oil sensitive varietics.		
Pears	Fruit Tree Leafroller* Pear Leaf Blister Mite Pear Psylla*	3 gal 2 gal	Dormant to Delayed Dormant -up to and including petal fall.		
	Red Spider Mites San Jose & Italian Pear Scale (Summer forms) Leafhopper* Pear Psylla*	1 gal 1-1.5 gal 1-1.5 gal 1.5-2 gal	Summer Use (foliar or cover sprays). Postharvest applications may be made to main- tain control and reduce overwintering inoculum. Do not spray oil sensitive varieties.		
	Powdery Mildew	1.5-2 gal 1-2 gal	Apply at bud burst and continue every 10-14 days. Use higher rate and/or shorter spray interval when disease conditions are severe.		
Pecans	Obscure Scale	3 gal	Dormant.		
Plums & Prunes	European Red Mite European Fruit Lecanium Scale Mites, Scale	2 gal 2 gal 1-1.5 gal	Dormant to 1/2" Green.		
	Mites, Scale	1-1.5 gal	Summer Use (foliar or cover sprays.) Watch for oil sensitive varieties. Spray a test area first.		
Walnuts	Mites, Scale	1-1.5 gal	Delayed Dormant.		
	Mites, Scale 0.5-1 gal		Late Spring to mid-summer. Do not apply after husk split. Do not spray oil sensitive varieties.		

\*Asterisk denotes crop, pest Not registered for use in California

6/7

THE PREMIERE WHITE MINERAL OIL GIVING GROWERS A CLEAR CHOICE

CROP	PEST	Rate/100 gal. water	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/Compatibility Sections also)
Apples Cherries	Mites	1-2 gal	For mites apply every 10-14 days. Use higher rate and or shorter interval during heavy mite infestation.
Peaches Pears	Powdery Mildew	1-2 gal	For powdery mildew control, begin spraying before disease first appears. Spray every 10 -14 day days, using at least 200 psi spray pressure and targeting spray for thorough coverage of leaf surfaces. Use higher rate and more frequent interval under heavy disease pressure.

<b>FOR ORNAM</b>	ENTAL USE:			
CROP	PEST	Rate/1 gal water	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/Compatibility Sections also)	
Chrysanthemum Diffenbachia Philodendron Poinsettia	Leafminers, Mealybugs, Mites, Scale insects,	l oz	Use ALBUZ® ATR nozzles, lilac color or their equivalent. Apply week- ly or every two weeks depending on level of pest infestation. From 20- 100 gallons of dilute spray emulsion per acre, depending on plant size. Spray to the point of runoff. Vary quantity of spray applied by changing	
Roses	Whiteflics, Black spot, Powdery Mildew	1-2 oz	the number of nozzles used, not by changing spray pressure, speed of sprayer or nozzle size.	

FOR GRASSES GROWN FOR SEED:*					
СКОР	PEST	Rate/A	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/Compatibility Sections also)		
Bluegrass iscues Jrchardgrass Perennial Ryegrass	Powdery Mildew, Rust	1-2 gal/A	With ground equipment, apply for thorough coverage when pow- dery mildew and rust pustules are noticeable and increasing in number, in late spring or early fall. Repeat at 14-21 day intervals. Use higher rate under severe disease pressure. Spray with a mini- mum of 20 gal/A of water.		

MISCELLANEOUS CROPS:					
CROP	PEST	Rate/A	TIMING & REMARKS (See Application/Compatibility Sections also)		
Peppermint Spearmint	Mites, Powdery Mildew	1-2 gal/A	With ground equipment, apply for thorough coverage when pow- dery mildew is present or mint 5-6" tall. Repeat at 14-21 day inter- vals. Use higher rate under severe disease pressure. Spray with a minimum of 20 gal/A of water.		

\*Asterisk denotes crop, pest Not registered for use in California

7/7

THE PREMIERE WHITE MINERAL OIL GIVING GROWERS A CLEAR CHOICE

CROP	PEST	Rate/100 gal Water	TIMING & REMARKS (See Appli- cation/Compatibility Sections also)
Lemons and Grapefruit	Mites Scale including California Red Scale	1-1.4 gal 1-1.6 gal	For best results, spray during Fall, early Winter & Spring months when red scale are more easily con- trolled and trees generally less reactive to oil. For all citrus oil sprays ensure adequate soil moisture. Leaves should not wilt before noon.
Oranges (Navel & Valencia) Other Citrus Non-Bearing Citrus	Mites (including Rust Mite & Spider Mite) Black Scale California Red Scale. Whitefly & Blackfly Sooty Mold Greasy Spot	1.0-1.4 gal 1.0-1.3 gal 1.3-1.6 gal 1.0-1.3 gal 1.0-1.3 gal 1.0 gal	Oils applied after Oct. may increase cold damage. Oils applied in Aug. and Sept. may affect solids content and retard coloring.

\*Asterisk denotes crop, pest Not registered for use in California

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

S Flower Farms, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label only when used in accordance with label directions under nal conditions of use. JMS Flower Farms, Inc., MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES EITHER OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE. Uritical and unforesceable factors beyond JMS Flower Farms, Inc. control prevent it from eliminating all risks in connection with the use of this product. Risks such as crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences resulting from, but not limited to, weather conditions, presence of other materials, drift to other crops or property, the manner of use or application, or failure to follow label directions will be assumed by the Buyer or User. Handling, storage and use of the product by Buyer and User are beyond the control of JMS Flower Farms, Inc. In no case shall JMS Flower Farms, Inc. be held liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use of this product. The limit of JMS Flower Farms, Inc., liability shall be the purchase price for the quantive involved.

EPA Registration No. 65564-1

EPA Establishment No.: 14774-FL-07; 55206-MI-001 Superscript corresponds to last letter of lot number.



1105 25th Ave. Vero Beach, FL 32960 PH: (561) 567-9241 FAX: (561) 567-9394 email: styletoil@AOL.com