

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Kimberly Gilbert Regulatory Leader Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

AUG 1 4 - 2008

Subject: Notification(s) for Label Revisions under PRN 98-10 and PRN 2007-4

Dear Ms. Gilbert:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notices (PRN) 98-10 and 2007-4 dated June 26, 2008 for:

EPA Registration 62719-447 Goal Tender

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of the request(s) for applicability under PRN 98-10 and PRN 2007-4 and finds that the label changes requested fall within the scope of PRN-98-10 and PRN-2007-4. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identify the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on <u>nonrefillable</u> containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Nicole Williams of my staff at 703-308-5551.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

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Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054

308/2E June 26, 2008



Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U. S. Environmental Protection Agency One Potomac Yard 2777 S. Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202

#### GOALTENDER (A.I. OXYFLUORFEN) EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 62719-447 NOTIFICATION OF MINOR LABEL CHANGE PER PR NOTICES 98-10 AND 2007-4

Enclosed please find labeling for the notification action of GoalTender<sup>®</sup> herbicide based on EPA accepted label dated October 23, 2007. The following changes have been made by notification:

- 1. Changed "inert" to "other" in the ingredient statement
- 2. Updated Storage and Disposal per EPA Standards for Pesticide Container & Containment: Final Rule effective October 16, 2006 (PR Notice 2007-4).
- 3. Added Produced for and street address to DAS address
- 4. Moved generic descriptor under product name
- 5. Updated trademark symbols throughout
- 6. Updated referral statements
- 7. Removed company website reference
- 8. Added Arizona to heading for Pistachios, Walnuts, Almonds (Non-Dormant Application)

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and PR Notice 2007-4 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, 40 CFR 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156 and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. J understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and PR Notice 2007-4 and 40 CFR 152.46, 40 CFR 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156 this product may be in violation of FIFRA and 1 may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

#### **Contents of Submission**

- Transmittal document (this letter)
- Application for Pesticide, EPA Form 8570-1
- Label entitled GoalTender (F2B / GoalTender / MSTR Notif / 06-26-08) (64 Pages plus Registration Notes) (5 Copies)

If you require further information, please contact Amy Hudson, Regulatory Specialist at (317) 337-3967 or Joyce Carroll, Registration Assistant for this product, at (317) 337-4631.

Sincerely,

ney Alecton He

Kimberly Gilbert Regulatory Leader (317) 337-4685 (317) 337-4649 (FAX)

KG/akh Enclosures F2B / GoalTender / MSTR Notif / 06-26-08 file: GoalTender-447 MSTR 26Jun08N.doc



EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

### **Registration Notes:**

Source label text based on EPA accepted label dated October 23, 2007. Following are changes by notification:

- 1. Changed "inert" to "other" in the ingredient statement
- 2. Updated Storage and Disposal per EPA Standards for Pesticide Container & Containment; Final Rule - effective October 16, 2006 (PR Notice 2007-4).
- 3. Added Produced for and street address to DAS address
- 4. Moved generic descriptor under product name
- Updated trademark symbols throughout
   Updated referral statements
- 7. Removed company website reference
- 8. Added Arizona to list of states in the heading for Pistachios, Walnuts, Almonds (California Only) (Non-Dormant Application)

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Page 1

NOTIFICATION

AUG 14 2008

(Base label for rigid containers 5 gal or less):

## GoalTender<sup>®</sup> Herbicide

Use Directions For: artichokes (globe), broccoli/cabbage/cauliflower, cacao, citrus (nonbearing), coffee, conifer (seedbeds, transplants, container stock) and selected deciduous trees, corn, cotton, cottonwood, eucalyptus, fallow bed, (cotton/soybeans) fallow land, garbanzo beans, garlic, guava (Hawaii only), horseradish, jojoba, mint, onions, onions grown for seed, papaya (Hawaii only), soybeans, taro, treefruit/nut/vine

#### Active Ingredient

oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-	
nitrophenoxy)4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	. 41%
Other Ingredients	59%
Total	100%

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon

#### Shake Well Before Using

# Keep Out of Reach of ChildrenCAUTIONPRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Avoid contact with skin or clothing.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

### Mixers, loaders and applicators using engineering controls (see Engineering Controls requirements below) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate) when mixing and loading
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

#### All other mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate)
- Protective eyewear (goggles of face shield)
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Page 2

Chemical-resistant apron when exposed to the product concentrate

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls:** Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to fallow land or ground applications to corn, cotton or soybeans must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], and must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders using engineering controls
- · Wear protective eyewear if the system operates under pressure, and
- Be provided and have immediately available for use in case of emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown, coveralls and chemical-resistant footwear.

Handlers performing applications to corn must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for applicators using engineering controls
- Be provided and must have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure.
- Take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- Store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6);

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### User Safety Recommendations

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. See Directions for Use for additional restrictions. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinseate.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard:

Storage and Disposal:

Page 3

Do not contaminated water, food or feed by storage or disposal **Pesticide Storage:** Keep from Freezing. Store above 32°F

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide Wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container Reuse:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank to collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

#### Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

EPA Est.

Net Contents

Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Page 4

(Base label for refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal):

## GoalTender<sup>®</sup> Herbicide

Use Directions For: artichokes (globe), broccoli/cabbage/cauliflower, cacao, citrus (nonbearing), coffee, conifer (seedbeds, transplants, container stock) and selected deciduous trees, corn, cotton, cottonwood, eucalyptus, fallow bed, (cotton/soybeans) fallow land, garbanzo beans, garlic, guava (Hawaii only), horseradish, jojoba, mint, onions, onions grown for seed, papaya (Hawaii only), soybeans, taro, treefruit/nut/vine

#### Active Ingredient

oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-	
nitrophenoxy)4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	41%
Other Ingredients	59%
Total	00%

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon

#### Shake Well Before Using

# Keep Out of Reach of ChildrenCAUTIONPRECAUCION

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#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Avoid contact with skin or clothing.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

## Mixers, loaders and applicators using engineering controls (see Engineering Controls requirements below) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate) when mixing and loading
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

#### All other mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate)
- Protective eyewear (goggles of face shield)
- · Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Page 5

· Chemical-resistant apron when exposed to the product concentrate

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls:** Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to fallow land or ground applications to corn, cotton or soybeans must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], and must:

- · Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders using engineering controls
- Wear protective eyewear if the system operates under pressure, and
- Be provided and have immediately available for use in case of emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown, coveralls and chemical-resistant footwear.

Handlers performing applications to corn must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for applicators using engineering controls
- Be provided and must have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure.
- Take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- Store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6);

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. See Directions for Use for additional restrictions. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinseate.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

#### Storage and Disposal:

Page 6

Do not contaminated water, food or feed by storage or disposal **Pesticide Storage:** Keep from Freezing. Store above 32°F

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide Wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container Reuse:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

EPA Est.

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Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Net Contents \_

Page 7

(Base label for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal):

## GoalTender<sup>®</sup> Herbicide

Use Directions For: artichokes (globe), broccoli/cabbage/cauliflower, cacao, citrus (nonbearing), coffee, conifer (seedbeds, transplants, container stock) and selected deciduous trees, corn, cotton, cottonwood, eucalyptus, fallow bed, (cotton/soybeans) fallow land, garbanzo beans, garlic, guava (Hawaii only), horseradish, jojoba, mint, onions, onions grown for seed, papaya (Hawaii only), soybeans, taro, treefruit/nut/vine

#### Active Ingredient

oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-	
nitrophenoxy)4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene 41%	6
Other Ingredients 59%	6
Total	6

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon

#### Shake Well Before Using

# Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION PRECAUCION

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#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Avoid contact with skin or clothing.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

## Mixers, loaders and applicators using engineering controls (see Engineering Controls requirements below) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate) when mixing and loading
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

#### All other mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate)
- Protective eyewear (goggles of face shield)
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Page 8

Chemical-resistant apron when exposed to the product concentrate

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls:** Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to fallow land or ground applications to corn, cotton or soybeans must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], and must:

- · Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders using engineering controls
- · Wear protective eyewear if the system operates under pressure, and
- Be provided and have immediately available for use in case of emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown, coveralls and chemical-resistant footwear.

Handlers performing applications to corn must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for applicators using engineering controls
- Be provided and must have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure.
- Take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- Store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6);

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. See Directions for Use for additional restrictions. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinseate.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Storage and Disposal:

Page 9

Do not contaminated water, food or feed by storage or disposal **Pesticide Storage:** Keep from Freezing. Store above 32°F

**Pesticide Disposal**: Pesticide Wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**Container Reuse:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank to collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

#### Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

EPA Est. \_\_\_\_\_

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Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Net Contents

(cover)

## GoalTender<sup>®</sup> Herbicide

Use Directions For: artichokes (globe), broccoli/cabbage/cauliflower, cacao, citrus (nonbearing), coffee, conifer (seedbeds, transplants, container stock) and selected deciduous trees, corn, cotton, cottonwood, eucalyptus, fallow bed, (cotton/soybeans) fallow land, garbanzo beans, garlic, guava (Hawaii only), horseradish, jojoba, mint, onions, onions grown for seed, papaya (Hawaii only), soybeans, taro, treefruit/nut/vine

#### Active Ingredient

oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-

	nitrophenoxy)4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene	41%
Other	Ingredients	<u>59%</u>
Total.		00%

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon

#### Shake Well Before Using

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#### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

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(Page 1 through end):

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

### CAUTION

Avoid contact with skin or clothing.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

## Mixers, loaders and applicators using engineering controls (see Engineering Controls requirements below) must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate) when mixing and loading
- Chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading

#### All other mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves (such as Nitrile, Butyl, Neoprene, and/or Barrier Laminate)
- Protective eyewear (goggles of face shield)
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when exposed to the product concentrate

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**Engineering Controls:** Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications to fallow land or ground applications to corn, cotton, or soybeans must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)], and must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders using engineering controls
- Wear protective evewear if the system operates under pressure, and
- Be provided and have immediately available for use in case of emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown, coveralls and chemical-resistant footwear.

Handlers performing applications to corn must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- · Wear the personal protective equipment required above for applicators using engineering controls
- Be provided and must have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, and chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure.
- Take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- Store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6);

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### User Safety Recommendations

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. See Directions for Use for additional restrictions. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinseate.

#### **Directions for Use**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### **Agricultural Use Requirements:**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE)and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours, except for the following:

- Onions, garlic and horseradish: The REI is 48 hours
- Conifer seedlings: The REI is 3 days
- Conifer trees: The REI is 6 days

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements:

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. **Do not enter or allow others to enter until sprays have dried.** 

#### Storage and Disposal:

Do not contaminated water, food or feed by storage or disposal **Pesticide Storage:** Keep from Freezing. Store above 32°F

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide Wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:

**Container Reuse:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank to collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

#### Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:

**Container Reuse:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

#### Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:

**Container Reuse:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank to collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert upside down over application equipment or mix tank to collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

#### **GENERAL USE INFORMATION**

GoalTender<sup>®</sup> herbicide is a selective herbicide for postemergence and preemergence residual weed control in labeled crops. Directions provided in the General Use Information section of this label apply to all uses of this product. Use directions for listed crops are provided in the Crop-Specific Use Directions section of this label.

#### Use Restrictions

## The following use restrictions apply to all labeled uses of GoalTender (Refer to directions for use for individual crops for additional crop-specific use restrictions.):

- Do not graze or harvest plants from areas treated with GoalTender for feed or forage.
- Apply GoalTender only with ground equipment unless otherwise specified in crop-specific use directions.
- GoalTender is phytotoxic to plant foliage. Avoid accidental spray contact or drift with established crops. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift to non-target areas.
- Some labeled crops are tolerant to over-the-top applications of GoalTender if applied during dormancy. Do not make over-the-top applications unless specifically allowed in crop-specific use directions.
- Do not treat ditch banks or waterways with GoalTender or contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.
- Do not apply GoalTender in enclosed greenhouses as foliage injury will result.

#### **Spray Drift Buffer Restrictions**

- A 25 foot vegetative buffer strip must be maintained between all areas treated with this product and lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes or natural ponds, estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds.
- Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people may occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and reaction areas, non-target crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals.
- For ground boom applications, apply with nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy when wind speed is 10 mph or less at the application site as measured by an anemometer.
- Use coarse spray according to ASAE 572 definition for standard nozzles or VMD of 475 microns for spinning atomizer nozzles.
- The applicator also must use all other measures necessary to control drift.

#### **Rotation Crop Restrictions**

- Do not rotate to small-grain crops (includes barley, buckwheat, corn, pearl millet, proso millet, oats, popcorn, rice, rye, sorghum, triticale, wheat, wild rice) within 10 months following an application of GoalTender.
- Do not direct seed any crop, other than a crop labeled for use with GoalTender, within 60 days following application.
- Do not transplant seedlings of crops, other than crops labeled for use with GoalTender, within 30 days following application.
- IMPORTANT: Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this label or Dow AgroSciences supplemental label or product bulletin, treated soil must be thoroughly mixed to a depth of 4 inches after harvest (or abandoning) of the treated crop but prior to planting of the rotational crop. Failure to achieve thorough and complete mixing or to follow the required minimum plant-back interval may result in crop injury, stand reduction and/or vigor reduction of the plant-back crop. See specific fallow bed labeling instructions for required treatment-to-planting

intervals following application of GoalTender to fallow beds or fallow fields.

#### Weeds Controlled

#### Common Name ageratum amaranth, spiny balsamapple barnyardgrass (watergrass)<sup>†</sup> bedstraw, catchweed bittercress, lesser bluegrass, annual<sup>†</sup> buckwheat, wild burclover buttercup, smallflower buttonweed camphorweed canarygrass (annual) carpetweed cheeseweed (malva) clover, red<sup>†</sup> clover, white <sup>†</sup> cocklebur, common crabgrass, large (hairy)<sup>†</sup> crotalaria croton, tropic cudweed, narrowleaf eveningprimrose, cutleaf fiddleneck, coast<sup>†</sup> filaree, broadleaf filaree, redstem filaree, whitestem fireweed (from seed) flixweed foxtail, giant<sup>T</sup> foxtail, greenfoxtail, yellow geranium, Carolina qoosegrass<sup>1</sup> groundcherry, cutleaf aroundcherry, Wright groundsel, common henbit horseweed (marestail) jimsonweed johnsongrass, seedling knotweed, prostrate ladysthumb (smartweed) lambsquarters, common lettuce, prickly (china lettuce) mallow, little (malva) mayweed (dog fennel) minerslettuce morningglory species, annual morningglory, ivyleaf<sup>1</sup> morningglory, tall<sup>T</sup> mustard, black mustard, blue (purple mustard)

#### Scientific Name Ageratum convzoides Amaranthus spinosus Momordica charantia Echinochloa crus-galli Galium aparine Cardamine oligosperma Poa annua Polygonum convolvulus Medicago hispida Ranunculus aborvitus Borreria laevis Heterotheca subaxillaris Phalaris canariensis Mollugo verticillata Malva parviflora Trifolium pratense Trifolium repens Xanthium pensylvanicum Digitaria sanguinalis Crotalaria species Croton glandulosus Gnaphalium falcatum Oenothera laciniata Amsinckia intermedia Erodium botrvs Erodium cicutarium Erodium moschatum Epilobium angustifolium Descurainia sophia Setaria faberi Setaria viridis Setaria lutescens Geranium carolinianum Eleusine indica Physalis angulata Physalis wrightii Senecio vulgaris Lamium amplexicaule Convza canadensis Datura stramonium Sorghum halepense Polygonum aviculare Polygonum persicaria Chenopodium album Lactuca serriola Malva parviflora Anthemis cotula Montia perfoliata Ipomoea species Ipomoea hederacea Ipomoea purpurea Brassica nigra

Chorispora tenella

mustard, common yellow mustard, hedge mustard, tumble (Jim hill mustard) mustard, wild nettle, burning nightshade, American black nightshade, black nightshade, hairy oats, wild orach, red oxalis (bermuda buttercup) panicum, fall pepperweed, Virginia pepperweed, yellowflower pigweed, prostrate pigweed, redroot pimpernel, scarlet poinsettia, wild puncturevine purslane, common pusley, florida ragweed, common redmaids rocket, London ryegrass, Italian sage, lanceleaf sandbur, field sandspurry, red sesbania, hemp shepherdspurse<sup>†</sup> sicklepod sida, prickly (teaweed) signalgrass, broadleaf smartweed, pennsylvania sorrel, red (from seed) sowthistle, annual speedwell, birdseye spurge, garden spurge, prostrate tt spurge, spotted TT spurry, corn tansymustard thistle, bull th thistle, Russian velvetleaf witchgrass witchweed woodsorrel, common yellow <sup>11</sup> Brassica campestris Sisymbrium officinale Sisymbrium altissimum

Brassica kaber Urtica urens Solanum americanum Solanum nigrum Solanum sarrachoides Avena fatua Atriplex rosea Oxalis pes-caprae Panicum dichotomiflorum Lepidium virainicum Lepidium perfoliatum Amaranthus blitoides Amaranthus retroflexus Anagallis arvensis Euphorbia heterophylla Tribulus terrestris Portulaca oleracea Richardia scabra Ambrosia artemisiifolia Calandrinia caulescens Sisymbrium irio Lolium multiflorum Salvia reflexa Cenchrus incertus Spergularia rubra Sesbania exaltata Capsella bursa-pastoris Cassia obtusifolia Sida spinosa Brachiaria platyphylla Polygonum pensylvanicum Rumex acetosella Sonchus oleraceus Veronica persica Euphorbia hirta Euphorbia supina Euphorbia maculata Spergula arvensis Descurainia pinnata Cirsium vulgare Salsola kali Abutilon theophrasti Panicum capillare Striga asiatica Oxalis stricta

<sup>1</sup> Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

<sup>††</sup> Preemergence control only

**Application Methods and Recommended Cultural Practices** 

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#### Preemergence Weed Control

Apply the recommended rate in a broadcast spray volume of 15 or more gallons of water per acre using calibrated spray equipment capable of uniform application to the soil surface. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Preemergence weed control is most effective when GoalTender is applied to soil surfaces that are clean (free of crop or weed residues or clippings) and weed-free. Prior to application, weed or crop residues should be removed by thorough incorporation into the soil using tillage equipment or by blowing the area to be treated. At least 0.25 inch of irrigation or rainfall is required to activate GoalTender and should occur within 3 or 4 weeks after application. For optimum results, GoalTender should be applied to prepared beds or soil surfaces that will be left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired. Cultural practices that disturb or redistribute surface soil following treatment with GoalTender such as cutting water furrows will reduce weed control effectiveness.

**Application Rates and Rate Ranges:** Where rate ranges are given, use the lower rate in the rate range on coarse texture soils with less than 1% organic matter and lighter weed infestations. Use higher rates in the rate range on medium to fine texture soils, soils containing greater than 1% organic matter, heavy weed infestations, or for extended residual preemergence weed control.

#### **Postemergence Weed Control**

Apply the recommended rate in a broadcast spray volume of 20 or more gallons of water per acre (a minimum 10 gallons if applying GoalTender in tank mix with glyphosate). Because GoalTender is a contact herbicide, complete and uniform coverage of weed foliage is essential for optimum postemergence control. Increase the spray volume to ensure complete and uniform coverage as weed height and density increases or in the presence of heavy trash (weed or crop residue). Postemergence applications of GoalTender are most effective when made to weeds at the seedling stage. Applications made later than the 4-inch or 4 leaf stage may result in partial control or suppression. Postemergence applications should be made to seedling grasses not exceeding the 2-leaf stage. The addition of 0.25% v/v (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant, labeled for application to growing crops, will enhance herbicidal effectiveness in controlling emerged weeds.

**Postemergence Application Rates:** Where a rate range is given, use a higher rate in the rate range for heavy weed infestations, weeds in advanced stages of growth or for extended residual preemergence weed control following control of existing emerged weeds.

#### **Ground Application**

**Ground Broadcast:** Apply GoalTender using conventional low-pressure ground spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles. Follow manufacturer's recommendation for spraying pressure and boom height. An off-center (OC) nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. Check calibration of spray equipment before each use.

**Directed Sprays:** Apply GoalTender as a coarse low-pressure spray in a spray volume of 20 or more gallons of spray per acre (broadcast basis). Follow manufacturer's recommendations for nozzle spacing and operating pressure. Spray should be directed toward the soil at the base of the crop. In row crops, use a minimum of 2 flat fan nozzles per row (one on each side) and for optimum spray coverage use 4 flat fan nozzles per row (two on each side). The 2 forward nozzles should point forward and downward while the rear nozzles should point to the rear and downward. With either sprayer system, nozzles should be adjusted to cover the weed foliage but minimize contact with the crop. Do not apply with hollow cone nozzles.

IMPORTANT: GoalTender is a contact herbicide. Contact of sprays or drift with foliage or green stems can cause severe crop injury. Use directed sprays and spray shields and/or leaf lifters as necessary to minimize contact of spray or drift with crop foliage or stems. Young green stems of woody plants are also susceptible to injury from spray contact. Potential for injury to woody stems diminishes with loss of green color and the development of relatively impervious non-living corky tissue (bark) on the surface of the stem.

**Band Application:** Application rates listed in this label are for broadcast application. For band application, the rate per broadcast acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

Band Width (in inches)	Х	Rate per	=	Amount Needed per Acre	
Row Width (in inches)		Broadcast Acre		for Banded Application	

#### **Spot Application**

For spot application, apply sprays uniformly to soil for preemergence weed control or on a spray-to-wet basis for postemergence weed control. Mix the required amount of GoalTender with the recommended amount of water. For preemergence weed control, use one-half to one gallon of spray per 1000 sq ft. For postemergence weed control use a minimum of 1 gallon of spray per 1000 sq ft and add an 80% nonionic surfactant at the rate of 0.5 fl oz (1 Tbs) per gallon of spray. If making spot applications within an established crop, use coarse low-pressure sprays and direct the spray to the soil beneath the plants. To avoid crop injury, do not allow spray to contact leaves and stems of herbaceous plants or leaves or green stems of woody plants.

Amour	nt of GoalTender	<b>Required to Treat</b>	t 1000 sq ft at Sp	ecified Applicatio	n Rate
0.25 pt/acre	0.5 pt/acre	1.0 pt/acre	1.5 pt/acre	2.0 pt/acre	4.0 pt/acre
0.1 fl oz	0.2 fl oz	0.4 fl oz	0.55 fl oz	0.75 fl oz	1.5 fl oz
(2.75 ml)	(5.5 ml)	(11 ml)	(16.5 ml)	(22 ml)	(44 ml)

1 pint = 16 fl oz; 1 fl oz = 29.6 (30) ml

#### **Aerial Application**

Use aerial boom equipment designed for use with herbicides and a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre (5 gallons per acre if tank mixed with glyphosate). Do not aerially apply GoalTender unless crop-specific use directions specifically allow and provide directions for aerial application.

AVOID DRIFT: Exercise extreme care to avoid herbicide contact with any desirable dormant or non-dormant crop, plant, tree or vegetation as severe injury may result. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent spray drift that could result in damage to other crops or desirable vegetation. Adhere to the following guidelines when aerial applications are to be made.

**Spray Drift Management (Aerial Application):** Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The potential for spray drift is controlled by the interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator must adhere to the following requirements when GoalTender is aerially applied:

- 1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
- 2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least 1/2 mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except the following:

Maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of:

- 150 feet from dormant treefruit/nut/vine crops and overwintering sugar beets.
- 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets, and non-targeted vegetable fallow beds.
- 3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
- 4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any non-targeted vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

The use of a drift control agent may be required by local regulations. However, the drift control agent may decrease the weed control effectiveness.

**Important:** Aerial applicators must be familiar with the label for GoalTender and follow all applicable use precautions. Applying GoalTender in a manner other than recommended in this label is done at the user's risk. Users are responsible for all loss or damage resulting from aerial spraying. In addition, aerial applicators should follow all applicable state and local regulations and ordinances. In interpreting the label and local regulations, the most restrictive limitations apply.

#### **Chemigation Instructions**

Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the instructions for chemigation are followed. Do not apply GoalTender through chemigation equipment unless chemigation is allowed by Crop-Specific Use Directions.

Apply this product only through sprinkler (center pivot, solid set, portable lateral, or low-volume (microsprinkler)), drip (trickle), or flood (basin) irrigation systems. Refer to use directions for specific crops for instructions as to which type of irrigation system may be used. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a
  public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are
  in place.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

#### Sprinkler Chemigation (Foliar Spray Uses)

For sprinkler irrigation, sufficient water should be applied at the beginning of the irrigation period to insure uniform wetting of the plant and/or soil surfaces. Meter GoalTender into the sprinkler irrigation system at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to target weeds and/or soil surface. Continue irrigation during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. During sprinkler irrigation, sufficient water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

## AVOID DRIFT: Extreme care must be exercised to prevent spray drift that could result in damage to other crops or desirable vegetation. Use the following guidelines when applications of GoalTender are made through sprinkler irrigation equipment:

- 1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
- 2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum download buffer zone of at least ½ mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except for the following:

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Maintain a minimum download buffer zone of:

- 150 feet from dormant treefruit, dormant vines and overwintering sugar beets.
- 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets and vegetable fallow beds.
- 3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
- 4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

To apply a pesticide using sprinkler chemigation, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to
  prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

#### Flood (Basin) Chemigation (Soil Drench Uses)

GoalTender should be continuously metered into the water during the entire irrigation period. Agitation in the pesticide supply tank is suggested. Best weed control results from GoalTender applied through flood (basin) irrigation systems are obtained when a uniform distribution and flow of irrigation water is maintained over level land.

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops. Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

- The system must contain a functional check calve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain functional automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

#### Drip (Trickle) Chemigation (Soil Drench Uses)

To achieve optimum distribution of GoalTender in the soil surface, meter GoalTender at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period. For best results, GoalTender should be uniformly distributed across the wetted area to help reduce the "ring effect" of weed escapes. Continue irrigation during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system.

To apply a pesticide using drip (trickle) chemigation, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to
  prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pipe and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

#### Chemigation Calibration: For Low-Volume Sprinklers (Micro-sprinklers) and Drip (Trickle) Irrigation Systems

Calculation of use rate is based on wetted area around emitters - NOT on grove acres. To determine correct amount of GOALTENDER, use the following formula:

1. Treated area per each emitter = A

A = 3.14 x (radius x radius)

**Example:** If the average distance from emitter to perimeter of wetted area measured at the soil surface is 13 inches, then

A = 3.14 X (13" x 13") A = 3.14 X (169") A = 530.7 square inches

2. The area in square feet wet in each acre = B B = A X emitters/acre

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Example: If there are 300 emitters per acre, then B =  $530.7 \times 300 = B = 1105.6$  square feet wetted per acre 144

The total area (in square feet) wet by your system = C
 C = B X acres covered by system

**Example:** If the system covers 20 acres, then C = 1105.6 square feet per acre x 20 acres C = 22,112 square feet wetted by system

4. Amount of GOALTENDER to inject = S

Rate per treated acre of GOALTENDER = R

S = C X R = pints of GOALTENDER 43,560

Example: If the desired application rate per treated acre is 1 quart of GOALTENDER, then

 $S = 22,112 \times 1.0 = S = 0.507$  pints of GOALTENDER should be injected into system. 43,560

**Note:** Select the proper rate based on weed spectrum and desired length of control (See **Rate Ranges** section below).

#### Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

If the chemigation system is connected to a public water supply, the following conditions must also be met:

- Public water systems means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from a point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

#### **Mixing Directions**

**Shake well before use.** Fill the spray tank at least one-third full of clean water. With the pump and agitator running, add the recommended amount of herbicides to the spray tank. The order of addition to the spray tank should be (1) wettable powders, (2) flowables and (3) soluble liquids. Complete filling of the spray tank with water.

**Use of Surfactants:** For all applications of GoalTender where postemergence weed control is desired **(except garlic and onions)**, add a minimum of 2 pints of 80% active nonionic surfactant (cleared for application to growing crops) per each 100 gallons of spray. The addition of 4 pints of nonionic surfactant is recommended to enhance postemergence activity when hard water (greater than 600 ppm) is used. Maintain agitation until spraying is completed.

#### Tank Mixing Precautions:

- Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In
  interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.
- Do not exceed recommended application rates. Do not tank mix this product with another pesticide that contains the same active ingredient as this product unless the label of either tank mix partner specifies the maximum dosages that may be used.

**Tank Mix Compatibility Testing:** A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of this product and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for

approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

**Sprayer Clean-up:** Thoroughly flush spray equipment (tank, pump, hoses and boom) with clean water before and after each use. Residues of GoalTender remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant to equipment flushing waters at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons is recommended to aid in removal of residues of GoalTender.

#### **Crop-Specific Use Directions**

#### ARTICHOKE (GLOBE)

Post-Directed Spray Application

	Rate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2 - 3	<ul> <li>Application Method: Apply as a directed spray to the soil surface between the rows and at the base of artichoke plants in a minimum spray volume of 40 gallons per acre.</li> <li>Timing to Crop: Apply after completion of ditching operations. Separate applications of up to 2 pt/acre may be made 8 to 10 weeks apart or a single application of up to 3 pt/acre may be made.</li> <li>Timing to Weeds: Preemergence up to 8 leaf stage.</li> </ul>
Precautions:		

Precautions:

- Do not apply over-the-top. Contact with direct spray or drift will cause injury to artichoke fronds or severe injury to buds or flowers.
- Application of GoalTender to artichoke plantings should be delayed a minimum of 60 days after cutting back or transplanting.

#### **Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 3 pints of GoalTender per acre per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications.
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

#### Key Weeds Controlled

Preemergence	Postemergence
cheeseweed (malva)	cheeseweed (malva)
groundsel, common	groundsel, common
lambsquarters, common	mustard, common yellow
mustard, common yellow	nettle, burning
oxalis (bermuda buttercup)	oxalis (bermuda buttercup)
shepherdspurse	shepherdspurse
sowthistle, annual	sowthistle, annual

<sup>†</sup> Suppression

#### BROCCOLI / CABBAGE / CAULIFLOWER

#### Pre-Transplant (Preplant) Application for Preemergence Broadleaf Weed Control

· ·	Rate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	0.5 - 1	Pre-Transplant Application Only: Apply broadcast to final

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	seedbed prior to transplanting. Use lower rate in the rate range on coarse textured soils with less than 1% organic matter. Use the highest rate in the rate range on medium to fine textured soils or soils containing greater than 1% organic matter. Transplanting should be accomplished with minimal soil disturbance and soil left undisturbed during the time wood
	control is desired.
Precautions:	
<ul> <li>Pre-transplant applications and is enhanced if crop leav condition and develop norm temperature, disease, fertili transplants less than 5 wee than 1 inch square, may inc transplants or increasing the potential crop injury.</li> </ul>	may result in initial, but temporary, crop injury (leaf cupping or crinkling) ves come in direct contact with treated soil. Crop will rapidly outgrow this nally. Severe crop injury may result if transplants are under stress due to zer, nematodes, insects, pesticides or storage conditions. The use of ks old or use of extremely succulent transplants grown in containers less crease the severity of crop injury. Hardening off, increasing the age of e size of the rooting containers will lessen the possibility and/or severity of
GoalTender will assist in ea preemergence or postemer	rly season annual grass control, however, a herbicide program for gence control of annual grasses is recommended.
Note: Do not apply GoalTen herbicide, or Ramrod herbic severe crop injury may occi	nder if an acetanilide herbicide such as Dual Magnum herbicide, Lasso cide has been applied to the field during the current growing season as ur.
Do not apply GoalTender as cauliflower.	s a preemergence treatment to direct-seeded broccoli, cabbage or
Do not apply GoalTender pr	ost-transplant or over-the-top of broccoli, cabbage or cauliflower.
<ul> <li>Applications to muck soils n</li> </ul>	nay result in partial weed control or suppression.
<ul> <li>Furrow and drip irrigation in increased crop injury. Sprin If these conditions cannot b</li> </ul>	mediately after transplanting and under high temperatures can result in tkler irrigation is recommended during early establishment of transplants. we met, Goal 2XL herbicide should not be used.
Crop-Specific Restrictions:	
<ul> <li>Do not apply more than 1 pi</li> </ul>	int of GoalTender per treated acre per season.
Key Weeds Controlled:	

Preemergence
carpetweed
pigweed, redroot
purslane, common
smartweed,
Pennsylvania

## CACAO (BEARING AND NONBEARING) (For Use Only in Hawaii)

GoalTender may be applied as a pre-transplant treatment or to established or recently transplanted cacao.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	1 - 4	<ul> <li>Pre-transplant Application: Up to 2 pints per broadcast acre may be applied as a pre-transplant application.</li> <li>Application to Established Plantings: In established plantings, including recently transplanted cacao plants, apply as a directed spray to the orchard floor. Use higher rates in rate range and increase spray volume to control dense growth of existing weeds or for extended residual</li> </ul>

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preemergence weed control	
precincigence weed control.	
Precautions:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded cacao.	

 GoalTender should be applied to only healthy growing trees/transplants of suitable size to allow directed sprays. Avoid spray contact with foliage.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 4 pints of GoalTender per acre as a single application or more than 12 pints per acre per year.
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply GoalTender within 1 day of harvest.

#### **Key Weeds Controlled**

Preemergence	Postemergence
ageratum	purslane, common
buttonweed	spurge, garden
crotalaria	
purslane, common	
spurge, garden	

#### CITRUS (NONBEARING)

Citrus, such as Calamondin, Chironja, Citrus Citron, Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin, Pummelo, Satsuma Mandarin, Sour Orange, Sweet Orange, Tangelo, Tangerine, Tangor

GoalTender may be applied only in non-bearing citrus orchards. Apply only as a directed spray to the orchard floor avoiding contact with citrus foliage.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	3	Preemergence Weed Control: Up to 3 pt/acre may be
Postemergence	1 - 3	applied for residual preemergence weed control.
		<b>Postemergence Weed Control:</b> The 3 pint/acre rate will control weeds up to 4 inches tall. Weeds greater than 4-leaf or 4 inches tall may be partially controlled. Use sufficient spray volume for complete and uniform coverage of weeds. Increase the spray volume with increased weed height and density to ensure complete coverage.

Tank Mixing: Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions.

- Preemergence Use: For residual control of grass weeds, GoalTender may be tank mixed with grass herbicides labeled for use in citrus.
- Postemergence Use: For broader spectrum postemergence control of emerged grass and broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be tank mixed with paraquat (Gramoxone herbicide) or glyphosate.

#### Precautions:

• Do not apply during periods of new citrus foliage growth. Applications should be made after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Avoid direct spray contact with citrus foliage.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Apply GoalTender only to nonbearing citrus (trees that will not bear fruit for one year).
- Do not apply more than 3 pints (1.5 lbs ai) of GoalTender per acre per year as a result of a single or multiple applications.

	·		
(Arizona and California)		(Florida, Louisiana and Texas)	
Preemergence	Postemergence	Preemergence	Postemergence
burclover cheeseweed (malva) fiddleneck, coast filaree, broadleaf filaree, redstem groundsel, common henbit knotweed, prostrate lambsquarters, common lettuce, prickly pigweed, redroot purslane, common redmaids rocket, London shepherdspurse sowthistle, annual spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted	cheeseweed (malva) fiddleneck, coast filaree, broadleaf <sup>†</sup> filaree, redstem <sup>†</sup> filaree, whitestem <sup>†</sup> groundsel, common henbit minerslettuce nettle, burning pigweed, redroot redmaids shepherdspurse sowthistle, annual	cudweed, narrowleaf eveningprimrose, cutleaf groundcherry, cutleaf lambsquarters, common nightshade, American black nightshade, black pepperweed, Virginia pigweed, redroot poinsettia, wild pusley, florida sida, prickly (teaweed) smartweed, pennsylvania sowthistle, annual spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted	balsamapple cudweed, narrowleaf <sup>†††</sup> eveningprimrose, cutleaf <sup>††</sup> groundcherry, cutleaf groundcherry, Wright lambsquarters, common morningglory, annual nightshade, American black nightshade, black pepperweed, Virginia pigweed, redroot poinsettia, wild purslane, common pusley, florida sida, prickly (teaweed) smartweed, pennsylvania sowthistle, annual

#### **Key Weeds Controlled**

<sup>†</sup> GoalTender at the 3 pt/acre will provide control of filaree and other weeds up to 4-inch stage.

Applications to weeds beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

<sup>tt</sup> Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

<sup>†††</sup> Maximum 0.5-inch diameter

#### **CLARY SAGE**

Clary Sage (Salvia sclarea) Grown and Utilized in the Essence Industry (For Use Only in North Carolina)

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Postemergence	0.25 – 0.5	<ul> <li>GoalTender may be applied to established clary sage for control of henbit (Lamium amplexicaule) and other winter annual broadleaf weeds during the winter and spring season.</li> <li>Apply shortly after the first flush of henbit is in the 2- to 4-leaf stage of growth. Additional applications may be required to control subsequent weed flushes through the spring season.</li> <li>After treatment, henbit will stop growing and slowly die. Increase the spray volume if weed growth is dense.</li> </ul>
Precautions:		

 Clary sage may respond to the topical application of this product with some marginal leaf burn, but recovery is rapid.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

• Do not apply more than 3 pints per acre per year.

#### **COFFEE (BEARING AND NONBEARING)**

(For Use Only in Hawaii)

GoalTender may be applied to established coffee, recently transplanted coffee, or as a pre-transplant treatment. In established non-dormant coffee, apply as a directed spray avoiding contact with crop

foliage. Newly established transplants should be healthy and well established and of sufficient size to allow use of directed sprays without contacting crop foliage.

GoalTender may be applied over-the-top of dormant coffee transplants. Transplants are considered to be dormant when active terminal growth has ceased and terminal buds have formed. Application over-the-top of coffee plants after buds start to swell (a sign that new growth has resumed) may result in crop injury and is not recommended.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	1 - 4	<ul> <li>Preemergence Weed Control:</li> <li>Apply as a directed spray to the orchard floor beneath established coffee plants.</li> <li>Up to 2 pints per acre may be applied as a pre-transplant application prior to transplanting coffee plants.</li> <li>Postemergence Weed Control: Increase the spray volume when weed growth is dense or trash is present; or use a higher rate within the rate range for extended residual preemergence weed control.</li> </ul>
Tank Mixing: Refer to	Mixing Directions	s section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Apply tank mixes only as

a directed spray. **Precaution:** To prevent foliar injury, do not apply during periods of rapid new growth or allow spray or drift to contact actively growing foliage.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded coffee.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints per broadcast acre of GoalTender in a single application or 12 pints per broadcast acre per year.
- Preharvest Interval: Do not apply GoalTender within one (1) day of harvest.

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

Preemergence	Postemergence
ageratum	purslane, common
buttonweed	spurge, garden
crotalaria	
purslane, common	
spurge, garden	

#### CONIFER SEEDBEDS, TRANSPLANTS, CONTAINER STOCK AND SELECTED FIELD GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

#### **General Use Precautions and Restrictions:**

- Not for conifer release in forest management programs or for forest regeneration applications.
- Do not apply GoalTender in an enclosed greenhouse structure as injury to plant foliage may result.
  Do not store or transport treated container stock in an enclosed structure until completion of 4
- irrigations (minimum 21 days) as injury to non-labeled plants may occur.
- Apply GoalTender only to healthy conifer stock. Do not apply GoalTender to conifers that are under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.
- Do not graze or harvest livestock forage from treated areas.

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**Key Weeds Controlled:** When GoalTender is applied preemergence or postemergence at recommended dosages and weed stages.

barnyardgrass <sup>†</sup> bedstraw, catchweed bittercress, lesser bluegrass, annual <sup>†</sup> buckwheat, wild burclover carpetweed clover, red <sup>†</sup> clover, white <sup>†</sup> cocklebur, common crabgrass, large 1 fiddleneck, coast <sup>†</sup> filaree, broadleaf filaree, redstem fireweed (from seed) flixweed foxtail, giant <sup>†</sup> goosegrass <sup>†</sup> groundcherry, cutleaf groundcherry, wright groundsel, common henbit jimsonweed knotweed, prostrate ladysthumb lambsquarters, common lettuce, prickly mallow, little mayweed minerslettuce morningalory, ivyleaf<sup>†</sup> morningglory, tall

mustard, blue mustard, tumble mustard, wild nettle, burning nightshade, black nightshade, hairy oats, wild orach, red pepperweed, yellowflower pigweed, prostrate pigweed, redroot pimpernel, scarlet pursiane, common redmaids rocket, London sandspurry, red shepherdspurse <sup>†</sup> sida, prickly smartweed, Pennsylvania sorrel, red (from seed) sowthistle, annual speedwell, birdseye spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted <sup>††</sup> spurry, corn tansymustard thistle, bull <sup>††</sup> thistle, Russian velvetleaf witchgrass woodsorrel, yellow tt

<sup>†</sup> Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

<sup>11</sup> Preemergence control only.

#### **CONIFER SEEDBEDS**

**Agricultural Use Requirements:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 3 days.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

GoalTender provides both postemergence and residual preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and annual grass species.

Seeded conifers are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of GoalTender. For weed control during the establishment of conifer seedlings, GoalTender can be applied after seeding of conifers, but prior to emergence. For weed control in emerged conifers, GoalTender may be applied over-the-top, but application should be delayed a minimum of 5 weeks after seedling emergence. If application is made during cool, cloudy weather, make certain that seedlings have hardened-off prior to spraying.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	0.5 - 2	Application after planting, but prior to emergence of conifer seedlings: Where grass weeds are present, apply 1 to 2 pints of GoalTender per acre. In known areas of high weed competition, apply 2 pints of GoalTender per acre. Broadcast to beds and irrigate with ½ to ¾ inch of sprinkler irrigation before weed emergence. GoalTender is most effective on annual grasses when applied preemergence.
Postemergence	0.5 - 1	Application after emergence of conifer seedlings: Application should be made to seedling weeds less than 4 inches in height (seedling grasses not exceeding the 2-leaf stage). Depending of subsequent weed flushes, multiple applications may be necessary to achieve season-long weed control.

**Chemigation:** GoalTender may be applied at labeled rates through sprinkler irrigation systems. For center pivot irrigation systems, apply the specified dosage of GoalTender per acre metered at a continuous uniform rate during the entire irrigation period, otherwise meter GoalTender at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period. When applying by sprinkler irrigation, follow directions given in the Chemigation Instructions section of this label.

#### Precautions:

 Occasionally spotting, crinkling, or flecking may appear on leaves of conifers. Leaves that receive direct spray or drift may be injured, but typically outgrow this condition rapidly and develop normally.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

• Do not apply more than 4 pints of GoalTender per acre per year.

#### GoalTender may be applied to conifer seedbeds of the following species:

**Important:** When applied as directed, the conifer species listed on this label have shown tolerance to GoalTender. It is impossible, however, to evaluate this product on all varieties, biotypes and cultivars of listed species under all possible growing conditions. Until familiar with results under local growing conditions, the user should exercise reasonable judgment and caution with this product. Limit application of this product to a few plants in a small area to determine plant tolerance and extent of injury if such occurs, prior to initiating large-scale applications.

Douglas fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Fir	Fraser (Abies fraseri)
	Grand (Abies grandis)
	Noble (Abies procera)
Hemlock	Eastern hemlock (Tsuga canadensis)
Pine	Austrian ( <i>Pinus nigra</i> )
	Eastern White (Pinus strobus)
	Himalayan ( <i>Pinus wallichiana)</i>
	Jack (Pinus banksiana)
	Loblolly (Pinus taeda)
	Lodgepole (Pinus contorta)
	Longleaf (Pinus palustris)
	Monterey (Pinus radiata)
	Mugo (Pinus mugo)
	Ponderosa ( <i>Pinus ponderosa)</i>
	Scotch (Pinus sylvestris)
	Shortleaf (Pinus echinata)



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	Slash ( <i>Pinus elliottii</i> ) Virginia ( <i>Pinus virginiana</i> )	
Spruce	Blue ( <i>Picea pungens</i> ) Dwarf ( <i>Picea glauca Conica</i> ) Alberta ( <i>Picea abies</i> ) Norway ( <i>Picea sitchensis</i> )	

#### CONIFER TRANSPLANTS AND CONTAINER STOCK (INCLUDES 2-0 SEEDLING AND CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTINGS)

Agricultural Use Requirements: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 6 days.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- shoes plus socks

Many container-grown conifers and conifer transplants are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of GoalTender. Applied postemergence, GoalTender provides postemergence control of emerged weeds and preemergence residual control of many broadleaf weeds and grasses (see Key Weeds Controlled) at the beginning of this section.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2 - 4	<b>Transplanted and Container Grown Conifers:</b> For best results, preemergence applications should be made immediately after transplanting seedlings or to weed-free container stock. Postemergence applications should be made to weeds less than 4 inches in height. Two applications may be necessary, in fall-transplanted conifer fields, for season-long weed control. The addition of a non-ionic surfactant (0.25% v/v) labeled for application to growing crops, enhances the activity of GoalTender on emerged weeds.

Precautions:

• Do not make over-the-top applications during periods of active conifer growth. Apply only before bud break or after new terminal growth has hardened off.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

 Do not apply more than 4 pints of GoalTender per acre in a single application or more than 8 pints per acre per year.

In addition to those conifer species listed under the Conifer Seedbed section, the following conifer species have been shown to be tolerant to GoalTender:

Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis Thuia orientalis	
Juniper	Juniperus chinensis Juniperus horizontalis Juniperus procumbens Juniperus sabina Juniperus scopulorum	
Red cedar	Juniperus virginiana	

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Western Hemlock	Tsuga heterophylla
Yew	Taxus species

#### SELECTED FIELD-GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

Listed field-grown deciduous trees are tolerant only to directed spray applications of GoalTender. GoalTender provides both preemergence and postemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds and grasses.

**Timing to Crop:** Apply GoalTender to established deciduous trees or after transplanting. For optimum weed control, applications should be made prior to weed germination. Apply only as a directed spray to soil beneath the trees.

	Rate		
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions	
Preemergence	1-3	GoalTender may be applied to established deciduous trees or	
Early postemergence		after transplanting as a single or split application. Apply as a	
		directed spray to the soil surface. Use of spray shields to	
		reduce exposure of foliage and bark is recommended. The	
		addition of a non-ionic surfactant (0.25% v/v) labeled for	
		application to growing crops, will enhance herbicidal activity on	
		Shot Application: Shot treatments at recommended rates may	
		be used to control localized weed intestations. See use	
		directions for Spot Application in the Application Methods and	
		Recommended Cultural Practices section.	
Tank Mixing: For broad	er spectrum c	ontrol, GoalTender may be tank mixed with other preemergence or	
postemergence herbicide	es registered	for this use in deciduous trees. Refer to Mixing Directions section	
for Tank Mixing Precauti	ons.	-	
Precautions:		·	
<ul> <li>For maximum crop satisfies</li> </ul>	• For maximum crop safety, directed applications should be prior to budbreak in the spring or after trees		
have initiated dormancy in the fall. Avoid contact of spray or drift with foliage or stems with green			
bark. Application after bud swell may result in crop injury and is not recommended. If a non-dormant			
application is required due to weed competition, apply only after foliage has fully expanded and			
nardened off. Use on	ly alrected sp	rays and spray shields to prevent spray contact with stems with	
- Do not apply GoalTon	dar ta traas ti	hat have been weakened or are under stress from excessive	
fertilizer or soil salts of	disease nem:	atodes frost wind injury drought flooding previously applied	
pesticides insects or	winter injury	as severe injury may result.	
Cron-Specific Bestrictions:			
<ul> <li>Do not apply more that</li> </ul>	Do not apply more than 3 pints of GoalTender per acre per year.		
<ul> <li>Do not apply to bearing</li> </ul>	iq treefruit. nu	It and vine crops. For selected bearing treefruit, nut and vine crops.	
refer to Treefruit/Nut/Vine section of this label for use directions.			
Do not graze or feed I	Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with GoalTender.		
		Conversion and Conversion	

### GoalTender may be applied to the following deciduous tree species:

Almond <sup>††</sup>	Prunus spp.
Apple <sup>11</sup>	Malus X domestica
Apricot <sup>††</sup>	Prunus spp.
Ash, Green	Fraxinus pennsylvanica
Ash, White	Fraxinus americana
Birch, River	Betula nigra
Cherry <sup>17</sup>	Prunus spp.

Chestnut <sup>11</sup>	Castanea spp.
Crabapple <sup>††</sup>	Malus spp.
Cottonwood	Populus spp.
Dogwood	Cornus florida
Eucalyptus	Eucàlyptus viminalis
	Eucalyptus pulverulenta
	Eucalyptus camaldulensis
Filbert <sup>††</sup>	Corylus spp.
Lilac	Syringa vulgaris
Locust, Black	Robinia pseudoacacia
Maple, Black	Acer nigrum
Maple, Red <sup>†</sup>	Acer rubrum
Maple, Sugar <sup>†</sup>	Acer saccharum
Myrtle, Crepe	Lagerstroemia indica
Nectarine <sup>††</sup>	Prunus spp.
Nut, Hickory <sup>11</sup>	Carya sp.
Nut, Macadamia	Macadamia ternifola
Oak, Chestnut	Quercus prinus.
Oak, Cherrybark	Quercus pagoda
Oak, Nutt All	Quercus nuttallii
Oak, Pin	Quercus palustris
Oak, Red	Quercus. rubra
Oak, Water	Quercus nigra
Oak, Willow	Quercus phellos
Olive, Russian	Elaeagnus angustifolia
Poplar	Populus spp.
Poplar, Tulip	Liriodendron tulipifera
Peach ''	Prunus persica
Pear''	Pyrus spp.
Pecan ''	Carya spp.
Pistachio ''	Pistacia vera
	Prunus spp.
Prune	Prunus spp.
Redbud	Cercis canadensis
Sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua
Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis
Walnut, Black <sup>††</sup>	Juglans nigra

<sup>11</sup> Apply only to nonbearing trees. For bearing treefruit, nut and vine crops, refer to specific use directions

<sup>†</sup>Do not apply to maple trees used for production of maple sap or maple syrup.

in the Treefruit/Nut/Vine section of this label.

#### CORN

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## FOR USE ONLY ON FIELD CORN IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE USDA WITCHWEED ERADICATION PROGRAM IN NORTH CAROLINA AND SOUTH CAROLINA

Apply GoalTender only as a directed spray from May through August for preemergence and postemergence control of witchweed (*Striga asiatica*). Corn must be a minimum of 24 inches tall. Examine witchweed infested fields during the early part of the growing season to determine uniformity of corn stand and grass weed pressure. If necessary, cultivate weed-infested fields prior to initial application of GoalTender to allow for optimum soil coverage during the initial application. Fields treated with GoalTender should be inspected regularly for any breakthrough of witchweed. If breakthrough occurs, a

second application should be made as soon as possible after appearance of witchweed. Repeat treatments should occur prior to bloom stage to prevent seed set.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	1 – 1.5	Initial Application: Apply as a directed spray over the entire row surface at the rate of 1 pint per acre. Use up to 3 pints per acre in areas of heavy witchweed infestation. Use a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre and a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray.
Postemergence	0.5 - 1	<b>Repeat Applications:</b> In case of witchweed breakthrough a repeat application may be made at 0.5 to 1 pints per acre.

#### Precautions:

 Do not spray over the top of the corn, as this may result in severe corn injury. Spray should contact only the lower 3 to 8 inches of the corn stalk and any leaves in this zone. Spray droplets contacting the lower leaves will cause necrotic spotting or streaking of sprayed tissue.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

• Do not apply more than 2.5 pints (1.25 lb active) of GoalTender per acre during the growing season.

- Do not apply any apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not use corn plants from a treated field for green chop, ensilage, forage, or fodder.

#### <u>COTTON</u>

**Application Methods and Equipment:** GoalTender may be applied as a post-direct spray to cotton a minimum of 6 to 8 inches tall. Care must be exercised to avoid spray contact with the cotton leaves. Use rigid precision ground spray equipment and spray shields to prevent spray contact with cotton foliage. Use branch lifters or shields, as necessary, to avoid contact of directed sprays with cotton plant.

Accurate, placement of spray nozzles is essential for uniform coverage of weeds and to minimize injury to cotton plants. Use a minimum broadcast spray volume of 20 gallons per acre and operate the sprayer at the minimum spray pressure recommended by the spray nozzle manufacturer. GoalTender may be applied as a post-direct spray with only 2 flat fan nozzles per row (1 nozzle on each side of the row). For optimum coverage, use 4 flat fan nozzles per row (2 nozzles on each side of the row). The 2 forward nozzles should point forward and downward while the rear nozzles should point to the rear and downward. With either sprayer setup, nozzles should be carefully adjusted to cover the weed foliage with minimum contact to cotton plants. GoalTender may also be applied as a band application. **Do not use hollow cone nozzles.** 

**Tank Mixing:** For control of additional broadleaf and grass weeds, GoalTender may be applied as a postemergence directed spray in tank mix combination with other herbicides registered for postemergence use in cotton (see Tank Mixing Precautions under Mixing Directions).

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Postemergence	0.5 - 1	<ul> <li>Apply as a post-directed spray. For optimum control, use the 1 pint per acre rate on actively growing weed seedlings with no more than 4 true leaves (not counting cotyledon loaves).</li> <li>Effective control of succulent weeds at the 2- to 3-leaf stage can usually be obtained at the 0.5 pint per acre rate. See Mixing Directions for surfactant recommendations.</li> <li>Where available, irrigation may be applied price to application of GoalTender to encourage maximum weed emergence. Irrigation following application will improve preemergence activity of GoalTender against nightshade and groundcherry</li> </ul>

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	species.		
Precautions:		· ·	
<ul> <li>Do not apply to cotton less</li> </ul>	e than 6 inches tall or severe cron i	niury will result	

- Do not apply to cotton less than 6 inches tall or severe crop injury will result.
- Exercise care to avoid spray contact with cotton leaves. Leaves accidentally sprayed will exhibit necrotic (dead) spots and may be dropped from the plant. Crop injury may be enhanced if application is made when excessive soil moisture is present or rainfall occurs immediately after application, however, cotton will outgrow this condition and develop normally.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Western Cotton (AZ and CA): Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per acre in a single application, or more than a total of 2 pints (1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple applications. Do not apply within 75 days of harvest.
- Southern Cotton (All other states): Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per acre of per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications. Do not apply within 90 days of harvest.

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

Postemergence		
cocklebur, common	nightshade, black	
croton, tropic	nightshade, hairy	
groundcherry, cutleaf	pigweed, redroot	
groundcherry, Wright	poinsettia, wild <sup>†</sup>	
jimsonweed	purslane, common	
lambsquarters, common	sesbania, hemp	
morningglory, annual (up to	sicklepod <sup>††</sup>	
6 leaf)	sida, prickly (teaweed) <sup>†</sup>	
nightshade, American	smartweed, pennsylvania	
black	velvetleaf	

<sup>†</sup> Multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

<sup>††</sup> Post-direct applications of GoalTender will control or suppress seedlings not exceeding the one true leaf stage.

#### COTTONWOOD

per acre per year.

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	Hate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2 - 3	GoalTender may be applied as a single or split application. Apply as a directed spray to soil at the base of cottonwood
		trees.
		Use the higher rate in the rate range for extended
		preemergence weed control or for postemergence control of weeds up to the 6 leaf stage.
· · ·		The addition of a non-ionic surfactant at 2 pints per 100 gallons,
		of spray will enhance the postemergence activity of
		GoalTender on emerged weeds.
Precautions:		
Apply GoalTender im	mediately afte	er transplant only to dormant healthy cottonwood stock.
<ul> <li>In established stands,</li> </ul>	do not allow	sprays of GoalTender to contact cottonwood foliage. In newly
established cottonwoo	od plantings, i	use spray shields, if necessary, to prevent exposure of green bark
and foliage.		i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
<b>Crop-Specific Restriction</b>	ons:	ι · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Do not apply more that	an 3 pints per	acre of GoalTender in a single application or more than 9 pints

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

groundsel, common	mustard, hedge
knotweed, prostrate	shepherdspurse
lambsquarters, common	smartweed, Pennsylvania

#### **EUCALYPTUS**

Apply GoalTender for preemergence and postemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in established eucalyptus plantings.

	Rate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	2 - 3	Directed Spray: GoalTender may be applied as a single or split
Postemergence		application. Apply as a directed spray to soil at the base of eucalyptus trees.
		Use the higher rate in the rate range for extended
	•	preemergence weed control or for postemergence control of weeds up to the 6 leaf stage.
		The addition of a non-ionic surfactant at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray, will enhance the postemergence activity of GoalTender on emerged weeds.
		<b>Over-the-Top Application:</b> In new plantings, apply GoalTender just before or immediately after transplanting eucalyptus seedlings that are in a dormant condition (i.e., leaves may be present, but terminal growth has hardened off and terminal buds have formed). In established plantings, GoalTender
	- -	dormant condition.

#### **Precautions:**

• At transplant, apply GoalTender only to healthy "dormant" healthy eucalyptus stock. In established plantings, use spray shields, if needed, to prevent exposure of foliage and bark of small and/or actively growing plants.

• To avoid phytotoxicity, make over-the-top applications only to eucalyptus trees in a dormant condition. Do not make over-the-top applications after bud break and resumption of active growth.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

 Do not apply more than 3 pints of GoalTender per acre in a single application or more than 9 pints per acre per year.



#### Key Weeds Controlled:

Preemergence	Postemergence
burclover cheeseweed (malva) fiddleneck, coast filaree, broadleaf filaree, redstem filaree, whitestem groundsel, common henbit knotweed, prostrate lambsquarters, common lettuce, prickly pigweed, redroot purslane, common redmaids rocket, London shepherdspurse sowthistle, annual spurge, prostrate spurge, spotted	cheeseweed (malva) fiddleneck, coast filaree, broadleaf <sup>†</sup> filaree, redstem <sup>†</sup> filaree, whitestem <sup>†</sup> groundsel, common henbit minerslettuce nettle, burning pigweed, redroot redmaids shepherdspurse sowthistle, annual

<sup>†</sup> At the 3-pint rate, GoalTender will provide control of filaree up to the 6-leaf stage.

#### **USE ON FALLOW BEDS**

#### (Not for use prior to planting soybeans in California)

Used alone or in tank mix combination with glyphosate, GoalTender provides preemergence and/or postemergence control of winter annual broadleaf weeds on land to be planted to crops.

Prior to planting, treated fallow beds should be thoroughly tilled (incorporated) to a depth of at least 2.5 inches. GoalTender is no longer herbicidally effective once the active layer in the soil surface is disrupted by soil incorporation.

**Aerial Application:** GoalTender may be aerially applied for weed control in fallow beds. Follow requirements for Aerial Application in the General Information section of this label.

#### Minimum Treatment to Planting Intervals for listed crops:

	Minimum Treatment-to-Planting Interval		
Direct Seeded Crops	GoalTender (up to 0.5 pint/acre)	GoalTender (>0.5 to 1 pint/acre)	
carrot	90 days	90 days	
cotton	7 days	7 days	
potato	60 days	60 days	
sugar beet	60 days	90 days	
other root/tuber crops	90 days	90 days	
onions	180 days	180 days	
other bulb vegetables	180 days	180 days	
cabbage	90 days	90 days	
cauliflower	90 days	90 days	
other brassica crops	120 day	120 days	
lettuce	90 days	120 days	

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other leafy vegetables (except brassica crops)	120 days	120 davs
pepper	90 days	120 days
tomato	60 days	120 days
other fruiting vegetables	120 days	120 days
cantaloupe	60 days	90 days
squash	90 days	120 days
watermelon	60 days	60 days
other cucurbits	90 days	120 days
dry beans	60 days	60 days
peanut	60 days	60 days
other legume vegetables	60 days	60 days
safflower	60 days	60 days
Soybeans (Except California)	7 days	7 days
cereal grains: Including barley, buckwheat, corn, proso millet, pearl millet, oats, popcorn, rice, rye, sorghum, triticale, wheat, and wild rice	10 months	10 months
cotton and soybean	(see specific labeling for fallow beds to be planted to cotton or soybeans)	

	Minimum Treatment-to-Planting Interval	
Transplanted Crops	GoalTender (up to 0.5 pint/acre)	GoalTender (>0.5 to 1 pint/acre)
celery	30 days	30 days
conifer	0 days	0 days
garlic	0 days	30 days
grape/kiwi	0 days	0 days
onion	0 days	30 days
pepper	30 days	30 days
strawberries	30 days	30 days
tomato	30 days	30 days
treefruit/nut/citrus	0 days	0 days

	Rate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	0.5 - 1	Use 20 or more gallons of spray volume per acre and increase spray volume for dense weed growth. Use the 0.5 pint per acre rate for up to 4 weeks of preemergence control and postemergence control of susceptible weeds up to 4-leaf stage. Use the 1 pint per acre rate for up to 8 weeks of preemergence control and postemergence control of susceptible weeds up to 6-leaf stage. Best preemergence control is achieved when irrigation or rainfall occurs within 3 or 4 weeks after application. A tank mix with glyphosate is recommended if the treatment
		area contains dense weed populations, oversized-weed seedlings, volunteer grains, annual grasses or under unfavorable environmental conditions.
		Outside of California: For enhanced contact activity
		(burndown/suppression) tank mix 3.25 fl oz of GoalTender with
		the labeled rate of either glyphosate or paraquat

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	(Gramoxone) Apply at the application rate and weed growth stages recommended in the respective tank mix product label.
Precautions:	
<ul> <li>Failure to achieve thoro treatment-planting inter planted crop.</li> </ul>	ugh and complete incorporation, or to follow the recommended val, may result in stand reduction and/or vigor reduction of the
<ul> <li>Crop injury may be enhar flooding, excessive fertiliz from previously applied po</li> </ul>	nced if newly seeded crops or transplants are under stress due to drought, er or soil salts, low soil temperatures, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury esticides, or injury due to insects or diseases.
Exercise extreme care t	o avoid herbicide contact with any desirable dormant or non-dormant

- Exercise extreme care to avoid herbicide contact with any desirable dormant or non-dormant crop, plant, tree or vegetation as severe injury may result.
- Crop-Specific Restrictions:
- Do not apply more than 1 pint of GoalTender per acre per fallow season.

**Key Weeds Controlled:** GoalTender provides preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds on fallow beds: <sup>†</sup>

buttercup, smallflower	mustard species
cheeseweed (malva)	nettle, burning
eveningprimrose, cutleaf	oxalis
fiddleneck, coast	pigweed, redroot
filaree, broadleaf	purslane, common
filaree, redstem	redmaids
geranium, Carolina	rocket, London
groundcherry, cutleaf	shepherdspurse
groundsel, common	sida, prickly
henbit	sowthistle, annual
ladysthumb	velvetleaf (wild cotton)
minerslettuce	

<sup>†</sup> Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of GoalTender. For postemergence control when applied by air, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either glyphosate or paraguat (Gramoxone) is recommended.

<sup>tt</sup> Requires maximum rate and/or multiple applications for effective control.

#### FALLOW LAND

#### (For Use Only In Idaho, Oregon and Washington)

Used alone or in a tank mix combination with glyphosate, GoalTender provides preemergence and/or postemergence control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in a fallow land system. GoalTender may be used to reduce weed growth prior to the establishment of a dry soil mulch. Use is restricted to summer fallow on land that will be planted the following year to winter wheat, barley or oats.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	0.25 - 1	<b>GoalTender Alone:</b> Preemergence weed control occurs as seedling weeds come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Postemergence weed control is most effective when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds less than 4 inches in height. Apply GoalTender in 15 or more gallons of water per acre and increase spray volume if weed growth is dense. Use of an 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for use on growing crops is recommended for optimum postemergence weed control.

**Tank Mixing:** For postemergence control of annual grass weeds, 0.25 - 1 pt/acre of GoalTender may be tank mixed with labeled rates of glyphosate. Follow label instructions for Fallow and Reduced Tillage Systems for the glyphosate product. Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions.

**Use Restrictions for Fallow Land:** 

• Do not apply more than 1 pint per acre per application or more than 1 pint per use season.

**Key Weeds Controlled:** GoalTender provides preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds on fallow land:

fiddleneck, coast	pigweed, redroot
henbit	purslane, common
lettuce, prickly (china lettuce)	shepherdspurse
mustard, blue (purple mustard)	sowthistle, annual
mustard, tumble (Jim hill	
mustard)	

#### GARBANZO BEANS

(For Use Only in Arizona and California)

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	0.5	Apply after planting but prior to weed or crop emergence as a single broadcast application using a spray volume of 20 or more gallons of water per acre.

Precautions:

 Garbanzo beans are tolerant to preemergence application of GoalTender, however, under certain conditions, severe but temporary crop injury may occur. A heavy splashing rain shortly after crop emergence or wet soil conditions during early growth stages can cause leaf cupping, crinkling, stunting or defoliation of the garbanzo seedlings. Injury, when it occurs, it is usually limited to the first few leaves that develop after plants emerge from the soil. Delays in crop development and/or maturity may result, but Garbanzo beans do recover with little to no impact on yield.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 0.5 pint per acre of GoalTender in a single application.
- Do not use bean vines for livestock feed or hay.
- Maximum total application rate per year is 1.5 lbs ai/A

#### **Key Weeds Controlled:**

Preemergence groundsel, common mallow, little rocket, London shepherdspurse

#### GARLIC

Agricultural Use Requirements: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

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- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

**Cultural Considerations:** For optimum preemergence weed control, the soil surface should be smooth and free of excessive trash (clippings, plant residues, etc.). Following application, treated beds should be left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired. Cultural practices that result in soil disturbance or redistribution or untreated soil can result in reduced weed control.

Direct Seeded Garlic (Postemergence Application):		
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Direct Seeded Garlic (California Only)		
Weed Control	Rate (per/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	0.5 pt	<ul> <li>Application after planting but Prior to Garlic Emergence: Apply GoalTender after planting, but prior to crop emergence, for preemergence control of listed broadleaf and grass weeds using ground, air or sprinkler irrigation (chemigation).</li> <li>Aerial Application: Apply in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Follow Aerial Application instructions and precautions in the General Information section of this label.</li> <li>Postemergence Directed Application: Apply GoalTender as a directed spray to garlic that is at least 12 inches tall. Accurate</li> </ul>

uniform placement of directed postemergence sprays is essential for effective weed control and to minimize injury to garlic plants. Use low-pressure sprays and a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre. Adjust nozzles for minimum spray contact with garlic plants, directing the spray to the soil at the base of garlic plants and adjacent bed top and furrow area. For optimum postemergence control, apply when susceptible weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage and actively growing. Application at later than 4-leaf growth stage may result in reduced weed control. Sprinkler Irrigation (Portable Lateral or Solid Set) Preemergence or Postemergence: Apply GoalTender at the recommended broadcast application rate using sufficient irrigation to wet soil to a depth of 2 inches. Apply after planting but prior to garlic emergence or postemergence when garlic is at least 12 inches tall. Follow the application directions and precautions for "Sprinkler Chemigation" given in the Chemigation section of this label.

#### Precautions:

 Garlic Response to Preemergence Applications of GoalTender: Following a preemergence application of GoalTender, a chlorotic band around some of the leaves may be observed after the first irrigation (or rainfall) following garlic emergence.

<b>Transplanted Garlic:</b>	Transplanted Garlic: Postemergence Application Immediately after Planting		
Weed Control	Rate (per/acre)	Specific Use Directions	
Preemergence Postemergence	up to 1 pt	All States Except Northeastern States: Transplanted garlic is most tolerant of a postemergence application immediately after transplanting. An application of up to 1 pint per acre may be made within two days after transplanting. If less than 1 pint per acre is applied, a second application can be made two weeks or more after transplanting. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint per acre of GoalTender per season as a result of multiple applications.	
Preemergence Postemergence	1 - 2 fl oz	Northeastern States, including Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and Vermont: Multiple treatments at 1 to 2 fl oz per acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1 pint (16 fl oz) per acre pre use season.	

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

canarygrass (annual)	puncturevine
eveningprimrose, cutleaf	purslane, common <sup>†</sup>
groundsel, common	rocket, London
mallow, little (malva)	sage, lanceleaf
nightshade, black	shepherdspurse <sup>†</sup>
pigweed, prostrate <sup>†</sup>	sowthistle, appual
pigweed, prostrate <sup>†</sup> pigweed, redroot <sup>†</sup>	sowthistle, annual

<sup>†</sup>Key weeds controlled at recommended rates in Northeastern States.

#### Garlic - Crop-Specific Precaution (Postemergence Application):

Postemergence applications of GoalTender may cause chlorotic leaf banding, necrotic lesions, or stunting of the garlic plants. Symptoms may be more severe if garlic emerged under cool, wet. overcast, or foggy weather. These conditions are temporary and should not affect the vigor or development of garlic plants.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions (Applicable to All Methods of Application):**

- In all states except Northeastern states, do not apply until direct seeded garlic plants have two (2) fully developed true leaves. In the Northeastern states, do not apply until direct seeded garlic plants have three (3) fully developed true leaves. Application made prior to the specified growth stage may result in serious crop injury and is not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint per acre of GoalTender per use season as a result of multiple applications.
- Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- In direct seeded garlic (except in California), do not apply GoalTender as a preemergence treatment.
- Use only on dry bulb garlic.
- Do not apply to garlic grown for seed.
- For weed control in Garlic, do not mix GoalTender with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers or pesticides except as specified on approved Dow AgroSciences Supplemental Labeling.
- Do not apply to garlic plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes or diseases.

#### **GUAVA (Bearing and Non-bearing)**

(For Use Only in Hawaii)

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	2.5 - 4	Preemergence or Postemergence: In established guava
Postemergence	1 - 4	<ul> <li>plantings, apply preemergence or postemergence to weeds.</li> <li>Increase the spray volume to ensure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Minimize contact with guava plants by directing the spray to the soil surface. Spray shields are suggested to minimize spray contact in young plantings.</li> <li>For broader spectrum postemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be applied in tank mix combination with paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate. Follow applicable use directions, precautions and limitations on the labels of the respective tank mix products.</li> </ul>
Precautions:		

Prevent direct spray or drift from contacting green stems, fruit or foliage, as injury may result.

Alone or in tank mix combination, GoalTender should be applied to only healthy growing trees.

 Application of GoalTender should be made only after new foliage growth has hardened of: .......

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

Do not apply more than 4 pints per acre of GoalTender in a single application or more than 8 pints. per season.

Do not apply GoalTender within 1 day of harvest.

### Key Weeds Controlled:

Preemergence	Postemergence
ageratum	purslane, common
buttonweed	spurge, garden
crotalaria	
purslane, common	
spurge, garden	

#### **HORSERADISH**

Agricultural Use Requirements: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	1	Apply GoalTender after the horseradish roots have been planted but prior to emergence of new horseradish leaves. Emerged leaves that receive direct or indirect spray (drift) contact will be injured. If necessary, cultivate before application to destroy germinated weeds.
Breestings		

#### Precautions:

 Do not apply GoalTender to horseradish plantings that have been weakened or stressed due to unfavorable temperature conditions, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought or excessive moisture.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

Do not apply more than 1 pint of GoalTender per acre per crop.

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

lambsquarters, common	shepherdspurse
pigweed, redroot	smartweed, pennsylvania
purslane, common	

#### JOJOBA

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2-3	Initial application may be made when jojoba plants have reached a height of 6 inches or more. Use sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of dense weed growth. Sprayou should be directed to the base of jojoba plants to avoid possible phytotoxicity to foliage. Spray shields are suggested for use in young plantings. Use higher rate in rate range for extended residual preemergence weed control. Make follow- up applications as necessary to maintain weed control.

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For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter		For early postemergence control of susceptible seedling weeds (less than 8 inches tall) apply GoalTender at the rate of 2 pints per acre. GoalTender may be applied at the rate of 3 pints per acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall. For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter months. Control may be unsatisfactory for weeds greater than
I For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter		For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter
For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter		For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter
Ear antimum racidual control, apply during the fall or winter		For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter
		acre for posterior genee control of weeds up to 12 metres tail.
		acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall
acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tail.		
acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall.		per acre. Goal ender may be applied at the rate of 3 pints per
acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall.		
per acre. GoalTender may be applied at the rate of 3 pints per acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall.		(less than 8 inches tall) apply GoalTender at the rate of 2 pints
(less than 8 inches tall) apply GoalTender at the rate of 2 pints per acre. GoalTender may be applied at the rate of 3 pints per acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall.	· ·	
(less than 8 inches tall) apply GoalTender at the rate of 2 pints per acre. GoalTender may be applied at the rate of 3 pints per acre for postemergence control of weeds up to 12 inches tall.		For early postemergence control of susceptible seedling weeds

#### Precautions:

- · Avoid direct spray or drift contact with jojoba flowers or buds as severe injury may result.
- Over-the-top applications may cause burning, crinkling or bronzing of jojoba foliage, particularly to • the youngest leaves, flowers, or buds present at the time of application.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

• Do not apply more than 3 pints per acre per year.

#### **Key Weeds Controlled:**

Preemergence	Postemergence
burclover	fiddleneck, coast
fiddleneck, coast	filaree, broadleaf <sup>††</sup>
filaree, broadleaf	filaree, redstem <sup>11</sup>
filaree, redstem	filaree, whitestem <sup>t†</sup>
filaree, whitestem	groundsel, common <sup>†</sup>
groundsel, common	henbit
henbit	mallow, little (malva,
knotweed, prostrate	cheeseweed)
lambsquarters, common	minerslettuce
lettuce, prickly	nettle, burning
mallow, little (malva,	pigweed, redroot <sup>†</sup>
cheeseweed)	redmaids
pigweed, redroot	shepherdspurse
purslane, common	sowthistle, annual
redmaids	
rocket, London	
shepherdspurse	
sowthistle, annual	

<sup>†</sup> Highest rate may be required for acceptable postemergence control. <sup>††</sup> GoalTender at the 3-pint rate will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

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### MINT (SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT)

Mint (Spearmint and Peppermint) Grown on Mineral Soils		
Weed Control	Rate	
·	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2 - 3	Oregon and Washington (East of Cascades), California, Montana, Idaho, Nevada, South Dakota and Utah: Apply from December through March when mint is dormant. When used postemergence (to weeds), add an 80% active ingredient nonionic surfactant at the rate of one quart per 100
		gallons of spray volume and apply before weeds exceed a height of 4 inches. Late winter applications will provide maximum activity on summer weeds, but summer grass control may be inconsistent. For best results, fall-plowed fields should be harrowed to provide a smooth surface for application. In furrow-irrigated fields, corrugating must be done prior to application. Corrugating or harrowing will result in disturbance of treated soil or movement of untreated soil into treated areas, resulting in poor weed
		control.
Preemergence	1 – 1.5	Peppermint (Western Oregon Willamette Valley): Apply GoalTender from November through February to dormant peppermint only. Treatments in January or February generally provide better residual preemergence control of annual broadleaf weeds. Full season weed control should not be expected from this treatment.
Precautions		

Application must be made prior to emergence of new spring growth or severe crop injury may result.

• In the Willamette valley, do not apply GoalTender to mint that has been plowed.

• Apply GoalTender only to healthy stands of spearmint and peppermint. Do not apply to spearmint or peppermint weakened by disease, drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer, soil salts, previously applied pesticides, nematodes, insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.

**Crop-Specific Restrictions:** 

• Do not make more than one application of GoalTender per season.

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

bedstraw, catchweed <sup>†</sup> bluegrass, annual flixweed groundsel, common lambsquarters, common lettuce, prickly (china lettuce) mustard, blue (purple mustard) mustard, tumble (Jim hill mustard) nightshade, hairy	<sup>†</sup> oats, wild orach, red pepperweed, yellowflower pigweed, redroot <sup>†</sup> ryegrass, Italian shepherdspurse sowthistle, annual tansymustard thistle, Russian	
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<sup>†</sup> Control of annual grasses is best obtained when GoalTender is applied prior to emergence.

Mint (Spearmint and Peppermint) Grown on Muck Soils): For Use Only on Mint Grown in Indiana, Michigan, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wisconsin		
Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2 - 3	Note: Use directions in this section apply only to spearmint and peppermint grown on muck soils (organic matter content of 20% or greater). When used postemergence (to weeds), add an 80% active ingredient nonionic surfactant at the rate of one quart per 100 gallons of spray volume and apply before weeds exceed a height of 4 inches.

#### Precautions:

- Application must be made prior to emergence of new spring growth or severe crop injury may result.
- To avoid excessive crop injury, do not apply within 4 days of planting (sprigging) spearmint or peppermint.
- Apply GoalTender only to healthy spearmint or peppermint. Do not apply to spearmint or peppermint that has been weakened by disease, nematodes, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

Do not make more than one application of GoalTender per season.

#### Key Weeds Controlled

Knotweed, prostrate	
pigweed, redroot	
purslane, common	

#### NON-CROP USE

(Non-Food-Producing, Non-Cultivated Agricultural or Non-Agricultural Areas, such as Highway and Utility Rights-of-Way, Industrial Sites, Tank Farms, Storage Areas, Airports, Fencerows, and Farmsteads)

	Rate		
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions	
Preemergence	2.5 - 4	Preemergence: Use higher rate in rate range for longer residual	
Postemergence	1 - 4	control.	
		<b>Postemergence:</b> Use the lower rate in the rate range for control	
		of susceptible weeds in the early postemergence stage, less	
		than 4 inches tall. Use the higher rate for weeds up to 12	
	· ·	inches tall. Application to weeds beyond the 4-inch stage may	
		result in partial control.	
Tank Mixing: Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Follow applicable use			
directions, precaution	s, and limitati	ons on the respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of	
tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.			
• Preemergence: For broader-spectrum residual preemergence weed control, GoalTender may be			
applied in tank mix combination diuron (Karmex) or simazine.			
• Postemergence: For additional postemergence control of susceptible grass and broad eaf weeds,			
GoalTender may be a	pplied in tank	mix combination with paraquat (Gramoxone) argivphosate	
Site-Specific Restrictio	ns:		
Do not feed or allow a	inimals to gra	ze on any areas treated with GoalTender.	
<ul> <li>Do not apply more that</li> </ul>	n 4 pints per	acre in a single application.	

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

Preemergence	Postemergence
burclover	cheeseweed (malva)
cheeseweed (malva)	fiddleneck, coast
fiddleneck, coast	filaree, broadleaf
filaree, broadleaf	filaree, redstem
filaree, redstem	groundsel, common
groundsel, common	henbit
henbit	minerslettuce
knotweed, prostrate	nettle, burning
lambsquarters, common	pigweed, redroot
lettuce, prickly	purslane, common
pigweed, redroot	redmaids
purslane, common	shepherdspurse
redmaids	sowthistle, annual
rocket, London	1
shepherdspurse	
sowthistle, annual	

#### <u>ONIONS</u>

Agricultural Use Requirements: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

**Cultural Considerations:** For maximum preemergence activity, the soil surface should be smooth and free of excessive trash (clippings, plant residues, etc.). Following application, cultural practices that result in redistribution or disturbance of the soil surface or move untreated soil into treated areas will reduce weed control. For best results, make applications to established beds that are left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired.

Direct Seeded Onions: Postemergence Application		
	Rate	
Weed Control	(per acre)	Specific Use Directions
Postemergence	1 - 2 fl oz	Northeastern States Including Connecticut, Maine,
		Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York,
		Rhode Island and Vermont: Apply GoalTender at 1 to 2'fl dz
		per acre to seeded onions that have at least 3 true leaves
		using ground equipment. Multiple treatments at 't to 2 ff oz per
		acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1 pint (15 fl oz) per
		acre pre use season. For optimum postemergence control,
		apply when susceptible weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage and
		actively growing.
Postemergence	0.25 - 0.5	Western States Including Arizona, California, Colorado, 👘
	pt	Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Texas, Utah and
		Washington: Apply GoalTender at 0.25 to 0.5 pt per acre to
		seeded onions that have at least 2 true leaves using ground

		equipment. Multiple treatments at 0.25 to 0.5 pt per acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1.25 pints per acre pre use season. For optimum postemergence control, apply when susceptible weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage and actively growing.
Postemergence	0.25 pt	All Other States: Apply GoalTender at 0.25 pt per acre to seeded onions that have at least 2 true leaves using ground equipment. Multiple treatments at 0.25 pt per acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1 pint per acre pre use season. For optimum postemergence control, apply when susceptible weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage and actively growing.
Postemergence	(see above)	Sprinkler Irrigation - All Except Northeastern States (Center Pivot, Portable Lateral or Solid Set): Apply GoalTender at the recommended broadcast application rate using sufficient irrigation to wet soil to a depth of 2 inches. Follow the application directions and precautions for "Sprinkler Chemigation" given in the Chemigation section of this label.

Transplanted Onions: Application Immediately before Planting		
Weed Control	Rate (per/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	0.5 - 1 pt	Pre-transplant Application (Not for Use in Northeastern States or Western States: GoalTender may be applied as a broadcast or band application after completion of tillage operations, but before transplanting of onion plants. Transplanting should be accomplished with a minimum of soil disturbance and, for optimum weed control, soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting for the period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivation after weed emergence will assist in weed control. If less than 1 pt per acre was applied as a pre-transplant application, postemergence applications may be made as instructed for seeded onions. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pt per acre per use season as a result of multiple applications.

Transplanted Onions: Application Immediately after Planting		
Application Timing for Target Weeds	Rate (per/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	up to 1 pt	All States Except Northeastern States: Transplanted onions are most tolerant of a postemergence application immediately after transplanting. An application of up to 1 pint per acre may be made within two days after transplanting. If less than 1 pint per acre is applied, a second application can be made two weeks or more after transplanting. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint per acre of GoalTender per acre season as a result of multiple applications.
Preemergence	1 - 2 fl oz	Northeastern States including Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and Vermont: Multiple treatments at 1 to Orleg per acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1 pint (16 fl oz) per acre pre use season.

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#### <u>Onions - Use Precautions (Applicable to All Areas and Methods of Application):</u>

- GoalTender can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailing or stunting of the onion plants. Injury will
  be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if
  applications are made prior to the specified onion growth stage of the onion plants as specified in
  Specific Use Directions.
- Do not apply to onion plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes or diseases.

#### Onions - Crop-Specific Restrictions (Applicable to All Areas and Methods of Application):

- In all states except Northeastern states, do not apply until direct seeded onion plants have at least two (2) fully developed true leaves. In the Northeastern states, do not apply until direct seeded onion plants have at least three (3) fully developed true leaves. Application made prior to the specified growth stage may result in serious crop injury and is not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint per acre of GoalTender per use season as a result of multiple applications.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.
- Do not apply GoalTender as a preemergence treatment to direct seeded onions.
- Use only on dry bulb onions.
- Do not apply to onions grown for seed, except as instructed in separate use directions.
- For use in onions, do not mix GoalTender with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers or pesticides except as specified on approved Dow AgroSciences Supplemental Labeling.

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

Postemergence	
canarygrass (annual)	
eveningprimrose, cutleaf <sup>(a)</sup>	
groundsel, common	
mallow, little (malva)	
nightshade, black	
pigweed, prostrate <sup>(b)</sup>	
pigweed, redroot <sup>(a, b)</sup>	
puncturevine	
purslane, common <sup>(a, b)</sup>	
rocket, London	
sage, lanceleaf	
shepherdspurse <sup>(b)</sup>	
sowthistle, annual	

- <sup>a</sup> Weeds controlled when applied as a pre-transplant application. In addition, GoalTender at the rate of 0.5 to 1 pint per acre will provide control/suppression of carpetweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, ", " a galinsoga, common lambsquarters, and wild mustard. Applications of GoalTender'to musk soils may result in partial control or suppression of the weeds listed.
- b Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in northeastern states (see DOSAGE Section).

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#### ONIONS GROWN FOR SEED

Agricultural Use Requirements: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

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- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material
- Shoes plus socks

	Rate	
Weed Control	(per/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	1 fl oz	Northeastern States including Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and Vermont: Multiple treatments at 1 fl oz per acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1 pint (16 fl oz) per acre pre use season. Prior to initial treatment, seeded onions must have at least four (4) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rate may be applied.
Preemergence	up to 0.25 pt	<ul> <li>All other States: Apply GoalTender at up to 0.25 pt per acre to seeded onions that have at least three (3) true leaves. Multiple treatments at 0.25 pt per acre may be applied up to a maximum of 1 pint per acre pre use season. For optimum postemergence control, apply when susceptible weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage and actively growing.</li> <li>Sprinkler Irrigation - Portable Lateral or Solid Set: Apply GoalTender at the recommended broadcast application rate using sufficient irrigation to wet soil to a depth of 2 inches. Follow the application directions and precautions for "Sprinkler Chemigation" given in the Chemigation section of this label.</li> </ul>

#### Use Precautions:

• Notice: Some varieties or inbred lines of onions may be more susceptible to GoalTender. Care should be taken to insure that the particular onion variety or line being grown is tolerant to GoalTender. It is suggested that all onion varieties or lines be tested in limited areas to ensure an adequate level of crop tolerance prior to an application for postemergence weed control.

- GoalTender can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailing or stunting of the onion plants. Injury will
  be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if
  applications are made prior to the specified onion growth stage of the onion plants as specified in
  Specific Use Directions.
- Do not apply to onion plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects or diseases.

#### Crop-Specific Restrictions:

- In all states, do not apply Goal2XL until the onions have reached the minimum leaf stage specified. Application prior to the recommended stage of development may result in serious injury and is not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint per acre of GoalTender during one use season.
- · Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- For seeded onions, do not apply GoalTender with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers or other pesticides except as specified in approved Dow AgroSciences Supplemental Labeling.

#### **Key Weeds Controlled:**

Postemergence
canarygrass (annual)
eveningprimrose, cutleaf
groundsel, common
mallow, little (malva)
nightshade, black
pigweed, prostrate <sup>†</sup>
pigweed, redroot <sup>†</sup>
puncturevine
purslane, common <sup>†</sup>
rocket, London
sage, lanceleaf
shepherdspurse
sowthistle, annual

<sup>†</sup>Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in northeastern states (see DOSAGE section).

#### **PAPAYA**

(For Use Only in Hawaii)

· · · ·	Rate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2	<ul> <li>The initial application should occur no sooner than 4 months after transplanting or 6 months after direct seeding, and after the papaya has reached a minimum height of 4 feet. Applications may be repeated at approximate 4-month intervals.</li> <li>Apply preemergence or postemergence to weeds. Increase the spray volume to assure adequate coverage of dense growth of emerged weeds. GoalTender must be applied as a directed spray to the orchard floor beneath the papaya plants. Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender is essential for effective weed control and to minimize crop injury. GoalTender must be applied using rigid precision ground sprayer equipment.</li> <li>Postemergence applications may be made up to the 4 leaf stage of weed spread</li> </ul>
	L.,	, <u> </u>

#### Precautions:

- Do not allow the herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist to contact green bark, stems, fruit or foliage as injury may result.
- Do not use GoalTender on papaya plantings that are weak, or under stress due to temperature, " disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought or excessive moisture.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

 Do not apply more than 2 pints of GoalTender per broadcast acre in a single directed splay or more than 6 pints per broadcast acre per year as a result of multiple applications.

• Do not apply GoalTender within 1 day of harvest.

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

amaranth, spiny	
purslane, common	
spurge, garden	

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SOYBEANS (Not for Use in California)

Soybeans - Early Preplant Application in Conservation Tillage Systems		
Weed Control	Rate	
	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	0.75 – 1.5	<ul> <li>Early Preplant Application: Surface apply GoalTender to the stale seedbed approximately 14 days before planting conservation tillage soybeans for postemergence and preemergence residual broadleaf control. Use a spray volume of 20 or more gallons per acre and increase the spray volume if growth of existing weeds is dense. GoalTender at 1 to 1.5 pints provides early season suppression of annual grasses, but should not be relied upon as a basic grass herbicide. A planned program utilizing herbicides registered for early preplant, preemergence or postemergence grass control in soybeans is recommended.</li> <li>Use of ridge or slot planter or a similar planting implement that causes minimal soil disturbance is recommended. Movement or redistribution of surface soil will reduce herbicidal effectiveness.</li> </ul>

Soybeans: No-Till (Double-Crop)		
Application Timing	Rate	
for Target Weeds	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	0.25 - 1	Preemergence Application to Soybeans: Applied preemergence, GoalTender provides postemergence and residual preemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds. Apply GoalTender within one day after planting. Later applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended. Apply in a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre and increase spray volume if growth of existing weeds is dense.
<b>Tank Mixing:</b> For enhanced postemergence control of existing grass and broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be tank mixed with paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate. For extended residual control of annual grasses no-till soybeans, GoalTender may also be tank mixed with a residual grass berbicide such as Bronco Herbicide. Dual Magnum Herbicide, or Lasso Herbicide.		
Postemergence	0.5	Postemergence Directed Application: GoalTender may be applied as a post-directed application. Optimum control is achieved when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds not exceeding 4 true leaves (not counting cotylecon leaves) and actively growing. Use of an 80% nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray is recommended whenever postemargence weed control is desired. For postemergence application, Soybeans must be a minimum 8 inches tall. Use a minimum of 2 flat fan nozzles per row. Use branch lifters or shields to prevent excessive spray contact to the soybean plants. Do not

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Soydeans: Grown	<b>Under Co</b>	nventional Tillage Systems
Application Timing	Rate	
for Target Weeds	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	0.5 - 0.75	Preemergence Application to Soybeans: GoalTender provides
Postemergence	1	preemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds. Apply
_		GoalTender within one day after planting. Later
		applications may result in severe crop injury and are not
		recommended. Apply in a minimum spray volume of 20
		gallons per acre and increase spray volume if growth of existing
		weeds is dense. The 0.75 pint per acre rate will assist in early
		season annual grass control but should not be relied upon as a
		basic grass herbicide. GoalTender may also be applied as a
		preemergence application following a preplant incorporated
		grass herbicide treatment
Preemergence Tank M	lixes (To Co	ntrol Additional Grass and Broadleaf Weeds): Apply
preemergence tank m	ixes of Goal	Tender within one day after planting. Later applications may
result in severe crop i	njury and ar	e not recommended.
<ul> <li>GoalTender at 0.3 to</li> </ul>	o 0.75 pints p	er acre may be applied preemergence to soybeans in tank mix with
Dual Magnum Herbi	cide or Lasso	Herbicide. GoalTender may be applied alone as a preemergence
application following	a preplant in	corporated grass herbicide application or as a tank mix in a
preemergence appli	cation with D	ual Magnum, or Lasso herbicides. Refer to the label of tank mix
product for additiona	al weeds cont	rolled.
<ul> <li>GoalTender at 0.3 to</li> </ul>	0.4 pints per	r acre may be applied preemergence to soybeans in tank mix with 1
to 1.67 pints of Com	mand 6EC he	erbicide. Refer to the label for Command 6EC for additional weeds
controlled.		
Postemergence	0.5	Postemergence Directed Sprays: Goal I ender may be applied
		as a post-directed application at 0.5 pint per acre. Optimum
•		control is achieved when weeds hot exceed 4 true leaves and
		80% ponionic surfactant cleared for application to growing
		crops at the rate of 2 pints per 100 gallons of spray is
		recommended whenever postemergence weed control is
		desired For postemergence application. Sovbeans must
		be a minimum 8 inches tall. Use a minimum of 2 flat fan
		nozzles per row. Use branch lifters or shields to prevent
		excessive spray contact to the sovbean plants. Do not use
		hollow cone nozzles.
Postemergence Tank	Mixes: For b	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be
Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with	<b>Mixes:</b> For b Butoxone He	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with
<b>Postemergence Tank</b> applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0.	<b>Mixes:</b> For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint c	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for
Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o illed.	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for
Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro Precautions (All Metho	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o bled. ods and Tim	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for ings to Soybeans):
Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro Precautions (All Methe • Soybeans are tolera	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o blled. ods and Tim nt to preemer	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for <b>ings to Soybeans):</b> gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender at
Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro Precautions (All Methe • Soybeans are tolera recommended rates	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o blled. ods and Tim nt to preemer , however, ur	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for <b>ings to Soybeans):</b> gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender at ider certain conditions injury may occur. Heavy splasning rain
Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro Precautions (All Methe • Soybeans are tolera recommended rates shortly after crop em	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o blled. ods and Tim nt to preemen , however, un regence or c	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for <b>ings to Soybeans):</b> gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender a ider certain conditions injury may occur. Heavy splasning rain old, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can cause leaf
<ul> <li>Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro Precautions (All Methe</li> <li>Soybeans are tolera recommended rates shortly after crop em cupping and crinkling</li> </ul>	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o olled. ods and Tim nt to preemer , however, ur lergence or c g. When inju	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for <b>ings to Soybeans):</b> gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender a ider certain conditions injury may occur. Heavy splasning rain old, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can cause leaf ry occurs, it is generally limited to the first few leaves that develop
<ul> <li>Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds control</li> <li>Precautions (All Mether • Soybeans are toleral recommended rates shortly after crop em cupping and crinkling after crop emergence</li> </ul>	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o blled. ods and Tim nt to preemer , however, un rergence or c g. When inju e. Soybeans	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for ings to Soybeans): gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender a ider certain conditions injury may occur. Heavy splasning rain old, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can cause leaf ry occurs, it is generally limited to the first few leaves that develop recover from this injury and yields are not adversely affected.
<ul> <li>Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds control</li> <li>Precautions (All Methetics Precautions (All Methetics)</li> <li>Soybeans are tolera recommended rates shortly after crop em cupping and crinkling after crop emergenc Soybeans accidenta</li> </ul>	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o blled. ods and Tim nt to preemer , however, ur lergence or c g. When inju e. Soybeans Ily sprayed du	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for ings to Soybeans): gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender at oder certain conditions injury may occur. Heavy splasning rain old, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can cause leaf ry occurs, it is generally limited to the first few leaves that develop recover from this injury and yields are not adversely affected. uring a post-directed application will exhibit necrotic spotting and
<ul> <li>Postemergence Tank applied in tank mix with 1 pint of Butoxone or 0. additional weeds contro Precautions (All Methetics)</li> <li>Soybeans are tolera recommended rates shortly after crop em cupping and crinkling after crop emergenc Soybeans accidenta injury to the soybear</li> </ul>	Mixes: For b Butoxone He 7 to 0.9 pint o olled. ods and Tim nt to preemer , however, ur lergence or c g. When inju e. Soybeans Ily sprayed du plant. Exerc	hollow cone nozzles. roader spectrum control of broadleaf weeds, GoalTender may be erbicide or Butyrac 200 Herbicide. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender with of Butyrac 200 per acre. Refer to label of tank mix product for ings to Soybeans): gence and post-directed applications of GoalTender at ider certain conditions injury may occur. Heavy splasning rain old, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can cause leaf ry occurs, it is generally limited to the first few leaves that develop recover from this injury and yields are not adversely affected. uring a post-directed application will exhibit necrotic spotting and bise care to avoid spray contact with the soybean leaves.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Tank Mixing: Read and observe all label directions before using. Follow applicable use directions, precautions and limitations on the labels of the respective tank mix products. Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive limitations must apply.
- Do not make more than two applications of GoalTender per growing season.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lbs active) of GoalTender per acre during one growing season as a result of preemergence application in no-till (double-crop) or conventional till soybeans, or postdirected in conventional till soybeans. If early preplant application is made, do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.75 lb active) of GoalTender per acre during one growing season.
- Do not apply a post-directed application of GoalTender to soybeans after the initial appearance of blooms.
- Maximum total application rate per year is 1.5 lbs ai/A

Preemergence	Postemergence
groundcherry, cutleaf <sup>†</sup>	cocklebur, common
jimsonweed	croton, tropic
lambsquarters, common	groundcherry, cutleaf
nightshade, American black <sup>†</sup>	groundcherry, Wright
nightshade, black <sup>†</sup>	jimsonweed
pigweed, redroot	lambsquarters, common
poinsettia, wild	morningglory, annual (up to 6
shepherdspurse	leaf)
sida, prickly (teaweed)	mustard, wild
smartweed, Pennsylvania	nightshade, American black
sowthistle, common <sup>T</sup>	nightshade, black
velvetleaf	nightshade, hairy
	pigweed, redroot
	' poinsettia, wild
	purslane, common
	sesbania, hemp
	shepherdspurse
	sicklepod ''
	sida, prickly (teaweed)
	smartweed, Pennsylvania
	velvetleaf

#### Key Weeds Controlled (GoalTender Alone):

<sup>†</sup> Multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

tt Post-direct applications of GoalTender will kill or suppress seedlings not exceeding the one true leaf

#### TARO (For Use Only in Hawaii)

For use only to dryland taro grown in Hawaii. Dryland taro is defined as taro grown without irrigation, or by using irrigation practices that do not result in run-off, irrigation return flow, or other loss of irrigation water from the production area. If irrigation is used, the water applied shall not exceed the field capacity of the soil.

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Rate Weed Control (pt/acre) Specific Use Directions Preemergence 1 Preemergence to Taro and Weeds: A single application of GoalTender at the rate of 2 pints per acre may be applied within 1 week after transplanting but prior to emergence of taro plants. Postemergence 0.5 Postemergence to Taro and Weeds: GoalTender may be applied as a post-directed or band application at the rate of 1 pint per acre. Effective control of succulent weed seedlings in the 2-to 3-leaf stage can usually be obtained. Applications to weeds beyond the 3-leaf stage may result in partial control.

#### Precautions:

- Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender is essential for effective weed control and to minimize crop injury. Taro foliage receiving accidental spray or drift will be injured. GoalTender must be applied using rigid precision ground sprayer equipment.
- Occasionally, after the use of GoalTender, spotting, crinkling or flecking may appear on the leaves of the taro. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured.
- Do not use GoalTender on taro plantings that are weak, or under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought or excessive moisture.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- Do not apply more than 1 pint of GoalTender per broadcast acre as a single preemergence application.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 pint of GoalTender per acre in a single post-direct spray or more than 1 pint per acre per season as a result of multiple post-directed applications.
- Do not apply more than 2 pints of GoalTender per acre per season as a result of preemergence and post-direct applications.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 6 months of harvest of taro (corms, leaves).

#### Key Weeds Controlled:

amaranth, spiny purslane, common spurge, garden

#### **TREE FRUIT/NUT/VINE CROPS (Dormant Application)**

Almond, Apple, Apricot, Avocado, Beechnut, Brazil Nut, Butternut, Cashew, Cherry, Chestnut, Chinquapin, Crab Apple, Date, Feijoa, Fig, Filbert, Grapes, Hickory Nut, Kiwi, Loquat, Macadamia Nut, Mayhaws, Nectarine, Olives, Peach, Pear, Pecan, Persimmon, Pistachio, Plum, Pomegranates, Prune, Quince, and Walnut

	Rate		
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions	IJ
Preemergence		Apply GoalTender a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre-	
(broadcast application)	2.5 – 3	Use higher spray volumes to ensure thorough coverage in	4
		high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Sprays	
(banded application)	2.5 - 4	should be directed to the soil and the base of dormant trees or	1
		vines.	•
		In California, GoalTender may be applied as an over-the-top cr	
		directed spray to dormant nonbearing grape plantings. The	
		use of a low-pressure sprayer is suggested. Do not apply	
		over-the-top to grape plantings that are under stress due to	1
		drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage	

conditions, wind injury, hail, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes, or diseases. as severe crop injury may result. Apply in a spray volume of 40 or more gallons per acre. For Postemergence (broadcast application) 1 – 3 optimum control, apply when weeds are at seedling stage of arowth. (banded application) 1 - 4 The lower rate in the rate range (1 pint per acre) is recommended for the control of susceptible seedling weeds in the early postemergence stage up to the 4-leaf stage. The Higher rates (up to 3 pints per acre) may be used for weeds up to the 6-leaf stage. Applications to weeds beyond the 6leaf stage may result in partial control. Tank Mixing: Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply. See labels of tank mix partners to determine suitability and use rates for various crops. **Postemergence:** For broader spectrum postemergence control of listed grass and broadleaf weeds. GoalTender may be applied in tank mix with paraguat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate. These herbicides may also be added to preemergence tank mixes for enhanced control of existing weeds. Preemergence: For broad-spectrum preemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in listed treefruit, nut or vine plantings. GoalTender may be applied in tank mix with napropamide (Devrinol herbicide), diuron (Karmex herbicide), pronamide (Kerb<sup>®</sup> herbicide), simazine, norflurazon (Solicam herbicide) or oryzalin (Surflan herbicide). Chemigation (All States): For dormant season application using sprinkler (low-volume (micro-sprinkler). drip (trickle), and flood (basin) irrigation systems, apply GoalTender at the specified rate per acre. Follow applicable directions in the Chemigation section of this label when making applications using irrigation systems. Precautions: GoalTender or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied to only healthy arowing trees or vines. Avoid direct plant contact. Direct spray toward the base of tree or vines unless specific use . recommendations allow over-the-top application. **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**  In all states, unless otherwise specified, do not apply GoalTender during the period between bud swell and completion of final harvest or when fruit/nuts are present. GoalTender may be applied upon completion of final harvest. In Arizona and California, GoalTender may be applied during the period following completion of final harvest up to February 15 (February 1st in the Coachella Valley, California). Applications made after these calendar dates, but prior to bud swell, may result in significant crop injury and are the responsibility of the user. For banded applications, up to 4 pints per acre of GoalTender per use season may be applied within . the treated band. Do not apply more than a maximum of 3 pints per acre per use season on a  $e^{3/2}$ broadcast basis. Do not apply to grapes or kiwi established less than 3 years unless vines are on a trellis wire a minimum of 3 feet above the soil surface. Do not apply to grapes or kiwi that are not staked or trellised unless vines are free standing. Maximum total application rate per year is 1.5 lbs ai/A

Preemergence	Postemergence
burclover	cheeseweed (malva)
cheeseweed (malva)	fiddleneck, coast
fiddleneck, coast	filaree, broadleaf <sup>†</sup>
filaree, broadleaf	filaree, redstem <sup>†</sup>
filaree, redstem	filaree, whitestem <sup>†</sup>
filaree, whitestem	groundsel, common
groundsel, common	henbit
henbit	minerslettuce
knotweed, prostrate	nettle, burning
lambsquarters, common	pigweed, redroot
lettuce, prickly	redmaids
pigweed, redroot	shepherdspurse
purslane, common	sowthistle, annual
redmaids	
rocket, London	
shepherdspurse	
sowthistle, annual	

Key Weeds Controlled (Arizona and California):

<sup>†</sup>GoalTender at the 3-pint rate will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

Preemergence	Postemergence	
camphorweed	balsamapple	
cudweed, narrowleaf	cocklebur, common	
eveningprimrose, cutleaf <sup>†</sup>	cudweed, narrowleaf <sup>††</sup>	۰. ۱
groundcherry, cutleaf jimsonweed	eveningprimrose, cutleaf	
lambsquarters, common	groundcherry, cutleaf	
nightshade, American	groundcherry, Wright	
black	jimsonweed	
nightshade, black	lambsquarters, common	
pepperweed, Virginia	morningglory, annual	
pigweed, redroot	nightshade, American	
poinsettia, wild	black	
sida, prickly	nightshade, black	
smartweed, Pennsylvania	pepperweed, Virginia	
sowthistle, annual	pigweed, redroot	
spurge, prostrate	poinsettia, wild	
spurge, spotted	pursiane, common	
velvetleaf	sesbania, hemp	
	snepnerdspurse	
	sida, pričkly (teaweed)	
:	smartweed, pennsylvania	
•	sowinistie, annual	
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#### Key Weeds Controlled (All Other States Except Arizona and California):

<sup>†</sup>Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.
 <sup>††</sup>Maximum 0.5-inch diameter
 <sup>††</sup>Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

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#### <u>GRAPES (Non-Dormant Application)</u> (California Only)

GoalTender may be applied as a directed spray or, for supplemental preemergence weed control, through low-volume sprinkler (micro-sprinkler) or drip irrigation systems for control or suppression of listed broadleaf weeds in non-dormant grapes (raisin and wine grapes only). GoalTender may also be applied to all grapes (raisin, table, and wine) as a dormant season application. Refer to Treefruit/Nut/Vine Crops (Dormant Application) section above for use directions for dormant season application to grapes.

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	. 1	GoalTender may be applied preemergence or postemergence to
Postemergence	0.5 - 1	<ul> <li>weeds either as a directed spray in a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons per acre or through low-volume sprinkler (microsprinkler) or drip irrigation systems. Repeat applications may be required. Applications may be made from completion of bloom up to 14 days before to harvest.</li> <li>When applied as a postemergence directed spray, add 1 quart 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops per 100 gallons of spray. Sprays should be directed to the soil and the base of vines.</li> </ul>

#### Tank Mixing:

 When applied as a directed postemergence spray using ground equipment, GoalTender may be applied in tank mix with paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate in a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.

Chemigation: Follow chemigation instructions in General Information section.

• Low Volume Sprinkler (Micro sprinkler) and Drip (Trickle) Irrigation: Apply only through lowvolume sprinkler or drip systems designed to uniformly distribute irrigation water beneath the canopy. Meter Goal 2 XL at a continuous rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period and discontinue application during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. Use of GoalTender through low-volume sprinklers or drip emitters helps to reduce the "ring effect" of weed escapes in areas around sprinklers or emitters where previously applied broadcast or directed treatments begin to break down.

#### Precautions:

- **Crop Tolerance:** The use of GoalTender may result in varying degrees of injury to non-dormant grapes. Grape foliage will typically exhibit injury symptoms from direct or indirect (spray drift, soil exposure). This injury may result in necrosis, reddening, cupping or crinkling of grape event is leaves. The grape plant will continue to grow normally. Grape leaves that are immature or expanding at the time of contact with GoalTender are the most susceptible to foliage injury. Grapese may exhibit some small blemishes (spots or flicks) on the fruit.
- GoalTender is phytotoxic to plant foliage. Avoid drift to all other crops and nontarget areas. Dorrict apply when weather conditions favor drift.

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#### **Crop-Specific Use Restrictions:**

- The total amount of GoalTender applied during one season (from completion of final harvest through dormancy to non-dormant use covered by this section) cannot exceed 3 pints per acre as a result of multiple applications in any given area (broadcast, banded, or within the wetted area of the lowvolume sprinkler or drip irrigation system).
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not initiate application of GoalTender in non-dormant grapes until the completion of the bloom period.
- Do not apply to grapes established less than 3 years unless vines are either on a trellis wire a minimum of 3 feet above the soil surface, or protected by grow tubes.
- GoalTender should be applied only by ground application equipment of through low-volume sprinkler (micro-sprinkler) or drip (trickle) irrigation systems.
- Apply GoalTender as a non-dormant application to wine grapes or raisin grapes only.

#### Key Weeds Controlled or Suppressed:

Preemergence	Postemergence
burclover	cheeseweed (malva)
cheeseweed, malva	fiddleneck, coast
fiddleneck, coast	groundsel, common
groundsel, common	henbit
henbit	minerslettuce
knotweed, prostrate	morningglory species, annual
lambsquarters, common	mustard, black
minerslettuce	nettle, burning
mustard, black	nightshade, black
nettle, burning	pigweed, redroot
nightshade, black	purslane, common
pigweed, redroot	redmaids
purslane, common	rocket, London
redmaids	sowthistle, annual
rocket, London	
sowthistle, annual	

#### SUCKER CONTROL IN NON-DORMANT GRAPES

(Washington and Oregon Only) (Grapes for Wine and Processing Only)

Application Timing for Sucker Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Grape suckers less than 12 inches in length.	0.5 - 1	Apply GoalTender in a three-foot band directed towards to newly- emerging suckers at the base of the grapevine. The highest rate and/or a second application may be required to achieve an acceptable level of control/suppression of grape Suckers. Avoid spray contact on flowers, grape clusters, or fruit. Use mounted nozzles to deliver the spray solution. Thorough spray coverage of sucker growth is essential for optimal activity. Use a spray volume of 50 or more gallons per acre (broadcast basis).
<b>Tank Mixing:</b> For enhanced postemergence sucker activity, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either glufosinate (Rely Herbicide) or paraquat (Gramoxone) can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages in a manner describe on the respective labels. Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the		

respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.

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#### **Precautions:**

 The use of GoalTender may result in varying degrees of injury to non-dormant grapes. Grape foliage will typically exhibit injury symptoms from direct or indirect (spray drift or soil contact) exposure. This injury may result in necrosis, reddening, cupping or crinkling of grape leaves. The grape plant will continue to grow normally. Leaves that are immature or expanding at the time of contact with GoalTender are the most susceptible to injury. Grape fruit may exhibit some small blemishes (spots or flecks) on the fruit.

#### **Crop-Specific Restrictions:**

- The total amount of GoalTender applied during one crop year (dormant and non-dormant) cannot exceed 3 pints per acre as a result of multiple applications in any give area (broadcast or banded).
- GoalTender should be applied only by ground application equipment.
- Apply GoalTender as a non-dormant application for sucker control only to wine or processed grapes.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 60 days of harvest.

#### PISTACHIOS, WALNUTS, ALMONDS (CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA ONLY)

(Non-Dormant Application)

Weed Control	Rate (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence	2.5 - 3	Preemergence: For residual weed control of listed weeds.
Postemergence	0.5 - 1	<b>Postemergence (Suppression):</b> Apply to seedling weeds less than 4 inches in height. Repeat applications may be required.
	1 - 3	<b>Postemergence (Cleanup):</b> Contact (postemergence) control for cleanup sprays and preharvest applications. Apply to seedling weeds less than 4 inches in height. Applications to weed seedlings beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

**Tank Mixing:** For broader spectrum grass and broadleaf weed control in tree row middles, GoalTender may be tank mixed with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate. Refer to Mixing Directions section for Tank Mixing Precautions. Follow applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.

Chemigation: Follow chemigation instructions in General Information section.

**Flood (Basin) Irrigation:** For flood (basin) irrigation systems, meter continuously into the water during the entire irrigation period. Best weed control results are obtained when a uniform distribution and flow of irrigation water is maintained over level land. Irrigation water treated with GoalTender must be contained on the treated area until the water is absorbed by the soil.

Low Volume Sprinkler (Micro sprinkler) and Drip (Trickle) Irrigation: Apply only through low-be a volume sprinkler or drip systems designed to uniformly distribute irrigation water beneath the tree canopy. Applications should be made prior to weed emergence; otherwise postern ergence activity may be inconsistent due to uneven coverage. Meter Goal 2 XL at a continuous rate during the second middle 1/3 of the irrigation period and discontinue application during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. Use of GoalTender through low-volume sprinklers or drip emitters helps to reduce the "ring effect" of weed escapes in areas around sprinklers or emitters where previously applied broadcast or directed treatments begin to break down.

#### **Precautions:**

• Direct spray toward the base of trees. Avoid direct contact with foliage or nuts.

GoalTender should be applied only to healthy growing trees

#### **Crop-Specific Use Restrictions:**

- When applied as a non-dormant treatment, GoalTender can only be applied to pistachio plantings between May and 7 days prior to harvest.
- When applied as a non-dormant treatment, GoalTender can only be applied to almond plantings between April 1 and September 30 and to walnut plantings between May 1 and September 30.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 7 days of harvest of pistachios.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 30 days of harvest of almonds.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 7 days of harvest of walnuts.
- Do not apply more than 3 pints of GoalTender per acre during the non-dormant season.
- Maximum total application rate per year is 1.5 lbs ai/A

#### Key Weeds Suppressed and/or Controlled

cheeseweed (malva) fiddleneck, coast filaree, broadleaf	morningglory species, annual mustard, black nettle, burning
filaree, redstem	pigweed, redroot
filaree, whitestem	purslane, common
groundsel, common	redmaids
henbit	rocket, London
minerslettuce	sowthistle, annual

#### Additional Weeds Controlled in Tank Mix with Glyphosate or Paraquat

barnyardgrass	horseweed (marestail)
bluegrass, annual	rocket, London
chickweed, common	ryegrass, Italian

#### WINDBREAKS AND SHELTERBELTS

(For Use Only in Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Wyoming)

	Rate	
Weed Control	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preemergence Postemergence	2 - 3	Apply GoalTender may be applied as a broadcast, banded or post-directed spray. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to clean, weed-free soil surfaces. Pre- transplant applications must be made after completion of scil- preparation but prior to transplanting. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. For cotimum weed control results, treated soil surfaces should be left of a undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is a desired.
		4-leaf stage for broadleaf weeds or 2-leaf stage for grass weeds.
		<b>Conifers:</b> GoalTender can be applied pre-transplant, post- directed or postemergence (over-the-top) to conifers.
,		to many deciduous species when applied pre-transplant or as a post-directed spray prior to budbreak.

#### Precautions:

- **Important:** Some varieties or cultivars of conifers or deciduous species listed may be susceptible to GoalTender. Care should be taken to ensure that the particular variety to be sprayed with GoalTender is tolerant. For unfamiliar species, it is suggested that GoalTender be tested on a limited number of plants prior to large-scale application.
- Occasionally after the use of GoalTender, a spotting, crinkling or flecking may appear on the leaves of the deciduous species. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured. Deciduous species typically rapidly outgrow these symptoms and develop normally.
- Application after budbreak may result in injury to deciduous species and is not recommended. If non-dormant application is required, apply only after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Avoid direct or indirect spray contact with the foliage by applying to the soil surface as a directed spray.
- Apply GoalTender only to healthy deciduous and/or conifer trees. Do not apply GoalTender to conifers or deciduous trees that have been weakened or under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.

**Specific Use Restrictions for Shelterbelts:** 

 Do not apply more than 3 pints of GoalTender per acre in a single application or more than 9 pints per acre per year.

#### Key Broadleaf Weeds Controlled:

buckwheat, wild	mustard; wild
burclover	nettle, burning
carpetweed	nightshade, black
dock, curly	nightshade, hairy
groundcherry, cutleaf	oats, wild
groundcherry, Wright	orach, red
groundsel, common	pepperweed, yellow flower
henbit	pigweed, prostrate
jimsonweed	pigweed, redroot
knotweed, prostrate	purslane, common
kochia	rocket, London
ladysthumb	shepherdspurse <sup>†</sup>
lambsquarters, common	smartweed, Pennsylvania
lettuce, prickly	sowthistle, annual
mallow, little	tansymustard
mayweed	thistle, Russian (seedling)
mustard, blue	velvetleaf
mustard, tumble	

<sup>†</sup>The highest rate or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

#### Key Grasses Controlled:

barnyardgrass	foxtail, giant
bluegrass, annual	goosegrass
crabgrass, large	witchgrass

Goal 2XL may be applied to numerous conifer and deciduous species, including the following:

#### **Conifer Species**

Common Name	Scientific Name
douglas-fir	Pseudotsuga menziesii
fir	
grand	Abies grandis

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fraser	Abies fraseri
noble	Abies procera
hemlock	
eastern hemlock	Tsuga canadensis
western hemlock	Tsuga heterophylla
pine	
Austrian	Pinus nigra
eastern white	Pinus strobus
jack	Pinus banksiana
Himalayan	Pinus graffithii
lobiolly	Pinus taeda
lodgepole	Pinus contorta
longleaf	Pinus palustris
monterey	Pinus radiata
mugo	Pinus mugo
ponderosa	Pinus ponderosa
scotch	Pinus sylvestris
shortleaf	Pinus echinata
slash	Pinus elliottii
Virginia	Pinus virginiana
spruce	
blue	Picea pungens
dwarf Alberta	Picea glauca conica
Norway	Picea abies
Sitka	Picea sitchensis
Arborvitae	Thuja occidentalis
	Thuja orientalis
juniper	Juniperus chinensis
	Juniperus horizontalis
	Juniperus procumbens
	Juniperus sabina
	Juniperus scopulorum
red cedar	Juniperus virginiana
yew	Taxus spp.

#### **Deciduous Hardwood Species**

Common Name	Scientific Name
ash	Fraxinus spp.
crabapple	Malus spp.
eucalyptus	Eucalyptus spp.
lilac -	Syringa vulgaris
maple, black	Acer nigrum
oak, northern red	Quercus rubra
olive, Russian	Elaeagnus angustifolia
poplar (cottonwood)	Populus spp.
sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua
sycamore	Platanus occidentalis
walnut, black	Juglans nigra



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