62719-556

3/29/2013

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

1/190

Diego Fonseca Dow AgroSciences 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

MAR 2.9. 2013

Subject: Notification; Per PR-Notice 98-10 GF-1280 EPA Reg. No. 62719-556 Date Submitted: March 26, 2013

Dear Mr. Fonseca:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated March 26, 2013 for the product referenced above. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (703) 306-0415 or <u>davis.kable@epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Kable Bo Davis Product Manager 25 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Please read instructions on n	the person of the second	ng form.			Form Appro	DV0	MB No. 20	70-0060	I P	rint Fo	۶/۱۹ ارچین
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4. Company/Product (Name) Dow AgroSciences/GF-12	280			PM# 25				٦Ľ	None		Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applicant <i>linclude ZIP Codej</i> Dow AgroSciences 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268 <i>Check if this is a new address</i>			6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No.								
	·····	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Sec	tion - II	t Name						
Explanation - Explain Explanation: Use addition	onse to Agency letter d below. ai page(s) if nacessary.	for the corre	ction of	ction II.)	Agency lette "Me Too" A Dther - Expl	of GI	ation. How. F-1280 label.	NOT	IFICA [®] R 2 9		8
			Sec	tion - III		••••					
1. Material This Product Will	Be Packaged In:			·····							
Child-Resistent Peckaging Yes* No * Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	Water		No. per container		2. Type of C	ontainer Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (S			
3. Location of Net Contents	nformation 4 ontainer	4. Size(s) Rotai	l Contei	ner		5. Lo	cation of Labe On Label On Label			produc	t
6. Manner in Which Label is	Affixed to Product	Lithogra Paper gl Stencile			Other						
Section - IV											
1. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below fo	r identification	of indiv	idual to be	contacted, i	if nec	essary, to pro	cess this	applicati	on.)	
Name Diego Fonseca		F	ïtle legulat	ory Leade	-			elephon (317) 33		clude A	area Code)
l acknowledge that an both under applicable 2. Signature		sleading stater	ll attack						6. Date Rece {\$	•••	
Fre	cale '	F	legulat	ory Leader							
4. Typed Name Diego Fonseca (dfonseca	@dow.com)		. Date March I	26, 2013							
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EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.

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308/2E March 26, 2013

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U. S. Environmental Protection Agency One Potomac Yard 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

NOTIFICATION

www.dowagro.com

MAR 2 9 2013

Attention: Kable Davis (7505P)

GF-1280 (AI: GLYPHOSATE) EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 62719-556 NOTIFICATION OF MINOR TYPO CORRECTION OF LABEL PER PR NOTICE 98-10

This notification is being sent for the correction of a typo on page 145 of GF-1280 label. Enclosed are two copies of GF-1280 label. First is a clean final copy properly corrected, and second copy for easy tracking of correction on page 145.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA, and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Contents of Submission

- Transmittal document (this letter)
- Application for Pesticide, EPA Form 8570-1
- Label entitled E8A / GF-1280 / MSTR Notif With Edits / 03-21-13 (186 Pages plus Registration Notes)
- Label entitled E8A / GF-1280 / MSTR FPL / 03-21-13 (186 Pages plus Registration Notes)

In Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

Kable Davis (7505P) GF-1280 (AI: GLYPHOSATE) EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 62719-556 NOTIFICATION OF MINOR TYPO CORRECTION OF LABEL PER PR NOTICE 98-10 March 26, 2013

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If you require additional information, please contact Kerri Hipsky, Registration Assistant for this product, at 317-337-7827 (kahipsky@dow.com).

Sincerel usecaly

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Diego Fonseca Regulatory Leader - Regulatory Affairs 317-337-4693 317-337-4649 (FAX) dfonseca@dow.com

Enclosures

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[Sub Label A: Ag Uses]

NOTIFICATION

MAR 29 2013

(Base label):

GF-1280

Herbicide

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®], FirstStep[®] B]

For control of annual and perennial weeds and woody plants in various cropping systems, fallow cropland and CRP acres, and farmsteads.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops (except crops with the Roundup Ready[®] herbicide tolerant gene), desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

Group	9	HERBICIDE
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Active Ingredient:

Contains 5.07 lb per gallon glyphosate, dimethylamine salt (4 lb per gallon glyphosate acid).

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exists, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

Do not mix, store or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in galvanized steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks. This product, or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas that may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

(Storage and Disposal for rigid containers 5 gal or less)

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed. **Container Handling:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

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Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue.

Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed. **Container Handling:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

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E8A / GF-1280 / MSTR Notif With Edits / 03-28-13

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

EPA Est.

[®][™]Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC Roundup Ready[®] is a registered trademark of Monsanto Company **Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268**

Net Contents ____

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(cover, shipping container):

GF-1280

Herbicide

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®], FirstStep[®] B]

For control of annual and perennial weeds and woody plants in various cropping systems, fallow cropland and CRP acres, and farmsteads.

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops (except crops with the Roundup Ready[®] herbicide tolerant gene), desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

Group	9	HERBICIDE

Active Ingredient:

glyphosate: N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine,	
dimethylamine salt	50.2%
Other Ingredients	49.8%
Total	

Contains 5.07 lb per gallon glyphosate, dimethylamine salt (4 lb per gallon glyphosate acid).

Keep Out of Reach of Children **CAUTION**

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

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EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

EPA Est. _____

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Net Contents

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Tropical and Subtropical Crops	-
Vegetable Crops	-
Vine Crops	· _
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Roundup Ready[®] Crops Canola Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Grown for Seed Canola (Spring Varieties) with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Canola (Winter Varieties) with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology Corn Hybrids Using Roundup Hybridization System Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Yield Gene Sugar Beet with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Annual Weeds Perennial Weeds Woody Brush and Trees Terms and Conditions of Use

Warranty Disclaimer Inherent Risks of Use Limitation of Remedies

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Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exists, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

• Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

• Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

Do not mix, store or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in galvanized steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks. This product, or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas that may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

This is an end-use product. Dow AgroSciences does not intend and has not registered it for reformulation.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber

Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refillable containers 5 gallons or larger:

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

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Product Information

GF-1280 [insert Duramax[®] or Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®] or FirstStep[®] B] herbicide is a postemergence, systemic herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is intended for control of annual and perennial weeds and woody plants in various cropping systems, fallow cropland and CRP acres, and farmsteads. This product is generally non-selective and gives broad-spectrum control of many annual weeds, perennial weeds, woody brush and trees. It is formulated as a water soluble liquid. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water or other carriers according to label instructions.

When applied as specified and under the conditions described, this product controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label booklet.

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Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, buffering agents, or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when this product is the only pesticide being applied. Ammonium sulfate, drift control additives, or dyes and colorants may be used. See Mixing Directions section of this label for instructions.

Time to Symptoms: The active ingredient in this product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant that advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 days, but on most perennial weeds visible effects may not occur for 7 days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms.

Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity. Refer to the annual, perennial, woody brush and trees rate tables for specific weeds. Always use the higher rate within the rate range for heavy or dense weed growth or when weeds are growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area. When treating weeds with disease or insect damage, weeds heavily covered with dust, or weeds under poor growing conditions, reduced weed control may result.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the specified stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash off this product from the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

Spray Coverage: For best results, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray weed foliage to the point of runoff.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme. This enzyme is found only in plants and microorganisms that are essential to forming specific amino acids.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or rootstocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Biological Degradation: Degradation of this product is primarily a biological process carried out by soil microbes.

Maximum Application Rates: The maximum application rates specified in this label are given in units of volume, either fluid ounces, pints or quarts, of this product per acre. The maximum allowed application rates apply to this product combined with the use of any and all other glyphosate-containing herbicides, either applied separately or in a tank mix, on the basis of total pounds of glyphosate (acid equivalents) per acre. If more than one glyphosate-containing product is applied to the same site within the same year, ensure that the total of pounds acid equivalent gyphosate does not exceed the maximum allowed.

Do not apply more than 6 quarts (6 lb glyphosate acid) of this product per acre per year for all crops listed in this label. Do not apply more than 7-8 quarts (8 lb glyphosate acid) of this product per acre per year for all noncrop sites, and all tree and vine crops listed in this label.

Herbicide Resistance Management

Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a group 9 herbicide (inhibitor of EPSP synthase). Some naturally occurring weed biotypes that are tolerant (resistant) to glyphosate may exist due to genetic variability in a weed population. Where resistant biotypes exist, the repeated use of herbicides with the same mode of action can lead to the selection for resistant weeds. Certain agronomic practices reduce the likelihood that resistant weed populations will develop, and can be utilized to manage weed resistance once it occurs.

To delay the selection for glyphosate resistant weeds, use the following practices:

- Scout fields before and after application.
- Start with a clean field by applying a burndown herbicide or by tillage.
- Control weeds early when they are small.
- Add other herbicides, such as a selective and/or a residual herbicide, and cultural practices, such as tillage or crop rotation, where appropriate.
- Rotating to other Roundup Ready crops is one method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Roundup Ready system.
- Use the application rate for the most difficult to control weed in the field. Do not tank mix with other herbicides that reduce this product's efficacy through antagonism or with ones that encourage application rates of this product below those specified on this label.
- · Control weed escapes and prevent weeds from setting seeds.
- Before moving from one field to another, clean equipment to minimize the spread of weed seeds or plant parts.
- Use new commercial seed that is as free of weed seed as possible.
- Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to the local retailer, county extension agent, or Dow AgroSciences representative.

The following good agronomic practices are recommended to reduce the spread of confirmed glyphosate-resistant biotypes:

- Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control if a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in the field.
- Cultural and mechanical control practices, such as crop rotation or tillage, may also be used.
- Rotating to other Roundup Ready crops is one method for adding other herbicides into a continuous Roundup Ready system.
- To control weed escapes, including resistant biotypes, before they set seed, scout treated fields after applying this product.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving any field known to contain resistant biotypes.

Because the presence of glyphosate resistance in weed populations is difficult to detect prior to use, Dow AgroSciences accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control glyphosate-resistant weeds.

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Ryegrass

(Not for Use in California)

Preemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence herbicide labeled for control of ryegrass.

Preemergence and Postemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a residual preemergence herbicide and a postemergence herbicide (other than glyphosate) labeled for control of ryegrass. Apply before ryegrass is more than 4 inches in height.

Postemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with another postemergence herbicide labeled for control of ryegrass. Apply before ryegrass is more than 4 inches in height.

Not all herbicides are registered in each state or for all use sites (orchards, noncrop areas, or ditch banks) or crops for the management of ryegrass. When using this product in a tank mix, refer to each product's label and observe the most restrictive label's precautions and limitations.

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Attention

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

AVOID DRIFT. Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. Avoid applying at excessive speed or pressure.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Spray Drift Management

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory:

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory

This section is advisory in nature and does not supercede the mandatory label requirements.

Importance of Droplet Size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent adverse effects from drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size:

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. Use the lower spray pressures for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

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- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height: Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Do not apply this product when wind speed is below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Do not apply this product during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: Apply this pesticide only when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Mixing Directions

Use only clean, stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers to mix, store and apply spray solutions of this product. Do not mix, store or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in galvanized steel or unlined steel, except stainless steel, containers or spray tanks.

Eliminate any risk of siphoning the contents of the tank mix back into the carrier source while mixing. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations.

Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

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Note: Reduced results may occur if water containing soil is used, such as visibly muddy water or water from ponds and ditches that is not clear.

GF-1280 – Alone

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows:

- 1. Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of clean water.
- 2. Add the specified amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well.
- 3. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foaming, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

GF-1280 - Tank Mix

This product does not provide residual weed control. For residual weed control or an alternate mode of action, tank mix this product with other herbicides. Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

Under certain conditions, at certain growth stages, and/or under other circumstances, some tank mix products have the potential to cause crop injury. Read all labels for products used in the tank mix prior to using them to determine the potential for crop injury.

Tank mixing with other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers may result in reduced weed control or crop injury. Do not use these products in applications with this product unless otherwise noted in this label. Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly specified in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not specified on this label may result in reduced performance.

The user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application being made is included on the label of the product used in the tank mix when a tank mixture with a generic active ingredient, such as 2,4-D, atrazine, dicamba, diuron, or pendimethalin, is listed in the label.

Read all individual product labels for all products in the tank mix and observe all precautions and restrictions on the label. Use according to the most restrictive directions for each product in the tank mix. Always predetermine the compatibility of all tank mix products, together in the carrier, by mixing small proportional quantities in advance of mixing and applying them to the crop.

For best results, apply tank mixes with this product in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre.

For tank mixes of this product:

- 1. Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port.
- 2. Through the screen, fill the spray tank one-half full with water and start agitation.
- If ammonium sulfate is used, add it slowly into the tank through the screen and continue adding water into the tank through the screen. If dry ammonium sulfate is used, make sure it is completely dissolved in the tank before adding other products.
- 4. If a wettable powder is used, make a slurry with the water carrier and add it **slowly** through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 5. If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture **slowly** through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 6. If an emulsifiable concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsifiable concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 7. Continue filling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 8. Add individual formulations to the spray tank in the following order: wettable powder, flowable, emulsifiable concentrate, drift control additive and water soluble liquid.

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Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are sprayed. If the spray mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Keep by-pass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen size in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Amount of This Concentration for Desired V					
(percent)	1 gal	25 gal	100 gal		
0.5	2/3 fl oz	1 pt	2 qt		
0.75	1 fl oz	24 fl oz	3 qt		
1	1 1/3 fl oz	1 qt	1 gal		
1.5	2 fl oz	1 1/2 qt	1 1/2 gal		
2	2 2/3 fl oz	2 qt	2 gal		
3.75	5 fl oz	3 3/4 qt	3 3/4 gal		
5	6 1/2 fl oz	5 qt	5 gal		
10	13 fl oz	10 qt	10 gal		

For best results when using knapsack sprayers, mix the specified amount of this product with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

Ammonium Sulfate

Adding 1 to 2 percent dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 lb per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product, particularly when tank mixed with certain residual herbicides on annual and perennial weeds. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion. **Note:** When using ammonium sulfate, apply this product at rates listed in this label. Lower rates will result in reduced performance.

Nonionic Surfactant

Although not generally required, a surfactant may be added to spray solutions if water carrier volume is more than 30 gallons per acre or the application rate for this product is less than 17 fl oz per acre.

Use nonionic surfactants that are labeled for use with herbicides. Do not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. When using additional surfactant, use a surfactant concentration of 0.25 to 0.5 percent (1 to 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) for surfactants containing at least 70 percent active ingredient, or a surfactant concentration of 1 percent (4 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) for surfactants containing less than 70 percent active ingredient. Read and follow the precautionary statements and applicable use directions on the label of the surfactant product.

Do not use surfactant with this product for applications made over the top of Roundup Ready[®] crops and preharvest to cotton. Do not add buffering agents or pH adjusting agents to the spray solution when this product is the only pesticide used.

Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally-approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's directions.

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Drift Control Additives

Drift control additives may be used with all equipment types, except wiper applicators, sponge bars and CDA equipment. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

Application Equipment and Application Methods

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment. Apply spray solutions in properly maintained and calibrated equipment capable of delivering desired volumes.

Aerial: Fixed wing and helicopter

Ground Broadcast Spray: Boom or boomless systems, pull-type sprayer, floaters, pick-up sprayers, spray coupes and other ground broadcast equipment.

Hand-Held and Backpack Equipment: Knapsack and backpack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, hand wands, mistblowers, lances and other hand-held and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray onto weed foliage. This product is not registered in California or Arizona for use in mistblowers.

Selective Equipment: Shielded and hooded sprayers, wiper applicators and sponge bars.

Injection Systems: Aerial or ground injection sprayers.

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA): Hand-held or boom-mounted applicators that produce a spray consisting of a narrow range of droplet sizes.

Aerial Equipment

Do not apply this product using aerial spray equipment except under conditions as specified within this label.

Use the specified rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Unless otherwise specified, do not use more than 48 fl oz of this product per acre when applying by air. Refer to the specific use directions of this label for volumes and application rates.

For aerial application in California, refer to the supplemental label for aerial applications in that state for specific instructions, restrictions and requirements. Do not apply tank mixtures of this product plus dicamba by air in California.

Do not directly apply to any body of water.

Do not aerially apply this product in California when it is tank mixed with dicamba. Only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used for aerial application in California when this product is tank mixed with 2,4-D. Tank mixes with 2,4-D amine formulations may be aerially applied in California for fallow and reduced tillage systems and for alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked; uneven or overlapped applications, use appropriate marking devices.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation. Minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants, or other areas on which treatment was not intended.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. **Prolonged exposure of this product to uncoated steel surfaces may result in corrosion and possible failure of the part. Landing gear components are most susceptible.** The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

Ground Broadcast Equipment

Use the specified rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified. As density of weeds increases, increase spray volume within the specified range to ensure complete coverage. Carefully select proper nozzles to avoid spraying a fine mist. For best results with ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Check for even distribution of spray droplets.

Hand-Held and Backpack Equipment

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. For applications made on a spray to wet basis, spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to the point of runoff. Use coarse sprays only. Refer to the Hand-Held Sprayers section of this label for specified application rates and application timing.

Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars after dilution and thorough mixing with water to listed weeds growing in any noncrop site specified on this label and only when specified in cropping systems.

In cropping systems, use shielded sprayers, hooded sprayers, and wiper applicators in between rows of crop plants (row middles). Use wiper applicators over the top of crops only when specifically allowed to do so in this label. Selective equipment must be capable of preventing all contact of the herbicide solution with the crop and operated without spray mist escape, leakage, or dripping of the herbicide solution onto the corp.

Avoid contact of herbicide with desirable vegetation. Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators: When applied at the specified rates on the label and applied in shielded and hooded sprayers, this product controls the weeds listed in the rate tables in the Annual Weeds section and in the Perennial Weeds section. Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation.

A hooded sprayer is a type of shielded applicator. The spray pattern is completely enclosed on the top and all sides by a hood, thereby shielding the crop from the spray solution. Adjust the shields on these sprayers to protect desirable vegetation. Ensure that the hood completely encloses the spray pattern when applying around crops grown on raised beds. If necessary, extend the front and rear flaps of the hooded sprayer downward to reach the ground in deep furrows. **Exercise extreme care to avoid contact of herbicide with desirable vegetation**.

Configure and operate hooded sprayers in a manner that minimizes bouncing and avoids raising the hood up off of the surface of the ground at any time. If the hoods are raised, spray particles may escape and come into contact with the crop, causing damage or destruction of the crop. The spray hoods must be operated on the ground or skimming across the ground. Avoid operation on rough or sloping ground where the spray hoods might be raised off the ground.

Use hoods designed to minimize excessive dripping or run-off down the inside of the hood. For best results, position a single, low pressure, low drift, flat fan nozzle with an 80 to 95 degree spray angler at the top center of the hood. Spray volume when using hooded sprayers is 20 to 30 gallons per acre.

When using hooded sprayers, the following procedures reduce crop injury potential:Operate spray hoods on the ground or skimming across the ground surface.

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- Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. As an example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood is 30 inches.
- To avoid bouncing of the spray hoods, operate at ground speeds of no more than 5 mph.
- Apply when wind speeds are 10 mph or less.
- Use low drift nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area.

Crop injury may occur when foliage of treated weeds comes into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when crop leaves are growing in direct contact with weeds to be treated. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Wiper Applicators: Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Adjust wiper applicators used over the top of desirable vegetation so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds should be 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Adjust the applicator height to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Weeds that are not contacted by the herbicide will not be affected. When weeds are growing in dense clumps, in severe weed infestations, or when weed height varies dramatically, poor contact may occur. Repeat treatments may be necessary in these situations.

Operate this equipment at ground speeds no more than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a one-day period as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts by thoroughly flushing with water immediately after using this product.

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution when using a wiper applicator.

Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators: Use solutions of 33 to 75 percent of this product in water.

Panel Applicators: Use solutions of 33 to 100 percent of this product in water.

Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted controlled droplet application (CDA) equipment must not be less than the amount specified in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted CDA equipment, apply in 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

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For the control of annual weeds with hand-held CDA units, apply a 20 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fl oz per minute and a walking speed of 1.5 mph (2 pints per acre). For the control of perennial weeds, apply a 20 to 30 percent solution of this product at a flow rate of 2 fl oz per minute and a walking speed of 0.75 mph (2 to 3 quarts per acre).

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Exercise extreme care to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

Crops

This section is organized alphabetically by crop category. There may be several labeled crops listed in a crop category. Unless otherwise specified, applications may be made to control any weeds listed in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Also refer to the Selective Equipment section.

See Roundup Ready[®] Crops section for use of this product in crops that contain the Roundup Ready gene. Do not use the instructions in this Crops section.

Types of Applications

Chemical fallow, preplant fallow beds, preplant, at-planting, preemergence, hooded sprayer in row middles, shielded sprayer in row middles, wiper application in row middles, postharvest

Product Application Directions

Apply this product during fallow intervals before planting, prior to planting or transplanting, at-planting, or preemergence to annual and perennial crops listed on this label except where specifically limited. If a crop is not listed on this label, apply this product at least 30 days prior to planting. Apply this product according to the rates specified in the rate tables in the Annual Weeds section, Perennial Weeds section and Woody Brush and Trees section unless otherwise specified. Application rates specified on this label to control tough weeds, or those rates on supplemental labeling for this product, supersede the rates in the rate tables in the Annual Weeds section, and Woody Brush and Trees section.

Repeat applications up to a maximum of 6 quarts of this product per acre per year may be made.

Use hooded sprayers and wiper applicators capable of preventing all crop contact with the herbicide solution in mulched or unmulched row middles after crop establishment. To control tall weeds, wiper applicators may be used over the top of crops only when specifically directed in the individual crop sections. Refer to the Selective Equipment section for essential precautions regarding crop injury. Crop injury is possible with these types of application and is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

All treatments may be made by aerial equipment were appropriate provided that the applicator follows the precautions and restrictions specified on this label or on separate supplemental labeling.

Tank Mixes

This product may be tank mixed with other herbicides to provide residual weed control, a broader weed control spectrum or an alternate mode of action. Always read and follow label directions for all products used in the tank mix. Use all products according to the rates specified on the label. Some tank mix products have the potential to cause crop injury under certain conditions, at a certain crop growth stage, and/or under other circumstances. Read all product labels used in the tank mix prior to use to determine the potential for crop injury. Always perform a tank mix compatibility test by mixing small proportional quantities in advance. A tank mix of this product with other herbicides may cause incompatibility, antagonism, or a reduction in the efficacy of this product.

Product Precautions and Restrictions

• Do not let this herbicide contact foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops as severe crop injury or destruction may result.

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- When making at-planting and preemergence applications, apply before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury.
- A broadcast application made at emergence will result in injury or death of emerged seedlings.
- Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury.
- Treatments with selective equipment, including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers, must be made at least 14 days before harvest unless other specified.
- Make postharvest and fallow applications at least 30 days before planting any crop not listed on this label.
- When spot treatment is allowed, do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field to be harvested. The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow spray to drift outside of the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.
- For broadcast postemergence treatments, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for 8 weeks following application unless otherwise specified.
- Observe the maximum application rates specified in this label. The maximum application rate applies to the use of this product combined with the use of any and all other glyphosate-containing herbicides, whether applied separately or in a mixture. Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and do not exceed the specified maximum rate for the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products.

Alfalfa, Clover, and Other Forage Legumes

Labeled Crops: Alfalfa, clover, kenaf, kudzu, lespedeza, leucaena, lupin, sainfoin, trefoil, velvet bean, vetch (all types)

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, preharvest (except kenaf and leucaena), spot treatment, wiper applicators, stand removal

Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections for application rates of this product to specific weeds. This product controls specified annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied as directed.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting crops listed in this section. Make applications prior to emergence of the crop.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Remove domestic livestock before application.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Applications

This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top to crops listed in this section with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under Wiper Applicators and Sponge Bars in the Selective Equipment section of this label. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- For spot treatment and wiper applications, apply in areas where the movement of domestic livestock can be controlled.
- Remove domestic livestock before application and wait three days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
- No more than 10 percent of the total field area should be treated at one time.

Preharvest (Except Kenaf and Leucaena) and Stand Removal

This product may be used in declining stands or any stand where severe crop injury or crop destruction is acceptable. Apply this product as a broadcast application prior to harvest (except in kenaf and leucaena). It can also be used to remove established stands of any forage legumes listed in this section. This

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product will control annual and perennial weeds, including quackgrass, when applied at any time of the year. For control of quackgrass, apply in the spring, late summer or fall when quackgrass is actively growing. Follow treatments for quackgrass by deep tillage for complete control prior to the harvest of alfalfa. For complete removal of established stands of clover, it may be necessary to use the higher treatment rates listed in the rate table in the Perennial Weeds section.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Alfalfa:
 - --Maximum Single Preharvest Application Rate: 3 pints per acre
 - --Minimum Interval Between Application and Harvest or Grazing: 36 hours
 - --If crop is to be harvested or grazed by livestock, use up to a maximum of 3 pints per acre.
- All Other Legumes:
- --Maximum Single Preharvest Application Rate: 2.25 pints per acre --Minimum Interval Between Application and Harvest or Grazing: 3 days
- --If crop is to be harvested or grazed by livestock, use up to a maximum of 2.25 pints per acre.
- A preharvest or stand removal application may destroy an alfalfa stand and may severely injury or destroy other labeled crops such as clover.
- Remove domestic livestock before application.
- Make only one application to an existing crop stand per year.
- Do not apply preharvest to alfalfa grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- If the application rate required is more than these levels, do not graze or harvest treated foliage for livestock feed.
- Labeled crops may be planted into the treated area at any time; for other crops, wait 30 days between application and planting.

Alfalfa (Dormant)

(Not for Use in California)

Use this product to control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass, in dormant alfalfa.

Apply 7 to 9 fl oz of this product per acre in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Apply after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. If applications of this product are made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa, growth reduction and reduced crop yield will result. Slight discoloration of the alfalfa ma occur, but it will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as the effects of this product wears off.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with this product.
- Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated.
- Do not make more than one application per year.
- Wait 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
- Applying this product to dormant alfalfa can cause crop injury. Any crop injury is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Asparagus (See Miscellaneous Crops)

Canola, Crambe, Mustard (Seed) (See Oilseeds)

Cereal and Grain Crops

Labeled Crops: Barley, buckwheat, millet (pearl, proso), oats, quinoa, rice, rye, teff, teosinte, triticale, wheat (all), wild rice

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Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus red rice control prior to planting rice, spot treatment (except rice), wiper application (feed barley and wheat only), preharvest (wheat and feed barley only)

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not treat rice fields or levees when field contains water.

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting of cereal crops. Make applications prior to emergence of the crop.

Red Rice Control Prior to Planting Rice

Apply 2.25 pints of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Flush fields prior to application to obtain uniform germination and stand of red rice. Apply when the majority of the red rice plants are in the 2-leaf stage and no more than 4 inches tall. Red rice plants with less than 2 true leaves may be only partially controlled.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Avoid spraying during low humidity conditions as reduced control may result.
- Do not treat rice fields or levees when the fields contain floodwater.
- Do not re-flood treated fields for eight days following application.

Spot Treatment (Except Rice)

This product may be applied as a spot treatment in cereal crops. Apply this product before heading in small grains.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.
- The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applications (Wheat and Feed Barley Only)

To control common rye or cereal rye, apply after the weeds have headed and achieved maximum growth and when the rye is at least 6 inches above the wheat or feed barley crop.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.
- Do not use roller applicators.

Preharvest (Wheat and Feed Barley Only)

This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of wheat or feed barley. For wheat, apply after the hard dough stage of grain (30% or less grain moisture) and at least 7 days prior to harvest. For feed barley, apply after the hard dough stage and when the grain contains 20 percent moisture or less. Stubble may be grazed immediately after harvest.

This product may be applied using either aerial or ground spray equipment. For ground applications, apply this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply this product in 3 gallons or more of water per acre.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or grazing.
- Do not apply preharvest to wheat or barley grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

This product may be applied after harvest of cereal crops. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used provided the product to be tank mixed is registered for use on cereal crops.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of this product per acre.
- For any crop not listed on this label, make applications at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop.

Christmas Trees

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops section, site preparation, broadcast application

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply as an over the top broadcast spray in plantations or other labeled tree crops.

Directed Spray, Spot Treatment, and Wiper Application

This product may be used as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established Christmas trees.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.
- Exercise care to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Christmas trees.

Site Preparation

This product may be used prior to planting Christmas trees.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Take precautions to protect nontarget plants during site preparation applications.

Broadcast Application

(Not for Use in California)

Broadcast apply this product over the established Christmas tree species douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), fir species (*Abies* spp.), and spruce species (*Piecea* spp.). Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in 5 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Apply after trees have completed at least a full growing season since planting or transplanting.

Apply only in the fall after the formation of the final conifer resting buds. Final resting buds must be fully hardened and in the dormant stage. Applying this product at any other time may result in unacceptable injury to the Christmas trees. Avoid spray pattern overlap as injury may occur.

In some areas, 1.5 to 3 pints of this product per acre may be used. Consult your local representative for specific use instructions if rates greater than 1.5 pints per acre are required.

For best results, do not use drift control additives as they may increase injury to Christmas trees.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 full year prior to tree harvest.
- Ensure that adequate buffers are maintained to prevent drift onto nearby desirable crops or vegetation.
- Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, or any other additives to this product as severe Christmas tree injury may result.

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• Do not use other herbicides in a tank mix with this product as severe Christmas tree injury may occur.

Citrus

Labeled Crops: Calamondin, chironja, citron, citrus hybrids, grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, mandarin (tangerine), orange (all), pummelo, satsuma mandarin, tangelo (ugli), tangor

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine and Shrubs Crops section

Florida and Texas Only: For burndown or control of the weeds listed below, apply the listed rates of this product in 3 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Where weed foliage is dense, use 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

For goatweed, apply 3 to 4.5 pints of this product per acre. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre when plants are actively growing. Use 3 pints per acre when plants are less than 8 inches tall and 4.5 pints per acre when plants are more than 8 inches tall. If goatweed is more than 8 inches tall, the addition of Krovar II or Karmex may improve control. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

	Rate Per Acre (pint)					
Perennial Weeds	1.5	3	4.5	7.5		
bermudagrass	В		PC	С		
guineagrass (area) (Texas and Florida ridge)	В	С	с	с		
(Florida flatwoods)		В	С	С		
paragrass	В	С	С	C		
torpedograss	S		PC	С		

S = Suppression B = Burndown PC = Partial control C = Control

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

• Apply as a directed spray only in citron groves.

Conservation Reserve Program (CRP)

Types of Applications: Renovation (rotating out of CRP), site preparation, postemergence weed control in dormant CRP grasses, wiper applicator

Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections for application rates of this product to specific weeds. This product controls specified annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied as directed.

Renovation (Rotating Out of CRP) and Site Preparation

This product may be used to prepare CRP land for crop production. For any crops not listed for treatment in this label, make applications at least 30 days prior to planting.

Postemergence Weed Control in Dormant CRP Grasses and Wiper Applicator

This product may be used to suppress competitive growth and seed production of undesirable vegetation in CRP acres. Such applications may be made with wiper application equipment to control tall weeds or as a broadcast or spot treatment to dormant CRP grasses. For selective weed control, apply 9 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre with broadcast spray equipment in early spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as crested and tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth. Late fall applications can be made after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

- Some stunting of CRP perennial grasses will occur if broadcast applications are made when plants are not dormant.
- No waiting period is required between application and grazing or harvesting for feed.
- Do not apply more than 2.25 quarts per acre per year onto CRP grasses.

Corn

Use directions for corn hybrids with Roundup Ready and Roundup Ready 2 technology are in the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label.

Labeled Crops: Field corn, seed corn, silage corn, sweet corn, popcorn

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus spot treatment, preharvest, preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant *Amaranthus* spp.), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant common and giant ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting corn. Make applications prior to emergence of the crop.

Tank Mixes: This product may be tank mixed with the products below provided that the product selected is labeled for application prior to emergence of corn. Read and follow all label directions on the label of the tank mix product. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre or in 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre.

2,4-D Aim Aim EC Axiom Balance Balance Pro Banvel Bicep Magnum Bicep II Magnum Bicep Lite II Magnum Bullet Cinch Cinch ATZ Clarity Define Degree	Dual Magnum Dual II Magnum Epic Frontier FulTime Guardsman Guardsman MAX Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6L Hornet Keystone Keystone Keystone Keystone Kariat Leadoff Linex	Me-Too Lachlor II Micro-Tech Outlook Prowl Python Python II Radius Resolve Resource Shark Simazine Stalwart Stalwart Stalwart C Stalwart Xtra Surpass EC SureStart TopNoteb
0		
Degree Xtra	Lorox	TopNotch
Distinct	Marksman	

For tough to control annual weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane, and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 1.5 pints per acre in tank mixes. For other annual weeds listed in this label, apply 18 fl oz to 1.5 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 1.5 to 2.25 pints per acre when weeds are more than 6 inches tall. When using nitrogen solutions as the carrier, the rate may need to be increased for acceptable weed control.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Make applications with 2,4-D or dicamba at least 7 days prior to planting corn.

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 In southern states, do not apply this product in nitrogen solutions to tough to control grasses such as barnyardgrass, fall panicum, broadleaf signalgrass, annual ryegrass, and any perennial weeds. This area includes Illinois and Indiana south of Route 50, Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia and West Virginia.

Hooded Sprayers

This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of corn. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions on the use of hooded sprayers in the Application Equipment and Application Methods section.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Corn must be at least 12 inches tall measured without extending the leaves.
- Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of this product per acre for each application by hooded sprayer.
- Do not apply more than a total of 4.5 pints of this product per acre per year using hooded sprayer application.

Spot Treatment

For spot treatments, apply this product prior to silking of corn.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.
- The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

Make applications at 35 percent grain moisture or less. Ensure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed). For ground applications, apply up to 4.5 pints of this product per acre. For aerial applications, apply up to 1.5 pints of this product per acre.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not treat corn grown for seed because a reduction in germination or vigor may result.

Postharvest

This product may be applied after harvest of corn. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used provided the label of the tank mix product is registered for postharvest use in corn.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.
- Apply at least 30 days before planting any crop not listed on this label.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed) (Not for Use in California)

Apply this product in a preplant application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 2,4-D (0.5 lb active ingredient per acre) or Hornet WDG before horseweed is more than 6 inches in height. Dicamba may be used in a tank mix with this product. Include atrazine (1 to 2 lb active ingredient per acre) in the tank mix to provide residual control.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Amaranthus spp.)

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(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence herbicide such as Keystone, Keystone LA, FulTime, SureStart, or another residual herbicide to control *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Common and Giant Ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.)

(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide containing atrazine, such as Keystone, Keystone LA, FulTime, or another residual herbicide such as SureStart labeled to control ragweed species prior to the emergence of corn. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. For best results, apply a burndown application to control emerged weeds prior to planting or the emergence of corn. Apply this product before, during or after planting but prior to crop emergence for burndown to control a broad spectrum of emerged weeds. For additional weed control and to suppress emerged johnsongrass, apply this product along with Keystone, Keystone LA, or FulTime.

Cotton

Use directions for Roundup Ready cotton and Roundup Ready Flex cotton are in the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label.

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus selective equipment, spot treatment, preharvest, preplant (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant *Amaranthus* spp.), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant common and giant ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting cotton. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Tank Mixes: Apply tank mixes in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. This product may be tank mixed with the products listed provided the mixing partner is label for preplant application to cotton. Read and follow all precautions and restrictions on each tank mix product label and use according to the most restrictive statements.

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2,4-D			
Caparol			
Clarity			
Command			
Cotoran			
Cotton-Pro			
dicamba			

Direx Dual Magnum Dual II Magnum Karmex Meturon Parrlay Prowl Prowl H2O Reflex Staple Stalwart Zorial

Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through hooded sprayers, recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators over the top in cotton. See Selective Equipment in Application Equipment and Application Methods section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Spot Treatment

For spot treatments, apply this product prior to boll opening of cotton.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.
- The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

This product provides weed control and cotton regrowth inhibition when applied prior to harvest of cotton. For weed control, apply at rates given in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables of this label. Apply 12 fl oz to 3 pints of this product per acre for cotton regrowth inhibition. Apply after sufficient bolls have developed to produce the desired yield of cotton. Applications made prior to this time could affect maximum yield potential.

Tank Mixes: This product may be tank mixed with DEF 6, Dropp, Folex, Ginstar or Prep to provide additional enhancement of cotton leaf drop.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply to cotton grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for preharvest application to cotton.

Preplant (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed) (Not for Use in California)

Apply this product in a preplant application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 8 fl oz of Clarity per acre. Make this application 21 to 35 days before planting cotton and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. Observe a minimum of 21 days between the Clarity application and planting cotton during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall in order to avoid crop injury. 2,4-D may also be included in a tank mix with this product.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant *Amaranthus* spp.) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence soil residual herbicide labeled for control of

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Amaranthus spp. such as fluometuron (Cotoran) and/or pendimethalin (Prowl H2O). Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Common and Giant Ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.)

(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed. To control emerged weeds in a burndown application, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence broadleaf herbicide such as Clarity or 2,4-D. To help control emerged broadleaf weeds in a preplant application, add 2,4-D to the tank mix. For applications after planting but prior to the emergence of cotton to control emerged weeds, tank mix this product with Cotoran, a preemergence residual herbicide for continued control of common ragweed. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. For best results, apply a burndown application to control emerged weeds prior to planting or the emergence of cotton. Apply this product before, during or after planting but prior to crop emergence for burndown to control a broad spectrum of emerged weeds. For additional weed control and to suppress rhizome johnsongrass prior to planting cotton, apply this product along with a product containing pendimethalin or trifluralin. For additional control of emerged johnsongrass, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxydim).

Dry Peas, Lentils, Chickpeas (See Vegetable Crops)

Fallow Systems

Types of Applications: Chemical fallow, postharvest, preplant fallow beds, aid-to-tillage

Chemical Fallow

This product may be applied during the fallow period prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, make applications at least 30 days prior to planting. This product may be used as a substitute for tillage to control annual weeds in fallow fields. Also, broadcast or spot treatments will control or suppress many perennial weeds in fallow fields. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Application of up to 3 pints of this product per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury to adjacent crops from drift. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D, dicamba or Tordon[®] 22K specialty herbicide may be used provided the tank mix product is labeled for postharvest or fallow land use.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not aerially apply tank mixtures of this product with dicamba or Tordon 22K in California.
- Follow planting, cropping, crop rotation and other restrictions and use precautions on the labels of each product used in tank mixtures.
- Some crop injury may occur if dicamba is applied within 45 days of planting.

Preplant Fallow Beds

This product may be applied to fallow beds prior to planting or emergence of any crop listed on this label. For any crop not listed on this label, make applications at least 30 days prior to planting. This product will control weeds listed in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables.

Tank Mixes: 9 fl oz of this product plus 2 to 4 fl oz of Goal[®] 2XL herbicide per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 3 inches -- common cheeseweed, chickweed, groundsel; 6 inches -- London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

12 fl oz of this product plus 2 to 4 fl oz of Goal 2XL per acre will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches -- common cheeseweed, groundsel, marestail (*Conyza canadensis*), 12 inches -- chickweed, London rocket, shepherd's-purse.

Aid-to-Tillage

This product may be used in conjunction with tillage practices in fallow systems or preplant to labeled crops to control downy brome, cheat, volunteer wheat, tansy mustard and foxtail. Apply 6 fl oz of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make applications before weeds are 6 inches in height. Application must be followed by conventional tillage practices no later than 15 days after treatment and before regrowth occurs. Allow at least one day after application before tillage.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Tank mixtures of this product with residual herbicides may result in reduced performance.

Farmsteads

Types of Applications: General weed control, trim and edge, greenhouse/shadehouse, chemical mowing, cut stump, habitat management.

Weed Control and Trim and Edge

This product may be used in farmsteads including around building foundations, equipment storage areas, along and in fences, in dry ditches, dry canals, along ditchbanks, farm roads, shelterbelts, and prior to ornamental landscape plantings.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for the same use sites. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture. Tank mixes of this product with herbicides, insecticides or fungicides may result in crop injury or reduced weed control.

Arsenal	Pendulum 3.3 EC
Banvel	Pendulum WDG
Barricade 65WG	Plateau
Clarity	Princep DF
dicamba	Princep 4L
diuron	Ronstar
Endurance	Sahara DG
Escort XP	Simazine
Karmex DF	Telar DF
Krovar I DF	Vanquish
Oust	2,4-D

For annual weeds, apply 1.5 pints per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, 2.25 pints per acre when weeds are 6 to 12 inches tall, and 3 pints per acre when weeds are more than 12 inches tall. For perennial weeds, apply 3 pints to 3.75 quarts per acre in a tank mix with the above products. To apply this product using a backpack sprayer, handgun, or other hand-held applicator, see the Annual Weeds section of this label for the required concentration of this product in the mix.

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Precautions and Restrictions:

• Tank mixtures of this product with dicamba must not be applied by air in California.

Greenhouse/Shadehouse

Use this product to control weeds in and around greenhouses and shadehouses.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product in residential greenhouses.
- Turn off air circulation fans until after the application has dried.
- Remove desirable vegetation during the application.

Chemical Mowing

This product suppresses perennial grasses listed in this section and serves as a substitute for mowing. Use 4.5 fl oz of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass, tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, bahiagrass, or quackgrass covers. Apply 12 fl oz per acre when treating bermudagrass. Apply 3 pints of this product per acre when treating torpedograss or paragrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Chemical mowing applications may be made along farm ditches and other parts of farmsteads.

Precautions and Restrictions:

Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Habitat Management

Types of Uses: Habitat restoration and maintenance, wildlife food plots

Habitat Restoration and Maintenance: This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements. Spot treatments can be made to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. The tank mixtures listed in this section of the label (Farmsteads) may be used for habitat restoration and maintenance.

Wildlife Food Plots: This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage.

Precautions and Restrictions:

 Following application of this product, there are no rotational restrictions for planting any wildlife food species or allowing native species to repopulate the area.

Fescue Grown for Seed (Not for Use in California)

Apply this product on glyphosate-tolerant tall and fine fescue grown for seed only. Use 4 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre as a postemergence spray on glyphosate-tolerant tall fescue selections. Apply six weeks after germination and to established crops after growth resumes in the fall until onset of dormancy, and in the spring after dormancy break until 60 days before harvest.

Applying this product postemergence controls or suppresses the following weeds: annual bluegrass mustards, Canada thistle, cheatgrass, chickweed, dandelion, downy brome, fleabane, pennycress, quackgrass, shepherd's-purse, sowthistle, and wild oat. The specified rate range of this product limits the level of control of certain weed species. **Note:** Some crop discoloration and yellowing may occur at higher rates of application with glyphosate-tolerant tall and fine fescue selections. Reduction in stand of these selections may occur under conditions of stress.

- Do not spray during or within two weeks after periods when the air temperature is below 25°F.
- Remove domestic livestock from the seed production field prior to application.
- Do not resume grazing or harvesting the treated area for 60 days after application.
- Make only two applications of this product per crop growth cycle to any one site. If two applications are required, make only one fall and one spring application during one 12-month cycle.

Flax (See Oilseeds)

Grain Sorghum (Milo)

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus spot treatment, wiper applicators, preharvest

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting grain sorghum. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop.

Tank Mixes: The following herbicide products may be applied in tank mix combination with this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre. Ensure that the product chosen is labeled for application prior to planting or emergence of grain sorghum.

atrazine	Intrro
Bicep II Magnum	Lariat
Bullet	Micro-Tech
Dual II Magnum	

For difficult to control weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 1.5 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 18 fl oz to 1.5 pints of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 1.5 to 2.25 pints when weeds are more than 6 inches tall. The use rate may need to be increased to achieve adequate weed control when nitrogen solutions are used as the carrier.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Applicators

This product may be applied as a spot treatment in grain sorghum. Make spot treatments before heading of milo. This product may be applied with wiper applicators to control or suppress the weeds listed under Wiper Applicators in the Selective Equipment section of this label.

Precautions and Restrictions:

Spot Treatment

- --Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.
- --The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Wiper Applicator

- --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 40 days of harvest.
- --Do not use roller applicators.
- --Do not feed or graze treated milo fodder.
- --Do not ensile treated vegetation.

Hooded Sprayers

This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of grain sorghum. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. See additional instructions for the use of hooded sprayers in the Application Equipment and Application Methods section of this label.

- Grain sorghum must be at least 12 inches tall measured without extending the leaves.
- Treat before grain sorghum sends tillers between the drill rows. If tillers are sprayed with this herbicide, the main plant may be damaged or destroyed.
- Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.
- Do not graze or feed grain sorghum forage or fodder following applications of this product through hooded sprayers.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of this product per acre per hooded sprayer application.
- Do not apply more than 4.5 pints of this product per acre per year using hooded sprayer application.

Preharvest

This product may be applied prior to harvest of grain sorghum. Make applications at 30 percent grain moisture or less.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product per acre.
- Avoid preharvest application of this product to milo infected with charcoal rot as lodging can occur.
- Do not treat sorghum grown for seed as reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- The use of this product for preharvest grain sorghum (milo) is not registered in California.

Postharvest

This product may be applied after harvest of grain sorghum. Higher rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used provided the tank mix product is labeled for postharvest or fallow land use.

This product may be applied to grain sorghum (milo) stubble following harvest to suppress or control regrowth. Apply 1.5 pints of this product per acre for control or 1.25 pints of this product per acre for suppression.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or feeding of treated vegetation.
- Apply at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

Grass Seed or Sod Production

Labeled Crops: Any grass (*Gramineae* family), except corn, sorghum, sugarcane, and those listed in the Cereal and Grain Crops section of the label

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, renovation, site preparation, removal of established stand, shielded sprayers, wiper applicators, spot treatments, creating rows in annual ryegrass.

Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections for application rates of this product to specific weeds. This product controls specified annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied as directed.

Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting, Renovation, Removal of Established Stand and Site Preparation

Apply to existing vegetation for renovation of turf or forage grass areas grown for seed production, or to establish turfgrass grown for sod. This product can be used to destroy any remaining undesirable grass vegetation when production fields are converted to alternate species or crops. Applications must be made prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury. For maximum control of existing vegetation,

delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. If existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply after omitting at least one regular mowing as sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm season turfgrasses, such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide best control. Use broadcast application equipment to control sod remnants or any other unwanted vegetation after harvesting sod. Apply up to 3.75 quarts of this product per acre to totally remove an established stand of tough to kill grass species.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment.
- Delay tillage or renovation techniques, such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing, for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts.
- If application rates total 2.25 quarts or less per acre, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the application rate is more than 2.25 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks following application before grazing or harvesting.
- Crops listed on this label may be planted into the treated area at any time. For any crop not listed for treatment in this label, applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting. Apply this product prior to the emergence of the crop to avoid crop injury.

Shielded Sprayers

Apply 1.5 to 4.5 pints of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre to control weeds in rows. Uniform planting in straight rows aids in shielded sprayer applications. Best results are obtained when the grass seed crop is small enough to easily pass by or through the protective shields.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Wiper Applicators

Apply this product over the top of desirable grasses using a wiper applicator to control tall weeds.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide solution settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Spot Treatments

Use a 1 percent solution using hand-held spray equipment to control weeds in established vegetation prior to heading of grasses grown for seed. Hand-held equipment may also be used for controlling sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• The crop receiving the spray in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow spray to drift outside of the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Creating Rows in Annual Ryegrass

Use 12 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre mixed with water. For best results, apply before ryegrass reaches 6 inches in height. Use the higher rate when the ryegrass is more than 6 inches tall. Set nozzle heights to allow the establishment of the desired row spacing while preventing spray droplets, spray fines, or drift to contact the ryegrass plants not treated.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Use low pressure nozzles or drop nozzles designed to target the application over a narrow band.
- Grower assumes all responsibility for crop losses from misapplication.

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Herbs and Spices

Labeled Crops: Allspice, angelica, annatto (seed), balm, basil, black caraway; borage, burnet, camomile, caper buds, caraway, cardamom, cassia bark, cassia buds, catnip, celery seed, chervil (dried), Chinese chive, chive, cilantro (leaf and seed), cinnamon, clary, clove buds, coriander leaf (cilantro or Chinese parsley), coriander seed (cilantro), costmary, cumin, curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), dill (seed), epazote, fennel seed (common and Florence), fenugreek, grains of paradise, horehound, hyssop, juniper berry, lavender, lemongrass, lovage (leaf and seed), mace, marigold, marjoram (including oregano), Mexican oregano, mioga flower, mustard (seed), nasturtium, nutmeg, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, pepper (black and white), pepper leaves, peppermint, perilla, poppy (seed), rosemary, rue, saffron, sage, savory (summer and winter), spearmint, star anise, stevia leaves, sweet bay, tansy, tarragon, thyme, vanilla, white ginger flower, wintergreen, woodruff, wormwood

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus wiper application (peppermint and spearmint only), spot treatments (peppermint and spearmint only).

Precautions and Restrictions:

- When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct seeding crops into plastic mulch, take care to remove residues of this product which could cause crop injury from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5 inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system.
- Take care to insure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes.
- Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

Wiper Application and Spot Treatments (Peppermint and Spearmint Only)

This product may be used as a spot treatment in spearmint and peppermint. Apply spray to wet with hand-held equipment, such as backpack and knapsack sprayers, pump-up pressure sprayers, hand-guns, hand-wands or any other hand-held or motorized spray equipment, used to direct the spray solution onto a limited area. See additional instructions on the use of wiper applicators in the Application Equipment and Application Methods section of the label.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Further applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.
- Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested with a spot application at one time.
- The crop receiving spray in the treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside the target area for this reason.
- For wiper application, droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide solution onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting, or destruction.

Miscellaneous Crops

Labeled Crops: Aloe vera, asparagus, bamboo shoots, globe artichoke, okra, peanut (ground nut), pineapple, strawberry, sugar beet

Use directions for Roundup Ready sugar beet are in the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label.

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus general weed control, site preparation, spot treatment (asparagus), postharvest (asparagus)

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result.

- When making preemergence and at-planting applications, apply before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury.
- Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury.
- In crops with vines, make hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applicators applications to row middles d in the label for this product, make treatments with selective equipment including wiper applicators and hooded sprayers at least 14 days prior to harvest.
- Make postharvest or fallow applications at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop.
- See Application Equipment and Application Methods section of this label for additional information.

Weed Control and Site Preparation

This product may be applied for general weed control or site preparation prior to planting or transplanting crops listed in this section.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- When applying this product prior to transplanting or direct seeding crops into plastic mulch, take care to remove residues of this product which could cause crop injury from the plastic prior to planting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5 inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or via a sprinkler system.
- Take care to insure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes.
- Allow at least 21 days between residue removal and transplanting.
- Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.
- Do not apply within one week before the first asparagus spears emerge.
- Do not feed or graze treated pineapple forage following application.

Spot Treatment (Asparagus)

This product may be applied immediately after cutting, but prior to the emergence of new spears.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.
- Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

Postharvest (Asparagus)

This product may be applied after the last harvest and all spears have been removed. If spears are allowed to regrow, delay application until ferns have developed. Apply delayed treatments as a directed or shielded spray in order to avoid contact of the spray with ferns, stems or spears. A directed spray is any application where the spray pattern is aligned in such a way as to avoid direct contact of the spray with the crop. A shielded spray is any application where a physical barrier is positioned and maintained between the spray and the crop to prevent contact of spray with the crop. See Application Equipment and Application Methods section of this label for additional information.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Direct contact of the spray with the asparagus may result in serious crop injury.
- Select and use types of spray equipment specified for postemergence postharvest applications.

Labeled Crops: Cactus (fruit and pads), palm (heart, leaves), palm (oil)

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine and Shrubs Crops section

Labeled Crops: Pine, poplar, eucalyptus, all other non-food tree crops

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine and Shrubs Crops section

Site Preparation

Use this product for weed control prior to planting non-food tree crops.

• Take precautions to protect non-target plants during site preparation application.

Directed Spray, Spot Treatment, and Wiper Application

Use this product as a post-directed spray and spot treatment around established poplar, eucalyptus, and all other non-food tree crops.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings of impermeable materials.
- Do not let spray, drift or mist of this product come into contact with foliage or green bark of established pine trees.

Oilseeds

Labeled Crops: Borage, buffalo gourd (seed), canola, crambe, flax, jojoba, lesquerella, meadowfoam, mustard (seed), rape, safflower, sesame, sunflower

Use directions for Roundup Ready canola are in the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label.

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus preharvest (safflower and sunflower)

Precautions and Restrictions:

Canola

--Do not apply more than a combined total of 3 pints of this product per acre for all preemergence and shielded sprayer applications.

- Sunflower
 - --Do not apply more than a combined total of 1.5 pints of this product per acre for all preharvest, preplant, preemergence, and hooded/shielded sprayer applications per year.
- Safflower

--Do not apply more than a combined total of 2.25 quarts of this product per acre for all preharvest, preemergence and hooded/shielded sprayer applications per year.

- For oilseed crops other than sunflowers, do not harvest or feed treated vegetation for eight weeks following application.
- For any crop not listed on this label, make applications at least 30 days prior to planting the next crop.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting oilseed crops. Make broadcast applications prior to emergence of the listed oilseed crops. Wiper applicators or hooded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established.

For sunflowers, a tank mixture with Pendimax 3.3 or Prowl (pendimethalin) may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod, or in previous crop residue. Apply a minimum of 18 fl oz of this product per acre when tank mixing with Spartan herbicide.

Precautions and Restrictions:

Sunflower

--Do not feed or graze sunflower forage following application of this product.

Postharvest

For postharvest applications, higher application rates may be required for control of large weeds that were growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixtures of this product with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used provided the product to be tank mixed is registered for use on this use site.

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or feeding treated vegetation.
- Apply at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

Selective Equipment

Wiper applicators or hooded/shielded sprayers may be used between the rows once the crop is established. See the Selective Equipment part of the Application Equipment and Application Methods section for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Preharvest (Safflower and Sunflower)

This product provides weed control when applied as a harvest aid to a physiologically mature crop prior to harvest of safflower or sunflower. For safflower, apply when the seed has lost its opaque character, approximately 20 to 30 days after the end of flowering of the secondary branches. For sunflower, apply when the backsides of sunflower heads are yellow and bracts are turning brown and seed moisture content is less than 35 percent.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or livestock feeding.
- Apply at least 30 days prior to planting any crop not listed on this label.

Pastures

Types of Pasture: Bahiagrass, bermudagrass, bluegrass, brome, fescue, guineagrass, kikuyugrass, orchardgrass, pangola grass, ryegrass, timothy, wheatgrass, (any grass species in the *Gramineae* family except corn, sorghum, sugarcane and those listed in Cereal or Grain Crops section of this label)

Types of Applications: Spot treatment, wiper application, preplant, preemergence, pasture renovation, postemergence weed control (broadcast applications)

Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections for application rates of this product to specific weeds. This product controls specified annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds when applied as directed.

Preplant, Preemergence and Pasture Renovation

This product may be applied prior to planting or emergence of forage grasses and legumes. In addition, this product may be used to control perennial pasture species listed on this label prior to replanting.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- If application rates total 2.25 quarts or less per acre, no waiting period between treatment and feeding or livestock grazing is required.
- If the rate is more than 2.25 quarts per acre, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 8 weeks after application before grazing or harvesting.
- Crops listed for treatment in this label may be planted into the treated area at any time; for other crops, wait 30 days between application and planting.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Application

This product may be applied as a spot treatment or over the top with wiper applicators in pastures to control tall weeds. Applications may be made in the same area at 30-day intervals.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- For spot treatment and wiper applications using rates of 2.25 quarts or less per acre, the entire field or any portion of it may be treated.
- When spot treatments or wiper applications are made using rates more than 2.25 quarts per acre, no more than 10 percent of the total pasture may be treated at any one time.

 To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.

Postemergence Weed Control (Broadcast Application)

Apply this product to pastures to suppress competitive growth and seed production of annual weeds and undesirable vegetation. Apply 9 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre for selective weed control in early spring before desirable perennial grasses break dormancy and initiate green growth. A higher rate in the rate range may be used to control tough to control weeds; however, if perennial grasses are no longer dormant, injury will occur. Apply a late fall application after desirable perennial grasses have reached dormancy.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- If broadcast application is made when plants are not dormant, some stunting of perennial grasses will occur.
- Using a higher rate in the rate range will cause stand reduction.
- There is no required waiting period between application and grazing or harvesting for feed.
- Do not apply more than 2.25 quarts per acre per year onto pasture grasses except for renovation uses as described on this label.
- Wait 30 days after application before planting any crop not listed on this label if replanting is needed due to severe stand reduction.

Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures (Not for Use in California)

Apply this product at 11 fl oz per acre to control annual bluegrass, cheat, crabgrass, henbit, seedling johnsongrass, little barley, oats, Italian ryegrass, field sandbur, sunflower, wheat, and wild mustard and more other winter annual grass and broadleaf weeds in established coastal bermudagrass pastures.

Applications Prior to Spring Growth: Apply this product in either late winter or early spring, but before new coastal bermudagrass growth begins in the spring. Otherwise, new growth of the bermudagrass can be damaged. Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before applying this product. Wait for 60 days after making this application before resuming grazing or harvesting the treated area.

Applications Following First Cutting: Apply this product after the first bermudagrass cutting when the bermudagrass has not yet begun to regrow. Otherwise, regrowth of the bermudagrass can be damaged. Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before applying this product. Wait for 28 days after making this application before resuming grazing or harvesting the treated area.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not make more than one application per year to any one field.
- Do not make a spring application prior to growth and an application following the first cutting on the field during the same year.

Peanuts (See Miscellaneous Crops)

Raspberry

(Not for Use in California)

Types of Applications: Preplant (site preparation) broadcast spray, general weed control, middles (between rows of bushes), strips (within rows of bushes), selective equipment (shielded sprayer, wiper applicator), directed spray, spot treatment, perennial grass suppression, cut stump

Apply this product with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayer, hand-held and backpack wand, lance, orchard gun or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

Apply 12 fl oz to 3.75 quarts of this product per acre according to the rate tables in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections of this label. Use a higher rate in the rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are more than 12 inches tall.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not transplant raspberries within 3 days of application.
- Do not apply more than 7-8 quarts of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply herbicide spray to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots and foliage.

Safflower (See Oilseeds)

Small Fruits and Berries

Labeled Crops: Blackberry (including bingleberry, black satin berry, boysenberry, Cherokee blackberry, chesterberry, Cheyenne blackberry, coryberry, darrowberry, dewberry, Dirksen thornless berry, Himalayaberry, hullberry, juneberry, lavacaberry, lowberry, lucretiaberry, marionberry, nectarberry, olallieberry, Oregon evergreen berry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, ravenberry, rossberry, Shawnee blackberry, and youngberry), blueberry, boysenberry, cranberry, currant, elderberry, gooseberry, loganberry, raspberry (black, red), salal

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus spot treatment (cranberry), postharvest (cranberry)

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Cranberry:
- --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Other Small Fruits and Berries: --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not permit herbicide solution to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots, canes or foliage.

Spot Treatment (Cranberry)

Spot treatments may be used to control weeds growing in dry ditches (interior and perimeter) of cranberry production areas. Hand-held sprayers or appropriate application equipment listed under Application Equipment and Application Methods in this label may be used. Reduce water level to remove standing water in ditches prior to application. For hand-held sprayers, use 1 to 1.5 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, but not to run-off.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- For treatments after draw down of water in dry ditches, allow two days or more after treatment before reintroducing water to achieve maximum weed control.
- Apply this product within one day after draw down to ensure application to actively growing weeds.
- Do not make applications by air.
- Do not apply directly to water.
- Use nozzles that emit medium to large sized droplets to minimize drift in order to avoid crop injury.

Postharvest (Cranberry)

Application of this product may be made after the harvest of cranberries to control weeds growing within the field. Best results will be obtained if applications are made to vines that appear dormant (after they have turned red). Hand-held sprayers, wipers, or other appropriate application equipment listed under Application Equipment and Application Methods_in this label may be used. If using hand-held sprayers, use a 0.4 to 0.75 percent solution of this product. Spray to wet vegetation, but not to run off. If using hand-held boom sprayers, apply 3 to 6 pints of this product per acre.

- Make applications only after cranberries have been harvested.
- Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total bog.
- Allow a minimum of 6 months after the last application and next harvest of cranberries.
- Do not make applications by air.
- · Do not apply directly to water.
- Even though vines appear dormant, contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or severe plant injury. Cranberry plants that are directly sprayed may be killed.

Soybean

Use directions for Roundup Ready soybean and Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybean are in the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label.

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus spot treatment, preharvest, selective equipment-preplant (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant *Amaranthus* spp.), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant common and giant ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.), preplant/preemergence/at-planting (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting soybeans. Applications must be made prior to emergence of the crop. Apply a minimum of 18 fl oz of this product per acre when tank mixing with Aim, Authority, Canopy XL, Valor, Gangster, or Gauntlet herbicides.

Tank Mixes: Tank mixes of this product with the following herbicide products may be applied before, during or after planting in conventional tillage systems, into a cover crop, established sod or in previous crop residue. Apply these tank mixes in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Aim	FirstRate [®]	Prowl
Assure II	Flexstar	Prowl H2O
Authority	Frontier	Pursuit
Axiom	Fusion	Pursuit Plus
Blanket	Gangster	Python
Boundary	Gauntlet	Reflex
Canopy	Intrro	Resource
Canopy EX	Lexone	Scepter
Classic	Linex	Sencor
Command	Lorox/Linuron	Sonic
Command Xtra	Lorox Plus	Squadron
Domain	Me-Too Lachlor	Steel
Dual Magnum	Micro-Tech	Treflan
Dual II Magnum	Outlook	Valor .

For difficult to control weeds, such as fall panicum, barnyardgrass, crabgrass, shattercane and broadleaf signalgrass up to 2 inches tall, and Pennsylvania smartweed up to 6 inches tall, apply this product at 1.5 pints per acre in these tank mixtures. For other labeled annual weeds, apply 12 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre when weeds are less than 6 inches tall, and 1.5 to 2.25 pints when weeds are more than 6 inches tall.

Spot Treatment

For spot treatments, apply this product prior to initial pod set in soybeans.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not treat more than 10 percent of the total field area to be harvested.

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• The crop receiving spray in treated area will be killed. Take care to avoid drift or spray outside target area for the same reason.

Preharvest

This product provides weed control when applied prior to harvest of soybeans.

Apply at rates given in the annual, perennial and woody brush tables. Avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts of this product per acre for preharvest applications.
- Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product per acre by air.
- If more than 1.5 pints of this product is used, do not graze or harvest treated hay or fodder for livestock feed within 25 days of last preharvest application.
- If 1.5 pints of this product or less is used, the grazing restriction is reduced to 14 days after last preharvest application.
- Do not apply to soybeans grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.

Selective Equipment

This product may be applied through recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars in soybeans.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of application.
- See the Selective Equipment part of the Application Equipment and Application Methods section of this label for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment.

Preplant (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed)

(Not for Use in California)

Apply this product in a preplant application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. For best results, control horseweed prior to planting. Use 24 fl oz of this product per acre in a tank mix with 2,4-D (0.5 lb active ingredient per acre) before horseweed is more than 6 inches in height.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant *Amaranthus* spp.) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide such as Sonic, alachlor (Intrro) or another residual herbicide to control *Amaranthus* spp. For preplant applications, add 2,4-D to the tank mix to help control emerged broadleaf weeds.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with lactofen (Cobra) or fomesafen (Flexstar) to control emerged *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Common and Giant Ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.)

(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.). To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide such as

FirstRate (cloransulam-methyl) where ALS resistance is not an issue. To help control emerged broadleaf weeds, add 2,4-D to the tank mix for a preplant application.

To control emerged ragweed species, apply this product in a tank mix with FirstRate (cloransulammethyl), lactofen (Cobra), or fomesafen (Flexstar)

Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. For best results, apply a burndown application to control emerged weeds prior to planting or the emergence of soybean. Apply this product before, during or after planting but prior to crop emergence for burndown to control a broad spectrum of emerged weeds. For control or suppression of emerged rhizome johnsongrass, apply this product in a tank mix with a product containing alachlor, metolachlor, pendimethalin, or trifluralin. To suppress emerged johnsongrass, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop), or Poast Plus (sethoxydim).

Strawberry

Apply up to 48 fl oz of this product per acre to control annual and perennial weeds prior to emergence of strawberries. Apply at least three days before transplanting or planting.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.
- When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, take care to remove spray
 residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting otherwise crop injury could occur.
 Removal of residues may be accomplished by application of 0.5 inch of water either by rainfall or
 sprinkler irrigation.
- Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death of emerged seedlings.
- Do not use this product on strawberry in New York State.
- Do not use this product on strawberry in California and New York State.

Sugarcane

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus spot treatment, sugarcane ripening

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied in or around sugarcane fields or in fields prior to the emergence of plant cane.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply to vegetation in or around ditches, canals or ponds containing water to be used for irrigation.

Spot Treatment

This product may be applied as a spot treatment in sugarcane. For control of volunteer or diseased sugarcane, make a 1 percent solution of this product in water and spray to wet the foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Volunteer or diseased sugarcane should have at least 7 new leaves.

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- Avoid spray contact with healthy cane plants since severe damage or destruction may result.
- Do not feed or graze treated sugarcane foliage following application.

Fallow Treatment

This product may be used as a replacement for tillage in fields that are lying fallow between sugarcane crops. This product may also be used to remove the last stubble of ratoon cane. For removal of last stubble of ratoon cane, apply 3 to 3.75 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to new growth having at least 7 new leaves. Allow 7 days or more after application before tillage. Ground or aerial application equipment may be used. Application of up to 4.5 pints per acre may be made by aerial application in fallow sites where there is sufficient buffer to prevent injury to adjacent crops from drift. Tank mixes with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used provided the product to be tank mixed is labeled for use on sugarcane.

Hooded Sprayers

This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sugarcane. See additional instructions for using hooded sprayers in the Application Equipment and Application Methods section of the label.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not allow treated weeds to come into contact with the crop. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution settling on the crop may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Such damage is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

Sugarcane Ripening

(Not for Use in California)

This product is a foliar-applied plant growth regulator that hastens ripening and increases the sucrose level in sugarcane. This is effective in both low- and high-tonnage sugarcane. Following the directions in this label will hasten ripening and extent the period of high sucrose level in sugarcane. Improved trash burn can be expected as a result of leaf desiccation.

The top nodes of the treated cane stalk is where the sucrose increase is concentrated. Top at the base of the fourth leaf to maximize sugar recovery where topping is practiced at harvest.

Before applying this product for sugarcane ripening, consult your state sugarcane authority regarding the degree of anticipated sucrose response from the variety of sugarcane to be treated. Other than the following listed crops, do not plant subsequent crops in treated fields within 30 days after application: alfalfa or other forage legumes, beans (all types), corn (all types), cotton, melons (all types), pasture grasses, peanuts, potatoes (Irish or sweet), sorghum (milo), soybeans, squash (all types), wheat.

Application Rates and Application Timing: The following application rates and application timing must be followed according to the state in which sugarcane is grown. Use a higher rate in the rate range when treating sugarcane under adverse ripening conditions or when less responsive varieties are treated.

Florida: Apply 9 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre three to five weeks before the harvest of last ration cane only.

Hawaii: Apply 11 to 22.5 fl oz of this product per acre four to 10 weeks before harvest.

Louisiana: Apply 8 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre three to seven weeks before the harvest of ration cane only.

Puerto Rico: Apply 9 fl oz of this product per acre three to five weeks before harvest of ration cane only.

Texas: Apply 9 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre three to five weeks before the harvest of ration cane only.

- Applying this product may initiate development of shooting eyes.
- The sucrose content of sugarcane under conditions of good natural ripening may not increase.
- This product may produce a slight yellowing to a pronounced browning, drying of leaves, and a shortening of upper internodes within two to three weeks after applying this product.
- Spindle death may occur.
- Effectiveness may be reduced if rainfall occurs within six hours after application.
- For best results, do not apply to sugarcane grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- Do not feed or graze sugarcane forage after application.
- Do not apply for enhanced ripening to any other crop except sugarcane. Use of this product in any manner not specified on this label may result in injury or other unintended consequences to persons. animals, or crops,

Sunflowers (See Oilseeds)

Tree Fruits (Pome Fruit and Stone Fruit)

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, Convza canadensis) in all tree fruits listed in this section. Apply 3 pints of this product per acre plus 2.4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre or 2 pints of Orchard Master CA per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre.

Pome Fruit

Labeled Crops: Apple, crabapple, loguat, mayhaw, pear (including Oriental pear), guince

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops section plus glyphosate-resistant horseweed

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

Stone Fruit

Labeled Crops: Apricot, cherry (sweet, sour), nectarine, olive, peach, plum/prune (all), plumcot

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops section plus glyphosate-resistant horseweed

Apply only as a directed spray to olive groves.

Remove suckers and low hanging limbs at least 10 days prior to application. Avoid applications near trees with recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury. Apply only near trees that have been planted in the orchard for two years or more. Extreme care must be taken to ensure no part of the peach tree is contacted.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 17 days of harvest.

Tree Nuts

Labeled Crops: Almond, beechnut, betelnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, coconut, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia, pecan, pine nut, pistachio, walnut (black, English) **Types of Applications:** Those listed in Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops section plus glyphosate-resistant horseweed

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply 3 pints of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre or 2 pints of Orchard Master CA per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Tree Nuts
 - --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.
- Coconut
 - --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Tree, Vine and Shrub Crops

Types of Applications: General weed control, middles (between rows of trees, vines or shrubs), strips (in row of trees, vines or shrubs), selective equipment (except kiwi), directed spray, spot treatment, perennial grass suppression, cut stump, preplant (site preparation) broadcast spray, glyphosate-resistant horseweed (grape only)

NOTE: This section gives general directions that apply to all tree, vine, and shrub crops. See the individual crop sections for instructions, preharvest intervals, precautions and restrictions for specific crops.

Apply with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, hand-held and backpack wands, lances, orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment except as directed. This product may be applied in middles, strips and for general weed control or perennial grass suppression in established tree fruit and tree nut groves, orchards, berries, and vineyards. This product may also be used for site preparation prior to planting or transplanting these crops. Apply at rates given in the annual and perennial weed and woody brush tables. Use a higher rate when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations, or are more than 12 inches tall. Repeat applications may be made up to a maximum of 8 guarts per acre per year.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Exercise extreme care to avoid contact of herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of trunk, branches, suckers, fruit or other parts of trees, canes and vines. Contact of this product with other than matured brown bark can result in serious crop damage or destruction.
- Do not apply when recent pruning wounds or other mechanical injury have occurred.
- Use only shielded or directed sprayers in crops with potential for contact with the crop. Ensure there is sufficient clearance.
- Use only selective equipment (directed spray, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer, or wiper applicator) for application in strips (within rows of trees) to minimize the potential for overspray or drift of this product onto crops.
- Fully enclosed hooded or shielded sprayers, including top, sides, front, and back, must be used on berry crops. Use only wiper applicators or shielded applicators that prevent all contact of this product with the crop.
- Do not apply within 3 days of transplanting crops.

Middles (Between Rows of Trees)

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This product will control or suppress annual and perennial weeds and groundcovers growing between the rows of labeled tree and vine crops. If weeds are under drought stress, irrigate prior to application. Reduced control may result if weeds have been mowed prior to application.

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Tank Mixes: A tank mixture of this product plus Goal 2XL may be used for annual weeds in middles between rows of citrus crops, tree fruits, tree nuts and vine crops. Use this mixture when weeds are stressed or growing in dense populations. Application of 12 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre plus 3 to 12 fl oz of Goal 2XL per acre will control annual weeds with a maximum height or diameter of 6 inches, including crabgrass, hairy fleabane (*Conyza bonariensis*), common groundsel, junglerice, common lambsquarters, redroot pigweed, London rocket, common ryegrass, shepherd's-purse, annual sowthistle, common cheeseweed (malva), filaree (suppression), horseweed/marestail (*Conyza canadensis*), stinging nettle and common purslane (suppression). This tank mix also controls common cheeseweed (malva) or hairy fleabane with a maximum height or diameter of 3 inches.

This product may be applied between rows of trees in tank mixes with the following products. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions and precautionary statements.

Devrinol 50-DF	Prowl
Direx 4L	Simazine 4L
Goal 2XL	Simazine 80W
Karmex DF	Sim-Trol 4L
Karmex II DF	Solicam DF
Princep Caliber 90	

Strips (in Rows of Trees)

This product may be applied in rows of tree or vine crops and may also be tank mixed with the following herbicide products. Refer to the individual product labels for specific crops, rates, geographic restrictions, and precautionary statements.

Devrinol 50-DF	Prowl
Direx 4L	Simazine 4L
Goal 2XL	Simazine 80W
Karmex DF	Sim-Trol 4L
Karmex II DF	Solicam DF
Princep Caliber 90	

Precautions and Restrictions:

Do not apply these tank mixtures in Puerto Rico.

Perennial Grass Suppression

This product will suppress perennial grasses such as bahiagrass, bermudagrass, tall fescue, orchardgrass, Kentucky bluegrass, and quackgrass that are grown as groundcovers in tree, vine and shrub crops.

For suppression of tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass and quackgrass, apply 6 fl oz of this product in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. For suppression of Kentucky bluegrass covers, apply 4.5 fl oz of this product per acre. Do not add ammonium sulfate.

For best results, mow cool season turfgrass covers in the spring to even their height and apply this product three to four days after mowing.

For suppression of vegetative growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4.5 fl oz of this product in 10 to 25 gallons of water per acre. Apply one to two weeks after full green-up or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. Apply prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fl oz of this product per acre, followed by an application of 3 to 4 fl oz per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than two applications per year.

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For burndown of bermudagrass, apply 1.5 to 3 pints of this product in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Use this treatment only if reduction of the bermudagrass stand can be tolerated. When burndown is required prior to harvest, allow at least 21 days to ensure sufficient time for burndown to occur.

For suppression of bermudagrass, apply 5 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre east of the Rocky Mountains and 12 fl oz of this product per acre west of the Rocky Mountains. Apply in a total spray volume of 3 to 20 gallons per acre no sooner than one to two weeks after full green-up. If the bermudagrass is mowed prior to application, maintain a minimum of 3 inches in height. Sequential applications may be made when regrowth occurs and bermudagrass injury and stand reduction can be tolerated. East of the Rocky Mountains, use rates of 5 to 8 fl oz per acre in shaded conditions or where a lesser degree of suppression is desired.

Cut Stump

Apply this product to freshly cut tree stumps during site preparation or site renovation prior to transplanting tree crops. This product controls regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of tree species.

Citrus Trees: Calamondin, chironja, citron, citrus hybrids, grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, mandarin (tangerine), orange (all), pummelo, tangelo (ugli), tangor

Fruit Trees: Apple, apricot, cherry (sweet, sour), crabapple, loquat, mayhaw, nectarine, olive, peach, pear, plum/prune (all), quince

Nut Trees: Almond, beechnut, Brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia, pecan, pistachio, walnut (black, English)

Use suitable equipment to apply this product, ensuring coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or their resprouts close to the soil surface. Immediately after cutting, apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface. Delaying application may result in reduced performance. For best results, apply during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

Precautions and Restrictions

- Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of adjacent desirable trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Injury resulting from root grafting may occur in adjacent trees.
- Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system. Adjacent trees having a similar age, height and spacing may signal shared roots. Whether grafted or shared, injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems/trees when one or more trees sharing common roots are treated.

Selective Equipment (Except Kiwi)

Shielded and wiper applicators may be used in tree crops and grapes. Refer to the individual crop sections for time interval between application and harvest.

Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed (Grape Only)

(Not for Use in California)

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply 48 fl oz of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre. A residual herbicide such as diuron may provide additional preemergence control.

Tropical and Subtropical Crops

Labeled Crops: Ambarella, atemoya, avocado, banana, barbados cherry (acerola), biriba, blimbe, breadfruit, cacao (cocoa) bean, canistel, carambola (starfruit), cherimoya, coffee, custard apple, dates, durian, feijoa, figs, governors plum, guava, ilama, imbe, imbu, jaboticaba, jackfruit, longan, lychee, mamey apple, mango, mangosteen, marmaladebox (genip), mountain papaya, papaya, noni (Indian mulberry), papaya, pawpaw, persimmon, plantain, pomegranate, pulasan, rambutan, rose apple,

sapodilla, sapote (black, mamey, white), Spanish lime, soursop, star apple, sugar apple, surinam cherry, tamarind, tea, ti (roots and leaves), wax jambu

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops section plus bananacide (banana only)

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Banana, Coffee, Guava, Papaya, Plantain
 - --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.
 - --In coffee and banana, delay applications three months after transplanting to allow the new coffee or banana plant to become established.
- Other Tropical or Subtropical Tree Fruit
 - --Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Bananacide (Banana Only)

Use this product to destroy banana plants infected with the banana bunchy top virus as well as noninfected banana plants to establish disease free buffers around plantations. Remove all fruit from the plants within the treatment area prior to treatment. Inject 1/25 fl oz (0.75 mL) of this product concentrate per 2 to 3 inches of pseudostem diameter. Make the injection at least one foot above the ground, except for very small plants, which should be injected vertically into the top. Any subsequent regrowth must also be destroyed. Mechanically destroy all plants and mats (or units) adjacent (within a 4 foot radius) to a treated mat.

For control of the banana bunch top virus, it is critical that the grower follow a strict control program involving monitoring for diseased plants, spraying to control the aphid vector, and destruction of all infected mats (or units). An infected plant may not show symptoms of the banana bunchy top virus for up to 125 days; therefore, it is critical that the entire mat (or unit) containing the diseased plant be destroyed immediately.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 0.5 fl oz (15 mL) of this product concentrate per mat (or unit).
- Remove all fruit from plants and mats (or units) prior to treatment.
- Do not harvest any fruit or plant materials from treated mats (or units) following injection.
- Do not allow livestock to consume treated plant materials.
- Following transplant of new banana plants into treated areas, allow plants to become established for three months before applying this product for general weed control.

Vegetable Crops

Types of Applications: Chemical fallow, preplant fallow beds, preplant, preemergence, at-planting, hooded sprayers in row middles, shielded sprayers in row middles, wiper applicators in row middles, postharvest, directed applications (nonbearing ginseng), over the top wipers (rutabagas only), spot

This product may be applied prior to the emergence of direct seeded vegetables or prior to transplanting vegetables.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, take care to remove residues of this product, which could cause crop injury, from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by a single 0.5 inch application of water, either by natural rainfall or sprinkler system.
- Take care to insure that the washwater flushes off the plastic mulch and does not enter transplant holes. Applications made at emergence will result in injury or death to emerged seedlings.

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Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green shoots or stems, bark, exposed roots (including those emerging from plastic mulch), or fruit of crops because severe injury or destruction may result. When making preemergence and at-planting applications, applications must be made before crop emergence to avoid severe crop injury. Apply before seed germination in coarse sandy soils to further minimize the risk of injury. In crops with vines, hooded sprayer, shielded sprayer and wiper applications to row middles should be made prior to vine development otherwise severe injury or destruction may result. Unless otherwise specified in the label for this product, treatments with selective equipment including wipers and hooded sprayers must be made at least 14 days prior to harvest. Postharvest or fallow applications must be made at least 30 days prior to planting any non-labeled crop. See Application Equipment and Application Methods section of this label for additional information.

Brassica Vegetables

Labeled Crops: Broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprout, cabbage, cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, Chinese broccoli (gai lon), Chinese cabbage (bok choy), Chinese cabbage (napa), Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy), collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens

Bulb Vegetables

Labeled Crops: Garlic, great-headed garlic, leek, onion (dry bulb and green), shallot, welsh onion

Cucurbit Vegetables and Fruits

Labeled Crops: Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), citron melon, cucumber, edible gourd (includes Chinese okra, cucuzza, hechima, hyotan), gherkin, melons (all), *Momordica* spp (includes balsam apple, balsam pear, bittermelon, Chinese cucumber), muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honey ball melon, honeydew melon, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon), pumpkin, summer squash (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini), winter squash (includes acorn squash, butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, spaghetti squash), watermelon

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Allow at least three days between application and planting of cantaloupe, casaba melon, crenshaw melon, cucumber, gherkin, gourds, honey ball melon, honeydew melon, mango melon, melons (all), muskmelon, Persian melon, pumpkin, squash (summer, winter), and watermelon.

Leafy Vegetables

Labeled Crops: Amaranth (Chinese spinach), arugula (roquette), beet greens, cardoon, celery, celtuce, chaya, chervil, Chinese celery, corn salad, cress (garden and upland), dandelion, dock (sorrel), dokudami, edible-leaved chrysanthemum, endive (escarole), Florence fennel, garland chrysanthemum, gow kee, lettuce (head and leaf), New Zealand spinach, orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), rhubarb, spinach, Swiss chard, vine spinach, watercress (upland), water spinach

Precautions and Restrictions:

• For watercress, do not apply within three days of seeding and during the period between seeding and emergence to minimize risk of injury.

Fruiting Vegetables

Labeled Crops: Eggplant, groundcherry (*Physalis* spp.), pepino, pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), tomatillo, tomato

Precautions and Restrictions:

- For tomato and tomatillo grown on sandy soil, do not use hooded or shielded sprayer applications in row middles because of crop injury potential.
- For eggplant, groundcherry, pepper (all) and tomatillo, do not apply within three days before planting.

Legume Vegetables (Succulent or Dried)

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Labeled Crops: Bean (*Lupinus* includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, white sweet lupin), bean (*Phaseolus* includes field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean), bean (*Vigna* includes adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowderpea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean), broad bean (fava), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, jackbean, lablab bean, lentil, pea (*Pisum* includes dwarf pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea), pigeon pea, soybean (immature seed), sword bean

Types of Applications: Those listed in Crops section plus preharvest (dry beans, peas, lentils and chickpeas only), spot treatment (dry beans, peas, lentils, and chickpeas only)

Spot Application (Dry Beans, Peas, Lentils, Chickpeas Only) (Not for Use in California): This product may be applied as a spot spray to control weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel), and milkweed. Apply up to 1.5 pints of this product per acre in dry beans, or apply up to 24.75 fl oz per acre in dry peas, lentils and chickpeas. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water through ground spray equipment or use a 2 percent solution in a hand-held sprayer. For best results, apply at or beyond bud/heading stage of growth of target weeds. **Note:** The crop receiving the spray in the spot treated area will be killed.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Make only one application per year. Do not combine a spot treatment with a preharvest spray on the same crop area.
- There is at least a 30-day plantback interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in the label for this product.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Do not treat field (feed) peas or cowpeas since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.
- Do not apply this product to dry beans in California and New York State.
- Do not spray or allow spray to drift outside of the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.

Preharvest (Dry Beans, Peas, Lentils and Chickpeas) (Not for Use in California): This product may be applied as a broadcast over the top spray to control labeled weeds prior to harvest of dry peas, lentils, or chickpeas. Apply up to 24 fl oz in dry beans, or up to 68 fl oz in dry peas, lentils and chickpeas. Apply in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less).

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Make only one preharvest application per year. Do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
- There is at least a 30-day plantback interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in the label for this product.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Do not apply preharvest to dry beans, peas, lentils, or chickpeas grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- Do not treat field (feed) peas or cowpeas since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.
- Do not apply this product to dry beans in California and New York State.

Root and Tuber Vegetables

Labeled Crops: Arracacha, arrowroot, beet (garden), black salsify, burdock, canna, carrot, cassava (bitter and sweet), celeriac, chayote (root), chervil (turnip-rooted), chicory, Chinese artichoke, chufa, dasheen (taro), galangal, ginger, ginseng, horseradish, Jerusalem artichoke, leren, kava (turnip-rooted), oriental radish, parsley (turnip-rooted), parsnip, potato, radish, rutabaga, salsify, skirret, Spanish salsify, sweet potato, tanier, true yam, turmeric, turnip, wasabi, yacon, yam bean

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Directed (Nonbearing Ginseng Only): Apply to established stands of nonbearing ginseng only for general weed control. Applications may be made with boom equipment, CDA, shielded sprayers, handheld and backpack wands, lances, and orchard guns or with wiper applicator equipment.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Direct sprays so that there is no contact of this product with the ginseng plant.
- · Applications must be made at least one year prior to harvest.

Wiper Applicator (Rutabagas Only): Apply over the top for control of tall weeds.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the solution onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting, or destruction.

Vine Crops

Labeled Crops: Grapes (raisin, table, wine), hops, kiwi fruit, passion fruit

Types of Applications: Those listed in Tree, Vine, and Shrub Crops section

Do not apply when green shoots, canes or foliage are in the spray zone. In the northeast and Great Lakes regions, make applications prior to the end of bloom stage of grapes to avoid injury, or make applications with shielded sprayers or wiper equipment.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not use selective equipment in kiwi.

Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed (Marestail, Conyza canadensis) (Grapes Only) (Not for Use in California)

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply 48 fl oz of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre. A residual herbicide such as diuron may provide additional preemergence control. Further local restrictions may apply.

Roundup Ready[®] Crops

The following instructions include all applications that can be made onto Roundup Ready[®] crops during the complete cropping season. Do not combine these instructions with other instructions in the Crops section of this label made for crop varieties that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene,.

Use this product for postemergence application only on crop varieties designated as containing the Roundup Ready gene.

- Applying this product to crop varieties not designated as Roundup Ready will result in severe crop injury and yield loss. Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants that do not contain the Roundup Ready gene since severe injury or destruction will result.
- Roundup Ready crop varieties must be purchased from an authorized seed supplier. Crop safety and weed control performance is not warranted when this product is used in conjunction with "brown bag" or seed saved from previous year's crop production and replanted.
- The Roundup Ready designation indicates that the crop variety contains a patented gene that provides tolerance to glyphosate herbicides. Information on Roundup Ready crop varieties may be obtained from your seed supplier.

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ATTENTION: Avoid drift. Extreme care must be used when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops which do not contain the Roundup Ready gene.

See Product Information and Application Directions sections of this label for essential use directions and restrictions for the application of this product.

When applied as specified in this label, this product controls the annual and perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds listed. Observe the maximum application rates and crop stage timings specified for individual Roundup Ready crops.

Ground Broadcast Application

Apply this product in 5 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre. Avoid spraying a fine mist by selecting the proper nozzle and spray pressure. For best results using when ground application equipment, use flat spray nozzles and check for even distribution of spray droplets.

Aerial Application

All treatments in this section can be made using aerial application equipment provided that the applicator follows all precautions and restrictions listed in this label. Apply this product in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Attention: Avoid drift, Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops that do not contain a glyphosate-tolerant gene.

Tank Mixes

Using other herbicides, insecticides, fungicides, micronutrients or foliar fertilizers in a tank mix with this product may result in reduced weed control or crop injury. For best results, do not apply this product as a postemergence (in-crop) application over the top of Roundup Ready crops unless other specified on this product label. Always read and follow all of the label directions and precautions for all of the products in the tank mix. Under certain conditions, at certain crop growth stages, and/or under other circumstances, some tank mix products have the potential to cause crop injury. Read the label for all tank mix partners prior to using them to determine the potential for crop injury. Predetermine the compatibility of all tank mix products in the carrier by mixing small proportional quantities of each before mixing them to use in an application. A tank mix of this product with other herbicides has the potential to cause incompatibility, antagonism, or a reduction in product efficacy. All possible tank mix partners have not been tested for compatibility or performance. See the Mixing Directions section of this label.

A nonionic surfactant may be added to the spray solution for application to Roundup Ready crops unless otherwise directed on this label. Adding certain surfactants to this product may result in some crop response, including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis due to the surfactant added to the spray mix. See the specific use directions for each crop in this label or in supplemental labeling for additional precautions or restrictions. See the Mixing Directions section of this label.

Ammonium sulfate may also be added to spray solutions of this product for application to Roundup Ready crops. See the Mixing Directions section of this label.

Sprayer Preparation

Thoroughly clean the spray tank and all lines and filters to eliminate potential contamination from other herbicides prior to mixing and applying this product. Follow the cleaning procedures specified on the label for the product(s) previously used.

Note: The following directions are based upon a clean start at planting by using a burndown application or tillage to control existing weeds before crop emergence. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, a preplant burndown treatment of this product is required to control existing weeds prior to crop emergence. Some weeds, such as black nightshade, broadleaf signalgrass, sicklepod, Texas panicum, sandbur, annual morningglory, wooly cupgrass, shattercane, wild proso millet, burcucumber, and giant ragweed

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with multiple germination times, or suppressed (stunted) weeds, may require a second application of this product for complete control. Apply the second application after some regrowth has occurred and at least 10 days after a previous application of this product.

The application rates on this label to control tough weeds, or those specified on supplemental labeling for this product, supersede rates in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections of this label.

Product Use Precautions and Restrictions

- Do not apply more than the maximum application rates specified on this label.
- Maximum application rates apply to the use of this product combined with the use of all other glyphosate-containing products, whether applied separately or in mixtures.
- Calculate the application rates (glyphosate acid equivalents) and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products does not exceed the specified maximum rate.

Canola Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Grown for Seed (Not for Use in California)

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, postemergence

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not combine an application on Roundup Ready canola grown for seed with an application for weed control in Roundup Ready canola using this product or any other glyphosate-containing product.
- Apply this product only on canola that contains a Roundup Ready Gene. Severe crop injury and yield loss will result if this product is applied to canola that is not designated as Roundup Ready.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (pints/acre)
preplant	3
preemergence	
at-planting	
total all in-crop applications	1.5

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product using aerial or ground application equipment before, during, or after planting canola. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, control existing weeds with a burndown treatment before canola emerges. Use 12 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre in a preplant burndown application.

Postemergence

Apply this product in ground broadcast equipment to control non-glyphosate-tolerant canola pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both a Roundup Ready canola line(s) and a non-glyphosate tolerant line(s). Control the non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental line(s) by applying 12 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre when pollination is complete or near completion. Non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental line(s) may be controlled by sequential applications.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than a total of 24 fl oz per acre if using sequential applications.
- Do not make sequential applications less than 5 days apart.

Canola (Spring Varieties) with Roundup Ready[®] Gene

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See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop)

Roundup Ready spring canola is defined as Roundup Ready canola varieties that are seeded in the spring, harvested in the fall, and do not enter a winter dormancy period.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (pints/acre)
preplant	3
preemergence	
at-planting	
total in-crop applications from	1.5
emergence to 6-leaf	

Preplant, Preemergence and At-Planting

Apply before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready spring canola.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product per acre per season for all total of preplant, preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply this product as a postemergence application to Roundup Ready spring canola from emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development. Applications made during bolting or flowering of canola may result in crop injury or yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

Single Application: Apply 12 to 18 fl oz per acre no later than the 6-leaf stage for the control of annual weeds. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing, delayed flowering, and/or growth reduction. Similar injury may result when applications of more than 12 fl oz per acre are applied after the 4-leaf stage.

Sequential Application: Apply 12 fl oz per acre to 1- to 3-leaf canola followed by a sequential application at a minimum interval of 10 days, but not later than the 6-leaf stage. Sequential applications are required for early emerging annual weeds and perennial weeds such as Canada thistle and quackgrass, or whenever more than one application is needed for adequate weed control.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than two in-crop (over the top) broadcast applications from crop emergence through the 6-leaf stage of development.
- Do not apply more than 4.5 pints of this product per acre for all in-crop applications.

Canola (Winter Varieties) with Roundup Ready[®] Gene

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop)

Roundup Ready winter canola is defined as Roundup Ready canola varieties that are seeded in the early fall, harvested the following spring or winter, and are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

winter.

Application Type	Rate (pints/acre)
preplant	3
preemergence	
at-planting	
total in-crop applications from	
emergence to canopy closure or	
prior to bolting in the spring	

Preplant, Preemergent and At-Planting

Apply before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready winter canola.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product per acre per season for all total of preplant, preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply this product as a postemergence application to Roundup Ready winter canola from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Applications made during or after bolting may result in crop injury or yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

A sequential application of this product may be necessary to control some weeds with multiple germination times, suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered. Make the second application after some regrowth has occurred and at least 60 days after the previous application of this product.

Single Application: Apply 18 to 24 fl oz per acre in the fall when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the rate range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered, or when weeds become large and well established. Applying more than 18 fl oz per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing and growth reduction.

Sequential Application: Apply 12 to 24 fl oz per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall followed by a sequential application at the same rate at a minimum interval of 60 days. Make the sequential application before bolting in the spring. Sequential applications are required for early emerging annual weeds and winter emerging weeds such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product controls or suppresses most perennial weeds; however, for some perennial weeds, sequential applications may be required to reduce competition with the crop.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than two in-crop (over the top) broadcast applications from crop emergence up to the onset of bolting.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of this product per acre per season for all in-crop applications.
- Reduced crop growth in the fall may result if more than 18 fl oz per acre is applied prior to the 6-leaf stage.
- No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock.

Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), spot treatment, preharvest, postharvest, in-crop (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence in-crop (glyphosate-resistant *Amaranthus* spp.), postemergence in-crop (glyphosate-resistant common and giant ragweed *Ambrosia* spp.), postemergence in-crop (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (per acre)
preplant preemergence at-planting	3.75 qt
total in-crop applications from emergence through 48-inch corn	2.25 qt (2.25 pt as single application)
preharvest after maximum kernel fill complete and crop physiologically mature until 7 days before harvest	24 fl oz
combined total per year for all applications	6 qt

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product alone or in a tank mix before, during or after planting. Make a postemergence (in-crop) application following the use of the preemergence residual products listed below for maximum weed control.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product. Apply these tank mixes in 10 to 20 gallons of water or 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen solution per acre. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of corn. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim	Harness Xtra 5.6L
Aim EC	Hornet WDG
Axiom	Keystone
Balance	Keystone LA
Balance Pro	Lariat
Banvei	Leadoff
Bicep Magnum	Linex
Bicep II Magnum	Lorox
Bicep Lite II Magnum	Marksman
Bullet	Me-Too Lachior II
Cinch	Micro-Tech
Cinch ATZ	Outlook
Clarity	Prowi
Define	Python
Degree	Python II
Degree Xtra	Radius
Distinct	Resolve
Dual II Magnum	Resource

Shark
Stalwart
Stalwart C
Stalwart Xtra
SureStart
Surpass EC
TopNotch

• Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined total of preplant, preemergence, and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply this product alone or in a tank mix over the top of corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology from emergence through the V8 stage (8 leaves with collars) or until corn height reaches 30 inches (free standing), whichever comes first. Use drop nozzles for optimum spray coverage and weed control when corn height is 24 to 30 inches. For corn heights 30 to 48 inches (free standing), apply this product only using ground application equipment equipped with drop nozzles aligned to avoid spraying the whorls of the corn plants.

This product will control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label when applied as directed. One or more applications of this product controls or suppresses many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. Apply 18 to 24 fl oz per acre before weeds exceed 4 inches in height, or before they become competitive with the crop. Apply 18 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre as a sequential application before weeds exceed 4 inches in height if new flushes of weeds occur.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below are a sample of those which may be tank mixed with this product. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to corn. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim EC	Hornet WDG
Callisto	Keystone
Clarity	Keystone LA
Distinct	SureStart
Equip	Surpass EC
FulTime	TopNotch

Tank Mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn for Application (Inches)
Degree	11
Degree Xtra	
FulTime	
Harness	
Harness Xtra	
Harness Xtra 5.6L	
Keystone	
Keystone LA	
SureStart	
Surpass EC	
TopNotch	· · ·
Bullet ¹	5
Micro-Tech ¹	
atrazine	12

¹Bullet and Micro-Tech are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 50 days of forage or grain harvest.
- Minimum Treatment Interval: 10 days
- Using in-crop (over the top) rates specified in this label on corn other than corn hybrids with Roundup Ready 2 Technology may cause crop injury and reduced yields.

Preharvest

Apply 24 fl oz of this product per acre for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest at 35 percent or less grain moisture. Make sure that maximum kernel fill is complete and the corn is physiologically mature (black layer formed).

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or feeding corn stover or grain.
- If the combined total of previously applied over the top or drop nozzle applications exceeds 48 fl oz of this product per acre, do not make a preharvest application.

Postharvest

Apply this product for weed control after the crop is harvested. Higher rates may be required to control large weeds growing in the crop at the time of harvest. A tank mixture with 2,4-D and dicamba may be used. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to corn. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest or feeding treated vegetation.

In-Crop (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed)

(Not for Use in California)

Apply this product in a post-directed application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Use 24 fl oz of this product per acre in a tank mix with 8 to 16 fl oz of Clarity per acre or 0.5 to 1 lb 2,4-D per acre between corn emergence and the 5-leaf state of growth, or when the corn is approximately 8 inches tall. Dicamba may also be included in a tank mix with this product.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant *Amaranthus* spp.) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide such as FulTime, Keystone, Keystone LA, SureStart, Surpass EC or TopNotch, or another residual herbicide to control *Amaranthus* spp.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with other herbicides such as 2,4-D or dicamba (Clarity, Banvel, or Distinct) and a residual herbicide such as FulTime, Keystone, Keystone LA, SureStart, Surpass EC, or TopNotch for continued control of *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Common and Giant Ragweed Ambrosia spp.) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.). To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide

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containing atrazine, such as FulTime, Hornet WDG, Keystone, Keystone LA, SureStart, Surpass EC or TopNotch, or another residual herbicide labeled to control ragweed species.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with other herbicides such as 2,4-D or dicamba (Clarity, Banvel or Distinct) and a residual herbicide such as FulTime, Hornet WDG, Keystone, Keystone LA, SureStart, Surpass EC, or TopNotch for continued control of *Ambrosia* spp.

Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with Accent (nicosulfuron), Equip (foramsulfuron and iodosulfuron) or Option (foramsulfuron) for additional weed control and suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Corn Hybrids Using Roundup Hybridization System (Not for Use in California)

Use this product in research field trials and for seed production of corn hybrids using the Roundup Hybridization System (RHS). RHS is the gene technology that allows for tassel-only susceptibility to this product. Using this product on corn hybrids or inbreds that are not designated as RHS or as corn containing Roundup Reach 2 Technology may result in severe crop injury and yield loss.

Early Season Weed Control

Use this product for early season weed control up to the V8 state (8 leaves with collars) in corn seed production fields planted with corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology and RHS corn inbred recipient lines.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), spot treatment, preharvest, postharvest

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting: Apply this product alone or in a tank mix before, during, or after planting.

Tank Mixes: When applying this product in a tank mix, choose one of the product listed below as the tank mix partner. The specific product used must be labeled for application prior to emergence of corn. Read and follow all of the label directions for the tank mix product. Apply the tank mix in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre or in 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen per acre.

Aim
Aim EC
Axiom
Balance
Balance Pro
Banvel
Bicep Magnum
Bicep II Magnum
Bicep Lite II Magnum

. .

Dual II Magnum Epic Frontier FulTime Guardsman Guardsman MAX Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6L Me-Too-Lachlor II Micro-Tech Outlook Prowl Python Python II Radius Resolve Resource

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Bullet	Hornet WDG
Cinch	Keystone
Cinch ATZ	Keystone LA
Clarity	Lariat
Define	Leadoff
Degree	Linex
Degree Xtra	Lorox
Distinct	Marksman

Shark Stalwart Stalwart C Stalwart Xtra SureStart Surpass EC TopNotch

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than a total of 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all total of preplant, preemergence, and at-planting applications combined.
- Apply a postemergence application of this product for maximum weed control following the use of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (In-Crop): This product controls annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on the label when applied as directed. One or more applications of this product controls or suppresses many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. Make a postemergence application of 18 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre before weeds are more than 4 inches in height or before they become competitive with the crop. Make a sequential application of this product at 18 to 24 fl oz per acre before weeds are more than 4 inches in height if new flushes of weeds occur.

Tank Mixes: When applying this product in a tank mix, choose one of the product listed below as the tank mix partner. The specific product used must be labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to corn. Read and follow all of the label directions for the tank mix product.

2,4-D	Degree	Hornet WDG
Aim EC	Degree Xtra	Marksman
Banvel	dicamba	Micro-Tech
Basis	Distinct	Option
Basis Gold	Equip	Resolve
Bullet	Harness	Resource
Callisto	Harness Xtra	Shark
Clarity	Harness Xtra 5.6L	•

Tank Mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn at Application (Inches)
Bullet ¹ Micro-Tech ¹	5
Degree	11
Degree Xtra	
Harness Harness Xtra	
Harness Xtra 5.6L	
atrazine	12

¹These products are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not make applications less than 10 days apart for in-crop weed control.

Tassel Control

Apply this product as an over the top broadcast application for tassel control in RHS corn inbred recipient lines in seed production research fields planted with corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology as the pollen donor. Apply this product at the rate of 12 to 48 fl oz per acre for tassel control at any growth stage including growth stages later than V8. Multiple applications of this product may be made.

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Preharvest: Apply this product at rates up to 24 fl oz per acre for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest.

Postharvest: Apply this product for weed control after harvesting the crop. A higher rate in the rate range may be required to control large weeds growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixes with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than a total of 6 quarts of this product per acre per year, including weed control and tassel control.
- Do not use corn fodder, forage, grain or stover for food or feed.
- Do not feed or graze corn.
- Do not process harvested corn grain or resulting seed for food or feed.

Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), selective equipment (in-crop), preharvest, post-directed (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant *Amaranthus* spp.), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Do not use this product on Roundup Ready cotton in New York State.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (quart/acre)
preplant	3.75
preemergence at-planting	
maximum preharvest	1.5
total all in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	2.75
combined total all in-crop applications from emergence through harvest	4.25
combined total for all applications	6

Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days before harvest.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready cotton.

Tank Mixes: Tank mix this product with 2,4-D and Clarity and apply it prior to planting only. The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to crop emergence. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Caparol	Prowl H2O
Cotoran	Reflex

Direx	Stalwart
Dual Magnum	Staple
Parrlay	

 Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined total of preplant, preemergence, and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply up to 24 fl oz per acre per application over the top of Roundup Ready cotton from ground cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage of development (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter).

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied over the top of Roundup Ready cotton up to the 4-leaf stage. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to crop emergence. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Assure II	Reflex
Dual Magnum ²	Select
Fusilade	Select MAX
Parrlay	Stalwart ²
Poast Plus	Staple ¹

¹Applying Staple postemergence (in-crop) to Roundup Ready cotton may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling.

²Applying Dual Magnum and Stalwart over the top of Roundup Ready cotton may cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting.

Salvage Treatment: Apply after the 4-leaf stage of development and only where weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. Apply 24 fl oz per acre either as an over the top application or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. **Note:** A salvage treatment will result in significant boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss. Do not apply more than one salvage treatment per growing season.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not make more than two over the top broadcast applications from crop emergence through the 4leaf (node) stage of development.
- Sequential over the top or post-directed applications in-crop must be at least 10 days apart and cotton
 must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.
- Over the top applications made after the 4-leaf (node) development stage may result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant (other than those contained in any tank mix product) to this product for over the top application to Roundup Ready cotton.

Selective Equipment (In-Crop)

Apply this product using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers to Roundup Ready cotton through layby using up to 24 fl oz per acre per application. Use post-directed equipment that directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. To avoid contact of the herbicide spray with leaves of the cotton plant to the maximum extent possible, maintain a low spray pressure (less than 30 lb psi) and place the nozzles in a low position. This directs a horizontal spray pattern under the leaves of the cotton plant and onto the weeds in the row. For best results, apply while weeds are small and less than 3 inches in height.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied in-crop using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to cotton. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the

tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim	Layby Pro
Caparol	Parrlay
Chateau	Prowl H2O
Cotoran	Staple ¹
Direx	Valor
Envoke	

¹Applying Staple postemergence (in-crop) to Roundup Ready cotton may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not make more than two applications from the 5-leaf stage through layby.
- Sequential over the top or post-directed applications in-crop must be at least 10 days apart and cotton must have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.

Preharvest

This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control after 20 percent of boll crack.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 quarts of this product per acre as a preharvest application.
- Do not apply this product preharvest to crops grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant (other than those contained in any tank mix product) to this product for preharvest application to Roundup Ready cotton.

Post-Directed (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed)

(Not for Use in California)

Apply this product in a post-directed application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and horseweed occurs by a combination of preplant burndown and postemergence over the top and/or directed applications of this product. The development of a height differential is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. Make incrop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 lb active ingredient per acre) tank mixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 lb active ingredient per acre) when the temperature is 80°F or hotter.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Amaranthus spp.) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product preemergence in a tank mix with metolachlor prior to the 4-leaf stage for the control of *Amaranthus* spp. To control emerged weeds preemergence at layby, apply this product in a tank mix with a residual herbicide such as diuron (Direx) or flumioxazin (Valor) post-directed to control *Amaranthus* spp.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with MSMA and diuron (Direx) or flumioxazin (Valor) to control emerged *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Postemergence (in-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass)

(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxdim) for the suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Attention: Using this product in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of Roundup Ready cotton. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product due to the sensitivity of cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors, even when applications are made according to label directions. In some instances, these factors can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Flex Gene

The use directions in this section apply only to varieties marked as Roundup Ready Flex cotton. If this product is applied over the top of cotton other than Roundup Ready Flex cotton, crop injury and reduced yields will result. Do not combine the directions in this section with the directions in the section for Cotton with Roundup Ready Gene or with any other Roundup Ready cotton or Roundup Ready Flex cotton use directions on other glyphosate-containing products. If this product drifts onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) Roundup Ready cotton, extensive crop injury, including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss will occur.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), preharvest, post-directed (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Application Type	Rate (quart/acre)
preplant	3.75
preemergence	
at-planting	
total all in-crop applications from	4.25
cracking to 60 percent open bolls	
total all in-crop applications	1.5
between layby and 60 percent	· ·
open bolls	
total all in-crop applications from	1.5
60 percent open bolls to 7 days	
prior to harvest	
total all in-crop applications from	4.25
emergence through harvest	
combined total for all applications	6

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Tank Mixes: Prior to planting, tank mix with 2,4-D or Clarity only. The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

E8A / GF-1280 / MSTR Notif With Edits / 03-28-13

CaparolProwl H2OCotoranRefexDirexStalwartDual MagnumStapleParrlayValor

Precautions and Restrictions:

 Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined total of preplant, preemergence, and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Eliminate competing weeds early to maximize yield potential. One or more applications of this product will control or suppress many perennial weeds. For best results, initially apply 24 fl oz per acre on 1- to 3-inch tall annual grass and broadleaf weeds. Apply this product at up to 36 fl oz per acre per application using ground application equipment. More thorough weed coverage may be achieved by using post-directed spray equipment.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied postemergence (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready Flex cotton. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Assure II	Reflex
Dual Magnum ²	Select
Envoke	Stalwart ²
Fusilade	Staple ¹
Poast Plus	

¹Staple may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) in Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

²Dual Magnum and Stalwart applied over the top of Roundup Ready Flex cotton may cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting.

The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied postemergence (in-crop) using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim	Layby-Po
Caparol	Parriay
Chateau	Prowl H2O
Cotoran	Staple ¹
Direx	Valor
Envelve	

Envoke

¹Staple may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) in Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 36 fl oz of this product per acre as a maximum single in-crop application rate using ground equipment.
- Do not apply more than 24 fl oz per acre as an in-crop application made alone or with the addition of
 other crop chemicals containing surfactants as a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis
 may occur.

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- Do not apply more than 24 fl oz of this product per acre when applying by air.
- The maximum combined total application rate of this product between layby and 60 percent open bolls is 48 fl oz per acre.
- The maximum combined total application rate of this product made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls is 4.25 quarts per acre.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for over the top application to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Preharvest

Apply this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton at 48 fl oz per acre for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack. When applied to Roundup Ready Flex cotton, this product does not enhance the performance of harvest aids.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for preharvest application to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Post-Directed (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed) (Not for Use in California)

Apply this product in a post-directed application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and horseweed occurs by a combination of preplant burndown and postemergence over the top and/or directed applications of this product. The development of a height differential is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. Make incrop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 lb active ingredient per acre) tank mixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 lb active ingredient per acre) when the temperature is 80°F or hotter.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Amaranthus spp.)

(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product preemergence in a tank mix with metolachlor prior to the 4-leaf stage for the control of *Amaranthus* spp. To control emerged weeds preemergence at layby, apply this product in a tank mix with a residual herbicide such as diuron (Direx) or flumioxazin (Valor) post-directed to control *Amaranthus* spp.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with MSMA and diuron (Direx) or flumioxazin (Valor) to control emerged *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass)

(Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxdim) for the suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Attention: Normal growth of Roundup Ready Flex cotton will result if this product is applied according to label directions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product due to the sensitivity of

cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors even when applications are made in conformance with label specifications. These factors, in some cases, can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] Gene

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Note: Use of this product for in-crop application over Roundup Ready soybeans is not registered in California.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), preharvest, postharvest, in-crop (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (per acre)
preplant preemergence at-planting	3.75 qt
maximum preharvest	1.5 pt
total in-crop applications from cracking throughout flowering (R2 stage)	2.25 qt
combined total for all applications	6 qt

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready soybeans.

Tank Mixes: Mix this product with 2,4-D, Banvel or Clarity and apply prior to planting only. The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim	Lorox
Assure II	Me-Too Lachlor
Axiom	Micro-Tech
Authority	Outlook
Blanket	Prowl
Boundary	Prowl H2O
Canopy	Pursuit
Classic	Pursuit Plus
Cobra	Python
Command	Reflex
Command	Resource
Command Xtra	Scepter
Domain	Select
Dual Magnum	Select
Dual II Magnum	Select MAX
FirstRate	Sencor
Flexstar	Sonic
Frontier	Spartan
Fusion	Squadron
FUSION	Squadron

Gangster	Steel
intrro	Treflan
Lexone	Valor
Linex	

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3.75 guarts per acre per season for all combined total of preplant. preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready soybeans from the cracking (emergence) stage throughout flowering (R2 stage soybeans). Soybeans at the R2 stage ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds section. Apply an initial application of 1.5 pints per acre on weeds 2 to 8 inches tall, generally occurring within two to five weeks after planting. Apply a higher rate of this product if the initial application is delayed and weeds are taller. Up to 3 pints of this product per acre may be applied as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Apply 1.5 to 3 pints of this product per acre as a single or multiple application to control or suppress perennial weeds, such as bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, before applying this product, allow perennial weeds species to be at least 6 inches tall.

A sequential application of this product may be required to control late flushes of weeds under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or when a soybean stand has delayed canopy closure (wide-row soybeans, poor stand, etc.). Sequential applications are required in southern states to control new flushes of weeds in Roundup Ready soybeans. Apply 1.5 pints of this product per acre to giant ragweed when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and attempt to avoid the need for a sequential application.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to postemergence (in-crop). Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postemergence (in-crop) to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture. In some cases, these tank mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

Arrow	Poast
Assure II	Poast Plus
Basagran	Pursuit
Classic	Pursuit Plus
Cobra	Raptor
Extreme	Reflex
FirstRate	Select
Flexstar	Select MAX
Fusilade DX	Synchrony STS
Fusion	Targa
Harmony GT XP	Ultra Blazer

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 2.25 quarts per acre for the combined total application from crop emergence through harvest.
- The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 1.5 quarts per acre.

• The maximum combined total of this product that can be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybeans) is 1.5 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

Apply up to 1.5 pints of this product per acre after soybean pods have set and lost all green color.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of grain or feeding soybean grain, forage or hay.
- Avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

Postharvest

A higher rate of this product may need to be applied to control large weeds growing in the crop at the time of harvest. This product may also be tank mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postharvest application to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

In-Crop (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed)

(Not for Use in California)

Apply this product as a salvage treatment to glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*) that was not controlled by a preplant application. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Horseweed must be 6 inches or less in height. Apply 24 fl oz of this product per acre in a tank mix with 0.3 oz of FirstRate per acre (FirstRate will not control ALS resistant horseweed). Apply between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50 percent flowering stage of soybeans.

Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxdim) for the suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Yield Gene

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), preharvest, postharvest, in-crop (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

	Rate
Application Type	(per acre)
preplant	3.75 qt
preemergence	
at-planting	
maximum preharvest	1.5 pt
total in-crop applications from	2.25 qt
cracking throughout flowering (R2	

stage)	
combined total for all applications	6 qt

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybeans.

Tank Mixes: Mix this product with 2,4-D, Banvel or Clarity and apply prior to planting only. The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim Assure II Axiom Authority Blanket Boundary Canopy Classic Cobra Command Command Command Xtra Domain Dual Magnum Dual Magnum Dual II Magnum FirstRate Flexstar Frontier Fusion Gangster Intrro Lexone	Lorox Me-Too Lachlor Micro-Tech Outlook Prowl Prowl H2O Pursuit Pursuit Plus Python Reflex Resource Scepter Select Select MAX Sencor Sonic Spartan Squadron Steel Treflan Valor
Lexone Linex	Valor

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined total of preplant, preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybeans from the cracking (emergence) stage throughout flowering (R2 stage soybeans). Soybeans at the R2 stage ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds section. Apply an initial application of 1.5 pints per acre on weeds 2 to 8 inches tall, generally occurring within two to five weeks after planting. Apply a higher rate of this product if the initial application is delayed and weeds are taller. Up to 3 pints of this product per acre may be applied as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Apply 1.5 to 3 pints of this product per acre as a single or multiple application to control or suppress perennial weeds, such as bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, before applying this product, allow perennial weeds species to be at least 6 inches tall.

A sequential application of this product may be required to control late flushes of weeds under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or when a soybean stand has delayed canopy closure (wide-row soybeans, poor stand, etc.). Sequential applications are required in southern states to control new flushes of weeds in Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybeans. Apply 1.5 pints of this product per acre to giant ragweed when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and attempt to avoid the need for a sequential application.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to postemergence (in-crop). Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postemergence (in-crop) to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture. In some cases, these tank mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

Arrow	Poast
Assure II	Poast Plus
Basagran	Pursuit
Classic	Pursuit Plus
Cobra	Raptor
Extreme	Reflex
FirstRate	Select
Flexstar	Select MAX
Fusilade DX	Synchrony STS
Fusion	Targa
Harmony GT XP	Ultra Blazer

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 2.25 quarts per acre for the combined total application from crop emergence through harvest.
- The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 1.5 quarts per acre.
- The maximum combined total amount of this product that can be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybeans) is 1.5 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

Apply up to 1.5 pints of this product per acre after soybean pods have set and lost all green color.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of grain or feeding soybean grain, forage or hay.
- Avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

Postharvest

A higher rate of this product may need to be applied to control large weeds growing in the crop at the time of harvest. This product may also be tank mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postharvest application to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

In-Crop (Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed)

(Not for Use in California)

Apply this product as a salvage treatment to glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*) that was not controlled by a preplant application. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Horseweed must be 6 inches or less in height. Apply 24 fl oz of this product per acre in a tank mix with 0.3 oz of FirstRate per acre (FirstRate will not control ALS resistant horseweed). Apply between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50 percent flowering stage of soybeans.

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Postemergence (In-Crop) (Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass) (Not for Use in California)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxdim) for the suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Sugar Beet with Roundup Ready[®] Gene

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop)

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (per acre)
preplant preemergence at-planting	3.75 qt
total all applications made between 8-leaf stage and canopy closure	3 pt
total all applications made from emergence to 8-leaf stage	2 qt
combined total for all applications	6 qt

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready sugar beets.

Tank Mixes: Norton SC may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined total of preplant, preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready sugar beets from emergence stage to 30 days before harvest. This product controls or suppresses most perennial weeds; however, some perennial weeds require repeat applications to eliminate crop competition throughout the growing season. Eliminate competing weeds early to maximize yield potential. Apply up to four sequential applications of this product with at least 10 days between applications.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to postemergence (in-crop). Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postemergence (in-crop) to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture. Tank mixes of this product with herbicides, insecticides or fungicides may result in crop injury or reduced weed control.

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Assure II	Outlook
Betamix ¹	Progress ¹
Betanex ¹	Select
Dual Magnum	Stinger
Frontier	Upbeet
Norton SC ¹	

¹Betamix, Betanex, Norton SC and Progress may cause significant injury to sugar beet. Refer to the labels of these products for crop injury precautions.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 3.5 quarts per acre for the combined total application from crop emergence through harvest.

Annual Weeds

Water carrier volumes of 16 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications and 6 to 15 gallons per acre for aerial applications are required when using the following rates to control the annual weeds listed in the table:

- Grass and annual broadleaf weeds less than 6 inches in height or circumference, or vines less than 3 inches in length 1.5 pints per acre
- Grass and annual broadleaf weeds between 6 to 12 inches in height or circumference, or vines between 3 to 6 inches in length – 2.25 pints per acre
- Grass and annual broadleaf weeds more than 12 inches in height or circumference, or vines more than 6 inches in length 3 pints per acre

When water carrier volumes are 3 to 15 gallons per acre for ground applications or 3 to 5 gallons per acre for aerial applications, use the application rates specified for individual weeds in the table below.

Apply to actively growing annual weeds; these weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Higher application rates than those specified in the table below may be required for older, mature (hardened) and otherwise tough to control annual weed species regardless if they meet the size requirement. For tough to control annual weeds or heavy weed densities, apply up to 3 pints per acre. Follow all precautions, restrictions, maximum allowed application rates, and crop stage timings specified in all use sites on this label.

Maximum size is the maximum plant height, length of runners for vines, or circumferences of rosette plants. Do not tank mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless it is otherwise indicated to do so. Allow regrowth to occur before treating weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut.

	Rate (fl oz/acre)				
	12 18 24 30 36				
Weed Species	Maxi	mum He	eight/Le	ngth (in	ches)
ammannia, purple	3	6	12	-	18
anoda, spurred	-	2	3	5	8
barley	18	18+	-	-	-
barnyardgrass	-	3	6	7	9
bassia, fivehook	-	-	6	-	-
beggarweed, Florida	-	5	8	-	-
bittercress	12	20	-	-	-
bluegrass, annual	10	-	-	-	-

Rate Table

bluegrass bulbous	6	<u> </u>	- 1	- 1	-]
brome, downy ^{1,2}	6	12	-	-	-
brome, Japanese	6	12	24	-	<u> </u>
browntop panicum	6	8	12	-	24
buckwheat, wild ³	-	1	2		
burcucumber	1		12		
	- 12	6 20		-	18
buttercup		20	-		-
Carolina geranium		<u>+ -</u>	4	-	9
carpetweed	-	6	12		-
cheat ²	6	20			-
chervil	20		-	-	
chickweed	-	12	18		
cocklebur	12	18	24	-	36
copperleaf, hophornbeam	4 -	2	4	-	6
copperleaf, Virginia					
coreopsis, plains	- ·	6	12	-	18
corn, volunteer (non-	6	12	20	-	-
Roundup Ready)	ļ				
corn speedwell	12	-	-	-	-
crabgrass	3	6	12	-	-
crowfootgrass	-	-	6	_	12
cutleaf evening primrose	-	-	3	-	6
devilsclaw (unicorn plant)	-	3	6	-	-
dwarfdandelion	12	-	-	-	-
eastern mannagrass	8	12	-	-	-
eclipta	-	4	8	12	-
fall panicum	4	-	6	-	12
falsedandelion	-	20	-		-
falseflax, smallseed	12	-	-	-	-
fiddleneck		6	12	-	-
field pennycress	6	12	-	-	-
filaree	-	-	6	_	12
fleabane, annual	6	20	-	-	
fleabane, hairy (conyza	<u> </u>		6	-	10
bonariensis)			Ŭ		
fleabane, rough	3	6	12	-	
Florida pusley	-		4		6
foxtail, Carolina	10	-	-		
foxtail (giant, bristly, yellow)	6	12	20		
foxtail, green	12	12	20	-	
goatgrass, jointed	6	- 12			
	<u>⊢ </u>		-	-	
goosegrass		3	6	-	12
grain sorghum (milo)	6	12	20	-	
groundcherry		3	6		9
groundsel, common	-	6	10	-	-
hemp sesbania		2	4	6	8
henbit	-	-	6	-	12
horseweed/marestail (<i>conyza</i> canadensis) ⁶	-	6	12	-	18
itchgrass	6	8	12	-	18
jimsonweed	-	-	12	-	18
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

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iohnsongrass (seedling)	6	12	18		24
johnsongrass (seedling)		3	6	- 7	9
junglerice		3		†	
knotweed		-	6		12
kochia⁴	-	3-6	12		
lambsquarters	<u> </u>	6	12	-	20
little barley	6	12	-	-	-
London rocket	6	~	24	-	-
mayweed	-	2	6	.12	18
morningglory, annual (<i>ipomoea</i> spp.)	-	-	3	-	6
mustard, blue	6	12	18		-
mustard, tansy	ΗŬ	12	10	_	_
mustard, tumble	-				
mustard, wild	-				
nightshade, black		4	6		12
		4	6	-	12
nightshade, hairy			10		
oats	3	6	18	-	-
pigweed, palmer ⁶	-	_12	18	24	
pigweed species ⁶	-	12	18	24	
prickly lettuce	-	6	12	-	-
purslane	-	-	3	- '	6
ragweed, common ⁶		6	12	-	18
ragweed, giant ⁶					
red rice		-	4	-	-
Russian thistle ⁵	-	6	12	-	-
rye, volunteer/cereal ²	6	18	18+	-	-
ryegrass species ⁶		-	6	-	12
sandbur, field	6	12	-	-	-
sandbur, longspine					
shattercane	6	12	20	-	-
shepherd's-purse	6	12	-	-	-
sicklepod	-	2	4	-	8
signalgrass, broadleaf	-	3	6	7	9
smartweed, ladysthumb	-	-	6	-	9
smartweed, Pennsylvania	-				
sowthistle, annual	-	- 1	6	-	12
Spanishneedles					
speedwell, purslane	12		-	_	-
sprangletop	6	12	20	-	-
spurge, prostrate		6	12	_	-
spurge, spotted	-	Ť			
spurry, umbrella	6	-	-		_
stinkgrass		12			
sunflower	12	12			
teaweed/prickly sida	- 12	2	- 4		6
Texas panicum	6	8	12		24
velvetleaf		-	6	-	12
Virginia pepperweed		18	-	-	-
waterhemp ⁶			6	-	12
wheat ²	6	12	18	-	
wheat (over-wintered)		6	12		18

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3	6	18	-	-
-	6	12	-	18
-	12	-	-	-
-	6	12	-	-
-	12	20	-	-
	3	3 6 - 6 - 12 - 6 - 12	- <u>6</u> 12 - 12 -	- <u>6</u> <u>12</u> - - <u>12</u>

¹ For control of downy brome in no-till systems, use 12 fl oz per acre.

² Performance is better if application is made before this weed reaches the boot stage of growth.

- ³ Use 12 fl oz of this product per acre to control wild buckwheat in the cotyledon to 2-leaf stage. Use 24 fl oz per acre to control wild buckwheat at the 2- to 4-leaf stage. For improved control of wild buckwheat more than 2 inches in size, use sequential treatments of 24 fl oz followed by 24 fl oz of this product per acre.
- ⁴ Do not treat kochia in the button stage.
- ⁵ Control of Russian thistle may vary based upon environmental conditions and spray coverage. Whenever possible, a tank mixture with 2,4-D as described below may improve control.
- ⁶ A glyphosate-resistant biotype has been identified for this weed. For additional information, refer to the Herbicide Resistance Management section of this label.

Tank Mixtures with 2,4-D, Dicamba or Tordon 22K

This product may be tank mixed with the products listed provided the product tank mixed is registered for use on this site. Tough weeds can be better controlled by tank mixing this product with 0.25 lb a.i. of dicamba, or 0.5 lb a.i. of 2,4-D, or 1 to 2 oz of Tordon 22K per acre. Combining these herbicides with the rate of this product specified in the rate table for annual weeds will control the following weeds with the maximum height or length indicated: 6 inches -- prickly lettuce, marestail/horseweed (*Conyza canadensis*), morningglory (*Ipomoea* spp.), kochia (dicamba only); wild buckwheat (Tordon 22K only); 12 inches -- cocklebur, lambsquarters, pigweed, Russian thistle (2,4-D only).

This product, applied at the rates specified in the rate table for annual weeds, controls the following weeds when they are a maximum height or length of 6 inches: common ragweed, giant ragweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, and velvetleaf. Tank mix this product with 0.5 lb a.i. 2,4-D per acre for better control.

Refer to the specific product labels for crop rotation restrictions and precautionary statements of all products used in tank mixtures. Some crop injury may occur if dicamba or Tordon 22K is applied within 45 days of planting. Tordon 22K is not registered for use in the state of California.

Tank mixtures of this product with dicamba must not be applied by air in California.

Hand-Held or Backpack Equipment

To control the weeds listed in the Rate Table in the Annual Weeds section, apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product to weeds less than 6 inches in height or in runner length prior to seedheads forming in grass or prior to bud formation in broadleaf weeds. Apply a 0.7 percent solution to annual weeds more than 6 inches tall.

For best results on harder to control perennials, such as, bermudagrass, dock, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle, use a 1.5 percent solution.

Use a 4 percent solution for annual and perennial weeds and a 4 to 7 percent solution for woody brush and trees when using an application method that results in less than complete coverage.

Tank Mixtures with Atrazine for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems

For use only in Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, and Washington. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 1 lb of atrazine per acre.

Application of 18 to 22 fl oz of this product plus 1 to 2 lb of atrazine per acre will control the following weeds: barnyardgrass (barnyardgrass requires 22 fl oz of this product for control), downy brome, green

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foxtail, lambsquarters, prickly lettuce, tansy mustard, pigweed, field sandbur, stinkgrass, Russian thistle, volunteer wheat, witchgrass and kochia (for kochia, add 4 fl oz of dicamba per acre for control).

Perennial Weeds

Apply to actively growing perennial weeds. **Note:** If weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the specified stages.

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence.

Unless otherwise stated, allow seven days or more after application before tillage.

Best results are obtained when soil moisture is adequate for active weed growth.

Rate Table

	Rate	Water Volume	Hand-Heid		
Weed Species	(pt/acre)	(gpa)	(% Solution)		
Alfalfa	1.5 - 3	3 - 10	1.5		
Make applications after the last hay cutting in the fall. Allow alfalfa to regrow to a height of 6 to 8					
inches or more prior to treatment. Follow applications with deep tillage at least 7 days after					
treatment, but before soi					
Alligatorweed	6	3 - 20	1.25		
maintain control.	en most of the plants are i	n bloom. Repeat applicat	·		
Anise (fennel)			0.75 - 1.5		
		s have reached the early b ted at the bud to full-bloon			
Bahiagrass	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5		
Apply when most plants	have reached the early he				
Bentgrass	2.25	10 - 20	1.5		
		or ground applications on			
		Bentgrass should have a			
	or to treatment. Tillage 7 to	o 10 days after application	is required for best		
results.					
Bermudagrass	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5		
For control, apply 7.5 pin	ts of this product per acre.	For partial control, apply	4.5 pints per acre.		
necessary to maintain co	ntrol.	seedheads are present. R	e-treatment may be		
Bermudagrass, water (knotgrass)	1.5 - 2.25	5 - 10	1.5		
Apply 2.25 pints of this pl is 12 to 18 inches in leng	roduct in 5 to 10 gallons of th. Allow 7 days or more t	water per acre. Apply who before tilling, flushing or flo	en water bermudagrass oding the field.		
Fall applications only: Apply 1.5 pints of this product in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Till fallow fields prior to application. Apply prior to frost on water bermudagrass that is 12 to 18 inches in length.					
		ise on water bermudagra			
Bindweed, field	0.75 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5		
Do not treat when weeds growth.	are under drought stress	as good soil moisture is ne	ecessary for active		
For control, apply 6 to 7.	5 pints of this product per a	acre west of the Mississipp	i River and 4.5 to 6		

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	•				
	ppi River. Apply when the mer or fall. Apply fall_treat				
	Also for control, apply 3 pints of this product plus 0.5 lb a.i. of dicamba in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply by air.				
For suppression on irrigated agricultural land, apply 1.5 to 3 pints of this product plus 1 lb a.i. of 2,4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only. Apply_following harvest or in fall fallow ground when the bindweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at least one irrigation will promote active bindweed growth.					
acre for ground application in fallow and reduced tilla	2 fl oz of this product plus ons and 3 to 5 gallons of w age systems only. Delay a s are between 6 to 18 inch	vater per acre for aerial ap applications until maximum	plications. Apply by air		
suppression or control w on irrigated land where a water per acre. Apply to weed emergence and ru	1.5 to 7.5 pints of this pro ill vary within this range de annual tillage is performed, bindweed that has reache nner growth. Allow 3 days	pending upon local condit apply 1.5 pints of this pro d a length of 12 inches or or more after application	ions. For suppression duct in 3 to 10 gallons of more. Allow maximum before tillage.		
Bluegrass, Kentucky	1.5 - 3	3 - 40	1.5		
	luct in 10 to 40 gallons of v				
boot to early seedhead s	tage of development. For	partial control in pasture of	or hay crop renovation,		
apply 1.5 to 2.25 pints of	this product in 3 to 10 gall	lons of water per acre. Ap	ply to actively growing		
	eached 4 to 12 inches in h				
Blueweed, Texas	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 40	1.5		
	s product per acre west of	the Mississippi River and	4.5 to 6 pints per acre		
	iver. Apply when plants ar				
	For best results, apply in la				
killing frost.	r or best results, apply in a				
Brackenfern	4.5 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5		
			0.75 - 1.5		
	ronds which are at least 18		4 .		
Bromegrass, smooth	1.5 - 3	3 - 40	1.5		
	luct in 10 to 40 gallons of v				
	tage of development. For				
	this product in 3 to 10 gall		ply to actively growing		
	eached 4 to 12 inches in h				
Bursage, woolly-leaf		3 - 20	1.5		
	of this product plus 0.5 lb				
	plus 0.5 lb a.i. of dicamba p				
	been initiated by moisture	for at least two weeks and	l when plants are at or		
beyond flowering.					
Canarygrass, reed		0 40	4 E		
Janarygrass, reeu	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	1.5		
	3 - 4.5 hen most plants have read				
For best results, apply w Cattail	hen most plants have reac 4.5 - 7.5	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40	e of growth.		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants	hen most plants have reac 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early he	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage.	e of growth. 1.5		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants Clover, red, white	hen most plants have reac 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early he 4.5 - 7.5	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage. 3 - 20	e of growth. 1.5 1.5		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants Clover, red, white For control, apply 12 to 2	hen most plants have read 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early he 4.5 - 7.5 24 fl oz of this product plus	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage. 3 - 20 0.5 to 1 lb a.i. of 2,4-D in	e of growth. 1.5 1.5		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants Clover, red, white For control, apply 12 to 2 per acre. Apply when mo	hen most plants have read 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early her 4.5 - 7.5 24 fl oz of this product plus ost plants have reached th	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage. 3 - 20 0.5 to 1 lb a.i. of 2,4-D in e early bud stage.	e of growth. 1.5 1.5 3 to 10 gallons of water		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants Clover, red, white For control, apply 12 to 2 per acre. Apply when mo Cogongrass	hen most plants have read 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early here 4.5 - 7.5 24 fl oz of this product plus ost plants have reached th 4.5 - 7.5	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage. 3 - 20 0.5 to 1 lb a.i. of 2,4-D in e early bud stage. 10 - 40	e of growth. 1.5 1.5 3 to 10 gallons of water 1.5		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants Clover, red, white For control, apply 12 to 2 per acre. Apply when mo Cogongrass Apply when cogongrass	hen most plants have read 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early here 4.5 - 7.5 4 fl oz of this product plus ost plants have reached th 4.5 - 7.5 is at least 18 inches tall in	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage. 3 - 20 0.5 to 1 lb a.i. of 2,4-D in e early bud stage. 10 - 40 late summer or fall. Due to	e of growth. 1.5 1.5 3 to 10 gallons of water 1.5 o uneven stages of		
For best results, apply w Cattail Apply when most plants Clover, red, white For control, apply 12 to 2 per acre. Apply when mo Cogongrass Apply when cogongrass	hen most plants have read 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early her 4.5 - 7.5 4 fl oz of this product plus ost plants have reached th 4.5 - 7.5 is at least 18 inches tall in ture of vegetation prevent	hed the boot to head stag 3 - 40 ad stage. 3 - 20 0.5 to 1 lb a.i. of 2,4-D in e early bud stage. 10 - 40 late summer or fall. Due to	e of growth. 1.5 1.5 3 to 10 gallons of water 1.5 o uneven stages of		

Dallisgrass	4.5 - 7.5	2 - 20	1.5
Apply when most plants	have reached the early he	ad stage.	
Dandelion	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 40	1.5
Dock, curly			
Apply when most plants	have reached the early bu	d stage of growth.	
Also for control, apply 12	fl oz of this product plus ().5 lb a.i. 2,4-D in 3 to 10	gallons of water per acre
Dogbane, hemp	6	3 - 40	1.5
	have reached the late bud to regrow to a mature stag		
acre for ground application	2 fl oz of this product plus ons and 3 to 5 gallons of w	vater per acre for aerial ap	
	um emergence of dogbane		1 4 F
Fescue (except tall)	4.5 - 7.5	<u>3 - 20</u>	1.5
	have reached the early he		
escue, tall	1.5 - 4.5 oduct per acre when most	3 - 40	1.5
escue in the fall when pl	ply 1.5 pints of this produc ants have 6 to 12 inches c		
		rol and control seedlings	
reatments or the followir	ng spring.	rol and control seedlings	germinating after fall
reatments or the followir Guineagrass	ng spring. 3 - 4.5	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40	germinating after fall 0.75
reatments or the followir Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the guipment. In Texas and ric	rol and control seedlings (<u>3 - 40</u> 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints	germinating after fall 0.75 nsure thorough coverage
reatments or the followir Guineagrass Apply when most plants vhen using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the guipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is	rol and control seedlings (<u>3 - 40</u> 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In
reatments or the followir Guineagrass Apply when most plants vhen using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the guipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20	germinating after fall 0.75 nsure thorough coverage
reatments or the followir Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the guipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage.	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5
reatments or the followir Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early bu	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 1.5
reatments or the followin Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants n late summer or fall.	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early bu 6	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 1.5
reatments or the followin Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants n late summer or fall. ceplant ceplant should be at or b	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early bu 6	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40 to flower stage of growth.	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 1.5 For best results, apply 1.5
reatments or the followin Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants in late summer or fall. Ceplant ceplant should be at or to best control.	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early bu 6 have reached the late bud peyond the early bud stage	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40 to flower stage of growth. e of growth. Thorough con	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 1.5 For best results, apply 1.5 verage is necessary for
reatments or the followir Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants in late summer or fall. Ceplant ceplant should be at or the pest control. Jerusalem artichoke	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early buc 6 have reached the late bud beyond the early bud stage 4.5 - 7.5	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40 to flower stage of growth.	germinating after fall 0.75 sure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 1.5 For best results, apply 1.5
reatments or the followin Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec he flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants n late summer or fall. Ceplant Ceplant should be at or to best control. Herusalem artichoke Apply when most plants	ag spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early bu 6 have reached the late bud beyond the early bud stage 4.5 - 7.5 are in the early bud stage.	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40 to flower stage of growth. e of growth. Thorough cor 3 - 20	germinating after fall 0.75 nsure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 For best results, apply 1.5 verage is necessary for 1.5
treatments or the followin Guineagrass Apply when most plants when using hand-held ec the flatwoods region of F Horsenettle Apply when most plants Horseradish Apply when most plants in late summer or fall. Iceplant Iceplant should be at or the best control. Jerusalem artichoke Apply when most plants Johnsongrass In annual cropping system product in 3 to 10 gallons gallons of water per acre	ng spring. 3 - 4.5 have reached at least the quipment. In Texas and ric lorida, 4.5 pints per acre is 4.5 - 7.5 have reached the early buc 6 have reached the late bud beyond the early bud stage 4.5 - 7.5	rol and control seedlings (3 - 40 7-leaf stage of growth. Er dge of Florida, use 3 pints s required for control. 3 - 20 d stage. 3 - 40 to flower stage of growth. e of growth. Thorough cov 3 - 20 3 - 20 his product per acre. App pints of this product wher ere annual tillage (no-till) is	germinating after fall 0.75 Insure thorough coverage per acre for control. In 1.5 For best results, apply 1.5 verage is necessary for 1.5 0.75 Insure thorough coverage 1.5 0.75 Insure thorough coverage 1.5 0.75 Insure thorough coverage 1.5 0.75 Insure thorough coverage 1.5 0.75

herbicides when using the 1.5 pint per acre rate. For burndown of johnsongrass, apply 12 fl oz of this product in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least three days after treatment

before tillage.

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		bly a 0.75% solution of this		
Kikuyugrass	3 - 4.5	ge should be uniform and o 3 - 40	1.5	
			of growth) Allow three	
Spray when most kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth). Allow three days or more after application before tillage.				
Knapweed	6	3 - 40	1.5	
		to flower stage of growth.		
in late summer or fall.	have reached the late bud	to nower stage of growth.	For best results, apply	
Lantana		-	0.75 - 1	
		e the higher application rat	e for plants that have	
reached the woody stage				
Lespedeza	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5	
Apply when most plants	have reached the early bu	d stage.		
Milkweed, common	4.5	3 - 40	1.5	
Apply when most plants	have reached the late bud	to flower stage of growth.		
Muhly, wirestem	1.5 - 3	3 - 40	1.5	
Use 1.5 pints of this prod	uct in 3 to 10 gallons of w	ater per acre. Use 3 pints	of this product when	
applying in 10 to 40 gallo	ns of water per acre or in	pasture, sod, or noncrop a	reas. Spray when the	
wirestem muhly is 8 inch	es or more in height. Do r	not till between harvest and	d fall applications or in	
	spring applications. Allow	three days or more after a	pplication before tillage.	
Mullein, common	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5	
Apply when most plants a	are in the early bud stage.			
Napiergrass	4.5 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5	
Apply when most plants a	are in the early head stage).		
Nightshade, silverleaf	3	3 - 10	1.5	
Apply_when at least 60 p killing frost.	ercent of the plants have b	perries. Fall treatments mu	ust be applied before a	
Nutsedge, purple, yellow	0.75 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5	
plants and immature nutlinutlets can be found at rh may germinate following ungerminated tubers. Sequential applications: provide control. Make ap than 6 inches tall). Repe to 5-leaf stage. Subsequ For partial control of exist per acre. Treat when pla	ets attached to treated pla nizome tips. Nutlets, which treatment. Repeat treatm 1.5 to 3 pints of this produc plications when a majority at this application, as nece ent applications will be ne ting plants, apply 12 fl oz t nts have 3 to 5 leaves and	to 1.5 percent solution for nts. Treat when plants are n have not germinated, will ents will be required for loc of the plants are in the 3- essary, when newly emerg cessary for long-term cont o 3 pints of this product in a most are less than 6 inch merging plants or regrowth	e in flower or when new I not be controlled and ng-term control of er per acre will also to 5-leaf stage (less ing plants reach the 3- rol. 3 to 40 gallons of water les tall. Repeat	
Orchardgrass	1.5 - 3	3 - 40	1.5	
Apply 3 pints of this prod boot to early seedhead si apply 1.5 to 2.25 pints of plants when most have re Orchardgrass sods goin	tage of development. For this product in 3 to 10 gall eached 4 to 12 inches in h ng to no-till corn: Apply 1	vater per acre when most partial control in pasture o ons of water per acre. Ap	plants have reached r hay crop renovation, ply to actively growing duct in 3 to 10 gallons of	
6 inches tall for fall applic	ations. Allow at least thre atrazine will be necessary	e days following application	n before planting. A	

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	 ge of growth. Thorough co	1.5
where the second of the second states	ge of growth. Thorough co	verage is necessary for
at or beyond the boot stag		rolage is neecoodly for
4.5 - 7.5	3 - 20	1.5
are in the early head stage	ə.	•
		0.75 - 1.5
Il bloom Treatment befo	re or after this stage may l	ead to reduced control
of the vegetation which m	av prevent good sprav co	
treatments may be neces	sarv to maintain control.	isual control symptoms
,	,	
		0.75 - 1.5
reatment with hand-held e	auipment Optimum resul	
	5	
1.5	3 - 40	1.5
		1.5
of water per acre. For 10	to 40 gallons of water pa	r acro apply 2 pints of this
mix with residual barbiais	to 40 gallons of water pe	t rote, apply 5 pints 0
mix with residual herbicid	ies when using the 1.5 pin	t rate. Spray when
es in neight. Do not till be	tween harvest and fall app	plications or in fall or
lication. Allow three days	or more after application b	plications or in fall or pefore tillage. In
lication. Allow three days noldboard plow for best re crop areas where deep till	or more after application b	before tillage. In ation: Apply 3 to 4.5
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	are in the early head stage 4.5 - 7.5 est results, treat during lat ill bloom. Treatment befor of the vegetation, which many treatments may be necess 	4.5 - 7.5 3 - 20 are in the early head stage. 4.5 - 7.5 10 - 40 est results, treat during late summer or fall months of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray contreatments may be necessary to maintain control. We have been been been been been been been be

the late summer or fall, a	f this product. Fall treatme	nts must be applied befor	o a killing trost Allow
	application before tillage.	into must be applied befor	e a kiiing nost. Allow
Spurge, leafy		3 - 10	1.5
	2 fl oz of this product plus or fall. If mowing has occu		
Starthistle, yellow	3	10 - 40	1.5
stages.	when applications are ma	ade during the rosette, bol	
Sweet potato, wild			1.5
Thistle, artichoke			
For partial control. Apply applications may be requ		yond the bloom stage of g	rowth. Repeat
Thistle, Canada	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	1.5
		. Fall treatments must be	and rosette applied before a killing
frost. Allow three days of For suppression in the si 2,4-D, in 3 to 10 gallons diameter before treating.	application of this product or more after application be oring, apply 1.5 pints of this of water per acre. Allow ro Applications can be mad me of application. Allow th	. Fall treatments must be fore tillage. s product, or 12 fl oz of thi osette regrowth to a minim e as long as leaves are sti	applied before a killing s product plus 0.5 lb a.i. um of 6 inches in Il green and plants are
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Apply when most plants are at or beyond the bud stage of growth. After harvest, mowing or tillage in

Tank Mixtures for Improved Control of Bentgrass (*Agrostis* spp.) (Not for Use in California)

For improved control of bentgrass (*Agrostis* spp.), the following products may be tank mixed with this product: Envoy, Fusion, Fusilade II, Vantage. When tank mixing products, read and carefully observe label directions, precautionary statements and all information on the labels of each product in the mixture. Refer to each product label for the approved use sites.

Dry ammonium sulfate, at 1 to 2 percent by weight, may also be added to the spray solution. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Completely dissolve the ammonium sulfate in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

Broadcast Application: Apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product per acre plus

• 34 fl oz of Envoy per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.

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- 24 fl oz of Fusilade II per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 60 fl oz of Vantage per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 9 fl oz of Fusion per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.

In the event of incomplete control, re-treatment may be necessary.

Spot Treatment: Mix 2 fl oz of this product with

- 1.3 fl oz of Envoy in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.75 fl oz of Fusilade II in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 3 fl oz of Vantage in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.25 fl oz of Fusion in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.

Attention: Avoid drift. Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops.

Woody Brush and Trees

Apply this product after full leaf expansion unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Apply broadcast treatments in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise directed. Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow seven days or more after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

	Rate	Water Volume	Hand-Held
Weed Species	(pt/acre)	(gpa)	(% Solution)
Alder	4.5 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Ash	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			
Aspen, quaking	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Bearmat (bearclover)	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
Beech			
For partial control			
Birch	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75% - 1.5
For control			
Blackberry	4.5 - 6	10 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control. Make applications	after plants have read	ched full leaf maturity. Bes	t results are obtained
when applications are made in			
and until a killing frost or as lor			
control blackberry by applying			
after leaf drop and until killing f	rost or as long as ster	ns are green, apply 4.5 to	6 pints of this product

Rate Table

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acre. 3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
••		0.10 110
······································		
· •	_	1.5
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	1
	T .	0.75 - 1.5
verage of foliage is n	ecessary for best results	
		0.75 - 1.5
0-7.0	<u> </u>	0.75-1.5
	-	0.75 - 1.5
-	.L	0.70 - 1.0
3.75	3 _ 40	0.75 - 1.5
	5-40	0.75 - 1.5
		0.75
of foliago in possess	ny for host requite	0./5
		0.75 4.5
3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
	T	
-		1.5
3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
<u> </u>	¶••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
	-	1.5
		Ensure complete
3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
,		
	<u> </u>	
-	-	0.75 - 1.5
	ecessary for best results	
3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
3 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
		1
6 - 7.5	3 - 40	1.5
and the second		1 1.9
		0.75 - 1.5
<u> </u>	3-40	0.75-1.5
	1	A_E
	i "	1.5
	3 - 7.5 $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 6$	3 - 7.5 $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $a - 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 4.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $- 1.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$ $3 - 7.5$ $3 - 40$

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Manzanita	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control		·	
Maple, red	3 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control, apply a 1 percent	solution when at least 5	0 percent of the new lea	
developed. For partial control			, ,
Maple, sugar			0.75 - 1.5
For control. Apply when at lea	ast 50 percent of the nev	v leaves are fully develo	ped.
Monkey flower	-	-	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control. Thorough	coverage of foliage is ne	ecessary for best results	
Oak, black, white	3 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Oak, post	4.5 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Oak, northern	-	-	0.75 - 1.5
For control. Apply when at lea	ast 50 percent of the new	v pin leaves are fully dev	
Oak, southern red	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control		<u> </u>	
Persimmon	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			
Pine	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Poison ivy	6 - 7.5	3 - 40	1.5
Poison oak		• .•	
For control. Repeat application	ns may be required to m	aintain control. Apply fa	all treatments before
leaves lose green color.			
Poplar, yellow	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Redbud, eastern	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control	_		
Rose, multiflora	3	3 - 40	0.75
For control. Apply prior to leaf	deterioration by leaf-eat	ting insects.	
Russian olive	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			
Sage, black	-	•	0.75
For control. Thorough covera	ge of foliage is necessar	y for best results.	·····
Sage, white	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			·
Sagebrush, California			0.75
For control. Thorough coverage	ge of foliage is necessar	y for best results.	·
Salmonberry	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			·
Saltcedar	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control	······		······
Sassafras	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
Sourwood			
For partial control			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sumac, poison, smooth,	3 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
winged			
For partial control			·
Sweetgum	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5%
For control			

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Swordfern	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			
Tallowtree, Chinese	•	-	0.75
For control. Thorough coverage	ge of foliage is necessa	ry for best results.	
Tan oak resprouts	-	-	1.5
For partial control. Apply to re with fall applications.	sprouts that are less th	an 3 to 6 feet tall. Best r	esults are obtained
Thimbleberry	3 – 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Tobacco, tree	•	-	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			
Trumpetcreeper	3 - 4.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Vine maple	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control		,	
Virginia creeper	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			
Waxmyrtle, southern	3 - 7.5	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For partial control			
Willow	4.5 - 6	3 - 40	0.75 - 1.5
For control			

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent permitted by law, otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. To the extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

Limitation of Remedies

To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent permitted by law, Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. To the extent permitted by law, in no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of Dow AgroSciences or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

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[Editor's note: Master supplemental labels for crop uses.]

List of Supplemental Labels - Crop			
Supplemental Name	EPA Approval Date		
Aerial Application in California Only	November 26, 2010		
Use of Hooded Sprayers in Sunflowers (For	November 26, 2010		
Distribution and Use Only in the State of South	,		
Dakota)			
Preharvest and Spot Treatments of Weeds in Dry	November 26, 2010		
Peas, Lentils, and Chickpeas (for Distribution and			
Use Only in the States of Idaho, Minnesota,			
Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South			
Dakota and Washington)	·		
Weed Control in Alfalfa (Dormant)	November 26, 2010		
Weed Control in Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures	November 26, 2010		
Control of Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli)	November 26, 2010		
in Rice with Renovation Treatments in California			
Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant	November 26, 2010		
Horseweed (Marestail, Conyza canadensis)			
Weed Control in Raspberry	November 26, 2010		
Broadcast Application in Christmas Trees	November 26, 2010		
Weed Control in Cotton with Roundup Ready®	November 26, 2010		
Gene in Arizona			
Weed Control in Cotton with Roundup Ready [®] Flex	November 26, 2010		
Gene in Arizona			
Weed Control in Canola Hybrids with Roundup	November 26, 2010		
Ready [®] Gene Grown for Seed			
Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant	November 26, 2010		
Amaranthus spp.			
Tank Mixtures for Improved Control of Bentgrass	November 26, 2010		
(Agrostis spp.)			
Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant	November 26, 2010		
Common and Giant Ragweed (Ambrosia spp.)			
Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant	November 26, 2010		
Johnsongrass			
Corn Hybrids Using Roundup Hybridization System	November 26, 2010		
Postemergence Weed Control on Fescue Grown	November 26, 2010		
for Seed			
Sugarcane Ripening	November 26, 2010		
Weed Control in Canola (Winter Varieties) with	November 26, 2010		
Roundup Ready [®] Gene			
Weed Control in Cotton with Roundup Ready [®] Flex	November 26, 2010		
Gene			
Weed Control in Soybean with Roundup Ready [®] 2	November 26, 2010		
Yield Gene			

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA^{®,} RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Aerial Application in California Only

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Unless otherwise specified, all labeled treatment may be made by aerial equipment provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this supplemental label and in the label affixed to the product container. Refer to the product label for aerial equipment in Application Equipment and Application Methods for additional information.

AVOID DRIFT: Do not apply when winds are gusty or under any other condition which favors drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, appropriate buffer zones must be maintained.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops:

- Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.

When this product is applied under the conditions described, it controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label affixed to the container.

Only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used for aerial applications in California. Tank mixes with 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied by air in California for fallow and reduced tillage systems, and for alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only. Do not aerially apply any tank mixes with dicamba in California.

Within the boundaries of Fresno County, California, the following information applies only from February 15 through March 31:

North: Fresno County line South: Fresno County line East: State Highway 99 West: Fresno County line

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application. Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial applications of this product. Minimizing off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, pest control advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Directions: A written direction **must** be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to application. The written direction **must** state the proximity of surrounding crops and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment: Aerially applying this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. To insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use, test and calibrate the spray equipment at appropriate intervals. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurement of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night: Do not aerially apply this product earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset. Doing so requires prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

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RXXX-015 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-003 Page 92

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA^{®,} RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Use of Hooded Sprayers in Sunflowers

(For Distribution and Use Only in the State of South Dakota)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

This product may be used through hooded sprayers for weed control between the rows of sunflowers. Only hooded sprayers that completely enclose the spray pattern may be used. Leave at least an 8 inch untreated strip over the drill row. For example, if the crop row width is 38 inches, the maximum width of the spray hood should be 30 inches. The maximum tractor speed is 5 mph and the maximum wind speed is 10 mph. Use low drift nozzles.

Crop injury may occur when the foliage of treated weeds come into direct contact with leaves of the crop. Do not apply this product when the leaves of the crop are growing in direct contact with target weeds. Droplets, mist, foam or splatter of the herbicide solution that contact the crop will cause discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Contact of this product in any manner to any vegetation to which treatment is not intended may cause damage. Such damage shall be the sole responsibility of the applicator.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various annual and perennial weeds, see the Weed Control tables in the label booklet for this product.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of grazing treated areas or harvesting sunflowers for food or feed.

- Do not graze or feed sunflower forage or fodder following application of this product through hooded sprayers.
- Do not apply more than a total of 2.25 quarts per acre per year using hooded sprayer equipment.
- Do not apply more than 24 fl oz of this product per acre per application.
- Sunflowers must be at least 12 inches tall, measured without extending the leaves.

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RXXX-016 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-005

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Dow AgroSciences LLC

Labeling

9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA^{®,} RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Preharvest and Spot Treatments of Weeds in Dry Peas, Lentils, and Chickpeas (For Distribution and Use Only in the States of Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota and Washington)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Preharvest Application

This product may be applied as a broadcast over the top spray to control labeled weeds prior to harvest of dry peas, lentils, or chickpeas. Apply up to 24 fl oz in 3 to 20 gallons of water per acre at the hard dough stage of the legume seed (30 percent grain moisture or less).

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Make only one preharvest application per year. Do not combine a preharvest spray with a spot treatment on the same crop area.
- There is at least a 30-day plantback interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in the label for this product.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply preharvest to dry beans, peas, lentils, or chickpeas grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- Do not treat field (feed) peas or cowpeas since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.

Spot Application

This product may be applied as a spot spray to control weeds such as Canada thistle, quackgrass, mayweed (dog fennel), and milkweed. Apply up to 24 fl oz per acre in 10 to 20 gallons of water through

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ground spray equipment or use a 2 percent solution in a hand-held sprayer. For best results, apply at or beyond bud/heading stage or growth of target weeds. **Note:** The crop receiving the spray in the spot treated area will be killed.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Make only one application per year. Do not combine a spot treatment with a preharvest spray on the same crop area.
- There is at least a 30-day plantback interval between treatment and replanting for any crop not listed in the label for this product.
- Do not feed treated vines and hay from these crops to livestock.
- Do not treat field (feed) peas or cowpeas since these are considered to be grown as livestock feed.

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RXXX-017 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-008

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

> Weed Control in Alfalfa (Dormant) (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Use this product to control or suppress many weeds, including quackgrass, downy brome and cheatgrass, in dormant alfalfa.

Apply 7 to 9 fl oz of this product per acre in the spring to alfalfa that is dormant. Apply after spring temperatures have warmed enough to encourage resumption of weed growth, but prior to initiation of trifoliate leaf expansion of the alfalfa. If applications of this product are made after expansion of the first trifoliate leaf of the alfalfa, growth reduction and reduced crop yield will result. Slight discoloration of the alfalfa may occur, but it will regreen and regrow under moist soil conditions as the effects of this product wears off.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not use ammonium sulfate when spraying dormant alfalfa with this product.
- Do not use this product where a slight yield reduction in the first cutting of alfalfa cannot be tolerated.
- Do not make more than one application per year.
- Wait 36 hours after application before grazing livestock or harvesting.
- Applying this product to dormant alfalfa can cause crop injury. Any crop injury is the sole responsibility of the applicator.

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RXXX-047 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-018.

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

> Weed Control in Coastal Bermudagrass Pastures (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Apply this product at 11 fl oz per acre to control annual bluegrass, cheat, crabgrass, henbit, seedling johnsongrass, little barley, oats, Italian ryegrass, field sandbur, sunflower, wheat, and wild mustard and more other winter annual grass and broadleaf weeds in established coastal bermudagrass pastures.

Applications Prior to Spring Growth: Apply this product in either late winter or early spring, but before new coastal bermudagrass growth begins in the spring. Otherwise, new growth of the bermudagrass can be damaged. Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before applying this product. Wait for 60 days after making this application before resuming grazing or harvesting the treated area.

Applications Following First Cutting: Apply this product after the first bermudagrass cutting when the bermudagrass has not yet begun to regrow. Otherwise, regrowth of the bermudagrass can be damaged. Remove domestic livestock from the pasture before applying this product. Wait for 28 days after making this application before resuming grazing or harvesting the treated area.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not make more than one application per year to any one field.
- Do not make a spring application prior to growth and an application following the first cutting on the field during the same year.

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RXXX-048 EPA accepted 11/26/10 RXXX-019. 89 an

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Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control of Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crus-galli) in Rice with Renovation **Treatments in California**

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- . Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Use this product applied as a renovation treatment in rice to control barnyardgrass infestations using ground broadcast spray or hand-held equipment. Renovation is a herbicide treatment that produces crop and weed destruction in an entire field or a contiguous area treated within a field. Follow the application methods and specified rates in the label attached to this product's container.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- The crop that is in the treated area will be killed. Do not spray or allow the spray to drift outside of the target area in order to avoid unwanted crop destruction.
- Do not use the rice straw and stubble from the treated area, including a 25-foot buffer zone on all sides, for grazing, animal bedding, or any feed purposes.
- Do not aerially apply this product when using it according to the directions in this supplemental labeling.

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed (Marestail, Conyza canadensis)

(Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Corn - Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

Apply this product in a preplant application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 2,4-D (0.5 lb active ingredient per acre) or Hornet WDG before horseweed is more than 6 inches in height. Dicamba may be used in a tank mix with this product. Include atrazine (1 to 2 lb active ingredient per acre) in the tank mix to provide residual control.

Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology - In-Crop

Apply this product in a post-directed application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 8 to 16 fl oz of Clarity per acre or 0.5 to 1 lb 2,4-D per acre between corn emergence and the 5-leaf state of growth, or when the corn is approximately 8 inches tall. Dicamba may also be included in a tank mix with this product.

Cotton - Preplant

Apply this product in a preplant application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 8 fl oz of Clarity per acre. Make this application 21 to 35 days before planting cotton and before horseweed reaches 6 inches in height. Observe a minimum of 21 days between the Clarity application

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and planting cotton during which there is at least 1 inch of cumulative rainfall in order to avoid crop injury. 2,4-D may also be included in a tank mix with this product.

Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene and Roundup Ready[®] Flex Gene- Post-Directed

Apply this product in a post-directed application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Management of early season weed competition and the development of a crop height differential between cotton and horseweed occurs by a combination of preplant burndown and postemergence over the top and/or directed applications of this product. The development of a height differential is necessary to successfully make post-directed treatments. Make incrop post-directed applications of MSMA (2 lb active ingredient per acre) tank mixed with diuron (0.5 to 0.75 lb active ingredient per acre) when the temperature is 80°F or hotter.

Grapes

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*): Apply 3 pints of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre. A residual herbicide such as diuron may provide additional preemergence control. Further local restrictions may apply.

Soybean - Preplant

Apply this product in a preplant application to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. For best results, control horseweed prior to planting. Use 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 2,4-D (0.5 lb active ingredient per acre) before horseweed is more than 6 inches in height.

Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] Gene and Roundup Ready[®] 2 Gene- In-Crop

Apply this product as a salvage treatment to glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*) that was not controlled by a preplant application. Apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre for ground applications or in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Horseweed must be 6 inches or less in height. Apply 1.5 pints of this product per acre in a tank mix with 0.3 oz of FirstRate per acre (FirstRate will not control ALS resistant horseweed). Apply between full emergence of the first trifoliate leaf and 50 percent flowering stage of soybeans.

Tree Fruits (Pome Fruit and Stone Fruit)

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*) in all tree fruits listed in the Tree Fruits section on the label attached to this product's container. Apply 3 pints of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre or 2 pints of Orchard Master CA per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre.

Tree Nuts

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*) in all tree nuts listed in the Tree Nuts section on the label attached to this product's container. Apply 3 pints of this product per acre plus 2,4-D (18 fl oz of Dri-Clean per acre or 2 pints of Orchard Master CA per acre) before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. For best results, use a carrier volume of 15 gallons per acre.

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RXXX-049 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-021

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Raspberry

(Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Types of Applications: Preplant (site preparation) broadcast spray, general weed control, middles (between rows of bushes), strips (within rows of bushes), selective equipment (shielded sprayer, wiper applicator), directed spray, spot treatment, perennial grass suppression, cut stump

Apply this product with boom equipment, CDA equipment, shielded sprayer, hand-held and backpack wand, lance, orchard gun or with wiper applicator equipment, except as directed.

Apply 12 fl oz to 3.75 quarts of this product per acre according to the rate tables in the Annual Weeds and Perennial Weeds sections of this label. Use a higher rate in the rate range when weeds are stressed, growing in dense populations or are more than 12 inches tall.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not transplant raspberries within 3 days of application.
- Do not apply more than 7-8 quarts of this product per acre per year.
- Do not apply herbicide spray to contact desirable vegetation, including green shoots and foliage.

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RXXX-050067 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-022050.

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Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

> Broadcast Application in Christmas Trees (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Broadcast apply this product over the established Christmas tree species douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*), fir species (*Abies* spp.), and spruce species (*Piecea* spp.). Use 24 fl oz of this product per acre in 5 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Apply after trees have completed at least a full growing season since planting or transplanting.

Apply only in the fall after the formation of the final conifer resting buds. Final resting buds must be fully hardened and in the dormant stage. Applying this product at any other time may result in unacceptable injury to the Christmas trees. Avoid spray pattern overlap as injury may occur:

In some areas, 24 to 48 fl oz of this product per acre may be used. Consult your local representative for specific use instructions if rates greater than 24 fl oz per acre are required.

For best results, do not use drift control additives as they may increase injury to Christmas trees.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 1 full year prior to tree harvest.
- Ensure that adequate buffers are maintained to prevent drift onto nearby desirable crops or vegetation.
- Do not add surfactants, additives containing surfactants, or any other additives to this product as severe Christmas tree injury may result.
- Do not use other herbicides in a tank mix with this product as severe Christmas tree injury may occur.

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RXXX-051 EPA accepted 11/26/10

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Replaces RXXX-023.

Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene in Arizona

ATTENTION

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of the product label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, over the top, selective equipment, preharvest

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (quart/acre)
preplant preemergence	3.75
at-planting maximum preharvest	1.5
total all in-crop applications from ground cracking to layby	2.75
total in-crop over the top from ground cracking to 4-leaf stage	2.25
total in-crop applications using selective equipment through layby	1.5
combined total for all applications	6

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days before harvest.

- Do not make more than two over the top broadcast applications from crop emergence through the 4leaf (node) development stage.
- Do not make more than two post-directed applications from the 5-leaf stage through layby.
- There must be 10 days between sequential in-crop over the top or post-directed applications of this product. Cotton must also have at least two nodes of incremental growth between applications.
- Do not apply more than the maximum label rates of this product. Doing so will result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss and are the sole responsibility of the grower.
- The maximum use rates on this label apply to the rates of this product combined with the use of all other glyphosate-containing products, applied separately or as a tank mix. Calculate the application rates and ensure that the total use of this and other glyphosate-containing products does not exceed the specified maximum use rate.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready cotton.

Over the Top

Apply up to 1.5 pints of this product per application using aerial or ground application equipment. Make this postemergence application to Roundup Ready cotton from the ground cracking stage until the 4-leaf (node) development stage (until the fifth true leaf reaches the size of a quarter).

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of this product per acre in any single over the top broadcast application.
- Do not apply more than 2.25 quarts of this product per acre for combined over the top applications between ground cracking until the 4-leaf (node) stage.

Selective Equipment

Apply this product using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers to Roundup Ready cotton through layby using up to 1.5 pints per acre per application. Up to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre may be used in sequential in-crop applications using selective equipment. Use post-directed equipment that directs the spray to the base of the cotton plants. To avoid contact of the herbicide spray with leaves of the cotton plant to the maximum extent possible, maintain a low spray pressure (less than 30 lb psi) and place the nozzles in a low position. This directs a horizontal spray pattern under the leaves of the cotton plant and onto the weeds in the row. For best results, apply while weeds are small and less than 3 inches in height.

Precautions and Restrictions:

 Do not apply more than a total of 2.75 quarts of this product per acre as a combined in-crop over the top plus selective equipment applications

Salvage Treatment: Apply up to 2.25 pints of this product per acre from the ground cracking stage through layby when weeds threaten to cause the loss of the crop. Make the application either as an over the top or as a post-directed treatment sprayed higher on the cotton plants and over the weeds. **Note:** Crop tolerance of Roundup Ready cotton has not fully been tested at this application rate. A salvage treatment will result in significant boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss and are the sole responsibility of the grower. Do not apply more than two salvage treatments per growing season.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than a total of 2.75 quarts per acre of this product in a combined in-crop and over the top plus selective equipment applications.

Preharvest

This product may be applied for preharvest annual and perennial weed control as a broadcast application after 20 percent of boll crack. This product does not enhance the performance of harvest aids when applied to Roundup Ready cotton.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 quarts of this product using either aerial or ground application equipment.
- Do not apply this product preharvest to Roundup Ready cotton grown for seed.

Attention: Use this product as an over the top or directed application onto cotton that is designated as Roundup Ready. If cotton varieties not designated as Roundup Ready are sprayed with this product, severe injury or death will result. Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, or fruit of crops, or any desirable plants and trees other than crops with a Roundup Ready gene as severe injury or destruction will result.

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Flex Gene in Arizona

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of the product label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

The use directions in this section apply only to varieties marked as Roundup Ready Flex cotton. If this product is applied over the top of cotton other than Roundup Ready Flex cotton, crop injury and reduced yields will result. Do not combine the directions in this section with the directions in the section for Cotton with Roundup Ready Gene or with any other Roundup Ready cotton or Roundup Ready Flex cotton use directions on other glyphosate-containing products. If this product drifts onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) Roundup Ready cotton, extensive crop injury, including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss will occur.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence, preharvest

Application Type	Rate (quart/acre)
preplant preemergence at-planting	3.75
total all in-crop applications from cracking to 60 percent open bolls	4.25
maximum allowed from 60 percent open bolls to 7 days prior to harvest	1.5

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

combined total for all applications	6

Calculate the combined rate used for all preplant, in-crop and preharvest applications to ensure that the total does not exceed the maximum rate per acre per year allowed.

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Postemergence

Apply this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Eliminate competing weeds early to maximize yield potential. One or more applications of this product will control or suppress many perennial weeds. For best results, initially apply 1.5 pints per acre on 1- to 3-inch tall annual grass and broadleaf weeds. Apply this product at up to 3 pints per acre per application using ground application equipment. More thorough weed coverage may be achieved by using post-directed spray equipment.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product per acre as a maximum single in-crop application rate using ground equipment.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints per acre as an in-crop application made alone or with the addition of other crop chemicals containing surfactants as a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis may occur.
- Do not apply more than 2.25 pints of this product per acre when applying by air.
- The maximum combined total application rate of this product between layby and 60 percent open bolls is 3 pints per acre.
- The maximum combined total application rate of this product made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls is 4.25 quarts per acre.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for over the top application to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Preharvest

Apply this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton at 3 pints per acre for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack. Make the application by aerial or ground spray equipment. When applied to Roundup Ready Flex cotton, this product does not enhance the performance of harvest aids.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for preharvest application to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Attention: Normal growth of Roundup Ready Flex cotton will result if this product is applied according to label directions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product due to the sensitivity of cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors even when applications are made in conformance with label specifications. These factors, in some cases, can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

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Supplemental

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

Labeling

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Canola Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] Gene Grown for Seed (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of the product label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready Crops.

Types of Applications: Preplant, preemergence, at-planting, postemergence

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not combine an application on Roundup Ready canola grown for seed with an application for weed control in Roundup Ready canola using this product or any other glyphosate-containing product.
- Apply this product only on canola that contains a Roundup Ready Gene. Severe crop injury and yield loss will result if this product is applied to canola that is not designated as Roundup Ready.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (pints/acre)
preplant	3
preemergence	
at-planting	
total all in-crop applications	1.5

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product using aerial or ground application equipment before, during, or after planting canola. In no-till and stale seedbed systems, control existing weeds with a burndown treatment before canola emerges. Use 12 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre in a preplant burndown application.

Postemergence

Apply this product in ground broadcast equipment to control non-glyphosate-tolerant canola pollen parental line(s) in hybrid canola seed production fields containing both a Roundup Ready canola line(s) and a non-glyphosate tolerant line(s). Control the non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental line(s) by applying 12 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre when pollination is complete or near completion. Non-glyphosate-tolerant pollen parental line(s) may be controlled by sequential applications.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than a total of 24 fl oz per acre if using sequential applications.
- Do not make sequential applications less than 5 days apart.

[®]Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC Roundup Ready[®] is a registered trademark of Monsanto Company

RXXX-052 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-026.

Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Amaranthus spp. (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Corn - Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence herbicide such as Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, or another residual herbicide to control *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology – Postemergence (In-Crop)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide such as Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, or another residual herbicide to control *Amaranthus* spp.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with other herbicides such as 2,4-D or dicamba (Clarity, Banvel, or Distinct) and a residual herbicide such as Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L for continued control of *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Cotton - Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence soil residual herbicide labeled for control of

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Amaranthus spp. such as fluometuron (Cotoran) and/or pendimethalin (Prowl H2O). Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene and Roundup Ready[®] Flex Gene- Postemergence (In-Crop)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product preemergence in a tank mix with metolachlor prior to the 4-leaf stage for the control of *Amaranthus* spp. To control emerged weeds preemergence at layby, apply this product in a tank mix with a residual herbicide such as diuron (Direx) or flumioxazin (Valor) post-directed to control *Amaranthus* spp.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with MSMA and diuron (Direx) or flumioxazin (Valor) to control emerged *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Soybean - Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of an *Amaranthus* species. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide such as alachlor (Intrro) or another residual herbicide to control *Amaranthus* spp. For preplant applications, add 2,4-D to the tank mix to help control emerged broadleaf weeds.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with lactofen (Cobra) or fomesafen (Flexstar) to control emerged *Amaranthus* spp. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

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RXXX-053 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-027.

Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Tank Mixtures for Improved Control of Bentgrass (Agrostis spp.) (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

For improved control of bentgrass (*Agrostis* spp.), the following products may be tank mixed with this product: Envoy, Fusion, Fusilade II, Vantage. When tank mixing products, read and carefully observe label directions, precautionary statements and all information on the labels of each product in the mixture. Refer to each product label for the approved use sites.

Dry ammonium sulfate, at 1 to 2 percent by weight, may also be added to the spray solution. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Completely dissolve the ammonium sulfate in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

Broadcast Application: Apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product per acre plus

- 34 fl oz of Envoy per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 24 fl oz of Fusilade II per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 60 fl oz of Vantage per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 9 fl oz of Fusion per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.

In the event of incomplete control, re-treatment may be necessary.

Spot Treatment: Mix 2 fl oz of this product with

- 1.3 fl oz of Envoy in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.75 fl oz of Fusilade II in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 3 fl oz of Vantage in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.25 fl oz of Fusion in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.

Attention: Avoid drift. Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops.

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Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Common and Giant Ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.)

(Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all
 precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Corn - Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide containing atrazine, such as Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, or another residual herbicide labeled to control ragweed species prior to the emergence of corn. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology – Postemergence (In-Crop)

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.). To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide containing atrazine, such as Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L, or another residual herbicide labeled to control ragweed species.

To control emerged weeds as a postemergence application, apply this product in a tank mix with other herbicides such as 2,4-D or dicamba (Clarity, Banvel or Distinct) and a residual herbicide such as Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, Harness Xtra 5.6L for continued control of *Ambrosia* spp.

Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Cotton - Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed. To control emerged weeds in a burndown application, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence broadleaf herbicide such as Clarity or 2,4-D. To help control emerged broadleaf weeds in a preplant application, add 2,4-D to the tank mix. For applications after planting but prior to the emergence of cotton to control emerged weeds, tank mix this product with Cotoran, a preemergence residual herbicide for continued control of common ragweed. Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

Soybean - Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with a herbicide that has a different mode of action to control a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of common or giant ragweed (*Ambrosia* spp.). To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence residual herbicide such as FirstRate (cloransulam-methyl) where ALS resistance is not an issue. To help control emerged broadleaf weeds, add 2,4-D to the tank mix for a preplant application.

To control emerged ragweed species, apply this product in a tank mix with FirstRate (cloransulammethyl), lactofen (Cobra), or fomesafen (Flexstar)

Appropriate cultural and mechanical control practices (e.g., crop rotation or tillage) may also be used. Not all herbicides are labeled for management of ragweed species in all states or for all sites and crops. When tank mixing this product with other herbicides, read each product's label and follow all precautions and limitations on the label. For best results, tillage or make a burndown application prior to planting.

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Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Johnsongrass (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Corn - Preplant, Preemergence, At-Planting

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. For best results, apply a burndown application to control emerged weeds prior to planting or the emergence of corn. Apply this product before, during or after planting but prior to crop emergence for burndown to control a broad spectrum of emerged weeds. For additional weed control and to suppress emerged johnsongrass, apply this product along with Degree Xtra, Harness Xtra, or Harness Xtra 5.6L.

Corn Hybrids with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Technology – Postemergence (In-Crop)

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with Accent (nicosulfuron), Equip (foramsulfuron and iodosulfuron) or Option (foramsulfuron) for additional weed control and suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Cotton - Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide

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with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. For best results, apply a burndown application to control emerged weeds prior to planting or the emergence of cotton. Apply this product before, during or after planting but prior to crop emergence for burndown to control a broad spectrum of emerged weeds. For additional weed control and to suppress rhizome johnsongrass prior to planting cotton, apply this product along with a product containing pendimethalin or trifluralin. For additional control of emerged johnsongrass, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxydim).

Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Gene and Roundup Ready[®] Flex Gene- Postemergence (In-Crop) Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence

and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxdim) for the suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

Attention: Using this product in accordance with label directions is expected to result in normal growth of Roundup Ready cotton. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product due to the sensitivity of cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors, even when applications are made according to label directions. In some instances, these factors can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

Soybean - Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. For best results, apply a burndown application to control emerged weeds prior to planting or the emergence of soybean. Apply this product before, during or after planting but prior to crop emergence for burndown to control a broad spectrum of emerged weeds. For control or suppression of emerged rhizome johnsongrass, apply this product in a tank mix with a product containing alachlor, metolachlor, pendimethalin, or trifluralin. To suppress emerged johnsongrass, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop), or Poast Plus (sethoxydim).

Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] Gene and Roundup Ready[®] 2 Gene- In-Crop

Tank mix this product with a herbicide that has a different mode of action labeled for preemergence and/or postemergence control of a naturally occurring glyphosate-resistant biotype of johnsongrass in combination with appropriate cultural weed control practices (e.g., crop rotation). Applying a herbicide with a different mode of action can be made either in a single tank mix application with this product or in sequential applications. To control emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with SelectMAX (clethodim), Assure II (quizalofop) or Poast Plus (sethoxdim) for the suppression of emerged johnsongrass.

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Supplemental

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

Labeling

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Use in Corn Hybrids Using Roundup Hybridization System (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Use this product in research field trials and for seed production of corn hybrids using the Roundup Hybridization System (RHS). RHS is the gene technology that allows for tassel-only susceptibility to this product. Using this product on corn hybrids or inbreds that are not designated as RHS or as corn containing Roundup Reach 2 Technology may result in severe crop injury and yield loss.

Early Season Weed Control

Use this product for early season weed control up to the V8 state (8 leaves with collars) in corn seed production fields planted with corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology and RHS corn inbred recipient lines.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), spot treatment, preharvest, postharvest

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting: Apply this product alone or in a tank mix before, during, or after planting.

Tank Mixes: When applying this product in a tank mix, choose one of the product listed below as the tank mix partner. The specific product used must be labeled for application prior to emergence of corn. Read and follow all of the label directions for the tank mix product. Apply the tank mix in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre or in 10 to 60 gallons of nitrogen per acre.

E8A / GF-1280 / MSTR Notif With Edits / 03-28-13

Aim Aim EC Axiom Balance **Balance** Pro Banvel **Bicep Magnum Bicep II Magnum Bicep Lite II Magnum** Bullet Cinch Cinch ATZ Clarity Define Degree Degree Xtra Distinct

Dual II Magnum Epic Frontier FulTime Guardsman Guardsman MAX Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6L Hornet Keystone Keystone LA Lariat Leadoff Linex Lorox

Marksman Me-Too-Lachlor II Micro-Tech Outlook Prowl Python Python II Radius Resolve Resource Shark Stalwart Stalwart C Stalwart Xtra Surpass TopNotch

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than a total of 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all preplant, preemergence, and at-planting applications combined.
- Apply a postemergence application of this product for maximum weed control following the use of the preemergence residual products listed above.

Postemergence (In-Crop): This product controls annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on the label when applied as directed. One or more applications of this product controls or suppresses many perennial grasses and broadleaf weeds. Make a postemergence application of 18 to 24 fl oz of this product per acre before weeds are more than 4 inches in height or before they become competitive with the crop. Make a sequential application of this product at 18 to 24 fl oz per acre before weeds are more than 4 inches in height if new flushes of weeds occur.

Tank Mixes: When applying this product in a tank mix, choose one of the product listed below as the tank mix partner. The specific product used must be labeled for application postemergence (in-crop) to corn. Read and follow all of the label directions for the tank mix product.

2,4-D	Degree	Hornet
Aim EC	Degree Xtra	Marksman
Banvel	dicamba	Micro-Tech
Basis	Distinct	Option
Basis Gold	Equip	Resolve
Bullet	Harness	Resource
Callisto	Harness Xtra	Shark
Clarity	Harness Xtra 5.6L	

Tank Mix Partner	Maximum Height of Corn at Application (Inches)
Bullet ¹ Micro-Tech ¹	5
Degree Degree Xtra Harness Harness Xtra Harness Xtra 5.6L	11
atrazine	12

¹These products are not registered for use as a postemergence application in Texas.

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Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not make applications less than 10 days apart for in-crop weed control.

Tassel Control

Apply this product as an over the top broadcast application for tassel control in RHS corn inbred recipient lines in seed production research fields planted with corn containing Roundup Ready 2 Technology as the pollen donor. Apply this product at the rate of 12 to 48 fl oz per acre for tassel control at any growth stage including growth stages later than V8. Multiple applications of this product may be made.

Preharvest: Apply this product at rates up to 24 fl oz per acre for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest.

Postharvest: Apply this product for weed control after harvesting the crop. A higher rate in the rate range may be required to control large weeds growing in the crop at the time of harvest. Tank mixes with 2,4-D or dicamba may be used.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than a total of 6 quarts of this product per acre per year, including weed control and tassel control.
- Do not use corn fodder, forage, grain or stover for food or feed.
- Do not feed or graze corn.
- Do not process harvested corn grain or resulting seed for food or feed.

[®]Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC Roundup Ready[®] is a registered trademark of Monsanto Company

RXXX-057 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-031

Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Postemergence Weed Control on Fescue Grown for Seed (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Apply this product on glyphosate-tolerant tall and fine fescue grown for seed only. Use 4 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre as a postemergence spray on glyphosate-tolerant tall fescue selections. Apply six weeks after germination and to established crops after growth resumes in the fall until onset of dormancy, and in the spring after dormancy break until 60 days before harvest.

Applying this product postemergence controls or suppresses the following weeds: annual bluegrass mustards, Canada thistle, cheatgrass, chickweed, dandelion, downy brome, fleabane, pennycress, quackgrass, shepherd's-purse, sowthistle, and wild oat. The specified rate range of this product limits the level of control of certain weed species. **Note:** Some crop discoloration and yellowing may occur at higher rates of application with glyphosate-tolerant tall and fine fescue selections. Reduction in stand of these selections may occur under conditions of stress.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not spray during or within two weeks after periods when the air temperature is below 25°F.
- Remove domestic livestock from the seed production field prior to application.
- Do not resume grazing or harvesting the treated area for 60 days after application.
- Make only two applications of this product per crop growth cycle to any one site. If two applications are required, make only one fall and one spring application during one 12-month cycle.

[®]Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

RXXX-058 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-032.

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Sugarcane Ripening

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

This product is a foliar-applied plant growth regulator that hastens ripening and increases the sucrose level in sugarcane. This is effective in both low- and high-tonnage sugarcane. Following the directions in this label will hasten ripening and extent the period of high sucrose level in sugarcane. Improved trash burn can be expected as a result of leaf desiccation.

The top nodes of the treated cane stalk is where the sucrose increase is concentrated. Top at the base of the fourth leaf to maximize sugar recovery where topping is practiced at harvest.

Before applying this product for sugarcane ripening, consult your state sugarcane authority regarding the degree of anticipated sucrose response from the variety of sugarcane to be treated. Other than the following listed crops, do not plant subsequent crops in treated fields within 30 days after application: alfalfa or other forage legumes, beans (all types), corn (all types), cotton, melons (all types), pasture grasses, peanuts, potatoes (Irish or sweet), sorghum (milo), soybeans, squash (all types), wheat.

Application Rates and Application Timing: The following application rates and application timing must be followed according to the state in which sugarcane is grown. Use a higher rate in the rate range when treating sugarcane under adverse ripening conditions or when less responsive varieties are treated.

Florida: Apply 9 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre three to five weeks before the harvest of last ration cane only.

Hawaii: Apply 11 to 22.5 fl oz of this product per acre four to 10 weeks before harvest.

Louisiana: Apply 8 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre three to seven weeks before the harvest of ration cane only.

Puerto Rico: Apply 9 fl oz of this product per acre three to five weeks before harvest of ratoon cane only.

Texas: Apply 9 to 18 fl oz of this product per acre three to five weeks before the harvest of ration cane only.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Applying this product may initiate development of shooting eyes.
- The sucrose content of sugarcane under conditions of good natural ripening may not increase.
- This product may produce a slight yellowing to a pronounced browning, drying of leaves, and a shortening of upper internodes within two to three weeks after applying this product.
- Spindle death may occur.
- Effectiveness may be reduced if rainfall occurs within six hours after application.
- For best results, do not apply to sugarcane grown for seed as a reduction in germination or vigor may occur.
- Do not feed or graze sugarcane forage after application.
- Do not apply for enhanced ripening to any other crop except sugarcane. Use of this product in any manner not specified on this label may result in injury or other unintended consequences to persons, animals, or crops.

[®]Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

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Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

Dow AgroSciences

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Canola (Winter Varieties) with Roundup Ready[®] Gene

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop)

Roundup Ready winter canola is defined as Roundup Ready canola varieties that are seeded in the early fall, harvested the following spring or winter, and are intended to enter a cold period dormancy in the winter.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (pints/acre)
preplant preemergence	3
at-planting total in-crop applications from emergence to canopy closure or	
prior to bolting in the spring	

Preplant, Preemergent and At-Planting

Apply before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready winter canola.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product per acre per season for all total of preplant, preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply this product as a postemergence application to Roundup Ready winter canola from emergence to canopy closure in the fall and prior to bolting in the spring. Applications made during or after bolting may result in crop injury or yield loss. To maximize yield potential, make applications early to eliminate competing weeds.

A sequential application of this product may be necessary to control some weeds with multiple germination times, suppressed (stunted) weeds, or weeds that have overwintered. Make the second application after some regrowth has occurred and at least 60 days after the previous application of this product.

Single Application: Apply 18 to 24 fl oz per acre in the fall when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the rate range when weed densities are high, when weeds have overwintered, or when weeds become large and well established. Applying more than 18 fl oz per acre prior to the 6-leaf stage may result in reduced crop growth in the fall. Avoid overlapping applications that may result in temporary yellowing and growth reduction.

Sequential Application: Apply 12 to 24 fl oz per acre to 2-leaf or larger canola in the fall followed by a sequential application at the same rate at a minimum interval of 60 days. Make the sequential application before bolting in the spring. Sequential applications are required for early emerging annual weeds and winter emerging weeds such as downy brome, jointed goatgrass and ryegrass, and for weeds that have overwintered. This product controls or suppresses most perennial weeds; however, for some perennial weeds, sequential applications may be required to reduce competition with the crop.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply more than two in-crop (over the top) broadcast applications from crop emergence up to the onset of bolting.
- Do not apply more than 1.5 pints of this product per acre per season for all in-crop applications.
- Reduced crop growth in the fall may result if more than 18 fl oz per acre is applied prior to the 6-leaf stage.
- No waiting period is required between application and open grazing of livestock.

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Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

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GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Cotton with Roundup Ready[®] Flex Gene (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

The use directions in this section apply only to varieties marked as Roundup Ready Flex cotton. If this product is applied over the top of cotton other than Roundup Ready Flex cotton, crop injury and reduced yields will result. Do not combine the directions in this section with the directions in the section for Cotton with Roundup Ready Gene or with any other Roundup Ready cotton or Roundup Ready Flex cotton use directions on other glyphosate-containing products. If this product drifts onto adjacent fields of post 4-leaf (node) Roundup Ready cotton, extensive crop injury, including boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss will occur.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), preharvest, post-directed (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (quart/acre)
preplant preemergence at-planting	3.75
total all in-crop applications from cracking to 60 percent open bolls	4.25
total all in-crop applications between layby and 60 percent open bolls	1.5

total all in-crop applications from 60 percent open bolls to 7 days prior to harvest	1.5
total all in-crop applications from emergence through harvest	4.25
combined total for all applications	6

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

Apply this product before, during, or after planting Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Tank Mixes: Prior to planting, tank mix with 2,4-D or Clarity only. The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Caparol	Prowl H2O
Cotoran	Refex
Direx	Stalwart
Dual Magnum	Staple
Parrlay	Valor

Precautions and Restrictions:

 Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined preplant, preemergence, and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

Apply this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton to control annual grasses and broadleaf weeds listed on this label. Eliminate competing weeds early to maximize yield potential. One or more applications of this product will control or suppress many perennial weeds. For best results, initially apply 24 fl oz per acre on 1- to 3-inch tall annual grass and broadleaf weeds. Apply this product at up to 36 fl oz per acre per application using ground application equipment. More thorough weed coverage may be achieved by using post-directed spray equipment.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied postemergence. (in-crop) over the top of Roundup Ready Flex cotton. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Assure II	Reflex
Dual Magnum ²	Select
Envoke	Stalwart ²
Fusilade	Staple ¹
Depart Diug	

Poast Plus

¹Staple may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) in Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

²Dual Magnum and Stalwart applied over the top of Roundup Ready Flex cotton may cause leaf injury in the form of necrotic spotting.

The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied postemergence (in-crop) using precision post-directed or hooded sprayers. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim	Layby-Po
Caparol	Parrlay
Chateau	Prowl H2O
Cotoran	Staple ¹
Direx	Valor
Envoke	

Staple may cause leaf yellowing and/or leaf crinkling when applied postemergence (in-crop) in Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 36 fl oz of this product per acre as a maximum single in-crop application rate using ground equipment.
- Do not apply more than 24 fl oz per acre as an in-crop application made alone or with the addition of
 other crop chemicals containing surfactants as a crop response including leaf speckling or leaf necrosis
 may occur.
- Do not apply more than 24 fl oz of this product per acre when applying by air.
- The maximum combined total application rate of this product between layby and 60 percent open bolls is 48 fl oz per acre.
- The maximum combined total application rate of this product made from crop emergence to 60 percent open bolls is 4.25 quarts per acre.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for over the top application to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Preharvest

Apply this product to Roundup Ready Flex cotton at 48 fl oz per acre for annual and perennial weed control prior to harvest after 60 percent boll crack. When applied to Roundup Ready Flex cotton, this product does not enhance the performance of harvest aids.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.
- Do not add additional surfactant or additives containing surfactant to this product for preharvest application to Roundup Ready Flex cotton.

Attention: Normal growth of Roundup Ready Flex cotton will result if this product is applied according to label directions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product due to the sensitivity of cotton fruiting to various environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other factors even when applications are made in conformance with label specifications. These factors, in some cases, can result in boll loss, delayed maturity and/or yield loss.

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RXXX-059 EPA accepted 11/26/10

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Replaces RXXX-035.

Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Names: Duramax[®], Durango[®] DMA[®], RapidFire[®]] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Soybean with Roundup Ready[®] 2 Yield Gene (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, Application Equipment and Application Methods, and Roundup Ready Crops on the label attached to this product's container.

Types of Applications: Preplant, at-planting, preemergence, postemergence (in-crop), preharvest, postharvest, in-crop (glyphosate-resistant horseweed), postemergence (in-crop) (glyphosate-resistant johnsongrass)

See the Roundup Ready Crops section of this label for general precautionary instructions for use in Roundup Ready crops.

Maximum Allowable Application Rates

Application Type	Rate (per acre)
preplant preemergence at-planting	3.75 qt
maximum preharvest	1.5 pt
total in-crop applications from cracking throughout flowering (R2 stage)	2.25 qt
combined total for all applications	6 qt

Preplant, Preemergence, and At-Planting

This product may be applied before, during or after planting Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybeans.

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Tank Mixes: Mix this product with 2,4-D, Banvel or Clarity and apply prior to planting only. The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to crop emergence. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for application prior to emergence of the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

Aim	Lorox
Assure II	Me-Too Lachlor
Axiom	Micro-Tech
Authority	Outlook
Blanket	Pendimax
Boundary	Prowl
Canopy	Prowl H2O
Classic	Pursuit
Cobra	Pursuit Plus
Command	Python
Command Xtra	Reflex
Domain	Resource
Dual Magnum	Scepter
Dual II Magnum	Select
First Rate	Select MAX
Flexstar	Sencor
Frontier	Spartan
Fusion	Squadron
Gangster	Steel
Intrro	Treflan
Lexone	Valor
Linex	

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 3.75 quarts per acre per season for all combined preplant, preemergence and at-planting applications.

Postemergence (In-Crop)

This product may be applied postemergence to Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybeans from the cracking (emergence) stage throughout flowering (R2 stage soybeans). Soybeans at the R2 stage ends when a pod 5 millimeters (3/16 inch) long appears at one of the four uppermost nodes on the main stem with a fully developed leaf (R3 stage). Refer to the rate table in the Annual Weeds section. Apply an initial application of 1.5 pints per acre on weeds 2 to 8 inches tall, generally occurring within two to five weeks after planting. Apply a higher rate of this product if the initial application is delayed and weeds are taller. Up to 3 pints of this product per acre may be applied as a single, in-crop application for control of annual weeds and where dense weed populations exist.

Apply 1.5 to 3 pints of this product per acre as a single or multiple application to control or suppress perennial weeds, such as bermudagrass, Canada thistle, common milkweed, field bindweed, hemp dogbane, horsenettle, marestail (horseweed), nutsedge, quackgrass, rhizome johnsongrass, redvine, trumpetcreeper, swamp smartweed and wirestem muhly. For best results, before applying this product, allow perennial weeds species to be at least 6 inches tall.

A sequential application of this product may be required to control late flushes of weeds under adverse growing conditions such as drought, hail, wind damage or when a soybean stand has delayed canopy closure (wide-row soybeans, poor stand, etc.). Sequential applications are required in southern states to control new flushes of weeds in Roundup Ready 2 Yield soybeans. Apply 1.5 pints of this product per acre to giant ragweed when the weed is 8 to 12 inches tall to increase control and attempt to avoid the need for a sequential application.

Tank Mixes: The products listed below may be tank mixed with this product and applied prior to postemergence (in-crop). Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postemergence (in-crop) to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture. In some cases, these tank mix products will cause visual soybean injury.

Arrow	Poast
Assure II	Poast Plus
Basagran	Pursuit
Classic	Pursuit Plus
Cobra	Raptor
Extreme	Reflex
FirstRate	Select
Flexstar	Select MAX
Fusilade DX	Synchrony STS
Fusion	Targa
Harmony GT XP	Ultra Blazer

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply more than 2.25 quarts per acre for the combined total application from crop emergence through harvest.
- The maximum rate for any single in-crop application is 1.5 quarts per acre.
- The maximum combined total amount of this product that can be applied during flowering (R2 stage soybeans) is 1.5 quarts per acre.

Preharvest

Apply up to 1.5 pints of this product per acre after soybean pods have set and lost all green color.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of grain or feeding soybean grain, forage or hay.
- · Avoid excessive seed shatter loss due to ground application equipment.

Postharvest

A higher rate of this product may need to be applied to control large weeds growing in the crop at the time of harvest. This product may also be tank mixed with 2,4-D or dicamba. Ensure that the specific product used is labeled for postharvest application to the crop. Read and follow all label directions for all products in the tank mixture. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the tank mixture.

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RXXX-060 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-036.

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[Sub Label B: Non-Ag Uses]

(Base label):

GF-1280

Herbicide [Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II]

A non-selective broad spectrum systemic herbicide for control of annual and perennial weeds and woody plants in noncrop areas and industrial sites, such as utility, railroad and roadside rights-of-way, airports, natural and production (plantations) forests for site preparation, mid-rotation release treatments, and timber stand improvement activities, wildlife and habitat management areas, wildlife openings, natural areas, such as wildlands, campgrounds, parks and recreational areas, wildlife refuges, rangeland and in and around seasonally dry wetlands including ditchbanks, dry ditches and dry canals and grazed areas on listed noncrop sites

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

Active Ingredient:	
glyphosate: N-(phosphonomethyl)glycine,	
dimethylamine salt	50.2%
Other Ingredients	
Total	100.0%

Contains 5.07 lb per gallon glyphosate, dimethylamine salt (4 lb per gallon glyphosate acid).

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exists, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- . Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

Do not mix, store or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in galvanized steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks. This product, or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas that may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

(Storage and Disposal for rigid containers 5 gal or less)

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

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Pesticide Disposal: Wastes of this pesticide may cause eye and skin irritation and may be dangerous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label use instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

(Storage and Disposal for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal)

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and E8A / GF-1280 / MSTR Notif With Edits / 03-28-13

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dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

EPA Est.

[®]Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Net Contents

(cover, shipping container):

GF-1280

Herbicide

A non-selective broad spectrum systemic herbicide for control of annual and perennial weeds and woody plants in noncrop areas and industrial sites, such as utility, railroad and roadside rights-of-way, airports, natural and production (plantations) forests for site preparation, mid-rotation release treatments, and timber stand improvement activities, wildlife and habitat management areas, wildlife openings, natural areas, such as wildlands, campgrounds, parks and recreational areas, wildlife refuges, rangeland and in and around seasonally dry wetlands including ditchbanks, dry ditches and dry canals and grazed areas on listed noncrop sites

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

Contains 5.07 lb per gallon glyphosate, dimethylamine salt (4 lb per gallon glyphosate acid).

Keep Out of Reach of Children **CAUTION**

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

EPA Est.

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Net Contents ___

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Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Prolonged Or Frequently Repeated Skin Contact May Cause Allergic Reactions In Some Individuals

Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exists, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Domestic Animals: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.). If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

Physical or Chemical Hazards

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers.

Do not mix, store or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in galvanized steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks. This product, or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and tanks to produce hydrogen gas that may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode, causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark, welder's torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

This is an end-use product. Dow AgroSciences does not intend and has not registered it for reformulation.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls

· Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as natural rubber

Shoes plus socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep people and pets off treated areas until spray solution has dried.

Storage and Disposal

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food, feed or seed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal, state or local procedures. Emptied container contains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

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Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:

Container Handling: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or larger:

Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Then offer for recycling if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures allowed by state and local authorities.

Product Information

GF-1280 [Accord[®] XRT II] herbicide is a broad spectrum, systemic, postemergence herbicide with no soil residual activity. It is intended for control of annual and perennial weeds and woody plants and brush. It is formulated as a water soluble liquid containing surfactant; no additional surfactant is needed.

Time to Symptoms: The active ingredient in this product moves through the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most annual weeds occur within two to four days, but on most perennial weeds visible effects may not occur for seven days or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following treatment may slow activity of this product and delay development of visual symptoms. Visible effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant that advances to complete browning of above ground growth and deterioration of underground plant parts.

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Stage of Weeds: Annual weeds are easiest to control when they are small. Best control of most perennial weeds is obtained when treatment is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Mode of Action: The active ingredient in this product inhibits an enzyme. This enzyme is found only in plants and microorganisms that are essential to forming specific amino acids.

Cultural Considerations: Reduced control may result when applications are made to annual or perennial weeds that have been mowed, grazed, or cut, and have not been allowed to regrow to the specified stage for treatment.

Rainfastness: Heavy rainfall soon after application may wash off this product from the foliage and a repeat application may be required for adequate control.

No Soil Activity: Weeds must be emerged at the time of application to be controlled by this product. Weeds germinating from seed after application will not be controlled. Unemerged plants arising from unattached underground rhizomes or rootstocks of perennials will not be affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow.

Maximum Application Rates: The maximum application rates specified in this label are given in units of volume, either fluid ounces, pints or quarts, of this product per acre. The maximum allowed application rates apply to this product combined with the use of any and all other glyphosate-containing herbicides, either applied separately or in a tank mix, on the basis of total pounds of glyphosate (acid equivalents) per acre. If more than one glyphosate-containing product is applied to the same site within the same year, ensure that the total of pounds acid equivalent gyphosate does not exceed the maximum allowed. Do not apply more than 7–8 quarts (8 lb glyphosate acid) of this product per acre per year.

Herbicide Resistance Management

Glyphosate, the active ingredient in this product, is a group 9 herbicide (inhibitor of EPSP synthase). Some naturally occurring weed biotypes that are tolerant (resistant) to glyphosate may exist due to genetic variability in a weed population. Where resistant biotypes exist, the repeated use of herbicides with the same mode of action can lead to the selection for resistant weeds. Certain agronomic practices reduce the likelihood that resistant weed populations will develop, and can be utilized to manage weed resistance once it occurs.

To delay the selection for glyphosate resistant weeds, use the following practices:

- Scout fields before and after application to detect weed escapes or shifts in weed species.
- Start with a clean field by applying a burndown herbicide or by tillage.
- Control weeds early when they are small.
- Add other herbicides, such as a selective and/or a residual herbicide, and cultural practices, such as tillage or crop rotation, where appropriate.
- Use the application rate for the most difficult to control weed in the field. Do not tank mix with other herbicides that reduce this product's efficacy through antagonism or with ones that encourage application rates of this product below those specified on this label.
- Control weed escapes and prevent weeds from setting seeds.
- Before moving from one site to another, clean equipment to minimize the spread of weed seeds or plant parts.
- Use new commercial seed that is as free of weed seed as possible.
- Report any incidence of repeated non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to the local retailer, county extension agent, or Dow AgroSciences representative.

The following good agronomic practices are recommended to reduce the spread of confirmed glyphosate-resistant biotypes:

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- Tank mix this product or apply it sequentially with an appropriately labeled herbicide with a different mode of action to achieve control if a naturally occurring resistant biotype is present in the field.
- Cultural and mechanical control practices, such as crop rotation or tillage, may also be used.
- To control weed escapes, including resistant biotypes, before they set seed, scout treated fields after applying this product.
- Thoroughly clean equipment before leaving any site known to contain resistant biotypes.

Because the presence of glyphosate resistance in weed populations is difficult to detect prior to use, Dow AgroSciences accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control glyphosate-resistant weeds.

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Ryegrass (Not for Use in California)

Preemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence herbicide labeled for control of ryegrass.

Preemergence and Postemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a residual preemergence herbicide and a postemergence herbicide (other than glyphosate) labeled for control of ryegrass. Apply before ryegrass is more than 4 inches in height.

Postemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with another postemergence herbicide labeled for control of ryegrass. Apply before ryegrass is more than 4 inches in height.

Not all herbicides are registered in each state or for all use sites (orchards, noncrop areas, or ditch banks) or crops for the management of ryegrass. When using this product in a tank mix, refer to each product's label and observe the most restrictive label's precautions and limitations.

Attention

Avoid contact of herbicide with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, because severe injury or destruction may result.

AVOID DRIFT. Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops.

Do not allow the herbicide solution to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation since minute quantities of this product can cause severe damage or destruction to the crop, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from the use of this product increases when winds are gusty, as wind velocity increases, when wind direction is constantly changing or when there are other meteorological conditions that favor spray drift. When spraying, avoid combinations of pressure and nozzle type that will result in splatter or fine particles (mist) which are likely to drift. Avoid applying at excessive speed or pressure.

NOTE: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons, animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and contamination.

Spray Drift Management

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

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- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory.

Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory This section is advisory in nature and does not supercede the mandatory label requirements.

Importance of Droplet Size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent adverse effects from drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size:

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- **Pressure** Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. Use the lower spray pressures for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height: Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. **Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g., when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

Mixing Directions

Use only clean, stainless steel, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers to mix, store and apply spray solutions of this product. Clean sprayer parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

Eliminate any risk of siphoning the contents of the tank mix back into the carrier source while mixing. Use approved anti-back-siphoning devices where required by state or local regulations.

Note: Reduced results may occur if water containing soil is used, such as visibly muddy water or water from ponds and ditches that is not clear.

GF-1280 - Alone

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows:

- 1. Fill the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of clean water.
- 2. Add the specified amount of this product near the end of the filling process and mix well.
- 3. During mixing and application, foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foaming, avoid the use of mechanical agitators, terminate by-pass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and, if needed, use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent.

GF-1280 - Tank Mix

This product does not provide residual weed control. For residual weed control or an alternate mode of action, tank mix this product with other herbicides. Read and carefully observe the precautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

The user is responsible for ensuring that the specific application being made is included on the label of the product used in the tank mix when a tank mixture with a generic active ingredient, such as 2,4-D, atrazine, dicamba, diuron, or pendimethalin, is listed in the label.

Buyer and all users are responsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use or handling of mixtures of this product with herbicides or other materials that are not expressly specified in this labeling. Mixing this product with herbicides or other materials not specified on this label may result in reduced performance.

For tank mixes of this product, read all individual product labels for all products in the tank mix and observe all precautions and restrictions on the label. Add the tank mix product to the tank as directed by the label. Maintain agitation and add the required amount of this product.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents in the tank are sprayed. If the mixture is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying resumes. Keep the bypass line on or near the bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. The screen size in the nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50 mesh.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance of mixing and applying them.

Hand-Held Sprayers

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table:

Spray Concentration	Amount of This Product for Desired Volume		
(percent)	1 gal	25 gal	100 gal
0.5	2/3 fl oz	1 pt	2 qt
0.75	1 fl oz	24 fl oz	3 qt
1	1 1/3 fl oz	1 qt	1 gal
1.5	2 fl oz	1 1/2 qt	1 1/2 gal
2	2 2/3 fl oz	2 qt	2 gal
3.75	5 fl oz	3 3/4 qt	3 3/4 gal
5	6 1/2 fl oz	5 qt	5 gal
10	13 fl oz	10 qt	10 gal

For best results when using knapsack sprayers, mix the specified amount of this product with water in a larger container. Fill sprayer with the mixed solution.

Colorants or Dyes

Agriculturally-approved colorants or marking dyes may be added to this product. Colorants or dyes used in spray solutions of this product may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilutions. Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer's directions.

Application Equipment and Application Methods

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

This product may be applied with the following application equipment. Apply spray solutions in properly maintained and calibrated equipment capable of delivering desired volumes.

Aerial Application

Do not apply this product using aerial spray equipment except under conditions as specified within this label.

For aerial application in California, refer to the supplemental label entitled for aerial applications in that state for specific instructions, restrictions and requirements.

Avoid drift. Do not apply when winds are gusty or under any other condition which favors drift. Drift may cause damage to any vegetation contacted to which treatment is not intended. To prevent injury to adjacent desirable vegetation, maintain appropriate buffer zones.

Do not directly apply to any body of water.

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Use the specified rates of this herbicide in 3 to 25 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. Refer to the specific use directions of this label for volumes and application rates.

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift; therefore, do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle nozzles forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure. A drift control additive may be used. When a drift control additive is used, carefully read and observe the precautionary statements and all other information specified on the additive label.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from spills. **Prolonged exposure of this product to uncoated steel surfaces may result in corrosion and possible failure of the part. Landing gear components are most susceptible.** The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which meets aerospace specification MIL-C-38413, may prevent corrosion.

Ground Application

Apply the specified rates of this product in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast spray unless otherwise specified on this label. Increase the spray volume with the rate range as density of weeds increases to ensure complete coverage. In order not to spray a fine mist, carefully select proper nozzles. Use flat fan nozzles for best results with ground application equipment. Check spray pattern for uniform distribution of spray droplets.

Hand-Held and Backpack Application

Apply to foliage of vegetation to be controlled. Do not spray to the point of runoff for applications made on a spray to wet basis. Use coarse sprays only. For low volume directed spray applications, spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. For best results, cover the top one-half of the plant. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall woody brush and trees, when foliage is thick and dense, or where there are multiple sprouts.

Selective Equipment

This product may be diluted with water and applied through shielded applicators, hooded sprayers, wiper applicators or sponge bars to weeds listed on this label growing in any noncrop site specified on this label. Avoid contact of herbicide with desirable vegetation as serious injury or death is likely to occur.

Adjust application equipment used above desired vegetation so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide settling on desirable vegetation is likely to result in discoloration, stunting or destruction.

Better results are obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations, or when the height of weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted. If this occurs, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Shielded and Hooded Applicators

A shielded or hooded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide. Use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area. Keep shields on these sprayers adjusted to protect desirable vegetation. **Exercise extreme care to avoid contact of herbicide with desirable vegetation**.

Wiper Applicators

Wiper applicators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts of this product directly onto the weed. Equipment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the herbicide solution from contacting desirable vegetation.

Adjust application equipment used over the top of desirable vegetation so that the wiper contact point is at least 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results are obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herbicide solution. Weeds should be a minimum of 6 inches above the desirable vegetation. Adjust the applicator height to ensure adequate contact with weeds as weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not be affected. Poor contact may occur when weeds are growing in dense clumps, in severe weed infestations, or when weed height varies dramatically. If this occurs, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Operate this equipment at ground speeds no more than 5 mph. Performance may be improved by reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations to ensure adequate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained if two applications are made in opposite directions.

Droplets, mist, foam, or splatter of the herbicide settling onto desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction. Avoid leakage or dripping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of applicator to ensure adequate contact with weeds. Keep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that on sloping ground the herbicide solution may migrate, causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a one-day period as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts by thoroughly flushing with water immediately after using this product.

Rope or Sponge Wick Applicators

Use 25 to 70 percent solutions of this product in water.

Panel Applicators and Pressure Feed Systems

Solutions ranging from 25 to 100 percent of this product in water may be used.

This product controls the following weeds when applied as directed:

corn, volunteer	sicklepod
panicum, Texas	Spanishneedles
rye, common	starbur, bristly
shattercane	

This product suppresses the following weeds when applied as directed:

beggarweed, Florida	ragweed, common
bermudagrass	ragweed, giant
dogbane, hemp	smutgrass
dogfennel	sunflower
guineagrass	thistle, Canada
johnsongrass	thistle, musk
milkweed	vaseygrass
nightshade, silverleaf	velvetleaf
pigweed, redroot	

Injection Systems

This product may be used in aerial or ground injection spray systems. It may be used as a liquid concentrate or diluted prior to injecting into the spray stream. Do not mix this product with the concentrate of other products when using injection systems.

CDA Equipment

The rate of this product applied per acre by vehicle-mounted controlled droplet application (CDA) equipment must not be less than the amount specified in this label when applied by conventional broadcast equipment. For vehicle-mounted and hand-held CDA equipment, apply in 2 to 15 gallons of water per acre.

Controlled droplet application equipment produces a spray pattern that is not easily visible. Exercise extreme care to avoid spray or drift contacting the foliage or any other green tissue of desirable vegetation, as damage or destruction may result.

Use Sites

Use this product in noncrop areas, such as airports, apartment complexes, Christmas tree farms, commercial sites, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) areas, ditch banks, driveways, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows, golf courses, greenhouses, industrial sites, landscape areas, lumber yards, manufacturing sites, municipal sites, natural areas, office complexes, ornamentals, parks, parking areas, pastures, petroleum tank farms and pumping installations, plant nurseries, public areas, railroads, rangeland, recreation areas, rights-of-way, roadsides, shadehouses, sod or turf seed farms, sports complexes, storage areas, substations, turfgrass areas, utility sites; warehouse areas and wildlife management areas.

This product may also be used in non-food crop sites, such as Christmas tree farms, plant nurseries, and sod or turf seed farms.

Apply this product to control any weeds listed in the Weeds Controlled section of the label unless otherwise specified.

Cut Stump

Treat cut stumps in any noncrop site listed on this label. This product will control regrowth of cut stumps and resprouts of many types of woody brush and tree species, some of which are listed below. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Cut trees or resprouts close to the soil surface. Apply a 50 to 100 percent solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting. Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, make applications during periods of active growth and full leaf expansion.

alder	reed, giant
eucalyptus	saltcedar
madrone	sweetgum
oak	tan oak
pepper, Brazilian	willow
pine, Austrian	

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not make cut stump applications when the roots of desirable woody brush or trees may be grafted to the roots of the cut stump. Some sprouts, stems, or trees may share the same root system.
- Adjacent trees that are of a similar age, height and spacing may indicate shared roots.
- Injury is likely to occur to non-treated stems or trees when one tree or more that shares a common root is treated.

Forestry Site Preparation

This product is for the control or partial control of woody brush, trees and herbaceous weeds in forestry. This product is also for use in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites and maintaining logging roads.

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In forestry sites, use this product in site preparation prior to planting any tree species including Christmas trees, eucalyptus, hybrid tree cultivars and silvicultural nursery sites.

Use a higher rate in the rate range for control or partial control of woody brush, trees and hard to control perennial herbaceous weeds. For best results, apply to actively growing woody brush and trees after full leaf expansion and before fall color and leaf drop. Use increased rates within the rate range to control perennial herbaceous weeds from emergence up to the appearance of seedheads, flowers or berries.

Use a lower rate in the rate range to control annual herbaceous weeds and actively growing perennial herbaceous weeds after seedheads, flowers or berries appear. Apply to foliage of actively growing annual herbaceous weeds anytime after emergence.

Tank Mixes

This product may be used in tank mix combination with other herbicide products to broaden the spectrum of vegetation controlled. When tank mixing, read and observe applicable use directions, precautions and limitations on the respective product labels. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

Note: For forestry site preparation, make sure the tank mix product is approved for use prior to planting the desired species. Observe planting interval restrictions.

Any specified rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with the following products for forestry site preparation:

Arsenal Applicators Concentrate	Garlon 4
Chopper	Landmark XP
Escort	Oust
Escort XP	Oust XP
Garlon 3A	Westar

For control of herbaceous weeds, use the lower specified tank mixture rates. For control of dense stands or difficult to control woody brush and trees, use the higher specified rates.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply this product as an over the top broadcast spray for forestry conifer or hardwood release unless otherwise specified on this label.

Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites

Tank Mix Products for Noncrop Areas

See the rate tables in the Annual Weeds, Perennial Weeds, and Woody Brush and Trees sections for specific application rates. For improved results, apply 4 to 7 quarts of this product per acre may be used for difficult to control species, where dense stands occur, or where conditions for control are not ideal. The following herbicides, when applied as a tank mix, provide preemergence and/or postemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

The following list of products may be tank mixed with this product provided that the product is labeled for use on the target site. Any specified rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with these products. Refer to the product labels for specified sites and application rates.

Tank Mix Product	Rate per Acre
Arsenal ¹	0.5 – 4 pints
2,4-D	0.5 – 1 lb
Garlon 3A	1 – 6 pints
Garlon 4	1 – 6 pints

diuron	4 – 8 lb
diuron + 2,4-D	4 – 8 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
diuron + Garlon 3A	4 – 10 lb + 1 – 2 pints
diuron + Garlon 4	4 – 10 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Hyvar X	4 – 8 lb
Hyvar X + 2,4-D	4 – 8 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
Hyvar X + Garlon 3A	4 – 8 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Hyvar X + Garlon 4	4 – 8 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Krovar I DF	4 – 6 lb
Krovar I DF + 2,4-D	4 – 6 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
Krovar I DF + Garlon 3A	4 – 6 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Krovar I DF + Garlon 4	4 – 6 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Oust	2 – 6 oz
Oust + 2,4-D	2 – 6 oz + 0.5 – 1 lb
Oust + Garlon 3A	2 – 6 oz + 1 – 2 pints
Oust + Garlon 4	2 – 6 oz + 1 – 2 pints
Spike 80W	2 – 5 lb
Spike 80W + 2,4-D	2 – 5 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
Spike 80W + Garlon 3A	2 – 5 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Spike 80W + Garlon 4	2 – 5 lb + 1 – 2 pints
¹ Arsenal is not approved for use in	n the state of California.

Read and carefully follow the label claims, precautionary statements, specified use rates and all other information on the labels of the products used in the tank mix. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

During the mixing process and during application, maintain good agitation at all times. Ensure that the tank mix product(s) is well mixed with the spray solution before adding this product. Mix only the amount of spray solution that will be used during the same day. Reduced weed control may result if a tank mixture is allowed to stand overnight. If the spray mix is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

Weed Control, Trim and Edge, and Bare Ground

This product may be used in general noncrop and non-food areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim and edge around objects in noncrop sites, for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation, and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

To maintain bare ground, repeated applications of this product may be used.

Tank Mixes: The following products may be tank mixed with this product provided that the product is labeled for application at the use site. Refer to the label of the tank mix partner for use sites and applications rates.

Arsenal	Garlon 4	Plateau
atrazine	Karmex DF	Poast
Barricade 65WG	Krovar I DF	Princep DF
Certainty	Landmark II MP	Princep 4L
Crossbow L	Landmark MP	Ronstar 50WP
dicamba ¹	Landmark XP	Sahara
diuron ¹	Milestone	simazine ¹
Endurance	Oust	Telar
Escort	Oust XP	Transline
Goal 2XL	Outrider	Vanquish
Escort XP	Pendulum 3.3 EC	Velpar DF

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Gallery 75DF	Pendulum WDG	Velpar L
Garlon 3A	pendimethalin	2,4-D
¹ Tank mixes with products co	ontaining this single active ing	redient may be made provided the specific
product is labeled for applica	ation at the use site.	

This product provides control of emerged annual weeds and control or partial control of emerged perennial weeds, woody brush and trees when applied in a tank mix to bare ground.

To control or partially control the following perennial weeds, apply 1.5 to 3 pints of this product plus 2 to 4 oz of Oust or Oust XP per acre.

fescue, tall
johnsongrass
poorjoe
quackgrass
vaseygrass
vervain, blue

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not aerially apply this product in a tank mix with dicamba in California.

Chemical Mowing

Perennials: This product suppresses perennial grasses listed in this section to serve as a substitute for mowing. Apply this product at a rate of 6 fl oz per acre to treat tall fescue, fine fescue, orchardgrass, quackgrass or reed canarygrass covers. Use 4.6 fl oz of this product per acre when treating Kentucky bluegrass. Apply treatments in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration of perennial grasses can be tolerated.

Annuals: For growth suppression of some annual grasses, such as annual ryegrass, wild barley and wild oats growing in coarse turfgrass on roadsides or other industrial areas, apply 3 to 3.75 fl oz of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Apply when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments may cause injury to the desired grasses.

Turfgrass

Dormant Turfgrass: This product may be used to control or suppress many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass and bahiagrass turfgrass. Treat only when turfgrass is dormant and prior to spring greenup.

Apply 6 to 48 fl oz of this product per acre in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable groundcovers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Treatments in excess of 12 fl oz per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained areas, such as golf courses and lawns.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply tank mixes of this product plus Oust in highly maintained turfgrass areas.

Actively Growing Bermudagrass: This product may be used to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Use only in areas where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than 12 fl oz of this product per acre in highly maintained turfgrass areas.

• Do not apply tank mixtures of this product plus Oust or Oust XP in highly maintained turfgrass areas.

Turfgrass Renovation, Seed, or Sod Production

This product controls most existing vegetation prior to renovating turfgrass areas or establishing turfgrass grown for seed or sod. For maximum control of existing vegetation, delay planting or sodding to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. When repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm season turfgrasses such as bermudagrass, summer or fall applications provide the best control. Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed turfgrass management, apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray.

Desirable turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedures.

Hand-held equipment may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation growing in existing turfgrass. Use broadcast or hand-held equipment to control sod remnants or other unwanted vegetation after sod is harvested.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not disturb soil or underground plant parts before treatment.
- Delay tillage or renovation techniques, such as vertical mowing, coring or slicing, for seven days after application to allow translocation into underground plant parts.
- If the application rate used is 2 quarts or less per acre, no waiting period is required between treatment and feeding or grazing livestock.
- If the application rate used is more than 2 quarts per acre, remove livestock before applying this product and wait 8 weeks after applying before resuming grazing or harvesting.

Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed

(Not for Use in California)

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, *Conyza canadensis*). Apply 24 fl oz of this product per acre before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. Make applications when horseweed is still in the rosette stage of growth to enhance control.

Tank Mixes: The following products may be tank mixed with this product provided that the product is labeled for application at the target site. Refer to the label of the tank mix partner for use sites and applications rates. Read and carefully follow the label directions on the tank mix partner. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

2,4-D ¹	Landmark II MP	Telar DF
Crossbow L	Landmark MP	Transline
dicamba ¹	Milestone	Vanquish
Gallery 75 DF	Overdrive	Velpar DF
··· ···		•

Krovar I DF

¹Tank mixes with products containing this generic active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is labeled for application on the use site.

Habitat Management

Habitat Restoration and Management

This product may be used to control exotic and other undesirable vegetation in habitat management and natural areas, including rangeland and wildlife refuges. Apply to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broad spectrum vegetation control requirements. Apply spot treatments to selectively remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement.

Wildlife Food Plots

This product may be used as a site preparation treatment to control annual and perennial weeds prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native

species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after application before tillage to allow translocation into underground plant parts.

Hollow Stem Injection

Apply this product through hand-held injection devices that deliver the specified amount of this product into targeted hollow stem plants growing in any noncrop site listed on this label. To control the following hollow stem plants, follow the use directions below:

Target Plants		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Use Directions
castorbean	Ricinus communis	Inject 4 mL of this product per plant into the lower portion of the main stem
hemlock poison	Conium maculatum	Inject one leaf cane per plant, 10 to 12 inches above the root crown, with 5 mL of a 5 percent by volume solution of this product.
hogweed, giant	Hercleum mantegazzianum	Inject one leaf cane per plant 12 inches above the root crown with 5 mL of a 5 percent by volume solution of this product.
horsetail field	Equisetum arvense	Inject one segment above the root crown with 0.5 mL of this product per stem using a low volume syringe capable of accurately delivering this amount of product.
knotweed, bohemian	Polygonum bohemicum	Inject 5 mL of this product per stem between the
knotweed, Japanese	Polygonum cuspidatum	second and third internode.
reed, giant	Arundo donax	Inject 6 mL of this product per stem between the second and third internode.
thistle, Canada	Circísum arvense	Cut 8 to 9 of the tallest plants at bud stage in a clump with clippers. Use a cavity needle pushed into the stem center and then slowly removed as 0.5 mL of this product per stem is injected into the stem.

Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than a total of 8 quarts of this product per acre for all treatments combined. At 5 mL per stem, 8 quarts will treat approximately 1300 stems per acre.

Injection and Frill (Woody Brush and Trees)

This product may be used to control woody brush and trees by injection or frill applications. Apply this product using suitable equipment that penetrates into the living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1 mL of this product per each two to three inches of trunk diameter at breast height (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100 percent concentration of this product either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Do not make any applications that allow runoff to occur from frilled or cut areas in species that exude sap freely. In species such as this, make the frill or cuts at an oblique angle to produce a cupping effect and use a 100 percent undiluted concentration of this product. For best results, apply during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion. This product controls many species; some of these species are listed below.

Control	Partial Control
oak	black gum
poplar	dogwood
sweetgum	hickory

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sycamore maple, red

Non-Food Tree, Shrub, or Vine Production Sites (Not for Use in California)

Types of Applications: Site preparation, post-directed, trim and edge, wiper application

This product may be used for general weed control prior to the planting of and around established ornamentals or any woody tree, shrub, or vine species including arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce and yew, growing in plant nurseries, on Christmas tree farms, or on other non-food tree production sites.

Do not use this product as an over the top broadcast spray in ornamentals and Christmas trees unless otherwise directed. Take care to avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable ornamental species.

Use this product to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. During application, desirable vegetation must not be present. Air circulation fans must be turned off until after the application has dried.

Site Preparation

Use this product prior to planting any tree, shrub or vine, including Christmas tree species, in a nursery or production setting.

Post-Directed and Trim and Edge

Use this product as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species or to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks, roads, potted plants and other objects in a production setting. Protect desirable plants from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.

Wiper Application

Use this product through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established trees, shrubs, or vines. See Selective Equipment section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.

Parks, Recreational and Residential Areas

Use this product in parks, recreational and residential areas. Apply it with any application equipment described in this label. Use this product to trim and edge around trees, fences, paths, around buildings, sidewalks, and other objects in these areas. This product may be used for spot treatment of unwanted vegetation, eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings, and prior to planting an area to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects.

All of the instructions in the Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites section apply to park and recreational areas.

Poplar (Populus spp.) Production

Types of Applications: Preplant, in-crop, wiper applicator

Preplant

This product is for use prior to planting *Populus* species, including hybrid poplars and hybrid cottonwoods.

In-Crop

Use a 1.5 percent spray solution as a spray to wet application for the control of undesirable woody brush and trees. To control herbaceous weeds, use a 0.75 to 1.5 percent solution. Avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage, green bark or non-woody surface roots of poplar trees.

Wiper Applicator

This product may be used through wick or other suitable applicators for control or partial control of grass and broadleaf weeds listed on the label.

For wick applicators, mix 2.75 quarts of this product with 2 gallons of water to make a 25 percent solution. For wiper systems that can handle thicker solutions, such as force fed systems, a solution containing 25 to 100 percent of this product may be used.

For best results, allow the herbicide solution to contact the maximum amount of leaf surface. As weed density increases, decrease equipment speed to allow sufficient herbicide to flow to wet all surfaces contacted. Weeds not contacted will be unaffected.

To avoid injury or death of desirable plants, prevent contact of herbicide with non-target vegetation, including foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit.

Railroads

All of the instructions in the Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites section apply to railroads.

Bare Ground, Ballast and Shoulders, Crossings, and Spot Treatment

Use this product to maintain bare ground on railroad ballast and shoulders. Repeat applications of this product may be used as weeds emerge to maintain bare ground. Use this product to control tall growing weeds to improve line of sight at railroad crossings and reduce the need for mowing along rights-of-way. For crossing applications, use up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Tank Mixes: Mix this product with the products in the table below for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground, and crossing treatments as well as for enhanced control of woody brush and trees. The specific product used must be labeled for use on these sites. Follow applicable use directions, precautions and limitations on the respective product labels. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

Arsenal	Oust XP
atrazine ¹	Outrider
dicamba ¹	Sahara DG
diuron ¹	simazine ¹
Escort	Spike 80DF
Escort XP	Telar DF
Garlon 3A	Transline
Garlon 4	Vanquish
Hyvar X	Velpar DF
Hyvar X-L	Velpar L
Krovar I DF	2,4-D ¹
Oust	

¹Tank mixes with products containing this single generic active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is labeled for application at the use site.

Brush Control

Use this product to control woody brush and trees on railroad rights-of-way. Apply 3 to 8 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray, using boom-type or boomless nozzles. Applications up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre may be used. Apply a 3/4 to 1.5 percent solution of this product when

using high volume spray to wet applications. Apply a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product when using low volume directed sprays for spot treatment.

Tank Mixes: This product may be mixed with the following herbicide products for ballast, shoulder, spot, bare ground and crossing treatments, as well as for enhanced control of woody brush and trees. The specific product must be labeled for use on these sites. Refer to the individual product labels for approved sites and application rates

Arsenal	Krovar I DF
atrazine ¹	Sahara DG
dicamba ¹	simizine ¹
diuron ¹	Spike 80DF
Escort	Tordon K
Escort XP	Transline
Garlon 3A	Vanquish
Garlon 4	Velpar DF
Hyvar X	Velpar L
Hyvar X-L	2,4-D ¹

¹Tank mixes with products containing this single generic active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is labeled for application at the use site.

Bermudagrass Release

Use this product to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 0.75 to 2.25 pints of this product in up to 80 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use a lower rate in the rate range when treating annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use a higher rate in the rate range as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

bahiagrass	johnsongrass
bluestem, silver	trumpetcreeper
fescue, tall	vaseygrass

This product may be tank mixed with Oust or Oust XP. If tank mixed, use no more than 0.75 to 2.25 pints of this product with 1 to 2 oz of Oust or Oust XP per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust or Oust XP label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

bahiagrass	fescue, tall
blackberry	johnsongrass
bluestem, silver	poorjoe
broomsedge	raspberry
dallisgrass	trumpetcreeper
dewberry	vaseygrass
dock, curly	vervain, blue
dogfennel	

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not specified, since severe injury may occur.

Rangelands

Use this product to control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm season grass rangelands, pastures, and industrial sites. Preventing weed seed production is critical to the

successful control of annual grassy weeds invading these perennial grass sites. Eliminate most of the viable seeds with follow up applications in sequential years. Delay grazing of treated areas to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

Bromus: Use this product to control or suppress downy brome (*Bromus tectorum*), Japanese brome (*Bromus japonicus*), soft chess (*Bromus mollis*), cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*), cereal rye and jointed goatgrass found in rangelands, pastures and industrial sites. Apply 6 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre as a broadcast treatment.

For best results, coincide treatments with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage maximizes the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Make applications to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses become established on the site.

Medusahead: Apply 12 fl oz of this product per acre to control or suppress medusahead at the 3-leaf stage when plants are actively growing. Delaying applications beyond this stage results in reduced or unacceptable control. Repeat applications in subsequent years to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses. Apply in the fall or spring.

Apply by ground or air. Make aerial applications for these uses with fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For ground applications, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Application

Apply this product in rangeland, pastures, or industrial sites as a spot treatment or over the top of desirable grasses using wiper applicators to control tall weeds. Make repeat applications in the same area at 30-day intervals.

The entire site or any portion of it may be treated when using 2.25 quarts or less of this product per acre for spot treatments or wiper applications. No more than 10 percent of the total site may be treated at any one time when using more than 2.25 quarts of this product per acre for spot treatments or wiper applications. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed.

Roadsides

All of the instructions in the Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites section apply to roadsides.

Shoulder Treatments

Use this product on road shoulders. Apply it with boom sprayers, shielded boom sprayers, high volume off-center nozzles, hand-held equipment, and similar equipment.

Guardrails and Other Obstacles to Mowing

Use this product to control weeds growing under guardrails and around signposts and other objects along the roadside.

Spot Treatment

Use this product as a spot treatment to control unwanted vegetation growing along roadsides.

Tank Mixes: This product may be used in tank mix combination with the products listed below for shoulder, guardrail, spot and bare ground treatments. The specific product used must be labeled for use on these sites. Follow applicable use directions, precautions and limitations on the respective product labels. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

atrazine

Oust

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Clarity	Outrider
Crossbow L	Pendulum 3.3 EC
dicamba ¹	Pendulum WDG
diuron ¹	Plateau
Endurance	Princep DF
Escort	Princep 4L
Escort XP	Ronstar 50WP
Gallery 75 DF	Sahara
Krovar I DF	simazine ¹
Landmark II MP	Telar
Landmark MP	Vanquish
Landmark XP	2,4-D ¹

¹Tank mixes with products containing this single generic active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is labeled for application at the use site.

Release of Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass

Dormant Applications: Use this product to partially control many winter annual weeds and tall fescue for effective release of dormant bermudagrass or bahiagrass. Treat only when turfgrass is dormant and prior to spring greenup. This product may also be tank mixed with Outrider, Oust or Oust XP for residual control. Tank mixtures of this product with Oust or Oust XP may delay greenup of bermudagrass.

For best results on winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (less than 6 inches in height) after most have germinated. For best results on tall fescue, treat when fescue is at or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

Apply 6 to 48 fl oz of this product per acre alone or in a tank mixture with 1/4 to 1 oz of Oust or Oust XP per acre. Apply at these rates in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Use only in areas where . bermudagrass or bahiagrass are desirable groundcovers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, add no more that 1 oz of Oust or Oust XP per acre on bermudagrass and no more than 0.5 oz of Oust or Oust XP per acre on bahiagrass. Avoid treatments when these grasses are in a semi-dormant condition.

Actively Growing Bermudagrass

Use this product to control or partially control many annual and perennial weeds for effective release of actively growing bermudagrass. Apply 12 fl oz to 2.25 pints of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length). Use the higher rate as weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial species:

bahiagrass	johnsongrass
bluestem, silver	trumpetcreeper
fescue, tall	vaseygrass

Tank mix this product with Outrider to control or partially control johnsongrass and other weeds listed on the Outrider label. Use 6 to 24 fl oz of this product with 0.75 to 1.33 oz of Outrider per acre. Use the higher rates of both products to control perennial weeds or annual weeds more than 6 inches in height.

This product may be tank mixed with Oust or Oust XP. If tank mixed, use no more than 12 to 24 fl oz of this product with 1 to 2 oz of Oust or Oust XP per acre. Use the lower rates of each product to control annual weeds less than 6 inches in height (or runner length) that are listed in this label and the Oust or Oust XP label. Use the higher rates as annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower or seedhead stages. These rates will also provide partial control of the following perennial weeds:

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bahiagrass	fescue, tall
bluestem, silver	johnsongrass
broomsedge	poorjoe
dallisgrass	trumpetcreeper
dock, curly	vaseygrass
dogfennel	vervain, blue

Use only on well-established bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the treatment, but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications of the tank mix in the same season are not specified since severe injury may occur.

Actively Growing Bahiagrass

For suppression of vegetable growth and seedhead inhibition of bahiagrass for approximately 45 days, apply 4.5 fl oz of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply one to two weeks after full greenup or after mowing to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. Make this application prior to seedhead emergence.

For suppression up to 120 days, apply 4 fl oz of this product per acre, followed by an application of 2 to 4 fl oz per acre about 45 days later. Make no more than two applications per year.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust may be used. Apply 6 fl oz of this product plus 0.25 oz of Oust per acre one to two weeks following an initial spring mowing. Make only one application per year.

Utility Sites

Use this product along electrical power, pipeline and telephone rights-of-way, and other sites associated with these rights-of-way such as substations, roadsides, railroads or similar rights-of-way that run in conjunction with utilities.

Use this product in utility sites and substations for bare ground, trim and edge around objects, spot treatment of unwanted vegetation and to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. Use this product prior to planting a utility site to ornamentals, flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or beginning construction projects. As weeds emerge, make a repeat application of this product to maintain bare ground.

Use this product in preparing or establishing wildlife openings within these sites, maintaining access roads, and side trimming along utility rights-of way. To control herbaceous weeds, use a lower rate in the rate range. Use a higher rate in the rate range to control dense stands or tough to control woody brush and trees.

Tank Mixes: Use this product in a tank mix with the following products on utility sites. The product to be used must be labeled for use on these sites. Refer to the individual product labels for specific sites and application rates.

Krenite Velpar DF Krovar I DF Velpar L		
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Oust

2.4-D¹

¹Tank mixtures with products containing this generic active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is labeled for application at the use site.

²Thoroughly mix Garlon 3A with water according to label directions before adding this product. Agitate this spray mixture at the time this product is added to avoid spray incompatibility problems. ³For best results, use this product alone or in a tank mix with Garlon 4 for side trimming treatments.

Annual Weeds

Apply 24 fl oz of this product per acre if weeds are less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Use 1.25 to 3 quarts of this product per acre if weeds are more than 6 inches in height or runner length or when weeds are growing under stressed conditions. Use a higher rate in the rate range for tough to control species regardless of the size of the weed at the time of application. Treat tough to control weeds early when they are relatively small. Tank mix this product with only those products that are labeled for application at the target site. Refer to the label of the tank mix partner for use sites and application rates.

Apply a 0.4 percent solution of this product as a spray to wet application to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Use a 0.7 to 1.5 percent solution for annual weeds more than 6 inches tall or for smaller weeds growing under stressed conditions. Use the higher concentration for tough to control species or for weeds more than 24 inches tall. Apply prior to seedhead formation in grass or bud formation in broadleaf weeds.

Use a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product for low volume directed spray applications. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. For best results, cover the top one-half of the plant. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall weeds when foliage is thick and dense or where there are multiple sprouts.

Rate Table

Weed Species annoda, spurred barlev barnyardgrass bassia, fivehook bittercress bluegrass, annual bluegrass, bulbous brome, downy brome, Japanese browntop panicum buttercup Carolina foxtail Carolina geranium castorbean cheatorass cheeseweed (Malva parviflora) chervil chickweed cocklebur copperleaf, hophornbeam corn corn speedwell crabgrass dwarfdandelion eastern mannagrass eclipta

little barley London rocket mayweed medusahead morningglory (Ipomoea spp.) mustard, blue mustard, tansy mustard, tumble mustard, wild nightshade, black oats piaweed plains/tickseed coreopsis prickly lettuce puncturevine purslane, common ragweed, common ragweed, giant red rice Russian thistle rye ryegrass sandbur, field shattercane shepherd's-purse sicklepod

falsedandelion falseflax, smallseed fiddleneck field pennycress filaree fleabane, annual fleabane, nairy (<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>) fleabane, rough Florida pusley foxtail goatgrass, jointed goosegrass grain sorghum (milo) groundsel, common hemp sesbania henbit horseweed/marestail (<i>Conyza canadensis</i>) itchgrass johnsongrass (seedling) junglerice knotweed	signalgrass, broadleaf smartweed, ladysthumb smartweed, Pennsylvania sowthistle, annual Spanishneedles speedwell, purslane sprangletop spurge, annual spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted spurry, umbrella stinkgrass sunflower teaweed/prickly sida Texas panicum velvetleaf Virginia copperleaf Virginia pepperweed wheat wild oats witchgrass woolly cupgrass yellow rocket
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¹If weed growth is heavy or dense and/or growing in an undisturbed (non-cultivated) area and/or growing under stress, up to 3 quarts per acre may be applied.

²Do not treat kochia in the button stage.

Perennial Weeds

Best results are obtained when perennial weeds are treated after they reach the reproductive stage of growth (seedhead initiation in grasses and bud formation in broadleaves). Best results are obtained when non-flowering plants are treated when they reach a mature stage of growth. In many situations, applications are required prior to these growth stages. Under these conditions, use a higher rate in the rate range.

When using spray to wet treatments with hand-held equipment, ensure thorough coverage of the plant. For best results, use a 1.5 percent solution on harder to control perennials such as bermudagrass, dock. field bindweed, hemp dogbane, milkweed and Canada thistle.

Use a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product in low volume directed spray applications. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. For best results, cover the top onehalf of the plant. To ensure adequate spray coverage, spray both sides of large or tall weeds when foliage is thick and dense or where there are multiple sprouts.

Allow 7 days or more after application before tillage.

Rate Table

Weed Species	Rate (pt/acre)	Hand-Held (% Solution)
Alfalfa	1.5 - 3	1.5
For partial control.		
Alligatorweed	6	1
For partial control.	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Anise (fennel)		1 – 1.5

Bahiagrass	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Beechgrass, European	4.0 - 7.0	3.5
(Ammophila arenariai)		5.5
Bentgrass	2.25	1.5
For partial control.	2.20	1.5
Bermudagrass	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Bermudagrass, water	1.5	1.5
(knotgrass)	1.0	
Bindweed, field	0.75 - 7.5	1
Bluegrass, Kentucky	3	4
Blueweed, Texas	4.5 - 7.5	
Brackenfern	4.5 - 6	1
Bromegrass, smooth	1.5 - 3	1.5
Bursage, woolly-leaf	1.5 - 5	1.0
Canarygrass, reed	3 - 4.5	4
Callarygrass, reeu	4.5 - 7.5	
Clover, red, white	U - 7.0	
Cogongrass	1	
Dallisgrass		
Dandelion	· ·	
Dock, curly	6	4]
Dogbane, hemp	4.5 - 7.5	4 1
Fescue (except tall) Fescue, tall	1.5 - 4.5	
	1.75 – 3.25	1 – 1.5
German ivy Guineagrass	4.5	1
Horsenettle	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Horseradish	6	1.5
Iceplant		1.5 – 2
Jerusalem artichoke	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Johnsongrass	0.75 - 4.5	1
Kikuyugrass	3 - 4.5	1.5
Knapweed	6	1.0
Lantana		1
Lespedeza	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Milkweed, common	4.5	1.5
Muhly, wirestem	1.5 – 3	1.5
Mullein, common	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Napiergrass	F.U = F.U	
Nightshade, silverleaf	3	
Nutsedge, purple,	0.75 - 4.5	1 – 1.5
vellow	0.70* 4.0	
Orchardgrass	1.5 – 3	1.5
Pampasgrass		1 - 1.5
Paragrass	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Paragrass	3 – 4.25	
Phragmites	4.5 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Poison hemlock		1 – 1.5
Quackgrass	1.5 - 4.5	1.5
Redvine	1.25 – 3	1.0
IVENAULE	1.25 - 5	L

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For partial control.	-	
Reed, giant		1.5
Ryegrass, perennial	1.5 - 4.5	1
Smartweed, swamp	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Sowthistle, perennial	3 - 4.5	
Spurge, leafy		
For partial control.		
Starthistle, yellow	3	1.5
Sweet potato, wild		
For partial control.		
Thistle, artichoke		1 - 1.5
Thistle, Canada	3 - 4.5	1.5
Timothy	3 - 4.5	
Torpedograss	6 - 7.5	
For partial control.		
Trumpetcreeper	3	1.5
For partial control.		
Vaseygrass	4.5 - 7.5	1.5
Velvetgrass		
Apply when most plants are	e in the early head stage.	
Wheatgrass, western	3 - 4.5	1.5

Tank Mixtures for Improved Control of Bentgrass (*Agrostis* spp.) (Not for Use in California)

For improved control of bentgrass (*Agrostis* spp.), the following products may be tank mixed with this product: Envoy, Fusion, Fusilade II, Vantage. When tank mixing products, read and carefully observe label directions, precautionary statements and all information on the labels of each product in the mixture. Refer to each product label for the approved use sites.

Dry ammonium sulfate, at 1 to 2 percent by weight, may also be added to the spray solution. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Completely dissolve the ammonium sulfate in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

Broadcast Application: Apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product per acre plus

- 34 fl oz of Envoy per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 24 fl oz of Fusilade II per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 60 fl oz of Vantage per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 9 fl oz of Fusion per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.

In the event of incomplete control, re-treatment may be necessary.

Spot Treatment: Mix 2 fl oz of this product with

- 1.3 fl oz of Envoy in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.75 fl oz of Fusilade II in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 3 fl oz of Vantage in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.25 fl oz of Fusion in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.

Attention: Avoid drift. Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops.

Woody Brush and Trees

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Apply this product after full leaf expansion unless otherwise directed. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in late summer or fall after fruit formation.

In arid areas, best results are obtained when applications are made in the spring to early summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering.

Ensure thorough coverage when using hand-held equipment. Use a 1.5 percent solution on harder to control woody brush and trees.

Apply a 4 to 7 percent solution of this product for low volume directed spray applications. Spray coverage should be uniform with at least 50 percent of the foliage contacted. For best results, cover the top one-half of the plant. Spray both sides of large or tall woody brush and trees to ensure adequate spray coverage when foliage is thick and dense or where there are multiple sprouts. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with fall treatments.

Allow seven days or more after application before tillage, mowing or removal. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating from underground parts or seed. Some autumn colors on undesirable deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if fall treatments are made following a frost.

Weed Species	Rate (pt/acre)	Hand-Held Spray to Wet (% Solution)
Alder	4.5 - 6	1
Ash	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Aspen, quaking	3 - 4.5	1
Bearmat (bearclover)	3 - 7.5	1 - 1.5
Beech		
For partial control.		
Birch	3 - 4.5	1
Blackberry	4.5 - 6	
Blackgum	3 - 7.5	
Bracken		
Broom, French, Scotch	1.75-7.5	1 - 1.5
Buckwheat, California	1.75 - 6	
For partial control.		
Cascara	3 - 7.5	1 - 1.5
For partial control.		
Catsclaw		1
For partial control.		
Ceanothus	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Chamise	1.75 – 7.5	1
For partial control.		
Cherry, bitter, black, pin	3 - 4.5	1
Coyote brush	4.5 - 6	1 - 1.5
Deerweed	1.75 - 4.25	1
Dogwood	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5

Rate Table

For partial control.		
Elderberry	3 - 4	1
Elm	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		1 1 - 1.0
Eucalyptus		1.5
Gorse	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
	3-7.0	1 - 1.5
For partial control.	175 0	4.4.5
Hasardia	1.75 - 6	1 – 1.5
For partial control.	1 0 15	
Hawthorn	3 - 4.5	1
Hazel	0.75	
Hickory	3 - 7.5	1 1.5
For partial control.	1	
Honeysuckle	3 - 6	1
Hornbeam, American	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Kudzu	6 - 7.5	1.5
Locust, black	3 - 6	1 – 1.5
For partial control.	·	
Madrone resprouts		1.5
For partial control.		
Manzanita	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Maple, red	3 - 6	1
Maple, sugar		
Monkey flower	1.75 - 6	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Oak, black, white	3 - 6	1 – 1.5
For partial control.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
Oak, post	4.5 - 6	1
Oak, northern, pin	1.75 - 6	
Oak, scrub		
For partial control.		
Oak, southern red	3 - 4.5	1
Peppertree, Brazilian	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
(Florida holly)	0 1.0	
For suppression		
Persimmon	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Pine	3 - 7.5	1 - 1.5
Poison ivy/poison oak	6 - 7.5	1.5
Poplar, yellow	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.	1 5-7.5	
Redbud, eastern	3 - 7.5	1 - 1.5
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Rose, multiflora	3	1
Russian olive	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Sage, black	1.75 - 6	<u> </u>
Sage, white	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		
Sagebrush, California	36	1

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Salmonberry	<u>3 – 4.5</u>	
Saltcedar	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control		
Sassafras	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
Sourwood		
For partial control.		
Sumac, laurel, poison,	3 - 6	1 – 1.5
smooth, sugarbush,		
winged	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
For partial control.		
Sweetgum	3 - 4.5	11
Swordfern	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
For partial control.		· · · ·
Tallowtree, Chinese		1
Tan oak resprouts		1.5
For partial control.		
Thimbleberry	3 - 4	1
For control		
Tobacco, tree	1.75 - 6	1 - 1.5
For partial control.		
Trumpetcreeper	3 - 4.5	1 – 1.5
Vine maple	3 - 7.5	
For partial control.		
Virginia creeper	3 - 7.5	1 – 1.5
Waxmyrtle, southern		
For partial control.		
Willow	4.5 - 6	1
Yerba santa		1.5
For partial control		

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. To the extent permitted by law, otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. To the extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

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Limitation of Remedies

To the extent permitted by law, the exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used.

To the extent permitted by law, Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. To the extent permitted by law, in no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of Dow AgroSciences or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

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[Editor's note: Master supplemental labels for noncrop uses]

List of Supplementa	al Labeling - Noncrop
Supplemental Name	EPA Approval Date
Aerial Application in California Only	November 26, 2010
Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed (Marestail, <i>Conyza canadensis</i>) in Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites	November 26, 2010
Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Ryegrass	November 26, 2010
Tank Mix Products for Noncrop Areas	November 26, 2010
Tank Mixtures for Improved Control of Bentgrass (<i>Agrostis</i> spp.)	November 26, 2010
Hollow Stem Injection	November 26, 2010
Weed Control in Non-Food Tree, Shrub, or Vine Production Sites	November 26, 2010
Weed Control in Rangelands	November 26, 2010

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Aerial Application in California Only

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Unless otherwise specified, all labeled treatment may be made by aerial equipment provided that the applicator complies with the precautions and restrictions specified on this supplemental label and in the label affixed to the product container. Refer to the product label for aerial equipment in Application Equipment and Application Methods for additional information.

Use the following guidelines when aerial applications are made near crops or desirable perennial vegetation after bud break and before total leaf drop, and/or near other desirable vegetation or annual crops:

- Do not apply within 100 feet of all desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- If wind up to 5 miles per hour is blowing toward desirable vegetation or crop(s), do not apply within 500 feet of the desirable vegetation or crop(s).
- Winds blowing from 5 to 10 miles per hour toward desirable vegetation or crop(s) may require buffer zones in excess of 500 feet.
- Do not apply when winds are in excess of 10 miles per hour or when inversion conditions exist.

When this product is applied under the conditions described, it controls annual and perennial weeds listed in the label affixed to the container.

Only 2,4-D amine formulations may be used for aerial applications in California. Tank mixes with 2,4-D amine formulations may be applied by air in California for fallow and reduced tillage systems, and for alfalfa and pasture renovation applications only. Do not aerially apply any tank mixes with dicamba in California.

Additional Information for Fresno County, California

Within the boundaries of Fresno County, California, the following information applies only from February 15 through March 31:

North: Fresno County line

South: Fresno County line East: State Highway 99 West: Fresno County line

Always read and follow the label directions and precautionary statements for all products used in the aerial application. Observe the following directions to minimize off-site movement during aerial applications of this product. Minimizing off-site movement is the responsibility of the grower, pest control advisor and aerial applicator.

Written Directions: A written direction **must** be submitted by or on behalf of the applicator to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner 24 hours prior to application. The written direction **must** state the proximity of surrounding crops and that conditions of each manufacturer's product label and this label have been satisfied.

Aerial Applicator Training and Equipment: Aerially applying this product is limited to pilots who have successfully completed a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner and California Department of Pesticide Regulation approved training program for aerial application of herbicides. All aircraft must be inspected, critiqued in flight and certified at a Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-in. To insure that proper rates of herbicides and adjuvants are being applied during commercial use, test and calibrate the spray equipment at appropriate intervals. Demonstration of performance at Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner approved fly-ins constitutes such documentation, or other written records showing calculations and measurements of flight and spray parameters acceptable to the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

Applications at Night: Do not aerially apply this product earlier than 30 minutes prior to sunrise and/or later than 30 minutes after sunset. Doing so requires prior permission from the Fresno County Agricultural Commissioner.

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RXXX-037 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-009

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Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Horseweed (Marestail, Conyza canadensis) in Noncrop Areas and Industrial Sites (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Use this product to control and manage glyphosate-resistant horseweed (marestail, Convza canadensis). Apply 24 fl oz of this product per acre before marestail is more than 6 inches in height. Make applications when horseweed is still in the rosette stage of growth to enhance control.

Tank Mixes: The following products may be tank mixed with this product provided that the product is labeled for application at the target site. Refer to the label of the tank mix partner for use sites and applications rates. Read and carefully follow the label directions on the tank mix partner. Use according to the most restrictive precautionary statements for each product in the mixture.

2.4-D¹ Landmark II MP Telar DF Crossbow L Landmark MP Transline dicamba¹ Milestone Vanquish Gallery 75 DF Overdrive Velpar DF Krovar I DF

¹Tank mixes with products containing this generic active ingredient may be made provided the specific product is labeled for application on the use site.

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RXXX-061 EPA accepted 11/26/10 **Replaces RXXX-038**

Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Control and Management of Glyphosate-Resistant Ryegrass (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Preemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a preemergence herbicide labeled for control of ryegrass.

Preemergence and Postemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with a residual preemergence herbicide and a postemergence herbicide (other than glyphosate) labeled for control of ryegrass. Apply before ryegrass is more than 4 inches in height.

Postemergence: To control other emerged weeds, apply this product in a tank mix with another postemergence herbicide labeled for control of ryegrass. Apply before ryegrass is more than 4 inches in height.

Not all herbicides are registered in each state or for all use sites (orchards, noncrop areas, or ditch banks) or crops for the management of ryegrass. When using this product in a tank mix, refer to each product's label and observe the most restrictive label's precautions and limitations.

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RXXX-062 EPA accepted 11/26/10 **Replaces RXXX-040**

Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Tank Mix Products for Noncrop Areas (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

See the rate tables in the Annual Weeds, Perennial Weeds, and Woody Brush and Trees sections of the the label affixed to the product container for specific application rates. For improved results, apply 4 to 7 quarts of this product per acre may be used for difficult to control species, where dense stands occur, or where conditions for control are not ideal. The following herbicides, when applied as a tank mix, provide preemergence and/or postemergence control of the weeds listed in the individual product labels.

The following list of products may be tank mixed with this product provided that the product is labeled for use on the target site. Any specified rate of this product may be used in a tank mix with these products. Refer to the product labels for specified sites and application rates.

Tank Mix Product	Rate per Acre
Arsenal ¹	0.5 – 4 pints
2,4-D	0.5 – 1 lb
Garlon 3A	1 – 6 pints
Garlon 4	1 – 6 pints
diuron	4 – 8 lb
diuron + 2,4-D	4 – 8 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
diuron + Garlon 3A	4 – 10 lb + 1 – 2 pints
diuron + Garlon 4	4 – 10 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Hyvar X	4 – 8 lb
Hyvar X + 2,4-D	4 – 8 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
Hyvar X + Garlon 3A	4 – 8 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Hyvar X + Garlon 4	4 – 8 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Krovar I DF	4 – 6 lb

Krovar I DF + 2,4-D Krovar I DF + Garlon 3A	4 – 6 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb 4 – 6 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Krovar I DF + Garlon 4	4 - 6 lb + 1 - 2 pints
Oust	2 – 6 oz
Oust + 2,4-D	2 – 6 oz + 0.5 – 1 lb
Oust + Garlon 3A	2 – 6 oz + 1 – 2 pints
Oust + Garlon 4	2 – 6 oz + 1 – 2 pints
Spike 80W	2 – 5 lb
Spike 80W + 2,4-D	2 – 5 lb + 0.5 – 1 lb
Spike 80W + Garlon 3A	2 – 5 lb + 1 – 2 pints
Spike 80W + Garlon 4	2 – 5 lb + 1 – 2 pints
¹ Arsenal is not approved for use i	n the state of California.

Read and carefully follow the label claims, precautionary statements, specified use rates and all other information on the labels of the products used in the tank mix. Use according to the most restrictive label directions for each product in the mixture.

During the mixing process and during application, maintain good agitation at all times. Ensure that the tank mix product(s) is well mixed with the spray solution before adding this product. Mix only the amount of spray solution that will be used during the same day. Reduced weed control may result if a tank mixture is allowed to stand overnight. If the spray mix is allowed to settle, thorough agitation is required to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed.

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RXXX-063 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-040

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Tank Mixtures for Improved Control of Bentgrass (Agrostis spp.) (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

For improved control of bentgrass (*Agrostis* spp.), the following products may be tank mixed with this product: Envoy, Fusion, Fusilade II, Vantage. When tank mixing products, read and carefully observe label directions, precautionary statements and all information on the labels of each product in the mixture. Refer to each product label for the approved use sites.

Dry ammonium sulfate, at 1 to 2 percent by weight, may also be added to the spray solution. The equivalent rate of ammonium sulfate in a liquid formulation may also be used. Completely dissolve the ammonium sulfate in the spray tank before adding herbicides. Thoroughly rinse the spray system with clean water after use to reduce corrosion.

Broadcast Application: Apply 2 to 2.5 quarts of this product per acre plus

- 34 fl oz of Envoy per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 24 fl oz of Fusilade II per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 60 fl oz of Vantage per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.
- 9 fl oz of Fusion per acre in 20 to 40 gallons per acre of spray solution.

In the event of incomplete control, re-treatment may be necessary.

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Spot Treatment: Mix 2 fl oz of this product with

- 1.3 fl oz of Envoy in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.75 fl oz of Fusilade II in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 3 fl oz of Vantage in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.
- 0.25 fl oz of Fusion in 1 gallon of water and spray to wet.

Attention: Avoid drift. Use extreme care when applying this product to prevent injury to desirable plants and crops.

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Supplemental Labeling



Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Hollow Stem Injection

- ATTENTION
- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Apply this product through hand-held injection devices that deliver the specified amount of this product into targeted hollow stem plants growing in any noncrop site listed on this label. To control the following hollow stem plants, follow the use directions below:

Targ	et Plants	
Common Name	Scientific Name	Use Directions
castorbean	Ricinus communis	Inject 4 mL of this product per plant into the lower portion of the main stem
hemlock poison	Conium maculatum	Inject one leaf cane per plant, 10 to 12 inches above the root crown, with 5 mL of a 5 percent by volume solution of this product.
hogweed, giant	Hercleum mantegazzianum	Inject one leaf cane per plant 12 inches above the root crown with 5 mL of a 5 percent by volume solution of this product.
horsetail field	Equisetum arvense	Inject one segment above the root crown with 0.5 mL of this product per stem using a low volume syringe capable of accurately delivering this amount of product.
knotweed, bohemian	Polygonum bohemicum	Inject 5 mL of this product per stem between the
knotweed, Japanese	Polygonum cuspidatum	second and third internode.
reed, giant	Arundo donax	Inject 6 mL of this product per stem between the second and third internode.
thistle, Canada	Circisum arvense	Cut 8 to 9 of the tallest plants at bud stage in a clump with clippers. Use a cavity needle pushed

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Precautions and Restrictions:

• Do not apply more than a total of 8 quarts of this product per acre for all treatments combined. At 5 mL per stem, 8 quarts will treat approximately 1300 stems per acre.

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RXXX-042 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Initial printing

Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

Dow AgroSciences

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Non-Food Tree, Shrub, or Vine Production Sites (Not for Use or Distribution Within the State of California)

ATTENTION

- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Types of Applications: Site preparation, post-directed, trim and edge, wiper application

This product may be used for general weed control prior to the planting of and around established ornamentals or any woody tree, shrub, or vine species including arborvitae, azalea, boxwood, crabapple, eucalyptus, euonymus, fir, douglas fir, jojoba, hollies, lilac, magnolia, maple, oak, poplar, privet, pine, spruce and yew, growing in plant nurseries, on Christmas tree farms, or on other non-food tree production sites.

Do not use this product as an over the top broadcast spray in ornamentals and Christmas trees unless otherwise directed. Take care to avoid contact of spray, drift, or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable ornamental species.

Use this product to control weeds growing in and around greenhouses and shadehouses. During application, desirable vegetation must not be present. Air circulation fans must be turned off until after the application has dried.

Site Preparation

Use this product prior to planting any tree, shrub or vine, including Christmas tree species, in a nursery or production setting.

Post-Directed and Trim and Edge

Use this product as a post-directed spray around established woody ornamental species or to trim and edge around trees, buildings, sidewalks, roads, potted plants and other objects in a production setting.

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Protect desirable plants from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material.

Wiper Application

Use this product through wick or other suitable wiper applicators to control or partially control undesirable vegetation around established trees, shrubs, or vines. See Selective Equipment section of this label for further information about the proper use of wiper applicators.

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RXXX-066 EPA accepted 11/26/10 Replaces RXXX-043

Supplemental Labeling

Dow AgroSciences LLC

9330 Zionsville Road

Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054 USA

Dow AgroSciences

GF-1280

[Alternate Brand Name: Accord[®] XRT II] EPA Reg. No. 62719-556

Weed Control in Rangelands

- ATTENTION
- It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.
- This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.
- Read the label affixed to the container for this product before applying. Carefully follow all precautionary statements and applicable use directions.
- Use of this product according to this supplemental labeling is subject to all use precautions and limitations imposed by the label affixed to the product container.

Directions for Use

Read the Product Information, Herbicide Resistance Management, Spray Drift Management, Mixing Directions, and Application Equipment and Application Methods on the label attached to this product's container.

Use this product to control or suppress many annual weeds growing in perennial cool and warm season grass rangelands, pastures, and industrial sites. Preventing weed seed production is critical to the successful control of annual grassy weeds invading these perennial grass sites. Eliminate most of the viable seeds with follow up applications in sequential years. Delay grazing of treated areas to encourage growth of desirable perennials. Allowing desirable perennials to flower and reseed in the treated area will encourage successful transition.

Bromus: Use this product to control or suppress downy brome (*Bromus tectorum*), Japanese brome (*Bromus japonicus*), soft chess (*Bromus mollis*), cheatgrass (*Bromus secalinus*), cereal rye and jointed goatgrass found in rangelands, pastures and industrial sites. Apply 6 to 12 fl oz of this product per acre as a broadcast treatment.

For best results, coincide treatments with early seedhead emergence of the most mature plants. Delaying the application until this growth stage maximizes the emergence of other weedy grass flushes. Make applications to the same site each year until seed banks are depleted and the desirable perennial grasses become established on the site.

Medusahead: Apply 12 fl oz of this product per acre to control or suppress medusahead at the 3-leaf stage when plants are actively growing. Delaying applications beyond this stage results in reduced or unacceptable control. Repeat applications in subsequent years to eliminate the seedbank before reestablishing desirable perennial grasses. Apply in the fall or spring.

Apply by ground or air. Make aerial applications for these uses with fixed wing or helicopter equipment. For aerial applications, apply in 2 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For ground applications, apply in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre.

Spot Treatment and Wiper Application

Apply this product in rangeland, pastures, or industrial sites as a spot treatment or over the top of desirable grasses using wiper applicators to control tall weeds. Make repeat applications in the same area at 30-day intervals.

The entire site or any portion of it may be treated when using 2.25 quarts or less of this product per acre for spot treatments or wiper applications. No more than 10 percent of the total site may be treated at any one time when using more than 2.25 quarts of this product per acre for spot treatments or wiper applications. To achieve maximum performance, remove domestic livestock before application and wait 7 days after application before grazing livestock or harvesting for feed.

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