

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

APR 10 2002

Mr. Steve A. McMaster Regulatory Manager Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Dear Mr. McMaster:

Subject: Asulam 400

EPA Registration No. 62719-457

Application and Your Letter Dated March 28, 2002, Request To Amend Registration with Revised First Aid Statements, Revised Warranty Disclaimer and Reference to Sanachem (PTY) Ltd, revised to Dow AgroSciences; and Added "Terms and Conditions of Use" Section

The subject application to revise the labeling of Asulam 400, as described above and on your application, has been reviewed and found to be acceptable under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, provided that you:

o Submit one (1) copy of the final printed label prior to your shipment of Asulam 400 under the enclosed revised stamped label.

If this condition is not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA, section 6(e). Your release for shipment under this labeling constitutes acceptance of this condition. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

Joannel I. Miller

Product Manager (23)

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

(Base Label):

FOR AGRICULTURAL OR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE BY HOMEOWNERS.

(Logo) Dow AgroSciences

Asulam 400

For Post-emergent Weed Control in Sugarcane, Turf, Ornamentals, Christmas Tree Plantings and Non-Cropland

Active Ingredient:
Sodium salt of asulam (methyl sulfanilylcarbamate)† 36.2%
Inert Ingredients 63.8%
Total 100.0%

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

APR 10 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

63719-45

Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Harmful If Absorbed Through Skin

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate)
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. However, full PPE must be available in the event that the handler exits the aircraft, enclosed cab, etc., prior to the REI.

User Safety Recommendations

Users must:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Leave the treated area, and remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

[†] Equivalent to 33.0% asulam acid or 3.30 lb, asulam per gallon (or 397 g/L).



First Aid

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters and rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory: This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory: Surface water contamination may occur in areas with poorly draining soils and little or no buffers or in areas where drainage systems flow directly to surface water.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-457

EPA Est. No. _____

Manufactured in the United Kingdom Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.

Herbicide

Net Contents __ gallons



(Label Booklet):

FOR AGRICULTURAL OR COMMERCIAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE BY HOMEOWNERS.

(Logo) Dow AgroSciences

Asulam 400

For Post-emergent Weed Control in Sugarcane, Turf, Ornamentals, Christmas Tree Plantings and Non-Cropland

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Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

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(Page 1 through end):

Table of Contents	Page
Precautionary Statements	
Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals	-
First Aid	-
Environmental Hazards	•
Directions for Use	-
Storage and Disposal	-
Application Procedures	•
Sugarcane	-
Non-Cropland Uses	-
Turf (For Sod Farm Use Only)	-
Terms and Conditions of Use	-
Warranty Disclaimer	-
Inherent Risks of Use	-
Limitation of Remedies	•

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Harmful If Absorbed Through Skin

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reaction in some individuals. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- . Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate)
- Shoes and socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS. However, full PPE must be available in the event that the handler exits the aircraft, enclosed cab, etc., prior to the REI.

User Safety Recommendations

Users must:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Leave the treated area, and remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

First Aid

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

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Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target area. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters and rinsate.

Ground Water Advisory: This chemical is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of agricultural use. Use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

Surface Water Advisory: Surface water contamination may occur in areas with poorly draining soils and little or no buffers or in areas where drainage systems flow directly to surface water.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read entire label before using this product.

Chemigation: Do not use this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

For early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Shoes and socks

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a dry location away from children, animals, foods, feeds, seeds, or other agricultural chemicals. Store at temperatures greater than 20°F. Keep container closed when not using. Keep storage area locked when not in use. In the event of spillage or leakage, soak up material with absorbent clay, sand, sawdust, or other absorbent material. Scrape up and dispose of in accordance with information given under Pesticide Disposal. Repackage and relabel usable product in a sound container. In case of fire or other emergency, report at once by toll-free telephone to (800) 424-9300.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities, such a burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

Spray Drift

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or the applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¼ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the *Spray Drift Advisory* information.

Spray Drift Advisory

Information on Droplet Size: The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size:

- Volume: Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure: Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of Nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation: Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant direction from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type: Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

Boom Length: For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than ¾ of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height: Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment: When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downward. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops etc.).

Wind: Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Temperature and Humidity: When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions: Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and move laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas: The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

SUGARCANE

Restrictions and Precautions: Do not rotate to any crop which is not registered for use with products containing asulam for one year following the last application of this product.

- Cover crops may be planted if they are plowed under and not grazed; otherwise, do not plant crops other than sugarcane in treated areas.
- Do not graze or feed sugarcane fodder and forage to livestock.
- Asulam 400 should be used when weeds are actively growing and may be applied to plant cane or to cane grown from stubble.
- Do not treat sugarcane within the following days of harvest: 140 days in mainland USA excluding Louisiana, 100 days in Louisiana or 400 days in Hawaii.
- Differences in crop tolerance to asulam among sugarcane varieties have been reported in Louisiana.
 Contact your local County Agent or University Extension Specialist for further information.

Rates: The rates in the tables below are for broadcast application.

Ground Application: Apply as a water mix spray in 15 - 100 gallons of water per acre according to local requirements.

Aerial Application: Apply as a water mix spray in 3 - 5 gallons of water per acre; in Hawaii, use 5 - 10 gallons per acre.

Banded Application: Reduce rates according to the following formula: band width (inches)/row width (inches) X broadcast rate per acre = banded rate per acre.

Spot Treatment: Apply a 5% v/v Asulam 400 spray (1 gallon per 20 gallons of water) but not exceeding a rate of 8 pints of the concentrated herbicide per acre.

Addition of an adjuvant approved for use on growing crops to the water mix spray will improve weed control when environmental conditions are not optimal. A nonionic surfactant of at least 80% active ingredient can be added at a rate of 1 - 2 quarts per 100 gallons of spray mix (0.25% - 0.5% by volume). Alternatively, a crop oil concentrate containing 80 - 85% paraffinic oil and 15 - 20% nonionic surfactant can be added at a rate of 4 quarts per 100 gallons (1% by volume) of spray mix.

Single Application per Season

Weed Species	Rate (pints per acre)	Special Instructions
Raoulgrass or Itchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)	8	Apply with a surfactant when the grass is not more than 8 inches tall
Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)	8	Apply when the grass is 12 - 18 inches tall. Johnsongrass should be actively growing and the average air temperature should be at lest 60°F or higher.

10/12

Paragrass or Californiagrass (Brachiaria mutica or Panicum purpurascens)	8	Apply when the grass is no more than 6 - 8 inches tall.
Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.)	6 - 8	Use the lower rate prior to seed head formation and the higher rate after heading.
Alexendergrass (Brachiana planteginea) Barnyardgrass (Echinochloa crusgalli) (Broadleaf panicum (Panicum adspersum) Foxtail (Setaria spp.) Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)	6-8	Use the lower rate if the grass is no more than 6 - 8 inches tall and the higher rate if more than 8 inches tall.

Two Applications per Season (Use in Heavy Weed Infestations or Re-infestation or where Weed Species Germinate at Different Times in the same Growing Season)

Weed Species	Rate for Each Application (pints per acre)	Special Instructions
Crabgrass (<i>Digitaria</i> spp.)	6 - 8	Apply before seed head formation. Use the lower rate when crabgrass is less than 6 inches high, and the higher rate from 6 inches to the start of head formation.
Raoulgrass or Itchgrass (Rottboellia exaltata)	8	Apply with surfactant when the grass is no more than 12 inches tall.
Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)	8	Apply when the grass is 18 - 24 inches tall.

NON-CROPLAND USES

For use as a post-emergent treatment to control weeds in areas such as: boundary fences and fence rows; ditch banks; highway, pipeline and roadside rights-of-way; lumberyards; railroad and utility rights-of-way and yards; industrial plant sites; storage areas; and warehouse lots.

Aerial application is prohibited. Apply by ground spray using 20 - 100 gallons of solution per acre with a nonionic surfactant at a rate of 0.25% by volume.

Maximum Rate: 1 gallon per acre limited to one application per year.

Weed Species	Rate (pints per acre)	Special Instructions
Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.)	8	Apply before the grass reaches seed head formation.
Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)	8	Apply when the grass is at least 18 inches tall. As a spot treatment in Hawaii, apply 8 pints in 50 gallons of spray mixture per acre.
Paragrass or Californiagrass (Brachiaria mutica or Panicum purpurascens)	8	Apply before seed head formation. As a spot treatment in Hawaii, apply in 50 gallons of spray mixture per acre.
Western bracken (Pteridium aquilinum var. pubescens)	7-8	Apply when the fern is in full frond. Use the higher rate in heavy infestations.

Christmas Trees

For use as a post-emergent treatment in Douglas fir, Grand fir, Nobel fir, or Scotch pine plantings for Christmas trees. Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas to livestock.

Maximum Rate: 1 gallon per acre limited to one application per year.

Apply a minimum 20 gallons of solution per acre for ground application. Aerial application is prohibited. Spray at a rate of 1 gallon of solution per acre (without a surfactant) after bud-break and hardening of new tree growth to control western bracken (*Pteridium aquilinum* var. *pubescens*), which should be in full frond.

Ornamental Shrubs

Maximum Rate: 1 gallon per acre limited to one application per year. Broadcast apply as a post-emergent treatment, without a surfactant, at a rate of 1 gallon in 20 gallons of water per acre to the following species of junipers and yews:

Juniper andorra

Taxus cuspidata

J. chinensis

T. media

J. conferta

Podocarpus macrophyllus

J. horizontalis

J. litoralis

J. sabina

To control:

Barnyardgrass

Foxtail (Setaria spp.)

(Echinochloa crusgalli)

Goosegrass (Eleusine indica)

Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.)

Horseweed or Mare's tail

Fall Panicum

(Conyza canadensis)

(Panicum dichotomiflorum)

Apply when the weeds are between the stages of early seedling and early seed-head formation.

TURF (FOR SOD FARM USE ONLY)

Apply, without a surfactant, at a rate of 5 pints in 20 - 50 gallons of water per acre (1 pint in 4 - 10 gallons per 8700 square feet) to St. Augustinegrass or Tifway 419 Bermudagrass. Do not apply to turf under stress or freshly mowed.

To control:

Bull grass (Paspalum supinum) Crabgrass (Digitaria spp.) Goosegrass (*Eleusine indica*)
Sandbur (*Cenchrus* spp.)

Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitations of Remedies.

Warranty Disclaimer

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

Limitation of Remedies

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of he following:

1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or

2. Replacement of amount of product used.

Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of Dow AgroSciences or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

EPA-Accepted:			_
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