

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505T)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20460

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

X Registration

Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

| EPA Reg. Number: | Date of Issuance: |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 62719-760 | 9/9/25 |

| Term of Issuance: | |
|-------------------|--|
| Unconditional | |

Name of Pesticide Product:

GF-4475

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Terri Moss Corteva Agriscience LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, Indiana 46268

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is unconditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.

Continues page 2

| Signature of Approving Official: | Date: |
|--|--------|
| Digitally signed by Alexandra | |
| Algundera Bouledes Date: 2025.09.09 14:46:53 | 9/9/25 |
| Alexandra Boukedes, Acting Senior Advisor | |
| Registration Division (7505T) | |

- 2. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, "EPA Reg. No. 62719-760."
- 3. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

The record for this product currently contains the following CSF(s):

Basic CSF dated 06/26/2025

If you have any questions, please contact Hector Escobar at 202-566-1371 or at escobar.hector@epa.gov.

Enclosure

(Base label):

| FLORPYRAUXIFEN-BENZYL | GROUP | 4 | HERBICIDE |
|-----------------------|-------|---|-----------|
| NICOSULFURON | GROUP | 2 | HERBICIDE |
| THIFENSULFURON-METHYL | GROUP | 2 | HERBICIDE |

GF-4475

HERBICIDE

with Rinskor™ active

Oil Dispersion Formulation

ACCEPTED

Sep 09, 2025

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 62719-760

Contains 0.043 lb florpyrauxifen-benzyl per gallon, 0.339 lb nicosulfuron per gallon, 0.083 lb thifensulfuron-methyl.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

First Aid

If in eyes:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.
- Call a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed:

- Call a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or a doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury • Harmful if swallowed • Harmful if absorbed through skin

DO NOT get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. **Wear appropriate protective eyewear (goggles, face shield or safety glasses)**. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and appropriate chemical-resistant/waterproof gloves. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals**.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls: When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

(Storage and Disposal for rigid plastic or metal containers 5 gal or less):

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed when not in use. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with vermiculite, earth, or synthetic absorbent.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable plastic or metal container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the

flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid plastic or metal containers greater than 5 gallons):

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed when not in use. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with vermiculite, earth, or synthetic absorbent.

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Container Handling: Refillable plastic or metal container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

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Refer to the inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including First Aid and Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

| Agricultural Chemical: DO NOT ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing. | | |
|---|---------|--|
| EPA Reg. No. 62719-XXX | EPA Est | |

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Produced for Corteva Agriscience LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

NET CONTENTS ____

(Booklet cover / shipping container):

| FLORPYRAUXIFEN-BENZYL | GROUP | 4 | HERBICIDE |
|-----------------------|-------|---|-----------|
| NICOSULFURON | GROUP | 2 | HERBICIDE |
| THIFENSULFURON-METHYL | GROUP | 2 | HERBICIDE |

GF-4475

HERBICIDE

with Rinskor™ active

Oil Dispersion Formulation

Contains 0.043 lb florpyrauxifen-benzyl per gallon, 0.339 lb nicosulfuron per gallon, 0.083 lb thifensulfuron-methyl.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING/AVISO

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to the inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including First Aid and Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are not acceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: DO NOT ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-XXX EPA Est. _____

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Produced for Corteva Agriscience LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

| NET | CON | TENT: | S |
|-----|-----|-------|---|
| | | | |

(Booklet page 1 through end):

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- Call a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or a doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- **DO NOT** give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center (1-800-222-1222) or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury ● Harmful if swallowed ● Harmful if absorbed through skin

DO NOT get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. **Wear appropriate protective eyewear (goggles, face shield or safety glasses)**. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, shoes plus socks and appropriate chemical-resistant/waterproof gloves. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals**.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls: When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. **DO NOT** apply where/when conditions could favor runoff.

Groundwater Advisory

This product has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential loading of this product from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be greatly reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

Windblown Soil Particles Advisory

This product has the potential to move off-site due to wind erosion. Soils that are subject to wind erosion usually have a high silt and/or fine to very fine sand fractions and low organic matter content. Other factors which can affect the movement of windblown soil include the intensity and direction of prevailing winds, vegetative cover, site slope, rainfall, and drainage patterns. Avoid applying this product if prevailing local conditions may be expected to result in off-site movement.

Non-target Organism Advisory

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by minimizing spray drift. For further guidance and instructions on how to minimize spray drift, refer to the Mandatory Spray Drift Management section of this label.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and

restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Waterproof gloves
- · Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

(Storage and Disposal for rigid plastic or metal containers 5 gal or less):

Storage and Disposal

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed when not in use. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with vermiculite, earth, or synthetic absorbent.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable plastic or metal container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid plastic or metal containers greater than 5 gallons):

DO NOT contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container only. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep container closed when not in use. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with vermiculite, earth, or synthetic absorbent.

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Container Handling: Refillable plastic or metal container. Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

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PRODUCT INFORMATION

GF-4475 herbicide is a postemergence herbicide, systemic herbicide for selective control of susceptible grass, sedge, and broadleaf weeds. For use on field corn, which will be referred to as "corn" in this label.

RESTRICTIONS

Table 1: Application Rates and Restrictions

| CROPS | Maximum Oz of Product/ Acre/ Single Application | Maximum Lb Al/ Acre/Single Application | Maximum Number of Applications per Year | Maximum Oz of Product /Acre/Year | Maximum Lb Al/A per Year | Preharvest Interval |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|
| Field Corn – Grown for Grain | 20.5 fl oz (0.07439 lb ai/A) | Florpyrauxifen- benzyl: 0.00669 lb ai Nicosulfuron: | 1 | 20.5 fl oz (0.07436 lb ai/A) | Florpyrauxifen- benzyl: 0.00669 lb ai | DO NOT harvest corn grain within 60 days |
| | | 0.0543 lb ai Thifensulfuron- methyl: 0.0134 lb ai | | | 0.0543 lb ai Thifensulfuron- methyl: 0.0134 lb ai | |

- **DO NOT** apply more than 20.5 fl oz (which contains 0.00669 lb ai florpyrauxifen-benzyl, 0.0543 lb ai nicosulfuron, and 0.0134 lb ai thifensulfuron-methyl in a single application.
- DO NOT make more than 1 application per year.
- When tank mixing with other products that contain nicosulfuron, **DO NOT** apply more than 1 ounce (0.062 lb) of nicosulfuron in corn per year.
- **DO NOT** use organosilicon surfactants in spray mixtures of this product.
- DO NOT apply GF-4475 directly to, or otherwise permit GF-4475 to come into direct contact with, carrots, cotton, soybeans, grapes, tobacco, flowers, ornamental shrubs or trees, or other desirable broadleaf plants, as serious injury may occur.

- **DO NOT** apply where runoff or irrigation water may flow directly onto agricultural land to be used for growing highly sensitive crops.
- DO NOT allow tank mixes of GF-4475 to sit overnight prior to application. See additional tank mix restrictions below.
- Chemigation: DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- **DO NOT** compost any plant material from treated area.
- DO NOT tank mix with products containing bentazon or severe corn crop injury may occur.
- DO NOT tank mix GF-4475 with 2,4-D-containing products as severe grass control antagonism may
 occur.
- Insecticide Interaction Restrictions
 - DO NOT tank mix with foliar-applied organophosphate insecticides including chlorpyrifos and malathion, etc., as severe crop injury may occur. To avoid crop injury or antagonism, apply these products at least seven days before or 3 days after the application of GF-4475.
 - **DO NOT** apply GF-4475 to corn previously treated with a terbufos based insecticide
- **DO NOT** make a late application of GF-4475 to field corn grown for grain that is taller than 20 inches or that exhibits 6 or more collars (V6), whichever is more restrictive.
- **DO NOT** apply GF-4475 to corn that exhibits herbicide injury from previous applications made to the current or preceding crop.
- DO NOT use liquid nitrogen fertilizer as the total carrier solution for postemergence applications.
- DO NOT apply GF-4475 or drain or flush application equipment on or near desirable trees or other
 plants, or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or
 moved into contact with their roots.
- DO NOT use on lawns, walks, driveways, tennis courts. Prevent drift of spray to desirable plants.
- DO NOT contaminate any body of water.
- **DO NOT** apply, drain or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where their roots may extend, or in locations where the chemical may be washed or moved into contact with their roots.
- DO NOT apply to sweet corn, popcorn or field corn grown for seed.
- **DO NOT** apply within 14 days prior to planting of field corn.
- DO NOT apply by aerial application

PRECAUTIONS

GF-4475 may interact with certain insecticides previously applied to the crop. Crop response varies with corn type, insecticide used, insecticide application methods and soil type.

GF-4475 may be applied to corn previously treated with chlorethoxyfos + bifenthrin, tebupirimphos + cyfluthrin, tefluthrin insecticides or other non-organophosphate soil insecticides regardless of soil type.

Crop injury may occur following an application of GF-4475 if there is a prolonged period of cold weather and/or in conjunction with wet soils.

Dry, dusty field conditions may result in reduced control in wheel track areas.

Thoroughly clean application equipment immediately after use (See Sprayer Cleanup section of this label).

For all application systems, use 50-mesh or larger strainer screens.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl, nicosulfuron, and thifensulfuron-methyl, the active ingredients in GF-4475, are Group 2 and Group 4 herbicides, respectively based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain biotypes naturally tolerant or resistant to Group 2 or 4 herbicides. Such resistant weed plants may not be effectively managed using Group 2 or 4 herbicides but may be effectively managed utilizing another herbicide from a different Group and/or by using cultural or mechanical practices. However, any herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately control specific weed biotypes that are resistant to specific herbicides. Consult your state

cooperative extension service, professional consultants, or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate actions for treating specific resistant weeds. GF-4475 contains three herbicide active ingredients and two modes of action that provide overlapping control for many key weeds and thus can be a very effective component of a weed resistance management strategy.

Best Management Practices

Proactively implementing diversified weed control strategies to minimize selection for weed populations resistant to one or more herbicides is a best practice. A diversified weed management program may include the use of multiple herbicides with different sites of action and overlapping weed spectrum with or without tillage operations and/or other cultural practices. Research has demonstrated that using the labeled rate and directions for use is important to delay the selection for resistance.

The continued effectiveness of this product depends on the successful implementation of a weed resistance management program.

To aid in the prevention of developing weeds resistant to this product, users should:

- Scout fields before application to ensure herbicides and rates will be appropriate for the weed species and weed sizes present.
- Start with a clean field, using either a burndown herbicide application or tillage.
- Control weeds early when they are relatively small (less than 4 inches).
- Apply full rates of this product for the most difficult to control weed in the field at the specified time (correct weed size) to minimize weed escapes.
- Scout fields after application to detect weed escapes or shifts in control of weed species.
- Control weed escapes to avoid allowing weeds to reproduce by seed or vegetative propagules.
- Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed to your company representative, local retailer, or county extension agent.
- Contact your company representative, crop advisor, or extension agent to find out if suspected resistant
 weeds to this MOA have been found in your region. If resistant biotypes of target weeds have been
 reported, use the application rates of this product specified for your local conditions. Tank mix products
 so that there are multiple effective sites of actions for each target weed.
- If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a site of action other than Group 2 or Group 4 and/or use nonchemical methods to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.
- Suspected herbicide-resistant weeds may be identified by these indicators:
 - Failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
 - A spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; and
 - Surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species.

Additionally, users should follow as many of the following herbicide resistance management practices as is practical:

- Use a broad-spectrum soil-applied herbicide with other sites of action as a foundation in a weed control program.
- Utilize sequential applications of herbicides with alternative sites of action.
- Rotate the use of this product with non-Group 2 or Group 4 herbicides.
- Avoid making more than two applications of 2 and any other Group 2 or Group 4 herbicides within a single year unless mixed with an herbicide with a different site of action with an overlapping spectrum for the difficult-to-control weeds.
- Incorporate non-chemical weed control practices, including mechanical cultivation, crop rotation, cover crops and weed- free crop seeds, as part of an integrated weed control program.
- Use good agronomic principles that enhance crop development and crop competitiveness.
- Thoroughly clean plant residues from equipment before leaving fields suspected to contain resistant weeds.
- Manage weeds in and around fields during and after harvest to reduce weed seed production.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Ground Boom Applications:

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- To minimize spray drift from ground applications, us a nozzle class that ensures a Coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT. BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- **Volume** Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- **Pressure** Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles
 designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom

Use the lowest boom height that is compatible with the spray nozzles that will provide uniform coverage. For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift. When applying aerially to crops, **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND

CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

DRIFT CONTROL ADDITIVES

Using product compatible drift control additives can reduce drift potential. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe cautionary statements and all other information on the additive's label. If using an additive that increases viscosity, ensure that the nozzles and other application equipment will function properly with a viscous spray solution. Preferred drift control additives have been certified by the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA).

SUSCEPTIBLE PLANTS

DO NOT apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings. Spray drift may damage or render crops unfit for sale, use or consumption. Small amounts of spray drift that may not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants. **Before making an application, please refer to your state's sensitive crop registry (if available) to identify any commercial specialty or certified organic crops that may be located nearby.**

DO NOT apply when wind is blowing toward adjacent cotton, carrots, soybeans, corn, grain sorghum, wheat, grapes, tobacco, flowers, ornamental shrubs or trees, or other desirable broadleaf plants.

MIXING DIRECTIONS

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

GF-4475- Alone

Fill spray tank to one-half full with water. Start agitation. Add correct quantity of GF-4475 and recommended adjuvant. Continue agitation while filling spray tank to required volume and during application.

GF-4475 - Tank Mixes

Continuous agitation is required for tank mixes. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the best agitation in spray tanks. **DO NOT** TANK MIX ANY PESTICIDE PRODUCT WITH THIS PRODUCT without first referring to the following website for the specific product: www.GF-3206TEtankmix.com. This website contains a list of active ingredients that are currently prohibited from use in tank mixture with this product.

Tank Mixing Restrictions

Only use products in tank mixture with this product that: 1) are registered for the intended use site, application method and timing; 2) are not prohibited for tank mixing by the label of the tank mix product and 3) **DO NOT** contain one of the prohibited active ingredients listed on www.GF-3206TEtankmix.com website.

DO NOT use with spray additives that alter the pH of the spray solution below pH 6.0 or above pH 9.0 as rapid product degradation can occur. Spray solutions of pH 6.0 - 8.0 allow for optimum stability of GF-4475.

DO NOT exceed specified application rates for respective products or maximum allowable application rates for any active ingredient in the tank mix.

Apply GF-4475 spray mixture within 24 hours of mixing to avoid product degradation.

Read carefully and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products in the mixtures are registered for the intended use. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Always perform a jar test to ensure the compatibility of products to be used in tank mixture.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: When tank mixing GF-4475 with other permitted materials that will be utilized, a compatibility test (jar test) using relative proportions of the tank mix ingredients must be conducted prior to mixing ingredients in the spray tank. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately one-half (1/2) hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, gels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination must not be used.

Mixing Order: Fill the tank one-third (1/3) full with water. Start the agitation. Different formulation types must be added in the following order, allowing time for complete dispersion after addition of each product:

- 1. Water soluble bag (WSB)
- 2. Water soluble granules (SG)
- 3. Water dispersible granules (WG)
- 4. Wettable powders (WP)
- 5. Suspension concentration (SC)
- 6. Capsule suspension (CS)
- 7. Suspo-emulsion (SE)
- 8. Oil dispersion (OD)
- 9. Emulsion, oil in water (EW)
- 10. Emulsifiable concentrate (EC)
- 11. Adjuvants, surfactants, oils
- 12. Soluble fertilizers
- 13. Drift retardants

Maintain agitation during filling and during application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the tank is empty, suspended materials may settle to the bottom. It is important to re-suspend all of the settled material before continuing application. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. **DO NOT** allow tank mixes to set overnight.

Application Instructions

Environmental Conditions and Herbicidal Activity of GF-4475

Factors for effective weed control with GF-4475 include proper application rate, weed size, daytime and nighttime temperatures, soil moisture prior to and following application. Best weed control results are obtained when GF-4475 is applied to actively growing weeds, when daytime and nighttime temperatures are warm (60 degrees Fahrenheit or more), and soil moisture is adequate to support active weed growth prior to and following application.

- GF-4475 is rainfast in 4 hours.
- Applications made immediately prior to, during, or immediately following periods of large day/night temperature fluctuations or where daytime and nighttime temperatures do not exceed 60 degrees Fahrenheit may decrease weed control.
- Poor weed control and crop injury may result from application of GF-4475 made to plants under stress from abnormally hot or cold weather; environmental conditions including drought, or hail damage, prior herbicide applications or soils with high salt content.

Timing to Crop

GF-4475 is registered for use on field corn. GF-4475 may be broadcast to corn up to 20" tall (free standing) or that is exhibiting up to and including 6 leaf collars (V6), whichever is more restrictive.

While GF-4475 has a wide application window, research has shown best results are obtained when applications are made early postemergence when corn and weeds are small. Target applications to corn that is less than 12" tall for best overall performance.

Timing to Weeds

Apply GF-4475 when grasses are young and actively growing, but before they exceed the sizes indicated in "Weeds Controlled" table with 20.5 fl oz of GF-4475 per acre. Treat heavy infestations of weeds before they become too competitive with the crop, especially where soil moisture and/or fertility are limited. GF-4475

provides weed control via foliar absorption. GF-4475 only controls those weeds that have emerged. Applications made to weeds larger than the size indicated on this label or to weeds under stress may result in unsatisfactory control.

Ground Application

Apply in a spray volume of 10 gpa or more when applying by ground. Use coarse or coarser nozzle spray quality per S-572 ASABE standard; see USDA literature or nozzle manufacturer guidelines. Follow nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for nozzle pressure, spacing and boom height to provide a uniform spray pattern. Follow appropriate Spray Drift Management information where drift potential is a concern.

APPLICATION RATE

Refer to Table 1 in the Restrictions section for application rate and restriction information.

When applied as directed, GF-4475 will control the following weeds:

| Grasses | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Common Name | Scientific Name | Maximum Height or Diameter |
| Barnyardgrass [†] | Echinochloa crus-galli | 4" |
| Broadleaf signalgrass | Urochloa platyphylla | 2" |
| Foxtails (bristly, giant [†] , green [†] , yellow [†]) | Seteria species | 4" |
| Itchgrass | Rottboellia cochinchinensis | 6" |
| Johnsongrass [†] | Sorghum halepense | |
| seedling | | 12" |
| rhizome | | 18" |
| Panicum (Texas, browntop) | Panicum texanum | 3" |
| fall | Panicum dichotomiflorum | 4" |
| Quackgrass | Elymus repens | 4" |
| Ryegrass (Italian, perennial) [†] | Lolium multiflorum | 6" |
| Sandbur (field, longspine) | Cenchrus species | 3" |
| Shattercane [†] | Sorghum bicolor | 12" |
| Sorghum almum [†] | Sorghum almum | 12" |
| Timothy | Phleum pratense | 6" |
| Wild oats [†] | Avena fatua | 4" |
| Wild proso millet | Panicum miliaceum | 4" |
| Witchgrass | Panicum capillare | 6" |
| Woolly Cupgrass† | Eriochloa villosa | 4" |
| | | |

| Broadleaves | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Common Name | Scientific Name | Maximum Height or Diameter |
| Burcucumber | Sicyos angulatus | 3" |
| Dandelion | Taraxacum officinale | 6" |
| Jimsonweed | Datura stramonium | 3" |
| Morningglory (ivyleaf, pitted, tall) | Ipomea species | 3" |
| Pigweed (redroot, smooth) | Amaranthus species | 4" |
| Palmer amaranth [†] | Palmer Amaranthus | 4" |
| Pokeweed | Phytolacca decandra | 4" |
| Smartweeds (ladysthumb, Pennsylvania) | Polygonum species | 4" |
| Common lambsquarters | Chenopodium album | 4" |
| Common ragweed | Ambrosia artemisiifolia | 4" |
| Giant ragweed | Ambrosia trifida | 4" |
| Redroot pigweed | Amaranthus retroflexus | 4" |
| Velvetleaf | Abutilon theophrasti | 4" |

[†] Naturally occurring resistant biotypes are known to occur.

Clean-Out Procedures for Spray Equipment

It is important that spray equipment is clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before using GF-4475 and then properly cleaned out following application. Clean all application equipment before applying GF-4475. Follow the cleanup procedures specified on the label of the product previously sprayed. If no cleanup procedure is provided, use the procedure that follows. Immediately following applications of GF-4475, thoroughly clean all mixing and spray equipment to avoid subsequent crop injury.

When cleaning spray equipment before applying GF-4475, read and follow label directions for proper rinsate disposal of the product previously sprayed.

Steam cleaning of aerial spray tanks will help to dislodge any visible pesticide deposits.

When spraying or mixing equipment will be used over an extended period to apply multiple loads of GF-4475, partially fill the tank with fresh water at the end of each day of spraying, flush the boom and hoses, and allow to sit overnight.

- 1. Drain any remaining spray mixture from the application equipment, then wash out tank, boom, and hoses with clear water for a minimum of 5 minutes. Drain again.
- 2. Hose down the interior surfaces of the tank while filling the tank 1/2 full of water.
- 3. Add commercial tank cleaner, including household ammonia, at a rate of 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water. Recirculate for 10 to 20 minutes and spray out the mixture through the boom.
- 4. Remove all spray nozzles and screens and clean separately.
- 5. If spray equipment will be used for pesticide application to crops sensitive to GF-4475, repeat steps 1 through 3.
- 6. Thoroughly clean exterior surfaces of spray equipment.

Rinsate may be disposed of onsite according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility. Reduced results may occur if water containing soil is used, including visibly muddy water or water from

ponds and ditches that is not clear.

CROP ROTATION INTERVAL

Rotational crops vary in their response to low concentrations of GF-4475 remaining in the soil. GF-4475 dissipates rapidly in warm, acidic, microbiologically active soils. The amount of GF-4475 which may be present in the soil depends on application rate, soil pH and organic matter content, elapsed time since application, crop production practices, and environmental factors.

Injury to rotational crops may occur in high-pH, cold soils if dry weather prevails between application and rotational crop planting. Consult your local Corteva representative for additional guidelines.

Soil pH must be determined by laboratory analysis using the 1:1 soil:water suspension method on representative soil samples taken at 0–4" depth. Soil pH varies within fields; therefore, recropping must be based on the highest soil pH within each field. Consult local extension publications for recommended soil sampling procedures. The following rotational intervals must be observed when using GF-4475 at a maximum of 20.5 fluid ounces per acre (0.07439 lb ai/A):

GF-4475 ROTATIONAL CROP GUIDELINE - 1

| No soil pH restrictions | |
|---|---------------------|
| Crop Rotational | Interval in Months |
| Corn (grain field) | Anytime |
| Soybeans | 0.5 (15 days) |
| Cereals, spring (barley, oats, rye, wheat) | 8 |
| Cereals, winter (barley, oats, rye, wheat) | 4 |
| Cotton | 10 |
| Dry Beans, Peas, Snap Beans | 10 |
| Alfalfa* | 12 |
| Red Clover** | 12 |
| Sorghum (All types including hybrids containing the INZEN™ trait) | 18 |
| Other Crops | See Rotational Crop |
| | Guidelines 2 and 3 |

^{*}Except for the state of Kansas east of Highway 75, for Minnesota east and south of the Red River Valley and for the states east of the line formed by the western borders of Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, and Louisiana, where the minimum time interval is 10 months.

GF-4475 ROTATIONAL CROP GUIDELINE - 2

| With soil pH restrictions | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| | Rotational Int | erval in Months |
| Crop | pH <u>≤</u> 7.5 | pH > 7.5 |
| Sunflowers | 11** | 18 |
| All other crops not listed | See Rotational Guideline 3 | |
| in Rotational Guidelines 1 or 2 | | |

^{*} Except in Texas and Oklahoma east of Highway 281, where the rotational interval is 10 months, regardless of pH.

GF-4475 ROTATIONAL CROP GUIDELINE - 3

| With soil pH restrictions | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | Rotational Interval in Months | |
| Crop | pH <u>≤</u> 6.5 | pH > 6.5 |
| Sugarbeets*, potatoes | 10 | 18** |
| All other crops not listed | 10 | 18 |
| in Rotational Guidelines | | |
| 1 or 2 | | |

^{**}Precipitation following application must exceed 14" prior to planting sunflowers.

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|---|
| EPA accepted// |

^{*} Except on irrigated sites in Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska, Texas, Michigan, and Ohio, where precipitation following application must exceed 25" prior to planting beets, where the interval is 10 months on soils with pH < 7.5.

^{**}In North Dakota and northwest Minnesota, the cumulative precipitation in the 18 months following application must exceed 28" in order to rotate to sugarbeets or potatoes.