# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Steve A. McMaster Regulatory Manager Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

NOV - 2 2001

Dear Mr. McMaster:

Subject: XL 2G

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EPA Registration No. 62719-136
Application and Your Letter Dated September 17, 2001,
Request To Amend Registration by Revising First Aid
Statements in Compliance with PR Notice 2001-1; and the
Terms and Conditions of Use Section

The proposed labeling amendments have been reviewed and found acceptable under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, provided that you:

- 1. Revise the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section by changing the PPE required by deleting "Waterproof gloves" and adding "Chemical Resistant Gloves, such as butyl rubber > 11 mils; or natural rubber > 14 mils; or neoprene rubber > 14 mils; or nitrile rubber > mils.
- 2. Submit one (1) copy of the final printed label prior to your shipment of this pesticide product under the enclosed revised stamped label.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA, section 6(e). Your release for shipment under this labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

or Joannel I. Miller

Product Manager (23)

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

#### [Front Panel of Bag]

(logo) Dow AgroSciences

# **XL\* 2G**

Contains oryzalin, the active ingredient in Surflan\* herbicides.

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in:

- Container grown ornamentals
- Landscape ornamentals
- Nursery stock
- Ground covers
- · Established flowers
- Ornamental bulbs
- Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards
- Non-bearing berries
- Christmas tree plantations
- Non-cropland
- Established tall fescue and warm season turf (including bahiagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoysiagrass)

#### Active Ingredients:

benefin: N-butyl-N-etnyl- $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -trifluoro-2,6-	
dinitro-p-toluidine	1.0%
oryzalin: 3,5-dinitro- <i>N</i> <sup>4</sup> , <i>N</i> <sup>4</sup> -	
dipropylsulfanilamide	1.0%
Inert Ingredients	98.0%
Total	100.0%
Contains 1 pound active ingredient per 50 pound	bag

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

NOV - 2 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

# Keep Out of Reach of Children

# CAUTION PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

#### **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to back panel of bag for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Refer to label booklet in pocket of bag for Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

MO

AHC

AGF

MM

EPA Reg. No. 62719-136

EPA Est. 2393-IL-3; 5905-IA-01; 32761-MO-3; 464-Ml-1 Superscripts correspond to first letters of lot number.

\*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC
Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268, USA

**Specialty Herbicide** 

Net Wt. \_\_ lb

[Back of Bag]

# **Precautionary Statements**

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

# CAUTION

Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • May cause skin allergies to develop.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

[Label Booklet]
[Front Cover of Booklet]
(logo) Dow AgroSciences

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Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

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Inherent Risks of Use Limitation of Remedies

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### **Precautionary Statements**

## Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

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Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### **Directions for Use**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours. **Exception**: If the product is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Workers may enter treated areas without required PPE during the reentry interval following 1/2 to 1 inch of rainfall or irrigation, if they are performing tasks that do not involve contact with the soil subsurface; otherwise, PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- · Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

**Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses:** Keep all persons, children, and pets out of treated area until dusts have settled.

#### Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**Storage:** Store in original container only. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste. **Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Disposal:** Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### **General Information**

XL 2G herbicide is a preemergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in container and landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, ground covers, established tall fescue and warm season turf, established flowers, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards, non-bearing berries, Christmas tree plantations, non-cropland and established tall fescue and warm season turf (including bahiagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoysiagrass). Apply XL 2G prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation. Length of weed control will vary with rate of XL 2G applied, weed population, potting media or soil conditions, temperature, watering regime, and other factors. Following application, user should monitor and observe level of weed control over time to determine when additional applications may be needed.

#### General Use Precautions and Restrictions

#### Do not aerially apply this product.

Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas to livestock.

XL 2G does not control established weeds. Existing weeds should be controlled by cultivation or with postemergence herbicides. Weed residues, prunings and trash should be removed or thoroughly mixed into soil prior to treatment. Soil should be in good condition and free of clods at the time of application. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inches or more, or flood irrigation is required to activate XL 2G. If rainfall or irrigation has not occurred within 21 days of application and tillage is possible, XL 2G may be activated using cultivation equipment capable of uniformly mixing the herbicide into the upper 1-2 inches of soil. Failure to activate XL 2G may result in erratic weed control. Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift of XL 2G granules from the target area.

Users who wish to use XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for such uses by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label.

#### **Application Directions**

Apply XL 2G using a drop or rotary-type spreader designed to apply granular herbicides or insecticides. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing granules uniformly. Do not use spreaders that apply material in narrow concentrated bands. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or crop injury may occur. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half of the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first.

#### Application Techniques for Applying XL 2G

- When using a drop-type spreader, a splashboard mounted under the hopper will provide more even granule distribution.
- A chain fastened to the side of the spreader and allowed to drag on the soil surface can be used to mark the edge of the treated swath and help prevent skips or overlaps.
- For treating smaller areas or rows of nursery stock or ornamental beds, a hand held or push-type rotary applicator such as a whirlybird or cyclone unit is recommended. For hand held units, walk and turn the crank at a constant rate of speed.
- A shaker-type applicator made from a small container with holes punched in the bottom is recommended for small, difficult to treat areas. Carefully measure the amount of product needed to avoid over-application.

# Approved Uses

Established<sup>†</sup> Container Grown Ornamentals, Established Tall Fescue and Warm Season Turfgrasses, Landscape Ornamentals, Nursery Stock, Ground Covers, Flowers, Ornamental Bulbs, Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-bearing Vineyards, Non-bearing Berries, Christmas Tree Plantations, and Non-cropland

XL 2G is recommended as a preemergence treatment for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in container grown ornamentals, landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, ground covers, established tall fescue, warm season turfgrasses, established flowers, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards, non-bearing berries, Christmas tree plantations, and non-cropland. Apply XL 2G prior to germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation.

**Broadcast Application Rates:** 

	×	L 2G	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Labeled Use Site	(lb/acre)	(lb/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(lb/acre)
Landscape Ornamentals	200	4.6	2	800
Field-grown and	300	6.9	4	900
container-grown ornamentals				

**Note:** Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for general use precautions and information on application.

#### Special Use Precautions

To avoid possible plant injury, do not apply XL 2G to:

- · plants or areas in greenhouses or other enclosed structures.
- nursery seedbeds or forest or Christmas tree seedling transplant beds.
- unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time.
- · pots less than four inches wide.
- · ground covers until they are established and well rooted.
- ornamental plantings where the likelihood of runoff onto lawn areas containing dichondra or cool season turfgrass species exists.
- · Do not apply XL 2G to the following plant species or injury may occur:

Begonia spp. (begonia)

Coleus hybridus (coleus)

Deutzia gracilis (slender deutzia)

Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas-fir)

Thuja occidentalis 'Techny' (Techny arborvitae)

Tsuga canadensis (eastern hemlock)

**Ice Plant:** When establishing unrooted ice plant (*Mesembryanthemum crystallinum* and *Carpobrutus* edulis )on coarse soils, do not exceed the 200 lb/acre rate of XL 2G or crop injury may occur. After the ice plant is well established, a second application may be made.

†Definition of established plantings: Apply only to established plantings. Established plants are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation. Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds.

Unlisted plant species: Users who wish to use XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for such uses by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label.

#### Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by XL 2G

Weeds controlled when XL 2G is applied at a rate of 200 to 300 pounds per acre (4.6 to 6.9 pounds per 1000 sq ft).

#### **Annual Grasses:**

Common Name barley, little barnyardgrass bluegrass, annual crabgrass

crowfootgrass

cupgrass, southwestern

foxtail goosegrass

johnsongrass (seedling only)

junglerice

lovegrass, Mexican lovegrass, orcutt

oat, wild

panicum, browntop panicum, fall panicum, Texas ryegrass, Italian sandbur, field signalgrass sprangletop, red witchgrass

#### Broadleaf Weeds: Common Name

bittercress carpetweed chickweed, common fiddleneck, coast filaree, redstem filaree, whitestem groundsel, common

nenbit

knotweed, prostrate lambsquarters, common

pigweed puncturevine purslane, common pusley, Florida rocket, London rockpurslane, desert shepherdspurse spurge, prostrate woodsorrel, yellow

#### Scientific Name

Hordeum pusillum Echinochloa crus-galli

Poa annua Digitaria spp.

Dactyloctenium aegyptium

Eriochloa gracilis Setaria spp. Eleusine indica Sorghum halepense Echinochloa colonum Eragrostis mexicana Eragrostis orcuttiana

Avena fatua

Panicum fasciculatum
Panicum dichotomiflorum

Panicum texanum Lolium multiflorum Cenchrus incertus Brachiaria spp. Leptochloa filiformis Panicum capillare

#### Scientific Name

Cardamine oligosperma Mollugo verticillata Stellaria media Amsinckia intermedia Erodium cicutarium Erodium moschatum Senecio vulgaris Lamium amplexicaule Polygonum aviculare Chenopodium album Amaranthus spp. Tribulus terrestris Portulaca oleracea Richardia scabra Sisymbrium irio Calandrinia ciliata Capsella bursa-pastoris Euphorbia humistrata Oxalis stricta

In addition to the weeds controlled, the following weeds will be partially controlled or suppressed at 200 to 300 pounds per acre (4.6 to 6.9 pounds per 1000 sq ft).

Common Name Scientific Name horseweed Conyza canadensis ladysthumb Polygonum persicaria lettuce, prickly Lactuca serriola Malva neglecta mallow, common milkweed, climbing Sarcostemma cynanchoides Ipomoea spp. morningglory mustard, black Brassica nigra Brassica kaber mustard, wild nightshade, black Solanum nigrum ragweed, common Ambrosia artemisiifolia smartweed Polygonum pensylvanicum sowthistle, annual Sonchus oleraceus spurge, spotted Euphorbia maculata teaweed (prickly sida) Sida spinosa velvetleaf Abutilon theophrasti wheat, volunteer Triticum spp.

# XL 2G May Be Used On The Following Established Plant Species: (Note limitations on recommended treatment methods.)

#### Trees

Colonia Maria Maria	Recommended Treatment Method: C = Container Grown
Scientific Name/Common Name	F = Field Grown
Abies balsamea	F
Balsam fir	F
Abies concolor	_
White fir	F
Abies fraseri	_
Fraser fir	F
Abies grandis	
Grand fir	F
Abies lasiocarpa	
Alpine fir	F
Abies veitchi	
Veitch fir	F
Abutilon hybridum	
Albus flowering maple	F
Luteus flowering maple	F
Roseus flowering maple	F
Tangerine flowering maple	F
Vesuvius red flowering maple	F
Acer spp.	
maple	F
Arecastrum romanzoffianum	
Queen palm	F
Betula papyrifera	
Paper birch	F
Betula nigra	•
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River birch	F
Betula pendula	-
White birch	F
Bucida buceras Black olive	F
Ceratonia siliqua	•
Carob	F
Cercidium floridum	
Blue palo verde	F
Cercis canadensis	
Redbud	C,F
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana	-
Lawson falsecypress	F
Chamaecyparis obtusa spp.	F
Filicoides-fernspray cypress Gracilis-slender Hinoki cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera	'
Sawara-false cypress	F
Squarrosa-moss cypress	F
Chamaedorea cataractarum	
Cat palm	F
Chamaedorea costaricana	
Palm	F
Chamaedorea elegans	_
Parlor palm	F
Comus florida	F
Flowering dogwood  Crupaniopsis anacardioides	F
Carrot wood	F
Cryptomeria japonica	•
Japanese cryptomeria	C,F
Cupressus glabra	
Arizona cypress	C,F
Cupressus sempervirens	
Italian cypress	C,F
Elaeagnus angustifolia	C,F
Russian olive	Ç,F
Eucalyptus cinerea  Mealy eucalyptus	F
Silver dollar eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus camaldulensis	
Red gum eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus nicholii	_
Narrow-leaved eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus sideroxylon	F
Red ironbark eucalyptus	'
Ficus benjamina Ficus	F
Fraxinus spp.	
Ash	F
Ginko biloba	
Maidenhair tree	C,F
Gleditsia triacanthos	_
Honey locust	F
Heteromeles arbutiflora	F
Toyon	

Juniperus virginiana	F
Eastern redcedar` Kalmia latifolia	Γ
Mountain laurel	F
Koelreuteria paniculata	
goldenrain tree	F
Liquidambar styraciflua	۰.
American sweet gum	C,F
Magnolia grandiflora Southern magnolia	F
Malus spp.	•
Crabapple	F
Morus alba	
White mulberry	F
Olea euripaea	_
Olive	F
Picea abies	F
Norway spruce Picea englemanni	Г
Englemann spruce	F
Picea glauca	•
Conica-dwarf Alberta spruce	F
White spruce	F
Picea mariana	_
Black spruce	F
Picea pungens spp.	F
Glauca-Colorado blue spruce Hoopsii-Hoop's blue spruce	F
Koster-Koster blue spruce	F
Pinus spp.	•
Pine	C,F
Platanus occidentalis	
American sycamore	F
Platanus racemosa	_
California sycamore	F
Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus	F
Populus deltoides	•
Cottonwood	F
Prunus caroliniana	
Carolina laurelcherry	F
Prunus laurocerasus	_
English laurelcherry	F
Prunus mahaleb  Mahaleb cherry	F
Prunus yedoensis	•
Yoshino flowering cherry	F
Quercus spp.	
Oak	C,F
Salix babylonica	-
Babylon weeping willow	F
Corkscrew willow Schinus molle	ľ
California pepper tree	F
Sequoiadendron giganteum	-
Giant sequoia	F
•	

Sequoia sempervirens	
Coast redwood	F
Swietenia mahogani	
Mahogany	F
Tabebuia caraiba	
Yellow tab	F
Tilia cordata	
Littleleaf linden	C,F
Thuja plicata	_
Western redcedar	F
Ulmus parvifolia	
Chinese Elm	F
Umbellularia californica	
California laurel	F
Washingtonia robusta	
Mexican fan palm	F

Recommended

#### **Ornamental Shrubs**

Treatment Method: C = Container Grown F = Field Grown Scientific Name/Common Name Abelia grandiflora Glossy abelia Acacia redolens Prostrate acacia Agave americana Century plant Agave macroculmis F Agave Arctostaphylos stanfordiana F Stanford manzanita Astilbe chinensis C,F False spirea Baccharis pilularis F Coyotebush Berberis thunbergii C,F Atropurea-Redleaf Japanese barberry C,F Aurea golden Japanese barberry C,F Crimson pygmy barberry Bougainvillea spp. F Barbara Karst F California Gold F Scarlet O'Hara Texas Dawn F Buxus microphylla Japonica-Japanese boxwood C,F Littleleaf boxwood Buxus sempervirens Common boxwood C,F Callistemon citrinus Lemon bottlebrush C.F Ceanothus spp. Wild lilac C,F

Chamaecyparis obtusa spp.

	_
Kosteri cypress	F
Nana-dwarf Hinoki cypress	F
Torulosa cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera	_
Filifera-thread cypress	F
Squarrosa minima-dwarf moss cypress	F
Chrysalidocarpus lutescens	_
Areca palm	F
Cleyera japonica	C,F
Japanese cleyera	C,F
Cotoneaster adpressus	F
Praecox-early cotoneaster	4
Cotoneaster apiculatus	C,F
Cranberry cotoneaster Cotoneaster buxifolius	٠,٠
Brightbead cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster congestus	•
Pyrenees cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster dammeri	·
Bearberry cotoneaster	C, F
Cotoneaster himalayan	-, •
Himalayan cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster horizontalis	
Rock cotoneaster	C,F
Cotoneaster lacteus	
Parney cotoneaster	C,F
Cotoneaster microphyllus	
Rockspray cotoneaster	F
Cornus alba	
Sibirica-Siberian dogwood	F
Cornus florida	_
Flowering dogwood	F
Cornus kousa	
Kousa dogwood	C,F
Cornus stolonifera	-
Flaviramea-yellowtwig dogwood	F
Cryptomeria japonica	C,F
Japanese cryptomeria	<b>U,</b> F
Cytisus praecox Holandia-warminster broom	F
Cytisus scoparius	•
Lena-Scotch broom	F
Dasylirion wheeleri	•
Desert spoon sotol	F
Deutzia crenata	
Nakiana dwarf deutzia	F
Dodonea viscosa	
Hopseed bush	F
Escallonia exoniensis	
Escallonia	C,F
Euonymus alata	_
Winged euonymus	F
Euonymus fortunei	<u> </u>
Canadale gold euonymus	C,F
Emerald'n gold euonymus	C,F C,F
Stringybark euonymus	U,F

Wintercreeper	C,F
Euonymus japonica	C,F
Evergreen euonymus Silver king euonymus	F.
Euonymus kiautschovica	•
Spreading euonymus	F
Fatshedera lizei	0.5
Fatshedera	C,F
Forsythia intermedia Forsythia	F
Gardenia jasminoides	•
Gardenia	C,F
Genista pilosa	
Woadwaxen	F
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	<b>-</b>
Chinese hibiscus Ross Estey hibiscus	F
Hibiscus syriacus	
Rose of Sharon, Red Bird	F
Rose of Sharon, Red Heart	F
Rose of Sharon, Woodbridge	F
Hypericum spp.	
St. Johnswort	F
llex aquifolium	F
Balkans holly English holly	F
Gold coast holly	F
Ilex aquipernyi	•
San Jose holly	C,F
Ilex cornuta	
Chinese holly	C,F
Dwarf burford holly  Ilex crenata	C,F
Convexa holly	C,F
Compacta-dwarf Japanese holly	C,F
Helleri-Heller's Japanese holly	C,F
Japanese holly	C,F
llex glabra	_
Nordica-inkberry holly	F
llex meserveae Blue girl holly	F
Blue boy holly	F
Ebony magic holly	F
llex vomitoria	
Nana-dwarf yaupon holly	C,F
Pendula-weeping yaupon holly	C,F
Yaupon holly  Juniperus spp.	C,F
Juniper  Juniper	C,F
Justicia brandegeana	-,.
Shrimp plant	C,F
Justicia spicigera	_
Mexican honeysuckle	F
Lagerstroemia indica Crape myrtle	C,F
Leucothoe axillaris	U,F
· •	

Coast leucothoe	F
Leucothoe fontanesiana	_
Drooping leucothoe	F
Ligustrum amurense	C E
Amur privet	C,F
Ligustrum japonicum	C,F
Japanese privet Yellow tip ligustrum	C,F
Ligustrum texanum	<b>O</b> ,,
Wax leaf privet	F
Howardi privet	F
Ligustrum lucidum	
Glossy privet	C,F
Ligustrum ovalifolium	
California privet	F
Ligustrum vicaryi	
Vicary golden privet	C,F
Livistona chinensis	_
Chinese fountain palm	F
Lonicera fragrantissima	_
Winter honeysuckle	F
Lonicera periclymenum	F
Flowering woodbine Serotina woodbine	F
Lonicera sempervirens	Ų
Trumpet honeysuckle	F
Mahonia aquifolium	•
Oregon grape	F
Myoporum parvifolium	
Prostrate myoporum	F
Myrtus communis	
True myrtle	C,F
Nandina domestica	
Compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
Harbour-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
Heavenly bamboo	C,F
Nana compacta- heavenly bamboo	C,F
Nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo	C,F
Woods-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
Nerium oleander	C,F
Hardy red oleander Oleander	C,F
Ruby lace oleander	C,F
Osmanthus heterophyllus	O,1
Holly-leaf osmanthus	F
Pachysandra terminalis	•
Japanese spurge	F
Philadelphus spp.	
Mockorange	C,F
Phoenix roebelenii	
Pygmy date palm	F
Photinia fraseri	_
Fraser's photinia	C,F
Picea abíes	_
Repens-spreading Norway spruce	F
Pendula-weeping Norway spruce	F

Piorio ianonica	
Pieris japonica Andromeda	C.F
Lily-of-the-valley	F
Snowdrift	F
Temple bells lily-of-the-valley	F
Valley rose lily-of-the-valley	F
Pittosporum spp.	
Pittosporum	C,F
Platycladus orientalis	
Oriental arborvitae	C,F
Plumbago ariculata	
Blue cape plumbago	F
Podocarpus macrophyllus	
Yewpine	C,F
Potentilla fragiformis	
Cinquefoil	F
Potentilla fruticosa	
Cinquefoil	C,F
Protea neriifolia	_
Protea	F
Pyracantha coccinea	0.5
Scarlet forethorn	C,F
Pyracantha fortuneana	C E
Lalendel Monrovia pyracantha	C,F C,F
Monon pyracantha	C,F
Red elf hybrid pyracantha	C,F
Rutgers hybrid pyracantha	C,F
Santa Cruz pyracantha	C,F
Victory pyracantha Pyracantha skoidzumi	٠,١
Formosa firethorn	C,F
Rhaphiolepis indica	<b>•</b> ,.
Enchantress-Moness rhaphiolepis	F
India hawthorn	C,F
Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis	F
Rhaphiolepis ovata	
Round-leaf rhaphiolepis	F
Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri	
Easter cactus	C,F
Rhododendron spp.	
Azalea	C,F
Rhododendron	C,F
Rhus lancea	
African sumac	C,F
Rosa rugosa	_
Ramanas rose	F
Rosmarinus officinalis	F
Rosemary	Г
Spiraea vanhouttei	F
Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris	'
Common lilac	F
Syzygium paniculata	•
Brush cherry	C,F
Taxus cuspidata	- 1.
Japanese yew	F
·	

Taxus media	
Yew	F
Thuja occidentalis	
American arborvitae	F
Emerald arborvitae	F
Globosa-globe arborvitae	F
Little Giant-dwarf arborvitae	F
Nigra-dark American arborvitae	F
Pyramidalis arborvitae	F
Rheingold arborvitae	F
Woodwardii arborvitae	F
Thuja orientalis	
Aurea nana-dwarf golden arborvitae	F
Minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae	F
Trachelospermum jasminoides	
Chinese star jasmine	F
Veitchia merilli	
Christmas palm	F
Viburnum davidii	
David viburnum	F
Viburnum japonicum	
Viburnum	F
Viburnum opulus sterile	
Eastern snowball viburnum	F
Viburnum plicatum tomentosum	
Doublefile viburnum	F
Viburnum x pragense	
Virburnum	F
Viburnum setigerum	
Tea viburnum	F
Viburnum suspensum	
Sandankwa viburnum	F
Viburnum tinus	
Compactum-spring bouquet viburnum	F
Laurastinus viburnum	C,F
Viburnum triloburn	
Compactum-dwarf cranberry bush	F
Weigela florida	
Java red weigela	F
Bristol ruby weigela	F
Minuet weigela	F
Xylosma congestum	
Xylosma	F
Yucca elata	
Soaptree yucca	C,F
Yucca recurvifolia	
Pendulous yucca	F

# **Ground Covers**

0 t 1/5 N 10 10 10 10 1	Treatment Method: C = Container Grown
Scientific Name/Common Name Agapanthus africanus	F = Field Grown
Lily-of-the-Nile	C,F
Ajuga spp.	<b>O</b> ,,
Carpet bugle	F
Arctotheca calendula	
Cape weed	F
Campanula elatines	
Bellflower	C,F
Carpobrotus edulis	
Largeleaf iceplant	F
Clytostoma callistegioides	
Violet trumpet vine	C,F
Cortaderia selloana	
Pampas grass	F
Delosperma alba	
White iceplant	F
Drosanthemum floribundum	
Trailing rosea iceplant	F
Festuca ovina	_
Blue fescue	F
Gazania spp.	_
Gazania	F
Hedera canariensis	_
Algerian ivy	F
Hedera helix	_
English ivy	F
Hemerocallis spp.	2 F
Day lily	C,F
Hosta spp.	6.5
Plantain lily	C,F
Hypericum spp.	F
St. Johnswort	r
Lampranthus spectabilis	F
Red trailing iceplant	r
Liriope gigantea White lily turf	F
Liriope muscari	•
Big blue lily turf	C,F
Lilac beauty lily turf	C,F
Majestic lily turf	C,F
Monroe white lily turf	C,F
Silvery sunproof lily turf	C,F
Variegated liriope lily turf	C,F
Lonicera japonica	,
Japanese honeysuckle	F
Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	
Ice plant	F
Ophiopogon japonicus	
Mondo grass	F
Osteospermum fruticosum	
Trailing African daisy	F
<del>-</del>	

Recommended

Sedum brevifolium	
Stonecrop	F
Trachelospermum jasminoides	
Chinese star jasmine	F
Vinca major	
Bigleaf periwinkle	F
Vinca minor	
Dwarf periwinkle	F

# **Established Flowers**

# Recommended Treatment Method: C = Container Grown F = Field Grown

Scientific Name/Common Name	C = Container Grown F = Field Grown
Achillea spp.	
Yarrow	F
Antirrhinum majus	
Snapdragon	F
Caladium bicolor	
Fancy-leaved caladium	F
Chrysanthemum coccineum	
Painted daisy	F
Chrysanthemum maximum	
Shasta daisy	F
Chrysanthemum morifolium	
Chrysanthemum	F
Coreopsis lanceolata	
Coreopsis	F
Dianthus barbatus	
Sweet william	F
Dicentra spectabilis	
Bleeding heart	C,F
Dimorphotheca spp.	·
Cape marigold	F
Echinacea purpurea	
Purple coneflower	F
Geum quellyon	
Geum	F
Gladiolus hortulanus	
Gladiolus	F
Gypsophila paniculata	
Baby's breath	F
Impatiens wallerana	
Impatiens	F
Iris spp.	
Bearded iris	F
Liatris spicata	
Blazing star	C,F
Pelargonium hortorum	
Geranium	F
Petunia spp.	
Petunia	F
Portulaca grandiflora	
Rose moss	F
Ranunculus asiaticus	

Persian ranunculus	F
Rosa spp.	
Rose	F
Rudbeckia hirta	
Gloriosa daisy/black-eyed susan	F
Salvia spp.	
Sage	F
Stokesia laevis	
Stokes aster	F
Strelitzia reginae	
Bird of paradise	F
Tagetes spp.	
Marigold	F
Viola wittrockiana	
Pansy	F
Zinnia elegans	
Common zinnia	F

# Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-bearing Vineyards †

(

Recommended Treatment Method: C = Container Grown Common Name F = Field Grown Almond F Apple Apricot F Avocado F Cherry, sour Cherry, sweet F Fig F Filbert F Grape, American F Grape, European . F C,F Grapefruit Kiwi Kumquat F Lemon Macadamia nut F Nectarine Olive C,F Orange F Peach F Pear C,F Pecan F Pistachio F Plum F Pomegranate Prune F Walnut, black F Walnut, English

† Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards are defined as plants that will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

#### Non-bearing Berries †

Recommended Treatment Method: C = Container Grown F = Field Grown

Common Name Blackberry Blueberry F F Boysenberry F Currant F Dewberry F Elderberry F Gooseberry F Loganberry Raspberry

† Non-bearing berries are defined as plants that will not bear berries for at least one year after treatment.

#### **Ornamental Bulbs**

#### **Special Use Precautions**

Do not apply to tulip plants that have emerged to a height greater than 3/4 inch. Deep till prior to planting any crop after this use.

Do not apply to gladioli prior to emergence or to plants less than one inch in diameter.

#### Application Rates, Frequency, and Timing of Applications

XL 2G may be applied for annual weed control in ornamental bulbs such as bulbous iris, daffodil (narcissus), hyacinth, and tulip. Apply XL 2G to the soil surface two (2) to four (4) weeks after planting and final hilling but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. XL 2G may also be applied following bulb emergence. For fall-planted bulbs, apply XL 2G again in late winter or early spring to weed-free soil surfaces.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Time of		XL 2G		Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Application	Soil Texture	(lb/acre)	(lb/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(lb/acre)
Fall	Coarse	75	1.7	3	150
Fall	Medium and Fine	150	3.4	3	225
Feb March	All Soil Textures	75	1.7	3	225

#### **Christmas Tree Plantations**

Apply XL 2G to established plantings of labeled field grown Christmas tree species prior to germination of target weeds. Do not apply to Douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*) or Eastern hemlock (*Tsuga canadensis*). Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds. Apply only to established plantings. Established plants are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Length of	)	(L 2G	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Control	(lb/acre)	(lb/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(lb/acre)
2 - 4 months	200	4.6	2	800
4 - 8 months	400	9.2	2	800

**Note:** Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for general use precautions and information on application. Refer to "Approved Uses" section of this label for special use precautions and information weeds controlled.

# Noncropland Areas: Industrial Sites, Utility Substations, Highway Guardrails, Sign Posts, and Delineators

XL 2G is recommended as a preemergence treatment for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds on industrial sites, utility substations, highway guardrails, sign posts, and delineators. Apply XL 2G prior to germination of target weeds. Areas to be treated should be free of established weeds or existing weeds should be controlled with posternergence herbicides.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Length of	ength of XL 2G		Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year	
Control	(lb/acre)	(lb/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(lb/acre)	
2 - 4 months	200	4.6	2	600	
4 -8 months	400	9.2	4	1200	
8 - 12 months	600	13.8	8	1200	

**Note:** Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for general use precautions and information on application. Refer to "Approved Uses" section of this label for special use precautions and information weeds controlled.

#### Warm Season Turfgrasses

XL 2G may be applied as a preemergence treatment for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in established warm season turf including bahiagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass and zoysiagrass or established tall fescue growing in warm season areas. Established turf is defined as a dense turf having a well-anchored root system and healthy, vigorous top growth.

Successful preemergence control of weeds listed on this label requires that XL 2G be applied prior to weed germination and be activated by at least one-half (1/2) inch of rainfall or irrigation within 21 days of application.

#### Special Use Precautions:

To avoid possible injury, do not apply XL 2G to:

- Cool season turfgrass species other than tall fescue.
- · Lawns containing dichondra or cool season turfgrass species.
- · Golf course putting greens or tees.
- Turfgrass in the spring that was planted the previous fall.

- Newly sprigged or sodded areas of bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass, zoysiagrass
  or tall fescue until these turfs are well established and have well anchored root systems.
- Newly hydromulched areas of bermudagrass until such areas are well established.

XL 2G will not control emerged weeds.

XL 2G may injure turf that is not well established or is stressed or weakened due to unfavorable winter climatic conditions, drought, nematodes, or other factors which damage or weaken turf root systems. Apply XL 2G only to healthy, well-established turf that has a well-anchored root system.

Do not apply XL 2G in the spring or early summer to tall fescue turfgrass reseeded the previous fall. In such cases, apply Balan\* 2.5G granular herbicide at 60 to 80 pounds per acre in early summer (Round 1) and XL 2G at 100 pounds per acre approximately eight weeks later (Round 2).

XL 2G may thin established annual bluegrass (Poa annua) at rates above 100 pounds per acre.

In bermudagrass areas that have been overseeded with winter grasses, a spring application of XL 2G will thin the overseeded grasses.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by XL 2G

Weeds controlled by XL 2G when applied at 100 to 150 lb/acre (2.3 to 3.4 lb/1000 sq ft)

#### **Annual Grasses**

#### Summer Annuals:

Common Name Scientific Name barnyardgrass Echinochloa crus-galli

crabgrass Digitaria spp.

crowfootgrass Dactyloctenium aegyptium

foxtail Setaria spp.
goosegrass Eleusine indica
johnsongrass Sorghum halepense

(seedling only)

ryegrass, Italian Lolium multiflorum sandbur, field Cenchrus incertus

#### Winter Annuals:

Common Name Scientific Name bluegrass, annual Poa annua

**Broadleaf Weeds** 

#### Summer Annuals:

Common Name Scientific Name carpetweed Mollugo verticillata knotweed, prostrate purslane, common Portulaca oleracea

#### Winter Annuals:

Common Name

Scientific Name

chickweed, common

Stellaria media

henbit

Lamium amplexicaule

In addition to the weeds controlled, the following weeds will be partially controlled or suppressed at 100 to 150 lb/acre (2.3 to 3.4 lb/1000 sq ft).

Common Name

Scientific Name

carrot, wild

Daucus carota

fleabane, dwarf

Conyza ramosissima

groundsel, common

Senecio vulgaris

mustard, Indian

Brassica juncea

spurge, prostrate

Euphorbia humistrata

woodsorrel, yellow

Oxalis stricta

#### Application Rates, Frequency and Timing of Applications

XL 2G can be applied in the spring for summer annual grass and broadleaf weed control, and in the fall for annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and winter annual broadleaf weed control.

**Broadcast Application Rates (Warm Season Turfgrasses)** 

	XL 2G		Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Use Area	(lb/acre)	(lb/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(lb/acre)
All, except	100	2.3	2	400
Florida	150	3.4	3	600
Florida	100	2.3	3	400
	150	3.4	3	450

#### 1. Summer Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds

**Single Application Program:** Apply 150 pounds per acre of XL 2G in late winter or early spring, prior to the onset of conditions favorable for summer annual weed germination.

**Split Application Program:** As an alternative to a single application program, XL 2G may be applied in a split application. This program is desirable when the initial application is made well in advance of weed germination and where weed control is desired for a longer period of time. Apply 100 pounds per acre of XL 2G in an initial application, followed by a second application of 100 pounds per acre 8 to 10 weeks later.

The second treatment of the split application may follow application of a different preemergence grass herbicide in place of the initial XL 2G application.

#### 2. Annual Bluegrass and Winter Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Apply XL 2G as a preemergence treatment in late summer or early fall, prior to the expected germination period for annual bluegrass and winter annual broadleaf weeds. Do not apply XL 2G to areas where fall overseeding will occur. If annual bluegrass infestation is severe and its elimination will result in thinning of turfgrass cover, apply XL 2G at 100 pounds per acre. If thinning of turfgrass cover is not a potential problem, XL 2G may be applied at 150 pounds per acre.

In areas of heavy annual bluegrass infestation, its elimination will result in temporary thinning of turfgrass cover. Proper fertilization, irrigation and soil incorporated reseeding should be employed to

speed the restoration of desirable turfgrass cover in areas previously occupied by annual bluegrass (See section on reseeding).

#### Weed Control in Florida

In Florida, apply 150 pounds per acre of XL 2G three times per year, or every 90 to 100 days, in the fall, early spring, and early summer. Do not apply more than 150 pounds per acre of XL 2G in any single application.

#### **Application Directions**

Apply XL 2G evenly over the turfgrass area. Avoid spray pattern skips and overlaps that may result in incomplete coverage or over-application. For best results use application equipment designed to uniformly broadcast granular herbicides. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first application. Calibrate application equipment prior to use, according to manufacturer's directions. Check equipment frequently to make sure it is working properly and distributing granules uniformly.

#### Reseeding

Herbicides that control annual weeds may also affect establishment of desirable turfgrass seedlings. Reseeding should be delayed for at least 6 weeks following application of XL 2G at the 100 pound per acre rate. When using XL 2G at the 150 pound per acre rate, reseeding should be delayed 12 to 16 weeks after application. When reseeding, it is essential that proper cultural practices such as soil cultivation and seedbed preparation, irrigation and fertilization be followed. For satisfactory reseeding results following XL 2G use, the seeding rate should be increased and equipment designed to place seed in full contact with soil (such as the Rogers Aero Seeder) should be employed.

#### Spreader Settings

(A guide for calibrating spreaders to apply XL 2G in one pass over turf.)

**Note:** These settings are provided as *suggested* starting points in calibrating each individual spreader. Since no two spreaders are alike, these settings are intended only as a guide in beginning the calibration process.

	Estimated Spreader Setting Necessary to Apply the Specified Rate of XL 2G Per Acre In One Pass		
Spreader Type	100 lb/acre	150 lb/acre	
Cyclone:			
Models B1, 33, 96, BSSB at 200 ft/min.	3 1/4	3 1/2	
Model 100 at 200 ft/min.	3 1/4	3 1/2	
Model 93 (based on tractor speed of 4			
mph)	5	6 1/4	
Model 99 (based on tractor speed of 4		,	
mph)	4 3/4	5 3/4-6	
Model BPI (based on tractor speed of 4			
mph)	4 1/2	5 1/4-5 1/2	

Gandy:		
Model 10A series, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20		•
and 30 ft (based on tractor speed of 5		ļ.
mph)	31	37
Model 10T series, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20		
and 30 ft (based on tractor speed of 5		
mph)	33	40
Turf Tender, 24, 30, 42 inch (based on		
tractor speed of 3 mph)	25	28
600 Series, 2, 4 and 5 ft (based on	_	_
tractor speed of 3 mph)	18	22
Lely:		
Model W and H (based on tractor speed		
of 4.5 mph)	3	4
Lesco:		
Lesco Spreader (Note: set 3rd		_
adjustable hole 1 notch from "open")	D 1/2	F
Scott:		
Rotary Model R-8	H 1/2	l 1/4
Drop Spreader	3 7/8	4 5/8
Spyker:		
Spyker	3.2	3.6
Vicon:		
Model 402 (with seed ring) swath width		
20 ft, 5 mph speed	24	28
Warren:		
Model T-7II (based on ground speed of		
(3.0 mph)	3 1/4	4

#### Terms and Conditions of Use

If terms of the following Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies are not acceptable, return unopened package at once to the seller for a full refund of purchase price paid. Otherwise, use by the buyer or any other user constitutes acceptance of the terms under Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitations of Remedies.

#### **Warranty Disclaimer**

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. Seller MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

#### Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer.

#### Limitation of Remedies

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Seller's election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used.

Seller shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Seller is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall Seller be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer and Inherent Risks of Use above and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of the Seller or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

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