

## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

SEP 2 2 1999

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Arlene W. Hamburg, Ph.D. Dow AgroScience LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Dear Dr. Hamburg:.

SUBJECT:

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8-Month Response to the Oryzalin RED

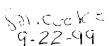
Surflan A.S.

EPA Registration No. 62719-113

Your Resubmission (Revised Labeling) Dated March 3, 1999

The revised labeling for the subject product, referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable with the following changes:

- 1. Under "Engineering Controls Statements" remove the word "aircraft" since there is an aerial application prohibition.
- In third paragraph under "Agricultural Use Requirements" insert the following 2. statement after the word irrigation "if they are performing tasks that do not involve contact with the soil subsurface", .....



A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records. Please submit one copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

EPA has determined that you have fulfilled the labeling and product specific data requirements of the oryzaline RED. However, we cannot reregister this product at this time for the following reason:

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The subject project is registered for use on turfgrass, a use for which the Agency does not have sufficient information to make a reregistration eligibility decision. Once the required data (foliar dislodgeable residues/guideline 132-1a; soil dislodgeable residues/guideline 132-lb; estimation of dermal exposure/guideline 133-3; and estimation of inhalation exposure/guideline 133-4) have been reviewed by the Agency, EPA will make a reregistration eligibility decision for the turfgrass use.

The Agency has recently revised its recommended First Aids statements for pesticide products and intends to issue a PR Notice announcing the changes in the near future. In the interim we are encouraging registrants to begin using the new statements. The new statements were developed as part of the Consumer Labeling Initiative in close cooperation with poison control center personnel and other medical experts. While it is not mandatory that you revise your label at this time, you are strongly encouraged to substitute the revised statements for those statements currently on the label as your next label printing:

## FIRST AID

If swallowed:	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>
If in eyes:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If on skin:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
If inhaled:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

Sincerely yours,

Joanne I. Miller
Product Manager (23)
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosures

# Surflan\* A.S.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-113

## Registration Notes:

Current label text based on EPA-accepted copy dated 05/17/95.

The following changes are being submitted in Response to EPA correspondence dated January 13, 1999. The label for this product has been amended in accordance with the Federal Register Notice dated 11/06/98 for oryzalin and the Oryzalin RED dated 01/27/95.

Acute toxicity information for Surflan A.S.:

	Acute Toxicity Category by Route of Exposure		
Rote of Exposure	Technical Oryzalin	Surflan A.S.	
Oral LD50	IV	IV	
Dermai LD50	IV	IV	
Dermal Irritation	IV	IV	
Ocular Irritation	īv	111	
Inhalation	IV	IV	
Dermal Sensitization	neg	pos	

#### Changes by Amendment Per RED Requirements:

- 1. **Precautionary Statements:** (1) revised format of KOROC statement, signal word and Spanish advisory on base label per recent guidance from EPA labeling team; (2) revised statement of hazard and precautionary measures text in accordance with acute toxicity data; (3) revised PPE for applicators and other handlers; (4) revised User Safety statements; (5) added Engineering Controls' statements; and (6) added "toxic to fish" statement to Environmental Hazards section.
- 2. **Directions for Use:** (1) added language allowing workers to enter treated areas without required PPE during the reentry interval following 1/2 to 1 inch of rainfall or irrigation; (2) added "Non-Agricultural Use Requirements" box; (3) added prohibition against aerial application; (4) added restriction on grazing or feeding forage from treated areas; and (5) added application rate limitations (rate range, minimum time between applications, and total allowable use rate per year).

[Editor's note: Added text is underlined and deleted text is denoted by strike-through.]

\*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

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ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

SEP 2 2 1999.

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

(Base label):

(Logo) Dow AgroSciences LLC

# Surflan\* A.S.

A selective preemergence surface-applied herbicide for control of annual grasses and many broadleaf weeds in:

- o Landscape Ornamentals
- o Container Grown Ornamentals
- o Field Grown Ornamentals
- o Drainage Areas Under Shadehouse Benches
- o Ornamental Bulbs
- o Ground Covers/Perennials
- o Christmas Tree Plantations
- o Noncropland and Industrial
  - Sites
- o Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-
- bearing vineyards

- o Christmas Tree o Established Warm
  - Season Turf (including
  - Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass, Buffalograss,
  - Centipedegrass,
  - St. Augustinegrass and
  - Zoysiagrass)
  - o Tall Fescue (warm season areas)

Active Ingredient:

oryzalin: 3,5-dinitro-N<sup>4</sup>N<sup>4</sup>-

dipropylsulfanilamide 40.4%
Inert Ingredients 59.6%
Total 100.0%

Contains 4.0 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

## Keep Out of Reach of Children

# CAUTION PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

## **Precautionary Statements**

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep Out of Reach of Children

# **CAUTION PRECAUCION**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you de not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Causes Eye Irritation o Harmful If Swallowed, Inhaled Or Absorbed Through The Skin o Surfian A.S. May Cause Skin Sensitization Reactions In Certain Individuals Prolonged or fraquently repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Shoes plus socks
- · Protective eyewear
- Mixers and loaders must wear a chemical-resistant apron in addition to other PPE.

<u>Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.</u> Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **Engineering Controls Statements**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

## **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### First Aid

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation-develops persists.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

If swallowed: Do not induce vemiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center. If available, administer activated charcoal (6-8 heaping teaspoonfuls) with a large quantity of water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately transport to a medical care facility and see a physician.

If inhaled: Remove individual to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing difficulty occurs. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably cardiopulmonary resuscitation and get medical attention immediately.

## **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Cover or incorporate spills.

## Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to label booklet for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), User Safety Recommendations and Directions for Use, including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read "Warranty Disclaimer" and "Limitation of Remedies" inside label booklet.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

Shake Well Before Using.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-113

EPA Est. 37429-GA-01

\*Trademark of Dow AgroSciences LLC

Dow AgroSciences LLC o Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.

**Specialty Herbicide** 

**Net Contents XXX** 

(Datapack cover):

(Logo) Dow AgroSciences LLC

# Surflan\* A.S.

A selective preemergence surface-applied herbicide for control of annual grasses and many broadleaf weeds in:

- o Landscape Ornamentals o Container Grown
  - **Ornamentals**
- o Field Grown Ornamentals
- o Drainage Areas Under Shadehouse Benches
- o Ornamental Bulbs
- o Ground Covers/Perennials

- - **Plantations**
- o Noncropland and Industrial
  - Sites
- o Non-bearing fruit and nut trees and non-
- bearing vineyards

- o Christmas Tree o Established Warm
  - Season Turf (including
  - Bahiagrass, Bermudagrass,
  - Buffalograss,
  - Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass and
  - Zoysiagrass)
  - o Tall Fescue (warm season areas)

Active Ingredient:

oryzalin: 3,5-dinitro-N<sup>4</sup>N<sup>4</sup>-

dipropylsulfanilamide	40,4%
Inert Ingredients	
Total	

Contains 4.0 pounds of active ingredient per gallon.

## Keep Out of Reach of Children

#### **PRECAUCION** CAUTION

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## Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Refer to inside of label booklet for additional precautionary information including Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), User Safety Recommendations and Directions for Use including Storage and Disposal.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read "Warranty Disclaimer" and "Limitation of Remedies" inside labe! booklet.

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EPA Est. 37429-GA-01

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**Specialty Herbicide** 

**Net Contents XXX** 

(Page 1 through end):

## **Table of Contents**

Page

**Precautionary Statements** 

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

First Aid

**Environmental Hazards** 

Directions for Use

Agricultural Use Requirements

Storage and Disposal

General Information

Soil Preparation

Mixing Directions

Surflan A.S. Alone

Surflan A.S. Tank Mix Combinations

Mixing Order

Premixing

**Equipment Cleaning** 

Activation and Cultivation

Weeds Controlled by Surflan A.S.

Weeds Suppressed by Surflan A.S.

Approved Uses

**Ornamental Plantings** 

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Tank Mix Combinations

Special Use Precautions

Recommended Species

Field and Container Grown Species

Non-bearing Trees and Vines

Ornamental Bulbs

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Special Use Precautions

Shadehouse Areas

Christmas Tree Plantations

Surflan A.S. Alone

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Tank Mix Combinations

Special Use Precautions

Noncropland Areas and Industrial Sites.

Noncropland Areas-Tank Mix Combinations

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Industrial Sites-Tank Mix Combinations

Warm Season Turfgrasses

Annual Grasses Controlled by Surflan A.S.

Annual Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Surflan A.S.

Broadleaf Weeds Suppressed by Surflan A.S.

Application Rates, Frequency and Timing of Application

Summer Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds

Single Application Program

Split Application Program

Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua) and Winter Annual Broadleaf Weeds

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Weed Control in Florida Application Equipment Reseeding Special Use Precautions Warranty Disclaimer Inherent Risks of Use Limitation of Remedies

## **Precautionary Statements**

## Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

# CAUTION PRECAUCION

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Causes Eye Irritation o Harmful If Swallowed, Inhaled Or Absorbed Through The Skin o Surflan A.S. May Cause Skin Sensitization Reactions In Certain Individuals Prolonged or frequently repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals

Avoid contact with-skin, eyes or clothing.-Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Waterproof-Chemical-resistant gloves
- · Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Mixers and loaders must wear a chemical-resistant apron in addition to other PPE.

<u>Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate.</u> Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

## **Engineering Controls Statements**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

## **User Safety Recommendations**

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### First Aid

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation-develops persists.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

If swallowed: Do not induce vomiting. Gall a physician or Poison Control Center. If available, administer activated charcoal (6-8 heaping teaspoonfuls) with a large quantity of water. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately transport to a medical care facility and see a physician.

If inhaled: Remove individual to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing difficulty drict is. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably cardiopulmonary resuscitation and get medical attention immediately.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

<u>This pesticide is toxic to fish.</u> Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Cover or incorporate spills.

#### **Directions for Use**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 24 hours. Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Workers may enter treated areas without required PPE during the reentry interval following 1/2 to 1 inch of rainfall or irrigation, otherwise, PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- o Coveralls
- o Waterproof-Chemical-resistant gloves
- o Shoes plus socks
- o Protective eyewear

#### Non-Agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Entry Restrictions for Non-WPS Uses: Keep all persons, children and pets out of treated area until sprays have dried.

#### Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

**Storage:** Store in original container only. In case of leak or spill, use absorbent materials to contain liquids and dispose as waste.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of an site of at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

## **General Information**

Surflan\* A.S. herbicide is a preemergence surface-applied product for the control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in ornamental plantings, bulbs, ground covers/perennials, established warm-season turfgrass, Christmas tree plantations, non-bearing trees and vines, and noncropland and industrial sites.

Surflan A.S. is orange in color and may cause temporary discoloration of sprayed surfaces. If this discoloration is undesirable, it may be altered by using a commercially available colorant such as Blazon or removed by spraying surface with water or washing with an industrial cleaner immediately after application. Surflan A.S. may also be applied with mulch colorants, such as Mulch Magic or Nu-Mulch.

#### Treatment of Plant Species Not Listed on the Label for Surflan A.S.

Users who wish to use Surflan A.S. on plant species not recommended on this label may determine the suitability for use by treating a small number of such plants at a recommended rate. Prior to treatment of larger areas, the treated plants should be observed for any sign of herbicidal injury during 30-60 days of normal growing conditions to determine if the treatment is non-injurious to the target plant species. The user assumes responsibility for any plant damage or other liability resulting from use of Surflan A.S. on plant species not recommended on this label.

Aerial Application: Do not aerially apply this product.

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas to livestock.

<u>Precaution:</u> Avoid spray drift to non-target areas when applying Surflan A.S. Spray drift may result in reduced emergence of non-target plants adjacent to the treated area. Poor weed control may result if directions are not followed. Over-application may result in crop injury or excessive soil residue.

## Application

#### Soil Preparation

Surflan A.S. controls weeds growing from seed. Surflan A.S. will not control emerged weeds. Surflan A.S. does not control established weeds, weeds growing from stolens, rhizomes, or root pieces. Therefore, areas to be treated should be free of emerged weeds. Weed residues, prunings, and trash should be thoroughly mixed into the soil or removed prior to treatment. In field applications, the soil should be in good tilth and free of clods at the time of application.

Ground Application: Apply Surflan A.S. as a directed spray to the soil surface or over the top of plants. Use only a properly calibrated, low-pressure, herbicide sprayer that will apply the spray uniformly. Use screens no finer than 50 mesh in nozzles and in-line strainers. Apply the appropriate rate of Surflan A.S., as outlined in "Approved Uses" section of this label. In all cases, use sufficient water volume to obtain uniform coverage and deliver the desired rate of Surflan A.S. to the treated area. The volume of water used is not critical, as long as the desired rate of Surflan A.S. is delivered uniformly across the area, treated. When calibrating, determine the volume of water delivered by the sprayer to a given area (1,000 sq ft, 1 acre, etc.). Then mix the desired rate of Surflan A.S. in the amount of water required to caver the entire area to be treated. As the amount of water used (spray volume) decreases, the importance of

accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Check the sprayer daily to ensure proper calibration and uniform application. Maintain continuous agitation from mixing through application. Avoid spray pattern skips and overlaps that may result in incomplete coverage or over-application.

Hand Held or Backpack Sprayer Application: The amount of water used to apply Surflan A.S. herbicide is not critical, but should be sufficient for uniform coverage of the target area. Calibrate by determining the volume of water required to treat 1000 square feet. Use this calibration volume to determine the amount of water and Surflan A.S. herbicide needed to treat the target area (see the following calibration example). Note: Sprayer calibration (volume of spray needed to treat 1,000 square feet) will vary with each individual operator.

#### Steps in Calibration:

- Mark an area of 1,000 square feet (i.e. 20 by 50 feet, or 25 by 40 feet).
- 2. Place the sprayer on a level surface and add water noting the final level of water in the spray tank.
- Spray the marked area with a sufficient volume of water to provide uniform coverage. Refill the sprayer to the same level as before measuring the amount of water added. The measured water added to the sprayer is the volume needed to cover 1,000 square feet.
- 4. Determine the application rate (fl oz/1000 sq ft) for Surflan A.S. from the "Approved Uses" section of this label.
- 5. To each volume of water used, as measured in step 3, add the amount of Surflan A.S. as determined in step 4.

**Example**: If the sprayer used 2 gallons of water to cover 1,000 square feet and the desired application rate of Surflan A.S. is 3 fluid oz/1,000 square feet, then you would add 3 fluid ounces of Surflan A.S. to every 2 gallons of water to be used.

#### Aerial Application: Do not aerially apply this product.

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Procaution: Avoid spray drift to non-target areas when applying Surflan A.S. Spray drift may result in reduced emergence of non-target plants adjacent to the treated area. Poor weed control may result if directions are not followed. Over-application may result in crop injury or excessive soil residue.

## **Mixing Directions**

#### Shake Well Before Using

Precaution: Do not allow the spray mixture to siphon back into water source.

#### Surflan A.S. - Alone

Make sure spray tank is clean and use only clean water. Fill spray tank 1/2 - 3/4 full. Start agitation and add the required amount of Surflan A.S. Continue agitation and finish filling the spray tank. Maintain continuous agitation until application is completed.

#### Surflan A.S. - Tank Mix Combinations

Prior to mixing, read and carefully follow all label instructions and precautions for each product added to the tank mixture. Vigorous, continuous agitation is required for all tank mixes of Surflan A.S. Sparger pipe agitators generally provide the best agitation in spray tanks.

**Mixing Order:** Fill the tank 3/4 full with clean water. Start agitation and add different formulation types in the order indicated below, allowing time for complete mixing and dispersion after addition of each product. Allow extra mixing and dispersion time for dry flowable products.

Add different formulation types in the following order: dry flowables (DF); wettable powders (WP); Surflan A.S. and other aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), and liquids (L); solutions (S); and emulsifiable concentrates (EC).

Continue agitation and finish filling the spray tank with clean water. Maintain agitation until application is completed. If spraying and agitation must be stopped before the spray tank is empty, the materials may settle to the bottom. Settled materials must be completely resuspended before spraying is continued. A sparger agitator is particularly useful for this purpose.

**Premixing:** When tank mixing, initial mixing and dispersion of certain dry flowable or wettable powder products may be improved by premixing with water (slurrying). Adding the slurried material to the spray tank through a 20 or 35 mesh wetting screen will help assure good initial dispersion.

#### **Equipment Cleaning**

If a buildup of material occurs on the walls of the spray tank, it should be removed between fillings by washing with soap and water and rinsing thoroughly. Tanks, lines, screens, and nozzles should be cleaned thoroughly after each use.

#### **Activation and Cultivation**

Surflan A.S. will remain stable on the soil surface up to 21 days following application. In the absence of timely rainfall, irrigation can be used to activate Surflan A.S. A minimum of one-half (1/2) inch of rain or its equivalent in sprinkler irrigation is necessary to activate Surflan A.S.. If weeds begin to emerge due to lack of rainfall or irrigation, shallow cultivate 1-2 inches deep to destroy existing weeds, or remove them by hand. Shallow cultivation to a depth of 1-2 inches will enhance herbicidal effectiveness. If Surflan A.S. is not activated by rainfall, irrigation, or cultivation within 21 days of application, or existing weeds have not been removed, erratic weed control may result.

## Weeds Controlled by Surflan A.S.

#### **Annual Grasses:**

Common Name
barley, little
barnyardgrass
(watergrass)

Scientific Name
Hordeum pusillum
Echinochloa crus-galli

bluegrass, annual Poa annua crabgrass, large Digitaria sanguinalis

crabgrass, large Digitaria sangulilaris crabgrass, smooth Digitaria ischaemum crowfootgrass Dactyloctenium aegyptium

cupgrass, southwestern Eriochloa gracilis foxtail, bristlegrass Setaria māgna foxtail, giant Setaria faberi foxtail, green Setaria viridis

(pigeongrass)
foxtail, robust Setaria robusta
foxtail, yellow Setaria glauca
goosegrass Eleusine indica

(silver crabgrass)

Johnsongrass

Sorghum halepense

junglerice Echinochloa colonum lovegrass, Mexican Eragrostis mexicana lovegrass, orcutt Eragrostis orcuttiana

oat, wild Avena fatua

(seedling only)

panicum, browntop
panicum, fall
 (spreading panicgrass)
panicum, Texas
 (buffalograss)
 (Coloradograss)
ryegrass, Italian
signalgrass (Brachiaria)
sprangletop, red
witchgrass

Panicum fasciculatum Panicum dichotomiflorum Panicum texanum

Cenchrus incertus Brachiaria spp. Leptochloa filiformis Panicum capillare

#### **Broadleaf Weeds:**

Common Name Scientific Name bittercress Cardamine oligosperma Mollugo verticillata carpetweed chickweed, common Stellaria media Amsinckia intermedia fiddleneck, coast filaree, redstem Erodium cicutarium Erodium moschatum filaree, whitestem groundsel, common Senecio vulgaris Lamium amplexicaule henbit knotweed, prostrate Polygonum aviculare lambsquarters Chenopodium album pigweed, prostrate Amaranthus blitoides pigweed, redroot Amaranthus retroflexus Amaranthus hybridus pigweed, spring pigweed, tumble Amaranthus albus puncturevine Tribulus terrestris Portulaca oleracea purslane, common Richardia scabra pusley, Florida

(Florida purslane) (Mexican clover)

(pusley)

rocket, London rockpurslane, desert shepherdspurse spurge, prostrate

woodsorrel, yellow

Sisymbrium irio Calandrinia ciliata Capsella bursa-pastoris

Euphorbia humistrata

Oxalis stricta

## Weeds Suppressed by Surflan A.S.

Control of the following weeds may be erratic, ranging from poor to excellent, depending upon soil temperature, time of germination, depth of seed in the soil, and amount and timing of soil moisture:

Common Name horseweed ladysthumb lettuce, prickly mallow, common milkweed, climbing

morningglory mustard, black mustard, wild nightshade, black ragweed, common

smartweed

sowthistle, annual spurge, spotted teaweed (prickly sida)

velvetleaf wheat, volunteer

#### Scientific Name

Conyza canadensis Polygonum persicaria Lactuca serriola Malva neglecta Sarcostemma cynanchoides Ipomoea spp. Brassica nigra Brassica kaber Solanum nigrum Ambrosia artemisiifolia Polygonum

pensylvanicum Sonchus oleraceus Euphorbia maculata Sida spinosa

Abutilon theophrasti

Triticum spp.

## Approved Uses

## **Ornamental Plantings**

Surflan A.S. is recommended for use on certain landscape container- and field-grown established ornamental plants including: trees, shrubs, ground covers/perennials, flowers, non-bearing fruit and nut trees, non-bearing vineyards; and in the production of ornamental bulbs (See "Ornamental Bulbs" section for special use directions).

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

	Length of	Surf	lan A.S.	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Labeled Use Site	Control	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
Landscape	2 - 4 months	2	1.5	<u>2</u>	8
<u>Ornamentals</u>	3 - 6 months	<u>3</u>	<u>2.2</u>	4	<u>12</u>
	4 - 8 months	4	3	4	<u>12</u>
Field-grown and	2 - 4 months	2	1.5	<u>3</u>	<u>8</u>
container-grown	3 - 6 months	3	<u>2.2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>9</u>
ornamentals	4 - 8 months	4	3	<u>3</u>	<u>12</u>

#### **Tank Mix Combinations**

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus Roundup, and many other labeled herbicides may be used to control undesirable vegetation in ornamental areas. Surflan A.S. may also be tank mixed with Gallery\* herbicide and applied preemergence to broaden the spectrum of broadleaf weed control in ornamental areas. Applied as directed, these tank mixes of Surflan A.S. will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

**Surflan A.S. Plus Roundup:** Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus Roundup are recommended to control existing undesirable vegetation. Applied as directed, Surflan A.S. plus Roundup will provide postemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Roundup and residual preemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Surflan A.S. Refer to the label for Roundup for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

**Precautions:** Do not apply sprays containing Roundup over the top of ornamental plants. Extreme care must be exercised to prevent sprays containing Roundup from coming in contact with foliage and stems of turfgrasses, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation since severe damage or death may result. If spraying with Roundup in areas adjacent to desirable plants, use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage and stems of desirable plants.

#### Special Use Precautions:

Apply only to established plants that have been transplanted into their growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.

Rooted liners should be removed from their original growing containers and placed in new containers at least two weeks prior to treatment or injury may occur.

To avoid possible injury, do not apply Surflan A.S. to:

- o Nursery, forest, or Christmas tree: seedling beds, cutting beds, or transplant beds.
- o Unrooted liners or cuttings that have been planted in pots for the first time.
- o Pots less than four inches wide.

- o Ground covers until they are established and well rooted.
- o Ornamental plantings where there is likelihood of runoff onto lawn areas.
- o Areas containing dichondra or cool season turfgrass species.

On container grown ornamentals where weed seed germination continues for extended periods of time, do not make repeat applications of Surflan A.S. for at least 90 days or crop injury may occur.

Applications of Surflan A.S. over the top of plants with newly forming buds may cause injury. In this situation a directed spray is recommended.

For soils treated with Surflan A.S. during the previous season, plant only the ornamental species listed on this label or injury may occur.

**Ice Plant:** When establishing unrooted ice plant on coarse-textured soils in landscape plantings, do not exceed the 2 quart per acre rate of Surflan A.S. or crop injury may occur.

Note: Injury on the following plant species has been observed following applications of Surflan A.S. and use is not recommended:

Deutzia gracilis (slender deutzia)
Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas-fir)
Thuja occidentalis 'Techny' (Techny arborvitae)
Tsuga canadensis (eastern hemlock)
Begonia spp. (begonia)
Coleus hybridus (coleus)

Surflan A.S. May be Used on the Following Established Plant Species: (Note: Limitations on recommended treatment methods).

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## Recommended Treatment Method

F = Field Grown = Container Grown

	C	= Container Grown
Scientific Name	Common Name	
Abies balsamea	Fir, balsam	F
Abies concolor	Fir, white	F
Abies fraseri	Fir, fraser	F F
Abies grandis	Fir, grand	
Abies veitchi	Fir, Vietch	F
Abies lasiocarpa	Fir, alpine	F
Abutilon hybridum	Albus-flowering maple	F
	Luteus-flowering maple	F
	Roseus-flowering maple	F
	Tangerine-flowering maple	F
	Vesuvius red-flowering maple	F
Acer gimmala	Flame maple	F
Acer rubrum	Red sunset maple	F
Acer saccharinum	Silver maple	F
Acer spp.	Maple	F
Areacastrum romanzoffianum	Queen palm	F
Betula nigra	Birch, river	F
Betula papyrifera	Paper birch	F
Betula pendula	Birch, white	F
Bucida buceras	Black olive	F
Carya spp.	Pecan, ornamental	C,F
Ceratonia siliqua	Carob	F
Cercidium floridum	Palo Verde, blue	F

		_
Cercis canadensis	Redbud	C,F
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana	Falsecypress, Lawson	F
Chamaecyparis obtusa	Filicoides-fernspray cypress	F
	Gracilis-slender Hinoki cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera	Sawara-false cypress	F
	Squarrosa-moss cypress	F
Chamaedorea cataractarum	Cat Palm	F
Chamaedorea costaricana	Palm	F
Chamaedorea elegans	Parlor palm	F
Citrus spp.	Citrus, ornamental	C,F
Cornus florida	Dogwood, flowering	F
Cryptomeria japonica	Cryptomeria, Japanese	C,F
Cupaniopsis anacardioides	Carrot wood	F
Cupressus arizonica (glabra)	Cypress, Arizona	C,F
Cupressus glabra	Arizona cypress	C,F
Cupressus sempervirens	Cypress, Italian	C,F
Elaeagnus angustifolia	Russian olive	C,F
Eucalyptus camaldulensis	Red gum eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus cinerea	Eucalyptus, mealy	F
• •	Silver dollar eucalyptus	F
Eucalyptus nicholii	Eucalyptus, narrow-leaved	F
Eucalyptus sideroxylon	Eucalyptus, red ironbark	F
Ficus benjamina	Ficus	F
Fraxinus spp.	Ash	F
Ginkgo biloba	Ginkgo (Maidenhair tree)	C,F
Gleditsia triacanthos	Honey locust	F,
Heteromeles arbutiflora	Toyon	F
Juniperus virginiana	Redcedar, Eastern	F
Koelreuteria paniculata	Goldenrain tree	F
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweetgum, American	C,F
Magnolia grandiflora	Magnolia, Southern	F.
Malus spp.	Crabapple	F
Morus alba	White mulberry	F
Picea abies	Pendula-weeping Norway spruce	F
7 /oca ab/cs	Repens-spreading Norway spruce	F
	Spruce, Norway	F
Picea englemanni	Spruce, Englemann	ŕ
Picea glauca	Spruce, white	F
7 7000 graded	Conica-dwarf Alberta spruce	F
Picea glauca conica	Dwarf Alberta spruce	F
Picea mariana	Spruce, black	F
Picea pungens	Glauca-Colorado blue spruce	F
ricea pungens	Hoopsii-Hoop's blue spruce	F
	Koster-Koster blue spruce	F
	Spruce, Colorado	
Pinus aristata	Bristlecone pine	C,F F
Pinus anstata Pinus canariensis	Canary Island pine	F
Pinus cananensis Pinus contorta	Shore pine, beach pine	F
Pinus eldarica	Eldarica pine	F
Pinus eiuanca Pinus radiata	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	F
	Monterey pine Pine	
Pinus spp.		C,F
Pinus strobus	Eastern white pine	F
Pinus sylvestris	Scotch pine	F
Pinus thunbergiana	Japanese black pine	F

Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	F
Platanus racemosa	Califorina sycamore	F
Podocarpus spp.	Podocarpus	F
Populus deltoides	Cottonwood	F
•	Cottonwood (grown for pulp)	F
Prunus caroliniana	Laurelcherry, Carolina	F
Prunus laurocerasus	Laurelcherry, English	F
Prunus mahaleb	Cherry, Mahaleb	F
Prunus yedoensis	Yoshino flowering cherry	F
Pyrus communis	Pear	F
Quercus palustris	Pin oak	F
Quercus phellos	Willow oak	F
Quercus rubra	Red oak	C,F
Quercus spp.	Oak	C,F
Salix babylonica	Babylon weeping willow	F
	Corkscrew willow	F
Schinus molle	California pepper tree	F
Sequoia sempervirens	Redwood, coast	F
Sequoiadendron giganteum	Giant sequoia	F
Swietenia mahogani	Mahogany	F
Tabebuia caraiba	Yellow tab	F
Tilia cordata	Linden, little leaf	C,F
Ulmus parvifolia	Chinese elm	F
Umbellularia californica	California laurel	F
Washingtonia robusta	Mexican fan palm	F

# **Shrubs**

## Recommended Treatment Method F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

	0 - 00111	amer Gro
Scientific Name	Common Name	
Abelia grandiflora	Glossy abelia	F
Acacia redolens	Acacia, prostrate	F
Agave americana	Century plant	F
Agave macroculmis	Agave	F
Arctostaphylos stanfordiana	Manzanita, Stanford	F
Astilbe chinensis	Astilbe/false spirea	C,F
Baccharis pilularis	Coyotebush	F
Berberis thunbergii	Aurea-golden Japanese barberry	C,F
	Crimson pygmy barberry	C,F
	Atropurea-redleaf Japanese barberry	C,F
	Barberry, Japanese	C,F
Bougainvillea spp.	Barbara Karst	F
	California gold	F
	Scarlet O'Hara	F
,	Texas dawn	F F
Buxus microphylla	Littleleaf boxwood	F
Buxus microphylla japonica	Boxwood, Japanese	C,F
Buxus sempervirens	Boxwood, common	C,F
Callistemon citrinus	Bottlebrush, lemon	C,F
Cassia artemisioides	Cassia, feathery	F
Ceanothus americanus	Jerseytea, redroot	C,F
Ceanothus spp.	Wild lilac	C,F

Chamaecyparis obtusa	Kosteri cypress	F
	Nana-dwarf Hinoki cypress	F
	Torulosa cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera	Squarrosa Minima cypress	F
Chamaecyparis pisifera spp.	Filifera-thread cypress	F
Chrysalidocarpus lutescens	Areca palm	F
Cleyera japonica	Cleyera, Japanese	C,F
Cornus alba	Sibirica-Siberian dogwood	F
Cornus kousa	Dogwood, kousa	C,F
Cornus stolonifera	Flaviramea-yellowtwig dogwood	F
Cotoneaster adpressus	Praecox-early cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster apiculatus	Cotoneaster, cranberry	C,F
Cotoneaster buxifolius	Cotoneaster, brightbead	F
Cotoneaster congestus	Cotoneaster, Pyrenees	F
Cotoneaster dammeri	Cotoneaster, bearberry	C,F
Cotoneaster himalayan	Himalayan cotoneaster	F
Cotoneaster horizontalis	Cotoneaster, rock	C,F
Cotoneaster lacteus	Cotoneaster, parney	C,F
Cotoneaster microphyllus	Cotoneaster, rockspray	F
Cytisus praecox	Hollandia-warminster broom	F
Cytisus scoparius	Lena-Scotch broom	F
Dasylirion wheeleri	Sotol, desert spoon	F
Deutzia crenata	Nakiana-dwarf deutzia	F
Dodonaea viscosa	Hopseedbush, clammy	F
	Hopseed bush	F
Escallonia exoniensis	Escallonia	C,F
Euonymus alata	Euonymus, winged	F
Euonymus fortunei	Canadale gold euonymus	C,F
	Emerald'n gold euonymus	C,F
	Euonymus, stringybark	C,F
	Wintercreeper	C,F
Euonymus japonica	Euonymus, evergreen	C,F
	Silver king euonymus	F
Euonymus kiatschovica	Spreading euonymus	F
Fatshedera lizei	Fatshedera	C,F
Forsythia intermedia	Forsythia, border	F
Gardenia jasminoides	Gardenia	C,F
Genista pilosa	Woadwaxen	F
Hibiscus rosa-sinesis	Ross Estey-hibiscus	F
	Hibiscus, Chinese	F
Hibiscus syriacus	<ul> <li>Rose of Sharon, Red Bird</li> </ul>	F
	Rose of Sharon, Red Heart	F
	Rose of Sharon, Woodbridge	F
	Rose-of-Sharon (Shrubalthea)	F
llex aquifolium	Balkans holly	F
	Gold coast holly	F
	Holly, English	F
Ilex aquipernyi	San Jose holly	C,F
llex cornuta	Dwarf Burford holly	C,F
	Holly, Chinese	C,F
llex crenata	Compacta-dwarf Japanese holly	C,F
	Convexa holly	C,F
	Helleri-Heller's Japanese holly	C,F
	Holly, Japanese	C,F

Nov. alabas	Named and Catalana and India	F
llex glabra llex meserveae	Nordica-inkberry holly	F
liex meserveae	Blue boy holly	F
	Blue girl holly	F
llex vomitoria	Ebony magic holly	C <sub>i</sub> F
nex vonmona	Nana-dwarf yaupon holly	
	Pendula-weeping yaupon holly	C,F
luninarun ahinaraia	yaupon holly Media ald gold inciper	C,F
Juniperus chinensis	Media-old gold juniper	C,F F
Juniperus conferta	Emerald sea shore juniper	
Juniperus horizontalis	Huntington blue juniper	C,F
turia a mus a managarah a ma	Wiltonii-blue carpet juniper	C,F
Juniperus procumbens	Nana-dwarf Japaneses garden juniper	C,F
Juniperus prostrata	Prostrata juniper	C,F
Juniperus sabina	Broadmoor juniper	F
	Foemina-Hicks juniper	F
	Tamariscifolia-Tam juniper	F
Juniperus scopulorum	Emerald green juniper	F
Juniperus spp.	Juniper	C,F
Juniperus squamata	Blue juniper	F
	Blue star juniper	F
	Parsonii juniper	F _
Justicia brandegeana	Shrimp plant	C,F
Justicia spicigera	Honeysuckle, Mexican	£
Kalmia latifolia	Laurel, mountain	F
Lagerstroemia indica	Crape myrtle	C,F
Leucothoe axillaris	Leucothoe, coast	F
Leucothoe fontanesiana	Leucothoe, drooping	F
Ligustrum amurense	Privet, amur	C,F
Ligustrum japonicum	Privet, Japanese	C,F
	yellow tip ligustrum	C,F
Ligustrum lucidum	Privet, glossy	C,F
Ligustrum ovalifolium	California privet	F
Ligustrum texanum	Howardi privet	F
	Wax leaf privet	F
Ligustrum vicaryi	Privet, golden	C,F
	Vicary golden privet	C,F
Livistona chinensis	Chinese fountain palm	F
Lonicera fragrantissima	Winter honeysuckle	F
Lonicera periclymenum	Flowering woodbine	F
	Serotina woodbine	F
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Trumpet honeysuckle	F
Mahonia aquifolium	Oregon grape	F
Myoporum parvifolium	Myoporum, prostrate	F
Myrtus communis	Myrtle, true	C,F
Nandina domestica	Compacta-dwarf heavenly bamboo	C,F
	Harbour dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C,F
	Heavenly bamboo (Nandina)	C,F
	Nana compacta-heavenly bamboo	C,F
	Nana purpurea-heavenly bamboo	C,F
	Woods dwarf-heavenly bamboo	C,F
Nerium oleander	Hardy red oleander	C,F
	Oleander	C,F
	Ruby lace oleander	C,F
Osmanthus heterophyllus	Osmanthus, holly-leaf	F

Philadelphus spp.	Mockorange	C,F
Phoenix roeloelenii	Pigmy date palm	F
Photinia fraseri	Fraser's photinia	C,F
	Photinia	C,F
Pieris japonica	Lily-of-the-valley	F,
riena japonica	Snowdrift lily-of-the-valley	F
		F
	Temple bells lily-of-the-valley	
	Valley rose lily-of-the-valley	F
	Andromeda	C,F
Pittosporum spp.	Pittosporum	C,F
Pittosporum tobira	Green pittosporum	F
	Japanese pittosporum	F
	Tobira	F
	Wheeler's dwarf pittosporum	F
Platycladus orientalis	Arborvitae, Oriental	c,F
Plumbago ariculata	Blue cape plumbago	F,
Podocarpus macrophyllus		C,F
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yewpine	
Potentilla fragiformis	Cinquefoil	F
Potentilla fruticosa	Cinquefoil	C,F
Protea neriifolia	Protea	F
Pyracantha coccinea	Firethorn, scarlet	C,F
Pyracantha fortuneana	Lolendei Monrovia pyracantha	C,F
Pyracantha fortuneana	Monon pyracantha	C,F
	Red elf hybrid pyrcantha	C,F
	Rutgers hybrid pyracantha	C,F
	Santa Cruz pyracantha	C,F
	Victory pyracantha	C,F
Pyracantha skoidzumi	Firethorn, formosa	C,F
Pyracantha, fortuneana	Firethorn	C,F
•		F,
Rhaphiolepis indica	Enchantress-Moness rhaphiolepis	
	Rhaphiolepsis (India hawthorn)	C,F
<b>-</b>	Springtime-Monme rhaphiolepis	F
Rhaphiolepis ovata	Roundleaf rhaphiolepis	F
Rhipsalidopsis gaertneri	Eastercactus	C,F
Rhododendron calendulaceum	Flame azalea	F
Rhododendron campylocarpum	Butterfly rhododendron	F
Rhododendron carolinianum x daurium	PJM rhododendron	F
Rhododendron catawbiense	Catawba album rhododendron	C,F
	Catawba rhododendron	C,F
	Lord Roberts rhododendron	C,F
'	Rocket rhododendron	C,F
Rhododendron forrestii x griersonianum	Elizabeth rhododendron	F.
Rhododendron hybrid spp.	America rhododendron	F
Triododendron nybrid Spp.	English Roseum rhododendron	F
		•
	Nova Zembia rhododendron	F
Objects de la description de l'access de l'A	Scintillation rhododendron	F
Rhododendron impeditum	Rhododendron	F
Rhododendron indica	Formosa azalea	C,F
	Waucabusa azalea	C,F
Rhododendron kerume	Coral bells azalea	C,F
	Hino crimson azalea	C,F
	Hino pink azalea	C,F
	Snow azalea	C,F
Rhododendron maximum	Rhodie max (rosebay)	C,F

Rhododendron mucronulatum	Rhododendron	F
Rhododendron satuski	Gumpo pink azalea	F
	Higasa azalea	F
Rhododendron spp.	Azalea	C,F
	Rhododendron	C,F
Rhododendron spp. hybrids	Carror azalea	C,F
	Girard Roberta azalea	F
	Golden flare exbury azalea	F
Rhus lancea	Sumac, African	C,F
Rosa rugosa	Ramanas rose	F
Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary	F
Spiraea vanhouttei	Bridal wreath	F
Syringa vulgaris	Lilac, common	C,F
Syzygium paniculata	Brush cherry	C,F
Taxus cuspidata	Yew, Japanese	F
Taxus media	Yew	F
Thuja occidentalis	Arborvitae, American	C,F
	Emerald arborvitae	F
	Globosa-globe arborvitae	F
	Little giant-dwarf arborvitae	F
	Nigra-dark American arborvitae	F
	Pyramidalis arborvitae	F
	Rheingold arborvitae	F
	Woodwardii arborvitae	F
Thuja orientalis	Aureus nana-dwarf golden arborvitae	F
	Minima glauca-dwarf arborvitae	F
Thuja plicata	Red Cedar, Western	F
Trachelospermum jasminoides	Star jasmine, Chinese	F
Veitchia merrilli	Christmas palm	F
Viburnum davidii	David viburnum	F
Viburnum japonicum	Viburnum	F
Viburnum opulus sterile	Common snowball viburnum	F
Viburnum plicatum tomentosum	Doublefile viburnum	F
Viburnum setigerum	Tea viburnum	F
Virbunum suspensum	Virbumum, Sandankwa	F _
Viburnum tinus	Viburnum, Laurustinus	C,F
	Compactum-spring bouquet viburnum	F
Viburnum tinus compactum	Spring bouquet viburnum	F
Viburnum trilobum compactum	Dwarf cranberry bush	F
Viburnum x pragense	Viburnum	F
Weigela florida	Bristol ruby weigela	F
	Java red weigela	F
	Minuet weigela	۲ ا
Videoma apparetum	Weigela, oldfashioned	r -
Xylosma congestum	Xylosma Xylosma	F F C,F
Yucca elata	Yucca, soaptree	C,F F
Yucca recurvifolia	Yucca, pendulous	г

## Groundcovers/Perennials

# Recommended Treatment Method F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

	C = 0	ontainer Gro
Scientific Name	Common Name	
Agapanthus africanus	Lily-of-the-Nile	C,F
Ajuga spp.	Carpet bugle	F
Arctotheca calendula	Cape weed	F
Campanula elatines	Bellflower	C,F
Carpobrotus edulis	lce plant, largeleaf (see label)	F
Clytostoma callistegioides	Trumpet vine, violet	C,F
Cortaderia selloana	Pampas grass	F
Delosperma alba	White iceplant	F
Drosanthemum floribundum	Trailing rosea iceplant	F
Festuca ovina glauca	Blue fescue	F
Gazania rigens leucolaena	Gazania, trailing	F
Gazania spp.	Gazania	F
Hedera canariensis	Ivy, Algerian	F
Hedera helix	Ivy, English	F
Hemerocallis spp.	Daylily	C,F
Hosta lancifoila	Albo-marginata hosta	C,F
Hosta spp.	Lily, plantain	C,F
Hypericum spp.	St. Johnswort	C,F
Lampranthus spectabilis	Trailing iceplant	F
Liriope gigantea	White lily turf	F
Liriope muscari	Lilac beauty lily turf	C,F
·	Majestic lily turf	C,F
	Monroe white lily turf	C,F
	Silvery sunproof lily turf	C,F
	Variegated liriope lily turf	C,F
	Big blue lily turf	C,F
Lonicera japonica	Honeysuckle, Japanese	F
Mesembryanthemum crystallinum	lce plant (see label)	F
Ophiopogon japonicus	Mondo grass	F
Osteospermum fruticosum	Daisy, trailing African	F
Pachysandra terminalis	Japanese spurge	F
Sedum brevifolium	Stonecrop	F
Vinca major	Periwinkle, bigleaf	F
Vinca minor	Periwinkle, dwarf	F

## **Flowers**

# Recommended Treatment Method F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

Scientific Name	Common Name	
Achillea spp.	Yarrow	F
Antirrhinum majus	Snapdragon	F
Caladium bicolor	Caldaium, fancy leafed	F
Chrysanthemum coccineum	Daisy, painted	F
Chrysanthemum maximum	Daisy, Shasta	F
Chrysanthemum morifolium	Chrysanthemum	F
Cladium bicolor	Fancy-leaved caladium	F
Coreopsis lanceolata	Coreopsis	F
Dianthus barbatus	Sweet William	F

Dicentra spectabilis Dimorphotheca spp. Echinacea purpurea Geum quellyon Gladiolus hortulanus Gypsophila paniculata Impatiens wallerana Iris spp. Liatris spicata Pelargonium hortorum Petunia spp. Portulaca grandiflora Ranunculus asiaticus	Bleeding heart Marigold, cape Coneflower, purple Geum Gladiolus Baby's breath Impatiens (Busy lizzie) Iris, bearded Blazing star Geranium Petunia Moss, rose Ranunculus, Persian	C.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F.F
·	•	
Pelargonium hortorum	Geranium	F
Petunia spp.	Petunia	
Portulaca grandiflora	Moss, rose	F
Ranunculus asiaticus	Ranunculus, Persian	F
Rosa spp.	Rose	F
Rudbeckia hirta	Daisy, gloriosa (black-eyed Susan)	F
Salvia spp.	Salvia (Sage)	F
Stokesia laevis	Aster, stokes	F
Strelitzia reginae	Bird of paradise	F
Tagetes spp.	Marigold	F
Viola wittrockiana	Pansy	F
Zinnea elegans	Zinnia, common	F

# Non-bearing Trees and Vines

## Recommended Treatment Method F = Field Grown C = Container Grown

	_	Joinamor Or
almond		F
apple		F
apricot		F
avocad <b>o</b>		F
blackberry		F
blueberry		F
boysenberry		F
cherry, sour		F
cherry, sweet		F
currant		F
dewberry		F
elderberry		F
fig		F
filbert		F
gooseberry		F
grape, American		F
grape, European		F
grapefruit		F
kiwi		F
Kumquat		C,F
lemon		F
loganberry		F
macadamia nut		F
nectarine		F
olive		F
orange		C,F
peach		F

pear	F
pecan	C,F
pistachio	F
plum	F
pomegranate	F
prune	F
raspberry	F
walnut, black	F
walnut, English	F

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Non-bearing plants are defined as those which will not bear fruit for at least one year after treatment.

#### Ornamental Bulbs

Surflan A.S. may be applied for control of susceptible annual weeds in ornamental bulbs, e.g., bulbous iris, daffodil (narcissus), hyacinth, and tulip. Apply Surflan A.S. to the soil surface 2-4 weeks after planting, but prior to the emergence of annual weeds. For fall planted bulbs, apply Surflan A.S. again in late winter or early spring to weed-free soil surfaces.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Time of		Sur	flan A.S.	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Application	Soil Texture	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(gt/acre)
Fall	Coarse	0.75	0.5	3	1.5
Fall	Medium and Fine	1.5	1.0	<u>3</u>	<u>2.25</u>
Feb March	All Soil Textures	0.75	0.5	3	2.25

#### Special Use Precautions:

Do not apply to tulip plants that have emerged to a height greater than 3/4 inch.

Do not apply to gladioli corms prior to emergence or less than one (1) inch in diameter.

#### Shadehouse Areas

Surflan A.S. may be applied to drainage areas under benches in open shadehouse-type structures where the natural flow of air is unimpeded. Do not apply in enclosed greenhouses or in enclosed shadehouse-type structures. Do not apply within 3 weeks prior to enclosure of greenhouse or poly-type structures.

#### **Christmas Tree Plantations**

#### Surflan A.S. Alone

Apply Surflan A.S. as a directed spray to the soil surface or as an overtop spray to established plantings of field grown Christmas tree species, including fir (*Abies* spp.), pine (*Pinus* spp.), and spruce (*Picea* spp.). Follow all instructions provided in the "General Information" section of this label.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Length of	Sur	flan A.S.	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Control	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
2 - 4 months	2	1.5	2	<u>8</u>
4 - 8 months	44	3	2	<u>8</u>

#### Tank Mix Combinations

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus other labeled herbicides may be used as directed or overtop sprays in established Christmas tree plantings. When applied according to use directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

**Surflan A.S. Plus Roundup:** Apply tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus Roundup only as directed sprays in Christmas tree plantings. When applied according to use directions, Surflan A.S. plus Roundup will provide postemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Roundup and residual preemergence control of susceptible weed species listed on the label for Surflan A.S. Refer to the label for Roundup for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

#### **Special Use Precautions:**

Do not apply to Douglas-fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii*). Do not apply to seedbeds or seedling transplant beds. Apply only to established plants that have been transplanted into their final growing location for a sufficient period of time to allow the soil to be firmly settled around the roots from packing and rainfall or irrigation.

## Noncropland Areas and Industrial Sites

#### Noncropland Areas - Tank Mix Combinations

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus Roundup and many other labeled herbicides may be used to control undesirable vegetation in noncropland areas such as roadsides, rights-of-way, etc. When applied according to use directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

**Broadcast Application Rates** 

Length of	Sur	flan A.S.	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
Control	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
2 - 4 months	. 2	1.5	2	<u>6</u>
4 -8 months	4	3	4	<u>12</u>
8 - 12 months	6	4.5	<u>8</u>	<u>12</u>

#### **Industrial Sites - Tank Mix Combinations**

Tank mix combinations of Surflan A.S. plus Roundup, Spike\* herbicide, and many other labeled herbicides may be used as overtop sprays to control existing vegetation on industrial sites such as utility substations, highway guard rails, sign posts, and delineators. When applied according to use directions, these tank mixes will provide control of susceptible weed species listed on the respective product labels. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific use directions, precautions, and limitation before use.

## Warm Season Turfgrasses

Surflan A.S. may be applied as a preemergence treatment for control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in established warm season turf including bahiagrass, bermudagrass, buffalograss, centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, zoysiagrass, and established tall fescue growing in warm season areas. Established turf is defined as a dense turf having a well-anchored root system and healthy, vigorous top growth. Use Surflan A.S. only as a part of a total turf management program that includes good fertilization practices.

Surflan A.S. may be tank mixed with Gallery\* herbicide (California registration pending) and applied preemergence to broaden the spectrum of broadleaf weed control in warm season turf. Refer to the label for Gallery for specific use directions, precautions, and limitations before use.

Any cultural practices that disturb the soil, such as aerification or verticutting, should be done prior to application of Surflan A.S.

Surflan A.S. will not control emerged weeds. Successful preemergence control of weeds listed on this label requires that Surflan A.S. be applied prior to weed germination and be activated by at least one-half (1/2) inch of rainfall or irrigation within 21 days of application.

Surflan A.S. may injure turf that is not well-established or is stressed or weakened due to unfavorable winter climatic conditions, drought, nematodes, or other factors which damage or weaken turf root systems. Apply Surflan A.S. only to healthy, well-established turf that has a well-anchored root system.

Do not apply Surflan A.S. in the spring or early summer to tall fescue turfgrass reseeded the previous fall. In such cases, apply Balan\* 2.5G granular herbicide at 60-80 pounds per acre in early summer (Round 1) and Surflan A.S. at 1.5 quarts per acre approximately eight weeks later (Round 2). Do not apply Surflan A.S. at the single application rate (2 quarts per acre) to established tall fescue; in such cases, apply 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in an initial application, followed by a second application of 1.5 quarts per acre 8-10 weeks later.

In bermudagrass areas that have been overseeded with winter grasses, a spring application of Surflan A.S. will thin the overseeded grasses.

## Annual Grasses Controlled by Surflan A.S.

#### Summer Annuals:

**Common Name Scientific Name** barnyardgrass Echinochloa crus-galli (watergrass) crabgrass, large Digitaria sanguinalis Digitaria ischaemum crabgrass, smooth crabgrass Digitaria spp. Dactyloctenium crowfootgrass aegyptium foxtail, bristlegrass Setaria magna Setaria faberi foxtail, glant Setaria viridis foxtail, green (pigeongrass) Setaria robusta foxtail, robust foxtail, yellow Setaria glauca Eleusine indica goosegrass (silver crabgrass) Sorghum halepense

**Johnsongrass** 

(seedling only)

ryegrass, Italian sandbur, field

Lolium multiflorum Cenchrus incertus

#### Winter Annuals:

Common Name

Scientific Name

bluegrass, annual

Poa annua

## Annual Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Surflan A.S.

#### Summer Annuals:

Common Name

Scientific Name

carpetweed

Mollugo verticillata

knotweed, prostrate

Polygonum aviculare

purslane, common

Portulaca oleracea

#### Winter Annuals:

**Common Name** 

Scientific Name

chickweed, common

Stellaria media

henbit

Lamium amplexicaule

#### Broadleaf Weeds Suppressed by Surflan A.S.

**Common Name** 

Scientific Name

groundsel, common

Senecio vulgaris

spurge, prostrate

Euphorbia humistrata

woodsorrel, yellow

Oxalis stricta

#### Application Rates, Frequency, and Timing of Application

Surflan A.S. can be applied in the spring for summer annual grass and broadleaf weed control, and in the fall for annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and winter annual broadleaf weed control.

Broadcast Application Rates (Warm Season Turfgrasses)

	Sur	flan A.S.	Minimum Time Between Applications	Total Amount Allowed Per Year
<u>Use Area</u>	(qt/acre)	(fl oz/1000 sq ft)	(months)	(qt/acre)
All, except	1.5	1	3	<u>6</u>
<u>Florida</u>	2	1.5	3	<u>6</u>
Florida	1.5	1 1	3	<u>4.5</u>

#### 1. Summer Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds

**Single Application Program:** Apply 2 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in late winter or early spring, prior to the onset of conditions favorable for annual weed germination.

**Split Application Program:** As an alternative to a single application program, Surflan A.S. may be applied in a split application. This program is desirable when the initial application is made well in advance of weed germination and where weed control is desired for a longer period of time. Apply 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in an initial application, followed by a second application of 1.5 quarts per acre 8-10 weeks later.

The second treatment of the split application may follow application of a different preemergence grass herbicide in place of the initial application of Surflan A.S.

#### 2. Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua) and Winter Annual Broadleaf Weeds

In areas of heavy annual bluegrass infestation, its elimination will result in temporary thinning of turfgrass cover. Proper fertilization, irrigation, and soil incorporated reseeding should be employed to speed the restoration of desirable turfgrass cover in areas previously occupied by annual bluegrass (see section on reseeding).

Apply Surflan A.S. as a preemergence treatment in late summer or early fall, prior to the expected germination period for annual bluegrass and winter annual broadleaf weeds. If annual bluegrass infestation is severe and its elimination will result in thinning of turfgrass cover, apply Surflan A.S. at 1.5 quarts per acre. If thinning of turfgrass cover is not a potential problem, Surflan A.S. may be applied at 2 quarts per acre.

#### **Broadcast Application Rates**

Surfian A.S.				
quarts/acre fl oz/1000 sq fl				
<del>1.5</del>	1			
2	1.5			

#### Weed Control in Florida

In Florida, apply 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. three times per year, or every 90-100 days, in the fall, early spring, and early summer. Do not apply more than 1.5 quarts per acre of Surflan A.S. in any single application.

#### **Application Equipment**

Apply Surflan A.S. evenly over the turfgrass area. Avoid spray pattern skips and overlaps that may result in incomplete coverage or over-application. For best results, use application equipment designed to uniformly broadcast liquid herbicides. Calibrate application equipment prior to use, according to manufacturer's directions. Check equipment frequently to make sure it is working properly and distributing spray uniformly.

#### Reseeding

Herbicides that control annual weeds may also affect establishment of desirable turfgrass seedlings. Reseeding should be delayed for at least 90-120 days following application of Surflan A.S.. When reseeding, it is essential that proper cultural practices such as soil cultivation and seedbed preparation, irrigation, and fertilization be followed. For satisfactory reseeding results following use of Surflan A.S., the seeding rate should be increased and equipment designed to place seed in full contact with soil (such as the Rogers Aero Seeder) should be employed.

#### Special Use Precautions:

To avoid possible injury, do not apply Surflan A.S. to:

- o Cool season turfgrass species.
- o Golf course putting greens and tees or lawns containing dichondra or cool season turfgrass species.
- Newly sprigged or sodded areas of bermudagrass, St. Augustinegrass, centipedegrass, or zoysiagrass until these turfgrasses are well-established and have well-anchored root systems.
- Newly hydromulched areas of bermudagrass until such areas are well-established.
- o Bermudagrass variety "Sun Turf" when tank mixed with atrazine.

#### Warranty Disclaimer

Dow AgroSciences warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. Dow AgroSciences MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR

IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

#### Inherent Risks of Use

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperature, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of Dow AgroSciences or the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

### Limitation of Remedies

The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at Dow AgroSciences' election, one of the following:

- 1. Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or
- 2. Replacement of amount of product used

Dow AgroSciences shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless Dow AgroSciences is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall Dow AgroSciences be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses.

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