[Booklet bound -- XL 2G]

[Front Cover of Booklet]

(logo) DowElanco

XL* 2G

Contains oryzalin, the active ingredient in Surflan* herbicides.

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in:

- Container grown ornamentals
- Landscape ornamentals
- · Nursery stock
- Ground covers
- Established flowers
- Ornamental buibs
- Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards
- Christmas tree plantations
- Non-cropland
- Established tall fescue and warm season turf (including bahlagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoysiagrass)

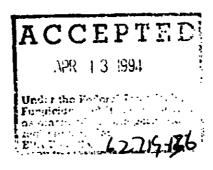
Active ingredients:	
benefin: N-butyl-N-ethyl-α,α,α-trifluoro-2,6-dinitro-p-toluidine	1.0%
oryzalin: 3,5-dinitro-N ⁴ ,N ⁴ -dipropylsulfanilamide	1.0%
Inert ingredients	
Contains 1 pound active ingredient per 50 pound bag	

EPA Reg. No. 62719-136

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Specialty Herbicide

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Limitation of Remedies

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Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

Causes Eye irritation - Harmful If Swallowed, Inhaled, Or Absorbed Through The Skin Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if imitation develops.

If inhaled: If discomfort occurs, remove individual to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing difficulty occurs. If not breathing, provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation assistance (mouth-to mouth) and call a physician.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

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Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralis

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- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container only. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste. Peeticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely emp.; bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

General Information

XL 2G herbicide is a preemergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in container and landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, ground covers, established flowers, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards, Christmas tree plantations, non-cropland and established tall fescue and warm season turf (including bahlagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoyslagrass). Apply XL 2G prior to germination of target weeds or immediately after cultivation. Length of weed control will vary with rate of XL 2G applied, weed population, potting media or soil conditions, temperature, watering regime, and other factors. Following application, user should monitor and observe level of weed control over time to determine when additional applications may be needed. Repeat applications at 200 pounds per acre and higher chould not be made sooner than 90 days after a previous application of XL 2G. Do not apply over 900 pounds per acre total of XL 2G within a 12 month period.

General Use Precautions

XL 2G does not control established weeds. Existing weeds should be controlled by suitivation or with posternergence herbicides. Weed residues, prunings and trash should be removed or horoughly mixed into soil prior to treatment. Soil should be in good condition and free of clods at the time of application. A single rainfall or sprinkler irrigation of 0.5 inches or more, or flood irrigation is required to activate XL 2G. If



rainfall or irrigation has not occurred within 21 days of application and tillage is possible, XL 2G may be activated using cultivation equipment capable of uniformly mixing the herbicide into the upper 1-2 inches of soil. Failure to activate XL 2G may result in erratic weed control. Do not apply when wind conditions favor drift of XL 2G granules from the target area.

Users who wish to use XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for such uses by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is noninjurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label.

Application Directions

Apply XL 2G using a drop or rotary-type spreader designed to apply granular herbicides or insecticides. Calibrate application equipment prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing granules uniformly. Do not use spreaders that apply material in narrow concentrated bands. Avoid skips or overlaps as poor weed control or crop injury may occur. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half of the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first.

Application Techniques for Applying XL 2G

- When using a drop-type spreader, a splash board mounted under the hopper will provide more even granule distribution.
- A chain fastened to the side of the spreader and allowed to drag on the soil surface can be used to mark the edge of the treated swath and help prevent skips or overlaps.
- For treating smaller areas or rows of nursery stock or ornamental beds, a hand held or push-type rotary
 applicator such as a whirlybird or cyclone unit is recommended. For hand held units, walk and turn the
 crank at a constant rate of speed.
- A shaker-type applicator made from a small container with holes punched in the bottom is recommended
 for small, difficult to treat areas. Carefully measure the amount of product needed to avoid overapplication.

Approved Uses

Established† Container Grown Ornamentals, Landscape Ornamentals, Nursery Stock, Ground Covers, Flowers, Ornamental Bulbs, Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-bearing Vineyards, Christmas Tree Plantations, and Non-cropland

XL 2G is recommended as a preemergence treatment for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in container grown ornamentals, landscape ornamentals, nursery stock, ground covers, established flowers, ornamental bulbs, non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards, Christmas tree plantations, and non-cropland. Apply XL 2G prior to germination of target weeds, or immediately after cultivation.

Note: Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for general use precautions and information on application.

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Special Use Precautions

To avoid possible plant injury, do not apply XL 2G to:

- · plants or areas in greenhouses or other enclosed structures.
- nursery seedbeds or forest or Christmas tree seedling transplant beds.
- unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time.

pots less than four inches wide.

ground covers until they are established and well rooted.

- ornamental plantings where the likelihood of runoff onto lawn areas containing dichondra or cool season turigrass species exists.
- . Do not apply XL 2G to the following plant species or injury may occur:

Begonia spp. (begonia)

Coleus hybridus (coleus)

Deutzia gracilis (slender deutzia)

Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas-fir)

Thuja occidentalis 'Techny' (Techny arborvitae)

Tsuga canadensis (eastern hemlock)

Ice Ptent: When establishing unrooted ice plant (Mesembryanthemum crystallinum and Carpobrutus
edulis) on coarse soils, do not exceed the 200 lb/acre rate of XL 2G or crop injury may occur. After the
ice plant is well established, a second application may be made.

†Definition of established plantings: Apply only to established plantings. Established plants are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation. Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds.

Repeat applications should not be made sooner than 60 days after a previous application of XL 2G. Do not apply over 900 pounds per acre total of XL 2G within a 12 month period.

Unlisted plant species: Users who wish to use XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for such uses by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30 to 60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is noninjurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of XL 2G on plant species not recommended on this label.

Weeds controlled when XL 2G is applied at a rate of 200 to 300 pounds per acre (4.6 to 6.9 pounds per 1000 sq ft).

Annual Grasses: Common Name barley, Ittle bernyardgrass bluegrass, annual craborass crowlootarass cupgrass, southwestern foxtall 0006007855 johnsongrass (seedling only) junglerice lovegrass, Mexican lovegrass, orcutt oat, wild panicum, browntop panicum, fall panicum, Texas ryegrass, Italian sandbur, field sionalorass

sprangletop, red witchgrass

Broadleaf Weeds: Common Name bittercress carpetweed chickweed, common fiddleneck, coast filaree, redstem filaree, whitestern aroundsel, common henbit knotweed, prostrate lambequarters, common piaweed puncturevine pursiane, common pusley, Florida rocket, London rockpurslane, desert shepherdspurse spurge, prostrate woodsorrel, yellow

Scientific Name Hordeum pusillum Echinochioa crus-galli Pos annus Digitaria sop. Dactyloctenium aegyptium Eriochioa gracilis Setaria son. Eleusine indica Sorghum halepense Echinochioa colonum Eragrostis mexicana Eragrostis orcuttiana Avena fatua Panicum fasciculatum Panicum dichotomiflorum Panicum texanum Lolium multiflorum Cenchrus incertus Brachiaria sop. Leptochloa filiformis Panicum capillare

Scientific Name Cardamine oligosperma Mollugo verticillata Stellaria media Amsinckia intermedia Erodium cicutarium Erodium moschatum Senecio vulgaris Lamium amplexicaule Polygorium aviculare Chenopodium album Amaranthus sop. Tribulus terrestris Portulaca oleracea Richardia scabra Sisymbrium irio Calandrinia ciliata Capsella bursa-pastoris Euphorbia humistrata Oxalis stricta

P/3-

in addition to the weeds controlled, the following weeds will be partially controlled or suppressed at 200 to 300 pounds per acre (4.6 to 6.9 pounds per 1000 sq ft).

Scientific Name Common Name horseweed Conyza canadensis Polygonum persicaria ladysthumb lettuce, prickly Lactuca serriola mallow, common Malva neglecta milkweed, climbing Sarcosternma cynanchoides morningglory ipomoes spp. mustard, black Brassica nigra mustard, wild Brassica kaber Solanum nigrum nightshade, black Ambrosia artemisiifolia ragweed, common smartweed Polygonum pensylvanicum sowthistle, annual Sonchus oleraceus spurge, spotted Euphorbia maculata teaweed (prickly sida) Sida spinosa Abutilon theophrasti velvetleaf wheat, volunteer Triticum spp.

XL 2G May Be Used On The Following Established Plant Species: (Note limitations on recommended treatment methods.)

Trees

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i rees	
Scientific Name/Common Name	Recommended Treatment Method: C = Container Grown F = Field Grown
Abies balsamea	
Balsam fir	F
Ables concolor	
White fir	F
Abies fraseri	
Fraser fir	F
Abies grandis	
Grand fir	F
Abies lasiocarpa	
Alpine fir	F
Abies veitchi	
Veitch fir	F
Abutilon hybridum	
Albus flowering maple	F
Luteus flowering maple	F
Roseus flowering maple	F
Tangerine flowering maple	F
Vesuvius red flowering maple	F
Acer spp.	_
maple	F
Arecastrum romanzoffianum	_
Queen palm	F
Betula papyritera	_
Paper birch	F

}

Betula nigra River birch	F
Betula pendula White birch	F
Bucida buceras	•
Black olive	F
Ceratonia siliqua Carob	F
Cercidium floridum	_
Blue palo verde Cercis canadensis	F
Redbud	C,F
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana Lawson falsecypress	F
Chamaecyparis obtusa spp.	•
Filicoides-fernspray cypress	F
Gracilie-slender Hinoki cypress Chamaecyparis pisifera	F
Sawara-false cypress	F
Squarrosa-moss cypress Chamaedorea cataractarum	F
Cat paim	F
Chamaedorea costaricana Palm	F
Chamaedorea elegans	r
Parlor palm Cornus florida	F
Flowering dogwood	F
Crupaniopsis anacardioides	_
Carrot wood Cryptomeria japonica	F
Japanese cryptomeria	C,F
Cupressus glabra Arizona cypress	C,F
Cupressus sempervirens	U ,i
Italian cypress	C,F
Elaeagnus angustifolia Russian olive	C,F
Eucalyptus cinerea	
Mealy eucalyptus Silver dollar eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus camaldulensis	•
Red gum eucalyptus Eucalyptus nicholli	F
Narrow-leaved eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus sideroxylon	_
Red ironbark eucalyptus Ficus benjamina	F
Ficus	F
Fraxinus spp. Ash	F
Ginko biloba	-
Maidenhair tree Gleditsia triacanthos	C,F
Honey locust	F
Heteromeles arbutiflora	_
Toyon	F

Juniperus virginiana Eastern redcedar	F
Kalmia letifolia	_
Mountain laurei Koelreuteria paniculata	F
goldenrain tree	F
Liquidambar styraciflua	•
American sweet gum	C,F
Magnolia grandiflora Southern magnolia	F
Malus spp.	•
Crabapple Monus alba	F
White mulberry	F
Olea euripaea	_
Olive Pices ables	F
Norway spruce	F
Picea englemanni	_
Englemann spruce Picea glauca	F
Conica-dwarf Alberta spruce	F
White spruce	F
Picea mariana Black spruce	F
Picea pungens spp.	F
Glauca-Colorado blue spruce	F
Hoopsii-Hoop's blue spruce Koster-Koster blue spruce	F F
Pinus spp.	•
Pine	C,F
Platanus occidentalis	_
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa	C,F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore	_
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp.	F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore	F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa Calliornia sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood	F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa Calliornia sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana	F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina laureicherry Prunus laurocerasus	F F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry	F F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa Calliornia sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb	F F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina laurelcherry Prunus laurocerasus English laurelcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis	F F F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina laurelcherry Prunus laurocerasus English laurelcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoehino flowering cherry	F F F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina laurelcherry Prunus laurocerasus English laurelcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis	F F F F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoshino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica	F F F F C,F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa Calliornia sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoehino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica Babylon weeping willow	F F F F C,F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoshino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica	F F F F C,F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoshino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica Babylon weaping willow Corkscrew willow Schinus molle California pepper tree	F F F F C,F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina laurelcherry Prunus laurocerasus English laurelcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoshino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica Babylon weaping willow Corkscrew willow Schinus molle California pepper tree Sequoiadendron giganteum	F F F F C,F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoshino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica Babylon weaping willow Corkscrew willow Schinus molle California pepper tree	F F F F C,F
Platanus occidentalis American sycamore Platanus racemosa California sycamore Podocarpus spp. Podocarpus Populus deltoides Cottonwood Prunus caroliniana Carolina lauretcherry Prunus laurocerasus English lauretcherry Prunus mahaleb Mahaleb cherry Prunus yedoensis Yoshino flowering cherry Quercus spp. Oak Salix babylonica Babylon weaping willow Corkscrew willow Schinus molle California pepper tree Sequoiadendron giganteum Giant sequoia	F F F F C,F

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Swietenia mahogani

Mahogany	F
Tabebula caraiba	_
Yellow tab	F
Tilla cordeta	0.5
Littleleaf Inden	C,F
Thuja plicata Western redcedar	F
Ulmus parviiolia	r
Chinese Eim	F
Umbellularia californica	•
California Isurel	F
Washingtonia robusta	
Mexican fan palm	F
Ornamental Shrubs	
	Recommended Treatment Method:
Colontific Name/Common Maria	C = Container Grown
Scientific Name/Common Name	F = Field Grown
Abelia grandiflora Glossy abelia	F
Acacia redolens	r
Prostrate acacia	F
Agave americana	•
Century plant	F
Agave macroculmis	
Agave	F
Arctostaphylos stanfordiana	_
Stanford manzanita	F
Astilbe chinensis False spirea	CE
Baccharis pilularis	C,F
Coyotebush	F
Berberis thunbergii	•
Atropurea-Redleaf Japanese barberry	C,F
Aurea golden Japanese barberry	C,F
Crimson pygmy barberry	C,F
Bougainvillea spp.	_
Barbara Karst	<u>F</u>
California Gold	F
Scarlet O'Hara Texas Davn	F F
Buxus microphylla	F
Japonica-Japanese boxwood	C,F
Littleleaf boxwood	F
Buxus sempervirens	-
Common boxwood	C,F
Callistemon citrinus	-
Lemon bottlebrush	C,F
Ceanothus spp.	
Wild liac	C,F
Chamaecyparis obtusa spp.	_
Kosteri cypress Nana-dwarf Hinoki cypress	F F
Torulosa cypress	r F
i viulvea cypross	r

Chemaecyperis pisifera	_
Filifera-thread cypress Squarrosa minima-dwart moss cypress	F
Chrysalidocarpus lutescens	•
Areca paim	F
Cleyera japonica Japanese cleyera	C,F
Cotoneaster adpressus	0,1
Praecox-early coloneaster	F
Cotoneaster apiculatus	C E
Cranberry cotoneaster Cotoneaster buxifolius	C,F
Brightbead cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster congestus	F
Pyrenees cotoneaster Cotoneaster dammeri	r
Bearberry cotoneaster	C, F
Cotoneaster himalayan	_
Himalayan cotoneaster Cotoneaster horizontalis	F
Rock cotoneaster	C,F
Cotoneaster lacteus	
Parney cotoneaster Cotoneaster microphyllus	C,F
Rockspray cotoneaster	F
Cornus alba	_
Sibirica-Siberian dogwood Cornus florida	F
Flowering dogwood	F
Cornus kousa	
Kousa dogwood Cornus stolonifera	C,F
Flaviramea-yellowtwig dogwood	F
Cryptomeria japonica	
Japanese cryptomeria Cytisus praecox	C,F
Holandia-warminster broom	F
Cytisus scoperius	·
Lena-Scotch broom	F
Dasylirion wheeleri Desert spoon sotol	F
Deutzia crenata	•
Nakiana dwarf deutzia	F
Dodonea viscosa Hopseed bush	F
Escallonia exoniensis	•
Escallonia	C,F
Euonymus alata Winged euonymus	F
Euonymus fortunei	r
Canadale gold euonymus	C,F
Emerald'n gold euonymus Stringybark euonymus	C,F
Wintercreeper	C,F C,F
Euonymus japonica	_
Evergreen euonymus	Ç,F
Silver king euonymus	F

	155	20
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Euonymus klautachovica Spreading euonymus	F
Fatshedera lizei	
Fatshedera Forsythia intermedia	C,F
Forsythia	F
Gardenia jasminoides	^ E
Gardenia Genista pilosa	C,F
Woadwaxon	F
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis	F
Chinese hibiscus Ross Estey hibiscus	F
Hibiscus syriacus	•
Rose of Sharon, Red Bird	F
Rose of Sharon, Red Heart Rose of Sharon, Woodbridge	F
Hypericum spp.	•
St. Johnswort	F
ilex aquifolium Balkans holly	F
English holly	F
Gold coast holly	F
llex aquipernyl San Jose holly	C,F
llex comuta	0,1
Chinese holly	C,F
Dwarf burford holly liex crenate	C,F
Convexa holly	C,F
Compacta-dwarf Japanese holly	C,F
Helleri-Heller's Japanese holly Japanese holly	C,F C.F
llex glabra	O ,.
Nordica-inkberry holly	F
llex meserveae Blue girl holly	F
Blue boy holly	F
Ebony magic holly	F
Ilex vornitoria Nana-dwarf yaupon holly	C,F
Pendula-weeping yaupon holly	Č,F
Yaupon holly	C,F
Juniperus spp. Juniper	C,F
Justicia brandegeana	0,.
Shrimp plant	C,F
Justicia spicigera Mexican honeysuckie	F
Lagerstroemia indica	•
Crape myrtle	C,F
Leucothoe axillaris Coast leucothoe	F
Leucothoe fontanesiana	r
Drooping leucothoe	F
Ligustrum amurense Amur privet	C,F
Allui piret	C,F

Ligustrum japonicum Japanese privet	C,F
Yellow tip ligustrum	C,F
Ligustrum texanum	
Wax leaf privet	F
Howardi privet	F
Ligustrum lucidum	
Glossy privet	C,F
Ligustrum ovalifolium	_
California privet	F
Ligustrum vicaryi	C.F
Vicary golden privet Livistona chinensis	٠,٠
Chinese fountain palm	F
Lonicera fragrantissima	
Winter honeysuckle	F
Lonicera periclymenum	
Flowering woodbine	F
Serotina woodbine	F
Lonicera sempervirens	F
Trumpet honeysuckie	Г
Mahonia aquifolium Oregon grape	F
Myoporum parvifolium	•
Prostrate myoporum	F
Myrtus communis	
True myrtle	C,F
Nandina domestica	
Compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
Harbour-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
Heavenly bamboo Nana compacta- heavenly bamboo	C,F C,F
Nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo	C,F
Woods-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
Nerium oleander	_ •-
Hardy red bleander	C,F
Oleander	C,F
Ruby lace oleander	C,F
Osmanthus heterophyllus	_
Holly-leaf osmanthus	F
Pachysandra terminalis	F
Japanese spurge Philadelphus spp.	•
Mockorange	C,F
Phoenix roebelenii	-,-
Pygmy date palm	F
Photinia fraseri	
Fraser's photinia	C,F
Picea ables	_
Repens-spreading Norway spruce	F
Pendula-weeping Norway spruce	r
Pieris japonica Andromeda	C,F
Lily-of-the-valley	F,
Snowdrift	F
Temple bells lily-of-the-valley	F
Valley rose lily-of-the-valley	F
• • •	

District on the same	
Pittosporum spp.	C,F
Pittosporum Platyciadus orientalis	O,F
Oriental arborvitae	C,F
Plumbago ariculata	٠,٠
Blue cape plumbago	F
Podocarpus macrophyllus	
Yewpine	C,F
Potentilla fragiformis	_
Cinquefoil	F
Potentilla fruticosa Cinquetoil	C,F
Protea neriifolia	Ų,F
Protea	F
Pyracantha coccinea	·
Scarlet forethorn	C,F
Pyracantha fortuneana	
Lalendel Monrovia pyracantha	C,F
Monon pyracantha	C,F
Red elf hybrid pyracantha Rutgers hybrid pyracantha	C,F C,F
Santa Cruz pyracantha	C,F
Victory pyracantha	C,F
Pyracantha skoidzumi	•,
Formosa firethorn	C,F
Rhaphiolepis indica	
Enchantress-Moness rhaphiolepis	F
india hawthorn	C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis	•
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata	C,F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis	C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus	C,F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp.	C,F F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea	C,F F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron	C,F F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea	C,F F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac	C,F F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa	C,F F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac	C,F F C,F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary	C,F F C,F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei	C,F F C,F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath	C,F F C,F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris	C,F F C,F C,F F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris Common lilac	C,F F C,F C,F C,F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris Common lilac Syzygium paniculata	C,F F C,F C,F F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris Common Illac Syzygium paniculata Brush cherry	C,F F C,F C,F F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris Common Illac Syzygium paniculata Brush cherry Taxus cuspidata Japanese yew	C,F F C,F C,F F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris Common lilac Syzygium paniculata Brush cherry Taxus cuspidata Japanese yew Taxus media	C,F F C,F C,F F F F F
India hawthorn Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis Rhaphiolepis ovata Round-leaf rhaphiolepis Rhipsalidopsis gaetneri Easter cactus Rhododendron spp. Azalea Rhododendron Rhus lancea African sumac Rosa rugosa Ramanas rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary Spiraea vanhouttei Bridal wreath Syringa vulgaris Common Illac Syzygium paniculata Brush cherry Taxus cuspidata Japanese yew	C,F F C,F C,F F F F C,F

Thuja occidentalis	
American arborvitae	F
Emerald arborvitae	F
Giobosa-globe arborvitae	F
Little Giant-dwarf arborvitae	F
Nigra-dark American arborvitae	F
Pyramidalis arborvitae	F
Rheingold arborvitae	F
Woodwardii arborvitae	F
Thuja orientalis	
Aurea nana-dwarf golden arborvitae	F
Minime glauca-dwarf arborvitae	F
Trachelospermum jasminoides	
Chinese star jasmine	F
Veitchia merilli	
Christmas palm	F
Vibumum davidii	
David viburnum	F
Vibumum japonicum	
Viburnum	F
Viburnum opulus sterile	
Eastern snowball viburnum	F
Viburnum plicatum tomentosum	
Doublefile viburnum	F
Viburnum x pragense	
Virburnum	F
Viburnum setigerum	
Tea vibumum	F
Viburnum suspensum	
Sandankwa viburnum	F
Viburnum tinus	
Compactum-spring bouquet viburnum	F
Laurastinus viburnum	C,F
Viburnum trilobum	
Compactum-dwarf cranberry bush	F
Weigela florida	
Java red weigela	F
Bristol ruby weigela	F
Minuet weigela	F
Xylosma congestum	
Xylosma	F
Yucca elata	-
Soaptree yucca	C,F
Yucca recurvifolia	-,-
Pendulous yucca	F
	•

70 5 50 Page 16

Recommended

Ground Covers

	Treatment Method: C = Container Grown
Scientific Name/Common Name Agapenthus africanus	F = Fleid Grown
Lily-of-the-Nile	C,F
Ajuga spp. Carpet bugle	F
Arctotheca calendula	•
Cape weed	F
Campanula elatines Belifiower	C,F
Carpobrotus edulis	U, ,
Largeleaf iceplant	F
Clytostoma callistegioides Violet trumpet vine	C,F
Cortaderia selloana	O,F
Pampas grass	F
Delosperma alba White iceplant	F
Drosanthemum floribundum	•
Trailing rosea iceplant	F
Festuca ovina Blue tescue	F
Gazania spp.	r
Gazania	F
Hedera canariensis	F
Algerian ivy Hedera helix	•
English ivy	F
Hemerocallis spp.	0.5
Day lily Hosta spp.	C,F
Plantain lily	C,F
Hypericum spp.	r
St. Johnswort Lampranthus spectabilis	F
Red trailing iceplant	F
Liriope gigantea	_
White lily turi Liriope muscari	F
Big blue lily turi	C,F
Lifec beauty lily turf	C.F
Majestic lily turf Monroe white lily turf	C,F C,F
Silvery sunproof lily turf	Č,F
Variegated liriope tily turf	C,F
Lonicera japonica	F
Japanese honeysuckie Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	r
ice plant	F
Ophiopogon japonicus	c
Mondo grass Osteospermum fruticosum	F
Trailing African daisy	F
Sedum brevifolium	_
Stonecrop	F

Trachelospermum jasminoides	
Chinese star jasmine	F
Vinca major	
Bigleaf periwinkle	F
Vinca minor	
Dwarf perlwinkle	F

Established Flowers

	Keçommended
	Treatment Method:
	C = Container Grown
me	F = Field Grown

Scientific Name/Common Name	C = Container Grown E = Field Grown
Achillea spp.	
Yarrow	F
Antirrhinum majus	
Snapdragon	F
Caladium bicolor	
Fancy-leaved caladium	F
Chrysanthemum coccineum	
Painted daisy	F
Chrysanthernum maximum	
Shasta daisy	F
Chrysanthemum morifolium	
Chrysanthemum	F
Coreopsis lanceolata	
Coreopsis	F
Dianthus barbatus	
Sweet william	F
Dicentra speciabilis	
Bleeding heart	C,F
Dimorphotheca spp.	•
Cape marigoid	F
Echinacea purpurea	
Purple coneflower	F
Geum quellyon	•
Geum	F
Gladiolus hortulanus	•
Gladiolus	F
Gypsophila paniculata	•
Baby's breath	F
Impations wallerana	•
Impatiens	F
iris app.	•
Bearded iris	F
Liatris spicata	•
Blazing star	C,F
Pelargonium hortorum	O ,,
Geranium	F
Petunia spp.	•
Petunia	F
	•
Portulace grandillora	F
Rose moss Ranunculus asiaticus	r
	F
Persian ranunculus	r
Rosa spp.	•
Rose	F

Rudbeckia hirta	
Gloriosa daisy/black-eyed susan	F
Salvia spp.	_
Sage	F
Stokesia laevis	_
Stokes aster	F
Streitzia reginae	_
Bird of paradise	F
Tagetes spp.	_
Marigold	F
Viole wittrockiana	_
Pansy	F
Zinnia elegans	_
Common zinnia	F

Ornamental Bulbs

Special Use Precautions

Do not apply to tulip plants that have emerged to a height greater than 3/4 inch. Deep till prior to planting any crop after this use.

Do not apply to gladioli prior to emergence or to plants less than one inch in diameter.

Application Rates, Frequency, and Timing of Applications XL 2G may be applied for annual weed control in ornamental bulbs such as bulbous iris, daffodili (narcissus), hyacinth, and tulip. Apply XL 2G to the soil surface two (2) to four (4) weeks after planting and final hilling but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. XL 2G may also be applied following bulb emergence. For fall-planted bulbs, apply XL 2G again in late winter or early spring to weed-free soil surfaces.

Broadcast Application Rates

Time of Application		XL 2G	
	Soll Texture	pounds/acre)	pounds/1000 sq ft
Fall	Coarse _	75	1.7
Fai	Medium and Fine	150] 3.4
Feb March	A#		1.7

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Non-bearing Fruit and Nut Trees and Non-bearing Vineyards†

	Recommended Treatment Method: C = Container Grown
Common Name	F = Fleid Grown
Almond	Ę
Apple	F
Apricot	<u>F</u>
Avocado	<u>F</u>
Blackberry	<u> </u>
Blueberry	<u>F</u>
Boysenberry	F
Cherry, sour	<u>E</u>
Cherry, sweet	F
Currant	<u>F</u>
Dewberry	<u>F</u>
Elderberry	Ę
Fig	Ē
Filbert	F
Gooseberry	<u>F</u>
Grape, American	F
Grape, European	<u>F</u>
Grapefruit	Ē
Kiwi	F
Kumquat	Ç,F
Lemon	Ę
Loganberry	F
Macadamia nut	F F
Nectarine	F
Olive	•
Orange	Ç,F
Peach	F
Pear	•
Pecan	C,F F
Pistachio Physical Ph	F
Plum	F
Pomegranate	F F
Prune Beenhouse	F F
Raspberry Welcut block	F
Walnut, black	F
Walnut, English	r

†Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards are defined as plants which will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

Christmas Tree Plantations

Apply XL 2G to established plantings of labeled field grown Christmas tree species prior to germination of target weeds. Do not apply to Douglas-fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*) or Eastern hemlock (*Tsuga canadensis*). Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds. Apply only to established plantings. Established plants are defined as those that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.

Note: Refer to the "General information" section of this label for general use precautions and information on application. Refer to "Approved Uses" section of this label for special use precautions and information on application rates and weeds controlled.

Noncropland Areas: Industrial Sites, Utility Substations, Highway Guardrails, Sign Posts, and Delineators

XL 2G is recommended as a preemergence treatment for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds on industrial sites, utility substations, highway guardrails, sign posts, and delineators. Apply XL 2G prior to germination of target weeds. Areas to be treated should be free of established weeds or existing weeds should be controlled with postemergence herbicides.

Note: Refer to the "General Information" section of this label for general use precautions and information on application. Refer to "Approved Uses" section of this label for special use precautions and information on application rates and weeds controlled.

Warm Season Turfgrasses

XL 2G may be applied as a preemergence treatment for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in established warm season turf including bahiagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass and zoysiagrass or established tall fescue growing in warm season areas. Established turf is defined as a dense turf having a well-anchored root system and healthy, vigorous top growth.

Successful preemergence control of weeds listed on this label requires that XL 2G be applied prior to weed germination and be activated by at least one-half (1/2) inch of rainfall or irrigation within 21 days of application.

Special Use Precautions:

To avoid possible injury, do not apply XL 2G to:

- Cool season turiorass species other than tall fescue.
- · Lawns containing dichondra or cool season turigrass species.
- Golf course putting greens or tees.
- Turfgrass in the spring that was planted the previous fall.
- Newly sprigged or sodded areas of bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass, zoysiagrass
 or tall fescue until these turis are well-established and have well-anchored root systems.
- Newly hydromulched areas of bermudagrass until such areas are well-established.

XL 2G will not control emerged weeds.

XL 2G may injure turf that is not well-established or is stressed or weakened due to unfavorable winter climatic conditions, drought, nematodes, or other factors which damage or weaken turf root systems. Apply XL 2G only to healthy, well-established turf that has a well-anchored root system.

Do not apply XL 2G in the spring or early summer to tall fescue turigrass reseeded the previous fall. In such cases, apply Balan* 2.5G granular herbicide at 60 to 80 pounds per acre in early summer (Round 1) and XL 2G at 100 pounds per acre approximately eight weeks later (Round 2).

XL 2G may thin established annual bluegrass (Poa annua) at rates above 100 pounds per acre.

In bermudagrass areas that have been overseeded with winter grasses, a spring application of XL 2G will thin the overseeded grasses.

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by XL 2G

Weeds controlled by XL 2G when applied at 100 to 150 lb/acre (2.3 to 3.4 lb/1000 sq ft)

Annual Grasses

Summer Annuals:

Common Name barnyardgrass crabgrass

Echinochioa crus-galli Digitaria spp.

Scientific Name

crowlootgrass foxtall goosegrass johnsongrass Dactyloctenium aegyptium Setaria spp.

(seedling only) ryegrass, Italian sandbur, field Eleusine indica Scryhum halepense

Lollum multiflorum Cenchrus incertus

Winter Annuals:

Common Name bluegrass, annual Scientific Name
Poa annua

Broadleaf Weeds

Summer Annuals:

<u>Common Name</u> carpetweed knotweed, prostrate

pursiane, common

Scientific Name Mollugo verticillata Polygonum aviculare Portulaca oleracea

Winter Annuals:

Common Name

Scientific Name Stellaria media

chickweed, common henbit

Lamium amplexicaule

in addition to the weeds controlled, the following weeds will be partially controlled or suppressed at 100 to 150 lb/acre (2.3 to 3.4 lb/1000 sq ft).

Common Name carrot, wild fleabane, dwarft groundsel, common mustard, Indian spurge, prostrate Scientific Name
Daucus carota
Conyza ramosissima
Senecio vulgaris
Brassica juncea
Euphorbia humistrata

woodsorrel, yellow

Oxalis stricta

٠)

Application Rates, Frequency and Timing of Applications

XL 2G can be applied in the spring for summer annual grass and broadleaf weed control, and in the fatt for annual bluegrass (Pos annua) and winter annual broadleaf weed control.

1. Summer Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds

Single Application Program: Apply 150 pounds per acre of XL 2G in late winter or early spring, prior to the onset of conditions favorable for summer annual weed germination.

Split Application Program: As an alternative to a single application program, XL 2G may be applied in a split application. This program is desirable when the initial application is made well in advance of weed germination and where weed control is desired for a longer period of time. Apply 100 pounds per acre of XL 2G in an initial application, followed by a second application of 100 pounds per acre 8 to 10 weeks later.

The second treatment of the split application may follow application of a different preemergence grass herbicide in place of the initial XL 2G application.

2. Annual Bluegrass and Winter Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Apply XL 2G as a preemergence treatment in late summer or early fall, prior to the expected germination period for annual bluegrass and winter annual broadleaf weeds. Do not apply XL 2G to areas where fall overseeding will occur. If annual bluegrass infestation is severe and its elimination will result in thinning of turfgrass cover, apply XL 2G at 100 pounds per acre. If thinning of turfgrass cover is not a potential problem, XL 2G may be applied at 150 pounds per acre.

In areas of heavy annual bluegrass infestation, its elimination will result in temporary thinning of turigrass cover. Proper fertilization, irrigation and soil incorporated reseeding should be employed to speed the restoration of desirable turigrass cover in areas previously occupied by annual bluegrass (See section on reseeding).

Weed Control in Florida

In Florida, apply 150 pounds per acre of XL 2G three times per year, or every 90 to 100 days, in the fall, early spring, and early summer. Do not apply more than 150 pounds per acre of XL 2G in any single application.

Broadcast Application Rates

XL 2G		
Pounds per acre	Pounds per 1000 sq ft	
100	2.3	
150	3.4	

Application Directions

Apply XL 2G evenly over the turigrass area. Avoid spray pattern skips and overlaps that may result in incomplete coverage or over-application. For best results use application equipment designed to uniformly broadcast granular herbicides. More uniform application may be achieved by spreading half the required amount of product over the area and then applying the remaining half in swaths at right angles to the first application. Calibrate application equipment prior to use, according to manufacturer's directions. Check equipment frequently to make sure it is working properly and distributing granules uniformly.

Reseeding

Herbicides that control annual weeds may also affect establishment of desirable turfgrass seedlings. Reseeding should be delayed for at least 6 weeks following application of XL 2G at the 100 pound per acre rate. When using XL 2G at the 150 pound per acre rate, reseeding should be delayed 12 to 16

weeks after application. When reseeding, it is essential that proper cultural practices such as soil cultivation and seedbed preparation, irrigation and fertilization be followed. For satisfactory reseeding results following XL 2G use, the seeding rate should be increased and equipment designed to place seed in full contact with soil (such as the Rogers Aero Seeder) should be employed.

Spreader Settings

(A guide for calibrating spreaders to apply XL 2G in one pass over turf.)

Note: These settings are provided as *suggested* starting points in calibrating each individual spreader. Since no two spreaders are alike, these settings are intended only as a guide in beginning the calibration process.

	Estimated Spi	reader Setting
	Estimated Spreader Setting Necessary to Apply the	
		of XL 2G Per
	Acre In One Pasa	
Spreader Type	100 lb/acre	150 lb/acre
Cyclone:		
Models B1, 33, 96, BSSB at 200 ft/min.	3 1/4	3 1/2
Model 100 at 200 ft/min. Model 93 (based on tractor speed of 4	3 1/4	3 1/2
mph)	5	6 1/4
Model 99 (based on tractor speed of 4	•	
mph)	4 3/4	5 3/4-6
Model BPI (based on tractor speed of 4	.	
mph)	4 1/2	5 1/4-5 1/2
Gandy:		
Model 10A series, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20 and 30 ft (based on tractor speed of 5		
mph)	31	37
Model 10T series, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 20		.
and 30 ft (based on tractor speed of 5		
mph)	33	40
Turf Tender, 24, 30, 42 inch (based on		
tractor speed of 3 mph)	25	28
600 Series, 2, 4 and 5 ft (based on tractor speed of 3 mph)	18	22
Lely:	10	
Model W and H (based on tractor speed		
of 4.5 mph)	3	_ 4
Lesco:		
Lesco Spreader (Note: set 3rd		l _
adjustable hole 1 notch from "open")	D 1/2	F
Scott:	H 1/2	l 1/4
Rotary Model R-8 Drop Spreader	3 7/8	4 5/8
Spyker:	9779	7 570
Spyker	3.2	3.6
Vicon:		
Model 402 (with seed ring) swath width		
20 ft, 5 mph speed	24	28
Warren:		1
Model T-7II (based on ground speed of	2 414	_
(3.0 mph)	3 1/4	4

Warranty

DowElanco warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. DOWELANCO MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of DowElanco or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer.

Limitation of Remedies

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at DowElanco's election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used.

DowElanco shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless. DowElanco is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall DowElanco be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

The terms of the "Warranty Disclaimer" above and this "Limitation of Remedies" cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of DowElanco or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the "Warranty Disclaimer" or this "Limitation of Remedies" in any manner.

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[Front Panel of Bag]

(logo) DowElanco

XL* 2G

Contains oryzalin, the active ingredient in Surflan' herbicides.

A selective preemergence herbicide for control of certain annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in:

- Container grown ornamentals
- Landscape ornamentals
- Nursery stockGround covers
- Established flowers
- Ornamental bulbs
- Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-bearing vineyards
- Christmas tree plantations
- Non-cropland
- · Established tall fescue and warm season turf (including bahlagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and zoyslagrass)

Active Ingredients:

•)

benefin: N-butyl-N-ethyl-α,α,α-trifluoro-2,6-dinitro-p-toluidine	1.0%
oryzalin: 3,5-dinitro-N ⁴ ,N ⁴ -dipropylsulfanilamide	1.0%
inert Ingredients	98.0%
Total	100.0%
Contains 1 pound active ingredient per 50 pound bag	100.070

Keep Out of Reach of Children

CAUTION

Refer to back panel of bag for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), and Directions for Use including Agricultural Use Requirements and Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read "Warranty Disclaimer" and "Limitation of Remedies" inside label booklet.

In case of an emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call collect 517-636-4400.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-136

MO AHC AGF EPA Est. 2393-IL-3; 5905-IA-01; 32761-MO-3; 464-MI-1 Superscripts correspond to first letters of lot number.

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Specialty Herbicide

Net Weight 50 lb

[Back of Bag]

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION

Causes Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed, Inhaled, Or Absorbed Through The Skin Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof gloves
- · Shous plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

· Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

· Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

First Aid

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with tinger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on akin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

If In eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention it irritation develops.

If Inhaled: If discomfort occurs, remove individual to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing difficulty occurs. If not breathing, provide cardiopulmonary resuscitation assistance (mouth-to mouth) and call a physician.

Environmental Hazards

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests. nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training. decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralis
- Waterproof gloves
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container only. In case of leak or spill, contain material and dispose as waste. Peeticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refer to label booklet in pocket of bag for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), and Directions for Use including Agricultural Use Requirements and Storage and Disposal.

[EDITOR NOTE: Insert here a fat, squat arrow pointing down]

Directions Enclosed [EDITOR NOTE: Turned at a 20° angle inside a box which has the top, right and bottom sides as bold dotted lines and the left side as a solid line)

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