

62719-615

12/27/2011

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

12/27/2011

Cindy Loy  
Dow AgroSciences  
9330 Zionsville Road  
Indianapolis, IN 46268

Subject: Cobalt Advanced, EPA Reg. # 62719-615 (D# 446961)  
change acute dermal toxicity per CA  
label amendment submitted 3/9/2011, revised 4/11/2011, 5/12/2011, 9/27/2011  
accepted with comments (9/27/2011 version)

Dear Ms. Loy:

This amendment involved two label changes. Initially, you requested the addition of legume vegetables (except soybeans) to the label. This use is already approved for each active ingredient in this product. During review discussions, you also added a change in acute dermal toxicity label text based which had been requested by California. In the end, you decided to withdraw the addition of legume vegetables due to issues with the application rate leaving only the acute dermal toxicity text change on the proposed label.

After reviewing the new label language proposed by California, the Agency will allow the change to the federal label.

The revised labeling reference to above, submitted in connection with the registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable subject to the following comments:

1. Precautionary Statements, introductory paragraph, pages 1 and 9 -
  - a. Replace the current similar text with the following: "May be fatal if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals."
  - b. Delete the current text about washing with soap in the introductory paragraph since it is already stated later in the proper sub-section.
2. Directions for Use, page 12 – Delete the header "General Information" or replace with "Product Information". The word "general" can be interpreted as implying that the following text is advisory rather than mandatory.
3. Directions for Use, Application Directions, Aerial Application, page 14 – Change the bolded term "best management practices" to "spray drift requirements" since that is the section name used on page 13 to which it is referring.

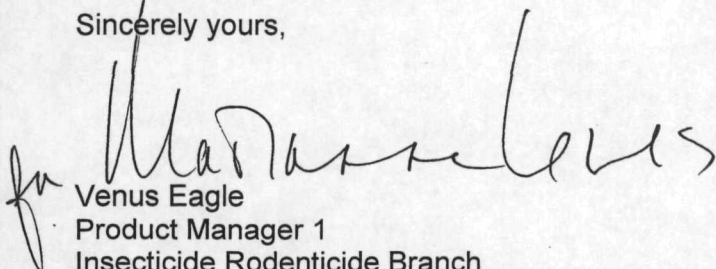
Submit two (2) copies of your final printed labeling incorporating the above changes prior to releasing your product for shipment. If the above provisions are not complied with the registration will be subject to

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cancellation in accordance with FIFRA Section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A copy of the label stamped "accepted with comments" is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions please contact Tom Harris at (703) 308-9423 or [harris.thomas@epa.gov](mailto:harris.thomas@epa.gov).

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Venus Eagle", is written over the typed name.

Venus Eagle  
Product Manager 1  
Insecticide Rodenticide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)

enclosure

## **Cobalt<sup>®</sup> Advanced**

EPA Reg. No. 62719-615

### **Registration Notes:**

Source label text based on EPA accepted text dated May 5, 2010.

**Proposed changes by amendment based on April 11, 2011 e-mail from Tom Harris (EPA) to Cindy Loy (DAS):**

1. Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried) (Except Soybean): Added section.

**12May11 – Additional proposed changes by amendment:**

1. Precautionary Statements: At the request of the state of California, (1) added "skin irritation and" to "Causes moderate eye irritation"; (2) added "or absorbed through skin" to "Harmful if inhaled"; (3) added "Do not get on skin."
2. First Aid: At the request of the state of California, added statement for "If on skin or clothing."

**27Sep11 – Additional proposed change by amendment based on September 27, 2011 e-mail from Tom Harris (EPA) to Cindy Loy (DAS):**

1. Deleted section for Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried) (Except Soybean).

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*see next page  
for EPA stamp*



(Base label):

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

**Cobalt<sup>®</sup> Advanced****Insecticide**

**For control of listed insects infesting listed field, fruit, nut, and vegetable crops.**

**Active Ingredients:**

chlorpyrifos: O,O-diethyl-O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyl)phosphorothioate .....	28.12%
Lambda-cyhalothrin: [1 $\alpha$ (S*),3 $\alpha$ (Z)]-(+)-cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate .....	1.44%
Other Ingredients .....	70.44%
Total .....	100.00%

ACCEPTED  
With COMMENTS  
In EPA Letter Dated:  
**DEC 27 2011**

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide  
and Rodenticide Act, As amended, for the  
pesticide Registered under EPA Reg. No:

**62719-615**

Contains 2.503 lb chlorpyrifos and 0.129 lb *lambda*-cyhalothrin per gallon.  
Contains petroleum distillate.

**Keep Out Of Reach Of Children****WARNING      AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

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**Precautionary Statements**

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**Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals**

**May Be Fatal If Swallowed • Causes Skin Irritation and Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Inhaled Or Absorbed Through Skin • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals**

**Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.**

**Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate and viton  $\geq$ 14 mils.

**Mixers and loaders** using a mechanical transfer loading system and applicators using aerial application equipment must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eyewear

In addition to the above, **mixers and loaders** using a mechanical transfer loading system must wear:



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- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton (all  $\geq 14$  mils)
- Chemical-resistant apron
- A NIOSH-approved dust mist filtering respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

All other mixers, loaders, applicators and handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton (all  $\geq 14$  mils)
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading or exposed to the concentrate
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- A NIOSH-approved dust mist filtering respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### Engineering Controls

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications must use a mechanical transfer system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)] for dermal protection, and must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders
- Wear protective eyewear

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

Use of human flaggers is prohibited. Mechanical flagging equipment must be used.

When handlers use closed cab motorized ground application equipment in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### First Aid

#### Organophosphate

**If swallowed:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If on skin or clothing:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

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**If inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**If in eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Note to physician:** Chlorpyrifos is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. If exposed, plasma and red blood cell cholinesterase tests may indicate significance of exposure (baseline data are useful). Atropine, only by injection, is the preferable antidote. Oximes, such as 2-PAM/protopam, may be therapeutic if used early; however, use only in conjunction with atropine. In case of severe acute poisoning, use antidote immediately after establishing an open airway and respiration.

**Note to physician:** Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

### Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, small mammals, and birds. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

### Physical or Chemical Hazards

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

#### (Storage and Disposal for rigid containers 5 gal or less)

##### Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container in secured dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

#### (Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)



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**Storage and Disposal**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container in secured dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

**(Storage and Disposal for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)****Storage and Disposal**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container in secured dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

**Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.**

**Notice:** Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

**Shake well before use**

EPA Reg. No. 62719-615

EPA Est. \_\_\_\_\_

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Produced for  
Dow AgroSciences LLC  
9330 Zionsville Road  
Indianapolis, IN 46268

Net Contents \_\_

(Cover, shipping container):

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

**Cobalt<sup>®</sup> Advanced****Insecticide**

**For control of listed insects infesting listed field, fruit, nut, and vegetable crops.**

**Active Ingredients:**

chlorpyrifos: O,O-diethyl-O-(3,5,6-trichloro-2-pyridinyl)phosphorothioate .....	28.12%
Lambda-cyhalothrin: [1 $\alpha$ (S*),3 $\alpha$ (Z)]-(+)-cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate .....	1.44%
Other Ingredients .....	70.44%
Total .....	100.00%

Contains 2.503 lb chlorpyrifos and 0.129 lb *lambda*-cyhalothrin per gallon.

Contains petroleum distillate.

**Keep Out Of Reach Of Children****WARNING AVISO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

**Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Directions for Use.**

**Notice:** Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

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**Produced for**

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**Precautionary Statements**

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**Hazard to Humans and Domestic Animals****WARNING**

**May Be Fatal If Swallowed • Causes Skin Irritation and Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Inhaled Or Absorbed Through Skin • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals**

**Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.**

**Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate and viton  $\geq 14$  mils.

**Mixers and loaders** using a mechanical transfer loading system and applicators using aerial application equipment must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks
- Protective eyewear

In addition to the above, **mixers and loaders** using a mechanical transfer loading system must wear:

- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton (all  $\geq 14$  mils)
- Chemical-resistant apron
- A NIOSH-approved dust mist filtering respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

All **other mixers, loaders, applicators and handlers** must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or viton (all  $\geq 14$  mils)
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading or exposed to the concentrate
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- A NIOSH-approved dust mist filtering respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls**

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications must use a mechanical transfer system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)] for dermal protection, and must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders
- Wear protective eyewear

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

Use of human flaggers is prohibited. Mechanical flagging equipment must be used.

When handlers use closed cab motorized ground application equipment in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### First Aid

#### Organophosphate

**If swallowed:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give **any** liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If on skin or clothing:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If inhaled:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

**If in eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Note to physician:** Chlorpyrifos is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. If exposed, plasma and red blood cell cholinesterase tests may indicate significance of exposure (baseline data are useful). Atropine, only by injection, is the preferable antidote. Oximes, such as 2-PAM/protopam, may be therapeutic if used early; however, use only in conjunction with atropine. In case of severe acute poisoning, use antidote immediately after establishing an open airway and respiration.

**Note to physician:** Contains petroleum distillate – vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

### Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, small mammals, and birds. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

### Physical or Chemical Hazards

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

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### Directions for Use

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**Restricted Use Pesticide**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

This product cannot be reformulated or repackaged into other end-use products.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

**Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment, restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers (as applicable). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

**Exception:** If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Certified crop advisors or persons entering under their direct supervision under certain circumstances may be exempt from the early reentry requirements pursuant to 40 CFR Part 170.

PPE required for early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made out of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

**Storage and Disposal**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container in secured dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:**

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and

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rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

**Refillable containers 5 gallons or larger:**

**Container Handling:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

**Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or larger:**

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

**General Information**

Cobalt® Advanced insecticide is an emulsion in water for use in listed crops. This product resists washoff once it is dry. Target pests and application rates are provided in the accompanying tables.

**Use Precautions**

Insect control may be reduced at low spray volumes under high temperature and wind conditions.

Some reduction in insect control may occur under unusually cool conditions.

**Flood irrigation:** To avoid contamination of irrigation tail waters, do not flood irrigate within 24 hours following a soil surface or foliar application of Cobalt Advanced.

**Spray Drift Management****Buffer Zones**

In New York State, a 25 ft vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip not traversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial or ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 ft vegetated non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 50 ft buffer strip (or 450 ft buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.



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**Vegetative Buffer Strip:** Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries; and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing lambda-cyhalothrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: *Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses. Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth Texas. 21 pp. <http://www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/newconbuf.pdf>.*

**Buffer Zone for Ground Application (Groundboom or Overhead Chemigation):** Do not apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for Ground Application (Airblast):** Do not apply within 50 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for ULV Aerial Application:** Do not apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

**Buffer Zone for Non-ULV Aerial Application:** Do not apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

#### **Spray Drift Requirements**

**Wind Direction and Speed:** Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

**Temperature Inversion:** Do not make aerial or ground applications into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

**Droplet Size:** Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASABE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

#### **Additional Requirements for Ground Applications:**

- Wind speed must be measured adjacent to the application site on the upwind side immediately prior to application.
- For groundboom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For airblast applications, turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

#### **Additional Requirements for Aerial Applications:**

- The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wingtip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 80% of the rotor diameter.
- Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.



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- Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
- When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

## Application Directions

### Broadcast Foliar Application

Apply with conventional power-operated spray equipment using nozzles and spray pressures specified for insecticides. Apply Cobalt Advanced in a spray volume of not less than 2 gallons per acre (gpa) for aerial application equipment (fixed wing or helicopter) or not less than 10 gpa for ground equipment, unless otherwise specified. Increase spray volume to ensure adequate coverage with increased density and height of crop canopy. See Spray Drift Precautions section for droplet size.

**Ground Application:** Orient the boom and nozzles so that uniform coverage is obtained. The swath width should not be wider than the boom. Follow nozzle manufacturer's specifications for insecticide nozzles with respect to nozzle type, pressure, and spacing.

### Broadcast Soil Application

Apply with conventional power-operated spray equipment that will apply the product uniformly to the soil surface. Use nozzles that produce medium or coarse droplets (235 to 400 microns). Unless otherwise indicated, apply in a spray volume of 10 gpa or more. For band application, use proportionally less spray volume.

### Aerial Application

Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gpa and follow recommendations for **best management practices** for aerial application, above.

Marking of swaths by flagging, permanent markers or use of GPS equipment is recommended.

### Chemigation Application

Cobalt Advanced may be applied to the following crops through sprinkler irrigation equipment: alfalfa, corn, cotton, sorghum, soybean, and wheat, or other crops as specified in Dow AgroSciences supplemental labeling. Do not apply this product by chemigation unless specified in crop-specific directions in this label or Dow AgroSciences supplemental labeling. Do not apply to labeled crops through any other type of irrigation system.

**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated in specific use directions, the application rates for chemigation are the same as those for broadcast application.

### Use Directions for Sprinkler Irrigation

The following use directions must be followed when Cobalt Advanced is applied through sprinkler irrigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues, and dispose of the residues according to state and federal laws. Flush the injector with soap and water. Determine the amount of Cobalt Advanced needed to cover the desired acreage. Mix according to instructions in the Mixing Directions section and bring mixture to desired volume. Do not add crop oil concentrate (COC) when Cobalt Advanced is applied by chemigation. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing and throughout the application period. Set the sprinkler system to deliver the desired inches of water per acre. Start the water pump and sprinkler, and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injector system according to Calibration instructions in the following Special Use Precautions section. The mixture containing Cobalt Advanced must be injected continuously and uniformly into the irrigation water line as the sprinkler is moving to ensure uniform application at the correct rate. When the application is finished, flush and clean the entire irrigation and injector system prior to shutting down the system.

**Use Precautions for Sprinkler Irrigation**

The following use precautions will result in a safe and successful application of mixtures containing Cobalt Advanced:

- Apply this product only through the following sprinkler irrigation systems: center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, micro sprinkler, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not apply through sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact state extension service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow. Refer to the American Society of Agricultural Engineer's Engineering Practice 409 for more information.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. The metering pump must provide a greater pressure than that of the irrigation system at the point of injection. The pump must meet Section 675 for "Electrically Driven or Controlled Irrigation Machines" NEC 70 and must contain Viton or Teflon seals.
- To insure uniform mixing of the insecticide into the water line, inject the mixture through a nozzle placed in the fertilizer injection port or just ahead of an elbow or tee in the irrigation line so that the turbulence will assist in mixing. It is suggested that the injection point be higher than the insecticide tank to prevent siphoning.
- The tank holding the insecticide mixture should be large enough to allow the system to complete the application with 1 filling. It must be free of rust, fertilizer, sediment, and foreign material, and equipped with an in-line strainer situated between the tank and the injector pump.
- **Calibration:** In order to calibrate the irrigation system and injector to apply the mixture of Cobalt Advanced, determine the following: 1) Calculate the number of acres irrigated by the system; 2) Set the irrigation rate and determine the number of minutes for the system to cover the intended treatment area; 3) Calculate the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed to cover the desired acreage. Divide the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed by the number of minutes to cover the treatment area. This value equals the gallons per minute output that the injector must deliver. Convert the gallons per minute to milliliters or ounces per minute. Calibrate the injector pump with the system in operation at the desired irrigation rate. It is suggested that the timed output of the injector pump be checked at least twice before operation, and the system monitored during operation.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. End guns must be turned off during the application if they irrigate non-target areas.



- Do not allow irrigation water to collect or run off and pose a hazard to livestock, wells, or adjoining crops.
- Reentry: Follow requirements in the Agricultural Use Requirements section or crop-specific sections of this label.
- Do not apply through sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units.

#### Maximum Application Rate

Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
alfalfa	0.12	0.06
Brussels sprout	0.24	0.12
conifer	0.24	0.12
corn	0.12	0.06
cotton	0.2	0.1
sorghum	0.08	0.04
soybean	0.06	0.03
sunflower	0.2	0.1
tree fruits	0.2	0.1
tree nuts	0.16	0.08
wheat	0.06	0.03

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

#### Mixing Directions

To prepare the spray, add a portion of the required amount of water to the spray tank and with the spray tank agitator operating add Cobalt Advanced. Complete filling the tank with the balance of water needed. Maintain sufficient agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of the spray mixture.

Cobalt Advanced is compatible with insecticides, herbicides, miticides, and fungicides and non-pressure fertilizer solutions commonly used except for alkaline materials such as Bordeaux mixture and lime. It is always recommended that a small jar compatibility test be run prior to tank mixing. Prepare tank mixtures in the same manner for use of Cobalt Advanced alone. When tank mixing Cobalt Advanced with herbicides, add wettable powders first, flowables second, and emulsifiable concentrates last. When a fertilizer solution is involved, it is strongly recommended that a fertilizer pesticide compatibility agent such as Unite or Complex be used. Maintain constant agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of the spray mixture. Do not allow spray mixtures to stand overnight.

**Tank Mix Compatibility Test:** Test compatibility of the intended tank mixture before adding Cobalt Advanced to the spray or mix tank. Add proportional amounts of each tank mix ingredient to a pint or quart jar, cap, shake, and let set 15 minutes. Formation of precipitates that do not readily redisperse indicates an incompatible mixture that should not be used.

#### Uses

##### Alfalfa



**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply as a broadcast foliar spray using aircraft or ground spray equipment. Use a higher rate in the rate range for increased pest pressure. Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gpa for aerial application (fixed wing or helicopter) or 10 gpa for ground equipment. Use a spray volume of 5 gpa or more by air or up to 20 gpa by ground when foliage is dense and/or pest population is high and/or under high temperature and wind conditions. Some reduction in insect control may occur under unusually cool conditions.

**Chemigation:** Cobalt Advanced may be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems to control listed foliar pests. Use specified broadcast application rates. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
corn rootworm adults (spotted cucumber beetle) grasshoppers leafhoppers	6 - 13
alfalfa caterpillar blue alfalfa aphid cutworm spp. green cloverworm pea aphid spotted alfalfa aphid (suppression) (not for use in California) velvetbean caterpillar webworm spp.	11 - 26

alfalfa blotch leafminer	16 - 38
alfalfa seed chalcid adult	
alfalfa weevil larvae and adults	
armyworms	
bean leaf beetle	
blister beetle sp.	
clover leaf weevil spp.	
clover root borer adult	
clover root curculio spp. adult	
clover stem borer adult	
corn earworm	
cowpea aphid	
cowpea curculio adult	
cowpea weevil adult	
Egyptian alfalfa weevil larvae and adults	
grape colapsis adult	
green June beetle adult	
green peach aphid	
Japanese beetle adult	
looper spp.	
Mexican bean beetle	
pea weevil adult	
plant bugs	
spider mites	
spittlebug spp.	
stink bug spp.	
sweet clover weevil adult	
threecornered alfalfa hopper	
thrips spp.	
whitefringed beetle spp. adult	

#### Specific Use Precautions:

- Do not tank mix Cobalt Advanced with other pesticides, surfactants, or fertilizer formulations unless prior use has shown the combination to be non-injurious to alfalfa under current conditions of use. Some phytotoxic symptoms may be observed on young, tender, rapidly growing alfalfa treated with Cobalt Advanced. Alfalfa will outgrow these symptoms and no yield loss should be expected.
- This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on alfalfa. Do not apply if nearby bees are clustered outside of hives and bees are actively foraging in the treated area. Protective information may be obtained from your Agricultural Extension Service.
- To avoid contamination of irrigation tail waters, do not flood irrigate within 24 hours following an application of Cobalt Advanced.

#### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not cut or graze treated alfalfa within 7 days after application of 6 to 13 fl oz per acre of Cobalt Advanced, within 14 days after application of 13 to 26 fl oz per acre, or within 21 days after application of rates above 26 fl oz per acre.
- Maximum single application rate is 38 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.75 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.04 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not apply more than a total of 119 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (2.3 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.12 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season.
- Do not apply any product containing chlorpyrifos more than once per alfalfa cutting.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum

rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
alfalfa	0.12	0.06

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

## Apple Tree Trunk

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply as a post-bloom application to the lower 4 feet of the apple tree trunk for borer control in states east of the Rockies only. Mix with water and apply directly to trunk from a distance of no more than 4 feet using low volume handgun or shielded spray equipment. Do not allow spray to contact foliage or fruit.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (quart/100 gal)
American plum borer apple bark borer broad necked root borer dogwood borer flatheaded appletree borer roundheaded apple tree borer tilehorned prionus	1.3

### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 28 days before harvest.
- Maximum single application rate is 1.3 quarts of Cobalt Advanced (0.81 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.05 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per 100 gallons.
- Do not make more than one post-bloom trunk application per year.
- This product may not be used if a prebloom application of any other product containing chlorpyrifos has been made during the year.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards.
- Treat only the lower 4 feet of the apple tree trunk.
- Do not apply when wind speed is greater than 10 mph.

## Brussels Sprout

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply with conventional power-operated spray equipment in 20 to 150 gpa of water. Use a higher rate in the rate range when there is increased pest pressure. Consult your state agricultural experiment station, extension service specialist, or integrated pest control advisor for proper time to treat in your area.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
cabbage aphid grasshoppers	11 - 19



cutworms fall armyworms imported cabbage worm	11 - 26
beet armyworm cabbage looper cabbage webworm southern cabbage worm stink bugs striped flea beetle (adult) yellowstriped armyworm	16 - 38

**Specific Use Restrictions:**

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 21 days before harvest.
- Maximum single application rate is 38 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.75 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.04 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not make more than three applications of products containing chlorpyrifos per crop.
- If three applications are made at the maximum application rate of 38 fl oz, then a fourth application of a product containing chlorpyrifos is not permitted. More applications with a product containing lambda-cyhalothrin are permitted as long as no more than the maximum amount of 0.24 lb ai per acre per year is applied.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
Brussels sprout	0.24	0.12

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

**Conifer and Deciduous Trees (Plantations, Nurseries, and Seed Orchards)**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply Cobalt Advanced as required by scouting to control exposed foliage, flower, cone, seed and bark feeding insects. Base timing and frequency of applications upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.

Unless otherwise indicated, apply as a foliar spray using power-operated ground equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is essential. Use a minimum 10 gpa of finished spray with ground equipment. Use higher volume of finished spray, 20 gpa or more, when foliage is dense and/or pest density is high and/or under high temperature and wind conditions.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
aphids	45 - 51.1
European pine sawfly	
gypsy moth	
pales weevil (adult)	
pine needle scale (1)	
pine tortoise scale (1)	
spittlebugs	
spruce budworm	

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pales weevil (2)	13 - 15.33 (130.2 - 153.3 fl oz/100 gal)
coneworm spp. (3)      seed bug spp. (3)	0.5 - 2 (5.12 - 20 fl oz/100 gal)

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

1. For **scale control** apply when scale crawlers are active.
2. Apply as a cut stump drench.
3. **Coneworm/Seed Bug/Thrips spp. in Seed Orchards:**
  - For high volume sprayers, dilute 5.12 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced per 100 gallons of water and apply 5 to 10 gallons of finished spray per tree.
  - For low volume sprayers, dilute 20 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced per 100 gallons of water and apply 100 gallons of finished spray volume per acre.

#### Specific Use Precautions:

**Phytotoxicity:** Do not apply under conditions of extreme heat or drought stress. Environmental factors and varietal differences significantly influence potential phytotoxic expression. **Testing has shown that Cobalt Advanced may be used at specified rates on the following conifer species without serious phytotoxicity: balsam fir, concolor fir, Douglas fir, eastern white pine, Fraser fir, grand fir, noble fir, Scotch pine, white spruce.** Before treating large numbers of other conifer species, treat a small block of plants and observe 7 to 10 days for symptoms of phytotoxicity. **Note:** The user assumes responsibility for determining if it is safe to treat other conifer species with Cobalt Advanced under commercial growing conditions.

#### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- **Chemigation:** Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Maximum single application rate is 51.1 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (1 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.06 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not make more than three applications of Cobalt Advanced or products containing chlorpyrifos per season.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 7 days of the first application.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas.
- In plantations and nurseries, do not apply more than 0.24 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin (238.1 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced) per acre per year.
- In seed orchards, do not apply more than 0.5 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin (496.6 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced) per acre per year.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
conifer	0.24	0.12

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

#### Corn (Field, Sweet, Seed)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

**Conservation Tillage: Preplant, At Plant, or Preemergence Applications**

Apply as a broadcast spray to surface trash and exposed soil using power-operated ground spray equipment. Use a total spray volume of 20 gpa or more. Use a higher rate in the rate range to extend residual control.

**Tank Mixing:** Cobalt Advanced may also be applied in tank mixtures with paraquat or glyphosate herbicide and/or liquid fertilizer solutions. See Mixing Directions section for tank mixing instructions. Read and carefully follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on labeling for each product use in combination with Cobalt Advanced.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
armyworms cutworms	11 – 38

**At-Plant T-Band Application**

Apply as a liquid T-band in fields with no more than 30% cover of crop residue remaining on the soil surface. Apply Cobalt Advanced at a rate of 3.8 fl oz per 1000 linear feet of row (51 fl oz per acre with 40-inch row spacing) in a minimum spray volume of 5 gpa . Position a flat fan nozzle over the open seed furrow immediately behind the planter shoe, in front of the press wheel, and adjust to provide a 5- to 6-inch band width centered over the row. Incorporate into the top 1 inch of soil using tines, chains or other suitable equipment.

The following table provides equivalent application rates for various row spacings when Cobalt Advanced is applied at the rate of 2.87 fl oz per 1000 ft of row for grubs, seed corn beetle, seed corn maggot and wireworms, or applied at a rate of 1.89 fl oz per 1000 ft of row for cutworms alone.

Target Pests	Amount of Cobalt Advanced Required	
	Row Spacing (inches)	fl oz/acre
cutworms	30	33
	36	28
	38	27
	40	26
grubs	30	50
seed corn beetle	36	42
seed corn maggot	38	40
wireworms	40	38

**Sprayer Calibration Information for Band Application:**

Fluid Ounces of Spray Required Per 100 Feet of Row for Various Row Spacings and Spray Volumes				
Volume of Spray Per Acre (gal)	30"	36"	38"	40"
5	3.67	4.41	4.65	4.90
10	7.34	8.82	9.30	9.80
15	11.00	13.23	13.95	14.70
20	14.68	17.64	18.60	19.69

**Postemergence Application**



Apply as a postemergence broadcast spray using sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 10 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 gpa for aircraft equipment. Use higher carrier volume when foliage is dense and/or pest pressure is high and/or under high temperatures and wind conditions. Cobalt Advanced may be tank mixed with glyphosate products when application is to be made to glyphosate-tolerant corn.

**Chemigation:** Cobalt Advanced may be broadcast applied postemergence through sprinkler irrigation systems at specified application rates to control listed foliar pests. For best results, tank mix Cobalt Advanced with 2 pints of non-emulsifiable oil. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
grasshoppers	6 - 13
aphids	11 - 26
armyworms	
bean leaf beetle	
cereal leaf beetle	
corn rootworm adults (2)	
cutworms (3)	
flea beetle adults (1)	
green cloverworm	
greenbug	
meadow spittlebug	
southern corn leaf beetle	
webworms (4)	
western bean cutworm	
aster leafhopper	16 - 38
chinch bugs (1)	
corn earworm	
European corn borer (5)	
hop vine borer	
sap beetle	
southwestern corn borer (6)	
stalk borer	
stink bug spp.	
tarnished plant bug	
billbugs (1)	32 - 42
common stalk borer (9)	
corn rootworm larvae (7), (8)	
Japanese beetle adult	
lesser cornstalk borer	

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

**Pest-Specific Use Directions:**

1. For best **billbug**, **chinch bug**, or **flea beetle** control, ground apply in a minimum spray volume of 20 to 40 gpa at 40 psi. If corn is less than 6 inches tall, apply in a 9- to 12-inch wide band over the row. For corn greater than 6 inches tall, apply using drop nozzles directed to the base of the plant. Do not reduce the application rate for banded or directed applications. Concentrate the full labeled dosage rate in the treated zone. When chinch bugs continue to immigrate to corn over a prolonged period or under extreme pest pressure, a second application may be needed.
2. The specified dosage will control silk clipping by **corn rootworm adults**.
3. For **cutworms**, it is preferable to apply Cobalt Advanced when soil is moist and worms are active on or near the soil surface. If ground is dry, cloddy, or crusted at time of treatment, worms may be protected from the spray and effectiveness will be reduced. Shallow incorporation using a rotary hoe

or other suitable equipment immediately before or soon after treatment may improve control. A second application may be required if damage or density levels exceed economic thresholds established for your area.

4. For **webworm** control, shallow incorporation using a rotary hoe or other suitable equipment immediately before or soon after treatment is necessary.
5. For **European corn borer** control, use 22 to 38 fl oz per acre when application is made with power-operated ground or aerial equipment or 16 to 38 fl oz per acre when application is made through a sprinkler irrigation system. University research indicates that achieving greater than 50% control of first generation European borer with a single liquid insecticide treatment is highly dependent upon timing, insecticide placement, and weather conditions.
6. For **southwestern corn borer**, a second application may be applied 21 days later if needed due to reinfestation.
7. For postemergence control of **corn rootworm larvae** apply at cultivation. Direct the spray to both sides of the row at the base of the plants just ahead of the cultivator shovels. Cover the insecticide with soil around the brace roots. A cultivation application of Cobalt Advanced may be made in addition to an at-planting application of Lorsban® 15G insecticide.
8. Cobalt Advanced may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at the rate of 32 to 42 fl oz per acre to control **corn rootworm larvae**. Time application to coincide with the appearance of the second instar larvae. Apply with enough water to wet the root zone to the depth control needed. If soils are wet, allow enough soil drying to occur such that an application using a minimum amount of water will not produce surface runoff. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.
9. Do not use Cobalt Advanced in combination with a burndown herbicide for control of common stalk borer. For **common stalk borer** control, treat approximately 11 days after application of glyphosate or after burndown with paraquat herbicide is complete (3 to 5 days).

#### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 21 days before harvest of grain, ears, forage or fodder.
- Do not make more than three applications of Cobalt Advanced or other products containing chlorpyrifos per season.
- Do not apply more than 129 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (2.5 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.13 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.
- If more than 1 lb ai granular chlorpyrifos per acre is applied at-plant (for a maximum of 1.3 lb ai per acre per season), only one application of Cobalt Advanced at 42 fl oz (0.82 lb ai) per acre is allowed per season, for a total of 2.12 lb ai chlorpyrifos per acre per season.
- Do not apply in tank mixes with Steadfast or Lightning herbicides.
- Do not apply more than 79 fl oz after silk initiation.
- Do not apply more than 39.5 fl oz after corn has reached the milk stage (yellow kernels with milky fluid).
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
corn	0.12	0.06

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

#### Cotton

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply as a broadcast foliar spray using aircraft or ground spray equipment (see separate rate table for Arizona and California). Use a higher rate in the rate range when there is increased pest pressure. Use sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 10 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 gpa for aircraft equipment. Increase spray volume when foliage is dense and/or pest population is high and/or under high temperature and wind conditions. Treat when field counts indicate damaging insect populations are developing or present.

**Chemigation:** Cobalt Advanced may be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at specified broadcast application rates to control listed foliar pests. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.

Proper application methods are necessary to ensure thorough spray coverage and correct rate, and minimize off-target drift. Follow Application Guidelines for ground and aerial application and Spray Drift Management recommendations in General Information section of this label.

**All States Except Arizona and California**

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
cabbage looper cotton leafperforator cutworms grasshoppers	11 – 26
bollworm (2) cotton aphid cotton fleahopper (1) cotton leafworm cutworms spp. European corn borer fall armyworm plant bugs (1) ( <i>Lygus</i> , <i>Mirids</i> ) saltmarsh caterpillar thrips spp. yellowstriped armyworm	16 - 38
beet armyworm boll weevil pink bollworm stink bug spp.	22 - 38
bandedwing whitefly sweetpotato whitefly tobacco whitefly	32 – 42

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

**Pest-Specific Use Directions:**

1. Suppression that will minimize damage from **plant bugs** and **cotton fleahoppers**. Use a higher rate in the rate range for increased levels of control.
2. **Bollworms:** For best results, it is suggested that fields be scouted twice per week and applications made when worms are 1/4-inch or less in length.

**Arizona and California**

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
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armyworms bollworm (2) cotton aphid cotton fleahopper cotton leaf perforator cutworms <i>Lygus</i> salt marsh caterpillar silverleaf whitefly (1) thrips	22 – 42
pink bollworm	32 - 42

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

#### Pest-Specific Use Directions:

1. **Silverleaf whitefly:** Apply in tank mix combination with the specified rate of another insecticide labeled for control or suppression.
2. **Bollworms:** For best results, it is suggested that fields be scouted twice per week and applications made when worms are 1/4-inch or less in length.

#### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 21 days before harvest.
- Maximum single application rate is 42 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.82 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.05 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not make more than three applications of Cobalt Advanced or other products containing chlorpyrifos per crop season.
- Do not apply more than 126 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (2.5 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.127 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas.
- Do not feed gin trash or treated forage to meat or dairy animals.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
cotton	0.2	0.1

When the maximum application rate of gamma-cyhalothrin is reached, no lambda-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

#### Sorghum - Grain Sorghum (Milo)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply as a postemergence broadcast spray using sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 10 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 gpa for aircraft equipment. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes under high temperature and wind conditions.

**Chemigation:** Cobalt Advanced may be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at specified broadcast application rates to control listed foliar pests. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
grasshoppers sorghum midge (1) yellow sugar cane aphid and other aphids	6 - 13
chinch bugs (3) cutworms fall armyworms flea beetle spp. greenbug (2) lesser cornstalk borer (3) yellowstriped armyworm	11 - 38
beet armyworm corn earworm European and southwestern corn borer stink bug spp. webworms	16 - 38

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

**Pest-Specific Use Directions:**

1. **Sorghum midge:** Apply when 30% to 50% of the seed heads are in bloom
2. **Greenbug:** Use a higher rate within the rate range when pest populations are high.
3. **Chinch bugs and lesser cornstalk borer:** Apply as a directed spray toward the base of the plant using power-operated ground spray equipment with sufficient water to ensure coverage of an 8- to 12-inch band centered in the row. For plants less than 6 inches high, apply an 8- to 12-inch band centered over the row. Do not reduce the dosage for banded or directed applications. Concentrate the full labeled dosage rate in the treated zone.

**Specific Use Precautions:**

- To minimize the potential for chemical injury, do not apply Cobalt Advanced to drought stressed grain sorghum within three days following irrigation or rain except where the product is applied in irrigation water.
- Be aware that sorghum lines used in seed production fields may be more susceptible to chemical injury. Susceptible inbred lines or hybrids are likely to be at greater risk of yield-reducing chemical injury when treated at the higher application rates. Do not apply more than 26 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced per acre to seed sorghum if the additional risk of crop injury is unacceptable.

**Specific Use Restrictions:**

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not harvest for grain, forage, fodder, hay, or silage within 30 days after application of 26 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced per acre or within 60 days after application of rates above 26 fl oz per acre.
- Maximum single application rate is 38 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.75 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.04 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season.
- Do not make more than three applications of Cobalt Advanced or other products containing chlorpyrifos per use season.
- Do not apply more than 77 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (1.5 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.08 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.

- Do not treat sweet varieties of sorghum.
- Do not apply more than 28 fl oz per acre per season once crop is in soft dough stage.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
sorghum	0.08	0.04

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

### Soybean

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

#### Conservation Tillage: At-Plant or Preemergence Applications

Apply as a broadcast spray to surface trash and exposed soil using power-operated ground spray equipment. Use a total spray volume of 20 gpa or more. Use a higher rate in the rate range to extend residual control.

**Tank Mixing:** Cobalt Advanced may also be applied in tank mixtures with paraquat or glyphosate herbicide and/or liquid fertilizer solutions. See Mixing Directions section for tank mixing instructions. Read and carefully follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on labeling for each product use in combination with Cobalt Advanced.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
cutworms grasshoppers lesser corn stalk borer	11 – 38

#### Foliar Application

Apply as a postemergence broadcast spray using sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 10 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 gpa for aircraft equipment. Use higher carrier volume when foliage is dense and/or pest pressure is high and/or under high temperatures and wind conditions. Apply when field counts indicate damaging pest populations are developing or present. Cobalt Advanced may be tank mixed with glyphosate products when application is to be made to glyphosate-tolerant soybeans. Use a higher rate in the rate range when there is increased pest pressure.

**Chemigation:** Cobalt Advanced may be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at specified broadcast application rates to control listed foliar pests. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
grasshoppers green cloverworm velvetbean caterpillar	6 - 13



blister beetle spp. cabbage looper cutworms painted lady caterpillar saltmarsh caterpillar silverspotted skipper soybean aphid spider mites webworm spp. woollybear caterpillar yellowstriped armyworm	11 - 26
bean leaf beetle corn earworm Japanese beetle adult Mexican bean beetle Mexican corn rootworm adult northern corn rootworm adult potato leafhopper southern corn rootworm beetle adult stink bug spp. threecornered alfalfa hopper thrips spp. western corn rootworm beetle adult	16 - 38
beet armyworm European corn borer lesser cornstalk borer	22 - 38

**Specific Use Precaution:**

- On determinate soybeans, do not make more than one application after pod set.

**Specific Use Restrictions:**

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 30 days before harvest.
- Maximum single application rate is 38 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.75 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.04 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not make more than three applications per year of Cobalt Advanced or other products containing chlorpyrifos.
- Do not apply more than 59 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (1.15 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.06 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 14 days of the first application.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas or otherwise feed treated soybean forage, hay, and straw to meat or dairy animals.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
soybean	0.06	0.03

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

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## Sunflower

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

### Postemergence Broadcast Application

Apply as a postemergence broadcast spray using sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 10 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 gpa for aircraft equipment. Use a higher rate in the rate range when there is increased pest pressure.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
grasshoppers	6 - 13
banded sunflower moth cutworms fall armyworm painted lady caterpillar seed weevil (4) stem weevil (2) sunflower beetle larvae and adults (1) sunflower moth (3) woolly bears	16 - 38
beet armyworm head-clipper weevil adult Japanese beetle adult leafhopper spp. meadow spittlebug spotted cabbage looper stink bug spp. sunflower maggot adult tarnished plant bug ( <i>Lygus</i> ) (5)	22 - 38

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

### Pest-Specific Use Directions:

1. **Sunflower beetle:** For control of larvae or adults, treat when field counts indicate 10 larvae or 1 to 2 adults per seedling.
2. **Stem weevil:** Optimal treatment time is within 5 to 7 days after adult weevils begin to appear.
3. **Sunflower moth:** To control, make first application during early 1% to 5% bloom stage.
4. **Seed weevil:** To control, apply when field counts indicate 10 to 12 adults per plant for oil crop varieties and 1 to 3 adults per plant on confectionery crop varieties.
5. **Tarnished plant bug (*Lygus*):** Use a higher rate in the rate range where populations are heavy. It is recommended to apply at the onset of pollen spread or approximately 10% bloom (R-5 growth stage). For best protection, make a second application 10 days later. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants.

### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 45 days before harvest.
- Maximum single application rate is 38 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.75 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.04 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not make more than three applications of Cobalt Advanced or other products containing chlorpyrifos per season.

- Do not apply more than 114 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (2.3 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.12 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season or after bloom initiation.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
sunflower	0.2	0.1

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

### Tree Fruits<sup>1</sup> and Almond (Dormant/Delayed Dormant Sprays)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days for tree fruits and 24 hours for almond unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

<sup>1</sup>Apple, cherry, nectarine, peach, pear, plum, prune

Apply as a dormant or delayed dormant spray. While Cobalt Advanced may be used without oil, oil is recommended to control additional pests. See precautions for use of oil below. Apply as a concentrate or dilute spray using conventional, power-operated spray equipment. For dilute sprays (greater than 200 gpa), use sufficient spray volume to completely wet tree foliage, but not to point of runoff. For concentrate sprays (less than 200 gpa), uniformly apply an equivalent amount of Cobalt Advanced per acre.

Use a higher rate in the rate range when there is increased pest pressure.

#### Use Precautions for Tree Fruits and Almond:

- Cold or dry conditions may cause Cobalt Advanced plus oil sprays to infuse into trees, resulting in bud damage or bud drop. Do not apply until winter rains or irrigation has replenished soil moisture such that bark and twigs are not desiccated.
- To avoid contamination of irrigation tail waters, do not flood irrigate within 24 hours of application of Cobalt Advanced.

#### Use Restrictions for Tree Fruits and Almond:

- Make only one application of chlorpyrifos during the dormant season.
- Do not use more than 6.25 pints of Cobalt Advanced (2 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.1 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season as a dormant/delayed dormant application.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
tree fruits	0.2	0.1
almond	0.16	0.08



When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

**Almond, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Pear, Plum, Prune**

Crops	Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (pint/acre)
almond cherry nectarine peach pear plum prune	American plum borer greater peach tree borer lesser peach tree borer peach twig borer	4 – 6.25

**Specific Use Precautions for Almond, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Pear, Plum, Prune:**

- Avoid contact with foliage in sweet cherries as premature leaf drop may result.

**Specific Use Restrictions for Almond, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Pear, Plum, Prune:**

- Do not make a soil or foliar application of Cobalt Advanced or products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of a dormant/delayed dormant application of chlorpyrifos to the orchard.
- Do not exceed the maximum rate of 0.08 lb ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the Maximum Application Rate table.

**Additional Restrictions Specific to California for Almond, Cherry, Nectarine, Peach, Pear, Plum, Prune:**

- Do not use more than 1% dormant oil in almond orchards less than 4 years old.
- Use a minimum of 100 gpa of total spray volume.
- Use up to 2% supreme oil with no more than 4 gpa on almonds.
- Use up to 2% supreme oil with no more than 6 gpa on peaches and nectarines.
- Refer to the University of California pest management guide for pears, plums, and prunes.
- Do not use any adjuvants or surfactants in addition to, or as a substitute for, a petroleum spray oil in a tank mix with Cobalt Advanced.
- Do not apply on almonds in the following counties in California: Butte, Colusa, Glenn, Solano, Sutter, Tehama, Yolo, and Yuba.

**Apple**

Crops	Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (pint/acre)
apple	rosy apple aphid san jose scale	4 – 6.25

**Specific Use Restrictions for Apple:**

- Only one application of any chlorpyrifos containing product can be made per year. The application can be either a prebloom dormant/delayed dormant spray to the canopy or the trunk, or a post-bloom application to the lower 4 feet of the trunk [for post-bloom application instructions and restrictions on apple, refer to Apple Tree Trunk section of the label].

**Additional Restrictions Specific to California for Apple:**

- Use a minimum of 100 gpa of total spray volume.
- Refer to the University of California pest management guide for apples.
- Do not use any adjuvants or surfactants in addition to, or as a substitute for, a petroleum spray oil in a tank mix with Cobalt Advanced.

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## Tree Fruits<sup>1</sup> and Almond (Trunk Spray or Preplant Dip)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days for tree fruits and 24 hours for almond unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

<sup>1</sup>Cherry, nectarine, peach

Apply Cobalt Advanced to tree trunks and lower branches using a coarse, low-pressure spray to control pests listed in the following table. Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 days or more. Base timing and frequency of applications upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds and IPM recommendations. Use a higher rate in the rate range when there is increased pest pressure. Unless otherwise specified, a second application may be made after 2 weeks and a third application may be made after harvest. Avoid spray contact with foliage in sweet cherries as premature leaf drop may result. Consult your state agricultural experiment station or extension service specialist for proper application timing for your area.

Crops	Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (quart/100 gal)
cherry	American plum borer greater peach tree borer lesser peach tree borer	2.4 – 4.8
almond peach nectarine	peach tree borers (1) (2)	4.8

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

### Pest-Specific Use Directions:

- Preplant Dip Application (Peaches and Nectarines Only).** For preplant control of **peachtree borer**, use Cobalt Advanced at the equivalent application rate of 3 quarts per 100 gallons of water. Dip trees several inches above the grafting bud scar and plant immediately or allow them to dry before returning to storage. Do not allow peach trees to remain in contact with the dip solution.
- For control of **peach tree borer** in established trees, apply before newly hatched borers enter the tree. Use as a coarse, low-pressure trunk spray and thoroughly wet all bark areas from ground level to scaffold limbs. Do not allow spray to contact fruit. Consult written recommendations provided by your State agricultural experiment station or extension service specialist for proper time to treat in your area.

### Specific Use Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 14 days before harvest of almonds, peaches and nectarines or within 21 days before harvest of cherries.
- Do not make more than one chlorpyrifos application per year in peaches and nectarines and no more than three chlorpyrifos applications per year in cherries.
- Do not exceed the maximum rate of 0.16 lb ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the Maximum Application Rate table.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards.
- Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
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tree fruits	0.2	0.1
tree nuts	0.16	0.08

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

### Tree Nuts<sup>1</sup> (Foliar Sprays)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

<sup>1</sup>Almond, filbert, pecan, walnut

Apply Cobalt Advanced as a foliar spray at the dosages indicated to control pests listed in the following table. Mix the required dosage in sufficient water to ensure thorough and complete coverage of the foliage and crop and apply as a concentrate or dilute spray using conventional, power-operated spray equipment. For dilute sprays applied to tree nut crops, mix the required dosage in sufficient water to allow for spray to runoff. For concentrate sprays, apply an equivalent amount of Cobalt Advanced per acre. Treat when pests appear or in accordance with local conditions. Aerial application may result in less effective insect control because of reduced coverage. Consult your State agricultural experiment station, certified pest control advisor, or extension service specialist for specific use information in your area.

Crops	Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
almond	ant spp. leaffooted bug leafroller spp.	22 - 57
	navel orangeworm peach twig borer stink bug spp.	
filbert	eye-spotted bud moth filbert aphid filbert leafroller filbert worm	16 - 57
	obliquebanded leafroller omnivorous leaftier stink bug spp. winter moth	
pecan	blackmargined aphid fall webworm	22 - 57
	ant spp. black pecan aphid hickory shuckworm (2) <i>Phylloxera</i> spp.(3)	
	pecan leaf scorch mite (suppression) (4) spittlebugs (1) stink bug spp.	22 - 57
walnut	ant spp. codling moth leaffooted bug leafrollers navel orangeworm	
	stink bug spp. walnut aphid walnut husk fly walnut scale	

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

#### Pest-Specific Use Directions:

1. For control of **spittlebug**, use a dosage of 57 fl oz per acre for concentrate sprays.
2. For best results against **hickory shuckworm**, make two applications, 10 to 14 days apart.
3. For best control of ***Phylloxera* spp.**, make two applications at a 10-day interval using a minimum of 26 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced per acre starting at bud swell.
4. For suppression of **pecan leaf scorch mite**, use a preventative program.

#### Specific Use Precautions:



- Cobalt Advanced is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment and should not be applied when bees are actively foraging in the treated area.
- To avoid contamination of irrigation tail waters, do not flood irrigate within 24 hours of application of Cobalt Advanced.

**Specific Use Restrictions:**

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of almonds, filberts and walnuts, or 28 days of harvest of pecans.
- Maximum single application rate is 57 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (1.12 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.06 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not make more than three total applications of Cobalt Advanced or other products containing chlorpyrifos to almonds, pecans and filberts per season and no more than two applications on walnuts per season.
- Do not apply more than 158 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (3.09 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.16 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per season as a foliar spray.
- Do not make a second application of Cobalt Advanced or other product containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.
- Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
tree nuts	0.16	0.08

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

**Wheat**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

(For use only in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, Nevada, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Washington and Wyoming)

Apply as a postemergence broadcast spray using sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 10 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 gpa for aircraft equipment.

**Chemigation:** Cobalt Advanced may be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at specified broadcast application rates to control listed foliar pests. See Chemigation Application section for application instructions.

Target Pests	Cobalt Advanced (fl oz/acre)
aphid spp. (such as Russian wheat aphid, oat bird-cherry aphid, greenbug, English grain aphid) (1) brown wheat mite grasshoppers	6 - 13

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army cutworms (2) armyworm spp. cereal leaf beetle (3) cutworms (2) flea beetle spp. grass sawfly orange wheat blossom midge wheat midge (4)	11 – 25
stink bug spp.	16 - 25

Numbers in parentheses (-) refer to Pest-Specific Use Directions.

#### Pest-Specific Use Directions:

1. Consult university extension bulletins for local treatment recommendations.
2. Control may be reduced under high temperature conditions (greater than 80°F), under dry soil conditions, or if larvae are more than 1/2 inch long.
3. Target application when eggs are near hatching and larvae is emerging as monitored by plant inspection.
4. For control of **wheat midge**, treat when 75% of the wheat heads have emerged from the boot and when midge adults are found in the crop (1 midge per 4 to 5 heads). If possible, apply in the late afternoon or early evening when temperatures exceed 50°F and wind speed is less than 7 mph.

#### Specific Use Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of forage and hay, or within 28 days of harvest of grain and straw.
- Maximum single application rate is 25 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (0.5 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.025 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre.
- Do not apply more than 50 fl oz of Cobalt Advanced (1 lb ai chlorpyrifos and 0.05 lb ai lambda-cyhalothrin) per acre per year.
- Do not make more than two applications of Cobalt Advanced or products containing chlorpyrifos per season.
- Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or harvest treated wheat forage as feed for meat or dairy animals within 7 days after last treatment. Do not feed treated straw to meat or dairy animals within 30 days after the last treatment.
- **Maximum Application Rate:** Do not exceed the maximum application rate of ai per acre per year allowed by using other lambda-cyhalothrin or gamma-cyhalothrin containing products. The maximum rate allowed for use if both lambda-cyhalothrin and gamma-cyhalothrin products are used during the same crop growing season can be calculated based upon the listed maximum rates in the following table:

Crop	Lambda-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)	Gamma-Cyhalothrin (lb ai/acre/season)
wheat	0.12	0.06

When the maximum application rate of lambda-cyhalothrin is reached, no gamma-cyhalothrin product can be used. The gamma-cyhalothrin quantity can be multiplied by 2 to calculate the total ai based upon lambda-cyhalothrin.

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#### Terms and Conditions of Use

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#### Warranty Disclaimer

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Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

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**Inherent Risks of Use**

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It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

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**Limitation of Remedies**

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To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

- (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- (2) Replacement of amount of product used

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