

62719-447

10/10/2007

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

October 10, 2007

Ms. Kimberly S. Gilbert
Regulatory Leader, Regulatory Success – Americas
DOW AGROSCIENCES LLC
9330 Zionsville Road
Indianapolis, IN 46268-1054

Subject: Label Notification

Dear Ms. Gilbert:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 dated 9/13/07 for **EPA Registration 62719-447**. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Sherada Hobgood of my staff at 703-308-8893.

Sincerely,

LS/

Linda Arrington
Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

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Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.

Form Approved. OMB No. 2070-0080. Approval expires 2-28-95



United States
Environmental Protection Agency
Washington, DC 20460

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Registration |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Amendment |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Other |

OPP Identifier Number

Application for Pesticide - Section I

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Company/Product Number Dow AgroSciences/62719-447 | 2. EPA Product Manager Joanne Miller | 3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted |
| 4. Company/Product (Name) Dow AgroSciences/GoalTender™ | PM# 23 | |
| 5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address | 6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: NOTIFICATION EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name <u>OCT 10 2007</u> | |

Section - II

| | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below. | <input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ | <input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application. |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below. | <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below. |

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

The following change has been made by notification:

The following changes have been made by notification per request of James Stone via e-mail dated September 11, 2007:

1. Correct the conventionally tilled soybeans rate to 0.3 to 0.75 pints (0.15 to 0.35 lb active) to match the rates in the table immediately below on page 58.

Section - III

| | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In: | | | | | |
| Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No | | 2. Type of Container <input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____ | |
| * Certification must be submitted | | If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. | No. per container | If "Yes" Package wgt | No. per container |
| 3. Location of Net Contents Information <input type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container | | 4. Size(s) Retail Container | | 5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled | | | <input type="checkbox"/> Other _____ | | |

Section - IV

| | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.) | | | | | |
| Name Kimberly Gilbert | | Title Regulatory Manager | | Telephone No. (Include Area Code) (317) 337-4685 | |
| Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law. | | | | | 6. Date Application Received (Stamped) |
| 2. Signature | | 3. Title Regulatory Manager | | | |
| 4. Typed Name Kimberly Gilbert ™Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC | | 5. Date September 13, 2007 | | | |

308/2E
September 13, 2007



Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency
One Potomac Yard
2777 S. Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

GOALTENDER (A.I. OXYFLUORFEN)
EPA REGISTRATION NUMBER: 62719-447
NOTIFICATION OF MINOR LABEL CHANGE PER PR NOTICE 98-10

Enclosed please find labeling for the notification action of GoalTender™ herbicide. The following changes have been made by notification per request of James Stone via e-mail dated September 11, 2007 (complimentary copy enclosed):

1. Correct the conventionally tilled soybeans rate to 0.3 to 0.75 pints (0.15 to 0.35 lb active) to match the rates in the table immediately below on page 58.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Contents of Submission

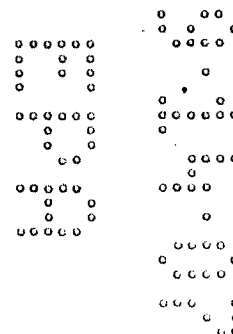
- Transmittal document (this letter)
- Application for Pesticide, EPA Form 8570-1
- Label entitled GoalTender (F2B / GoalTender / MTR Notif / 09-12-07)
(74 Pages plus Registration Notes) (5 Copies)
- Complimentary copy of e-mail dated September 11, 2007.

If you require further information, please contact Amy Hudson, Regulatory Specialist at (317) 337-3967 or Joyce Carroll, Registration Assistant for this product, at (317) 337-4631.

Sincerely,

Kimberly Gilbert
Regulatory Leader
Regulatory Success – Americas
(317) 337-4685
(317) 337-4649 (FAX)

KG/akh
Enclosures



GoalTenderTM

EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

Registration Notes:

Source label text based on EPA-accepted copy date February 16, 2005. The following change was made via notification per request of James Stone via e-mail dated September 11, 2007:

1. Correct the conventionally tilled soybeans rate to 0.3 to 0.75 pints (0.15 to 0.35 lb active) to match the rates in the table immediately below on page 58.

TMTrademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

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Base Label:

(Logo) Dow AgroSciences

GoalTender™**NOTIFICATION****OCT 10 2007**

Use Directions For: artichokes (globe), broccoli/cabbage/cauliflower, cacao, citrus (nonbearing), coffee, conifer (seedbeds, transplants, container stock) and selected deciduous trees, corn, cotton, cottonwood, eucalyptus, fallow bed, (cotton/soybeans), fallow land, garbanzo beans, garlic, guava (Hawaii only), horseradish, jojoba, mint, onions, onions grown for seed, papaya (Hawaii only), soybeans, taro, treefruit/nut/vine

Active Ingredient

oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-nitrophenoxy)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene 41%

Inert Ingredients 59%

Total 100%

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon

Shake Well Before Using**Keep Out of Reach of Children****CAUTION PRECAUCION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (if you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Precautionary Statements

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (>14 mils) such as: Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, Natural Rubber, Polyethylene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC), or Viton
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing or loading

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

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When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters. This product is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates, aquatic plants, wildlife and fish. Use with care when applying in areas frequented by wildlife or adjacent to any body of water or wetland area. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift or erosion from target areas. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

EPA Est. _____

TM Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC
Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.

Herbicide

Net Contents 2.5 gal

Label Booklet:

(Logo) Dow AgroSciences

GoalTender™

Use Directions For: artichokes (globe), broccoli/cabbage/cauliflower, cacao, citrus (nonbearing), coffee, conifer (seedbeds, transplants, container stock) and selected deciduous trees, corn, cotton, cottonwood, eucalyptus, fallow bed, (cotton/soybeans), fallow land, garbanzo beans, garlic, guava (Hawaii only), horseradish, jojoba, mint, onions, onions grown for seed, papaya (Hawaii only), soybeans, taro, treefruit/nut/vine

Active Ingredient

| | |
|--|------|
| oxyfluorfen: 2-chloro-1-(3-ethoxy-4-nitrophenoxy)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene | 41% |
| Inert Ingredients | 59% |
| Total | 100% |

Contains 4 pounds active ingredient per gallon

Shake Well Before Using

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. **Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.**

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-447

EPA Est. _____

™ Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.

Herbicide

Net Contents 2.5 gal

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(Page 1 through end):

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Precautionary Statements

CAUTION

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (>14 mils) such as: Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, Natural Rubber, Polyethylene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC), or, Viton
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing or loading

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters. This product is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates, aquatic plants, wildlife and fish. Use with care when applying in areas frequented by wildlife or adjacent to any body of water or wetland area. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift or erosion from target areas. Runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

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Agricultural Use Requirements:

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (>14 mils) such as: Barrier Laminate, Butyl Rubber, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, Natural Rubber, Polyethylene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC), or Viton
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Non-Agricultural Use Requirements:

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

- **Keep unprotected persons out of treated area until sprays have dried.**

Storage and Disposal:

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

Storage: Keep from Freezing. Store above 32°F

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide Wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal

Plastic Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Metal Containers: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

Steps to be taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled: Dike the spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer the liquid or solid diking material to separate containers for recovery or disposal. Remove contaminated clothing promptly and wash exposed skin areas with soap and water. Wash clothing before reuse. Keep spill out of all sewers and bodies of water.

GENERAL USE INFORMATION

GoalTender™ herbicide may be applied for preemergence and postemergence weed control in labeled crops as indicated in this label. All use directions as provided in the General Use Information section and crop-specific sections of this label, must be followed.

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GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS: THE FOLLOWING USE RESTRICTIONS APPLY TO ALL REGISTERED USES OF THIS PRODUCT:

(NOTE: SEE DIRECTIONS FOR USE FOR INDIVIDUAL CROPS FOR CROP-SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS.)

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not contaminate irrigation water or water used for domestic purposes.
- Do not use any plants treated with GoalTender for feed or forage.
- Do not feed or allow animals to graze on any areas treated with GoalTender.
- GoalTender should be applied only by ground application equipment except as otherwise allowed or directed in specific use directions.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to all non-target areas. GoalTender is phytotoxic to plant foliage.
- Thoroughly flush spray equipment (tank, pump, hoses and boom) with clean water before and after each use. Residual GoalTender remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops. To assist removal of GoalTender residues in spray equipment, a non-ionic surfactant may be added at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of water during flushing.
- Use GoalTender only for recommended purposes and at recommended rates.
- Do not treat ditch banks or waterways with GoalTender.

ROTATION CROP RESTRICTIONS

- Do not rotate to small-grain crops (includes barley, buckwheat, corn, pearl millet, proso millet, oats, popcorn, rice, rye, sorghum, triticale, wheat, wild rice) within 10 months following a GoalTender treatment.
- Do not direct seed any crops, other than GoalTender-labeled crops, within 60 days following a treatment with GoalTender.
- Do not transplant seedling crops, other than GoalTender-labeled crops, within 30 days following treatment with GoalTender. **IMPORTANT:** TREATED SOIL MUST BE THOROUGHLY INCORPORATED TO A DEPTH OF 4 INCHES AFTER HARVEST (OR ABANDONING) OF THE TREATED CROP BUT PRIOR TO PLANTING OF THE ROTATIONAL CROP. FAILURE TO ACHIEVE THIS THOROUGH AND COMPLETE INCORPORATION OR TO FOLLOW THE REQUIRED MINIMUM PLANT-BACK INTERVAL MAY RESULT IN CROP INJURY, STAND REDUCTION AND/OR VIGOR REDUCTION OF THE PLANT-BACK CROP. See specific fallow bed labeling regarding crop planting information for applications of GoalTender that are made to a fallow bed or fallow field.

WEEDS LISTED

| | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| AGERATUM | <i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> |
| AMARANTH, SPINY | <i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> |
| BALSAMAPPLE | <i>Momordica charantia</i> |
| BARNYARDGRASS (WATERGRASS) | <i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> |
| BEDSTRAW, CATCHWEED | <i>Galium aparine</i> |
| BITTERCRESS, LESSER | <i>Cardamine oligosperma</i> |
| BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | <i>Poa annua</i> |
| BUCKWHEAT, WILD | <i>Polygonum convolvulus</i> |
| BURCLOVER | <i>Medicago hispida</i> |
| BUTTERCUP, SMALLFLOWER | <i>Ranunculus abortivus</i> |
| BUTTONWEED | <i>Borreria alata</i> |
| CAMPHORWEED | <i>Heterotheca subaxillaris</i> |
| CANARYGRASS (ANNUAL) | <i>Phalaris canariensis</i> |
| CARPETWEED | <i>Mollugo verticillata</i> |
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | <i>Malva parviflora</i> |
| CLOVER, RED | <i>Trifolium pratense</i> |

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| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CLOVER, WHITE | <i>Trifolium repens</i> |
| COCKLEBUR, COMMON | <i>Xanthium pensylvanicum</i> |
| CRABGRASS, LARGE (HAIRY) | <i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> |
| CROTALARIA | <i>Crotalaria species</i> |
| CROTON, TROPIC | <i>Croton glandulosus</i> |
| CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF | <i>Gnaphalium falcatum</i> |
| EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | <i>Oenothera laciniata</i> |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | <i>Amsinckia intermedia</i> |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | <i>Erodium botrys</i> |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | <i>Erodium cicutarium</i> |
| FILAREE, WHITESTEM | <i>Erodium moschatum</i> |
| FIREWEED (FROM SEED) | <i>Epilobium angustifolium</i> |
| FLIXWEED | <i>Descurainia sophia</i> |
| FOXTAIL, GIANT | <i>Setaria faberi</i> |
| GERANIUM, CAROLINA | <i>Geranium carolinianum</i> |
| GOOSEGRASS | <i>Eleusine indica</i> |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | <i>Physalis angulata</i> |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | <i>Physalis wrightii</i> |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | <i>Senecio vulgaris</i> |
| HENBIT | <i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> |
| HORSEWEED (MARESTAIL) | <i>Conyza canadensis</i> |
| JIMSONWEED | <i>Datura stramonium</i> |
| JOHNSONGRASS, SEEDLING | <i>Sorghum halepense</i> |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | <i>Polygonum aviculare</i> |
| LADYSTHUMB (SMARTWEED) | <i>Polygonum persicaria</i> |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | <i>Chenopodium album</i> |
| LETTUCE, PRICKLY (CHINA LETTUCE) | <i>Lactuca serriola</i> |
| MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA) | <i>Malva parviflora</i> |
| MAYWEED (DOG FENNEL) | <i>Anthemis cotula</i> |
| MINERSLETTUCE | <i>Montia perfoliata</i> |
| MORNINGGLORY SPECIES, ANNUAL | <i>Ipomoea species</i> |
| MORNINGGLORY, IVYLEAF | <i>Ipomoea hederacea</i> |
| MORNINGGLORY, TALL | <i>Ipomoea purpurea</i> |
| MUSTARD, BLACK | <i>Brassica nigra</i> |
| MUSTARD, BLUE (PURPLE MUSTARD) | <i>Chorispora tenella</i> |
| MUSTARD, COMMON YELLOW | <i>Brassica campestris</i> |
| MUSTARD, HEDGE | <i>Sisymbrium officinale</i> |
| MUSTARD, TUMBLE (JIM HILL MUSTARD) | <i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i> |
| MUSTARD, WILD | <i>Brassica kaber</i> |
| NETTLE, BURNING | <i>Urtica urens</i> |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | <i>Solanum americanum</i> |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | <i>Solanum nigrum</i> |
| NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY | <i>Solanum sarrachoides</i> |
| OATS, WILD | <i>Avena fatua</i> |
| ORACH, RED | <i>Atriplex rosea</i> |
| OXALIS (BERMUDA BUTTERCUP) | <i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i> |
| PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA | <i>Lepidium virginicum</i> |
| PEPPERWEED, YELLOWFLOWER | <i>Lepidium perfoliatum</i> |
| PIGWEED, PROSTRATE | <i>Amaranthus blitoides</i> |
| PIGWEED, REDROOT | <i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> |
| PIMPERNEL, SCARLET | <i>Anagallis arvensis</i> |
| POINSETTIA, WILD | <i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i> |

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| | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| PUNCTUREVINE | <i>Tribulus terrestris</i> |
| PURSLANE, COMMON | <i>Portulaca oleracea</i> |
| PUSLEY, FLORIDA | <i>Richardia scabra</i> |
| RAGWEED, COMMON | <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> |
| REDMAIDS | <i>Calandrinia caulescens</i> |
| ROCKET, LONDON | <i>Sisymbrium irio</i> |
| RYEGRASS, ITALIAN | <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> |
| SAGE, LANCELEAF | <i>Salvia reflexa</i> |
| SANDSPURRY, RED | <i>Spergularia rubra</i> |
| SESBANIA, HEMP | <i>Sesbania exaltata</i> |
| SHEPHERDSPURSE | <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> |
| SICKLEPOD | <i>Cassia obtusifolia</i> |
| SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) | <i>Sida spinosa</i> |
| SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA | <i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i> |
| SORREL, RED (FROM SEED) | <i>Rumex acetosella</i> |
| SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL | <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> |
| SPEEDWELL, BIRDSEYE | <i>Veronica persica</i> |
| SPURGE, GARDEN | <i>Euphorbia hirta</i> |
| SPURGE, PROSTRATE | <i>Euphorbia supina</i> |
| SPURGE, SPOTTED | <i>Euphorbia maculata</i> |
| SPURRY, CORN | <i>Spergula arvensis</i> |
| TANSYMUSTARD | <i>Descurainia pinnata</i> |
| THISTLE, BULL | <i>Cirsium vulgare</i> |
| THISTLE, RUSSIAN | <i>Salsola kali</i> |
| VELVETLEAF | <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> |
| WITCHGRASS | <i>Panicum capillare</i> |
| WITCHWEED | <i>Striga asiatica</i> |
| WOODSORREL, COMMON YELLOW | <i>Oxalis stricta</i> |

CHEMIGATION

Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the instructions for chemigation are followed. **If application by chemigation is not specifically listed under the specific crop use instructions, GoalTender may not be applied to that crop through an irrigation system.**

Apply this product only through sprinkler (solid set, portable lateral, or low-volume (micro sprinkler)), drip (trickle), or flood (basin) irrigation systems. Refer to use directions for specific crops for instructions as to which type of irrigation system may be used. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION (FOLIAR SPRAY USES)

To apply a pesticide using sprinkler chemigation, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain

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- appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
 - The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
 - The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
 - The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
 - Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
 - Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

For sprinkler irrigation, sufficient water should be applied at the beginning of the irrigation period to insure uniform wetting of the plant and/or soil surfaces. Meter GoalTender at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the vegetation and/or soil surface. Continue irrigation during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. During sprinkler irrigation, sufficient water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

FLOOD (BASIN) CHEMIGATION (SOIL DRENCH USES)

GoalTender should be continuously metered into the water during the entire irrigation period. Agitation in the pesticide supply tank is suggested. Best weed control results from GoalTender applied through flood (basin) irrigation systems are obtained when a uniform distribution and flow of irrigation water is maintained over level land.

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops. Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain functional automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

DRIP (TRICKLE) CHEMIGATION (SOIL DRENCH USES)

Meter GoalTender at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the soil surface. For best results, GoalTender should be uniformly positioned across the wetted area to help reduce the "ring effect" of weed escapes, as other products begin to break down around the emitter. Continue irrigation during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system.

To apply a pesticide using drip (trickle) chemigation, the chemigation system must meet the following specifications:

- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pipe and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

CHEMIGATION CALIBRATION: FOR LOW-VOLUME SPRINKLERS (MICRO SPRINKLERS) AND DRIP (TRICKLE) IRRIGATION SYSTEMS

Calculation of use rate is based on wetted area around emitters - NOT on grove acres. To determine correct amount of GoalTender, use the following formula:

1. Treated area per each emitter = A
 $A = 3.14 \times (\text{radius} \times \text{radius})$

Example: If the average distance from emitter to perimeter of wetted area measured at the soil surface is 13 inches, then

$$A = 3.14 \times (13" \times 13")$$

$$A = 3.14 \times (169")$$

$$A = 530.7 \text{ square inches}$$

2. The area in square feet wet in each acre = B

$$B = \frac{A \times \text{emitters/acre}}{144}$$

Example: If there are 300 emitters per acre, then

$$B = \frac{530.7 \times 300}{144} = B = 1105.6 \text{ square feet wetted per acre}$$

3. The total area (in square feet) wet by your system = C

$$C = B \times \text{acres covered by system}$$

Example: If the system covers 20 acres, then

$$C = 1105.6 \text{ square feet per acre} \times 20 \text{ acres}$$

$$C = 22,112 \text{ square feet wetted by system}$$

4. Amount of GoalTender to inject = S

$$\text{Rate per treated acre of GoalTender} = R$$

$$S = \frac{C \times R}{43,560} = \text{pints of GoalTender}$$

Example: If the desired application rate per treated acre is 1 pint of GoalTender, then

$$S = \frac{22,112 \times 1.0}{43,560} = S = 0.507 \text{ pints of GoalTender should be injected into system.}$$

NOTE: Select the proper rate based on weed spectrum and desired length of control (See RATE RANGES section below).

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

If the chemigation system is connected to a public water supply, the following conditions must also be met:

- Public water systems means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from a point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

CULTURAL CONSIDERATIONS

In order for GoalTender to provide maximum preemergence activity:

Prior to application, the bed or soil surface should be smooth and free of crop and weed trash (decaying leaves, clippings, dead weeds, etc.). Leaves and trash may be removed by blowing the area to be treated or by thoroughly mixing the trash into the soil through cultivation prior to herbicide application.

After application, at least one-quarter inch (1/4 inch) of irrigation or rainfall should occur within 3 or 4 weeks after application. The best results from GoalTender are from applications to established beds or soil surfaces that are left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired. Cultural practices that result in redistribution or disturbance of the soil surface after treatment will decrease the herbicidal effectiveness of GoalTender. Cutting water furrows or cultivations that mix untreated soil into treated areas will also reduce the effectiveness of the treatment.

RATE RANGES

Select proper application rates based on soil conditions, weed spectrum and desired period of residual weed control.

Preemergence Application: Where rate ranges are given, use the lower rate in the rate range on coarse texture soils with less than 1% organic matter. Use higher rates in the rate range on medium to fine texture soils, soils containing greater than 1% organic matter, or where a longer period of residual weed control is desired.

Postemergence Application: Where a rate range is given, use higher rate in rate range for heavy weed infestations, weeds in advanced stages of growth or where a longer period of residual weed control is desired.

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MIXING DIRECTIONS

Fill the spray tank at least one-third full of clean water. With the pump and agitator running, add the recommended amount of herbicides to the spray tank. The order of addition to the spray tank should be wettable powders first, flowables second and liquids last. Complete filling of the spray tank with water. For all applications of GoalTender (except onions) where postemergence weed control is desired, add 2 to 4 pints of 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops) per each 100 gallons of spray. The addition of 4 pints of nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray is recommended to enhance postemergence activity when hard water (greater than 600 ppm) is used as carrier. Maintain agitation until spraying is completed.

Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use. Dosages listed on this label are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

Tank Mixing Precautions:

- Read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting the labels of tank mixed products, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.
- Do not exceed recommended application rates. Do not tank mix with another pesticide product that contains the same active ingredient as this product unless the label of either tank mix partner specifies the maximum dosages that may be used.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of this product and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

CROP-SPECIFIC USE INFORMATION

ARTICHOKES (GLOBE)**POST-DIRECTED SPRAY****GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender is an effective herbicide for postemergence and preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in artichokes. GoalTender should be directed towards the winter ditch, levees or flat rows between the artichoke rows. Artichoke fronds receiving accidental spray or drift will be injured. Over-the-top applications may exhibit severe injury to the foliage and flower bud and are not recommended.

DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended as a post-directed application at 2 to 4 pints (1.0 to 2.0 lb active) per acre. Optimum control is achieved when two applications of GoalTender are applied at 2 pints (1.0 lb active) per acre. The initial application should be made to susceptible weed seedlings (up to 8-leaf stage). It is recommended that a second application be made 8 to 10 weeks later. Good results may be achieved when a single application of 4 pints (2.0 lb active) of GoalTender is applied to susceptible weed seedlings (up to 8-leaf stage). Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per treated acre per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

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WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | OXALIS (BERMUDA BUTTERCUP) |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| MUSTARD, COMMON YELLOW | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| NETTLE, BURNING | |

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

| | |
|------------------------|------------------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | † OXALIS (BERMUDA BUTTERCUP) |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MUSTARD, COMMON YELLOW | |

† Suppression

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION**Treatments should be made after completion of the ditching operation.**

GoalTender should be applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Spray volume should be increased as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use. Spray should be directed towards the winter ditch, levees or flat rows between the artichoke rows. ARTICHOKE FRONDS RECEIVING ACCIDENTAL SPRAY OR DRIFT WILL BE INJURED.

ARTICHOKES (GLOBE)**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per treated acre per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 5 days of harvest.
- Avoid direct spray or drift contact of GoalTender with artichoke flowers or buds as severe injury may result.
- Do not apply GoalTender to artichoke plantings within 60 days after cutting back or transplanting.

BROCCOLI/CABBAGE/CAULIFLOWER**PRE-TRANSPLANT (PREPLANT) APPLICATION FOR PREEMERGENCE BROADLEAF WEED CONTROL****GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be applied for preemergence control of listed annual broadleaf weeds. Applications must be made after completion of soil preparation but *prior* to transplanting of broccoli, cabbage or cauliflower plants. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. Treated soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting to obtain greatest benefit of GoalTender on susceptible annual broadleaf weeds during the time period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivations after weed emergence will assist in weed control. Pre-transplant applications of GoalTender in broccoli, cabbage and cauliflower may result in a temporary initial crop response (leaf cupping or crinkling). Crop response may be enhanced if crop leaves come in direct contact with treated soil. Crops rapidly outgrow this condition and develop normally. Severe crop response may result from the use of transplants that are under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides or storage conditions. The use of young (less than 5 weeks old), extremely succulent transplants grown in containers, less than 1 inch square, may increase the severity of crop injury. Hardening off, increasing the age of transplants or increasing the size of the rooting container will lessen the possibility and/or severity of crop injury.

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DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended for use at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre. Use the lower rate in the rate range for preemergence weed control on coarse texture soils with less than 1% organic matter. Use the highest rate in the rate range for preemergence weed control on medium to fine texture soils or soils containing greater than 1% organic matter.

GoalTender will assist in early season annual grass control. However, GoalTender must not be a basic portion of the grass herbicide program. A planned herbicide program for preemergence or postemergence grass control is recommended. Research has shown that severe crop injury can occur if GoalTender is applied to a field that has had an acetanilide herbicide (Dual Magnum[®] Herbicide, Lasso[®] Herbicide, or Ramrod[®] Herbicide) application during the current growing season, therefore, it is not recommended.

WEEDS CONTROLLED †

CARPETWEED

PURSLANE, COMMON

PIGWEEED, REDROOT

SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA

† Applications of GoalTender to muck soils may result in partial control or suppression of the weeds listed.

GoalTender at the rate of 0.5 to 1 pint per acre may provide partial control or suppression of galinsoga, common lambsquarters and wild mustard.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Do not exceed 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump, and boom) with water before and after each use. Residual GoalTender remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops.

AVOID DRIFT TO ALL OTHER CROPS AND NON-TARGET AREAS. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WEATHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT. GoalTender IS PHYTOTOXIC TO PLANT FOLIAGE.

BROCCOLI/CABBAGE/CAULIFLOWER**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per treated acre per season.
- Do not apply GoalTender preemergence to direct-seeded broccoli, cabbage or cauliflower.
- Do not apply GoalTender post-transplant or postemergence (over the top) to broccoli, cabbage or cauliflower.
- For field use only. Do not apply GoalTender in an enclosed greenhouse structure as injury to plant foliage may result.

CACAO**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and nonbearing cacao plantings. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to clean, weed-free soil surfaces. Treated berms or soil surfaces should not be disked or disturbed in any manner as the herbicidal effectiveness of GoalTender may be decreased. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with soil-applied herbicide during emergence.

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GoalTender USED ALONE**DOSAGE**

GoalTender is recommended for preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible weeds at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre when directed to the orchard floor beneath cacao plants, or at a dosage of up to 2 pints per acre as a pre-transplant application. For directed spray applications, cacao transplants must be healthy and of suitable size for field transplanting. Avoid spray contact with cacao foliage as injury may result. Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond the four-leaf stage may result in partial control.

PURSLANE, COMMON

SPURGE, GARDEN

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

AGERATUM

PURSLANE, COMMON

BUTTONWEED

SPURGE, GARDEN

CROTALARIA

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

DO NOT APPLY PREPLANT OR PREEMERGENCE TO DIRECT-SEEDED CACAO. GoalTender MAY BE APPLIED TO ESTABLISHED CACAO OR APPLIED PRE-TRANSPLANT OR TO RECENTLY TRANSPLANTED CACAO. Treatments should only be applied to healthy cacao stock (as determined by standard commercial growing practices). Care must be taken to prevent direct spray contact with foliage. Cacao foliage receiving accidental spray or drift may be injured. As a preemergence or postemergence treatment to weeds, apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Use higher volumes to assure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. GoalTender should be directed to the soil and the base of the tree. Use of a low pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and a flat fan or off-center (OC) nozzles is recommended. Spray shields are suggested for use in young trees. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

CACAO - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe the GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in a single application or 12 pints (6.0 lb active) per broadcast acre per year.
- Do not apply GoalTender within one (1) day of harvest.
- Direct spray toward the base of the trees. Avoid spray contact with foliage.
- Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded cacao.

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CITRUS (NONBEARING)

CALAMONDIN, CHIRONJA, CITRUS CITRON, GRAPEFRUIT, KUMQUAT, LEMON, LIME, MANDARIN, PUMMELO, SATSUMA MANDARIN, SOUR ORANGE, SWEET ORANGE, TANGELO, TANGERINE, TANGOR

FOR USE ONLY IN PERMANENTLY ESTABLISHED GROVES IN ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, FLORIDA, LOUISIANA AND TEXAS

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in recommended tank mix combinations, for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in nonbearing citrus plantings. GoalTender may be applied to newly planted trees or to young trees that will not bear fruit within one year.

The most effective postemergence weed control is achieved when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds at the recommended growth stage. For broader spectrum postemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mix of GoalTender with paraquat (Gramoxone[®] Herbicide) or glyphosate (Glyphomax[®] Herbicide) can be used.

For residual grass control in citrus, a tank mixture of GoalTender with Devrinol[®] Herbicide, simazine, Solicam[®] Herbicide or Surflan Herbicide can be used. Contact herbicides such as paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) may also be added to the tank mixture. Check individual product labels to determine suitability and use rates for various crops.

GoalTender USED ALONE**GEOGRAPHIC USE DIRECTIONS
ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA****DOSAGE**

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (weeds up to 4 inches high) - Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond this 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

| | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | MINERSLETTUCE |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | NETTLE, BURNING |
| † FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| † FILAREE, REDSTEM | REDMAIDS |
| † FILAREE, WHITESTEM | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| HENBIT | |

† GoalTender at the 4-pint rate (2.0 lb active) will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE - Apply 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| BURCLOVER | LETTUCE, PRICKLY |
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | PURSLANE, COMMON |

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FILAREE, BROADLEAF
 FILAREE, REDSTEM
 FILAREE, WHITESTEM
 GROUNDSEL, COMMON
 HENBIT
 KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE
 LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON

REDMAIDS
 ROCKET, LONDON
 SHEPHERDSPURSE
 SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
 SPURGE, PROSTRATE
 SPURGE, SPOTTED

FLORIDA, LOUISIANA AND TEXAS

DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, GoalTender is recommended at 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE - Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. The lower rate is recommended for the control of susceptible seedling weeds in the early postemergence stage, up to the 4-leaf stage. The higher rate (2.0 lb active) should be used for weeds up to the 6-leaf stage. Applications to weeds beyond the 6-leaf stage may result in partial control.

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| BALSAMAPPLE | PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA |
| [†] CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| ^{††} EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | POINSETTIA, WILD |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | PUSLEY, FLORIDA |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) |
| MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | |

[†] Maximum 0.5-inch diameter.

^{††} Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control. Do not apply more than 8 pints (4.0 lb active) per broadcast acre during any 12-month period as a result of multiple applications.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE - Apply 4 pints (2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF | POINSETTIA, WILD |
| ^{††} EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | PUSLEY, FLORIDA |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | SPURGE, PROSTRATE |
| PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA | SPURGE, SPOTTED |
| PIGWEEED, REDROOT | |

^{††} Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control. Do not apply more than 8 pints (4.0 lb active) per broadcast acre during any 12-month period as a result of multiple applications.

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ALL STATES - ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, FLORIDA, LOUISIANA AND TEXAS**TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION**

GoalTender should be directed to the soil and the base of trees. Avoid direct spray contact on the citrus foliage. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan nozzles. An off-center (OC) nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired.

| | SPRAY VOLUME (Gallons of Water Per Acre) |
|--|--|
| Weed Stage | |
| Preemergence | 40 or more |
| Postemergence up to 4-inch or 4-leaf stage | 40 or more |
| Exceeding 4-inch or 4-leaf stage | 100 or more |

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mix, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSAGE

For preemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in citrus plantings, a tank mixture of GoalTender with Devrinol, simazine, Solicam or Surflan can be applied. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels. For postemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) with GoalTender or combinations of GoalTender plus Devrinol, simazine, Solicam or Surflan can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

In addition to the weeds controlled by GoalTender used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

| | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| Devrinol | simazine [†] |
| paraquat (Gramoxone) | Solicam |
| glyphosate (Glyphomax) | Surflan |

[†] In addition, provides preemergence control of horseweed (marestail).

CITRUS (NONBEARING)**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe the GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Apply GoalTender only to nonbearing citrus.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints of GoalTender (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre in a single application or more than 8 pints (4.0 lb active) per broadcast acre during any 12-month period as a result of multiple applications.
- GoalTender or any of the combinations recommended on this label should only be applied to healthy growing trees.
- Do not apply during periods of new foliage growth. Applications should be made after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off.
- Direct spray toward the base of trees. Avoid direct sprays contact on the citrus foliage.

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CLARY SAGE

FOR USE ONLY IN NORTH CAROLINA

GENERAL INFORMATION

For control of henbit (*Lamium amplexicaule*) and other annual broadleaf weeds (see Weeds Listed table in the General Use Information section) in clary sage (*Salvia sclarea*) grown and utilized in the essence industry. Applications to control henbit during the winter season should be timed to start shortly after the first flush of henbit is in the 2- to 4-leaf stage of growth. Additional applications may be required to control subsequent weed flushes through the spring season. Clary sage may respond to the topical application of this product with some marginal leaf burn, but recovery is rapid. After treatment, henbit will stop growing and slowly die.

DOSAGE

GoalTender should be applied at the rate of 0.25 to 0.5 pint per acre (0.12 to 0.25 lb active) in 20 to 50 gallons of water per acre. Apply at 20 to 40 psi.

COFFEE

BEARING AND NONBEARING COFFEE IN HAWAII

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and nonbearing coffee plantings. For broader spectrum postemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) with GoalTender can be applied to seedling weeds. Check individual product labels to determine suitability and use rates for crop.

GoalTender USED ALONE

DOSAGE

For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, GoalTender is recommended at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre as a preemergence application directed to the orchard floor beneath coffee plants, or at a dosage of up to 2 pints per broadcast acre as a pre-transplant application. For directed spray applications, coffee transplants must be healthy and of suitable size for field transplanting. Avoid spray contact with coffee foliage as injury may result. GoalTender may be applied postemergence (over the top) to dormant coffee transplants. Applications must only be made prior to bud break to avoid possible phytotoxicity to the coffee foliage. Over-the-top applications made after buds start to swell may result in injury to the coffee plant and are not recommended. Dosages listed on this label are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond the four leaf stage may result in partial control.

PURSLANE, COMMON

SPURGE, GARDEN

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

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AGERATUM
BUTTONWEED
CROTALARIA

PURSLANE, COMMON
SPURGE, GARDEN

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

DO NOT APPLY PREPLANT OR PREEMERGENCE TO DIRECT SEEDED COFFEE.

Treatments should only be applied to healthy coffee stock (as determined by standard commercial growing practices). Care must be taken to prevent direct spray contact with foliage. Coffee foliage receiving accidental spray or drift may be injured. As a preemergence or postemergence treatment to weeds, apply in a minimum of 30 gallons of water per acre. Use higher volumes to ensure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. GoalTender should be directed to the soil and the base of the tree. Use of a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan or off-center (OC) nozzles is recommended. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

For postemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in coffee plantings, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone) may be applied as a directed spray. Apply at recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

In addition to the weeds controlled by GoalTender used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained.

paraquat (Gramoxone)

glyphosate (Glyphomax)

COFFEE

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply preplant or preemergence to direct-seeded coffee.
- Direct spray toward the base of the trees. Avoid spray contact with foliage.
- GoalTender may be applied as a postemergence (over the top) application to dormant transplants. Do not apply over the top to coffee transplants after buds start to swell.
- GoalTender or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied to only healthy growing trees/transplants under standard commercial growing practices.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in a single application or 12 pints (6.0 lb active) per broadcast acre per year.
- Do not apply GoalTender within one (1) day of harvesting.
- Applications of GoalTender during periods of rapid new foliage growth may cause injury.

CONIFER SEEDBEDS, TRANSPLANTS, CONTAINER STOCK AND SELECTED FIELD GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide for the control of listed annual grass and broadleaf weeds in conifer seedbeds, transplant and container stock, and in selected field-grown deciduous trees. Preemergence weed control is most effective when spray is applied to clean, weed-free soil surfaces. Treated soil surfaces should not be disturbed as the herbicidal effectiveness of

GoalTender may be decreased. Seedling weeds are controlled during emergence as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide. The most effective postemergence weed control is achieved when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds less than 4 inches in height.

Occasionally after the use of GoalTender, a spotting, crinkling, or flecking may appear on leaves of conifer and deciduous species. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact may be injured. The conifer and deciduous species typically outgrow this condition rapidly and develop normally.

IMPORTANT: When applied as directed, the conifer and selected deciduous species listed on this label have shown tolerance to GoalTender. It is impossible, however, to evaluate this product on all varieties, biotypes and cultivars of listed species on this label or under all possible growing conditions. The user should exercise reasonable judgment and caution with this product. Until familiar with results under user growing conditions, limit application of this product to a few plants in a small treated area to determine plant tolerance and extent of injury if such occurs, prior to initiating large-scale applications.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When GoalTender is applied preemergence or postemergence at recommended dosages and weed stages, the following grasses and broadleaf weeds are controlled.

| | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| † BARNYARDGRASS | MUSTARD, BLUE |
| BEDSTRAW, CATCHWEED | MUSTARD, TUMBLE |
| BITTERCRESS, LESSER | MUSTARD, WILD |
| † BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | NETTLE, BURNING |
| BUCKWHEAT, WILD | NIGHTSHADE, BLACK |
| BURCLOVER | NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY |
| CARPETWEED | OATS, WILD |
| † CLOVER, RED | ORACH, RED |
| † CLOVER, WHITE | PEPPERWEED, YELLOWFLOWER |
| COCKLEBUR, COMMON | PIGWEEED, PROSTRATE |
| † CRABGRASS, LARGE | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| † FIDDLENECK, COAST | PIMPERNEL, SCARLET |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | REDMAIDS |
| FIREWEED (FROM SEED) | ROCKET, LONDON |
| FLIXWEED | SANDSPURRY, RED |
| † FOXTAIL, GIANT | † SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| † GOOSEGRASS | SIDA, PRICKLY |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | SORREL, RED (FROM SEED) |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| HENBIT | SPEEDWELL, BIRDSEYE |
| JIMSONWEED | †† SPURGE, PROSTRATE |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | †† SPURGE, SPOTTED |
| LADYSTHUMB | SPURRY, CORN |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | TANSYMUSTARD |
| LETTUCE, PRICKLY | †† THISTLE, BULL |
| MALLOW, LITTLE | THISTLE, RUSSIAN |
| MAYWEED | VELVETLEAF |
| MINERSLETTUCE | WITCHGRASS |
| † MORNINGGLORY, IVYLEAF | †† WOODSORREL, YELLOW |
| † MORNINGGLORY, TALL | |

† Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

†† Preemergence control only.

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GoalTender is most effective when applied preemergence to annual grasses. Postemergence applications should be made to seedling grasses not exceeding the 2-leaf stage. The addition of 0.25% (2 pints/100 gallons of spray solution) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant, cleared for application on growing crops, enhances the GoalTender activity on emerged weeds. When determining an appropriate use rate where a range of rates are provided, use higher rates where heavy weed pressure is anticipated, or where medium and fine soil textures exist and high organic matter soils are present.

CONIFER SEEDBEDS

To assist in the establishment of conifer seedbeds, GoalTender can be applied as a preemergence application following seeding. Postemergence applications should be delayed until a minimum of 5 weeks after emergence of the conifer seedlings. During periods of cool, cloudy weather, make certain that seedlings have hardened off prior to spraying.

Conifers are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of GoalTender. GoalTender will provide both postemergence and residual preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and annual grass species.

CONIFER SPECIES

GoalTender may be applied to conifer seedbeds of species:

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| DOUGLAS FIR | <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> |
| FIR | |
| FRASER | <i>Abies fraseri</i> |
| GRAND | <i>Abies grandis</i> |
| NOBLE | <i>Abies procera</i> |
| HEMLOCK | |
| EASTERN HEMLOCK | <i>Tsuga canadensis</i> |
| PINE | |
| AUSTRIAN | <i>Pinus nigra</i> |
| EASTERN WHITE | <i>Pinus strobus</i> |
| HIMALAYAN | <i>Pinus wallichiana</i> |
| JACK | <i>Pinus banksiana</i> |
| LOBLOLLY | <i>Pinus taeda</i> |
| LODGEPOLE | <i>Pinus contorta</i> |
| LONGLEAF | <i>Pinus palustris</i> |
| MONTEREY | <i>Pinus radiata</i> |
| MUGO | <i>Pinus mugo</i> |
| PONDEROSA | <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> |
| SCOTCH | <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> |
| SHORTLEAF | <i>Pinus echinata</i> |
| SLASH | <i>Pinus elliotii</i> |
| VIRGINIA | <i>Pinus virginiana</i> |
| SPRUCE | |
| BLUE | <i>Picea pungens</i> |
| DWARF ALBERTA | <i>Picea glauca Conica</i> |
| NORWAY | <i>Picea abies</i> |
| SITKA | <i>Picea sitchensis</i> |

PREEMERGENCE DOSAGE

Apply 0.5 to 2 pints (0.25 lb to 1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre as a preemergence application prior to conifer emergence. Where grass weeds are present, a rate of 1 to 2 pints (0.5 to 1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre is recommended. In known areas of high weed competition, 2 pints (1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre are recommended.

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TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentration and applied at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per treated acre. Broadcast to beds and irrigate prior to weed emergence with 1/2 to 3/4 inch of sprinkler irrigation.

POSTEMERGENCE DOSAGE

Apply 0.5 to 1 pints (0.25 lb to 0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre with each postemergence application. Depending of subsequent weed flushes, multiple applications may be necessary to achieve season-long weed control.

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

Postemergence applications should be delayed until a minimum of 5 weeks after emergence of conifer seedlings. During periods of cool, cloudy weather, make certain that seedlings have hardened off prior to spraying. Application should be made to seedling weeds (less than 4 inches in height). GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentration and applied as a broadcast application at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per treated acre.

Sprinkler Chemigation: If GoalTender is to be applied via sprinkler irrigation (center pivot), follow the method of application directions listed for sprinkler irrigation. Additionally, for application using center pivot irrigation systems, apply the specified dosage of GoalTender per acre as described above and meter GoalTender at a continuous uniform rate during the entire irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the vegetation and soil surface. When applying this product using a sprinkler irrigation system, follow all directions given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label.

**CONIFER TRANSPLANTS AND CONTAINER STOCK
(INCLUDES 2-0 SEEDLING AND CHRISTMAS TREE PLANTINGS)**

Many container-grown conifers and conifer transplants are tolerant to preemergence and postemergence applications of GoalTender. Applied postemergence, GoalTender will provide both postemergence and preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and grasses listed in the "Weeds Controlled" Section above. Postemergence applications should be applied before bud break or after foliage has had an opportunity to harden off. Conifers may be transplanted from seedbeds and sprayed directly providing bud break has not occurred.

The following conifer species in addition to species listed under the CONIFER SEEDBED section have been shown to be tolerant to GoalTender.

ARBORVITAE

Thuja occidentalis
Thuja orientalis

RED CEDAR

Juniperus virginiana

JUNIPER

Juniperus chinensis
Juniperus horizontalis
Juniperus procumbens
Juniperus sabina
Juniperus scopulorum

WESTERN HEMLOCK

Tsuga heterophylla

YEW

Taxus species

DOSAGE

For preemergence or postemergence weed control apply 2 to 4 pints (1.0 lb to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

For optimum weed control, preemergence applications should be made immediately after transplanting seedlings or to weed-free container stock. Postemergence applications should be made to weeds less than 4 inches in height. Two applications may be necessary, in fall-transplanted conifer fields, for season-

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long weed control. The addition of 0.25% (2 pints/100 gals. of spray solution) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant, cleared for application to growing crops, enhances GoalTender activity on emerged weeds. GoalTender must be applied only to conifer transplants prior to bud break or after foliage has had an opportunity to harden off. Thoroughly mix with clean water at recommended concentration and apply at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per treated acre. Spray over the top of transplants. Heavy rainfall immediately following application to emerged weeds may reduce effectiveness.

TANK MIXTURES FOR SELECTED FIELD GROWN CONIFERS

In addition to the weeds controlled by GoalTender used alone, tank mixes with other preemergence or postemergence herbicides registered for this use, may provide a broader spectrum of weed control. GoalTender may be tank mixed with products containing the following active ingredients registered for use in conifer plantings:

- glyphosate
- napropamide
- oryzalin
- pendimethalin
- prodiamine
- pronamide
- sethoxydim

Determine the additional weed species to be controlled and based on label claims, select the product(s), which would give effective control of the targeted weed(s). When using tank mixes of two or more products, use conditions must be in accordance with the more (most) restrictive of the label limitations and precautions of the mixing partners.

IMPORTANT: Read and follow container labels of tank-mix partners and use as directed by labeling. Follow the most restrictive labeling.

CONIFER - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) of this product per broadcast acre per year.
- NOT FOR CONIFER RELEASE IN FOREST MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS OR FOR FOREST REGENERATION APPLICATIONS.
- Do not apply GoalTender in an enclosed greenhouse structure as injury to plant foliage may result.
- Do not store or transport treated container stock in an enclosed structure until completion of 4 irrigations (minimum 21 days) as injury to non-labeled plants may occur.
- Always apply GoalTender only to healthy conifer stock. Do not apply GoalTender to conifers that are under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with GoalTender.

SELECTED FIELD-GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

Many field-grown deciduous trees are tolerant to applications of GoalTender directed to the soil and base of the plant. GoalTender will provide both preemergence and postemergence control of many broadleaf weeds and grasses.

| DECIDUOUS TREE SPECIES | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| †† Almond | <i>Prunus spp.</i> |
| †† Apple | <i>Malus X domestica</i> |
| †† Apricot | <i>Prunus spp.</i> |

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| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Ash, Green | <i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i> |
| Ash, White | <i>Fraxinus americana</i> |
| Birch, River | <i>Betula nigra</i> |
| ^{††} Cherry | <i>Prunus spp.</i> |
| ^{††} Chestnut | <i>Castanea spp.</i> |
| ^{††} Crabapple | <i>Malus spp.</i> |
| Dogwood | <i>Cornus florida</i> |
| Eucalyptus | <i>Eucalyptus viminalis</i> <i>Eucalyptus pulverulenta</i> <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> |
| ^{††} Filbert | <i>Corylus spp.</i> |
| Lilac | <i>Syringa vulgaris</i> |
| Locust, Black | <i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i> |
| [†] Maple, Black | <i>Acer nigrum</i> |
| [†] Maple, Red | <i>Acer rubrum</i> |
| [†] Maple, Sugar | <i>Acer saccharum</i> |
| Myrtle, Crepe | <i>Lagerstroemia indica</i> |
| ^{††} Nectarine | <i>Prunus spp.</i> |
| ^{††} Nut, Hickory | <i>Carya sp.</i> |
| ^{††} Nut, Macadamia | <i>Macadamia ternifolia</i> |
| Oak, Chestnut | <i>Quercus prinus</i> |
| Oak, Pin | <i>Quercus palustris</i> |
| Oak, Red | <i>Quercus rubra</i> |
| Oak, Water | <i>Quercus nigra</i> |
| Oak, Willow | <i>Quercus phellos</i> |
| Olive, Russian | <i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i> |
| Poplar | <i>Populus spp.</i> |
| Poplar, Tulip | <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> |
| ^{††} Peach | <i>Prunus persica</i> |
| ^{††} Pear | <i>Pyrus spp.</i> |
| ^{††} Pecan | <i>Carya spp.</i> |
| ^{††} Pistachio | <i>Pistacia vera</i> |
| ^{††} Plum | <i>Prunus spp.</i> |
| ^{††} Prune | <i>Prunus spp.</i> |
| Redbud | <i>Cercis canadensis</i> |
| Sweetgum | <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> |
| Sycamore | <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> |
| ^{††} Walnut, Black | <i>Juglans nigra</i> |

[†] Do not apply to maple trees used for production of maple sap or maple syrup.

^{††} Apply as directed to nonbearing trees. For bearing treefruit, nut and vine crops, refer to Treefruit/Nut/Vine section of this label for use directions.

DOSAGE

Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 lb to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per acre as a spray onto to the soil area surrounding deciduous plants for preemergence or early postemergence weed control. This product may be applied as a single or split application. **DO NOT** apply more than 4 pints of product per season.

For spot treatments, refer to the following table for dosage recommendations. Sprays must be uniform and applied to the soil on a spray-to-wet basis. When spraying to control weeds on a preemergence or postemergence basis, 1 gallon of spray mixture should cover 400 square feet (this is equivalent to applying GoalTender at a use rate of approximately one gallon per acre in a spray volume of 110 gallons

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per acre). It is recommended that an 80% active nonionic surfactant be added to the spray mixture at a rate of 1 tablespoon (0.5 fluid ounces) per gallon of spray when making postemergence applications.

| Pounds Active/Acre | Pints GoalTender per Acre | Fluid Ounces (milliliters) of GoalTender in one gallon of spray mix to treat 400 Sq. Ft | Fluid Ounces (milliliters) of GoalTender in one quart of spray mix to treat 100 Sq. Ft |
|--------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| 2 | 4 | 0.6 (18) | 0.15 (4.5) |

TIMING

GoalTender may be applied after transplanting or to established deciduous trees. For optimum weed control, applications should be made prior to weed germination.

For maximum safety to deciduous species mentioned on this label, post-directed applications of GoalTender should be made to the soil prior to bud swell in the spring or after trees have initiated dormancy in the fall. Care must be taken to avoid contact of spray drift or mist with foliage of or green bark of deciduous trees.

GoalTender may be phytotoxic to the foliage of non-target plants. Avoid making applications of this product under conditions that favor drift to non-target areas.

Note: Applications made after bud swell may result in injury to deciduous trees and are not recommended. If a non-dormant application is required due to weed competition, do not apply during periods of new foliage growth. Applications should be made after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Direct spray toward the soil at the base of the trees and use greater than 50 gallons of water per acre.. Splashing soil can carry GoalTender, which may injure the leaves of some deciduous trees.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be directed to the soil. Avoid direct spray or drift onto foliage, flowers or green bark. Apply in 20 or more gallons of water per acre to provide uniform spray distribution and coverage to the soil surface. Use higher volumes to ensure adequate soil coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of GoalTender. Use a low-pressure (20 to 40 psi.) sprayer. The use of spray shields that reduce exposure of foliage and bark to GoalTender spray is suggested. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXTURES FOR SELECTED FIELD GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES

In addition to the weeds controlled by GoalTender used alone, tank mixes with other preemergence or postemergence herbicides registered for this use, may provide a broader spectrum of weed control. GoalTender may be tank mixed with products containing the following active ingredients registered for use in conifer plantings:

glyphosate
 napropamide
 oryzalin
 pendimethalin
 prodiamine
 pronamide
 sethoxydim

Determine the additional weed species to be controlled and based on label claims, select the product(s) which would give effective control of the targeted weed(s). When using tank mixes of two or more products, use conditions must be in accordance with the more (most) restrictive of the label limitations and precautions of the mixing partners.

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IMPORTANT: Read and follow container labels of tank-mix partners and use as directed by labeling. Follow the most restrictive labeling.

FIELD-GROWN DECIDUOUS TREES SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) of this product per broadcast acre per year.
- The use directions described here for field-grown deciduous trees do not apply for bearing treefruit, nut and vine crops. For selected bearing treefruit, nut and vine crops, refer to Treefruit/Nut/Vine section of this label use directions.
- Apply this product to the soil surface surrounding trees prior to bud swell or after trees have initiated dormancy in the fall. Although not recommended, if a non-dormant application is required, apply as a directed spray when foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Do not apply during periods of new foliage growth.
- Avoid direct or indirect spray contact to foliage flowers and green bark.
- DO NOT apply this product when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to non-target areas. GoalTender is phytotoxic to plant foliage.
- DO NOT apply GoalTender to trees that have been weakened or are under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, wind injury, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, insects, or winter injury as severe injury may result.
- DO NOT graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with GoalTender.

CORN

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED SPRAY ON FIELD CORN IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE USDA WITCHWEED ERADICATION PROGRAM IN NORTH CAROLINA AND SOUTH CAROLINA

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender may be used for the control of witchweed (*Striga asiatica*), and works both preemergence and postemergence against witchweed.

DOSAGE

Use 1 to 1.5 pints of GoalTender (0.5 to 0.75 lb active) per acre for the first application. The 1 pint rate (0.5 lb active) per acre should be the standard use rate, with the 1.5 pint rate (0.75 lb active) per acre for isolated infestations. Repeat treatments should be made at rates of 0.6 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per acre. Applications should be made in 10 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Use a non-ionic surfactant in the spray mixture at the rate of 0.25% by water volume or 1 quart in 100 gallons of spray mix.

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

Fields in the witchweed infested area selected for treatment with GoalTender should be examined during the early part of the growing season to determine uniformity of corn stand and grass weed pressure. Weedy fields should be cultivated prior to the initial application so as to obtain the best possible soil coverage in the first spray application. Apply during May-August to emerged witchweed before bloom or as soon as possible after bloom appears, to avoid seed set. Corn should have a minimum height of 24 inches at the first application. After this application has been made, the fields should be inspected regularly for any breakthrough of the witchweed. If breakthrough occurs, then a second spray should be applied like the first. This application will be made postemergence to the witchweed, preferably before bloom or as soon as possible past the first appearance of witchweed bloom, to avoid seed set.

In all applications direct the GoalTender spray at the base of the corn plant and uniformly over the entire row surface. Do not spray over the top of the corn, as this may result in severe corn injury. Spray droplets contacting the lower leaves will cause necrotic spotting or streaking of sprayed tissue. Spray should contact only the lower 3 to 8 inches of the corn stalk and any leaves in this zone.

CORN - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

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In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 2.5 pints of GoalTender (1.25 lb active) per acre to a corn crop during the growing season.
- Do not apply any application within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not use corn plants from a treated field for green chop, ensilage, forage, or fodder.

COTTON

POST-DIRECTED SPRAY

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender may be applied as a post-directed application for broadleaf weed control in cotton. Cotton leaves that are accidentally sprayed will exhibit necrotic spotting and may drop from the plant, therefore, care must be exercised to avoid spray contact with the cotton leaves. Crop response may be enhanced if applications are made when excessive soil moisture is present or if rainfall occurs following application. Cotton will outgrow this condition and continue to develop normally.

DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended as a post-directed application at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per acre.[†] Optimum control is achieved when 1 pints of GoalTender (0.5 lb active) per acre[†] are applied to weed seedlings not exceeding 4 true leaves. Effective control of succulent weed seedlings in the 2 to 3 leaf stage can usually be obtained when 0.5 pint of GoalTender (0.25 lb active) per acre[†] are applied. See MIXING DIRECTIONS for surfactant recommendation. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing. Do not count cotyledon leaves.

[†] Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

When GoalTender is applied as a post-directed application at the recommended weed stage and dosage in cotton, the following weeds are controlled:

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| COCKLEBUR, COMMON | NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY |
| CROTON, TROPIC | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | [†] POINSETTIA, WILD |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| JIMSONWEED | SESBANIA, HEMP |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | ^{††} SICKLEPOD |
| MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL (UP TO 6 LEAF) | [†] SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | VELVETLEAF |

[†] Multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

^{††} Post-direct applications of GoalTender will kill or suppress seedlings not exceeding the one true leaf stage.

TIMING

SOUTHERN COTTON

ALABAMA, ARKANSAS, GEORGIA, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, MISSOURI, NEW MEXICO, NORTH CAROLINA, OKLAHOMA, SOUTH CAROLINA, TENNESSEE, TEXAS and VIRGINIA

Cotton plant height must be a minimum 6 inches or greater. Application to cotton plants less than 6 inches tall may result in severe crop injury and is not recommended. In cotton 6 to 8 inches tall, GoalTender must be applied using **rigid** precision ground sprayer equipment. The use of spray shields is recommended to avoid spray contact with cotton foliage. Use branch lifters or shields if excessive spray contact on larger cotton plants (8 inches or greater) cannot be avoided by the directed spray.

WESTERN COTTON**ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA**

Cotton plant height must be a minimum 6 inches or greater. Application to cotton plants less than 6 inches tall may result in severe crop injury and is not recommended. In cotton 6 to 8 inches tall, GoalTender must be applied using **rigid** precision ground sprayer equipment. The use of spray shields is recommended to avoid spray contact with cotton foliage. Use branch lifters or shields if excessive spray contact on larger cotton plants (8 inches or greater) cannot be avoided by the directed spray. To obtain the maximum benefit of postemergence activity, encourage weed emergence by irrigating prior to spraying. Irrigate immediately following herbicide application to obtain greatest benefit of preemergence activity from GoalTender on nightshade and groundcherry species.

METHOD OF APPLICATION**SOUTHERN AND WESTERN COTTON**

Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender spray is essential for effective weed control and to minimize cotton injury. As a directed postemergence application, GoalTender should be applied at 20 to 25 psi using 20 to 40 gallons of spray on a broadcast acre basis. **Do not** exceed 25 psi. Spray should be directed towards the base of the cotton plant. Cotton foliage receiving accidental spray or drift may be injured. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing.

GoalTender can be applied using a post-direct spray rig with only 2 flat fan nozzles per row, 1 nozzle on each side of the row. Additional care should be taken when adjusting sprayer prior to application. For best coverage, it is suggested to use 4 flat fan nozzles per row, 2 nozzles on each side of the row. The 2 forward nozzles should point forward and downward while the rear nozzles should point to the rear and downward. With either sprayer system, nozzles should be adjusted to cover the weed foliage with minimum contact to the cotton plant. **Do not use cone nozzles.**

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for tank mixtures, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSAGE

For postemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in cotton, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either Karmex[®] Herbicide (diuron) or MSMA can be applied as a post-directed application. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

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COTTON - SOUTHERN AND WESTERN**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- **SOUTHERN COTTON:** Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender per season as a result of a single application or multiple applications. Do not apply within 90 days of harvest.
- **WESTERN COTTON:** Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre in a single application, or more than a total of 2 pints (1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple applications. Do not apply within 75 days of harvest.

COTTONWOOD**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender is an effective herbicide for postemergence and preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in cottonwood plantings. GoalTender may be applied postemergence or be post-directed to the base of the cottonwood tree. Applications must only be made prior to bud break to avoid possible phytotoxicity to the cottonwood foliage. Applications made after bud break may result in injury to the cottonwood plant and are not recommended.

DOSAGE

Apply 2 to 4 pints (1.0 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre for preemergence and postemergence weed control. The addition of 1 quart of an 80% active nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix will assist in spray coverage and wetting of weeds for postemergence control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When GoalTender is applied preemergence or postemergence to weed seedlings (not exceeding 6-leaf stage) at recommended dosages, the following broadleaf weeds are controlled:

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | MUSTARD, HEDGE |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

For optimum weed control, GoalTender should be applied prior to weed emergence. Preemergence applications should be made prior to or immediately after transplanting dormant cottonwood seedlings. Applications must be made prior to bud break of the cottonwood trees.

GoalTender should be applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Spray volume should be increased as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

COTTONWOOD**SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- GoalTender should only be applied to dormant healthy cottonwood stock.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per treated acre per growing season as a result of single or multiple applications.

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EUCALYPTUS**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender is an effective herbicide for postemergence and preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in permanently established eucalyptus (*E. viminalis*, *E. pulverulenta*, and *E. camaldulensis*) plantings. In new plantings, GoalTender should be applied immediately prior to or immediately following transplanting of dormant eucalyptus seedlings. In established plantings, GoalTender may be applied postemergence (over the top) or be post-directed to the base of the eucalyptus tree. Applications must only be made prior to bud break to avoid possible phytotoxicity to the eucalyptus foliage. Applications made after bud break may result in injury to the eucalyptus plant and are not recommended.

DOSAGE

Apply 2 to 4 pints (1.0 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre for preemergence and postemergence weed control. The addition of 1 quart of an 80% active nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mix will assist in spray coverage and wetting of weeds for postemergence control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When GoalTender is applied preemergence or postemergence to weed seedlings (not exceeding 6-leaf stage) at recommended dosages, the following broadleaf weeds are controlled:

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

| | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | MINERSLETTUCE |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | NETTLE, BURNING |
| † FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| † FILAREE, REDSTEM | REDMAIDS |
| † FILAREE, WHITESTEM | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| HENBIT | |

† GoalTender at the 4-pint rate (2.0 lb active) will provide control of filaree up to the 6-leaf stage.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| BURCLOVER | LETTUCE, PRICKLY |
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | REDMAIDS |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | ROCKET, LONDON |
| FILAREE, WHITESTEM | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| HENBIT | SPURGE, PROSTRATE |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | SPURGE, SPOTTED |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | |

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

For optimum weed control, GoalTender should be applied prior to weed emergence. Postemergence applications should be applied to seedling weeds (up to the 6-leaf stage). Applications must be made prior to bud break of either transplants or established eucalyptus trees.

GoalTender should be applied at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Spray volume should be increased as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

EUCALYPTUS

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SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- GoalTender should only be applied to dormant healthy eucalyptus stock.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per treated acre per growing season as a result of single or multiple applications.

FALLOW BED

GROUND OR AERIAL APPLICATION OF GoalTender ON FALLOW BEDS

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in a tank mix combination with glyphosate (Glyphomax) for the control of winter annual broadleaf weeds to be planted to the crops listed below.

MINIMUM TREATMENT-PLANTING INTERVAL

| DIRECT SEEDED CROPS | GoalTender Use Rate | |
|---|---|--------------------|
| | up to 0.5 pint/acre | up to 1 pint/acre |
| CARROT | 90 DAYS | 90 DAYS |
| POTATO | 60 DAYS | 60 DAYS |
| SUGAR BEET | 60 DAYS | 90 DAYS |
| OTHER ROOT/TUBER CROPS | 90 DAYS | 90 DAYS |
| ONIONS | 180 DAYS | 180 DAYS |
| OTHER BULB VEGETABLES | 180 DAYS | 180 DAYS |
| CABBAGE | 90 DAYS | 90 DAYS |
| CAULIFLOWER | 90 DAYS | 90 DAYS |
| OTHER BRASSICA CROPS | 120 DAY | 120 DAYS |
| LETTUCE | 90 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| OTHER LEAFY VEGETABLES (EXCEPT BRASSICA CROPS) | 120 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| PEPPER | 90 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| TOMATO | 60 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| OTHER FRUITING VEGETABLES | 120 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| CANTALOUPE | 60 DAYS | 90 DAYS |
| SQUASH | 90 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| WATERMELON | 60 DAYS | 60 DAYS |
| OTHER CUCURBITS | 90 DAYS | 120 DAYS |
| DRY BEANS | 60 DAYS | 60 DAYS |
| PEANUT | 60 DAYS | 60 DAYS |
| OTHER LEGUME VEGETABLES | 60 DAYS | 60 DAYS |
| SAFFLOWER | 60 DAYS | 60 DAYS |
| CEREAL GRAINS | 10 MONTHS | 10 MONTHS |
| (includes barley, buckwheat, corn, proso millet, pearl millet, oats, popcorn, rice, rye, sorghum, triticale, wheat, wild rice) | | |
| COTTON AND SOYBEAN | (See specific labeling for fallow beds to be planted to cotton or soybeans) | |
| TRANSPLANTED CROPS | GoalTender Use Rate | |
| | up to 0.5 pint/acre | up to 1 pints/acre |
| BROCCOLI | 0 DAYS | 30 DAYS |

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| | | |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| CABBAGE | 0 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| CAULIFLOWER | 0 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| CELERY | 30 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| CONIFER | 0 DAYS | 0 DAYS |
| GARLIC | 0 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| GRAPE/KIWI | 0 DAYS | 0 DAYS |
| ONION | 0 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| PEPPER | 30 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| STRAWBERRIES | 30 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| TOMATO | 30 DAYS | 30 DAYS |
| TREEFRUIT/NUT/CITRUS | 0 DAYS | 0 DAYS |

IMPORTANT:

The fallow beds should be worked thoroughly to a depth of at least 2.5 inches prior to planting; weed control should not be expected following breaking of the soil surface. FAILURE TO ACHIEVE THOROUGH AND COMPLETE INCORPORATION, OR TO FOLLOW THE RECOMMENDED TREATMENT-PLANTING INTERVAL, MAY RESULT IN STAND REDUCTION AND/OR VIGOR REDUCTION OF THE PLANTED CROP.

Crop injury may be enhanced if newly seeded crops or transplants are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, low soil temperatures, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects or diseases.

EXERCISE EXTREME CARE TO AVOID HERBICIDE CONTACT WITH ANY DESIRABLE DORMANT OR NON-DORMANT CROP, PLANT, TREE OR VEGETATION AS SEVERE INJURY MAY RESULT.

GoalTender USED ALONE**DOSAGE**

GoalTender may be applied at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre. The lower rate (0.5 pint per acre) should provide up to 4 weeks of preemergence control of susceptible weeds and provide postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 4-leaf stage). The higher rate (1 pint per acre) should provide preemergence control of susceptible weeds for up to 8 weeks and postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 6-leaf stage). Best preemergence control is achieved when irrigation or rainfall occurs within 3 or 4 weeks following application.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender should provide preemergence and postemergence[†] control of the following weeds when used at recommended dosages and weed stage.

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | MUSTARD, SPECIES |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | NETTLE, BURNING |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | REDMAIDS |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | ROCKET, LONDON |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| HENBIT | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MINERSLETTUCE | |

[†] Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of GoalTender. For postemergence control when applied by air, a tank mixture of GoalTender with glyphosate (Glyphomax) is recommended.

GoalTender is a contact herbicide; therefore, coverage is essential for acceptable postemergence control. If dense weed populations, oversized weed seedlings, volunteer grains, annual grasses or unfavorable environmental conditions exist, a tank mixture of GoalTender with glyphosate (Glyphomax) for postemergence control is recommended.

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TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mix, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSAGE

GoalTender can be tank mixed with glyphosate (Glyphomax) to obtain postemergence control of annual grass weeds, volunteer grains and broadleaf weeds. Tank mix 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) of GoalTender with labeled rates of glyphosate (Glyphomax). Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

METHOD OF APPLICATION**GROUND APPLICATION**

GoalTender should be applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. The volume of water used should be increased as the weeds become taller and more dense. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

AERIAL APPLICATION

GoalTender should be applied using swirl jet or hollow cone nozzles and a spray pressure less than 40 psi to deliver a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre (minimum 5 GPA for GoalTender/glyphosate (Glyphomax) tank mix). Applications should be made at a height of 6 to 10 feet above the soil surface. It is suggested that the nozzles on the spray booms should not be placed any closer to the wing or rotor tips than 3/4 of the span; this will minimize the formation of spray or wing tip vortice roll. Nozzles should be spaced and positioned to produce a uniform spray pattern and to minimize or eliminate the formation of droplets 100 microns or less in diameter.

AVOID DRIFT

WHEN APPLYING TO FALLOW BEDS, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT SPRAY DRIFT WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OTHER CROPS OR DESIRABLE VEGETATION. USE THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WHEN AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE TO BE MADE.

1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least 1/2 mile from all crops and desirable vegetation. except the following:
Maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of:
 - 150 feet from dormant treefruit/nut/vine crops and overwintering sugar beets.
 - 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets, and non-targeted vegetable fallow beds.
3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any non-targeted vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

The use of a drift control agent may be required by local regulations. However, the drift control agent may decrease the weed control activity.

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IMPORTANT

Aerial applicators must be familiar with the EPA-registered label and follow the use precautions. Spraying GoalTender in a manner other than as recommended is done at the user's risk. Users are responsible for all loss or damage that may result from such spraying. In addition, aerial applicators should follow all applicable state and local regulations and ordinances. In interpreting the label and local regulations, the most restrictive situations should apply to avoid drift hazards.

FALLOW BED - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per acre per fallow season.

FALLOW BED (COTTON/SOYBEANS)

GROUND OR AERIAL APPLICATION OF GoalTender ON FALLOW BEDS (TO BE PLANTED TO COTTON OR SOYBEANS)

NOT FOR USE ON FALLOW BEDS TO BE PLANTED TO SOYBEANS IN CALIFORNIA

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in a tank mix combination with glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone) for the control of winter annual broadleaf weeds in fallow beds to be planted to either cotton or soybeans. Do not apply GoalTender within 7 days prior to planting. The fallow beds should be worked thoroughly to a depth of at least 2 inches prior to planting. It is important to thoroughly break the soil surface prior to planting. Weed control should not be expected following breaking of the soil surface.

EXERCISE EXTREME CARE TO AVOID HERBICIDE CONTACT WITH ANY DESIRABLE DORMANT OR NON-DORMANT CROP, PLANT, TREE OR VEGETATION AS SEVERE INJURY MAY RESULT.

GoalTender USED ALONE**DOSAGE**

GoalTender may be applied at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre. The lower rate (0.5 pint per acre) should provide up to 4 weeks of preemergence control of susceptible weeds and provide postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 4-leaf stage). The higher rate (1 pint per acre) should provide preemergence control of susceptible weeds for up to 8 weeks and postemergence control of susceptible weeds (up to 6-leaf stage). Best preemergence control is achieved when irrigation or rainfall occurs within 3 or 4 weeks following application.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender should provide preemergence and postemergence[†] control of the following weeds when used at recommended dosages and weed stage.

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| BUTTERCUP, SMALLFLOWER | MUSTARD SPECIES |
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | NETTLE, BURNING |
| ^{††} EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | OXALIS |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | REDMAIDS |
| GERANIUM, CAROLINA | ROCKET, LONDON |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SIDA, PRICKLY |

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HENBIT
LADYSTHUMB
MINERSLETTUCE

SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL
VELVETLEAF (WILD COTTON)

† Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of GoalTender. For postemergence control when applied by air, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone) is recommended.

†† Requires maximum rate and/or multiple applications for effective control.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mix, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSAGE

GoalTender can be tank mixed with either glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone) to obtain postemergence control of annual grass weeds, volunteer grains and broadleaf weeds. Tank mix 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) of GoalTender with labeled rates of either glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone). Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

OUTSIDE OF CALIFORNIA: For enhanced contact activity (burndown/suppression) to either glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone), add GoalTender at a rate of 3.25 ounces (0.1 lb active) per acre to labeled rates of either glyphosate (Glyphomax) or paraquat (Gramoxone). Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner consistent with the respective labels.

If a fallow bed treatment is applied thirty days or more prior to planting and at least three significant rainfalls (0.25 inch or greater) have occurred following application, cotton or soybeans can be planted directly into the stale seedbed. If these conditions cannot be met, soil incorporation is required as directed above.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GROUND APPLICATION

GoalTender should be applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. The volume of water used should be increased as the weeds become taller and more dense. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

AERIAL APPLICATION

GoalTender should be applied using swirl jet or hollow cone nozzles and a spray pressure less than 40 psi to deliver a minimum spray volume of 5 gallons per acre (in California, minimum 10 GPA when applied alone or tank mixed with paraquat [Gramoxone]). Applications should be made at a height of 6 to 10 feet above the soil surface. It is suggested that the nozzles on the spray booms should not be placed any closer to the wing or rotor tips than 3/4 of the span; this will minimize the formation of spray or wing tip vortice roll. Nozzles should be spaced and positioned to produce a uniform spray pattern and to minimize or eliminate the formation of droplets 100 microns or less in diameter.

AVOID DRIFT

WHEN APPLYING TO FALLOW BEDS, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT SPRAY DRIFT WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OTHER CROPS OR DESIRABLE VEGETATION. USE THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WHEN AERIAL APPLICATIONS ARE TO BE MADE.

1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least 1/2 mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except the following:

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Maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of:

- 150 feet from dormant treefruit/nut/vine crops and overwintering sugar beets.
 - 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets, and non-targeted vegetable fallow beds.
3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
 4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any non-targeted vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

The use of a drift control agent may be required by local regulations. However, the drift control agent may decrease the weed control activity.

IMPORTANT

Aerial applicators must be familiar with the EPA-registered label and follow the use precautions. Spraying GoalTender in a manner other than as recommended is done at the user's risk. Users are responsible for all loss or damage that results from such spraying. In addition, aerial applicators should follow all applicable state and local regulations and ordinances. In interpreting the label and local regulations, the most restrictive situations should apply to avoid drift hazards.

FALLOW BED (COTTON/SOYBEANS)

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per acre per fallow season.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 7 days prior to planting of cotton or soybeans.

FALLOW LAND

FOR USE ONLY IN IDAHO, OREGON AND WASHINGTON

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in a tank mix combination with glyphosate (Glyphomax Herbicide) for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in a fallow land system. GoalTender can be used as an effective tool to reduce weed growth prior to the establishment of a dry soil mulch. Use of this product is restricted to summer fallow land that will be planted back the following year to winter wheat, barley or oats.

GoalTender USED ALONE

DOSAGE

GoalTender should be used at 0.25 to 1 pint (0.12 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide postemergence control and preemergence activity of the following broadleaf weeds when used at recommended dosages.

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| HENBIT | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| LETTUCE, PRICKLY (CHINA LETTUCE) | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| MUSTARD, BLUE (PURPLE MUSTARD) | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MUSTARD, TUMBLE (JIM HILL MUSTARD) | |

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

The most effective postemergence weed control is achieved when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds (less than 4 inches in height). Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide during emergence.

GoalTender should be applied in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Use a low pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

DOSAGE

For postemergence control of annual grass weeds, GoalTender can be tank mixed with glyphosate (Glyphomax). Tank mix 0.25 to 1 pint (0.12 to 0.5 lb active) of GoalTender with 0.75 to 1 pint (0.38 to 0.5 lb active) of glyphosate (Glyphomax) for each acre treated. Refer to the FALLOW AND REDUCED TILLAGE SYSTEM section on the glyphosate (Glyphomax) label for specific use directions and restrictions. Fill the spray tank at least one-third full of clean water and add the recommended amounts of GoalTender and glyphosate (Glyphomax) while the pump and agitator are running. Complete filling of the spray tank with water. Add 1 quart of an 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for use on growing crops, per 100 gallons of spray. Maintain agitation until spraying is complete.

FALLOW LAND - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

GARBANZO BEANS

FOR USE ONLY IN ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in garbanzo beans. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to clean, weed-free soil surfaces. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Timely cultivations will usually assist in weed control.

Garbanzo beans are tolerant to preemergence applications of GoalTender, however, under certain conditions, GoalTender can cause severe but temporary crop injury. Heavy splashing rain shortly after crop emergence or wet soil conditions during early growth stages can produce leaf cupping, crinkling, stunting or defoliation of the garbanzo seedlings. When injury occurs, it is often limited to the first few leaves that develop shortly after crop plants emerge from the soil. Delays in crop development and/or maturity may result. Garbanzo beans do recover from this injury with little to no impact on yield.

GoalTender USED ALONE**DOSAGE**

GoalTender is recommended for preemergence control of susceptible winter annual broadleaf weeds at 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

GoalTender used alone at recommended dosages provides preemergence control of the following broadleaf weeds:

GROUNDSEL, COMMON
MALLOW, LITTLE

ROCKET, LONDON
SHEPHERDSPURSE

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

As a preemergence application, apply in a minimum of 25 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment to make a single broadcast application, after planting but prior to weed and crop emergence, with flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

GARBANZO BEANS - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in a single application.
- For application only in Arizona and California.
- Do not feed bean, vines or hay.

GARLIC**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be used as a postemergence application to direct-seeded and transplanted garlic for early postemergence control of listed annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Initial spray application should be made only when the garlic plants have reached the development stage specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label. On garlic transplants spray as soon after transplanting as practical. GoalTender can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailling or stunting of the garlic plants. Injury will be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if applications are made prior to the development stage of the garlic plants as specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label.

DOSAGE**SEEDED GARLIC****NORTHEASTERN STATES (CONNECTICUT, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, RHODE ISLAND AND VERMONT)**

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 2 fluid ounces (0.03 to 0.06 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to seeded garlic that has at least three (3) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rate may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

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WESTERN STATES (ARIZONA, COLORADO, IDAHO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, OREGON, TEXAS, UTAH AND WASHINGTON)

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 to 0.5 pint (0.12 to 0.25 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to garlic that has at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1.25 pints (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

CALIFORNIA ONLY

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is a selective for preemergence use (by air, ground, or sprinkler application), post-direct use when applied by ground equipment, or postemergence (over the top) application when applied via sprinkler irrigation for control of listed broadleaf and grass weeds in garlic in California.

Chemigation: For application using only solid set or portable lateral sprinkler irrigation systems, apply GoalTender at the recommended broadcast application rate per acre as described below. Follow the application directions for "Sprinkler Chemigation" given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label.

Preemergence Garlic Applications in California

Apply GoalTender at a rate of 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) per broadcast acre as a preemergence application to garlic. Methods of application may be ground, sprinkler, or aerial.

Ground Application: If applied using ground application equipment, GoalTender should be applied in a minimum of 20 gallons per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat nozzles at 20 to 40 psi.

Sprinkler Chemigation: Apply GoalTender at the recommended broadcast application rate. Sufficient sprinkler irrigation water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

Aerial Application: If applied using aerial application, GoalTender should be applied using swirl jet or hollow cone nozzles and a spray pressure less than 40 psi to deliver a minimum spray volume of 10 gallons per acre. Applications should be made at a height of 6 to 10 feet above the soil surface. It is suggested that the nozzles on the spray booms should not be placed any closer to the wing or rotor tips than 3/4 of the span; this will minimize the formation of spray or wing tip vortice roll. Nozzles should be spaced and positioned to produce a uniform spray pattern and to minimize or eliminate the formation of droplets 100 microns or less in diameter.

Garlic Response to Preemergence Applications with GoalTender: A chlorotic band around some of the leaves may be observed after the first irrigation (or rainfall) following garlic emergence. Symptoms may be more severe if garlic emerges under cool, wet, overcast, or foggy weather. This condition is temporary and should not affect the vigor or development of the garlic plant.

Postemergence (and Directed) Garlic Applications in California

Apply GoalTender at rates up to 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) per broadcast acre as a postemergence (or directed) application in garlic. The garlic must be at least 12 inches in height at application. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young, and actively growing. Methods of application may be post-directed or by sprinkler chemigation.

Post Direct Application: For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender spray is essential for effective weed control and to minimize garlic injury. As a directed, postemergence application, GoalTender should be applied using a low-pressure sprayer using a minimum of 20 gallons of spray on a broadcast acre basis. Apply GoalTender

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as a directed treatment to the soil area at the base of the plants and to the adjacent bed top and furrow areas. Nozzles should be adjusted to cover the weed foliage with minimum contact to the garlic plant. Reduce tractor speed and smooth furrows to minimize excessive bouncing of the spray boom.

Sprinkler Chemigation: Apply GoalTender at the recommended broadcast application rate. Sufficient sprinkler irrigation water should be applied to insure water penetration to a depth of two inches.

Garlic Response to Postemergence Applications with GoalTender: GoalTender may cause chlorotic leaf banding, necrotic lesions, or stunting of the garlic plants. Symptoms will be more severe if applications are made during cool, wet, overcast, or foggy weather. Garlic will outgrow these conditions and continue to develop normally.

AVOID DRIFT: WHEN APPLYING GoalTender TO GARLIC IN CALIFORNIA, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT SPRAY DRIFT WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OTHER CROPS OR DESIRABLE VEGETATION. WHEN APPLYING BY AIR OR THROUGH SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS, USE THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES:

1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least ½ mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except the following:
Maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of:
 - 150 feet from dormant treefruit, dormant vines, and overwintering sugar beets.
 - 650 feet from jojoba, legumes, small grains, seedling sugar beets, pastures, and vegetable fallow beds.
3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

Cultural Considerations for use in California

On mineral soils, in order to provide maximum preemergence activity, the soil surface should be smooth and free of excessive trash (clippings, dead weeds, etc.). Cultural practices that result in redistribution or disturbance of the soil surface after spraying or that mix untreated soil in treated areas will reduce the effectiveness of the treatment. The best results from GoalTender are from applications on established beds that are left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired.

ALL OTHER STATES

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 pint (0.12 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to garlic that has at least two (2) true leaves. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

TRANSPLANTED GARLIC

Transplanted garlic is most tolerant of a postemergence application immediately after transplanting. For all states except the northeastern states listed under the DOSAGE - SEEDED GARLIC section, an application of up to 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per acre within two days after transplanting may be made. If less than 1.25 pints per acre is applied, a second application can be made two weeks or more after transplanting. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

For transplanted garlic in the northeastern states, apply the same rates listed in the DOSAGE - SEEDED section within two days after transplanting.

Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

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Band Width (in inches) X Rate per. = Amount Needed per Acre
 Row Width (in inches) Broadcast Acre for Banded Application

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide postemergence control of the following weeds when applied at the recommended dosage and leaf stage (2 to 4 leaves).

| | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| CANARYGRASS (ANNUAL) | PUNCTUREVINE |
| EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | † PURSLANE, COMMON |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | ROCKET, LONDON |
| MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA) | SAGE, LANCELEAF |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | † SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| † PIGWEED, PROSTRATE | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| † PIGWEED, REDROOT | |

† Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in Northeastern States (see DOSAGE section).

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

For best postemergence control of susceptible weeds, apply when the weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage. Application of GoalTender after the weeds exceed the maximum leaf stage may result in reduced weed control. More than one postemergence application may be necessary to control subsequent weed flushes. GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump, and boom) with water before and after each use. Residual GoalTender remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops.

GARLIC - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- in all states except Northeastern states, do not start spraying until the garlic (direct seeded) have two (2) fully developed true leaves. In the Northeastern states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont), do not start spraying until the garlic (direct seeded) have three (3) fully developed true leaves. Applications made prior to the recommended garlic development stage may result in serious injury and is not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per acre of GoalTender during one use season.
- Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Use only on dry bulb garlic.
- Do not apply to garlic grown for seed.
- Do not mix GoalTender with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers or pesticides except as specified on other approved Dow AgroSciences Supplemental Labeling.
- Do not apply GoalTender preemergence to direct-seeded garlic.
- Do not apply to garlic plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes or diseases.

GUAVA**FOR USE ONLY IN HAWAII****GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence herbicide when used alone for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in bearing and nonbearing guava plantings.

For broader spectrum postemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of either paraquat (Gramoxone Herbicide) or glyphosate (Glyphomax Herbicide) with GoalTender can be applied to seedling weeds. Check labels of tank mix partners to determine suitability and use rates for crop.

GoalTender USED ALONE**DOSAGE**

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control of susceptible weeds at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-leaf stage may result in partial control.

PURSLANE, COMMON

SPURGE, GARDEN

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

Apply 2.55 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

AGERATUM

PURSLANE, COMMON

EUTTONWEED

SPURGE, GARDEN

CROTALARIA

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

Treatments should be applied only to healthy guava trees. Care must be taken to prevent direct spray or drift from contacting green stems, fruit or foliage, as injury may result. Applications should be made only after new foliage has hardened off, or injury may result.

As a preemergence or postemergence treatment to weeds, apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Use higher volumes to assure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. GoalTender should be directed to the soil and the base of the tree. Use of a low pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan or off-center (OC) nozzles is recommended. An off-center nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. Spray shields are suggested for use in young trees.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSAGE

For postemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in guava plantings, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) can be used. Apply at recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

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WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

In addition to the weeds controlled by GoalTender used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

paraquat (Gramoxone)
glyphosate (Glyphomax)

GUAVA - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in a single application or more than 8 pints (4.0 lbs active) per season.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 1 day of harvest.
- Direct spray toward the base of the trees. Avoid direct plant contact.
- GoalTender or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied to only healthy growing trees.
- GoalTender applications should be made only after new foliage has hardened off.

HORSERADISH**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender is a selective herbicide recommended for preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds. Applications must be made after the horseradish roots have been planted and prior to plant emergence. (Emerged plants that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured.) It may be desirable to cultivate immediately prior to application to remove germinated weeds.

Do not use GoalTender on horseradish plantings that are weak, or under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought or excessive moisture.

DOSAGE

Apply GoalTender at a rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre as a preemergence application to horseradish.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide preemergence control of the following weeds when used at the recommended dosage:

| | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| PIGWEEED, REDROOT | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| PURSLANE, COMMON | |

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use.

HORSERADISH - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre as a single application.

JOJOBA**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be used for postemergence and preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in jojoba. GoalTender should be post-directed to the base of the jojoba plant to avoid possible phytotoxicity to the jojoba foliage. Over-the-top applications may exhibit burning, crinkling or bronzing of jojoba foliage, particularly to the youngest leaves, flowers, or buds present at the time of application.

DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence and preemergence control of susceptible seedling weeds (up to 12 inches in height) at 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre. For optimum residual control, apply during the fall or winter. For early postemergence control of susceptible seedling weeds (less than 8 inches in height) apply GoalTender at a rate of 2 pints (1.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | MINERSLETTUCE |
| †† FILAREE, BROADLEAF | NETTLE, BURNING |
| †† FILAREE, REDSTEM | † PIGWEED, REDROOT |
| †† FILAREE, WHITESTEM | REDMAIDS |
| † GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| HENBIT | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA, CHEESEWEED) | |

† Highest rate may be required for acceptable postemergence control.

†† GoalTender at the 4-pint rate (2.0 lbs active) will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

| | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| BURCLOVER | LETTUCE, PRICKLY |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA, CHEESEWEED) |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PIGWEED, REDROOT |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| FILAREE, WHITESTEM | REDMAIDS |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | ROCKET, LONDON |
| HENBIT | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | |

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

Apply the first application of GoalTender after jojoba plants have grown to a minimum 6-inch height or greater. Additional applications should be applied as needed for post and preemergence weed control. Weed height should not exceed 12 inches or unsatisfactory weed control may result.

GoalTender should be applied in a minimum spray volume of 40 gallons of water per acre depending upon density of emerged weeds. Spray volume should be increased as weed height and density increase. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

JOJOBA - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Avoid direct spray or drift contact of GoalTender with jojoba flowers or buds as severe injury may result.
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast care in a single application.

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MINT (SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT)**FOR USE ONLY IN CALIFORNIA, IDAHO, MONTANA, NEVADA, OREGON, SOUTH DAKOTA, UTAH AND WASHINGTON****GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be applied for the control of listed annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in spearmint and peppermint grown in California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah and Washington. Applications should only be made to spearmint and peppermint during the dormant period.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

Application must be made prior to new spring growth or severe crop injury may result. GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentration and applied at 20 to 40 psi in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When GoalTender is applied as a dormant application at recommended dosages in spearmint and peppermint, the following annual weeds are controlled:

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| BEDSTRAW, CATCHWEED | † OATS, WILD |
| † BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | ORACH, RED |
| FLIXWEED | PEPPERWEED, YELLOWFLOWER |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | PIGWEED, REDROOT |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | † RYEGRASS, ITALIAN |
| LETTUCE, PRICKLY (CHINA LETTUCE) | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| MUSTARD, BLUE (PURPLE MUSTARD) | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MUSTARD, TUMBLE (JIM HILL MUSTARD) | TANSYMUSTARD |
| NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY | THISTLE, RUSSIAN |

† Control of annual grasses is best obtained when GoalTender is applied prior to emergence.

Postemergence control of winter annual grasses is generally unsatisfactory if applications are made after the 1 to 2-leaf stage.

WESTERN OREGON**PEPPERMINT (WILLAMETTE VALLEY)**

Apply 1 to 1.5 pints (0.5 to 0.75 lb active) of GoalTender from November through February to dormant peppermint only. Treatments in January or February generally provide better residual preemergence control of annual broadleaf weeds. Full season weed control should not be expected from this treatment.

- **DO NOT APPLY GoalTender IN THE WILLAMETTE VALLEY TO MINT THAT HAS BEEN PLOWED.**

OREGON AND WASHINGTON (EAST OF CASCADES)**CALIFORNIA, MONTANA, IDAHO, NEVADA, SOUTH DAKOTA AND UTAH.****SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT**

Apply 2 to 4 pints (1 to 2 lb active) of GoalTender from December through March to dormant mint only. Later winter applications will provide maximum activity on summer weeds. Summer grass control may be inconsistent. For best results, fall-plowed fields should be harrowed to provide a smooth surface prior to application. Plowed fields should not be harrowed after GoalTender has been applied, as soil disturbance will decrease the herbicidal effectiveness. In furrow-irrigated fields, corrugating must be done prior to application. Corrugating after application can cover treated rows with untreated soil, resulting in poor weed control.

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**MINT (SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT)
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than one application of GoalTender per season.
- Apply GoalTender only to healthy spearmint and peppermint. Do not apply to spearmint or peppermint that has been weakened by disease, drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer, soil salts, previously applied pesticides, nematodes, insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.

MINT (SPEARMINT AND PEPPERMINT) GROWN IN MUCK SOILS

FOR USE ONLY ON MINT GROWN ON MUCK SOILS IN INDIANA, MICHIGAN, MONTANA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, WISCONSIN

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender may be used for the control of listed annual broadleafs weed in dormant spearmint and peppermint grown on muck soils. **Note:** If applied after spearmint and peppermint emerge, severe injury will result. Applications made to first year spearmint or peppermint should be made within four (4) days of planting (sprigging) to prevent excessive crop injury.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE AND PREEMERGENCE

When GoalTender is applied at recommended dosages in spearmint and peppermint, the following weeds are controlled:

KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE
PIGWEEED, REDROOT

PURSLANE, COMMON

DOSAGE

GoalTender should be applied at a rate of 2 to 3 pints (1.0 to 1.5 lb active ingredient) per acre. Apply in a spray volume of 20 to 40 gallons per acre of clean water at 20 to 40 psi. When used postemergence (to weed), add an 80% active ingredient nonionic surfactant at the rate of one quart per 100 gallons of spray solution. Applications should be made before the weeds exceed four inches. It is important that applications of GoalTender be made prior to the emergence of the spearmint or peppermint.

FOR USE ONLY ON MINT GROWN ON MUCK SOILS IN INDIANA, MICHIGAN, MONTANA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA, WISCONSIN

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Use directions in this section of the label for GoalTender are applicable only to spearmint and peppermint grown on muck soils (muck soils should have organic matter content of 20% or greater).
- Apply GoalTender only to healthy spearmint or peppermint. Do not apply to spearmint or peppermint that has been weakened by disease, nematodes, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.
- Do not apply GoalTender to mint that has emerged.
- Applications to first-year spearmint or peppermint should be made within four (4) days of planting (sprigging).

NON-CROP USE

NON-FOOD-PRODUCING, NON-CULTIVATED AGRICULTURAL OR NON-AGRICULTURAL

AREAS, SUCH AS HIGHWAY AND UTILITY RIGHTS-OF-WAY, INDUSTRIAL SITES, TANK FARMS, STORAGE AREAS, AIRPORTS, FENCEROWS, AND FARMSTEADS

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence and preemergence control of listed broadleaf weeds in non-crop areas.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (weeds up to 4 inches high): Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. The lower rate in the rate range is recommended for control of susceptible weeds in the early postemergence stage, less than 4 inches in height. The higher rate (2.0 lb active) should be used for weeds up to 12 inches in height. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

CHEESEWEED (MALVA)
 FIDDLENECK, COAST
 FILAREE, BROADLEAF
 FILAREE, REDSTEM
 GROUNDSEL, COMMON
 HENBIT
 MINERSLETTUCE
 NETTLE, BURNING
 PIGWEED, REDROOT
 PURSLANE, COMMON
 REDMAIDS
 SHEPHERDSPURSE
 SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE: Apply 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

BURCLOVER
 CHEESEWEED (MALVA)
 FIDDLENECK, COAST
 FILAREE, BROADLEAF
 FILAREE, REDSTEM
 GROUNDSEL, COMMON
 HENBIT
 KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE
 LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON
 LETTUCE, PRICKLY
 PIGWEED, REDROOT
 PURSLANE, COMMON
 REDMAIDS
 ROCKET, LONDON
 SHEPHERDSPURSE
 SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Best preemergence results are achieved when spray is applied to a relatively weed free soil surface. The volume of water used should be increased as the weeds become taller and more dense. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with flat fan nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

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IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

DOSAGE

For preemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of GoalTender with diuron (Karmex) or simazine can be applied. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

For postemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture with paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) with GoalTender can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not feed or allow animals to graze on any areas treated with GoalTender.

ONIONS

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender may be used as a postemergence application to direct-seeded and transplanted onions for early postemergence control of listed annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Initial spray application should be made only when the onions have reached the development stage specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label. On onion transplants spray as soon before or after transplanting as practical. GoalTender can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailling or stunting of the onion plants. Injury will be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if applications are made prior to the development stage of the onion plants as specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label.

DOSAGE

SEEDED ONIONS

NORTHEASTERN STATES (CONNECTICUT, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, RHODE ISLAND AND VERMONT)

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 2 fluid ounces (0.03 to 0.06 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to seeded onions that have *at least three (3) true leaves*. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rate may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

WESTERN STATES (ARIZONA, CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, IDAHO, NEVADA, NEW MEXICO, OREGON, TEXAS, UTAH AND WASHINGTON)

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 to 0.5 pint (0.12 to 0.25 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to onions that have *at least two (2) true leaves*. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

CHEMIGATION: For application using sprinkler irrigation (solid set or portable lateral) systems, apply specified dosage of GoalTender per acre as described in this section. Follow all directions given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label when making applications using irrigation systems.

AVOID DRIFT

WHEN APPLYING TO ONIONS, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT SPRAY DRIFT WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OTHER CROPS OR DESIRABLE VEGETATION. USE THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WHEN APPLICATIONS OF GoalTender ARE TO BE MADE THROUGH THE SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEM:

1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least ½ mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except for the following:
Maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of:
 - 150 feet from dormant treefruit, dormant vines and overwintering sugar beets.
 - 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets and vegetable fallow beds.
3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

ALL OTHER STATES

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 0.25 pints (0.12 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to onions that have *at least two (2) true leaves*. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

TRANSPLANTED ONIONS

POST TRANSPLANT: Transplanted onions are most tolerant of a postemergence application immediately after transplanting. For all states except the northeastern states listed under the DOSAGE - SEEDED ONIONS section, an application of up to 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per acre within two days after transplanting may be made. If less than 1 pint per acre is applied, a second application can be made two weeks or more after transplanting. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

CHEMIGATION: For application using sprinkler irrigation (solid set or portable lateral) systems, apply specified dosage of GoalTender per acre as described in this section. Follow all directions given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label when making applications using irrigation systems.

For transplanted onions in the northeastern states, apply the same rates listed in the DOSAGE - SEEDED ONIONS section within two days after transplanting.

PRE-TRANSPLANT: (Not for use in Northeastern or Western states, except as specifically directed on other approved supplemental labeling.) GoalTender is recommended for use as a pre-transplant application at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre. Applications must be made after completion of soil preparation, but prior to transplanting of onion plants. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. Treated soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting to obtain greatest benefit of Goal herbicide on susceptible annual broadleaf weeds during the time period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivations after weed emergence will assist in weed control. If less than 1 pint per acre is applied as a pre-transplant treatment, postemergence applications can be made as instructed in the DOSAGE - SEEDED ONIONS section of this label. Do not exceed the maximum use rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

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WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide postemergence control of the following weeds when applied at the recommended dosage and leaf stage (2 to 4 leaves):

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CANARYGRASS (ANNUAL) | PUNCTUREVINE |
| ^a EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | ^{ab} PURSLANE, COMMON |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | ROCKET, LONDON |
| MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA) | SAGE, LANCELEAF |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | ^b SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| ^b PIGWEED, PROSTRATE | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| ^{ab} PIGWEED, REDROOT | |

^a Weeds controlled when applied as a pre-transplant application. In addition, GoalTender at the rate of 1 to 1 pint per acre will provide control/suppression of carpetweed, Pennsylvania smartweed, galinsoga, common lambsquarters, and wild mustard. Applications of GoalTender to muck soils may result in partial control or suppression of the weeds listed.

^b Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in northeastern states (see DOSAGE section).

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

For best postemergence control of susceptible weeds, apply when the weeds are in the 2-to 4-leaf stage. Application of GoalTender after the weeds exceed the maximum leaf stage may result in reduced weed control. More than one postemergence application may be necessary to control subsequent weed flushes.

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump, and boom) with water before and after each use. Residual GoalTender remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops.

ONIONS - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- In all states, except Northeastern states, do not start spraying until the onions (direct-seeded) *have two (2) fully developed true leaves*. In the Northeastern states (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont), do not start spraying until the onions (direct-seeded) *have three (3) fully developed true leaves*. Applications made prior to the recommended onion development stage may result in serious injury and is not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pints (0.5 lb active) per acre of GoalTender during one use season.
- Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.
- Use only on dry bulb onions.
- Do not apply to onions grown for seed, except as specified on other approved supplemental labeling.
- Tank mixtures of GoalTender with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers or other pesticides may result in enhanced crop response/injury and are the responsibility of the user.
- Do not apply GoalTender preemergence to direct-seeded onions.
- Do not apply to onion plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes or diseases.

ONIONS GROWN FOR SEED**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be used as a postemergence application to onions grown for seed, for early postemergence control of listed annual broadleaf and grass weeds. Initial spray application should be made only when the onions have reached the development stage specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label. GoalTender can cause necrotic lesions, twisting, pigtailling or stunting of the onion plants. Injury will be more severe if applications are made immediately following or during cool, wet weather and/or if applications are made prior to the development stage of the onion plants as specified in the DOSAGE section and the SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS section of this label.

NOTICE: Some varieties or inbred lines of onions may be more susceptible to GoalTender. Care should be taken to insure that the particular onion variety or line being grown is tolerant to GoalTender. It is suggested that all onion varieties or lines be tested in limited areas to ensure an adequate level of crop tolerance prior to an application for postemergence weed control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide postemergence control of the following weeds when applied at the recommended dosage and leaf stage (2 to 4 leaves):

| | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|
| CANARYGRASS (ANNUAL) | PUNCTUREVINE |
| EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | † PURSLANE, COMMON |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | ROCKET, LONDON |
| MALLOW, LITTLE (MALVA) | SAGE, LANCELEAF |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| † PIGWEED, PROSTRATE | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| † PIGWEED, REDROOT | |

† Specific weeds controlled at rates recommended for use in northeastern states (see DOSAGE section).

DOSAGE

NORTHEASTERN STATES (CONNECTICUT, MAINE, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW HAMPSHIRE, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, RHODE ISLAND AND VERMONT)

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at a maximum use rate of 1 fluid ounces (0.03 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to seeded onions that have *at least four (4) true leaves*. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rate may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender as a result of multiple applications in one season.

ALL OTHER STATES

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at a maximum use rate of 0.25 pint (0.125 lb active) per acre when applied postemergence to onions that have *at least three (3) true leaves*. Multiple treatments at the aforementioned rates may be applied. Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in one season.

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

For best postemergence control of susceptible weeds, apply when the weeds are in the 2 to 4-leaf stage. Application of GoalTender after the weeds exceed the maximum leaf stage may result in reduced weed control. More than one postemergence application may be necessary to control subsequent weed flushes.

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles, at 20 to 40 psi. Do not exceed 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use. Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump, and boom) with water before and after each use. Residual GoalTender remaining in spray equipment may damage other crops.

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CHEMIGATION: For application using sprinkler irrigation (solid set or portable lateral) systems, apply specified dosage of GoalTender per acre as described above. Follow all directions given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label when making applications using irrigation systems.

DO NOT APPLY WHEN WEATHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT. AVOID DRIFT TO ALL NON-TARGET AREAS. GOALTENDER IS PHYTOTOXIC TO PLANT FOLIAGE.

AVOID DRIFT

WHEN APPLYING TO ONIONS, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO PREVENT SPRAY DRIFT WHICH COULD RESULT IN DAMAGE TO OTHER CROPS OR DESIRABLE VEGETATION. USE THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES WHEN APPLICATIONS OF GoalTender ARE TO BE MADE THROUGH THE SPRINKLER IRRIGATION SYSTEM:

1. Do not apply when the wind direction is not stable, when inversion conditions exist, or when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph.
2. When wind speeds are 5 mph or less, maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of at least ½ mile from all crops and desirable vegetation, except for the following:
Maintain a minimum downwind buffer zone of:
 - 150 feet from dormant treefruit, dormant vines and overwintering sugar beets.
 - 650 feet from garlic, jojoba, legumes, onions, pastures, small grains, seedling sugar beets and vegetable fallow beds.
3. When wind speeds are between 5 and 10 mph, downwind buffer zones in excess of those listed above are suggested.
4. For upwind and side borders, maintain a minimum buffer zone of 150 feet from any vegetable fallow bed, crop, or desirable vegetation.

ONIONS GROWN FOR SEED

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- In all states, do not start spraying until the onions have reached the minimum leaf stage specified in the DOSAGE section of this label. Applications made prior to recommended stage of onion development may result in serious injury and is not recommended.
- Do not apply more than a total of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per acre of GoalTender during one use season.
- Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not mix GoalTender with oils, surfactants, liquid fertilizers or other pesticides except as specified on other approved Dow AgroSciences Supplemental Labeling.
- Do not apply to onion plants that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, wind injury, hail, frost damage, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects or diseases.

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PAPAYA
FOR USE ONLY IN HAWAII**GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be used as a post-directed application for broadleaf weed control in papaya. Occasionally, after the use of GoalTender, a spotting, crinkling or flecking may appear on the leaves of the papaya. Leaves or green stalks that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured.

Do not use GoalTender on papaya plantings that are weak, or under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought or excessive moisture.

DOSAGE AND TIMING

Apply GoalTender at a rate of 2 pints (1.0 lb active) per broadcast acre as a directed spray to the orchard floor. The initial application should occur no earlier than 4 months after transplanting or 6 months after direct seeding, and after the papaya has reached a minimum height of 4 feet. Applications may be repeated at approximate 4-month intervals.

GoalTender provides effective control of susceptible weed seedlings in the 4-leaf stage. Do not apply more than 2.0 pints (1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre in a single application, or more than 6.0 pints (3.0 lb active) per broadcast acre per year as a result of multiple applications.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds when used at the recommended dosage. Application to weeds beyond the 4-leaf stage may result in partial control:

AMARANTH, SPINY

SPURGE, GARDEN

PURSLANE, COMMON

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per broadcast acre. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use.

Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender is essential for effective weed control and to minimize crop injury. GoalTender must be applied as a directed spray to the orchard floor beneath the papaya plants. Do not allow the herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist to contact green bark, stems, fruit or foliage as injury may result. GoalTender must be applied using rigid precision ground sprayer equipment.

PAPAYA - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not allow herbicide solution, spray, drift or mist to contact green bark, stems, fruit or foliage as injury may result.
- Do not apply more than 2.0 pints (1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre in a single directed spray or more than 6 pints (3.0 lb active) per broadcast acre per year as a result of multiple applications.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 1 day of harvest.
- For use only in papaya grown in Hawaii.

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SOYBEANS

NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and postemergence (post-directed) herbicide for the control of broadleaf weeds in soybeans. Applications can be made early preplant in conservation tillage soybeans, preemergence in no-till (double-crop) and conventional soybeans, or post-directed in conventional till soybeans. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the herbicide either during emergence or through a post-directed application. Follow specific use directions and restrictions for recommended use and timing of applications.

Soybeans are tolerant to preemergence and post-directed applications of recommended dosages of GoalTender; however, under certain conditions, GoalTender can cause temporary injury. Heavy splashing rain shortly after crop emergence or cold, wet soil conditions during early growth stages can produce leaf cupping and crinkling. When injury occurs, it is generally limited to the first few leaves that develop shortly after crop plants emerge from the soil. Soybeans recover from this injury and yields are not adversely affected. Soybean leaves that are accidentally sprayed during a post-directed application will exhibit necrotic spotting and injury to the soybean plant. Therefore, care must be exercised to avoid spray contact with the soybean leaves.

DOSAGE AND TIMING

CONSERVATION TILLAGE

SOYBEANS EARLY PREPLANT

GoalTender is effective for preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds when surface applied at 0.75 to 1.5 pints (0.38 to 0.75 lb active) per broadcast acre to the stale seedbed prior to the planting of conservation tillage soybeans. It is suggested that applications be made approximately 14 days prior to planting. The higher rate of 1 to 1.5 pints (0.5 to 0.75 lbs active) will assist in early season annual grass control. However, GoalTender must not be a basic portion of the grass herbicide program. A planned program utilizing herbicides registered for early preplant, preemergence or postemergence grass control in soybeans is recommended.

The use of ridge or slot planters or other planting equipment that results in minimal soil disturbance is recommended. Soil surfaces should not be disturbed as the herbicidal effectiveness of GoalTender may be decreased. Seedling weeds are controlled as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide during emergence. Timely cultivations will usually assist in weed control.

NO-TILL (DOUBLE-CROP) SOYBEANS

PREEMERGENCE

GoalTender is effective for preemergence and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds when applied at 0.25 to 1 pint (0.12 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre.

For postemergence control of listed grass and broadleaf weeds a tank mix of either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) with GoalTender can be used.

For residual grass control in no-till soybeans, a tank mixture of Bronco[®] Herbicide, Dual Magnum, Lasso, or Surflan with GoalTender or combinations of GoalTender plus paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) can be used. Follow specific use directions and restrictions for these combination tank mixes. Application should be made within one day after planting. Later applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended.

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WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

GoalTender used alone, at recommended dosages, provides preemergence control of the following broadleaf weeds:

| | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| † GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | POINSETTIA, WILD |
| JIMSONWEED | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) |
| † NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| † NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | † SOWTHISTLE, COMMON |
| PIGWEEED, REDROOT | VELVETLEAF |

† Suppression of this weed occurs when GoalTender is applied at the reduced rate recommended for the GoalTender/metribuzin tank mix combination.

**WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE
(POST-DIRECTED APPLICATION)**

When GoalTender is applied as a post-direct application at the recommended weed stage and dosage in soybeans, the following weeds are controlled:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| COCKLEBUR, COMMON | NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY |
| CROTON, TROPIC | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | † POINSETTIA, WILD |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| JIMSONWEED | SESBANIA, HEMP |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL (UP TO 6 LEAF) | †† SICKLEPOD |
| MUSTARD, WILD | † SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | VELVETLEAF |

† Multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

†† Post-direct applications of GoalTender will kill or suppress seedlings not exceeding the one true leaf stage.

Two pints of an 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops, per each 100 gallons of spray solution are suggested in all tank mixtures containing GoalTender when postemergence weed control is desired.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

GoalTender when applied at 0.4 to 0.4 pint (0.16 to 0.2 lb active) per acre as a tank mix combination with metribuzin (Sencor[®] DF Herbicide or Lexone[®] DF Herbicide) at 0.33 lb product (0.25 lb active) per acre is effective for preemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds. Do not apply this tank mix to sandy soils or coarse soils (sandy loam or loamy sand) containing less than 2% organic matter. Do not use on soils with less than 1/2% organic matter, or on alkaline soils with a pH above 7.4 as crop injury may occur. Application should be made within one day following planting. Later applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended. The GoalTender/metribuzin herbicide tank mix may be applied as a preemergence application following a preplant incorporated grass herbicide treatment or as a three-way tank mix in a preemergence application with either Dual Magnum, Lasso or Surflan.

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

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DOSAGE

Refer to the following tables for labeled use rates.

**NO-TILL (DOUBLE-CROP) SOYBEANS
PREEMERGENCE**

| RATE OF PRODUCT PER BROADCAST ACRE (PINTS PER ACRE) | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Soil Texture | GoalTender | Dual Magnum † | Lasso 4E † | Surflan AS †† | paraquat (Gramoxone) | glyphosate (Glyphomax) | Bronco † |
| Coarse | 0.25 to 0.75 | 1.0 | 4.0 to 5.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 to 2.0 | 2.0 to 3.0 | 6.5 to 10.0 |
| Medium | 0.25 to 1.0 | 1.33 | 5.0 to 6.0 | 2.0 | 1.0 to 2.0 | 2.0 to 3.0 | 8.0 to 10.0 |
| Fine | 0.25 to 1.0 | 1.33 to 1.67 | 5.0 to 6.0 | 3.0 | 1.0 to 2.0 | 2.0 to 3.0 | 8.0 to 10.0 |
| Muck or Peat | ††† | ††† | ††† | ††† | ††† | ††† | ††† |

† Use the higher rate of Bronco, Dual Magnum or Lasso on soils containing more than 3% organic matter.

†† When using Surflan 75 WP, multiply pints by 0.67 to obtain the amount of Surflan 75WP product required. Do not use Surflan on soils containing more than 5% organic matter.

††† Do not use.

**CONVENTIONAL TILLED SOYBEANS
PREEMERGENCE**

GoalTender is effective for preemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds when applied at 0.3 to 0.75 pints (0.15 to 0.35 lb active) per broadcast acre. Application should be made within one day of planting. Later applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended. The higher rate (0.35 lb active) will assist in early season annual grass control. However, GoalTender must not be a basic portion of the grass herbicide program. GoalTender may be applied alone as a preemergence application following a preplant incorporated grass herbicide treatment or as a tank mix in a preemergence application with Dual Magnum, Lasso or Surflan herbicides.

**CONVENTIONAL TILLED SOYBEANS
PREEMERGENCE**

| RATE OF PRODUCT PER BROADCAST ACRE (PINTS PER ACRE) | | | | | (lb PER ACRE) |
|---|-------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Soil Texture | GoalTender | Dual Magnum † | Lasso 4E† | Surflan A.S. †† | Metribuzin DF †††† |
| Coarse | 0.3 to 0.75 | 0.84 to 1.0 | 3.0 to 4.0 | 1.0 to 1.5 | 0.33 |
| Medium | 0.3 to 0.75 | 1.0 to 1.33 | 4.0 to 6.0 | 1.5 to 2.0 | 0.33 |
| Fine | 0.3 to 0.75 | 1.33 1.67 | 4.0 to 6.0 | 2.0 to 2.5 | 0.33 |
| Muck or Peat | ††† | ††† | ††† | ††† | ††† |

† Use the higher rate of Dual Magnum or Lasso on soils containing more than 3% organic matter.

†† When using Surflan 75 WP, multiply pints by 0.67 to obtain the amount of Surflan 75WP product required. Do not use Surflan on soils containing more than 5% organic matter.

††† Do not use

†††† Sencor DF or Lexone DF

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

When GoalTender is tank mixed with Bronco, Dual Magnum, Lasso or Surflan and applied preemergence, in addition to the weeds controlled preemergence by GoalTender alone, control of the following weeds is also obtained:

- | | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| BARNYARDGRASS | JOHNSONGRASS, SEEDLING |
| CRABGRASS, LARGE | PANICUM, FALL |
| FOXTAIL, GIANT | RAGWEED, COMMON |
| FOXTAIL, YELLOW | SIGNALGRASS, BROADLEAF |

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WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE

When GoalTender is tank mixed with Bronco, paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) and applied postemergence, in addition to the weeds controlled postemergence by GoalTender alone, control of the following weeds is also obtained:

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | FOXTAIL, YELLOW |
| CRABGRASS, LARGE | LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON |
| FOXTAIL, GIANT | RAGWEED, COMMON |
| FOXTAIL, GREEN | SANDBUR, FIELD |

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

As a preemergence treatment, apply in 20 to 60 gallons of water per acre. If Bronco or glyphosate (Glyphomax) are included in the tank mix, apply in 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre. To insure complete coverage, spray volume should be increased as the density of emerged weeds, crop residue or stubble increases. Use conventional spray equipment with flat fan or flood jet nozzles. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

POST-DIRECTED SPRAY**GoalTender USED ALONE****DOSAGE**

GoalTender is recommended as a post-directed application at 1 pint (0.25 lb active) per acre. Optimum control is achieved when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds not exceeding 4 true leaves. See MIXING DIRECTIONS for surfactant recommendations. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing. Do not count cotyledon leaves.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

For improved broadleaf weed control, a tank mixture of GoalTender plus Butoxone[®] Herbicide or Butyrac[®] 200 Herbicide is suggested. Use 0.5 pint of GoalTender (0.25 lb active) with 1 pint of Butoxone (0.22 lb active) or 0.7 to 0.9 pint of Butyrac 200 (0.175 to 0.22 lb active) per broadcast acre. See MIXING DIRECTIONS for surfactant recommendations. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

TIMING

Soybean plant height must be a minimum 8 inches or greater. Use branch lifters or shields if excessive spray contact to the soybean plant cannot be avoided.

METHOD OF APPLICATION

Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender spray is essential for effective weed control and to minimize soybean injury. As a directed postemergence application, GoalTender should be applied at 20 to 25 psi using 20 to 40 gallons of spray on a broadcast acre basis. Do **not** exceed 25 psi. Spray should be directed towards the base of the soybean plant. Soybean foliage receiving accidental spray or drift may be injured. Weeds should be in the seedling stage, young and actively growing.

GoalTender can be applied using a post-direct spray rig with only 2 flat fan nozzles per row, 1 nozzle on each side of the row. Additional care should be taken when adjusting the sprayer prior to application. For best coverage, it is suggested to use 4 flat fan nozzles per row, 2 nozzles on each side of the row. The 2 forward nozzles should point forward and downward while the rear nozzles should point to the rear and downward. With either sprayer system, nozzles should be adjusted to cover the weed foliage with minimum contact to the soybean plant. **Do not use cone nozzles.**

TANK MIXTURE OF GoalTender WITH COMMAND 6EC HERBICIDE**SOYBEANS (NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)**

GoalTender when applied preemergence at 0.3 to 0.4 pint (0.16 to 0.2 lb active) per acre in a tank mix combination with Command 6EC (EPA Reg. No. 279-3054) at 1 to 1 ²/₃ pints (0.75 to 1.25 lb active) is effective for the control of susceptible annual grass and broadleaf weeds in soybeans. Application should

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be made within one day following planting. Later applications may result in severe crop injury and are not recommended.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE

A tank mix of GoalTender with Command 6EC at the recommended dosage provides preemergence control of the following weeds:

GRASS WEEDS

BARNYARDGRASS
 CRABGRASS
 (CRABGRASS, LARGE)
 (CRABGRASS, SMOOTH)
 CUPGRASS, SOUTHWEST
 CUPGRASS, WOOLLY
 FOXTAIL
 (FOXTAIL, GIANT)
 (FOXTAIL, GREEN)
 (FOXTAIL, ROBUST PURPLE)
 (FOXTAIL, YELLOW)
 GOOSEGRASS
 JOHNSONGRASS (SEEDLING)
 PANICUM
 (PANICUM, FALL)
 (PANICUM, TEXAS)
 SANDBUR, FIELD
 SIGNALGRASS, BROADLEAF
 (BRACHIARIA)

BROADLEAF WEEDS

BEGGARWEED, FLORIDA
 CROTON, TROPIC
 †GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF
 JIMSONWEED
 LAMBSQUARTERS
 MALLOW, VENICE
 †NIGHTSHADE, BLACK
 PIGWEED, REDROOT
 PURSLANE, COMMON
 PUSLEY, FLORIDA
 SHEPHERDSPURSE
 SIDA, PRICKLY
 SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA
 †SOWTHISTLE, COMMON
 VELVETLEAF

† Suppression

SOYBEANS - SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is highly toxic to freshwater clams, oysters, aquatic invertebrates and aquatic plants. Do not apply GoalTender where visible erosion to aquatic habitats and/or wetlands occurs. (See container for further information on Environmental Hazards).

SOYBEANS - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.
- Do not make more than two applications of GoalTender per growing season.
- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lbs active) of GoalTender per acre during one growing season as a result of preemergence application in no-till (double-crop) or conventional till soybeans, or post-directed in conventional till soybeans. If early preplant application is made, do not apply more than 1.5 pints (0.75 lb active) of GoalTender per acre during one growing season.
- Do not apply a post-directed application of GoalTender to soybeans after the initial appearance of blooms.

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TARO

FOR USE IN HAWAII ONLY

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender may be used as a post-direct application to dryland taro for the control of listed broadleaf weeds.

NOTE: Dryland taro is defined as a taro grown without irrigation, or by using irrigation practices that do not result in runoff, irrigation return flow, or other loss of irrigation water from the production area. If irrigation is used, the water applied shall not exceed the field capacity of the soil.

Occasionally, after the use of GoalTender, a spotting, crinkling or flecking may appear on the leaves of the taro. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured.

Do not use GoalTender on taro plantings that are weak, or under stress due to temperature, disease, fertilizer, nematodes, insects, pesticides, drought or excessive moisture.

DOSAGE

Apply GoalTender at a rate of 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre as a single preemergence application within one week after transplanting (and prior to emergence) of the taro.

GoalTender is also recommended as a post-direct application of 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) per acre. Effective control of succulent weed seedlings in the 2-to 3-leaf stage can usually be obtained. Do not apply more than 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) of GoalTender per acre in a single post-direct application, or more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple post-direct applications.

Dosages listed are for broadcast application. For banded application, the amount of GoalTender used per acre should be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Band Width (in inches)}}{\text{Row Width (in inches)}} \times \text{Rate per Broadcast Acre} = \text{Amount Needed per Acre for Banded Application}$$

WEEDS CONTROLLED

GoalTender will provide preemergence and postemergence control of the following weeds when used at the recommended dosage. Applications to weeds beyond the 3-leaf stage may result in partial control:

- AMARANTH, SPINY
- PURSLANE, COMMON
- SPURGE, GARDEN

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at recommended concentrations, and applied in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre.

When applied preemergence, use conventional ground spray equipment with flat fan nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. Accurately calibrate spray equipment prior to each use.

When applied as a post-direct spray, sprays must be directed to the base of the taro plant. Accurate, uniform placement of GoalTender is essential for effective weed control and to minimize crop injury. Taro foliage receiving accidental spray or drift will be injured. GoalTender must be applied using rigid precision ground sprayer equipment. As a directed postemergence application, GoalTender should be applied at 20 to 25 psi using 20 to 40 gallons of spray on a broadcast acre basis. Do not exceed 25 psi.

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TARO - SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre as a single preemergence application.
- Do not apply more than 0.5 pint (0.25 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre in a single post-direct spray or more than 1 pint (0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple post-direct applications.
- Do not apply more than 2 pint (1.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre per season as a result of preemergence and post-direct applications.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 6 months of harvest of taro (corms, leaves).
- For use only to dryland taro grown in Hawaii. (Dryland taro is defined as taro grown without irrigation, or by using irrigation practices that do not result in run-off, irrigation return flow, or other loss of irrigation water from the production area. If irrigation is used, the water applied shall not exceed the field capacity of the soil.)

TREEFRUIT/NUT/VINE CROPS**DORMANT APPLICATION**

ALMOND, APPLE, APRICOT, AVOCADO, BEECHNUT, BRAZIL NUT, BUTTERNUT, CASHEW, CHERRY, CHESTNUT, CHINQUAPIN, CRAB APPLE, DATE, FEIJOA, FIG, FILBERT, GRAPES, HICKORY NUT, KIWI, LOQUAT, MACADAMIA NUT, MAYHAWES, NECTARINE, OLIVES, PEACH, PEAR, PECAN, PERSIMMON, PISTACHIO, PLUM, POMEGRANATES, PRUNE, QUINCE, WALNUT

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide when used alone or in recommended combinations, for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds, in certain bearing and nonbearing treefruit, nut or vine plantings. The most effective postemergence weed control is achieved when GoalTender is applied to seedling weeds. For broader spectrum postemergence control of listed grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) can be used.

For preemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in certain treefruit, nut or vine plantings, a tank mixture of GoalTender with napropamide (Devrinol), diuron (Karmex), pronamide (Kerb[®] herbicide), simazine, norflurazon (Solicam) or oryzalin (Surflan) can be applied. Contact herbicides such as paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) may also be added to the tank mixture. Check product labels of the above tank mix partners to determine suitability and use rates for various crops.

GoalTender USED ALONE**GEOGRAPHIC USE DIRECTIONS****ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA****DOSAGE**

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 3.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE (weeds up to 4 inches high) - Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. Applications to weeds beyond this 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

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| | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | MINERSLETTUCE |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | NETTLE, BURNING |
| † FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| † FILAREE, REDSTEM | REDMAIDS |
| † FILAREE, WHITESTEM | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| HENBIT | |

† GoalTender at the 4-pint rate (2.0 lb active) will provide control of filaree not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to filaree beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE—Apply 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| BURCLOVER | LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON |
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | LETTUCE, PRICKLY |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | REDMAIDS |
| FILAREE, WHITESTEM | ROCKET, LONDON |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| HENBIT | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | |

ALL OTHER STATES (EXCEPT CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA)

DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence control at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre. For preemergence control of susceptible weeds, use 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED POSTEMERGENCE - Apply 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. The lower rate is recommended for the control of susceptible seedling weeds in the early postemergence stage up to the 4-leaf stage. The higher rate (2.0 lb active) should be used for weeds up to the 6-leaf stage. Applications to weeds beyond the 6-leaf stage may result in partial control.

| | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| BALSAMAPPLE | PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA |
| COCKLEBUR, COMMON | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| † CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF | POINSETTIA, WILD |
| †† EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | SESBANIA, HEMP |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| JIMSONWEED | SIDA, PRICKLY (TEAWEED) |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| MORNINGGLORY, ANNUAL | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | VELVETLEAF |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | |

† Maximum 0.5-inch diameter

†† Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control. Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in one season.

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WEEDS CONTROLLED PREEMERGENCE—Apply 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) of GoalTender per broadcast acre.

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| CAMPHORWEED | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| CUDWEED, NARROWLEAF | POINSETTIA, WILD |
| † EVENINGPRIMROSE, CUTLEAF | SIDA, PRICKLY |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| JIMSONWEED | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SPURGE, PROSTRATE |
| NIGHTSHADE, AMERICAN BLACK | SPURGE, SPOTTED |
| NIGHTSHADE, BLACK | VELVETLEAF |
| PEPPERWEED, VIRGINIA | |

† Highest rate and/or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control. Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in one season.

ALL STATES

TIMING AND METHOD OF APPLICATION

In Arizona and California, GoalTender can be applied during the period following completion of final harvest up to February 15 (February 1st in the Coachella Valley, California). Applications made after the calendar dates above, but prior to bud swell, may result in significant crop injury and are the responsibility of the user.

In all states, do not apply GoalTender after buds start to swell until completion of final harvest. Do not apply when fruit/nuts are present. GoalTender can be applied upon completion of final harvest.

As a preemergence treatment, apply a minimum of 40 gallons of water per acre. Use higher volumes to ensure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Best preemergence results are achieved when spray is applied to a relatively weed-free established berm or soil surface. GoalTender should be directed to the soil and the base of dormant trees or vines. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan nozzles. An off-center (OC) nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. See SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS for GoalTender application on dormant tree or vine plantings.

In California, GoalTender may be applied as an over-the-top or directed spray to dormant nonbearing grape plantings. The use of a low-pressure sprayer is suggested. Do not apply over-the-top to grape plantings that are under stress due to drought, flooding, excessive fertilizer or soil salts, storage conditions, wind injury, hail, injury from previously applied pesticides, or injury due to insects, nematodes, or diseases, as severe crop injury may result.

| Weed Stage | SPRAY VOLUME (Gallons of Water per Acre) |
|--|---|
| Preemergence | 40 or more |
| Postemergence (up to 4-inch or 4-leaf stage) | 40 or more |
| Exceeding 4-inch or 4-leaf stage | 100 or more |

CHEMIGATION (ALL STATES): For dormant season application using sprinkler (low-volume (micro sprinkler), drip (trickle), and flood (basin) irrigation systems, apply specified dosage of GoalTender per acre as described in the applicable DOSAGE sections above. Follow all directions given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label when making applications using irrigation systems.

TANK MIXES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive situations must apply.

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DOSAGE

For preemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in certain bearing and nonbearing treefruit, nut or vine plantings, a tank mixture of GoalTender with napropamide (Devrinol), diuron (Karmex), pronamide (Kerb), simazine, norflurazon (Solicam) or oryzalin (Surflan) can be applied. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

For postemergence control of susceptible grass and broadleaf weeds in certain treefruit, nut or vine plantings, a tank mixture of paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) with GoalTender or combinations of GoalTender plus napropamide (Devrinol), diuron (Karmex), pronamide (Kerb), simazine, norflurazon (Solicam) or oryzalin (Surflan) with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective labels.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

In addition to the weeds controlled by GoalTender used alone, control of susceptible weeds listed on the respective labels for the following products is also obtained:

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| diuron (Karmex) | oryzalin (Surflan) |
| glyphosate (Glyphomax) | paraquat (Gramoxone) |
| napropamide (Devrinol) | pronamide (Kerb) |
| norflurazon (Solicam) | † simazine |

† In addition, simazine provides preemergence control of horseweed (marestail).

TREEFRUIT/NUT/VINE CROPS**DORMANT APPLICATION****SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- Do not apply GoalTender during the period between bud swell and completion of final harvest or when fruit/nuts are present. GoalTender can be applied upon completion of final harvest.
- **IN ARIZONA AND CALIFORNIA, GoalTender can be applied during the period following completion of final harvest up to February 15 (February 1st in the Coachella Valley, California). Applications made after the calendar dates above, but prior to bud swell, may result in significant crop injury and are the responsibility of the user.**
- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre of GoalTender in one season.
- Do not apply to grapes or kiwi established less than 3 years unless vines are on a trellis wire a minimum of 3 feet above the soil surface.
- Do not apply to grapes or kiwi that are not staked or trellised unless vines are free-standing.
- GoalTender or any of the combinations recommended on this label should be applied to only healthy growing trees or vines.
- Direct spray toward the base of tree or vines unless specific recommendations allow over-the-top application. Avoid direct plant contact.

GRAPES (CALIFORNIA ONLY)**NON-DORMANT APPLICATION****GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender may be used for control/suppression of susceptible broadleaf weeds in non-dormant grapes (raisin and wine grapes only) when applied either as a directed spray or for supplemental preemergence weed control through low-volume sprinkler (micro sprinkler) or drip irrigation systems. This product may also be applied to all grapes (raisin, table, wine) when applied as a dormant application as specified above. The total amount of GoalTender applied during one season (from completion of final harvest

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through dormancy to non-dormant use covered by this section) cannot exceed a total of 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) per acre as a result of multiple applications in any given area (broadcast, banded, or within the wetted area of the low-volume sprinkler or drip irrigation systems).

CROP TOLERANCE

The use of GoalTender may in some instances result in varying degrees of injury to non-dormant grapes. Grape foliage will typically exhibit injury symptoms from direct or indirect (spray drift, soil contact) exposure. This injury may result in necrosis, reddening, cupping or crinkling of grape leaves. The grape plant will continue to grow normally. Grape leaves that are immature or expanding leaves at the time of contact with GoalTender are the most susceptible to foliage injury. Grapes may exhibit some small blemishes (spots or flicks) on the fruit.

RATE AND APPLICATION TIMING

Applications to non-dormant grapes may be made during the period between the completion of bloom up through 14 days prior to harvest. GoalTender is recommended for use at rates of 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active ingredient) per broadcast acre. Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple applications made during the dormant and non-dormant season (up to 14 days prior to harvest).

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED POSTEMERGENCE (Weeds up to 4 inches in height)

For postemergence control/suppression, apply 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active ingredient) per broadcast acre to susceptible weed seedlings up to 4 inches in height. Repeat applications may be required. Applications to weeds beyond the 4-inch stage or at reduced use rates will result in reduced herbicidal activity. For enhanced postemergence activity on listed grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) may be used when applied as a directed spray with ground application equipment.

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | NETTLE, BURNING |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | NIGHTSHADE, BLACK |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| HENBIT | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| MINERSLETTUCE | REDMAIDS |
| MORNINGGLORY SPECIES, ANNUAL | ROCKET, LONDON |
| MUSTARD, BLACK | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |

Where postemergence weed activity is desired, add 1 quart of an 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops) for each 100 gallons of spray.

TANK MIXTURES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.

WEEDS CONTROLLED OR SUPPRESSED PREEMERGENCE

Apply 1 pint (0.5 lb active ingredient) of GoalTender per broadcast acre. Applications at reduced rates will result in reduced herbicidal activity.

| | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| BURCLOVER | NETTLE, BURNING |
| CHEESEWEED, MALVA | NIGHTSHADE, BLACK |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| HENBIT | REDMAIDS |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | ROCKET, LONDON |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MINERSLETTUCE | |
| MUSTARD, BLACK | |

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METHOD OF APPLICATION

Apply GoalTender at the recommended rate in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre (a minimum of 10 gallons per acre for GoalTender/glyphosate tank mix). Mix thoroughly. Use higher volumes to ensure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Best preemergence results are achieved when spray is applied to a relatively weed-free established berm or soil surface.

GoalTender should be directed to the soil and the base of vines. Use a low-pressure sprayer equipped with a breakaway boom and flat fan nozzles. An off-center (OC) nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use. See SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS for GoalTender application in non-dormant vine plantings.

Thoroughly flush the spray equipment (tank, hose, pump and boom) with water before and after each use. Residual GoalTender remaining in the spray equipment may damage other crops.

AVOID DRIFT TO ALL OTHER CROPS AND NONTARGET AREAS. DO NOT APPLY WHEN WEATHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT. GoalTender IS PHYTOTOXIC TO PLANT FOLIAGE.

CHEMIGATION APPLICATION: GoalTender may be applied using sprinkler (low volume (micro sprinkler)) and drop (trickle) irrigation systems designed to distribute irrigation water beneath the vine canopy. The application of GoalTender is intended to supplement the preemergence weed control requirements of a broadcast (or directed) weed control program where weed emergence is anticipated within the wetted area of a low-volume sprinkler (micro sprinkler) or drip (trickle) irrigation system. Applications should be made prior to weed emergence since postemergence activity will be inconsistent due to partial coverage. Apply the specified dosage of GoalTender per acre as described in the DOSAGE AND APPLICATION TIMING section above for non-dormant grapes. Meter GoalTender at a continuous uniform rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the soil surface. For best results, GoalTender should be uniformly positioned across the wetted area to help reduce the "ring effect" of weed escapes as other products begin to break down around the emitter. Continue irrigation during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. Follow all directions given in the CHEMIGATION section of this label when making applications using sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not allow treated irrigation water to contact the fruit or foliage.

**GRAPES - NON-DORMANT APPLICATION (CALIFORNIA ONLY)
SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- The total amount of GoalTender applied during one season (from completion of final harvest through dormancy to non-dormant use covered by this section) cannot exceed 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) per acre as a result of multiple applications in any given area (broadcast, banded, or within the wetted area of the low-volume sprinkler or drip irrigation system).
- Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.
- Do not initiate application of GoalTender in non-dormant grapes until the completion of the bloom period.
- Do not apply to grapes established less than 3 years unless vines are either on a trellis wire a minimum of 3 feet above the soil surface, or protected by grow tubes.
- GoalTender should be applied only by ground application equipment of through low-volume sprinkler (micro sprinkler) or drip (trickle) irrigation systems as specified above.
- Apply GoalTender as a non-dormant application to wine grapes or raisin grapes only.

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GRAPES (WASHINGTON AND OREGON ONLY) **WINE AND PROCESSING ONLY**

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender may be used to assist with sucker control in grapes (wine and processing grapes only) when applied as a directed ground spray application to suckers growing from the base of the plant. The use of GoalTender with typically reduce (but not eliminate) the need for sucker removal by hand.

CROP TOLERANCE

The use of GoalTender may in some instance result in varying degrees of injury to non-dormant grapes. Grape foliage will typically exhibit injury symptoms from direct or indirect (spray drift, soil contact) exposure. This injury may result in necrosis, reddening, cupping or crinkling of grape leaves. The grape plant will continue to grow normally. Leaves that are immature or expanding leaves at the time of contact with GoalTender are the most susceptible to foliage injury. Grapes may exhibit some small blemishes (spots or flicks) on the fruit.

RATE AND APPLICATION TIMING

Apply GoalTender at a rate of 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active ingredient) per acre in a spray volume of 50 gallons (or more) per broadcast acre to newly emerging sucker growth, up to 12 inches in length. The highest rate and/or a second application may be required to achieve an acceptable level of control/suppression of grape suckers. Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) per broadcast acre per season as a result of multiple applications made during a single season (dormant and non-dormant). The use of GoalTender with typically reduce (but not eliminate) the need for sucker removal by hand. Applications may be made to non-dormant grapes up to three weeks after bloom. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

Add 2 pints of an 80 percent active nonionic surfactant cleared for application to growing crops) per each 100 gallons of spray.

For banded application, the amount of GoalTender recommended per acre for broadcast application may be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Band Width (in inches)} \\ \text{Row Width (in inches)} \end{array} \times \begin{array}{l} \text{Rate per} \\ \text{Broadcast Acre} \end{array} = \begin{array}{l} \text{Amount Needed per Acre} \\ \text{for Banded Application} \end{array}$$

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GoalTender should be applied in a three-foot band directed towards the base of the grapevine. Applications are to be directed toward the lower portion of the grapevine to minimize leaf injury from spray contact. Avoid spray contact on flowers, grape clusters, or fruit. Mounted nozzles are used to deliver the spray solution. Thorough spray coverage of sucker growth is essential to maximize the activity of GoalTender. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

TANK MIXTURES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive requirements must apply. For enhanced postemergence sucker activity, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either glufosinate (Rely) or paraquat (Gramoxone Extra) can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages in a manner describe on the respective labels.

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GRAPES (WASHINGTON AND OREGON ONLY)**WINE AND PROCESSING ONLY****SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

- The total amount of GoalTender applied during one crop year (dormant and non-dormant) cannot exceed 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) per acre as a result of multiple applications in any give area (broadcast or banded).
- GoalTender should be applied only by ground application equipment.
- Apply GoalTender as a non-dormant application for sucker control only to wine or processed grapes.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift. Avoid drift to all nontarget areas. GoalTender is phytotoxic to plant foliage.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 60 days of harvest.
- Do not apply GoalTender to ditch banks or waterways.

PISTACHIOS, WALNUTS, ALMONDS (CALIFORNIA ONLY)**NON-DORMANT APPLICATION****GENERAL INFORMATION**

GoalTender provides effective vegetation management when applied to young broadleaf weed seedlings. For enhanced postemergence activity on listed grass and broadleaf weeds, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Glyphomax) can be used when applied with ground application equipment.

DOSAGE

GoalTender is recommended for postemergence suppression at 0.5 to 1 pint (0.25 to 0.5 lb active) per broadcast acre when applied to susceptible weed seedlings less than 4 inches in height. Repeat applications may be required.

For cleanup sprays and preharvest applications for contact (postemergence) control, apply GoalTender at 1 to 4 pints (0.5 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre to susceptible weed seedlings not exceeding the 4-inch stage. Applications to weed seedlings beyond the 4-inch stage may result in partial control.

For residual (preemergence) control of susceptible weeds, use 2.5 to 4 pints (1.25 to 2.0 lb active) per broadcast acre.

WEEDS SUPPRESSED AND/OR CONTROLLED

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| CHEESEWEED (MALVA) | MORNINGGLORY SPECIES, ANNUAL |
| FIDDLENECK, COAST | MUSTARD, BLACK |
| FILAREE, BROADLEAF | NETTLE, BURNING |
| FILAREE, REDSTEM | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| FILAREE, WHITESTEM | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | REDMAIDS |
| HENBIT | ROCKET, LONDON |
| MINERSLETTUCE | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |

TANK MIXTURES WITH GoalTender

IMPORTANT: Read and observe all label directions before using. When tank mixing, read and carefully follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels. In interpreting all labels for the tank mixture, the most restrictive label limitations must apply.

DOSAGE

For enhanced postemergence activity on a broader spectrum of grass and broadleaf weeds in the tree row middles, a tank mixture of GoalTender with either paraquat (Gramoxone) or glyphosate (Roundup, Glyphomax) can be used. Apply at the recommended rates and growth stages to susceptible weed species in a manner described on the respective label.

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WEEDS SUPPRESSED AND/OR CONTROLLED

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| BARNYARDGRASS | HORSEWEED (MARESTAIL) |
| BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL | ROCKET, LONDON |
| CHICKWEED, COMMON | RYEGRASS, ITALIAN |

METHOD OF APPLICATION

GROUND APPLICATION: Apply a minimum spray volume of 20 gallons of water per acre (minimum 10 gallons for GoalTender/glyphosate (Glyphomax) tank mix). Use higher volumes to ensure adequate coverage in high densities of emerged weeds or heavy trash. Use conventional low-pressure ground spray equipment with flat fan spray nozzles at 20 to 40 psi. An off-center nozzle positioned at the end of the boom may be desired. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

CHEMIGATION APPLICATION: Apply this product only through flood (basin) irrigation systems, or low-volume sprinkler (micro sprinkler) and drip (trickle) irrigation systems designed to distribute irrigation water beneath the tree canopy. For flood (basin) irrigation systems, GoalTender should be continuously metered into the water during the entire irrigation period. Agitation in the pesticide supply tank is suggested. Best weed control results are obtained when a uniform distribution and flow of irrigation water is maintained over level land. GoalTender may be applied through low-volume sprinkler (micro sprinkler) and drip (trickle) irrigation systems designed to distribute irrigation water beneath the tree canopy. The application of GoalTender is intended to supplement the preemergence weed control requirements of a broadcast (or directed) weed control program where weed emergence is anticipated within the wetted area of a low-volume sprinkler (micro sprinkler) or drip (trickle) irrigation system. Applications should be made prior to weed emergence since postemergence activity will be inconsistent due to partial coverage. Meter GoalTender at a continuous rate during the middle 1/3 of the irrigation period to allow for uniform distribution to the soil surface. For best results, GoalTender should be uniformly positioned across the wetted area to help reduce the "ring effect" of weed escapes, as other products begin to break down around the emitter. Continue irrigation during the final 1/3 of the irrigation period to insure proper flushing of the irrigation system. Irrigation water treated with GoalTender must be contained on the treated area until the water is absorbed by the soil. Do not apply when wind speed favor drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

CULTURAL CONSIDERATIONS FOR ALL APPLICATIONS: In order to provide maximum effectiveness of preemergence activity of GoalTender, the berm or soil surface should be level, smooth and free of crop or weed trash (decaying leaves, clippings, dead weeds, etc.). Leaves and trash may be removed by blowing the area to be treated or by thoroughly mixing trash into the soil through cultivation prior to herbicide application.

Cultural practices that result in redistribution or disturbance of the soil surface after treatment will decrease the herbicidal effectiveness of GoalTender. Cutting water furrow or cultivation that mixes untreated soil into treated areas will also reduce the effectiveness of the treatment. The best results are from applications to established berms or soil surfaces that are left undisturbed during the time period for which weed control is desired.

PISTACHIOS, WALNUTS, ALMONDS**NON-DORMANT APPLICATION****SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS**

In addition to the following, also observe GENERAL USE RESTRICTIONS listed at the beginning of this label.

- When applied as a non-dormant treatment, GoalTender can only be applied to pistachio plantings between May and 7 days prior to harvest.
- When applied as a non-dormant treatment, GoalTender can only be applied to almond plantings between April 1 and September 30 and to walnut plantings between May 1 and September 30.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 7 days of harvest of pistachios.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 30 days of harvest of almonds.
- Do not apply GoalTender within 7 days of harvest of walnuts.

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- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) of GoalTender per broadcast acre during the non-dormant season.
- GoalTender should be applied only to healthy growing trees
- Direct spray toward the base of trees. Avoid direct contact with foliage or nuts.

WINDBREAKS AND SHELTERBELTS

FOR USE ONLY IN MINNESOTA, NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH DAKOTA AND WYOMING

GENERAL INFORMATION

GoalTender is effective as a preemergence and/or postemergence herbicide for the control of listed annual broadleaf weeds in windbreaks and shelterbelts. Preemergence control is most effective when spray is applied to clean, weed-free soil surfaces. Treated soil surfaces should not be disturbed because the herbicidal effectiveness of GoalTender may be decreased. Seedling weeds are controlled during emergence as they come in contact with the soil-applied herbicide. The most effective postemergence weed control is achieved when GoalTender is applied with thorough coverage of weeds in the seedling stage.

Occasionally after the use of GoalTender, a spotting, crinkling or flecking may appear on the leaves of the deciduous species. Leaves that receive direct or indirect (drift) spray contact will be injured. Deciduous species typically outgrow this condition rapidly and develop normally.

IMPORTANT: Some varieties or cultivars of conifers and deciduous species listed may be susceptible to GoalTender. Care should be taken to ensure that the particular variety to be sprayed with GoalTender is tolerant. It is suggested that unfamiliar species be tested in limited areas prior to application for preemergence and postemergence weed control.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When GoalTender is applied preemergence or postemergence (up to 4-leaf weed stage) at recommended dosages, the following broadleaf weeds are controlled:

| | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| BUCKWHEAT, WILD | MUSTARD, WILD |
| BURCLOVER | NETTLE, BURNING |
| CARPETWEED | NIGHTSHADE, BLACK |
| DOCK, CURLY | NIGHTSHADE, HAIRY |
| GROUNDCHERRY, CUTLEAF | OATS, WILD |
| GROUNDCHERRY, WRIGHT | ORACH, RED |
| GROUNDSEL, COMMON | PEPPERWEED, YELLOW FLOWER |
| HENBIT | PIGWEEED, PROSTRATE |
| JIMSONWEED | PIGWEEED, REDROOT |
| KNOTWEED, PROSTRATE | PURSLANE, COMMON |
| KOCHIA | ROCKET, LONDON |
| LADYSTHUMB | † SHEPHERDSPURSE |
| LAMBSQUARTERS, COMMON | SMARTWEED, PENNSYLVANIA |
| LETTUCE, PRICKLY | SOWTHISTLE, ANNUAL |
| MALLOW, LITTLE | TANSYMUSTARD |
| MAYWEED | THISTLE, RUSSIAN (seedling) |
| MUSTARD, BLUE | VELVETLEAF |
| MUSTARD, TUMBLE | |

† The highest rate or multiple applications may be required for acceptable control.

GRASSES CONTROLLED

When GoalTender is applied preemergence or postemergence (up to 2-leaf stage) at recommended dosages, the following annual grasses are controlled/suppressed:

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BARNYARDGRASS
 BLUEGRASS, ANNUAL
 CRABGRASS, LARGE

FOXTAIL, GIANT
 GOOSEGRASS
 WITCHGRASS

GoalTender is most effective when applied preemergence to annual grasses. Postemergence applications should be made to seedling grasses not exceeding the 2-leaf stage. The addition of 0.25% (2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant, cleared for application to growing crops, enhances herbicidal activity on emerged weeds. When determining an appropriate use rate where a range of rates is provided, use higher rates where heavy weed pressure is anticipated, or where medium and fine soil textures exist and high organic matter soils are present.

GoalTender may be applied to numerous conifer and deciduous species, including the following:

CONIFER SPECIES

Common Name

Scientific Name

DOUGLAS-FIR

Pseudotsuga menziesii

FIR

GRAND

Abies grandis

FRASER

Abies fraseri

NOBLE

Abies procera

HEMLOCK

EASTERN HEMLOCK

Tsuga canadensis

WESTERN HEMLOCK

Tsuga heterophylla

PINE

AUSTRIAN

Pinus nigra

EASTERN WHITE

Pinus strobus

JACK

Pinus banksiana

HIMALAYAN

Pinus griffithii

LOBLOLLY

Pinus taeda

LODGEPOLE

Pinus contorta

LONGLEAF

Pinus palustris

MONTEREY

Pinus radiata

MUGO

Pinus mugo

PONDEROSA

Pinus ponderosa

SCOTCH

Pinus sylvestris

SHORTLEAF

Pinus echinata

SLASH

Pinus elliotii

VIRGINIA

Pinus virginiana

SPRUCE

BLUE

Picea pungens

DWARF ALBERTA

Picea glauca conica

NORWAY

Picea abies

SITKA

Picea sitchensis

ARBORVITAE

Thuja occidentalis

Thuja orientalis

JUNIPER

Juniperus chinensis

Juniperus horizontalis

Juniperus procumbens

Juniperus sabina

Juniperus scopulorum

RED CEDAR

Juniperus virginiana

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YEW

Taxus spp.

DECIDUOUS HARDWOOD SPECIES

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| ASH | <i>Fraxinus spp.</i> |
| CRABAPPLE | <i>Malus spp.</i> |
| EUÇALYPTUS | <i>Eucalyptus viminalis, E. pulverulenta, E. camaldulensis</i> |
| LILAC | <i>Syringa vulgaris</i> |
| MAPLE, BLACK | <i>Acer nigrum</i> |
| OAK, NORTHERN RED | <i>Quercus rubra</i> |
| OLIVE, RUSSIAN | <i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i> |
| POPLAR (COTTONWOOD) | <i>Populus spp.</i> |
| SWEETGUM | <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> |
| SYCAMORE | <i>Platanus occidentalis</i> |
| WALNUT, BLACK | <i>Juglans nigra</i> |

DOSAGE

Apply 2 to 4 pints (1.0 to 2.0 lb active ingredient) of GoalTender per broadcast acre for preemergence and postemergence weed control. The addition of 0.25% v/v (2 pints/100 gallons of spray solution) of an 80% active nonionic surfactant cleared for application on growing crops, will enhance the herbicidal activity of GoalTender on emerged weeds.

For banded application, the amount of GoalTender recommended per acre for broadcast application may be reduced according to the following formula:

$$\begin{matrix} \text{Band Width (in inches)} & \times & \text{Rate per} & = & \text{Amount Needed per Acre} \\ \text{Row Width (in inches)} & & \text{Broadcast Acre} & & \text{for Banded Application} \end{matrix}$$

METHOD OF APPLICATION

CONIFERS: GoalTender can be applied pre-transplant, post-directed or postemergence (over the top) to conifers. Postemergence or post-directed applications should be applied prior to budbreak or after the foliage has had an opportunity to harden off.

DECIDUOUS HARDWOODS: GoalTender has exhibited selectivity to many deciduous species when applied pre-transplant or as a post-directed spray prior to budbreak. Special care should be taken to direct the spray toward the base of the plant. Applications made after budbreak may result in injury to the deciduous species, and are not recommended. (Note: If a non-dormant application is required, do not apply during periods of new foliage growth. Applications should be made after foliage has fully expanded and hardened off. Direct the spray toward the base of the trees. Avoid direct or indirect spray contact with the foliage of the deciduous species.)

GoalTender should be thoroughly mixed with clean water at the recommended rate and applied at 20 to 40 psi in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre as a broadcast, banded or post-directed spray. Thorough spray coverage is essential to maximize the postemergence activity of GoalTender. Spray equipment should be calibrated carefully before each use.

Pre-transplant applications must be made after completion of soil preparation but prior to transplanting. Transplanting should be completed with minimal soil disturbance. Treated soil surfaces should be left undisturbed after transplanting to obtain the greatest benefit of GoalTender on susceptible annual broadleaf weeds during the time period for which weed control is desired. However, timely cultivations after weed emergence will assist in weed control.

WINDBREAKS AND SHELTERBELTS

SPECIFIC USE RESTRICTIONS

The following use restrictions must be observed when GoalTender is used as recommended on this label.

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- Do not apply more than 4 pints (2.0 lb active ingredient) of GoalTender per treated acre per growing season as a result of single or multiple applications.
- Always apply GoalTender to healthy deciduous and/or conifer species.
- Do not apply GoalTender to conifers or deciduous that have been weakened or under stress from excessive fertilizer or soil salts, disease, nematodes, frost, drought, flooding, previously applied pesticides, soil insects, or winter injury, as severe injury may result.

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NOTIFICATION
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