

62719 - 582

10/14/2010

1/19



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Niamh McMahon  
Dow AgroSciences  
9330 Zionsville Road  
Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054

OCT 14 2010

Dear Ms. McMahon:

Subject: Revised Label and Adding Triticale  
GoldSky Herbicide  
EPA Registration No. 62719-582  
Your Submission Dated July 19, 2010

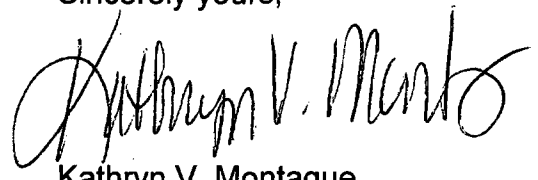
The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under section 3(c)(7)(A) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), is acceptable provided that you:

1. Submit/cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) or 4(a) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling:
  - Delete the term "General" in the heading on the labeling on page 9. This term implies that the directions and restrictions do not all have to be followed as specified.
3. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Mr. James Stone at 703-305-7391.

Sincerely yours,



Kathryn V. Montague  
Product Manager 23  
Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)

Enclosure

3/19

(Base label):

# GoldSky®

## Herbicide

**For postemergent control of annual grass and broadleaf weeds in spring and winter wheat (including durum) and triticale.**

Group	2	4	HERBICIDES
-------	---	---	------------

**Active Ingredients:**

florasulam: N-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-8-fluoro-5-methoxy (1,2,4)triazolo(1,5-c)pyrimidine-2-sulfonamide .....	0.20%
fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester: ((4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)oxy)acetic acid, 1-methylheptyl ester .....	11.57%
pyroxsulam: N-(5,7-dimethoxy[1,2,4]triazolo [1,5-a]pyrimidin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinesulfonamide .....	1.20%
Other Ingredients .....	87.03%
Total .....	100.00%

**ACCEPTED  
with COMMENTS  
In EPA Letter Dated:**

**OCT 14 2010**

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

02719-582

Contains petroleum distillates.

Acid equivalent – fluroxypyr – 8.03% - 0.71 lb/gal

Contains 0.018 lb of florasulam per gallon, 0.71 lb fluroxypyr acid equivalent per gallon, and 0.11 lb pyroxsulam per gallon.

**Keep Out of Reach of Children**

### WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

---

#### Precautionary Statements

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

**Causes Substantial But Temporary Eye Injury • Harmful If Swallowed • Avoid Contact With Skin Or Clothing • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals**

**Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).**

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F or G on an EPA chemical resistance category selections chart.

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves ≥14 mils (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, viton)

4/19

- Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

### Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

### First Aid

**If in eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

**If on skin:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Note to Physician:** Contains petroleum distillate. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 day or night, for emergency treatment information.

### Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This product may contaminate surface water due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water.

This product is classified as having high potential for runoff for several days after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from runoff of rain water. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR

5/19

Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

**Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:****Storage and Disposal**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container only. Do not store below 15°F. Allow product to warm above 45°F before using and thoroughly mix the product prior to use.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

**Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:****Storage and Disposal**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container only. Do not store below 15°F. Allow product to warm above 45°F before using and thoroughly mix the product prior to use.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:****Storage and Disposal**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container only. Do not store below 15°F. Allow product to warm above 45°F before using and thoroughly mix the product prior to use.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application

6/19

equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

**Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.**

**Notice:** Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

**Shake Well Before Using**

EPA Reg. No. 62719-582

EPA Est. \_\_\_\_\_

®Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

**Produced for  
Dow AgroSciences LLC  
9330 Zionsville Road  
Indianapolis, IN 46268**

**Net Contents** \_\_\_\_\_

7/19

(cover):

# GoldSky®

## Herbicide

**For postemergent control of annual grass and broadleaf weeds in spring and winter wheat (including durum) and triticale.**

Group	2	4	HERBICIDES
-------	---	---	------------

**Active Ingredients:**

florasulam: N-(2,6-difluorophenyl)-8-fluoro-5-methoxy (1,2,4)triazolo(1,5-c)pyrimidine-2-sulfonamide .....	0.20
fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester: ((4-amino-3,5-dichloro-6-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)oxy)acetic acid, 1-methylheptyl ester.....	11.57
pyroxsulam: N-(5,7-dimethoxy[1,2,4]triazolo [1,5-a]pyrimidin-2-yl)-2-methoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)-3-pyridinesulfonamide .....	1.20%
Other Ingredients .....	87.03%
Total .....	100.00%

Contains petroleum distillates.

Acid equivalent – fluroxypyr – 8.03% - 0.71 lb/gal

Contains 0.018 lb of florasulam per gallon, 0.71 lb fluroxypyr acid equivalent per gallon, and 0.11 lb pyroxsulam per gallon.

**Keep Out of Reach of Children**

### WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

**Agricultural Use Requirements**  
 Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

**Refer to inside of label booklet for Directions for Use.**

**Notice:** Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

**Shake Well Before Using**

EPA Reg. No. 62719-582

EPA Est. \_\_\_\_\_

8/19

®Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC  
Produced for  
Dow AgroSciences LLC  
9330 Zionsville Road  
Indianapolis, IN 46268

Net Contents \_\_\_\_\_



9/19

(Page 1 through end):

---

**Precautionary Statements**

---

**Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals****WARNING**

**Causes Substantial But Temporary Eye Injury • Harmful If Swallowed • Avoid Contact With Skin Or Clothing • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals**

**Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).**

**Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F or G on an EPA chemical resistance category selections chart.

**Applicators and other handlers must wear:**

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves  $\geq$ 14 mils (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, viton)
- Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

**User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

**First Aid**

**If in eyes:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**If swallowed:** Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

**If on skin:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Note to Physician:** Contains petroleum distillate. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

10/19

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 day or night, for emergency treatment information.

### Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

This product may contaminate surface water due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water.

This product is classified as having high potential for runoff for several days after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from runoff of rain water. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

### Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment, restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers (as applicable). The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves >14 mils (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, viton)
- Shoes plus socks

### Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container only. Do not store below 15°F. Allow product to warm above 45°F before using and thoroughly mix the product prior to use.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:**

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

**Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:**

**Container Handling:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

**Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:**

**Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank to collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

## General Information

Use GoldSky® herbicide as a postemergence herbicide for the control of annual grass and broadleaf weeds in wheat (including durum) and triticale.

GoldSky rapidly stops growth of susceptible weeds. However, typical symptoms (discoloration) of controlled or suppressed weeds may not be noticeable for 1 to 2 weeks after application, depending upon growing conditions and weed susceptibility. Degree of control and duration of effect are dependent upon weed sensitivity, weed size, crop competition, growing conditions at and following treatment, and spray coverage.

## Use Precautions and Restrictions

When applying this product in tank mix combination, follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on each manufacturer's label.

**Chemigation:** Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply GoldSky directly to, or otherwise permit it to come into direct contact with, susceptible crops or desirable plants including alfalfa, barley, canola, beans, cotton, flowers, grapes, lettuce, lentils, mustard, oats, peas, potatoes, radishes, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables, or other desirable broadleaf crops or ornamental plants. Do not permit spray mists containing GoldSky to drift onto such plants.

Do not apply to crops underseeded with legumes.

### Crop Rotation Intervals

The following rotational crops may be planted at the indicated interval following application of GoldSky.

Numbers refer to Specific Crop Rotation Information.

Crop	Rotation Interval <sup>1</sup> (Months)
wheat, triticale	1
barley, field corn, grasses, millet, oats, popcorn, seed corn, sweet corn, sorghum	9
alfalfa, camelina, canola, chickpea, soybean, dry bean, pea (dry and succulent), flax, lentil, mustard, potato <sup>2</sup> , safflower, sugar beet, sunflower	9
other crops not listed	12

#### Specific Crop Rotation Information:

<sup>1</sup>Minimum number of months that must elapse before planting other crops after application of GoldSky.

<sup>2</sup>In Idaho, the interval for rotation to potato is 16 months.

**Note:** GoldSky is degraded primarily by microbial activity and break down more rapidly under favorable soil moisture and temperature conditions. Correspondingly, the rate of degradation may be slower under extreme conditions of drought or cold temperatures. When soil moisture conditions are abnormally dry during the interval between an application of GoldSky and planting the next crop, conduct a field bio-assay by planting test strips of the desired rotational crop. Monitor the test strips during germination and emergence for any abnormal growth to determine if the rotational crop can be grown successfully.

### Avoiding Injurious Spray Drift

This product can affect broadleaf plants directly through foliage and indirectly by root uptake from treated soil. Do not apply GoldSky directly to, or allow spray drift to come into contact with, broadleaf crops including alfalfa, barley, canola, beans, cotton, flowers, grapes, lettuce, lentils, mustard, oats, peas, potatoes, radishes, soybeans, sugar beets, sunflowers, tobacco, tomatoes, vegetables, or other desirable broadleaf crops or ornamental plants or soil where sensitive crops will be planted the same season. (See Crop Rotation Intervals section.)

Make applications only when there is little or no hazard from spray drift. Very small quantities of spray, which may not be visible, may seriously injure crops, whether dormant or actively growing. When applying GoldSky, use low pressure equipment capable of producing sprays of uniform droplet size with a minimum of fine spray droplets. Under adverse weather conditions, fine spray droplets that do not settle rapidly onto target vegetation may be carried a considerable distance from the treatment area. A drift control or spray thickening agent may be used with this product to improve spray deposition and minimize the potential for spray drift. If used, follow all use directions and precautions on the product label.

**Ground Application:** To minimize spray drift, apply GoldSky in a total spray volume of 10 gallons or more per acre using spray equipment designed to produce large-droplet, low pressure sprays. Refer to

the spray equipment manufacturer's directions for detailed information on nozzle types, arrangement, spacing and operating height and pressure. Apply spot treatments only with a calibrated boom to prevent over application. Operate equipment at spray pressures no greater than is necessary to produce a uniform spray pattern. Operate the spray boom no higher than is necessary to produce a uniformly overlapping pattern between spray nozzles. Do not apply with hollow cone-type nozzles or other nozzles that produce a fine-droplet spray.

**Aerial Application:** To minimize spray drift, apply GoldSky in a total spray volume of 5 gallons or more per acre. Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high potential for temperature inversion. Minimize spray drift from aerial application by applying a coarse spray at spray boom pressure no greater than 30 psi; by using straight-stream nozzles directed straight back; and by using a spray boom no longer than 75% of the wing span or 90% of the rotor diameter. Evaluate spray pattern and droplet size distribution by applying sprays containing a water-soluble dye marker or appropriate drift control agent over a paper tape (adding machine tape). Mechanical flagging devices may also be used.

Do not apply under conditions of a low level air temperature inversion. A temperature inversion is characterized by little or no wind and lower air temperature near the ground than at higher levels. The behavior of smoke generated by an aircraft-mounted device or continuous smoke column released at or near site of application will indicate the direction and velocity of air movement. A temperature inversion is indicated by layering of smoke at some level above the ground and little or no lateral movement.

#### **Spray Drift Management**

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications:

- The distance of the outer most operating nozzles on the boom must not exceed 75% of wingspan or 90% of rotor diameter.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the following Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory. This information is advisory in nature and does not supersede mandatory label requirements.

#### **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory**

**Information on Droplet Size:** The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

#### **Controlling Droplet Size:**

- **Volume** - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's specified pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

14/19

- **Number of Nozzles** - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- **Nozzle Orientation** - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- **Nozzle Type** - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

**Boom Length:** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 75% of the wingspan or 90% of rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Application Height:** Do not make applications at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

**Swath Adjustment:** When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

**Wind:** Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Avoid making application below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

**Temperature and Humidity:** When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

**Temperature Inversions:** Do not apply during a local, low level temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of the smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

**Sensitive Areas:** Apply pesticides only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

## Mixing Directions

### GoldSky - Alone

1. Fill the tank with 1/2 of the total amount of water.
2. Start agitation.
3. Add the required amount of GoldSky.
4. Add the required amount of adjuvant (refer to Adjuvants section).
5. Continue agitation while filling the spray tank to the required volume.
6. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, continuous agitation is required during application. If product is allowed to settle, thoroughly agitate to resuspend the mixture before spraying. Apply mixture immediately after it is prepared.

15/19

**GoldSky - Tank Mix**

If a broader spectrum of weed control is needed, GoldSky may be tank mixed with labeled rates of other herbicides provided (1) the tank mix product is labeled for the timing and method of application for the use site to be treated; and (2) tank mixing is not prohibited by the label of the tank mix product.

**Tank Mixing Precautions:**

- Read carefully and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels.
- Do not mix with products containing dicamba or amine formulations of 2,4-D or MCPA as these products may reduce grass control provided by GoldSky.
- Do not tank mix with organophosphate insecticides as these mixtures may result in unacceptable crop injury.
- Do not exceed specified application rates for respective products or maximum allowable application rates for any active ingredient in the tank mix.
- Always perform a (jar) test to ensure the compatibility of products to be used in tank mixture.

**Tank Mix Compatibility Testing:** Perform a jar test prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of GoldSky and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Vigorous, continuous agitation during mixing, filling and throughout application is required for all tank mixes. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the most effective agitation in spray tanks. To prevent foaming in the spray tank, avoid stirring or splashing air into the spray mixture.

**Mixing Order for Tank Mixes:**

1. Fill the spray tank to 3/4 of the total spray volume required with water.
2. Start agitation.
3. Add GoldSky and agitate for 2 to 3 minutes
4. After adding GoldSky, add different formulation types in the following order: (1) dry flowables; (2) wettable powders; (3) aqueous suspensions, flowables and liquids. Maintain agitation and add: (4) emulsifiable concentrates; (5) solutions; and (6) adjuvants. Allow time for complete mixing and dispersion after each addition.
5. Finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing and throughout application. If product is allowed to settle, thoroughly agitate to resuspend the mixture before spraying. Apply mixture immediately after it is prepared.

If application or agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose. Settled material may be more difficult to resuspend than when originally mixed.

**Clean-Out Procedures for Spray Equipment**

1. Drain any remaining spray mixture from the application equipment.
2. Hose down the interior surfaces of the tank while filling the tank 1/2 full of water.
3. Add household ammonia at a rate of 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water. Recirculate for 5 minutes and spray out part of this mixture for 5 minutes through the boom. Drain tank.
4. Remove all spray nozzles and screens and clean separately.
5. If spray equipment will be used for pesticide application to crops sensitive to GoldSky, repeat steps 1 through 3. Thoroughly clean exterior surfaces of spray equipment.

**Note:** Rinsate may be disposed of on site according to label use directions or at an approved waste disposal facility.

16/19

**Weeds Controlled (C) or Suppressed (S)**

Best results are obtained when grass weeds are treated at the 2-leaf to 2-tiller stage of growth and before broadleaf weeds are larger than 2 inches tall or 2 inches in diameter. Best control is achieved when applications are made to actively growing weeds. Control may be reduced when weeds are exposed to drought or extreme temperatures.

Common Name	Scientific Name	Fall Application	Spring Application
<b>Grass Weeds</b>			
barley, foxtail	<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>	S	S
barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>		C
blackgrass	<i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i>	C	C
bluegrass, bulbous	<i>Poa bulbosa</i>		C
brome, downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>	C	S
brome, Japanese	<i>Bromus japonicus</i>	C	C
brome, ripgut	<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	C	C
canarygrass, hood	<i>Phalaris paradoxa</i>	S	S
canarygrass, littleseed	<i>Phalaris minor</i>	S	S
cheat	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>	C	C
chess, hairy	<i>Bromus commutatus</i>	C	C
corn, volunteer	<i>Zea mays</i>		C
fescue, rattail	<i>Vulpia myuros</i>	S	S
foxtail, green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>		S
foxtail, yellow	<i>Setaria pumila</i>		C <sup>5</sup>
oat, wild	<i>Avena fatua</i>	C	C
quackgrass	<i>Elymus repens</i>	S	S
rescuegrass	<i>Bromus catharticus</i>	S	S
ryegrass, Italian	<i>Lolium perenne</i>	C	C
windgrass	<i>Apera spica-venti</i>	C	C
<b>Broadleaf Weeds</b>			
bedstraw, catchweed (cleavers)	<i>Galium aparine</i>	S	C
buckwheat, wild	<i>Polygonum convolvulus</i>		C
canola, volunteer (wild turnip) <sup>2</sup>	<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>	C	C
chamomile, mayweed	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>		S
chickweed, common	<i>Stellaria media</i>	C	C
chickweed, mouseear	<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	C	C
falseflax, smallseed <sup>1</sup>	<i>Camelina microcarpa</i>	C	C
flixweed <sup>2</sup>	<i>Descurainia sophia</i>	C	C
gromwell, corn	<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>	C	C
hempnettle, common	<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i>		C
henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>	S	S
kochia	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>		C <sup>3</sup>
lambsquarters, common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>		C <sup>4</sup>
mallow, common	<i>Malva neglecta</i>		C
mustard, black	<i>Brassica nigra</i>	C	C
mustard, blue <sup>1</sup>	<i>Chorispora tenella</i>	C	C
mustard, tumble <sup>1</sup>	<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	C	C
mustard, wild	<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	C	C
mustard, wormseed <sup>1</sup>	<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i>	C	C
pennycress, field <sup>1</sup>	<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	C	C
pigweed, redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>		C
prickly lettuce	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>		C
shepherds-purse <sup>1</sup>	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	C	C



17/19

smartweed, annual	<i>Polygonum sp.</i>		C
speedwell, field	<i>Veronica agrestis</i>	C	C
speedwell, ivyleaf	<i>Veronica hederifolia</i>	C	C
sunflower, common	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>		C
tansymustard, pinnate <sup>1</sup>	<i>Descurainia pinnata</i>	C	C
thistle, Russian	<i>Salsola tragus</i>		C <sup>4</sup>
violet, field	<i>Viola arvensis</i>	C	C
wallflower, bushy <sup>1</sup>	<i>Erysimum repandum</i>	C	C

<sup>1</sup>Control may be reduced when application is made after bolting

<sup>2</sup>Including herbicide-tolerant canola varieties except Clearfield (imidazolinone-tolerant) canola.

<sup>3</sup>Including ALS herbicide-tolerant biotypes

<sup>4</sup>Less than 2 inches tall. For control of lambsquarters over 2 inches tall, tank mix with 0.25 lb ae MCPA or 2,4-D. For control of Russian thistle over 2 inches tall, tank mix with 0.25 lb ae 2,4-D.

<sup>5</sup>One to four-leaf stage of growth.

## Resistance Management

Florasulam and pyroxsulam are ALS mode of action (Group 2) herbicides. Fluroxypyr is a growth regulator (Group 4) herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other ALS herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action, but specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance:

- For best resistance management stewardship, do not use more than once per season.
- Where possible, rotate the use of GoldSky or other ALS herbicides with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group when such use is permitted.
- Herbicide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting, historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and considers tillage (or other mechanical), cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor treated weed populations for resistance development.
- Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment and planting clean seed.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisers for any additional pesticide resistance management and/or integrated weed management requirements for specific crops and weed biotypes.

## Application Directions

### Application Timing

Apply GoldSky postemergence to the main flush of actively growing weeds according to the target weed stage shown in the above table. Extreme growing conditions such as drought, or temperatures near or below freezing prior to, at, or following time of application may reduce weed control and increase the risk of crop injury at all stages of growth.

Warm, moist growing conditions promote active weed growth and enhance the activity of GoldSky by allowing maximum foliar uptake and contact activity. Weeds hardened off by cold weather or drought stress may not be adequately controlled or suppressed and re-growth may occur. For best results, ensure thorough spray coverage of target weeds.

If foliage is wet at the time of application, control may be decreased. Applications of GoldSky are rainfast within 4 hours after application.

### Spray Coverage

18/19

Use sufficient spray volume to provide thorough coverage and a uniform spray pattern. Do not broadcast apply in less than 5 gallons of total spray volume per acre. For best results and to minimize spray drift, apply in a spray volume of 10 gallons or more per acre. As vegetative canopy and weed density increase, increase spray volume to obtain equivalent weed control. Use only nozzle types and spray equipment designed for herbicide application. To reduce spray drift, follow precautions under Avoiding Injurious Spray Drift.

#### **Surfactants and Adjuvants**

Dow AgroSciences recommends the use of a CPDA certified surfactant or adjuvant with GoldSky.

When GoldSky is applied alone, use one of the following surfactants or adjuvants:

- Non-ionic surfactant with at least 80% active ingredient at 0.25% to 0.50% v/v (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons spray solution). In conditions of moisture stress or low relative humidity, add spray grade ammonium sulfate at 1.5 to 3 lb per acre or urea ammonium nitrate (UAN) at 1 to 2 quarts per acre..
- Crop oil concentrate adjuvant at 0.8% v/v (0.8 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution)
- Methylated seed oil adjuvant at 0.8% v/v (0.8 gallons per 100 gallons spray solution).

When GoldSky is applied in spray solutions containing liquid fertilizer, use a non-ionic surfactant with at least 80% active ingredient at a maximum of 0.25% v/v (1 quart per 100 gallons spray solution).

When GoldSky is applied in combination with emulsifiable concentrate (EC) formulations, such as 2,4-D ester or MCPA ester products, do not use an adjuvant.

Do not use additives that lower the spray solution below a pH of 6.0.

#### **Application in Fluid Fertilizer**

GoldSky may be applied in spray solutions containing liquid nitrogen. The spray solution should not be composed of more than 50% liquid nitrogen and should not exceed 30 lb of actual nitrogen per acre.

When GoldSky is applied in spray solutions containing liquid nitrogen, use a non-ionic surfactant at a maximum of 0.25% v/v instead of crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil. Temporary crop injury may result when liquid nitrogen is used as the spray carrier. Foliar applied liquid nitrogen may cause foliar leaf burn, yellowing or reduced growth due to the activity of the liquid fertilizer on the crop. Do not foliar apply fluid fertilizer to spring wheat.

#### **Spring and Winter Wheat (Including Durum) and Triticale**

Apply 1 pint of GoldSky per acre to actively growing wheat (including spring, winter and durum) or triticale from the 3-leaf to jointing stage (Zadoks scale 31) for control or suppression of target weeds (refer to section above entitled Weeds Controlled (C) or Suppressed (S)). Treat after the majority of weeds have emerged. Best results are obtained when application is made to weeds that are actively growing.

Occasionally slight yellowing or height reduction may be observed in the treated crop. These transient symptoms disappear within 14 days with no reduction to yield. Do not apply to crops suffering from drought, water-logged soils, nutrient deficiency or exposed to frost or other agronomic factors affecting plant growth. Do not use on wheat or triticale varieties that are sensitive to ALS herbicides.

**Tank Mixtures:** GoldSky may be applied in tank mix combination with labeled rates of other products registered for postemergence application in wheat and triticale. See Tank Mixing Precautions under Mixing Directions. When tank mixing, do not exceed specified application rates and use only in accordance with the most restrictive precautions and limitations on the respective product labels.

#### **Crop Specific Use Restrictions:**

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint of GoldSky per acre per growing season.
- Do not graze the treated crop within 7 days following application.

19/19

- Do not cut the treated crop for hay within 28 days following application.

---

### **Terms and Conditions of Use**

---

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitations of Remedies.

---

### **Warranty Disclaimer**

---

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

---

### **Inherent Risks of Use**

---

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

---

### **Limitation of Remedies**

---

To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

- (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- (2) Replacement of amount of product used.

Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of Dow AgroSciences or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

®Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC  
EPA accepted \_\_/\_\_/\_\_