

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

July 31, 2017

Dr. Nneka T. Breaux Regulatory Manager Dow AgroSciences, LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Subject: Label Amendment – Minor label updates

Product Name: Pindar

EPA Registration Number: 62719-603

Application Date: 04/20/2017 Decision Number: 528844

Dear Dr. Breaux:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Lisa Pahel by phone at (703) 347-0459, or via email at pahel.lisa@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Erik Kraft, Product Manager 24 Fungicide and Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

(Base label):

Pindar[®]

[Alternate Brand Name: Tangent™

HERBICIDE



07/31/2017

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 62719-603

For preemergence and postemergence control of annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and non-bearing tree nuts [almond, beech nut, black walnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, English walnut, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), pecan, pistachio] grapevines, and non-cropland

Group	2	HERBICIDES
Oroup	_	HENDICIDES

Active Ingredient:

penoxsulam: 2-(2,2-difluoroethoxy)-N-(5,8-dimethoxy[1,2,4] triazolo[1,5c]pyrimidin-

2-yl)-6-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 21.7%

Contains 2 lb of active ingredient per gallon

[Editor's Note: The following should be included on the label if product is packaged in a Tip 'n Measure bottle.]

1 - Tip



2 - Level



3 - Dispense



Refer to inside of label booklet for detailed container use directions.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Harmful If Inhaled

Avoid breathing spray mist.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

• Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

· Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

(Storage and Disposal for rigid containers 5 gal or less)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in cool dry place in original container.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in cool dry place in original container.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in cool dry place in original container.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-603 EPA Est. _____

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Indianapolis,	IN	46268
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NET CONTENTS _____

(Cover, shipping container):

Pindar[®]

HERBICIDE

For preemergence and postemergence control of annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and non-bearing tree nuts [almond, beech nut, black walnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, English walnut, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), pecan, pistachio]] grapevines, and Non-Cropland

Group	2	HERBICIDES
2-yl)-6-(trifluorome Other Ingredients	difluoroethoxy)-N- 2,4] triazolo[1,5c]pyrimidin- thyl)benzenesulfonamide	

Contains 2 lb of active ingredient per gallon

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

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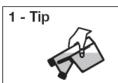
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NET CONTENTS

[Editor's Note: The following Container Use Directions should be included on the label if product is packaged in a Tip 'n Measure bottle.]

Container Use Directions



Tilt container to angle as shown and fill head to desired amount – use vertical scale for measuring. Container should be closed.

2 - Level



Hold container up-right and check the amount for accuracy. Add or subtract as needed, using pourback scale as guide.

3 - Dispense



Remove cap on head and pour into sprayer or other devices. No fluid will pour from the main container. Replace cap for storage in sealed condition, (Page 1 through end):

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Harmful If Inhaled

Avoid breathing spray mist.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses: Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in cool dry place in original container.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refillable containers 5 gallons or larger:

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then

offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or larger:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Information

Pindar® herbicide may be applied for preemergence and postemergence weed control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in non-bearing and bearing tree nuts [almond, beech nut, black walnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, English walnut, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), pecan, pistachio] grapevine crops, and non-cropland as indicated by this label. Apply Pindar in early to late winter, in early spring, or any time prior to germination of targeted weeds as per labeled use directions. The best weed control is obtained by application to weeds either preemergence or early postemergence when weeds are small and actively growing. Any cultural practices, cultivation, or disturbance of the soil surface after application will decrease the weed control provided by Pindar. Observe all use directions as provided in the Use Precautions and Restrictions section of the label. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Use Precautions

Pindar controls susceptible weeds germinating from seed. For postemergence weed control, Pindar should be tank mixed with an approved labeled adjuvant or postemergence herbicide (such as glyphosate, glufosinate, or paraquat) for the best control of emerged weeds. Pindar should be tank mixed with preemergence herbicide products, such as GoalTender® herbicide or Goal® 2XL_herbicide), Trellis® (non-bearing tree nuts and grapevines), Prowl H20, Surflan, or Chateau for the best preemergence control of susceptible weeds and to broaden the spectrum of overall weed control. Pindar is stable on the soil surface for up to 14 days, but must be incorporated by moisture to provide effective preemergence control of susceptible weeds.

- For the best weed control, apply Pindar at 1 to 2 fl oz per acre during the winter dormant period following final harvest up to March 15 in tree nut and grapevine crops. A sequential application of 1 fl oz per acre can be applied up to 60 days prior to harvest. There must be a minimum of 30 days between sequential applications.
- Where rate ranges are given, the lower rates are recommended for coarse textured soils, lighter weed
 infestations and reduced lengths of residual weed control. It is recommended to use a higher rate in
 the rate range for medium to fine textured soils, heavy weed infestations, or extended residual weed
 control.

Use Restrictions

- Pindar can be applied as an early postemergence application to weeds. Pindar must be applied with an approved adjuvant. For best control of emerged grass and broadleaf weeds, apply Pindar tank mixed with an approved postemergence herbicide.
- Use Pindar only for listed purposes and at specified rates.
- Do not apply more than 2 fl oz of Pindar per acre (0.031 lbs AI) during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 3 fl oz of Pindar per acre (0.047 lbs Al) per year.
- A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inches or more, or flood irrigation within 14 days after application, is necessary to activate Pindar.
- Do not apply Pindar to tree nut crops established less than 9 months after transplanting. Apply only to tree nut crops in good health and vigor. Use trunk guards to protect plants until adequate bark has developed. Do not apply after flowering unless using a hooded/shielded sprayer.
- Do not apply Pindar to grapevines established less than 9 months after transplanting. Do not apply to grapevines established less than 3 years unless vines are on a trellis wire a minimum of 3 feet above the soil surface. Use trunk guards to protect plants until adequate bark has developed. Apply Pindar only to grapevine crops in good health and vigor. Do not apply after bloom unless using a hooded/shielded sprayer.
- Do not apply Pindar to grapevines that are not staked or trellised unless grapevines are free-standing.
- Direct spray of Pindar toward the base of trees or grapevines. Do not apply Pindar as an over-the top application. Avoid direct foliage contact.
- Pindar is phytotoxic to plant foliage. Do not allow direct or indirect applications of Pindar to contact any green foliage or green bark or injury will occur.
- Pindar can be applied during the period following completion of final harvest up to 60 days before harvest. There must be a minimum of 30 days between sequential applications.
- Do not apply until soil has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present.
- Apply Pindar only with ground application equipment.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to all non-target crops and areas.
- **Chemigation:** Do not apply Pindar through any type of irrigation system.
- Thoroughly flush spray equipment (tank, pump, hoses and boom) with clean water before and after each use.
- Do not contaminate irrigation water or water used for domestic purposes.
- Do not use any plants treated with Pindar for feed or forage.
- Do not apply to frozen soil or snow covered soil.
- Use untreated soil as fill when transplanting new trees and grapevines into an area previously treated with Pindar.
- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use.
 Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Grapevines – Winter Dormant Applications

Pindar will provide postemergence burndown and residual weed control of the weeds listed below. For short-term (2 to 3 months) residual weed control, apply Pindar at 1 fl oz per acre in combination with glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat. Broader spectrum weed control can be achieved by using appropriate tank mix partner products such as GoalTender or Goal 2XL, Gallery (non-bearing grapevines), Prowl H20, Surflan, or Chateau for the best preemergence control of susceptible weeds. For longer term (4 to 6 months) residual weed control, apply Pindar at 2 fl oz per acre in combination with glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat. Broader spectrum weed control can be achieved by using appropriate tank mix partner products such as GoalTender or Goal 2XL, Gallery (non-bearing grapevines), Prowl H20, Surflan, or Chateau for the best preemergence control of susceptible weeds. For best weed control, apply Pindar during the winter dormant period following final harvest up to March 15. If needed, a sequential application of Pindar at 1 fl oz per acre, applied with an appropriate postemergence tank mix partner, can be applied in the spring up to 60 days prior to harvest. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in

tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive direction for sue and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Weeds Controlled Common Name

burclover, California chickweed, common

clover, white cudweed, purple dandelion

evening-primrose, cutleaf

fiddleneck, coast fleabane, hairy fleabane, dwarf groundsel, common

henbit

lambsquarters, common

lettuce, prickly marestail/horseweed mustard, black mustard, Indian mustard, wild nightshade, black pigweed species pineappleweed purslane, common radish, wild

redmaids rocket, London

rockpurslane, redmaids

shepherdspurse sowthistle, annual

Weeds Suppressed Common Name

barnyardgrass filaree, redstem knotweed

mallow, common mallow, little

spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted

Scientific Name

Medicago polymorpha

Stellaria media Trifolium repens

Gnaphalium purpureum Taraxacum officinale Oenothera laciniata.

Amsinckia menziesii var. intermedia

Conyza bonariensis
Conyza ramosissima
Senecio vulgaris
Lamium amplexicaule
Chenopodium album
Lactuca serriola
Conyza canadensis
Brassica nigra
Brassica juncea
Sinapis arvensis

Brassica riigra
Brassica juncea
Sinapis arvensis
Solanum nigrum
Amaranthus spp.
Matricaria discoidea
Portulaca oleracea
Raphanus raphanistrum

Calandrinia ciliata Sisymbrium irio

Calandrinia ciliata var. menziesii

Capsella bursa-pastoris Sonchus oleraceus

Scientific Name

Echinochloa crus-galli Erodium cicutarium Polygonum aviculare Malva neglecta Malva parviflora

Chamaesyce prostrata Chamaesyce maculata

Non-Cropland¹

¹Including non-food producing, non-cultivated agricultural or non-agricultural areas including, highway and utility rights-of-way, industrial sites, tank farms, storage areas, airports, fencerows not adjacent to food/feed crop fields and farmsteads

	Rate	
Weed Control	(fl oz/acre)	Specific Use Directions
preemergence	2 – 4	Use a higher rate in the rate range for longer residual control.
postemergence		Use a lower rate in the rate range plus an approved adjuvant for control of susceptible broadleaf weeds in the early postemergence stage less than 4 leaf stage. Use a higher rate in the rate range plus an adjuvant for weeds up to 6 leaf stage. Application to weeds beyond the 6 leaf stage may result in partial control. For existing weeds not controlled by Pindar, a best practice is to tank mix Pindar with an approved postemergence herbicide for complete burndown.

Specific Use Precautions:

- **Preemergence:** For broader spectrum residual preemergence weed control, Pindar may be applied in tank mix combination with diuron, simazine or other products labeled for this use.
- **Postemergence:** For additional postemergence control of non-susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds, Pindar may be applied in tank mix combination with glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat.

Specific Use Restrictions

- Refer to Mixing Directions section on the label affixed to the product container for tank mixing
 precautions. Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product
 labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must
 apply.
- Do not feed or allow animals to graze on any areas treated with Pindar.
- Do not apply more than 4 fl oz of Pindar per acre (0.062 lbs AI) in a single application.
- Do not apply more than 4 fl oz of Pindar per acre (0.062 lbs AI) per year.

Tree Nuts [almond, beech nut, black walnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, English walnut, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), pecan, pistachio] – Winter Dormant Applications

Pindar will provide postemergence burndown and residual weed control of the weeds listed below. For short-term (2 to 3 months) residual weed control, apply Pindar at 1 fl oz per acre in combination with glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat. Broader spectrum weed control can be achieved by using appropriate tank mix partner products such as GoalTender or Goal 2XL, Trellis (non-bearing tree nuts), Prowl H20, Surflan, Chateau for the best preemergence control of susceptible weeds. For longer term (4 to 6 months) residual weed control, apply Pindar at 2 fl oz per acre in combination with glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat. Broader spectrum weed control can be achieved by using appropriate tank mix partner products such as GoalTender or Goal 2XL, Trellis (non-bearing tree nuts), Prowl H20, Surflan, or Chateau for the best preemergence control of susceptible weeds. For best weed control, apply Pindar during the winter dormant period following final harvest up to March 15. If needed, a sequential application of Pindar at 1 fl oz per acre, applied with an appropriate postemergence tank mix partner, can be applied in the spring up to 60 days prior to harvest. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive direction for sue and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Weeds Controlled

Common Name burclover, California

celery, wild

chickweed, common

clover, white cudweed, purple

dandelion

evening-primrose, cutleaf

fiddleneck, coast

fleabane, hairy fleabane, dwarf groundsel, common

henbit

lambsquarters, common

lettuce, prickly

loosestrife, loosed-leaf marestail/horseweed mustard, black

mustard, Indian mustard, wild nightshade, black pigweed species

pineappleweed purslane, common radish, wild

redmaids rocket, London shepherdspurse

smartweed, Pennsylvania

sowthistle, annual storksbill, long willowherb

Weeds Suppressed Common Name

barnyardgrass filaree, redstem knotweed

mallow, common mallow, little

pepperweed, perennial sowthistle, perennial

speedwell

spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted

Scientific Name

Medicago polymorpha Apium leptophylla Stellaria media Trifolium repens

Gnaphalium purpureum Taraxacum officinale Oenothera laciniata.

Amsinckia menziesii var. intermedia

Conyza bonariensis
Conyza ramosissima
Senecio vulgaris
Lamium amplexicaule
Chenopodium album
Lactuca serriola
Lythrum hyssopifolia

Conyza canadensis
Brassica nigra
Brassica juncea
Sinapis arvensis
Solanum nigrum
Amaranthus spp.

Matricaria discoidea Portulaca oleracea Raphanus raphanistrum

Calandrinia ciliata Sisymbrium irio

Capsella bursa-pastoris Polygonum pennsylvanica

Sonchus oleraceus Erodium botyrs Epilobium spp.

Scientific Name

Echinochloa crus-galli Erodium cicutarium Polygonum aviculare Malva neglecta Malva parviflora Lepidium latifolium Sonchus arvensis Veronica spp.

Chamaesyce prostrata Chamaesyce maculata

Mixing Directions

Pindar - Alone

Fill the spray tank at least one-third full of clean water. With the pump and agitator running, add the specified amount of herbicides to the spray tank. The order of addition to the spray tank should be wettable powders first, flowables second and liquids last. Complete filling of the spray tank with water. Maintain agitation until spraying is completed.

Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use. Dosages listed on this label are for broadcast application. Pindar should be applied as a uniform broadcast application to the crop floor or as a uniform band at the base of the trunk. For banded application, the amount of Pindar used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

<u>Band Width (in inches)</u> X Rate per = Amount Needed per Acre Row Width (in inches) Broadcast Acre for Banded Application

Tank Mix Restrictions:

- It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use.
 Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive direction for sue and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.
- Do not exceed specified application rates.
- Do not tank mix with another pesticide product that contains the same active ingredient as this product unless the label of either tank mix partner specifies the maximum dosages that may be used.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of this product and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Pindar – Tank Mixes

For broader spectrum postemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of Pindar with either glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat should be used. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive labels must apply.

For preemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in tree nut or vine plantings, a tank mixture of Pindar with products such as: GoalTender, Goal 2XL, Trellis (non-bearing tree nuts and grapevines), Karmex, Kerb® herbicide, Solicam, Chateau, Surflan or Prowl can be applied. Contact postemergence herbicides such as glyphosate, glufosinate or paraquat should also be added to the tank mixture. Check product labels of the above tank mix partners to determine suitability, restrictions and use rates. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive direction for sue and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: When tank mixing Pindar with other materials, a compatibility test (jar test) using relative proportions of the tank mix ingredients should be conducted prior to mixing ingredients in the spray tank. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Mixing Order: Fill the tank with water to 1/4 to 1/3 of the required spray volume. Start the agitation. Different formulation types should be added in the following order: dry flowables (DF), wettable powders (WP), aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), or liquids (L). Allow each product type to completely disperse before adding another. Continue agitation and fill tank to 3/4 full, add the correct quantity of Pindar and mix thoroughly. Finally, add any solution (S) formulations, agitate and finish filling. Maintain agitation during filling and during application. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the tank is empty, suspended materials may settle to the bottom. It is important to resuspend all of the settled material before continuing application. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. Do not allow tank mixes to set overnight.

Preemergence Weed Control

Apply the specified rate of Pindar in a broadcast spray volume of water per acre using calibrated spray equipment capable of uniform application to the soil surface. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the soil applied herbicide during emergence. Preemergence weed control is most effective when Pindar is applied to soil surfaces that are clean (free of crop or weed residues or clippings) and weed free. Prior to application, weed or crop residues should be removed by thorough incorporation into the soil using tillage equipment or by removing them from the area to be treated. At least 0.5 inch of irrigation or rainfall is required to activate Pindar and should occur within 14 days_after application. For optimum results, Pindar should be applied to prepared beds or soil surfaces that will be left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired. Cultural practices that disturb or redistribute surface soil following treatment with Pindar such as cutting water furrows will reduce weed control effectiveness. Broader spectrum weed control can be achieved by using appropriate tank mix partner products such as GoalTender or Goal 2XL, Gallery (non-bearing tree nuts and grapevines), Prowl H20, Surflan, or Chateau for the best preemergence control of susceptible weeds.

Preemergence Application Rates and Rate Ranges: Where a rate range is given, use a lower rate in the rate range on coarse texture soils with light weed infestations and for reduced lengths of residual weed control. Use a higher rate in the rate range on medium to fine texture soils, heavy weed infestations, or for extended residual preemergence weed control.

Postemergence Weed Control

Apply the specified rate of Pindar in a broadcast spray volume of 20 gallons or more of water per acre (a minimum of 10 gallons if applying Pindar in tank mix with glyphosate). Complete and uniform coverage of weed foliage is essential for optimum postemergence control. Increase the spray volume to ensure complete and uniform coverage as weed height and density increases or in the presence of heavy trash (weed or crop residue). Postemergence applications of Pindar are most effective when made to weeds at the seedling stage. Applications made later than the 4-inch or 4 leaf stage may result in partial control or suppression.

The addition of 1 quart per acre crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil, or 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant labeled for application to growing crops, is required for effective postemergence herbicidal control of susceptible emerged weeds.

For control of emerged grass and broadleaf weeds, or susceptible weeds greater than 4-inch or 4 leaf stage, postemergence applications of Pindar should be mixed with a broad spectrum, postemergence foliar herbicide. Such products include glyphosate, glufosinate and paraquat type products.

Postemergence Application Rates: Where a rate range is given, use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy weed infestations, weeds in advanced stages of growth, or for extended residual preemergence weed control following control of existing emerged weeds.

Application Instructions

Standard Volume Broadcast Application

Apply in a spray volume of 20 gpa or more (a minimum of 10 gallons if applying Pindar in tank mix with glyphosate). Use a higher application volume when complete and uniform application must be ensured. Use low pressure and ground application equipment capable of delivering a uniform spray droplet. To improve foliar spray coverage, the addition of a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil (MSO) at the rate of 1 quart per acre or 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant labeled for application to growing crops is required.

Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or plant injury may occur.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive direction for sue and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Rates and Timing of Application

For best weed control, apply Pindar at 1 to 2 fl oz per acre during the winter dormant period following final harvest up to March 15 in tree nut [almond, beech nut, black walnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, English walnut, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), pecan, pistachio] and grapevine crops. A sequential application of 1 fl oz per acre can be applied up to 60 days prior to harvest. See specific crop use directions.

If Pindar is not applied during the winter dormant period, Pindar can be applied at 1 to 2 fl oz per acre as a non-dormant application applied up to 60 days prior to harvest. Apply no more than 3 fl oz per acre of Pindar per growing year. Allow a minimum of 30 days between sequential applications of Pindar. Pindar can be applied up to 60 days prior to harvest.

The best weed control results are obtained when Pindar is applied preemergence to susceptible weeds or postemergence to small, actively growing weeds. Extreme growing conditions such as drought or near freezing temperatures prior to, at, or following time of application may reduce weed control. Broadleaf weed species germinate at different times.

Spray Drift Management

Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. Make applications only when there is little or no hazard from spray drift. The applicator, crop consultant, and grower are responsible for considering all of these factors when making the decision to apply this product.

Avoid all direct or indirect contact with non-target plants. Do not apply near desirable vegetation. Allow adequate distance between target area and desirable plants to minimize exposure.

Weed Resistance and Integrated Pest Management

The mode of action of Pindar is the inhibition of the acetolactate synthase (ALS) enzyme. Weed populations may develop biotypes that are resistant to different herbicides with the same mode of action. If herbicides with the same mode of action are used repeatedly in the same field, resistant biotypes may eventually dominate the weed population and may not be controlled by these products. Other resistance mechanisms, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist and may cause reduced weed control.

This product should be used as part of an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program that may include biological, cultural, and chemical practices aimed at preventing economic pest damage. Application of this product should be based upon appropriate IPM and resistance management strategies and practices that delay or reduce the development of resistant weed biotypes. Such practices include field scouting, mechanical weed control, tank mixes of multiple herbicide products with multiple modes of action, correct weed pest identification, following rotational practices outlined on pesticide labels, and treating when target weed populations are at the correct stage and economic thresholds for control. Pindar can be applied in two applications per season (from harvest to harvest).

To delay development of herbicide resistance, the following practices are recommended:

- Always use at least the minimum rate specified by the label and observe all use rate instructions.
- Herbicides with the same mode of action should not be used in sequential applications unless tank mixed with an alternative mode of action product that is effective on the target weeds.
- ALS herbicides should not be used in consecutive years unless alternated or tank mixed with non-ALS herbicides.

- Herbicides should be used based upon an IPM program.
- Monitor treated areas and control escaped weeds.
- Contact local extension or crop advisor for IPM and resistance management information.

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