UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

November 7, 2014

Mr. Brian Wendelburg Regulatory Leader Dow AgroScience LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Subject: Label Amendment – Revised Pre-harvest Interval to 60 days for Grape Vineyards

Product Name: Trellis

EPA Registration Number: 62719-580 Application Date: April 15, 2014 Decision Number: 490132

Dear Mr. Wendelburg:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Beth Benbow by phone at (703) 347-8072, or via email at Benbow.bethany@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Kathryn V. Montague, Product Manager 23

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Jastryn V. W Torstaguo

Attachment

T4A / Trellis / Amend / 11-06-14 file: Trellis-580 06Nov14d.doc

Trellis®

EPA Reg. No. 62719-580

Registration Notes:

Note: This version contains additional revision per EPA email from Bethany Benbow dated November 3 and November 4, 2014 and discussed with B. Wendelburg and R. Mann. The following changes were made:

Master Label:

- 1. Added MOA text box for Group 21 Herbicide
- 2. Divided the Use Precautions and Restrictions into individual sections.
- 3. Added Weed Resistance Management and Best Management Practice language and section. These sections contain additional language proposed and added by Dow AgroSciences and accorded with EPA.

Supplemental label:

1. Added "Do not use or distribute this supplemental label after November 15, 2017"

Source section 3 labeling based on EPA accepted label dated November 15, 2010 and notification dated May 10, 2011. Following are changes by amendment:

- 1. Deleted "before" to Bearing Nut Tree and Bearing Vineyards section.
- 2. Changed PHI from 165 to 60 days on Grape Vineyards.
- 3. Update trademark line and capitalized (Net Content and Granular Herbicide)"
- 4. Added Section 3 Supplemental label R403-001 (60 Day PHI for use in Grape Vineyards)
- 5. Updated warranty section.

[®]Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow

(Base label):

Trellis[®]

HERBICIDE

A preemergence herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds in fruit and nut trees and vineyards as listed in the Directions for Use section of this label

Not for sale, distribution or use in New York State

GROUP	21	HERBICIDE
Other Ingredients	6-dimethox	ybenzamide 75%
Contains 0.75 lb active	ingredient p	per pound.

ACCEPTED

11/07/2014

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

62719-580

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Inhaled Or Absorbed Through Skin

Avoid breathing dust or spray mist and contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift may result in reduced germination or emergence of non-target plants adjacent to treated area. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soil and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

(Storage and Disposal for rigid containers 5 gal or less)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for nonrigid containers any size)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid containers greater than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

NET WEIGHT __

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.	
EPA Reg. No. 62719-580	EPA Est.
[®] Trademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Do	
Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268	

(cover/shipping container)

Trellis[®]

HERBICIDE

A preemergence herbicide for control of certain broadleaf weeds in fruit and nut trees and vineyards as listed in the Directions for Use section of this label

Not for sale, distribution or use in New York State

GROUP	21	HERBICIDE			
Active Ingredient: isoxaben: N-[3-(1-e 5-isoxazolyl]-2, and isomers Other Ingredients Total	6-dimethox	ybenzamide 75% 25%			

Contains 0.75 lb active ingredient per pound.

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-580

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Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

NET WEIGHT

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[Page 1 through end)]

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Inhaled Or Absorbed Through Skin

Avoid breathing dust or spray mist and contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- · Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift may result in reduced germination or emergence of non-target plants adjacent to treated area. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Ground Water Advisory: This pesticide has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisory: This pesticide may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rain water. This is especially true for poorly draining soil and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment, restricted-entry interval, and notification to workers (as applicable). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses: Do not allow entry into treated areas until sprays have dried.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Store in original container. Do not store in direct sunlight. Do not store at temperatures above 120°F. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product must be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Nonrefillable rigid containers 5 gallons or less:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable nonrigid containers:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal:

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Product Information

Trellis™ herbicide is a preemergence product for control of certain broadleaf weeds in fruit and nut trees and vineyards. Apply Trellis before germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation. Trellis does not control established weeds, or weeds growing from stolons, rhizomes, or root pieces. Existing weeds should be controlled by cultivation or with postemergence herbicides.

Optimum weed control performance will be obtained when an application is followed by overhead irrigation or rainfall within 21 days. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inch or more is required to activate this product.

Use Restrictions

- Not for sale, distribution or use in New York State.
- Do not apply Trellis to container grown plants.
- Chemigation: Do not apply Trellis through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply by air
- Do not apply Trellis to newly transplanted non-bearing fruit and nut trees or non-bearing vineyards until soil or potting media has been settled by packing and irrigation or rainfall and no cracks are present or plant injury may occur.

Use Precautions

- Applications of Trellis over the top of plants with newly forming buds may cause injury. Possible plant injury may be avoided by applying as a directed spray to the soil surface beneath ornamental plants.
- When planting into a site treated with Trellis in the previous 8 months, use untreated soil as fill around roots when replacing plants or injury may occur.
- Do not apply sprays containing glyphosate or other postemergence herbicides over the top of plants.
- Extreme care must be taken to prevent contact of sprays containing glyphosate and other
 postemergence herbicides with foliage or stems of turfgrass, trees, shrubs, or other desirable
 vegetation since severe damage or death may result.
- If spraying glyphosate or other postemergence herbicides in areas adjacent to desirable plants, use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage or stems of desirable plants.
- Weed residues, prunings, and other crop debris should be removed or thoroughly mixed into soil prior to treatment.
- To avoid possible plant injury, do not apply Trellis to:
 - Christmas tree: seedling beds, cutting beds, or transplant beds
 - unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time
 - pots less than six inches wide

Spray Drift Management

Spray equipment and weather affect spray drift. Consider all factors when making application decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator or grower. To reduce the potential for drift, the application equipment must be set to apply medium to course droplets (i.e., ASAE Standard 572) with corresponding spray pressure. Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Follow the nozzle manufacturer's directions on pressure, orientation, spray volume, etc. in order to minimize drift and optimize coverage and control.

Wind: Avoid making applications when spray particles may be carried by air currents to areas where sensitive crops and non-target plants are growing. Do not spray near sensitive plants if wind is gusty, below 2 mph, or in excess of 10 mph and moving in the direction of adjacent areas of sensitive areas. Local terrain may influence wind patterns; the applicator must be familiar with local conditions and understand how they may impact spray drift.

Sensitive Areas: Sensitive areas to this product are defined as bodies of water (ponds, lakes, rivers, streams, and ditches), wetlands, habitats of endangered species, and non-labeled agricultural crop areas. Applicators must take all precautions necessary to keep spray drift from reaching those areas.

Temperature Inversion: A surface temperature inversion (i.e., increasing temperature with increasing altitude) greatly increases the potential for drift. Presence of ground fog is a god indicator of a surface temperature inversion. Do not apply during temperature inversions. Always make applications when there is some air movement to determine the direction and distance of possible spray drift.

Boom Height: Set the boom and make applications at the lowest height that safely permits uniform coverage of the soil and minimizes droplet evaporation. Boom or nozzle shielding can reduce the effects of wind or air currents on drift. Verify that the shields do not interfere with uniform deposition of product prior to application.

Mixing Directions

Vigorous, continuous agitation is required for all dry flowables. Sparger pipe agitation generally provides the best agitation. Nozzle screens should be no finer that 50 mesh (50 mesh is finer than 16 mesh). The sprayer in-line strainer should be no finer than 16 mesh. Be sure sprayer tank is clean and not contaminated with any material as plant injury or sprayer clogging may result. The agitators must be

positioned to create a rippling or rolling action on the liquid surface and to provide complete agitation at the bottom of the tank, preventing dead spots where the material can accumulate. Use a pump with the capacity to provide sufficient agitation in the tank to keep mixture in suspension and to provide the agitator 20% bypass at all times. A centrifugal pump is suggested to provide additional propeller shear action for dispersing and mixing this product. To prevent foaming, avoid stirring or splashing air into the mixture by placing the end of the fill pipe below the surface of the water in the spray tank during the filling process.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on suction side of pump should be 16 mesh or coarser. Use 50 mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom and when required at the nozzles. Empty tank as completely as possible before refilling to prevent buildup of oil or emulsifiable concentrate residue in the case of tank mixes. If an oil or emulsifiable concentrate film starts to build up in the tank, drain and clean with strong detergent solution. Clean sprayer tank, lines and screens thoroughly by flushing system with water containing a detergent, then refill with clean water.

Trellis - Alone

Fill tank with clean water to 1/2 of the required spray volume. Start agitation and add the required amount of Trellis. Controlled addition of the product is important to assure adequate wetting and mixing to prevent clogging of screens and outlet ports. Continue agitation while mixing, filling tank with water until full, and throughout application.

Trellis - Tank Mix

Trellis may be tank mixed with labeled rates of glyphosate or other postemergence herbicides registered for control of existing unwanted vegetation in ornamental plantings and to provide residual preemergence broadleaf weed control. Trellis may also be tank mixed with other herbicides and applied preemergence to provide broad-spectrum control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in ornamental areas. Use the tank mix in accordance with the more restrictive of label limitations and precautions. Do not exceed any label dosage rates. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

When tank mixing Trellis with other materials, a compatibility (jar test) using relative proportions of the tank mix ingredients should be conducted prior to mixing ingredients in the spray tank. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in the required order and their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Mixing Order for Tank Mixes: Add Trellis to the spray tank as described above and fill the spray tank to 3/4 of the required spray volume. Start agitation and add different formulation types in the order indicated below, allowing two to three minutes for complete dispersion and mixing after addition of each product.

- 1. Other dry flowables
- 2. Wettable powders
- 3. Aqueous suspensions
- 4. Flowables
- 5. Liquids
- 6. Solutions
- 7. Emulsifiable or liquid concentrates

Finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation during mixing, final filling and throughout application. Follow label directions for each material added to the tank.

When using Trellis alone or in a tank mix, if spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be resuspended before spraying is resumed. A sparger is particularly useful for this purpose.

Application Instructions

Apply Trellis using a low-pressure herbicide sprayer that provides uniform spray distribution. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing spray uniformly. Do not use sprayers that apply material in narrow concentrated bands. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or plant injury may occur. Avoid spray drift when applying Trellis. Drift may result in reduced germination or emergence of non-target plants adjacent to the treated area.

Successful preemergence control of the broadleaf weeds listed on this label requires proper timing of application. Apply Trellis in 10 gallons or more of water carrier per acre using any properly calibrated spray unit. If application timing does not coincide with the normal germination period of any of the weeds listed on this label, weed control results may be erratic or poor.

Trellis controls weeds growing from seed. Soil in non-turf areas should be in good condition and free of clods at the time of application. Trellis is stable on the soil surface for up to 21 days, but must be incorporated by moisture to be effective. If Trellis is not activated by rainfall or irrigation within 21 days after application, erratic weed control may result. In non-turf areas, if weeds emerge due to lack of rainfall or irrigation, shallow cultivation to a depth of 1 to 2 inches will incorporate the herbicide and destroy existing weeds.

Product Application Rate Reference Chart

Ib per acre	oz per 1000 sq ft	grams per 1000 sq ft
0.66	0.25	7
1	0.38	10
1.33	0.5	14

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed

Weeds controlled when applied at 0.66 lb product per acre (0.25 oz or 7 grams per 1000 sq ft)

Common Name Scientific Name aster, slender Aster exilis

bursage, annual
burweed, lawn
celery, wild
chickweed, common
clover, white
cudweed, purple

Ambrosia acanthicarpa
Soliva pterosperma
Apium leptophyllum
Stellaria media
Trifolium repens
Gnaphalium purpureum

fiddleneck, coast Amsinckia intermedia filaree, redstem Erodium cicutarium fleabane, blackleaved Convza bonariensis fleabane, dwarf Conyza ramosissima groundcherry, lanceleaf Physalis lanceifolia henbit Lamium amplexicaule horseweed Conyza canadensis knotweed, prostrate Polygonum aviculare lambsquarters, common Chenopodium album

mallow, little

mustard, Indian

mustard, wild

Sinapis arvensis

Solanum nigrum

Lepidium virginicum

Amaranthus spp.

pineappleweed

Matricaria matricarioides

plantain, slender purslane, common Portulaca oleracea radish, wild Raphanus raphanistrum ragweed, common rocket, London rockpurslane, desert shepherdspurse Plantago elongata Portulaca oleracea Raphanus raphanistrum Ambrosia artemisiifolia Sisymbrium irio Calandrinia ciliata Capsella bursa-pastoris

sibara Sibara virginica

smartweed, Pennsylvania Polygonum pensylvanicum

sowthistle, annual Sonchus oleraceus speedwell, purslane Veronica peregrina telegraphplant Heterotheca grandiflora

thistle, Russian Salsola iberica

Weeds controlled when applied at 1 lb product per acre (0.38 oz or 10.5 grams per 1000 sq ft)

Common NameScientific Nameaster, heathAster ericoides

bittercress Cardamine oligosperma bittercress, hairy Cardamine hirsuta brassbuttons, southern Cotula australis carrot, wild Daucus carota chamberbitter Phyllanthus urinaria chickweed, mouseear Cerastium vulgatum Taraxacum officinale dandelion eclipta Eclipta prostrata Galinsoga ciliata galinsoga, hairy geranium, Carolina Geranium carolinianum

ladysthumb Polygonum persicaria lettuce, prickly Lactuca serriola mallow, dwarf Malva rotundifolia marestail Conyza canadensis mayweed Anthemis cotula morningglory, ivyleaf Ipomoea hederacea mustard, black Brassica nigra Hvdrocotvle spp. pennywort phyllanthus, long-stalk Phyllanthus tenellus Plantago aristata plantain, bracted plantain, broadleaf Plantago major plantain, buckhorn Plantago lanceolata pokeweed, common Phytolacca americana

rockpurslane, redmaids Calandrinia ciliata var. menziesii

sida, prickly
sorrell, red
speedwell, thymeleaf
spurge, hyssop
spurge, spotted
sweetclover, vellow
Sida spinosa
Rumex acetosella
Veronica serpyllifolia
Euphorbia hyssopifolia
Euphorbia maculata
Melilotus officinalis

tansymustard, green Descurainia pinnata spp. brachycarpa

woodsorrel, yellow Oxalis stricta

Weeds controlled when applied at 1.33 lb product per acre (0.5 oz or 14 grams per 1000 sq ft)

Common NameScientific Nameburclover, CaliforniaMedicago polymorphadogfennelEupatorium capillifolium

eveningprimrose
fescue, rattail
filaree, whitestem
goosefoot, nettleleaf
groundsel, common
jimsonweed
knotweed, silversheath

Oenothera spp.
Vulpia myuros
Erodium moschatum
Chenopodium murale
Senecio vulgaris
Datura stramonium
Polygonum argyrocoleon

kochia Kochia scoparia
medic, black Medicago lupulina
mullein, turkey Eremocarpus setigerus

nettle, burning Urtica urens oxtongue, bristly Picris echioides pimpernel, scarlet Anagallis arvensis sowthistle, spiny Sonchus asper spurge, petty Euphorbia peplus Euphorbia humistrata spurge, prostrate sunflower Helianthus spp. swinecress Coronopus didymus thistle, musk Carduus nutans willoweed, panicle Epilobium paniculatum woodsorrel, creeping Oxalis corniculata

Weeds partially controlled or suppressed when applied at 1.33 lb product per acre (0.5 oz or 14 grams per 1000 sq ft)

Scientific Name **Common Name** bindweed, field Convolvulus arvensis carpetweed Mollugo verticillata dock, curly Rumex crispus mallow, Venice Hibiscus trionum milkweed, honeyvine Ampelamus albidus morningglory, tall Ipomoea purpurea pusley, Florida Richardia scabra

Uses

Weed Resistance Management

Isoxaben, the active ingredient in this product, is a Group 21 herbicide based on the mode of action classification system of the Weed Science Society of America. Any weed population may contain or develop plants resistant to Group 21 herbicides. Resistant weeds may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Such resistant weed plants may not be effectively managed using Group 21 herbicides but may be effectively managed utilizing other herbicides alone or in mixtures from a different herbicide Groups that are labeled for control of these weeds and/or by using cultural or mechanical practices. However, a herbicide mode of action classification by itself may not adequately address specific weeds that are resistant to specific herbicides. Consult your local company representative, state cooperative extension service, professional consultants or other qualified authorities to determine appropriate actions for treating specific resistant weeds.

Best Management Practices

Proactively implementing diversified weed control strategies to minimize selection for weed populations resistant to one or more herbicides is recommended. A diversified weed management program may include the use of multiple herbicides with different modes of action and overlapping weed spectrum with or without tillage operations and/or other cultural practices. Research has demonstrated that using the labeled rate and directions for use is important to delay the selection for resistant weeds. Scouting after a

herbicide application is important because it can facilitate the early identification of weed shifts and/or weed resistance and thus provide direction on future weed management practices. One of the best ways to contain resistant weed populations is to implement measures to avoid allowing weeds to reproduce by seed or to proliferate vegetatively. Cleaning equipment between sites and avoiding movement of plant material between sites will greatly aid in reducing the spread of resistant weed seed.

Non-Bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-Bearing Vineyards

Use Trellis as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards. Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards are plants that will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment. Apply Trellis any time prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation.

Trellis may be used on the following field grown established non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards:

almond kiwi apple lemon apricot loganberry avocado macadamia nut blackberry nectarine blueberry olive boysenberry orange cherry, sour peach cherry, sweet pear currant pecan dewberry pistachio elderberry plum fig pomegranate

fig pomegranate filbert prune gooseberry raspberry grape, American grape, European walnut, English

grapefruit

Bearing Nut Trees and Bearing Vineyards

Use Trellis as a preemergence treatment for control of certain broadleaf weeds in bearing nut trees and bearing grape vineyards. Apply Trellis prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation.

Trellis may be used on the following field grown, established bearing nut trees and bearing grape vineyards:

almond filbert (hazelnut)

beech nut grape (American, European, muscadine)

Brazil nut hickory nut

butternut macadamia nut (bush nut)

cashew pecan chestnut pistachio

chinquapin walnut (black, English/Persian)

Specific Use Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval:

- Tree Nuts: Do not apply Trellis within 60 days of harvest.
- Grape Vineyards: Do not apply Trellis within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply Trellis more than twice per crop year (harvest to harvest) up to a maximum total of 1.33 lb of Trellis (1.0 lb isoxaben) per acre per crop year.

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent permitted by law, otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitations of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. To the extent permitted by law, Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

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It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. To the extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

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To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of product used.

To the extent permitted by law, Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. To the extent permitted by law, in no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

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EPA accepted								

Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

Trellis®

EPA Reg. No. 62719-580

60 Day Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI) for use in Grape Vineyards.

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for Trellis[®] herbicide before applying. Carefully follow all
 precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of Trellis[®] according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the container for Trellis[®].

Do not apply Trellis[®] as a pre-emergence application in grape vineyards less than 60 days prior to grape harvest. Trellis should be applied prior to susceptible weed germination and emergence.

This 60 day Pre-Harvest Interval supercedes PHI of 165 days on the package label.

Expiration date: Do not use or distribute this supplemental label after November 15, 2017.

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R403-001 EPA accepted: __/_/_ Initial printing.

ACCEPTED

11/07/2014

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

62719-580