4 62719 - 293			3/15/28			
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(under	FIFRA, as an	ended)			Name of Pesticio Dursban*	de Product: 75WG
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Signatu	ure of Approv	ing Official:		·····	Date:	

Page 2 EPA Reg. No. 62719-293

Submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling for the record before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

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Sincerely,

Leonard Cole

Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

A1A / Dursban 75WG / Prop Sec 3 / 03-17-97 file: Dursban75WGd.doc

Dursban\* 75WG Master Label EPA Registration No. 62719-XXX

### **Registration Notes:**

Proposed labeling for Section 3 registration.

 Draft label for new WG formulation of Dursban containing 75% active ingredient. Use directions are based on EPA accepted copy of the label for Dursban\* TC termiticide concentrate dated May 23, 1995, including a label notification dated December 15, 1995, and proposed label changes by amendment to comply with PR Notice 96-7 on termiticide labeling.

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- 2. Mixing and handling instructions for water soluble packaging have been added.
- Precautionary Statements including PPE and Storage and Disposal statements have been revised in accordance with Cat III acute toxicity of the WG formulation.

[Note to Label Editor: Master label for Dursban 75WG contains directions for use for 0.5, 0.75 and 1.0% dilutions in preconstruction and postconstruction termite treatments. Instructions for the 0.5% dilution are indicated in magenta color and within upper case brackets "{-}" and should not appear on final printed labeling for Dursban 75WG unless so designated by marketing decision.]

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated: MAR | 6 |998

Under the Federal inscribide, Fungicide, and findenticide Act, as amended, for the positicide registered under EPA Reg. No. 62719 - 293

\*Trademark of DowElanco

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# **Termiticide Concentrate**

A1A / Dursban 75WG / Prop Sec 3 / 03-17-97

(Base label):

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(logo) DowElanco

# Dursban\* 75WG

For use by individuals/firms licensed or registered by the state to apply termiticide products. States may have more restrictive requirements regarding qualifications of persons using this product. Consult the structural pest control regulatory agency of your state prior to use of this product.

Active Ingredient:	
chlorpyrifos: 0,0-diethyl 0-(3,5,6-trichloro-	
2 pyridinyl) phosphorothioate	75.0%
Inert Ingredients	25.0%
Total	100.0%

#### **Precautionary Statements**

## Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION PRECAUCION

Precaucion al usuario: Si usted no lee inglés, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

Harmful If Swallowed Or Inhaled • Causes Eye Irritation

Avoid contact with eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Mixers and loaders must wear a minimum of long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemical-resistant gloves.
- Pesticide Applicators must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemicalresistant gloves. In addition, pesticide applicators must wear protective eyewear (goggles, a faceshield, or safety glasses with front, brow, and temple protection) when applying termiticide by rodding or subslab injection.
- All Pesticide handlers must wear a respiratory protection device (MSHA/NIOSH approved number TC-21C) and protective eyewear when working in a non-ventilated space

#### **First Aid**

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. If person is unconscious, do not give anything by mouth and do not induce vomiting.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air if symptoms of cholinesterase inhibition appear. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention immediately,

Note to physician: Chlorpyrifos is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. If exposed, plasma and red blood cell cholinesterase tests may indicate significance of exposure (baseline data are usefui). Atropine, only by injection, is the preferable antidote. Oximes, such as 2-PAM/protopam, may be

page 1

therapeutic if used early; however, use only in conjunction with atropine. In case of severe acute poisoning, use antidote immediately after establishing an open airway and respiration.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to birds and wildlife, and extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Cover or incorporate spills. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

Refer to label booklet for Directions for Use, including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read "Warranty Disclaimer" and "Limitation of Remedies" inside label booklet.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call collect 517-636-4400.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-XXX

EPA Est. \_\_\_\_\_

\*Trademark of DowElanco DowElanco • Indianapolis, IN 46268 USA

## **Termiticide Concentrate**

Contains X, 1.39 Ib Water Soluble Packets

A1A / Dursban 75WG / Prop Sec 3 / 03-17-97

Datapack cover):

(logo) DowElanco

# Dursban\* 75WG

For use by individuals/firms licensed or registered by the state to apply termiticide products. States may have more restrictive requirements regarding qualifications of persons using this product. Consult the structural pest control regulatory agency of your state prior to use of this product.

Active	Ingred	lient:	
	-	-	-

chlorpyritos: 0,0-diethyl 0-(3,5,6-trichloro-	
2 pyridinyl) phosphorothioate	. 75.0 %
Inert Ingredients	. 25.0%
Total	100.0%

# Keep Out of Reach of Children WARNING AVISO

Precaucion al usuario: Si usted no lee inglés, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.

Refer to inside of label booklet for Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use, including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read "Warranty Disclaimer" and "Limitation of Remedies" inside label booklet.

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## **Termiticide Concentrate**

Contains X, 1.39 Ib Water Soluble Packets

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## Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION PRECAUCION

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- Pesticide Applicators must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, and chemicalresistant gloves. In addition, pesticide applicators must wear protective eyewear (goggles, a faceshield, or safety glasses with front, brow, and temple protection) when applying termiticide by rodding or subslab injection.
- All Pesticide handlers must wear a respiratory protection device (MSHA/NIOSH approved number TC-21C) and protective eyewear when working in a non-ventilated space

#### **First Aid**

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. If person is unconscious, do not give anything by mouth and do not induce vomiting.

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If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air if symptoms of cholinesterase inhibition appear. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention immediately.

Note to physician: Chlorpyrifos is a cholinesterase inhibitor. Treat symptomatically. If exposed, plasma and red blood cell cholinesterase tests may indicate significance of exposure (baseline data are useful). Atropine, only by injection, is the preferable antidote. Oximes, such as 2-PAM/protopam, may be therapeutic if used early; however, use only in conjunction with atropine. In case of severe acute poisoning, use antidote immediately after establishing an open airway and respiration.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to birds and wildlife, and extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Cover or incorporate spills. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### **Directions for Use**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Handling Precautions for Water Soluble Packets: Do not remove water soluble packet from overpack except for immediate use. Do not allow water soluble packet to come into contact with water prior to use. Do not handle water soluble packet with wet hands or wet gloves. Carefully reseal package containing unopened water soluble packets and protect package from moisture.

#### Do not tank mix this product with products containing dichlorvos (DDVP). Do not formulate this product into other end-use products.

#### Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**Storage:** Store in original container in secured dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers. Avoid storing above 122°F for extended periods of time. If container is damaged or spill occurs, use product immediately or dispose of product and damaged container as indicated below. Packets may become brittle when stored below 32°F. Handle carefully to avoid breakage.

Pesticide Disposal: Waste resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: When all packets are used, dispose of empty package in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### Subterranean Termites

Dursban\* 75WG termiticide concentrate in water soluble bags is a water dispersible granular formulation designed for use as a soil treatment to establish a barrier which is lethal to termites. In order to provide an effective barrier between the wood in the structure and termite colonies in the soil, disperse the chemical suspension so as to avoid untreated gaps in the barrier.

It is important that the service technician be familiar with current control practices including trenching, rodding, subslab injection and low pressure spray applications. These techniques must be correctly employed to prevent or control infestations by subterranean termite species of *Reticulitermes*, *Zootermopsis, Heterotermes* and *Coptotermes*. Choice of appropriate procedures includes consideration of such variable factors as the design of the structure, water table, soil type, soil compaction, grade conditions and the location and type of domestic water supplies. The biology and behavior of the involved termite species are important factors to be known as well as suspected location of the colony and severity of the infestation within the structure to be protected. For advice concerning current control practices for specific local conditions, consult resources in structural pest control.

General Use Digeautions

All nonessential wood and cellulose containing materials, including scrap wood and form boards, should be removed from around foundation walls, crawl spaces, and porches. This does not include existing structural soil contact wood that has been treated.

When treating adjacent to an existing structure, the applicator must check the areas to be treated, and immediately adjacent areas of the structure for visible and accessible cracks and holes to prevent any leaks or significant exposures to persons occupying the structure. People present or residing in the structure during application must be advised to remove their pets and themselves from the structure if they see any signs of leakage. After application, the applicator is required to check for leaks.

All leaks resulting in the deposition of termiticide in locations other than those prescribed on this label must be cleaned up prior to leaving the application site. Do not allow people or pets to contact contaminated areas or to reoccupy the contaminated areas of the structure until the cleanup is completed.

Contamination of public and private water supplies must be avoided by following these minimum precautions:

- Use anti-back flow equipment or procedures to prevent siphonage of pesticide back into water supplies.
- 2. Do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen
- 3. Do not treat while precipitation is occurring.
- 4. Consult Federal, state and local specifications for information regarding approved treatment practices in your area.
- 5. Do not contaminate wells or cisterns. See specific "Treatment of Structures with Wells, Cisterns or Other Bodies of Water Adjacent to Treated Sites".

#### Rate Determination Gauge Ines

Consult the local extension agent or state entomologist for application rate recommendations.

An initial treatment using a 0.75-1.0% dilution will provide effective, optimum long term residual control. {Initial treatments of less than 0.75% but not less than 0.5% may be made. Areas treated with less than 0.75% must be inspected annually for signs of reinfestation. The 0.5-0.75% rate may also be used when making follow-up or spot treatments with no re-inspection restrictions.}

A 2.0% dilution may be used to protect utility poles and fence posts.

Table 1 - Dilution Directions					
Gallons of Dilution Per Water Soluble Packet					
0.5%	0.75%	1.0%	2.0%		
Dilution	Dilution	Dilution	Dilution		
25	16.67	12.5	6.25		

Gallons of Finished	Dursban 75WG Needed			
Dilution Desired	0.5%	0.75%	1.0%	2.0%
25	1 packet		2 packets	4 packets
50 .	2 packets	3 packets	4 packets	8 packets
100	4 packets	6 packets	8 packets	16 packets

#### INTINCIDIT CELOTE

Add soluble packets by opening the overpack and adding the soluble packet (product in transparent film) directly into the spray tank while agitating. Do not open water soluble packets. Water soluble packets will float on the surface until the water soluble film dissolves and releases the product. Handling packets with hands should be minimized. Dursban 75WG mixes readily with water to form a suspension. Maintain sufficient agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniform suspension.

1. Fill tank 1/4 to 1/3 full.

Note: For paddle agitation systems, paddles should be covered with water.

- 2. Activate agitation system.
- 3. Add appropriate number of water soluble packets to obtain desired dilution.
- 4. Complete tank filling while the packet(s) dissolve and Dursban 75WG disperses
- 5. Before beginning to spray, make sure water-soluble packet(s) have dissolved and Dursban 75WG has completely dispersed.

Note: Depending on the water temperature and amount of agitation, the packets and Dursbah 75WG should be completely dispersed within approximately 5 minutes after adding to water.

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#### Application.Volumeration

To provide maximum control and protection against termite infestation, apply the specified volume of the finished water Suspension and active ingredient as set forth in the Directions for Use section of this label. If soil will not accept the labeled application volume, such as heavy, clay-type soils, the volume may be reduced provided there is a corresponding increase in concentration so that the amount of active ingredient applied to the soil remains the same. This would also apply to sensitive areas and/or horizontal applications where less volume may be desirable. Minimum volumes will be specified in the appropriate use directions. In light textured soils such as sand or gravel which accept larger amounts of water, increased volumes which deliver the appropriate concentration of termiticide in the soil may be used. Maximum volumes will be specified in the appropriate use directions. Note: Large reductions of application volume reduce the ability to obtain a continuous barrier. Variance is allowed when volume and concentration are consistent with label directed rates and a continuous barrier can still be achieved.

#### Refreament Statement

Retreatment for subterranean termites can only be performed if there is clear evidence of reinfestation or disruption of the barrier due to construction, excavation, or landscaping and/or evidence of the breakdown of the termiticide barrier in the soil. These vulnerable or reinfested areas may be retreated in accordance with application techniques described in this product's labeling. The timing and type of these retreatments will vary, depending on factors such as termite pressure, soil types, soil conditions and other factors which may reduce the effectiveness of the barrier.

Annual retreatment of the structure is prohibited unless there is clear evidence that reinfestation or barrier disruption has occurred.

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Do not contaminate wells or cisterns.

- Structures With Wells/Cisterns Inside Foundations: Structures that contain wells or cisterns within the foundation of a structure can only be treated using the following techniques:
  - a. Do not treat soil while it is beneath or within the foundation or along the exterior perimeter of a structure that contains a well or cistern. The treated backfill method may be used if soil is removed and treated outside/away from the foundation. The treated backfill technique is described as follows:
    - (1) Trench and remove soil to be treated onto heavy plastic sheeting or similar material or into a wheelbarrow.
    - (2) Treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons of dilute Suspension per 10 linear feet per foot of depth of the trench, or 1 gallon per 1.0 cubic feet of soil. See "mixing Directions" section of this label. Mix thoroughly into the soil taking care to contain the liquid and prevent runoff or spillage.
    - (3) After the treated soil has absorbed the diluted suspension, replace the soil into the trench."
  - b. Infested and/or damaged wood in place may be treated using an injection technique such as described in the "Control of Wood Infesting Insects" section of this label.
- Structure With Adjacent Wells/Cisterns and/or Other Water Bodies: Applicators, must inspect all structures with nearby water sources such as wells, cisterns, surface ponds, streams, and other, bodies of water and evaluate, at a minimum, the treatment recommendations listed below prior to making an application.

- a. Prior to treatment, if feasible, expose the water pipe(s) coming from the well to the structure, if they enter the structure within 3 feet of grade.
- b. Prior to treatment, applicators are advised to take precautions to limit the risk of applying the termiticide into subsurface drains that could empty into any bodies of water. These precautions include evaluating whether application of the termiticide to the top of the footer may result in contamination of the subsurface drain. Factors such as depth to the drain system and soil type and degree of compaction should be taken into account in determining the depth of treatment.
- c. When appropriate (i.e., on the water side of the structure), the treated backfill technique (described above) can also be used to minimize off-site movement of termiticide.

#### Preconstruction Subterranean Termite Treatment

**Preconstruction applications are defined as those applications made prior to the finished grade being installed.** Effective Preconstruction treatment for subterranean termite prevention requires the establishment of vertical and/or horizontal chemical barriers between wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil. To meet FHA termite proofing requirements, follow the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Minimum Property Standards. Follow state and local regulations to meet minimum treatment standards for preventive Preconstruction treatments.

# Do not apply at a lower dosage and/or concentration than specified on this label for applications prior to installation of the finished grade.

Prior to each application, applicators must notify the general contractor, construction superintendent, or similar responsible party, of the intended termiticide application and intended sites of application and instruct the responsible person to notify construction workers and other individuals to leave the area to be treated during application and until the termiticide is absorbed into the soil.

See "Rate Determination Guidelines" and "Table 1" for dilution directions.

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- 1. For horizontal barriers, applications shall be made using a low pressure spray after grading is completed and prior to the pouring of the slab or footing.
  - a. {For a 0.5% rate, apply 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet or use 0.9 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 square feet in sufficient water (no less than 1/2 gallon or more than 2 gallons) to provide thorough and continuous coverage of the area being treated (See Application Volume section).}

For a 0.75% rate, apply 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet or use 1.35 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 square feet in sufficient water (not less than 1/2 or more than 2 gallons) to provide thorough and continuous coverage of the area being treated (see Application Volume section).

For a 1.0% rate, apply 1 gallon of dilution per 10 square feet, or use 1.8 fluid ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 square feet in sufficient water (no less than 1/2 gallon or more than 2 gallons) to provide thorough and continuous coverage of the area being treated (See ..., "Application Volume").

If the fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, it is important that a sufficient amount of dilution be used to reach the soil substrate beneath the coarse fill.

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b. If concrete slabs cannot be poured over the soil the same day it has been treated, a vapor barrier should be placed over the treated soil to prevent disturbance of the termiticide, '', barrier.

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- 2. For vertical barriers, apply the {0.5-}0.75-1.0% dilution at a rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Establish vertical barriers in areas such as around foundations, plumbing lines, backfilled soil against foundation walls and other areas which may warrant more than just a horizontal barrier.
  - a. When treating foundations deeper than 4 feet, apply the termiticide as the backfill is being replaced, or if the construction contractor fails to notify the applicator to permit this, treat the foundation to a minimum depth of 4 feet after the backfill has been installed. The applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls and around pillars and other foundation elements, at the rate prescribed from grade to a minimum depth of 4 feet. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing.
  - b. Trenches need not be wider than 6 inches. Treat soil with the dilution as it is being replaced in the trench.

{For a 0.5% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 3.6 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.}

For a 0.75% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 5.4 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.

For a 1.0% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 7.2 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.

- c. Hollow block foundations or voids of masonry can be treated to make a complete chemical barrier especially if the soil was not treated prior to pouring the footing. Apply the dilution at a rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet so that it reaches the top of the footing.
- d. For crawl spaces, establish a vertical barrier on both sides of the foundation and around all piers and areas where underground utilities exit the soil. Do not apply the dilution to the entire surface area intended as the crawl.
- 3. For plenum type structures which use a sealed underfloor space to circulate heated and/or cooled air throughout the structure. Apply the dilution at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Soil adjacent to both sides of foundation walls, supporting piers, plumbing and conduits should be treated by trenching or rodding (where soil conditions permit) to a depth of 6 inches or, if less shallow, to the top of the footing. When conditions will not permit trenching or rodding, surface application adjacent to interior foundation walls may be made but the treated strip shall not exceed a width of 18 inches, horizontally, from the foundation walls, piers or pipes. The surface application should be made at a rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet as a very coarse spray under low pressure (not to exceed 20 psi, when measured at the treating top): After soil is treatment, a continuous vapor barrier of at least 6 mil polyethylene film or other suitable vapor barrier must be installed on the ground surface over the entire subfloor area and on the inside of the plenum walls, in accordance with the recommended practices for plenum type structures:

#### 26-repushtellon Acalments

Postconstruction applications are defined as those applications made after the final grade is installed.

See "Rate Determination Guidelines" and "Table 1" for dilution directions.

**Precaution:** Do not apply dilution until location of heat or air conditioning ducts, vents, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Extreme caution must be taken to avoid contamination of these structural elements and airways.

All holes in commonly occupied areas into which material has been applied must be plugged. Plugs should be of a non-cellulose material or covered by an impervious, non-cellulose material.

For slab-on-ground construction applications may be made using techniques such as sub-slab injection, rodding and/or trenching. Injectors should not extend beyond the tops of the footings.

a. Treat along the outside of the foundation to form a continuous termiticide barrier in the soil.

For shallow foundations, 1 foot or less, dig a narrow trench approximately 6 inches wide along the outside of the foundation walls. Do not dig below the bottom of the footings. For foundations with exposed footings, dig a trench alongside the footing taking care not to undermine the footing. The dilution should be applied to the trench and mixed with the soil as it is replaced in the trench.

{For a 0.5% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet or use 3.6 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet in sufficient water (no less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to provide thorough and complete coverage of the area being treated (See "Application Volume").}

For a 0.75% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet or use 5.4 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to provide thorough and complete coverage of the area being treated (see Application Volume section).

For a 1.0% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet or use 7.2 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet in sufficient water (no less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to provide thorough and complete coverage of the area being treated (See "Application Volume").

For foundations with footings deeper than 1 foot, apply the dilution at a rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. For applications made after the final grade is installed, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation walls and around pillars and other foundation elements at the rate prescribed from grade to the top of the footing. When the footing is more than 4 feet below grade, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation wall at the rate prescribed to a minimum depth of 4 feet. The actual depth of treatment will vary depending on soil type, degree of compaction, and location of termite activity. When the top of the footing is provide the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the 'footing.

b. When treating cracks and expansion joints in the slab, along sidewalks or patios adjabent to the exterior foundation wall or other areas where holes are to be drilled to form a continuous termiticide barrier, the holes should be spaced at intervals up to 24 inches depending on soil type.

Hard, dry soils typically allow good lateral (horizontal) dispersion. However, they may be slow in absorption or downward movement. Care must be taken when injecting through slabs into areas with this type of soil. Low pressures should be considered in this situation. This will help to avoid back splashing from the injection hole, backflow from cracks and expansion joints, and unwanted emergence of the termiticide dilution from adjacent drill holes. A slow, low pressure application using the proper volume of termiticide dilution will allow the soil to absorb the liquid and provide an adequate vertical barrier. The wider drill hole spacings (18 to 24 inches) can usually be used in this situation. Sand, loam, or gravel backfill materials are commonly found under slab foundations. The type of fill, amount of settling that has occurred, moisture content, etc., will determine drill hole spacing and amount of termiticide dilution to be injected through each hole. Highly absorptive soils or those with large pore spaces (gravel, coarse sand) will afford rapid downward (vertical) movement and limited lateral (horizontal) distribution of the termiticide dilution. In this situation, consider using a lateral dispersion tip on the sub-slab injector and place the drill holes closer together (12 to 18 inches).

For a {0.5-}0.75-1.0% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet.

- c. It may be necessary to treat along one side of interior partition walls if there are cracks in the slab, plumbing entry points, existing termite infestations, or other conditions which would make treatment appropriate.
- d. To complete the termiticide barrier under slab foundations, it may be necessary to drill and treat near plumbing and electrical entry areas, cracks, or other areas where termites might enter the structure. In this instance, one or more holes should be drilled in the slab as close to the entry point as is practical and termiticide placed in the fill. As a general rule, 3 to 5 gallons of dilution per entry point will usually give adequate coverage, however, the use of directional or lateral dispersion tips or foam delivery systems can give adequate coverage with lower volumes. Location of the drill hole in relation to the entry point, type of soil fill, presence or absence of a vapor barrier, application pressure and other considerations will affect the coverage and volume of termiticide needed to form a complete barrier. Precautions must be taken to avoid drilling into plumbing or electrical conduit.
- e. When necessary, drill through the foundation walls from the outside and force the dilution just beneath the slab either along the inside of the foundation or along all the cracks and expansion joints and other critical areas.
- f. Bath traps: Exposed soil or soil covered with tar or a similar type sealant beneath and around plumbing and/or drain pipe entry areas may be treated with a {0.5-}0.75-1.0% dilution of Dursban 75WG.

An access door or inspection vent should be cut and installed, if not already present. After inspection and removal of any wood or cellulose debris, the soil can be treated by rodding or drenching the soil. A one square foot bath trap will usually require about 3 to 5 gallons of dilution for thorough and complete coverage.

2. Hollow block foundations or voids in masonry resting on the footing can be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier in the voids. If the void has direct contact with the soil, it should be treated. Drill and treat all voids in multiple masonry elements of the structure extending from the structure to the soil in order to create a continuous treatment barrier in the area to be treated. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of suspension per 10 linear feet of footing using a nozzle prescure of less than 25 psi. When using this treatment access holes must be drilled below the sill plate and should be as close as possible to the footing as is practical. Treatment of voids in block or rubble foundation walls must be closely examined. Applicators must inspect areas of possible runoff as a precaution against application leakage in the treated areas. Some areas may not be treatable of may require mechanical alteration prior to treatment.

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Not for use in voids insulated with rigid foam.

- 3. For basements, apply at a rate of 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Where footings are greater than 1 foot of depth from the grade to the top of the footing, application may be made by trenching and/or rodding at a rate of 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. When the footing is more than 4 feet below grade, the applicator must trench and rod into the trench or trench along the foundation wall at the rate prescribed to a minimum depth of 4 feet. The actual depth of treatment will vary depending on soil type, degree of compaction, and location of termite activity. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. However, in no case should a structure be treated below the footing. Treat outside of foundation walls, and if necessary beneath the basement floor along inside of foundation walls, along cracks in basement floors, along interior load bearing walls, around sewer pipes, conduits and piers.
- 4. Accessible Crawl Spaces: For crawl spaces, apply vertical termiticide barriers at the rate of 4 gallons of suspension per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing, or if the footing is more than 4 feet below grade, to a minimum depth of 4 feet.

{For a 0.5% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 3.6 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.}

For a 0.75% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 5.4 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.

For a 1.0% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet per foot of depth or 7.2 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to top of footing in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage.

Apply by trenching and rodding into the trench, or trenching. Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes. Where physical obstructions, such as concrete walkways adjacent to foundation elements, prevent trenching, treatment may be made by rodding alone. When soil type and/or conditions make trenching prohibitive, rodding may be used. When the top of the footing is exposed, the applicator must treat the soil adjacent to the footing to a depth not to exceed the bottom of the footing. Read and follow the mixing and use direction section of the label if situations are encountered where the soil will not accept the full application volume.

- a. Rod holes and trenches shall not extend below the bottom of the footing.
- b. Rod holes shall be spaced so as to achieve a continuous chemical barrier but in no case more than 12 inches apart.
- c. Trenches shall be a minimum of 6 inches deep or to the bottom of the footing, whichever is less, and need not be wider than 6 inches. When trenching in sloping (tiered) soil, the trench shall be stepped to ensure adequate distribution and to prevent termiticide from running off. The suspension must be mixed with the soil as it is replaced in the trench.
- d. When treating crawl spaces, turn off the air circulation system of the structure; until application has been completed and all termiticide has been absorbed by the soil.
- 5. Inaccessible Crawl Spaces: For inaccessible interior areas, such as areas where there is is insufficient clearance between floor joists and ground surfaces to allow operator access, excavate if possible, and treat according to the instructions for accessible crawl spaces. Otherwise, apply one or a combination of the following two methods.

{For a 0.5% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet or 3.6 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage (See "Application Volume").}

For a 0.75% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet or 5.4 ounces of Dursban 75WG Termiticide Concentrate per 10 linear feet in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage (See Application Volume section).

For a 1.0% rate, apply 4 gallons of dilution per 10 linear feet or 7.2 ounces of Dursban 75WG Termiticide Concentrate per 10 linear feet in sufficient water (not less than 2 gallons or more than 8 gallons) to ensure complete coverage (See "Application Volume").

- a. To establish a horizontal barrier, apply 1 gallon of suspension per 10 sq. ft. to the soil surface. Use a nozzle pressure of less than 25 psi. and a coarse application nozzle (e.g., Delavan Type RD Raindrop, RD-7 or larger, or Spraying Systems Co. 8010LP TeeJet or comparable nozzle). For an area that cannot be reached with the application wand, use one or more extension rods to make the application to the soil. Do not broadcast or powerspray with higher pressures.
- b. To establish a horizontal barrier, drill through the foundation wall or through the floor above and treat the soil perimeter at a rate of 1 gallon of suspension per 10 square feet. Drill spacing must be at intervals not to exceed 16 inches. Many states have smaller intervals so check state regulations which may apply.
- c. In the presence of unsupported termite tubes, mechanically destroy each tube and apply approximately 1 pint of {0.5-}0.75-1.0% dilution to an area of no more than 18 inches in diameter where the tubes emerged from the soil.

When treating crawl spaces, turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all termiticide has been absorbed by the soil.

- 6. In plenum type structures, which use a sealed underfloor space to circulate heated and/or cooled air within the structure, turn off the air circulation system of the structure until application has been completed and all termiticide has been absorbed by the soil. Apply the 0.5-0.75-1.0% dilution at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Soil adjacent to both sides of foundation walls, supporting piers, plumbing and conduits should be treated by trenching or rodding (where soil conditions permit) to a depth of 6 inches or to the top of the footing. When conditions will not permit trenching or rodding, a surface application adjacent to interior foundation walls may be made, but the treated strip shall not exceed a width of 18 inches, horizontally, from the foundation piers or pipes. The surface application should be made at a rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet as a very coarse spray under low pressure (not to exceed 20 psi, when measured at the treating tool). In order to properly calculate the amount of termiticide dilution needed, use the following guideline: A strip 18 inches wide and 6 feet 8 inches long is equal to 10 square feet. Before treatment, a barrier of at least 6 mil polyethylene film or other suitable vapor barrier must be present on this ground surface over the entire subfloor area in accordance with recommended practices for plenum type structures. Install a new vapor barrier if barrier is absent or deteriorated. The vapor barrier film on the ground and foundation walls must be folded back from the areas to be treated prior to treatment and replaced immediately following treatment. Structures should be ventilated during application and until treatment is dry;
- 7. Application using foam generating equipment: The suspension may be converted to a foam and the foam used to control or prevent termite infestations.

Depending on circumstances, foam applications may be used alone or in combination with liquid suspension applications. Applications may be made behind veneers, piers, chimney based, into

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rubble foundations, into block voids or structural voids, under slabs, stoops, porches, or to the soil in crawl spaces, and other similar voids.

Foam and liquid application must be consistent with volume and active ingredient instructions in order to ensure proper application has been made. The volume and amount of active ingredient are essential to an effective treatment. At least 50 to 75% of the labeled liquid suspension volume of product must be applied, with the remaining percent delivered to appropriate areas using foam application. Refer to the label and use recommendations of the foam manufacturer and the foaming equipment manufacturer for adjuvant rates to produce the needed expansion ratio with this product.

Foam applications are generally a good supplement to liquid treatments in difficult areas, but may be used alone in difficult spots.

The following provides the amount of Dursban 75WG required for a given area and volume range of the prefoamed termiticide dilution necessary for application of the product.

{For a 0.5% rate, apply 3.6 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet using no less than 2 gallons, or more than 8 gallons, of prefoamed dilution.}

For a 0.75% rate, apply 5.4 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet using no less than 2 gallons, or more than 8 gallons, of prefoamed dilution.

For a 1% rate, apply 7.2 ounces of Dursban 75WG per 10 linear feet using no less than 2 gallons, or more than 8 gallons, of prefoamed dilution.

8. Application in conjunction with the use of the Sentricon\* Colony Elimination System : As a part of the integrated pest management (IPM) program for subterranean termite control, Dursban 75WG may be applied to critical areas of the structure including plumbing and utility entry sites, bath traps, expansion joints, foundation cracks, and areas with known or suspected infestations at a rate of {0.5%-}0.75%-1.0% as a spot application or complete barrier treatment. Application may be made as described in the Postconstruction Treatment section of this label.

#### Underground Utility Cable Ind Conduit

Preventative Treatment for Use Only in Guam, Hawaii, and Other Pacific Islands: Use a 1.0% to 2.0% dilution (See "Rate Determination Guidelines" and "Table 1" for dilution directions). After digging the trench, place approximately 6 inches of backfill or sand at the bottom and apply 2 gallons of the dilution per 10 linear feet. Allow to dry then replace the cable backfill. Cover with an additional 6 inches of backfill or sand and apply another 2 gallons of suspension per 10 linear feet. Finish filling trench with untreated soil.

Wherever cables emerge from the soil to enter poles, light frames, etc., treat the soil around the cable and pole or frame to establish a continuous 6 inch chemical barrier.

A continuous 6 inch chemical barrier must be established around the cable to insure protection from termite attack.

#### Unite Poles and Fener Posis

Preventative Treatment: Use a 1.0 to 2.0% dilution (See "Rate Determination Guidelines" and "Table 1" for dilution directions). After pole or post hole has been dug, mix the dilution with the coil as it is being' replaced to a depth of approximately 10 inches. Place pole or post on top of this layer. The remaining soil fill and termiticide dilution should be mixed while backfilling the hole. The treated soil and the post or pole should be approximately 6 inches wide. Soil for the base layer and backfilliof each pole or post should be treated at a rate of 4 gallons of dilution per 10 cubic feet of soil.

**Remedial Treatment:** To control existing infestations or to prevent infestation of posts and poles already in place, use a 1.0% to 2.0% dilution. The termiticide dilution should be injected into termite galleries or channels in the wood. For maximum protection, injection sites should be at or below grade.

Posts or poles may also be treated by rodding down to the base of the structure. Rod holes should be placed approximately 3 inches away from the pole and about 6 inches apart. Inject approximately 12 fluid ounces of dilution per foot of depth into each rod hole.

It may be appropriate to use one or both treatment techniques depending upon the specific circumstances at the work site, e.g., soil type.

#### Control of Wood Infesting Insects

#### DOSTED TOP LEXING DIRECTORS

Dursban 75WG is recommended for use as an aqueous suspension containing 0.5% to 1.0% chlorpyrifos. See "Table 1" for dilution directions.

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When spraying overhead interior living areas of homes, apartment buildings, etc., cover surfaces below the area being sprayed with plastic sheeting or other material.

Contact with treated surfaces should be avoided until spray has dried. Cover or remove exposed foods before treatment. Do not use in structures housing animals which are intended for or which produce products to be used for food purposes. Do not use for above ground control of wood infesting insects in food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants or other areas where food is commercially prepared or processed.

To control wood infesting insects such as **powderpost beetles** (Lyctidae), **false powderpost beetles** (Bostrichidae), **deathwatch beetles** (Anobiidae), **old house borers** (Cerambycidae) and **ambrosia beetles** (Scolytidae) in homes and other structures, treatments may be applied either as coarse sprays or by brushing the product onto targeted surfaces. Use a sufficient amount of spray to cover the area to the point of wetness but avoiding runoff. Use the following guidelines to determine appropriate rates of application:

New Wood, (typically less than 10 years of age) apply approximately 1 gallon of dilution per 150 square feet as a coarse spray.

Old Wood, (typically greater than 10 years of age) apply approximately 1 gallon of dilution per 100 square feet as a coarse spray.

#### Treamen Dreators

For control of carpenter ants in homes and other structures, apply dilution around doors and windows and other places where carpenter ants enter the premises and where they crawl and hide. Also spray into cracks and crevices or through openings or small newly drilled holes into wall voids where these ants or their nests are present. Use a sufficient amount of coarse spray to cover the area to the point of wetness but avoiding runoff.

For control of termites (localized areas of infested wood in structures), apply dilution to Voids and channels in damaged wood and in spaces between members of a structure and between wood and; ', foundations where termite infestation is likely to occur. Application may be made to inaccessible areas by drilling, and then injecting the suspension. Use a sufficient amount of spray to cover the area to the point of wetness but avoiding runoff. Treatment of localized areas is intended to kill workers and winged ',' reproductive forms of termites in the treated areas and to prevent infestations for a temporary period.

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This type of application is not intended to be a substitute for soil treatment or mechanical alteration to control subterranean termites.

#### Warranty Disclaimer

DowElanco warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. DowElanco MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

#### Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of DowElanco or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

#### Limitation of Remedies

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at DowElanco's election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used

DowElanco shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless DowElanco is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall DowElanco be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the "Warranty Disclaimer" above and this "Limitation of Remedies" cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of DowElanco or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the "Warranty Disclaimer" or this "Limitation of Remedies" in any manner.

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