

### OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

April 17, 2025

### **SENT BY EMAIL**

Fredric Shelley freddy.shelley@syntechresearch.com COSACO GMBH

Subject: Labeling Notification per Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 - minor label revisions

Product Name: SPU-06050-F Admin Number: 64744-5 EPA Receipt Date: 03/07/2025 Action Case Number: 00646374

Dear Fredric Shelley:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is in receipt of your application for notification under Pesticide Registration Notice 98-10 for the above referenced product. The EPA has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The labeling submitted with this application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains statements or claims substantially differing from statements or claims made in connection with obtaining a FIFRA section 3 registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

If you have questions, please contact Elisha Graham via email at graham.elisha@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kristy Crews, Ph.D., Product Manager 22

FB, RD

Office of Pesticide Programs

Cosaco GmbH

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{MASTER LABEL}

### NOTIFICATION

COPPER GROUP

M01

**FUNGICIDE** 

64744-5

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

04/17/2025

SPU-06050-F

ABN: Kocide 50DF ABN: Kocide MAXX

FOR USE IN: LISTED CITRUS, LISTED VEGETABLES, LISTED TREE CROPS, LISTED SMALL FRUITS, LISTED VINES, LISTED FIELD CROPS, LISTED GREENHOUSES, LISTED TURF AND ORNAMENTALS

Active 1	Ingredient:
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Copper Hydroxide\* $\uparrow$ 76.8%Other Ingredients:23.2%Total:100.0%

\*Metallic Copper Equivalent: 50% Metallic Copper (Cu<sup>2</sup>) Equivalent: 50.0% by weight † CAS No. 20427-59-2

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER - PELIGRO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
If In Eyes	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
	• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
If Swallowed	• Do not DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or
l	doctor.
	Do not DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If On Skin Or	Take off contaminated clothing.
Clothing	• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
Clothing	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	Move person to fresh air.
If Inhaled	• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration,
11 Illiaicu	preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
	HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

You may also contact CHEMTEL (800) 255-3924 (24 hours) for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See side/back panels for additional precautionary statements.

EPA Reg.	No.	64744-5	
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EPA Est.	No.	
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Nonrefillable Container Net Contents:

Manufactured For:

Cosaco GmbH Singapurstrasse 1 20457 Hamburg

Germany

Cosaco GmbH

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### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS **DANGER-PELIGRO**

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Do not DO NOT get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapor or spray

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

#### Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt
- Long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material including Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥14 mils, Nitrile Rubber ≥14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥14 mils, Natural Rubber ≥14 mils, Polyethylene Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)  $\geq$ 14 mils, or Viton  $\geq$ 14 mils
- Protective eyewear

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

See engineering controls for additional requirements. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with the product's concentrate. Do not DO NOT reuse them.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Pilots must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.305].

When handlers use enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR Part 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **Users Should:**

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Fish Advisory Statement: This copper product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and may contaminate water through runoff. Unlike most organic pesticides, copper is an element and will not break down in the environment and will therefore accumulate in sediment with repeated applications. Copper is a micronutrient, but its pesticidal application rate exceeds the amount of copper needed as a nutrient.

This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after application. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.

Do not DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribe agency responsible for pesticide regulations.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural insecticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the

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statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 48 hours without required PPE.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material including Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber ≥14 mils, Nitrile Rubber ≥14 mils, Neoprene Rubber ≥14 mils, Natural Rubber ≥14 mils, Polyethylene Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) ≥14 mils, or Viton ≥14 mils
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

#### For Greenhouse Uses ONLY:

The 48 hour restricted-entry interval (REI) may be reduced to 24 hours, provided that the following conditions are met:

For at least seven days following the application of copper-containing products in greenhouses:

- At least one container or station designed specifically for flushing eyes is available in operating condition with the WPS-required decontamination supplies for workers entering the area treated with copper-containing products.
- Workers are informed orally, in a manner they can understand:
  - that residues in the treated area may be highly irritating to their eyes,
  - that they should take precautions, including refraining from rubbing their eyes, to keep the residues out of their eyes,
  - that if they do get residues in their eyes, they should immediately flush their eyes with the eye flush container or eye flush station that is located with the decontamination supplies, and
  - how to operate the eye flush container or eye flush station.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides 40 CFR Part 170. The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not DO NOT enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.

#### PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

SPU-06050-F may be applied as an aerial, ground dilute or ground concentrate spray unless specifically directed otherwise in the specific crop use directions.

The per acre use rate of SPU-06050-F is applicable for both dilute and concentrate spraying. Depending upon the equipment used and the specific crop, the spray volume applied per acre will differ. Refer to Minimum Spray Volume Table. Complete spray coverage is essential to assure optimum performance from SPU-06050-F. When treating by aerial application or with low volume application equipment, unless you have had specific previous experience, it is advisable to test for compatibility and tolerance to crop injury prior to full scale commercial utilization.

Consult the SPU-06050-F label for specific rates and timing of application by crop. Where application rates and intervals are provided in a range (e.g., 4 to 12 pounds and 7 to 10 days), use the higher rates and shorter spray intervals when rainfall is heavy and/or disease pressure is high. Use the higher rates for large mature tree crops.

The Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) for SPU-06050-F is 0-days unless noted.

#### **RESTRICTIONS:**

- Do not DO NOT tank mix SPU-06050-F with any product containing aluminum tris (O-ethyl phosphonate) fungicide for use on any registered crops unless appropriate precautions have been taken to buffer the spray solution because severe phytotoxicity may result.
- Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. Do not DO NOT exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.
- This product may be reactive on masonry and metal surfaces including galvanized roofing. Avoid contact with metal surfaces. Do not DO NOT spray on cars, houses, lawn furniture, etc.
- Not for residential use
- Pilots must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40CFR 170.305].

### **SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS:**

- If SPU-06050-F is applied in a spray solution having a pH of less than 6.5, phytotoxicity may occur.
- Environmental conditions including extended periods of wet weather, acid rain, etc. which alter the pH of the leaf surface may affect the performance of SPU-06050-F resulting in possible phytotoxicity or loss of effectiveness.
- Agricultural chemicals may perform in an unpredictable manner when tank mixed, especially where several

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products are involved. Reduced effect on pests or crop injury may occur. Unless specified on this label or by a State/local expert, it is advisable to test for compatibility and potential crop injury prior to commercial use of a new tank mix.

- It must be determined if proper application equipment is available and if waste associated with its use can be properly handled. Agricultural chemicals are often reactive with the materials used in the construction of application equipment, including aluminum, rubber, and some synthetic materials. This factor must be taken into consideration when selecting proper application equipment. It is necessary that all application equipment be thoroughly flushed with clean water after each day's use.
- Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, traveler, big gun, or plastic pipe solid set systems. Do notDO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. In California, do notDO NOT apply in systems which contain aluminum parts or components.
- While volume is important in obtaining full spray coverage, often factors including foliage density, environmental conditions and sprayer calibration have a greater impact. Always be sure that sprayers are calibrated to spray equipment manufacturer's specifications and environmental conditions are within those specified by State and local regulatory authorities.
- When mixing, fill the spray tank one-half full with water. Add SPU-06050-F slowly to tank while hydraulic or
  mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. Spreaders, stickers, insecticides, nutrients, etc.
  should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test before mixing a whole tank
  or contact your chemical supplier. Observe all precautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in
  mixtures.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

#### RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

COPPER GROUP M01 FUNGICIDE

For resistance management, SPU-06050-F contains a Group M01 fungicide. Any fungal population may contain individuals naturally resistant to SPU-06050-F and other Group M01 fungicides. A gradual or total loss of pest control may occur over time if these fungicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay fungicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of SPU-06050-F or other Group M01 fungicides within a growing year sequence with different groups that control the same pathogens.
- Avoiding the consecutive use of SPU-06050-F or other target site of action Group M01 fungicides/bactericides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same fungal pathogen species.
- Use tank mixtures with fungicides from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated disease management program for fungicide use that includes scouting, uses historical
  information related to pesticide use, and crop rotation, and which considers host plant resistance, impact of
  environmental conditions on disease development, disease thresholds, as well as cultural, biological and other
  chemical control practices.
- Where possible, make use of predictive disease models to effectively time fungicide applications. Note that using predictive models alone is not sufficient to manage resistance.
- Monitor treated fungal populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or IPM specifications for specific crops and pathogens.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance contact your local Cosaco GmbH representative. You can also contact your pesticide distributor or university extension specialist to report resistance.

#### SPRAY DRIFT

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

#### **Aerial Applications:**

- Do not DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the vegetative canopy or water, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not DO NOT apply when wind speed exceeds 15 mph at the application site. If the winds speed is greater than 10 mph, the boom length must be 65% or less of the wingspan for fixed wing aircraft and 75% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters. Otherwise, the boom length must be 75% or less of the wingspan for fixed-wing aircraft and 90% or less of the rotor diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the application area.
- Do not DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

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#### **Ground Boom Applications:**

- Apply with the spray release height specified by the manufacturer, but no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 15 mph at the application site.
- Do not DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

#### **SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES**

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom**

- **Volume** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### **Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft**

• Adjust Nozzles - Follow nozzle manufacturers' specifications for setting up nozzles. Generally, to reduce fine droplets, nozzles must be oriented parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom**

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

### **RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft**

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, do not DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 ft. above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

### TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS. Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

### Other State and Local Requirements:

Applicators must follow all State and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of copper compounds. Where states have stringent regulations, they must be observed.

#### **CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS**

Do not DO NOT apply this product through any irrigation (chemigation) system using aluminum parts or components as damage to the system may occur. Such application is prohibited regardless of whether the irrigation system is flushed with water after use of this product.

Apply this product only through one or more of the following types of systems: sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, traveler, big gun, or plastic pipe solid set system(s) which contain no aluminum parts or components. Do not DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

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Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not DO NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Shut off injection equipment after treatment and continue to operate irrigation system until SPU-06050-F has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

Posting of areas to be chemigated is required when 1) any part of a treated area is within 300 feet of sensitive areas including residential areas, labor camps, businesses, day care centers, hospitals, in-patient clinics, nursing homes or any public areas including schools, parks, playgrounds, or other public facilities not including public roads, or 2)when the chemigated area is open to the public including golf courses or retail greenhouses.

Posting must conform to the following requirements. Treated areas shall be posted with signs at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from the listed sensitive area. When there are no usual points of entry, signs must be posted in the corners of the treated areas and in any other locations affording maximum visibility to sensitive areas. The printed side of the sign should face away from the treated area towards the sensitive area. The signs shall be printed in English. Signs must be posted prior to application and must remain posted until foliage has dried and soil surface water has disappeared. Signs may remain in place indefinitely as long as they are composed of materials to prevent deterioration and maintain legibility for the duration of the posting period.

All words shall consist of letters at least 2 1/2 inches tall, and all letters and the symbol shall be a color which sharply contrasts with their immediate background. At the top of the sign shall be the words KEEP OUT, followed by an octagonal stop sign symbol at least 8 inches in diameter containing the word STOP. Below the symbol shall be the words PESTICIDES IN IRRIGATION WATER.

## CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into the reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

**IMPORTANT:** It must be determined if proper application equipment is available and if waste associated with its use can be properly handled. Agricultural chemicals are often reactive with the materials used in the construction of application equipment, including aluminum, rubber and some synthetic materials. This factor should be taken into consideration when selecting proper application equipment. It is necessary that all application equipment be thoroughly flushed with clean water after each day's use.

When mixing, fill the nurse tank half full with water. Add SPU-06050-F slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. Stickers, spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added

last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test before mixing a whole tank. Because of the wide variety of possible combinations which can be encountered, observe all precautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in mixtures. Agitate the mixture in the nurse tank.

SPU-06050-F should be added through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set irrigation systems. Shut off injection equipment after treatment and continue to operate irrigation system until SPU-06050-F has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

#### SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, including a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

NOTE: It must be determined if proper application equipment is available and if waste associated with its use can be properly handled. Agricultural chemicals are often reactive with the materials used in the construction of application equipment, including aluminum, rubber and some synthetic materials. This factor should be taken into consideration when selecting proper application equipment. It is necessary that all application equipment be thoroughly flushed with clean water after each day's use. When mixing, fill the nurse tank half full with water. Add SPU-06050-F slowly to tank while hydraulic or mechanical agitation is operating and continue filling with water. Stickers, spreaders, insecticides, nutrients, etc. should be added last. If compatibility is in question, use the Compatibility Jar Test before mixing a whole tank. Because of the wide variety of possible combinations which can be encountered, observe all precautions and limitations on the labels of all products used in mixtures.

Agitate the mixture in the nurse tank.

SPU-06050-F should be added through a traveling irrigation system continuously or at the last 30 minutes of solid set irrigation systems. Shut off injection equipment after treatment and continue to operate irrigation system until SPU-06050-F has been cleared from the last sprinkler head.

#### APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Minimum Spray Volume (Gallons Per Acre) When Applying SPU-06050-F

	Aerial	Grou	ınd
	Aeriai	Dilute	Concentrate
Citrus	10	800	100**
Conifers	10	100	30
Field Crops	3	20	3
Ornamentals	10	100	50
Small Fruits	5	150	50
Tree Crops	10	400	50
Vegetables	3	20	3
Vines	5	150	50
Miscellaneous	10	150	50

<sup>\*\*</sup>Pesticide application equipment including "Curtec" or other similar sprayers which are capable of obtaining thorough coverage at low volumes may be used at as low as 20 gallons per acre of spray volume.

The specifications of State Agricultural Extension Services should be closely followed as to timing, frequency, and number of sprays per year.

#### FROST INJURY PROTECTION BACTERIAL ICE NUCLEATION INHIBITOR

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at least 24 hours prior to anticipated frost conditions, will afford control of ice nucleating bacteria (Pseudomonas syringae, Erwinia herbicola, and Pseudomonas fluorescens) and may therefore provide some protection against light frost. Do not DO NOT use SPU-06050-F for those geographical areas where weather conditions favor severe frost.

### CITRUS Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Orange, Pummelo, Tangelo and Tangerine

SPU-06050-F may be mixed with dry foliar nutritionals (micronutrients) to create "Shot Bag" mixes to meet the various nutritional requirements of citrus and provide disease protection as described on this label. SPU-06050-F per acre rates in these mixes must not exceed the maximum labeled rates for disease control.

Adding foliar nutritionals or other products to spray mixtures containing SPU-06050-F and applying to citrus during the post-bloom period when young fruit are present may result in spray burn.

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Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions
Algal Spot	3 – 6.3 lbs. (1.5-3.15 lbs. metallic copper)	25.1 lbs. (12.6 lbs. metallic	Apply as pre-bloom and post-bloom sprays. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
Melanose, Scab	2 – 6.3 lbs. (1-3.15 lbs. metallic copper)	copper)	Apply as pre-bloom and post-bloom sprays. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
Greasy Spot, Pink Pitting	2 – 6.3 lbs. (1-3.15 lbs. metallic copper)		Apply in summer on expanded new flush. Repeat on subsequent flushes where disease pressure is severe. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
Alternaria Brown Spot	4 – 6.3 lbs. (2-3.15 lbs. metallic copper)		On susceptible varieties apply when the first spring flush appears and each flush thereafter. Application to fruit must start after two thirds of the petals have fallen and be repeated on a 7- to 21-day schedule if needed. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
Phytophthora			Begin application in fall before or just after the first rain and continue if needed. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.  IMPORTANT: In California, in areas subject to copper injury,
			add 0.25 to 0.5 pound of high-quality lime per pound of ŠPU-06050-F.
Brown Rot, Septoria Spot	2 – 6.3 lbs. (1-3.15 lbs. metallic copper)		Begin application in fall before or just after the first rain and continue if needed. For Brown Rot only, apply to skirts of trees to a height of at least 4 feet. For control of Septoria Spot or where fruit have already been infected with Brown Rot, apply to entire tree. Apply also to bare ground one foot beyond skirt. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
			<b>IMPORTANT:</b> In California, in areas subject to copper injury, add 0.25 to 0.5 pound of high-quality lime per pound of Kocide® 50DF.
Phytophthora Foot Rot	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)		Mix at a 1 pound to 0.5 to 1 gallon of water ratio, "Tre-Hold" or latex paint. Paint trunks of trees from the soil surface to the lowest scaffold limbs. Apply in May prior to summer rains and/or in the fall prior to wrapping trees for freeze protection. Treatment serves as protection for up to 1 year, but does not cure existing infections.
C'tCl	(21)		<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Areas where microjet or low volume irrigation hit the tree trunk may require retreatment due to wash off.
Citrus Canker (suppression)	6.3 lbs. (3.15 lbs. metallic copper)		Spray flushes 7 to 14 days after shoots begin to grow. Young fruit may require an additional application. Number and timing of applications will be dependent upon disease pressure. Under heavy pressure, spray each flush of new growth. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
Black Spot*	3.5 – 6.3 lbs. (1.75-3.15 lbs. metallic copper)		Begin treatment prior to or when disease first appears and repeat every 7 to 21 days if needed. Use the higher rates and shorter spray intervals when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
NOTE: Phytoto	vicity may occur o	on voung tend	er flush when SPU-06050-F is applied to citrus seedlings grown

**NOTE:** Phytotoxicity may occur on young tender flush when SPU-06050-F is applied to citrus seedlings grown in greenhouses or shadehouses.

#### Restriction

• Maximum single application is 6.3 lbs./A (3.15 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).

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- Do not DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

\*Not registered for use in California Not registered for use by California.

#### CITRUS Field Nursery Grown

Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Maximum Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions
Melanose	6.3 lbs. (3.15 lbs. metallic copper)	25.1 lbs. (12.6 lbs. metallic	Apply SPU-06050-F at 28-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity.
Scab		copper)	
Pink Pitting			
Greasy Spot			
Brown Rot			
Citrus Canker (suppression)			

#### **Restriction:**

- Maximum single application is 6.3 lbs./A (3.15 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

FIELD CROPS				
Crop	Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Maximum Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions
Alfalfa	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Leptosphaerulin a Leaf Spot	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)	2 lbs. (1.0 lbs. metallic copper)	Apply 10 to 14 days before each harvest or earlier if disease threatens. Minimum retreatment interval is 30 days.  IMPORTANT: Spray injury may occur with sensitive varieties including Lahontan.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 1.0 lbs./A (0.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 30 days.
- Do not DO NOT apply within 9 days of harvest.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.

Corn (Field	Bacterial Stalk	1 - 2.1 lbs.	8.4 lbs.	Begin treatment when disease first appears and
Corn, Popcorn,	Rot, Goss's wilt*-	(0.5-1.05	(4.2 lbs.	repeat every 7- to 10-days if needed. Use the
Seed Corn,	_	lbs. metallic	metallic	higher rates and shorter spray intervals when
Sweet Corn)		copper)	copper)	conditions favor disease.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 2.1 lbs./A (1.05 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

*Not registered for use in CaliforniaNot registered for use by California				
Peanut Cercospora Le Spot	af 1.5 lbs. (0.75 lbs. metallic copper)	(4.5 lbs. metallic	Begin spraying at 35 to 40 days after planting or when disease symptoms first appear and repeat at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed. Reduce sprays to 7-day intervals during humid weather. Flowable sulfur may be added.	
		1		

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 1.5 lbs./A (0.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 6 applications per year.

That hote than o applications per year.				
Potato	Early Blight,	1-4 lbs.	50 lbs.	Apply 1 to 2 pounds at 5- to 10-day intervals if
	Late Blight	(0.5-2 lbs.	(25 lbs.	needed starting when plants are 2 to 6 inches
		metallic	metallic	high in locations where disease is light. Apply

	copper)	copper)	up to 4 pounds per acre when disease is more severe. Under conditions of severe disease, control with SPU-06050-F will be improved by tank mixing with other compatible fungicides registered for use on potatoes. Read and follow all label instructions of tank mix partners.

when conditions favor disease.

### **Restriction:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 5 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)

• Do not DO NOT make more than 12 applications per year at the maximum single application rate. Begin applications when conditions first favor Sugar Beet Cercospora Leaf 2 - 2.6 lbs. 15.6 lbs. Spot (1-1.3 lbs. (7.8 lbs. disease development and repeat at 10- to 14day intervals if needed. Use the higher rates metallic metallic

copper)

#### **Restrictions:**

• Maximum single application rate is 2.6 lbs./A (1.3 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)

copper)

• Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.

• Do not DO NOT make more than 6 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

		· 11		8 11
Wheat, Barley,	Fusarium Head	1 lbs.	2 lbs.	Make applications for early season disease
Oats	Blight	(0.5 lbs.	(1 lbs.	control through heading. Use higher rates
	Suppression*,	metallic	metallic	when conditions favor disease. Add an
	Helminthosporium	copper)	copper)	adjuvant.
	Spot Blotch,			
	Powdery Mildew			
	Suppression,			
	Stagonospora Leaf			
	and Glume Blotch,			
	Stem Rust*			

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 1.0 lbs./A (0.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year.
- \*Not registered for use in California Not registered for use by California.

В	SMALL FRUITS Blackberry, Blueberry, Cranberry, Currant, Gooseberry, Raspberry and Strawberry							
Crop	Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Maximum Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions				
Blackberry (Aurora, Boysen, Cascade, Chehalem, Logan, Marion,	Anthracnose, Cane Spot, Leaf Spot, Pseudomonas Blight, Purple Blotch, Yellow Rust	4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic copper)	20 lbs. (10 lbs. metallic copper)	Make fall application after harvest. Apply delayed dormant spray after pruning/training in the spring. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added.				
Santiam, Thornless Evergreen)	Anthracnose, Cane Spot, Leaf Spot, Purple Blotch, Yellow Rust	2 lbs. (1 lbs. metallic copper)		Apply when leaf buds begin to open and repeat when flower buds show white. Repeat on a 7-day interval if needed. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added.				
Restrictions				<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Crop injury may occur if applied to foliage under certain environmental conditions including hot or prolonged moist periods. Discontinue applications if signs of crop injury appear.				

- Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

• Do not DO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate

• <del>Do not</del> DO l	MOI make more man,	applications p	er year at the r	maximum single application rate.
Blueberry	Bacterial Canker	3 - 4  lbs.	16.8 lbs.	Make first application before fall rains and a
		(1.5-2 lbs.	(8.4 lbs.	second application 4 weeks later. Use the
		metallic	metallic	higher rates when conditions favor disease.
		copper)	copper)	
	Fruit Rot,	3 - 4.2  lbs.	11 /	Dormant Application: Begin applications when
	Phomopsis Twig	(1.5-2.1 lbs.		bloom buds begin to swell. Make additional
	Blight	metallic		applications at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed
		copper)		before blooms open.

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#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 4.2 lbs./A (2.1 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

• Do not DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Do not DO	THUR HIGH HIGH	· uppiiiuiii	P 01	maximum single application rate.
Cranberry	Fruit Rot	4.2 lbs.	25.2 lbs.	Make first application in late bloom. Apply one
		(2.1 lbs.	(12.6 lbs.	or two additional applications at 7- to 14-day
		metallic	metallic	intervals if needed depending on disease
		copper)	copper)	severity.
	Rose Bloom		11 /	Apply three sprays on 7- to 14-day schedule if
				needed as soon as symptoms are observed.
	Bacterial Stem			Apply post-harvest and again in spring at bud
	Canker			swell. Apply one or two additional applications
				at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed depending on
				disease severity.
	Leaf Blight, Red	1		Apply delayed dormant spray in the spring.
	Leaf Spot, Stem			Repeat at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed
	Blight, Tip Blight			through pre-bloom.
	(Monilinia)			

### Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate is 4.2 lbs./A (2.1 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

• Do not DO NOT make more than 6 applications per year.

Currant,	Anthracnose, Leaf	5 - 8  lbs.	20 - 32 lbs.	Make initial application after first leaves have
Gooseberry	Spot	(2.5 - 4 lbs.		expanded. Continue on a 10- to 14-day
	1	metallic	\	schedule if needed during wet conditions in the
		copper)	copper)	spring. Make an additional application after
		/	- 1	harvest.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 8.0 lbs./A (4.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.

• Do not DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Raspberry	Anthracnose, Cane Spot, Leaf Spot, Pseudomonas Blight, Purple Blotch, Yellow Rust	4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic copper)	20 lbs. (10 lbs. metallic copper)	Make fall application after harvest. Apply delayed dormant spray after training in the spring. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added.  • Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
	Anthracnose, Cane Spot, Leaf Spot, Purple Blotch, Yellow Rust	2 lbs. (1 lbs. metallic copper)		Apply when leaf buds begin to open and repeat when flower buds show white. Repeat on a 7-day interval if needed. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added.
				<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Crop injury may occur if applied to foliage under certain environmental conditions including hot or prolonged moist periods. Discontinue applications if signs of crop injury appear.
Restrictions:				• Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)

#### Restrictions:

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Strawberry Angular Lea	*		Begin application when plants are established
	as) (1-1.5 lbs	// 11	
(Xanthomon	$us_j$ , $(1-1.5) us$ .	(o ibs. metailic	and continue on a weekly schedule throughout
Leaf Blight,	Leaf metallic	copper)	the year. Apply in at least 20 gallons of water.
Scorch, Leaf	f Spot   copper)		Use the higher rates when conditions favor
			disease.
			<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Discontinue applications if
			signs of crop injury appear.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

TREE CROPS

Almond, Apple, Apricot, Avocado, Banana/Plantain, Cacao, Cherry, Coffee, Filbert, Mango, Nectarine, Olive, Peach, Pear, Pecan, Pistachio, Plum, Prune, Quince and Walnut

	Peach,	Pear, Pecan,	Pistachio, Plı	um, Prune, Quince and Walnut
Crop	Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Maximum Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions
Almond	Bacterial Spot	1 – 3 lbs. (0.5-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)	35.9 lbs. (18 lbs. metallic copper)	For bacterial blast control in sprinkler irrigated orchards or where disease is severe, apply 1.0 to 3.0 pounds of product per acre post-bloom at 2-week intervals if needed or just before sprinkling. Do notDO NOT exceed the maximum annual rate.  Restrictions:  Do notDO NOT make more than 12 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)  Dormant: Make first application at late dormant. Use
	(Xanthomonas arboricola pv. Pruni)  Blossom Brown	(4-8 lbs. metallic copper)  0.5 – 2 lbs. (0.25-1 lbs. metallic copper)		the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restrictions:  Denot DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  Maximum single application rate is 16.0 lbs./A (8.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)  Pink through Full Bloom: Maximum single use rate is 2.0 pounds of product per acre.  Petal Fall: Maximum single use rate is 1.0 pound of product per acre.  Post-Petal Fall: Maximum single use rate is 0.5 pound of product per acre.  Time sprays around rain events and temperature. Make a minimum of one application to prevent new infections.  IMPORTANT: Copper applied after bloom can be potentially phytotoxic. Leaf spotting and premature leaf fall can occur if rates are extended.  Restrictions:  Do not DO NOT make more than 18 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  Apply during early bloom. Do not DO NOT apply after
	Rot, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole)	(1.5 lbs. metallic copper)		full bloom or injury may occur.  Restrictions:  Do not DO NOT make more than 12 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
Restriction	ıs:			

Restrictions	<b>:</b>					
Minimum	Minimum Dormant, late dormant retreatment interval is 7 days.					
Minimum	bloom/growing ye	ear retreatment	tinterval is 5	days.		
Almond,	Bacterial Blast	8 - 16  lbs.	35.9 lbs.	Make first application before fall rains and a second at		
Apricot,	(Pseudomonas),	(4-8 lbs.	(18 lbs.	late dormant. Use the higher rates when conditions favor		
Cherry,	Bacterial	metallic	metallic	disease. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be		
Plum, Prune	Canker,	copper)	copper)	added. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.		
	Coryneum					
	Blight (Shot			For Cherries: Where disease is severe, an additional		
	Hole)			application shortly after harvest may be required.		
				IMPODEANTE E 1' ' '		
				IMPORTANT: Foliar injury may occur from post-		
				bloom sprays on almonds, especially on NePlus varieties.		
				Restrictions:		
				• Do not DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.		
				• Maximum single application rate is 16.0 lbs./A (8.0		
				lbs. metallic copper equivalent).		
	Blossom Brown	2-3 lbs.		Apply during early bloom. Do not DO NOT apply after		
	Rot, Coryneum	(1-1.5 lbs.		full bloom or injury may occur. Use the higher rates		
	Blight (Shot	metallic		when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high.		
	Hole)	copper)		Restrictions:		

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				• Do not DO NOT make more than 12 applications per
1				year at the maximum single application rate.
				• Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5
				lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
	Black Knot	2-3 lbs.		Make an application at bud swell up to early bloom for
	(Plum)	(1-1.5 lbs.		early season disease suppression. Apply before full
		metallic		bloom. Minimum retreatment interval is 5 days. Use the
		copper)		higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high.
				Restrictions:
				• Do not DO NOT make more than 12 applications per
				year at the maximum single application rate.
				• Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5
				lbs. metallic copper equivalent)
				IMPORTANT. To avoid plant injury. Do not DO NOT
				<b>IMPORTANT:</b> To avoid plant injury, Do not DO NOT use after full bloom.
	Cherry Leaf	3 lbs.		Apply at petal fall as well as 1 to 2 times after petal fall.
	Spot (Sour	(1.5 lbs.		Do not DO NOT apply to sweet cherry or the English
	Cherries Only)	metallic		Morello variety as severe injury will result. The addition
		copper)		of 1 to 3 pounds of hydrated lime per pound of SPU-
				06050-F may reduce crop injury.
				Restrictions:
				• Do not DO NOT make more than 12 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
				<ul> <li>Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5)</li> </ul>
				lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
				IMPORTANT: Moderate to severe injury including
				leaf spotting and defoliation may occur from post-bloom
Restriction	36*			applications.
	m Dormant, late dor	mant retreatm	ent interval is	s 7 days
	m bloom/growing ye			
Cherry	Anthracnose	8 – 16 lbs.	35.9 lbs.	In orchards where the disease is severe, a spray should
		(4-8 lbs.	(18 lbs.	-1 h1:-d -h4h
		'	\	also be applied shortly after harvest.
		metallic	metallic	also be applied shortly after narvest.
Restriction	15:	'	\	also be applied shortly after narvest.
Restriction • Minimum		metallic copper)	metallic copper)	
Minimus	m dormant, late dorr	metallic copper)	metallic copper)	7 days.
• Minimur • Minimur • <del>Do not</del> D	m dormant, late dorn m bloom/growing yo O NOT make more	metallic copper)  mant retreatment ear retreatment than 2 applica	metallic copper) ent interval is t interval is 5 ations per yea	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorn m bloom/growing yo O NOT make more	metallic copper)  mant retreatmen ear retreatmen than 2 applica rate is 16.0 lb	metallic copper) ent interval is t interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.)	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate metallic copper equivalent).
• Minimur • Minimur • <del>Do not</del> D	m dormant, late dorm m bloom/growing yo O NOT make more m single application Anthracnose,	metallic copper)  mant retreatmen than 2 applica rate is 16.0 lb 12 lbs.	metallic copper) ent interval is 5 ations per years./A (8.0 lbs. 31.9 lbs.	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm m bloom/growing yo O NOT make more m single application Anthracnose, Blossom Blast,	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs.	metallic copper)  ent interval is 5 tinterval is 5 tations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate metallic copper equivalent). Apply before fall rains.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm m bloom/growing yo O NOT make more m single application Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent). Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing you not	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs.	metallic copper)  ent interval is 5 tinterval is 5 tations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application ratemetallic copper equivalent). Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm m bloom/growing yo O NOT make more m single application Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent). Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing you not	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing you not not not bloom/growing you not	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing you not not not bloom/growing you not	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more. Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 application rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 application rate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more. Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs.	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs.	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ar at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ur at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Mathracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ur at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Mathracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ur at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Moderate to severe crop injury may occur from late
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Mathracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days. ur at the maximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year .  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Mathracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days.  The rat the maximum single application rate.  The metallic copper equivalent.  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Moderate to severe crop injury may occur from late application; discontinue use when green-tip reaches 1/2 inch.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Mathracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days.  The rat the maximum single application rate.  The metallic copper equivalent.  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Moderate to severe crop injury may occur from late application; discontinue use when green-tip reaches 1/2 inch.  Only one application allowed per year between silver-
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more im single application Anthracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire Blight	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicated is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic copper)	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days.  In at the maximum single application rate. Imetallic copper equivalent).  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Moderate to severe crop injury may occur from late application; discontinue use when green-tip reaches 1/2 inch.  Only one application allowed per year between silvertip and green-tip.
<ul><li>Minimum</li><li>Minimum</li><li>Do not D</li><li>Maximum</li></ul>	m dormant, late dorm bloom/growing yested NOT make more make more make more make more. Mathracnose, Blossom Blast, European Canker (Nectria), Shoot Blast (Pseudomonas)  Apple Scab, Fire	metallic copper)  mant retreatment than 2 applicate is 16.0 lb.  12 lbs. (6 lbs. metallic copper)  4 – 12 lbs. (2-6 lbs. metallic	metallic copper)  ent interval is st interval is 5 ations per yea os./A (8.0 lbs.  31.9 lbs.  (16 lbs.  metallic	7 days. days.  The rat the maximum single application rate.  The metallic copper equivalent.  Apply before fall rains.  IMPORTANT: Use on yellow varieties may cause discoloration. To avoid discoloration, pick before spraying.  Only one dormant application allowed per year.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Make application between silver-tip and green-tip. Apply as a full cover spray for early season disease suppression.  Restrictions:  Maximum single application rate is 12.0 lbs./A (6.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Moderate to severe crop injury may occur from late application; discontinue use when green-tip reaches 1/2 inch.  Only one application allowed per year between silver-

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		metallic copper)		7-day intervals if needed between 1/2 inch green-tip and first cover spray.
	Fire Blight  Collar Rot, Crown Rot	1.3 lbs. (0.65 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic copper)		<ul> <li>Restrictions:</li> <li>Maximum single application rate is 1.3 lbs./A (0.65 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> <li>Moderate to severe crop injury may result from this extended spray schedule. It is not intended for fresh market apples or for apples where fruit finish is a concern as it is likely to cause fruit russetting. The addition of 1 to 3 pounds of hydrated lime per pound of SPU-06050-F may reduce crop injury.</li> <li>Mix in 100 gallons of water. Apply 4 gallons of suspension as a drench on the lower trunk area of each tree. Apply in early spring or in fall after harvest for best results. Do notDO NOT apply to foliage or fruit. This rate cannot be used during bloom or growing year.</li> <li>Restrictions:</li> <li>Maximum single application rate is 1.3 lbs./A (0.65 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> </ul>
				• Do not DO NOT use if soil pH is below 5.5 since
Restriction	ns:			copper toxicity may result.
	OO NOT make more	than one dorr	nant applicat	ion per year.
• <del>Do not</del> <u>I</u>	OO NOT make more	than one appl	ication between	een silver-tip and green-tip per year.
	m bloom and growing NOT use if soil processes the contract of			
Avocado	Anthracnose,	4 – 6.2 lbs.	37.2 lbs.	Apply when bloom buds begin to swell and continue
	Blotch, Scab	(2-3.1 lbs. metallic copper)	(18.6 lbs. metallic copper)	application at 14- to 30-day intervals for five to six applications. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.
Restriction	ns:	11 /	соррег)	
	m retreatment interv			
				naximum single application rate. metallic copper equivalent).
Banana, Plantain	Sigatoka (Black and Yellow)  Black Pitting	2.1 lbs. (1.05 lbs. metallic copper)	37.7 lbs. (18.9 lbs. metallic copper)	Apply by air in 3 gallons of water. Apply at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. Apply at 21-day intervals during dry periods.
	Black Pluing			Mix in 100 gallons of water. Apply to the fruit stem and the basal portion of the leaf crown. Apply during the first and second weeks after fruit emergence.
Restriction		1	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	m retreatment interv		z /Δ (1 05 lbs	. metallic copper equivalent).
	<b>DO NOT</b> exceed 17		er year.	. metanic copper equivalents.
Cacao	Black Pod	2 – 4.5 lbs. (1-2.25 lbs. metallic copper)	31.5 lbs. (15.75 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications at the start of the rainy season and continue while infection conditions persist. Apply at 14-to 21-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. For drier areas, make two to four applications using 2 to 4 pounds of product per acre according to disease incidence and planting density.
Restriction		rol is 14 days		
• Maximu		rate is 4.5 lbs		. metallic copper equivalent). naximum single application rate.
Coffee	Coffee Berry	4.2 lbs.	25.1 lbs.	Apply first spray after flowering and before onset of
	Disease (Colletotrichum coffeanum)	(2.1 lbs. metallic copper)	(12.6 lbs. metallic copper)	long rains and then at 14- to 28-day intervals if needed until picking.
	Bacterial Blight (Pseudomonas syringae)			Begin spray program before the onset of long rainy periods and continue throughout the rainy season at 14-to 21-day intervals if needed. The critical time for spraying to control this disease is just before, during and after flowering(s), especially when coinciding with wet weather.

				Page <b>15</b> of <b>29</b>
	Leaf Rust (Hemileia vastatrix)  Iron Spot (Cercospora	3 – 4.2 lbs. (1.5-2.1 lbs. metallic copper) 2 lbs. (1 lbs.		Apply before the onset of rain and then at 14- to 21-day intervals if needed while the rains continue. Use the higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high.  Use concentrate or dilute spray. Begin treatment at the start of wet season and continue at 14 – 28 days intervals
	coffeicola), Pink Disease (Corticium salmonicolor)	metallic copper)		for three applications.
<ul> <li>Maximum</li> </ul>	retreatment interv single application	rate is 4.2 lbs		netallic copper equivalent).
				aximum single application rate.
Filbert (only for use	Bacterial Blight	8 – 12 lbs. (4-6 lbs. metallic	36 lbs. (18 lbs. metallic	Apply as a post-harvest spray. In seasons of heavy rainfall, apply a second spray when three-fourths of the leaves have dropped. Use the higher rates when rainfall
in Washington		copper)	copper)	is heavy and disease pressure is high. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. Minimum
& Oregon)	Eastern Filbert Blight			retreatment interval is 14 days.  Apply as a dilute spray in adequate water for thorough coverage. Make applications starting at bud swell to bud break and continue at 14-day intervals if needed until early May. Thorough coverage is essential. Use the
				higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil or sticking agent may be added. Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.
<ul> <li>Maximum</li> </ul>		rate is 12.0 lb optications per $4 - 6.4$ lbs. $(2-3.2 lbs.$	95.8 lbs. (48 lbs.	s. metallic copper equivalent).  naximum single application rate.  Apply at 7- to 30-day intervals after fruit set until harvest. Use the higher rates when rainfall is heavy and
Restriction:		metallic copper)	metallic copper)	disease pressure is high.
<ul> <li>Maximum</li> </ul>		rate is 6.4 lbs		metallic copper equivalent). ear at the maximum single application rate.
Olive	Olive Knot,	5 – 12 lbs.	36 lbs.	Make first application before winter rains begin. A
Olive	Peacock Spot	(2.5-6 lbs. metallic copper)	(18 lbs. metallic copper)	second application in early spring should be made if disease is severe. Apply the higher rates for heavy disease pressure or when conditions favor disease development.
	retreatment interv		os /A (6 0 lbs	metallic copper equivalent).
				naximum single application rate.
Peach,	Bacterial Blast	8 - 16  lbs.	36 lbs.	Make first application before fall rains and a second at
Nectarine	(Pseudomonas), Bacterial Canker, Bacterial Spot (Xanthomonas), Coryneum	(4-8 lbs. metallic copper)	(18 lbs. metallic copper)	late dormant. For peach leaf curl, late dormant application must be made before leaf buds swell. Use the higher rates when rainfall is heavy and disease pressure is high. If needed, agricultural-type spray oil may be added. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
	Blight (Shot Hole), Leaf Curl			<ul> <li>Restrictions:</li> <li>Do not DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.</li> <li>Maximum single application rate is 16.0 lbs./A (8.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> </ul>
	Blossom Brown Rot, Coryneum Blight (Shot Hole), Leaf Curl	3 – 6 lbs. (1.5-3 lbs. metallic copper)		Full cover spray at pink bud. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Do not DO NOT apply at this rate past pink bud. After pink bud, the maximum use rate is 3 pounds of product (1.5 pounds of metallic copper) throughout bloom and growing year.

Restrictions:

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	Bacterial Spot	1 – 3** lbs. (0.5-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)		<ul> <li>Do notDO NOT make more than 6 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.</li> <li>Maximum single application rate is 6.0 lbs./A (3.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> <li>Apply as a post-bloom cover spray. Repeat at 5-day intervals if needed.</li> <li>Restrictions:         <ul> <li>Do notDO NOT make more than 12 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.</li> <li>Maximum single application rate is 3.0 lbs./A (1.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> <li>Do notDO NOT spray three weeks prior to harvest. Spotting of leaves and defoliation may occur from use in cover sprays. Discontinue use if injury occurs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>*Maximum single bloom and growing year application is 3.0 pounds (1.5 lbs. metallic copper) per acre.</li> </ul>
Restriction:		1 36' '	1	
	nant up to pink bu om and growing ye			
Pear	Fire Blight	1 lb. (0.5 lb. metallic copper)	32 lbs. (16 lbs. metallic copper)	Apply at 5 day intervals if needed throughout the bloom period.  IMPORTANT: Russetting may occur in copper sensitive varieties. Excessive dosages may cause fruit russet on any variety.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 32 applications per year at the maximum single application
	Blossom Blast (Pseudomonas)	8-12 lbs. (4-6 lbs. metallic copper)		Apply before fall rains and again during dormancy before spring growth starts. Use the higher rates when disease pressure is high or when conditions favor disease development. Only one application is allowed during dormancy per year.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 2 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
Restrictions:				
Minimum r Pecan	kernel Rot, Shuck Rot (Phytophthora cactorum), Zonate Leaf Spot (Cristulariella pyramidalis) Ball Moss, Spanish Moss	is 5 days.  2 – 4.2 lbs. (1-2.1 lbs. metallic copper)	12.6 lbs. (6.3 lbs. metallic copper)	For suppression, apply in sufficient water to ensure complete spray coverage at 2- to 4-week intervals if needed, starting at kernel growth and continue until shucks open. Use the higher rates and shorter spray intervals if frequent rainfall occurs.  Apply in 100 gallons of water in the spring when ball moss is actively growing, using 1.5 gallons of spray per foot of tree height. Make sure to wet ball moss tufts thoroughly. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant will
<ul><li>Maximum</li><li>Do not DC</li></ul>	retreatment intervent single application NOT exceed 3 application	n rate is 4.2 lbs oplications per	year at the n	improve control. A second application may be required after 12 months.  metallic copper equivalent).  maximum single application rate.
Pistachio	Botryosphaeria Panicle and Shoot Blight, Botrytis Blight, Late Blight (Alternaria alternata), Septoria Leaf	3 – 4.2 lbs. (1.5-2.1 lbs. metallic copper)	16.8 lbs. (8.4 lbs. metallic copper)	Make initial application at bud swell and repeat on a 14-to 28-day schedule if needed. If disease conditions are severe, use the higher rates and shorter spray intervals.

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	Blight			
Restriction	ons:			
• Minim	um retreatment interv	al is 14 days.		
Maxim	um single application	n rate is 4.2 lbs	s./A (2.1 lbs. 1	metallic copper equivalent).
• <del>Do not</del>	<b>DO NOT</b> exceed 4 a	pplications per	year at the m	naximum single application rate.
Quince	Fire Blight	1 lb.	31.9 lbs.	Apply at 5 day intervals if needed throughout the bloom
		(0.5 lbs.	(16 lbs.	period. Apply in adequate water for thorough coverage.
		metallic	metallic	
		copper)	copper)	

### Restriction:

- Minimum retreatment interval is 5 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 1.0 lbs./A (0.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).

• Do not DO NOT make more than 32 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

- Do not	TIOT Make more	than 32 appin	eations per ye	our at the maximum single application rate.
Walnut	Walnut Blight	5 – 8 lbs. (2.5-4 lbs. metallic copper)	63.9 lbs. (32 lbs. metallic copper)	Apply first spray at early pre-bloom prior to or when catkins are partially expanded. Make additional applications during bloom and early nutlet stage on a 7 day interval if needed when frequent rainfall or extended periods of moisture occur. Thorough coverage of catkins, leaves and nutlets is essential for effective control.  IMPORTANT: Adequate control may not be obtained when copper tolerant species of Xanthomonas bacteria are present.

#### Restriction:

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 8.0 lbs./A (4.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT make more than 8 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

#### VEGETABLES

Bean, Beet, Beet Greens, Broccoli, Brussels Sprout, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cantaloupe, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celeriac, Celery, Cucumber, Eggplant, Greens (Collard, Mustard and Turnip), Honeydew, Kale, Kohlrabi, Lettuce, Muskmelon, Okra, Onion/Garlic/Leek, Pea, Pepper, Pumpkin, Spinach, Squash, Tomato, Watercress and Watermelon

Crop	Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Maximum Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions
Green)	Brown Spot, Common Blight, Halo Blight	1 – 1.5 lbs. (0.5-0.75 lbs. metallic copper)	(4.5 lbs. metallic	For protective sprays, make first application when plants are 6 inches high; repeat on a 7 to 14-day schedule if needed depending on environmental conditions. Use the higher rates for more severe disease.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 1.5 lbs./A (0.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT exceed 6 applications per acre per year at the maximum single application rate.

Beet (Table	Cercospora Leaf	2 - 2.5 lbs.	15 lbs.	Begin applications when conditions first favor disease
Beet, Beet	Spot	(1-1.25 lbs.	(7.5 lbs.	development and repeat at 10- to 14-day intervals if
Greens)		metallic	metallic	needed. Use the higher rates when conditions favor
		copper)	copper)	disease.

#### Restrictions:

- Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 2.5 lbs./A (1.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).

• Do not DO NOT exceed 6 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Carrot	Alternaria Leaf	2 lbs.	10 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and
	Spot,	(1 lbs.	(5 lbs.	repeat at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed depending on
	Cercospora Leaf	metallic	metallic	disease severity.
	Spot	copper)	copper)	

#### **Restrictions:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 2.0 lbs./A (1.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).

• Do not DO NOT exceed 5 applications per year.

Celery,	Bacterial Blight,	2 lbs.	10 lbs.	Begin applications as soon as plants are first
Celeriac	Cercospora	(1 lbs.	(5 lbs.	established in the field, repeating at 7-day intervals if
	Early Blight,	metallic	metallic	needed depending on disease severity and
	Septoria Late	copper)	copper)	environmental conditions.

Spot, Leaf

Spots, Pod Spot,

metallic

copper)

metallic

copper)

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#### Blight **Restrictions:** • Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. • Maximum single application rate is 2.0 lbs./A (1.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent). • Do not DO NOT exceed 5 applications per year. Black Leaf Spot Crucifers 1 lbs. 5 lbs. Begin application after transplants are set in the field, (2.5 lbs. Broccoli; (Alternaria), (0.5 lbs.or shortly after emergence of field seeded crops or Black Rot metallic when conditions favor disease development. Apply at Brussels metallic Sprout; (Xanthomonas), copper) copper) 7- to 10-day intervals if needed. Cabbage: Downy Mildew Cabbage, **IMPORTANT:** Reddening of older leaves may occur Chinese; on broccoli and a flecking of wrapper leaves may Cauliflower; occur on cabbage. Greens, Collard; Greens, Mustard; Greens, Turnip; Kale; Kohlrabi) **Restrictions:** • Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. • Maximum single application rate is 1.0 lbs./A (0.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent). • Do not DO NOT exceed 5 applications per year. Alternaria Leaf 1.5 - 2 lbs.10 lbs. Begin applications prior to disease development and Cucurbits Cantaloupe, Spot, Angular (0.75-1 lbs. continue while conditions are favorable for disease (5 *lbs*. Cucumber, Leaf Spot, metallic metallic development. Repeat at 5- to 7-day intervals if needed. Honeydew, Anthracnose, copper) copper) Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Muskmelon, Downy Mildew, Pumpkin, Gummy Stem **IMPORTANT:** Crop injury may occur from Blight, Powdery Squash, application at higher rates and shorter intervals. Watermelon, Mildew, Discontinue use if injury occurs. Watermelon Casaba, Chayote, Bacterial Fruit Citron melon, Blotch Gourd, (suppression) Waxgourd) **Restrictions:** • Minimum retreatment interval is 5 days. • Maximum single application rate is 2.0 lbs./A (1.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent). • Do not DO NOT exceed 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate. Begin applications prior to development of disease Alternaria 1.5 lbs. 15 lbs. Eggplant Blight, (0.75 lbs. (7.5 lbs. symptoms. Repeat sprays at 7- to 10-day intervals if Anthracnose, metallic metallic needed depending on disease severity. Phomopsis copper) copper) **Restrictions:** • Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days. • Maximum single application rate is 1.5 lbs./A (0.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent). • Do not DO NOT exceed 10 applications per year. Downy Mildew 16 lbs. Begin applications when disease symptoms first Lettuce 1 - 2 lbs.including (0.5-1 lbs. appear or when conditions favor disease development. (8 lbs. Endive. metallic metallic Repeat at 5- to 10-day intervals if needed depending Escarole copper) copper) on disease severity. **IMPORTANT:** Determine if there is varietal sensitivity prior to use. Injury may occur to sensitive lettuce varieties and under adverse weather conditions. Discontinue use if injury occurs. **Restrictions:** • Minimum retreatment interval is 5 days. • Maximum single application rate is 2.0 lbs./A (1.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent). • Do not DO NOT exceed 8 applications per year at the maximum single application rate. Okra Anthracnose, 1 - 2 lbs.10 lbs. Begin treatment when disease first threatens and repeat every 5 to 10 days if needed depending on Bacterial Leaf (0.5-1 lbs.(5 lbs.

disease severity. Use the higher rates and shorter spray

intervals when conditions favor disease.

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				Page <b>19</b> of <b>29</b>
ı	Powdery			
Restrictions:	Mildew			
	etreatment interval	is 5 days.		
Maximum s	single application r	ate is 2.0 lbs./	A (1.0 lbs. m	etallic copper equivalent).
				ximum single application rate.
	Bacterial Blight	1 - 1.5  lbs.	12 lbs.	Begin when plants are 4 to 6 inches high and repeat at
Leek		(0.5 - 0.75)	(6 <i>lbs</i> .	7- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease
	ļ ,	lbs. metallic	metallic	severity. Can cause phytotoxicity to leaves.
	D 1011	copper)	copper)	
	Downy Mildew,	2 lbs.		
	Purple Blotch	(1 lbs. metallic		
	ļ	copper)		
<b>Restrictions:</b>	-1			
	etreatment interval			
				etallic copper equivalent).
				ximum single application rate.
Pea	Powdery	1.5 lbs.	7.5 lbs.	Begin applications when disease symptoms first
	Mildew	(0.75 lbs. metallic	(3.8 lbs. metallic	appear and repeat at weekly intervals if needed.
	ļ	metatitc copper)	copper)	
Restrictions:	1	copper)	Lopper)	L
	etreatment interval	is 7 days.		
			A (0.75 lbs. n	netallic copper equivalent).
	NOT exceed 5 app			,
Pepper (bell,	Anthracnose,	1.5 lbs.	22.5lbs.	Begin applications when conditions first favor disease
chili)	Bacterial Spot,	(0.75 lbs.	(11.3 lbs.	development and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if
	Cercospora Leaf	metallic	metallic	needed depending on disease severity.
Restrictions:	Spot	copper)	copper)	
	etreatment interval	is 3 days		
			A (0.75 lbs. n	netallic copper equivalent).
	NOT exceed 15 ap			metanie copper equivalent).
Spinach	Anthracnose,	1.5 lbs.	7.5 lbs.	Begin application when disease first appears or when
1	Blue Mold,	(0.75 lbs.	(3.8 lbs.	conditions favor disease development. Repeat at 7- to
	Cercospora Leaf	metallic	metallic	10-day intervals if needed.
	Spot, Downy	copper)	copper)	IMPORTANTE EL 1'
	Mildew*, White Rust disease			<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Flecking may occur on spinach leaves.
<b>Restrictions:</b>	ixust disease			icaves.
	etreatment interval	is 7 days		
			A (0.75 lbs. n	netallic copper equivalent).
	NOT exceed 5 app			11 1 /
	ered for use in Cali			
Tomato			istereu for use	e by California.
	Anthracnose,	1 lbs.	34.7 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and
	Bacterial Speck,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs.		Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on
	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions
	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.
	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 34
	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single
(processing)	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
(processing)  Tomato	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 – 3 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when
(processing)	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight,	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper) 16 lbs. (8 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.
(processing)  Tomato	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper) 16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5
(processing)  Tomato (fresh market)	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper) 16 lbs. (8 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do not DO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.
(processing)  Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 – 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper) 16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single
(processing)  Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
(processing)  Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot  etreatment interval Cercospora Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields
Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs. (0.5 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each
Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot  etreatment interval Cercospora Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field
Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot  etreatment interval Cercospora Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs. (0.5 lbs.	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs.	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following each application.
(processing)  Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot  etreatment interval Cercospora Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following each application. Copper must not to be applied to watercress during the
(processing)  Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot  etreatment interval Cercospora Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single applications per year at the maximum single applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following each application. Copper must not to be applied to watercress during the aquatic production phase. Begin applications when
Tomato (fresh market)  Restriction:  • Minimum re	Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Grey Leaf Spot, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot  etreatment interval Cercospora Leaf	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)  2 - 3 lbs. (1-1.5 lbs. metallic copper)  is 3 days. 1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic	34.7 lbs. (17.4 lbs. metallic copper)  16 lbs. (8 lbs. metallic copper)  4 lbs. (2 lbs. metallic	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 34 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For fresh market tomatoes, use the higher rate when conditions favor disease.  Restriction: Do notDO NOT make more than 5 applications per year at the maximum single applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  For applications made to watercress, production fields must be drained of water at least 24 hours prior to each application and water must not be reapplied to the field for a minimum of 24 hours following each application. Copper must not to be applied to watercress during the

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less than 50 gallons of spray solution per acre. Do not DO NOT exceed four applications per crop.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 1.0 lbs./A (0.75 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year.

	VINES						
	Grape, Hops and Kiwi						
Crop	rop Disease Application Rate/Acre		Maximum Annual	Use Instructions			
•			Rate/Acre				
1	Black Rot, Downy Mildew, Phomopsis, Powdery Mildew	2 – 6 lbs. (1-3 lbs. metallic copper)	36 lbs. (18 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications at late dormant with subsequent applications throughout the year depending on disease severity. Repeat at 3-day intervals if needed. Use the higher rates when conditions favor disease. Minimum retreatment interval is 3 days.  IMPORTANT: Foliage injury may occur on copper sensitive varieties including Concord, Delaware, Niagara and Rosette. Either test for sensitivity or add 1 to 3 pounds of hydrated lime per pound of SPU-06050-F.			

#### **Restrictions:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 3 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 6.0 lbs./A (3.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).

• Do not DO NOT exceed 6 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

				8 11
Hops	Downy Mildew	1 lbs.	5 lbs.	Make crown treatment after pruning, but before
		(0.5 lbs. metallic	(2.5 lbs. metallic	training. After training, apply at 10-day
		copper)	copper)	intervals if needed.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 1.0 lbs./A (0.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT exceed 5 applications per year.
- Do not DO NOT use within 2 weeks of harvest

Kiwi	Erwinia	4.2 lbs.	12.6 lbs.	Apply in 200 gallons of water per acre. Make
	herbicola,	(2.1 lbs. metallic	(6.3 lbs. metallic	applications on a monthly basis. Do not DO
	Pseudomonas	copper)		<b>NOT</b> exceed three applications per year.
	fluorescens,	11 /		
	Pseudomonas			
	syringae			

#### Restrictions:

- Minimum retreatment interval is 30 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 4.2 lbs./A (2.1 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT exceed 3 applications per year.

#### MISCELLANEOUS

Atemoya, Carambola, Chives, Dill, Ginseng, Guava, Litchi, Live Oak\*, Macadamia, Mamey Sapote, Papaya,

Parsley, Passion Fruit, Sugar Apple, and Sycamore

Crop	Disease	Application Rate/Acre	Maximum Annual Rate/Acre	Use Instructions
Atemoya	Anthracnose	4 - 6.3 lbs.	25.2 lbs.	Make initial application just before flowering and
		(2-3.15 lbs.	(12.6 lbs.	repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest.
		metallic	metallic	Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Use
		copper)	copper)	the higher rates for severe disease.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 6.3 lbs./A (3.15 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Do not DO	TO I CALCOLA I APP	meanons per	, car at the man	mani single application rate.
Carambola	Anthracnose	4.2 lbs.	21 lbs.	Make initial application just before flowering and
		(2.1 lbs.	(10.5 lbs.	repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest.
		metallic	metallic	Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
		copper)	copper)	

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 4.2 lbs./A (2.1 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT exceed 5 applications per year.

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				Page <b>21</b> of <b>29</b>
Chives	Downy Mildew	1 lbs. (0.5 lbs. metallic copper)	5 lbs. (2.5 lbs. metallic copper)	Begin applications when plants are established in the field. Repeat applications every 7 to 10 days if needed depending on disease conditions.
Restrictions				
<ul> <li>Minimum</li> </ul>	retreatment interva	l is 7 days.	•	allic copper equivalent).
	NOT exceed 5 app			
Dill	Phoma Leaf Spot,	1.5 lbs. (0.75 lbs.	7.5 lbs. (3.8 lbs.	Begin applications when plants are first established in the field and repeat at 7- to 10-day intervals if
	Rhizoctonia	metallic	metallic	needed depending upon disease severity and
	Foliage Blight	copper)	copper)	environmental conditions.
Restrictions			A (0.75.11	4.11'
	i single application in retreatment interva		A (0.75 lbs. me	etallic copper equivalent).
	NOT exceed 5 app		ear	
Ginseng	Alternaria Leaf	2.1 lbs.	10.5 lbs.	Use as a tank mix with the appropriate amount of a
	Blight, Stem	(1.05 lbs.	(5.25 lbs.	product containing the active ingredient iprodione in
	Blight	metallic copper)	metallic copper)	100 gallons of water. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates are to be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing. Begin SPU-06050-F "iprodione" applications as soon as plants have emerged in spring. Applications can be repeated every 7 days if needed until plants become dormant in fall. Apply fungicides at least 8 hours before rain. Use of a spreader-sticker or sticker is advised.
				<b>IMPORTANT:</b> Alternaria Leaf and Stem Blight is most severe in humid conditions including those found in the dense canopies of 2- to 4-year-old Ginseng. It is very important that the stems be thoroughly covered with fungicide; therefore, use a spray apparatus which distributes the fungicide throughout the canopy.
Restrictions				
<ul> <li>Minimum</li> </ul>	retreatment interva	l is 7 days.		etallic copper equivalent).
• Do not DC	NOT exceed 5 app			
Guava	Anthracnose, Red Algae	2.4 lbs. (1.2 lbs. metallic copper)	9.6 lbs. (4.8 lbs. metallic copper)	Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
Restrictions	:	1 11 /	сорре.	
<ul> <li>Minimum</li> </ul>	retreatment interva	l is 7 days.		allic copper equivalent).
	NOT exceed 4 app			
Litchi	Anthracnose	2.4 lbs. (1.2 lbs. metallic copper)	9.6 lbs. (4.8 lbs. metallic copper)	Make initial application just before flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
Restrictions	:			
<ul><li>Maximum</li><li>Minimum</li></ul>	n single application in retreatment interval	l is 7 days.		allic copper equivalent).
<ul><li>Maximum</li><li>Minimum</li></ul>	n single application i	l is 7 days.		allic copper equivalent).  Mix 4 lbs. of product per 100 gallons of water. Apply

### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
  Minimum retreatment interval is 12 months.

• Make only 1 application per year.

• Do not DO NOT spray on cars, houses, lawn furniture, etc. This product may be injurious to ornamentals grown under Live Oaks. This product may be reactive on metal and masonry surfaces including galvanized roofing. Avoid contact with metal surfaces.

• \*Not registered for use in California Not registered for use by California.

Macadamia	Anthracnose	4.7 lbs. (2.35 lbs.	18.8 lbs.	Initiate sprays at first sign of flowering and repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest. Apply in
		metallic	(9.4 lbs. metallic	sufficient water for thorough coverage.
		copper)	copper)	
	Phytophthora	3 - 4  lbs.	11 /	Apply during raceme development and bloom
	Blight (P.	(1.5-2 lbs.		periods. Apply in sufficient water for thorough
	capsici),	metallic		coverage. Use the higher rates when conditions favor
	Raceme Blight	copper)		disease.
	(Botrytis	11 /		
	cinerea)			

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

• Do not DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Do not DO 1	to I checca i app	meanons per	our at the man	main single application rate.
Mamey Sapote	Algal Leaf Spot,	3 - 4.2  lbs.	16.8 lbs.	Apply when conditions favor disease development.
	Anthracnose	(1.5-2.1 lbs.	(8.4 lbs.	Repeat on 14- to 30-day schedule if needed as
		metallic	metallic	disease severity and environmental conditions
		copper)	copper)	dictate. Use the higher rates when conditions favor
				disease.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 4.2 lbs./A (2.1 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 14 days.

• Do not DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Papaya	Anthracnose	4 - 5  lbs.	42.4 lbs.	Apply before disease appears. Apply at 7-day
		(2-2.5 lbs.	(21.2 lbs.	intervals if needed. The addition of an approved
		metallic	metallic	spreader is desirable. Use the higher rates when
		copper)	copper)	conditions favor disease.

#### Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate is 5.0 lbs./A (2.5 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

• Do not DO NOT exceed 8 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

Parsley	Bacterial Blight	2 lbs.	4 lbs.	Begin applications when plants are first established
	(Pseudomonas	(1 lbs.	(2 lbs. metallic	in the field and repeat again at 10 days if needed
	sp.)	metallic	copper)	depending on disease severity and environmental
		copper)		conditions.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 2.0 lbs./A (1.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.
- Do not DO NOT exceed 2 applications per year.

Passion Fruit	Anthracnose	4.7 lbs.	18.8 lbs.	Make initial application just before flowering and
		(2.35 lbs.	(9.4 lbs.	repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest.
		metallic	metallic	Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
		copper)	copper)	

#### **Restrictions:**

- Maximum single application rate is 4.7 lbs./A (2.35 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year.

Sugar Apple	Anthracnose	6.3 lbs.	25.2 lbs.	Make initial application just before flowering and
(Annona)		(3.15 lbs.	(12.6 lbs.	repeat on a weekly schedule until just before harvest.
		metallic	metallic	Apply in sufficient water for thorough coverage.
		copper)	copper)	

#### Restrictions:

- Maximum single application rate is 6.3 lbs./A (3.15 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT exceed 4 applications per year.

Donotbo	TIO I CHECCA I app	meanons per j	eur.	
Sycamore	Anthracnose	2 - 4  lbs.	40 lbs.	Apply as a full cover spray in 100 gallons of water
		(1-2 lbs.	(20 lbs.	or sufficient volume for thorough coverage. Make
		metallic	metallic	first application at bud crack and second application
		copper)	copper)	7 to 10 days later at 10% leaf expansion. Use the
				higher rates when conditions favor disease.

#### Restriction:

• Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 10 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

#### **CONIFERS**

For use on conifers, including Douglas Fir, Fir, Juniper, Leyland Cypress, Pine and Spruce, in Christmas tree plantings and silviculture nurseries.

For control of foliar diseases, apply SPU-06050-F as a thorough cover spray at rates ranging from 1.5 to 4 pounds (0.75-2 lbs. metallic copper) per acre. Begin applications in the spring at the initiation of new growth and repeat at 7- to 30-day intervals if needed. Use the higher rates when disease pressure is severe or when environmental conditions favor disease development. Maximum annual rate per acre is 40 pounds of product (20 pounds metallic copper).

SPU-06050-F is registered for use on the listed conifers for control of the following diseases.

Crop	Scientific Name	Disease
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Rhabdocline Needlecast
Fir	Abies spp.	Needlecasts
Juniper	Juniperus spp.	Anthracnose, Phomopsis Twig Dieback
Leyland Cypress	X Cupressocyparis leylandii	Cercospora Needle Blight
Pine	Pinus spp.	Needlecasts
Spruce	Picea spp.	Needlecasts

**Lichens:** To control lichens on any of the conifers above, apply 3 to 4 pounds of SPU-06050-F per acre as a dormant application before new growth emerges in the spring. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant will improve control. A second application may be required after 12 months.

#### RESTRICTION:

- Do not DO NOT buffer or combine with emulsifiable concentrate insecticides.
- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT apply more than a maximum 40 lbs. of product (20 lbs. metallic copper) per acre per year.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 10 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.

#### GREENHOUSE AND SHADEHOUSE CROPS

**Notice to User:** SPU-06050-F may be used in greenhouses and shadehouses to control diseases on crops which appear on this label, and specific instructions have been developed for the crops listed. The grower should bear in mind that the sensitivity of crops grown in greenhouses and shadehouses differs greatly from crops grown under field conditions. Neither the manufacturer nor seller has determined whether or not SPU-06050-F can be used safely on all greenhouse and shadehouse grown crops. The user must determine if SPU-06050-F can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the specified rates to the plants in question, e.g., foliage, fruit, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use. Consequently, injuries arising from the use of SPU-06050-F on these types of greenhouse and shadehouse crops are the responsibility of the user.

Apply SPU-06050-F according to specific rates given for those crops in pounds per acre. **Two level tablespoons of SPU-06050-F per 1,000 square feet is equivalent to 1.56 pounds of product per acre.** Apply SPU-06050-F in adequate water for thorough coverage of plant parts. Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat if needed; use shorter spray intervals during periods when severe disease conditions persist. For maximum annual rates per acre, refer to the crop specific directions.

**IMPORTANT:** Phytotoxicity may occur on young tender flush when SPU-06050-F is applied to citrus seedlings grown in greenhouses or shadehouses.

grown in greenhouses	rown in greenhouses or shadehouses.						
Crop	Disease	Rate per 1,000 Sq. Ft.	Use Instructions				
Citrus (Non-Bearing	Brown Rot, Citrus Canker,	8 TBSP.	Begin applications when disease first threatens.				
Nursery)	Greasy Spot, Melanose,	(3.12 lbs.	Repeat at 7- to 30-day intervals if needed				
-	Pink Pitting, Scab	metallic copper	depending on disease severity.				
		per acre)	Restrictions:				
		,	• Do notDO NOT make more than 4				
			applications per year at the maximum single application rate.				
			• Maximum annual rate is 25.2 lbs./A (12.6 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).				
			• Maximum single application rate is 8 TBSP (3.12 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).				
			• The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.				
Cucumber	Angular Leaf Spot, Downy	2.5 TBSP.	Apply at 5- to 7-day intervals when plants				
	Mildew	(1.05 lbs.	begin to vine.				
			Restrictions:				
		per acre)	• Do not DO NOT make more than 5				

applications per year at the maximum single

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			<ul> <li>application rate.</li> <li>Maximum annual rate is 10.5 lbs./A (5.25 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> <li>Maximum single application rate is 2.5 TBSP (1.05 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).</li> <li>The minimum interval between treatments</li> </ul>
Eggplant	Alternaria Blight, Anthracnose, Phomopsis	2 TBSP. (0.78 lbs. metallic copper per acre)	is 5 days.  Begin applications prior to development of disease symptoms. Repeat sprays at 7- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity.  Restrictions:  Do not DO NOT make more than 10 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  Maximum annual rate is 15.8 lbs./A (7.9 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Maximum single application rate is 2 TBSP (0.78 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  The minimum interval between treatments is 7 days.
Pepper	Bacterial Spot	2 TBSP. (0.78 lbs. metallic copper per acre)	Begin applications when conditions first favor disease development and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed depending on disease severity.  Restrictions:  Do not DO NOT make more than 15 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.  Maximum annual rate is 23.7 lbs./A (11.9 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  Maximum single application rate is 2 TBSP (0.78 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).  The minimum interval between treatments is 3 days.
Tomato (fresh market)	Anthracnose, Bacterial Speck, Bacterial Spot, Early Blight, Gray Leaf Mold, Late Blight, Septoria Leaf Spot	1.25 TBSP. (0.53 lbs. metallic copper per acre)	Begin applications when disease first threatens and repeat at 3- to 10-day intervals if needed

#### **ORNAMENTALS**

Use SPU-06050-F for control of bacterial and fungal diseases of foliage, flowers and stems on ornamentals in greenhouses, shade houses, outdoor nurseries and outdoor landscape plantings.

For ornamental crops in dormancy, apply as a thorough cover spray at rates ranging from 1.0 to 4.0 pounds (0.5-2 lbs. metallic copper) per acre of SPU-06050-F. When new growth is present, apply as a thorough cover spray at rates ranging from 1.0 to 2.0 pounds (0.5-1 lbs. metallic copper) per acre of SPU-06050-F. **Two level tablespoons of SPU-06050-F per 1,000 square feet is equivalent to 1.56 pounds of product per acre.** Begin application at first sign of disease and repeat at 7- to 14-day intervals if needed; use the higher rates and shorter spray intervals during periods of frequent rains or when severe disease conditions persist. Maximum annual rate per acre is 40 pounds (20 lbs. metallic copper).

SPU-06050-F may be used alone or in combination with other fungicides registered for use on ornamentals as a maintenance spray. Use in accordance with the most restrictive of label limitations and precautions. Do not DO NOT exceed label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

**Notice to User:** Plant sensitivities to SPU-06050-F have been found to be acceptable for the specific genera and species listed on this label under the conditions tested. However, phytotoxicity may occur. Due to the large number of species and varieties of ornamental and nursery plants, and the wide range of growing conditions, it is impossible to test every one for sensitivity to SPU-06050-F. Neither the manufacturer nor seller has determined whether or not SPU-06050-F can be safely used on ornamental or nursery plants not listed on this label. The user must determine if SPU-06050-F can be used safely prior to commercial use. In a small area, apply the specified rates to the plants in question, i.e., bedding plants, foliage, etc., and observe for 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity prior to commercial use.

#### Restrictions:

- Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.
- Maximum annual rate for Easter Lilies is 75 lbs. metallic copper. If used at this rate for Easter Lilies, Do not DO NOT add any additional copper pesticides to this land for 36 months.
- Maximum single application rate is 4.0 lbs./A (2.0 lbs. metallic copper equivalent).
- Maximum annual rate for Ornamentals (except Easter Lilies) is 20 lbs. metallic copper.
- This product may be reactive on masonry and metal surfaces including galvanized roofing. Avoid contact with metal surfaces. Do not DO NOT spray on cars, houses, lawn furniture, etc.
- Do not DO NOT make more than 37 applications per year at the maximum single application rate for Easter Lilies.

• Do not DO NOT make more than 10 applications per year at the maximum single application rate for Ornamentals (except Faster Lilies)

(except Easter Lilies).			
Crop	Scientific Name	Disease	
Aglaonema*	Aglaonema spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Althea (Rose of Sharon)	Hibiscus syriacus	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Andromeda, Japanese*	Pieris japonica	Leaf Spots, Twig Blight	
Aralia	Dizygotheca elegantissima	Alternaria, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Xanthomonas Leaf Spot	
Arborvitae	Thuja spp.	Alternaria Twig Blight, Cercospora Leaf Blight	
Aster*	Aster spp.	Downy Mildew, Leaf Spots	
Azalea <sup>1</sup>	Rhododendron spp.	Botrytis Blight, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Phytophthora Dieback, Powdery Mildew	
Beech*	Fagus spp.	Leaf Spots	
Begonia	Begonia semperflorens	Bacterial Leaf Spot ( <i>Erwinia</i> spp., <i>Pseudomonas</i> spp., <i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.) Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Bougainvillea	Bougainvillea spectabilis	Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Boxwood*	Buxus spp.	Leaf Spots	
Camellia		Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Camphor Tree	Cinnamomum camphora	Pseudomonas Leaf Spot	
Canna	Canna spp.	Pseudomonas Leaf Spot	
Carnation <sup>1</sup>	Dianthus spp.	Alternaria Blight, Botrytis Blight, Pseudomonas Leaf Spot	
Cedar*	Cedrus spp.	Tip Blight	
Cherry, Nanking*	Prunus tomentosa	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Chinese Tallow Tree	Sapium sebiferum	Bacterial Leaf Spot ( <i>Pseudomonas</i> spp., <i>Xanthomonas</i> spp.)	
Chrysanthemum <sup>1</sup>	Chrysanthemum morifolium	Botrytis Blight, Pseudomonas Leaf Spot, Septoria Leaf Spot	
Cotoneaster	Cotoneaster spp.	Botrytis Blight	
Crabapple*	Malus spp.	Fire Blight	
Cypress*	Cupressus spp.	Twig Blight	
Dahlia	Dahlia pinnata	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Gray Mold, Cercospora Leaf Spot	
Delphinium*	Delphinium spp.	Leaf Spots	
Dianthus	Dianthus spp.	Bacterial Soft Rot, Bacterial Spot	
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida	Anthracnose	
Dogwood, Kousa*	Cornus kousa	Fungal Leaf Spots	
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii	Rhabdocline Needlecast	
Dracaena*	Dracaena marginata	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Dumb Cane*	Dieffenbachia spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria	Bacterial Leaf Spot (Pseudomonas cichorii)	
Echinacea	Echinacea spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot (Pseudomonas cichorii)	
Elm, Chinese	Ulmus parvifolia	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot	
Euonymus	Euonymus spp.	Anthracnose, Botrytis Blight	
Fern Boston*	Nephrolepis exaltata	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Fern, Holly	Cyrtomium falcatum	Pseudomonas Leaf Spot	
Fig, Weeping*	Ficus benjamina	Bacterial Leaf Spot	
Filbert (Ornamental)*	Corylus spp.	Filbert Blight	
Fir*	Abies spp.	Needlecasts	

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Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Bud Rot, Cercospora Leaf
Geranium	Pelargonium spp.	Spot Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Gray Mold, Cercospora Leaf Spot
Gladiola	Gladiolus spp.	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Blight, Botrytis Gray Mold
Golden Rain Tree	Koelreuteria paniculata	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Grape Ivy*	Cissus spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Hawthorn*	Crataegus spp.	Fire Blight
Hibiscus <sup>2</sup>	Hibiscus spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Holly*	Ilex spp.	Bacterial Blight, Leaf Spots
Honeylocust*	Gleditsia triacanthos	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Honeysuckle, Tatarian*	Lonicera tatarica	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Impatiens	Impatiens sallerana	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Indian Hawthorn <sup>3</sup>	Raphiolepis indica	Anthracnose, Entomosporium Leaf Spot
Iris <sup>4</sup> *	Iris spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Ivy (English, Algerian) <sup>1</sup>	Hedera helix, H. canariensis	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot
Ixora	Ixora coccinea	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot
Juniper	Juniperus spp.	Anthracnose, Phomopsis Twig Dieback*
Lantana	Lantana camera	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Leyland Cypress*	X Cupressocyparis leylandii	Cercospora Needle Blight
Lilac	Syringa spp.	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Pseudomonas Blight*
Lily, Easter <sup>5</sup>	Lilium longiflorum	Botrytis Blight
Linden*	Tilia spp.	Anthracnose, Leaf Blight
Loblolly Bay	Gordonia lasianthus	Anthracnose
Loquat	Eriobotrya japonica	Colletotrichum spp., Entomosporium maculata
Magnolia (Southern)	Magnolia grandiflora	Algal Leaf Spot, Anthracnose, Bacterial Leaf Spot
Magnolia (Sweet Bay)	Magnolia virginiana	Anthracnose
Magnolia (Oriental)	Magnolia soulangiana	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Mandevilla	Mandevilla spp.	Anthracnose
Maple*	Acer spp.	Pseudomonas Leaf Blight
Marigold	Tagetes spp.	Alternaria Leaf Spot, Botrytis Leaf Rot, Cercospora Leaf Spot, Flower Rot
Mountain-Ash*	Sorbus spp.	Fire Blight
Mulberry, Contorted*	Morus bombycis	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Mulberry, Weeping	Morus alba	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Narcissus*	Narcissus spp.	Leaf Blight
Nephthytis*	Syngonium podophyllum	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Oak*	Quercus spp.	Leaf Spots
Oak, Laurel	Quercus laurifolia	Algal Leaf Spot (Cephaleuros virescens)
Oleander	Nerium oleander	Bacterial Leaf Spot, Fungal Leaf Spot
Oregon Grapeholly*	Mahonia aquifolium	Leaf Spots
Pachysandra Palm, Date	Pachysandra procumbens	Volutella Leaf Blight
	Phoenix canariensis	Pestalotia Leaf Spot Pestalotia Leaf Spot
Palm, European Fan	Chamaerops humilis	<u> </u>
Palm, Parlor* Palm, Queen	Chamaedorea elegans Arecastrum romanzoffianum	Bacterial Leaf Spot Exosporium Leaf Spot, Phytophthora Bud Rot
Palm, Washingtonia	Washingtonia robusta	Pestalotia Leaf Spot
Peach (Flowering) <sup>6</sup> *	Prunus spp.	Bacterial Blast, Brown Rot, Fire Blight
Pear (Flowering)	Pyrus calleryana	Fire Blight, Leaf Spots
Pentas (Egyptian Star)	Pentas spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot (Pseudomonas spp.*, Xanthomonas
		spp.) Retrytic Blight
Peony Periwinkle	Paeonia spp.	Botrytis Blight  Phomonois Stem Blight
Philodendron	Catharanthus roseus, Vinca spp. Philodendron selloum	Phomopsis Stem Blight Bacterial Leaf Spot
Phlox	Philoaenaron settoum Phlox spp.	Alternaria Leaf Spot
Photinia (Red Tip)	Photinia x fraseri, P. glabra	Anthracnose, Entomosporium Leaf Spot
Pine*	Pinus spp.	Needlecasts
Pistachio	Pistacia chinensis	Anthracnose
Plantain Lily <sup>4</sup>	Hosta spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Plum (Flowering) <sup>6</sup> *	Prunus spp.	Bacterial Blast, Brown Rot, Fire Blight
Pothos*	Scindapsus spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Powder Puff Plant	Calliandra spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Pyracantha	Pyracantha spp.	Fire Blight, Scab
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.	Alternaria Flower Spot
Rose <sup>1</sup>	Rosa spp.	Black Spot, Powdery Mildew
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Snapdragon	Antirrhinum majus	Anthracnose, Dieback, Downy Mildew
Spathe Flower*	Spathiphyllum spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Spirea*	Spiraea spp.	Fire Blight
Spruce*	Picea spp.	Needlecasts
Sycamore	Platanus spp.	Anthracnose, Leaf Spots*
Tulip	Tulipa spp.	Anthracnose, Botrytis Blight
Umbrella Tree*	Schefflera spp.	Bacterial Leaf Spot
Verbena	Verbena spp.	Xanthomonas Leaf Spot
Viburnum	Viburnum odoratissimum, V. plicatum, V. suspensum	Anthracnose
Viola (Pansy, Violet)	Viola spp.	Downy Mildew
Willow	Salix spp.	Anthracnose
Yew*	Taxus spp.	Needle Blight
Yucca (Adam's Needle)	Yucca spp.	Cercospora Leaf Spot, Septoria Leaf Spot
Zinnia*	Zinnia spp.	Leaf Spots

Discoloration of foliage and/or blooms have been noted on some varieties. To prevent residues on commercial plants, Donot DO **NOT** spray immediately before selling season.

**IMPORTANT:** Phytotoxicity may depend on varietal differences. If unfamiliar with the use of SPU-06050-F, apply the specified rate to a few plants and observe after 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity.

Control of Ball Moss\*, Spanish Moss\* and Lichens\* on Ornamental and Shade Trees: Apply SPU-06050-F in early spring when the trees are dormant. Apply 3 to 4 pounds of SPU-06050-F in 100 gallons of water, using 1.5 gallons of spray per foot of tree height. Be sure to thoroughly wet ball moss tufts, Spanish moss or lichens. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant will improve control. A second application may be required after 12 months.

**IMPORTANT:** SPU-06050-F may be injurious to some ornamental plants growing beneath the trees.

Cold Storage Protection for Dormant Rootstock\*: To protect bare-root nursery trees from Phytophthora Crown Rot and Botrytis, use 1.5 to 2 pounds of SPU-06050-F per 100 gallons of water. Apply as a dip or spray to the roots and lower stems of dormant rootstock prior to placing in cold storage. Do not DO NOT apply to rootstock less than 2 years old.

Not registered for use in California Not registered for use by California.

#### TURF

For control of algae in turfgrasses on sod farms, golf courses, cemeteries, and industrial turf areas. Apply 3 to 6 pounds (1.5-3 lbs. metallic copper) per acre (1.1 to 2.2 oz. per 1,000 square feet). Apply in sufficient water to provide adequate coverage. SPU-06050-F may be used alone or in combination with other registered turf fungicides as a maintenance spray. Observe all precautions and limitations on the label of each product used in tank mixes.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Minimum retreatment interval is 10 days.
- Maximum single application rate is 6 pounds per acre (3 pounds metallic copper equivalent).
- Maximum annual application rate is 42 pounds per acre (21 pounds metallic copper equivalent).
- Do not DO NOT make more than 7 applications per year at the maximum single application rate.
- Phytotoxicity may occur depending on varietal differences. Apply the specified rate to a small area and observe for 7 to 10 days for signs of injury. If phytotoxicity occurs, discontinue use. Do not DO NOT apply in spray solutions with a pH of less than 6.5.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE**: Store in a cool, dry place in original container.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: (Paper Bag or Plastic Bag)

Nonrefillable container. Do not DO NOT reuse or refill this container.

Hibiscus - Do not DO NOT apply to plants in flower.

For Indian Hawthorn use 2 to 3 pounds per acre.

Some cultivars may be sensitive to SPU-06050-F.

Apply SPU-06050-F at 3.0 – 5.0 pounds per acre (1.5-2.5 pounds metallic copper). Maximum annual rate per acre is 150 pounds 75 lbs. metallic copper). De not DO NOT apply any additional copper pesticide to this land for 36 months. Minimum retreatment interval is 7 days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Apply dormant through bloom only.

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Completely empty bag into application equipment by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. When completely empty, offer for recycling if available, or dispose of bag in a sanitary landfill

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- "Curtec" is a registered trademark of Bei Incorporated.
- "Tre-Hold" is a registered trademark of Amvac Chemical Corporation.

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To the extent consistent with applicable law that allows such requirement, Cosaco GmbH or your Ag Retailer must have prompt notice of any claim so that an immediate inspection of buyer's or user's growing crops can be made. Buyer and all users shall promptly notify Cosaco GmbH or your Ag Retailer of any claims, whether based on contract, negligence, strict liability, other tort or otherwise, or be barred from any remedy.

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#### [OPTIONAL MARKETING LANGUAGE]



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