

AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505P) **Ariel Rios Building** 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:	
62719-50	

Date of Issuance:

SEP 23 2008

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

__ Registration

x Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended) Term of Issuance:

Name of Pesticide Product:

2.4-D BEE-4 Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Dow AgroSciences LLC 9330 Zionsville Road Indianapolis, IN 46268

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is reregistered in accordance with FIFRA section 4(g)(2)(C) provided you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.
- 2. Per the acute toxicity review, child resistant packaging is triggered for this product.
- 3. Per the acute toxicity review, the "IF ON SKIN" heading currently appearing on the label must be revised to read "IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING."

Based on toxicity ranking per the acute toxicity review, the First Aid statements should be placed on the label in the following order:

"IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:...

IF SWALLOWED:...

IF IN EYES:..

IF INHALED:..."

anne J. Miller

Signature of Approving Official:

Joanne I. Miller

Product Manager 23

Herbicide Branch

Registration Divisioh (7505P)

SEP 23 2008

EPAForm8570-6

Page 2 of 5 EPA Reg. No. 62719-50

4. The PPE section must be revised to read:

"Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber and viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Pilots must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and

Shoes and socks.

Mixers, loaders, and all other applicators must wear:

Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants,

Chemical-resistant gloves,

Protective eyewear,

Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,

Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure,

Chemical-resistant apron when mixing, loading, cleaning up spills, or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See engineering controls for additional requirements."

Note: Although "protective eyewear" is not triggered for this product, the Agency has no objection to retaining eyewear in the handler PPE section of the label

5. The text in bold type must be added to the User Safety Recommendation text currently on the label:

"User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside."

- 6. The text "except as noted on appropriate labels" must be deleted from the second sentence in the first paragraph of the Environmental Hazard section.
- 7. Per the 2,4-D RED, the REI must be revised to 12 hours.

Also per the RED, the early-entry PPE should be revised to read:

"Coveralls, Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof

Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, and Shoes plus socks."

8. All entry restriction text appearing in the Non-Agricultural Use Requirements box ("Use Requirements for Rangeland, Pasture and Non-cropland Areas: Restricted Entry Interval: Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried. Use Requirements for Turf: Restricted Entry Interval: When used on grass seed crops, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label. For use on

Page 3 of 5 EPA Reg. No. 62719-50

other turf areas, do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried") must be replaced with the following:

"Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried."

- 9. Per the product chemistry review, a subheading "Pesticide Disposal" and the appropriate text must be added to the Storage and Disposal section of the label.
- 10. The following revisions are needed to the Spray Drift Management section:
- -Reference to chemigation should be deleted from the first sentence of the spray drift section because the label states "Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system."
- -The typographical error ("swatch") appearing in the 'Wind Speed' section of the Spray Drift Management text should be corrected. The text should read "If applying a Medium spray, leave one *swath* unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field."
- Per the RED, the text "2,-4-D esters may volatilize during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures. Do not apply during conditions of low humidity and high temperatures" must be added to the label.
- 11. The following revisions are needed to the Directions for Use:

Cereal Grain (Wheat, Barley, Millet, Oats, Rye):

Per the RED, the following text must be added to the label: "Limited to one postemergence application per crop cycle. Limited to one preharvest application per crop cycle."

Field Corn and Popcorn:

Add:

"Limited to one preplant or premergence application per crop cycle. Limited to one postemergence application per crop cycle. Limited to one preharvest application per crop cycle."

Sweet Corn:

Add:

"Limited to one preplant or premergence application per crop cycle. Limited to one postemergence application per crop cycle."

Forestry:

Per the RED, the following restrictions must be added to the label:

"Do not apply more than one broadcast application per year."

"Do not apply more than one basal spray or cut surface application per year."

"Do not apply more than one injection application per year."

Page 4 of 5 EPA Reg. No. 62719-50

Rangeland, Established Grass Pastures (Including Perennial Grasslands not in Agricultural Productions such as Conservation Reserve Program Acres):

Per the RED, the following text must be added to the precautions and restrictions section currently on the label and any conflicting text must be removed:

"Maximum of 2 applications per year.

For susceptible annual and biennial weeds: Do not apply more than 1.0 lbs ae per acre per application.

For moderately susceptible biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds, difficult to control weeds and woody plants: Do not apply more than 2.0 lbs ae per acre per application. Spot treatment: Do not apply more than 2.0 lbs ae per acre.

If grass is to be cut for hay, Agricultural Use Requirements for the Worker Protection Standard are applicable."

Non-Cropland:

Per the RED, the following restrictions must be added to the rate restrictions currently on the label and any conflicting text must be removed:

"Postemergence (annual and perennial weeds: Limited to 2 applications per year. Postemergence (woody plants): Limited to 1 application per year."

Turf - Grasses Grown for Seed or Sod:

Add "Limited to 2 applications per year."

12. Add the following statement to the labeling:

Use of this product in certain portions of California, Oregon and Washington is subject to the January 22, 2004 Order for injunctive relief in Washington Toxics Coalition, et al. v. EPA, C01-0132C, (W.D. WA). For further information, please refer to EPA Web Site: http://www.epa.gov/espp.

13. Assure that the Storage and Disposal sections are consistent throughout the labeling.

The subheading "Pesticide Disposal" and the appropriate text must be added under the Storage and Disposal statements.

The subheading "Container Disposal" should be added to all three versions before the subheading "Container Reuse".

Page 5 of 5 EPA Reg. No. 62719-50

Pressure rinse text used in the Base label for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gallons should be made consistent with the RED.

The entire paragraph on Page 8 under the subheading "Pesticide Disposal", which has been deleted, should be re-instated and added to all three versions. It should follow the paragraph of "Pesticide Storage" and precede the subheading "Container Disposal" to read "Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance."

14. Delete "General Use" on page 14. This is an implied safety claim.

Note: Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

(Base label for rigid containers 5 gal or less):

2,4-D BEE-4 Herbicide

For selective control of broadleaf weeds in cereal grains (wheat, barley, millet, oats and rye), corn (field corn, popcorn and sweet corn), fallow land and crop stubble, sorghum (grain and forage sorghum), soybeans (preplant burndown application only), forests, rangeland, established grass pastures, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres, non-cropland, grasses grown for seed or sod and ornamental turf.

Active Ingredients: 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid, butoxyethyl ester		with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:
Other Ingredients Total Contains petroleum distillates.	37.5%	SEP 2 3 2008 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

Acid Equivalent: 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid - 43.9% - 3.8 lb/gal

62719-50

ACCEPTED

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

May Be Fatal If Absorbed Through The Skin • Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed Or Inhaled

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selections chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, applying with any
 handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise
 exposed to the concentrate.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

See engineering controls for additional requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)].

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopic control.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and may be toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark except as noted on appropriate labels. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Storage And Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. If exposed to subfreezing temperatures, the product should be warmed to at least 40°F and mixed thoroughly before using. **Container Reuse:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

EPA Reg. No. 62719-50 Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.	
. N	et Contents

(Base label for refillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal):

2,4-D BEE-4 Herbicide

For selective control of broadleaf weeds in cereal grains (wheat, barley, millet, oats and rye), corn (field corn, popcorn and sweet corn), fallow land and crop stubble, sorghum (grain and forage sorghum), soybeans (preplant burndown application only), forests, rangeland, established grass pastures, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres, non-cropland, grasses grown for seed or sod and ornamental turf.

Active Ingredients:

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid,	•
butoxyethyl ester	62.5%
Other Ingredients	
Total	

Contains petroleum distillates.

Acid Equivalent: 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid - 43.9% – 3.8 lb/gal

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING

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Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selections chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, applying with any handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

See engineering controls for additional requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)].

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- · Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopic control.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and may be toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark except as noted on appropriate labels. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Storage And Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. If exposed to subfreezing temperatures, the product should be warmed to at least 40°F and mixed thoroughly before using. **Container Reuse:** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times

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Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.	
EPA Reg. No. 62719-50	EPA Est.

(Base label for nonrefillable rigid containers larger than 5 gal):

2,4-D BEE-4 Herbicide

For selective control of broadleaf weeds in cereal grains (wheat, barley, millet, oats and rye), corn (field corn, popcorn and sweet corn), fallow land and crop stubble, sorghum (grain and forage sorghum), soybeans (preplant burndown application only), forests, rangeland, established grass pastures, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres, non-cropland, grasses grown for seed or sod and ornamental turf.

Active Ingredients:

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid,	
butoxyethyl ester	62.5%
Other Ingredients	37.5%
Total	100.0%

Contains petroleum distillates.

Acid Equivalent: 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid - 43.9% - 3.8 lb/gal

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Keep Out of Reach of Children

WARNING

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Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selections chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, applying with any handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

See engineering controls for additional requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)].

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Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

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Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopic control.

Environmental Hazards

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This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Storage And Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. If exposed to subfreezing temperatures, the product should be warmed to at least 40°F and mixed thoroughly before using. **Container Reuse:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

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(cover):

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Acti	ve	Ing	jred	ient	s:
	2	•	الماحة		. L _

2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid,

 butoxyethyl ester
 62.5%

 Other Ingredients
 37.5%

 Total
 100.0%

Contains petroleum distillates.

Acid Equivalent: 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid - 43.9% - 3.8 lb/gal

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Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to the label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

Notice: Read the entire label. Use only according to label directions. Before using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer, Inherent Risks of Use, and Limitation of Remedies at end of label booklet. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call 1-800-992-5994. If you wish to obtain additional product information, visit our web site at www.dowagro.com.

Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

	EPA Est.
EPA Reg. No. 62719-50	

Produced for Dow AgroSciences LLC • Indianapolis, IN 46268 U.S.A.

(Page 1 through end):

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

May Be Fatal If Absorbed Through The Skin • Causes Moderate Eye Irritation • Harmful If Swallowed Or Inhaled

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selections chart.

All mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- · Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, applying with any
 handheld nozzle or equipment, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise
 exposed to the concentrate.
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear
- · Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- Chemical-resistant apron when when applying postharvest dips or sprays to citrus, mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate

See engineering controls for additional requirements

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statements

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protections Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)].

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

First Aid

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-992-5994 for emergency medical treatment information.

Note to Physician: This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophagoscopic control.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and may be toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark except as noted on appropriate labels. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

Directions for Use

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- · Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate, Nitrile Rubber, Neoprene Rubber, or Viton
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear

· Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Non-agricultural Use Requirements

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Use Requirements for Rangeland, Pasture and Non-cropland Areas

Restricted Entry Interval: Do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Use Requirements for Turf

Restricted Entry Interval: When used on grass seed crops, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label. For use on other turf areas, do not enter or allow people (or pets) to enter the treated area until sprays have dried.

Storage And Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. If exposed to subfreezing temperatures, the product should be warmed to at least 40°F and mixed thoroughly before using.

Nonrefillable containers 5 gallons or less:

Container Reuse: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons:

Container Reuse: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose.

Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water and, if possible, spray all sides while adding water. If practical, agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons:

Container Reuse: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available.

Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. **Triple rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this

procedure two more times. **Pressure rinse** as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

General Information

2,4-D BEE-4 herbicide is intended for selective control of broadleaf weeds in cereal grains (wheat, barley, millet, oats and rye), corn (field corn, popcorn and sweet corn), fallow land and crop stubble, sorghum (grain and forage sorghum), soybeans (preplant burndown application only), forests, rangeland, established grass pastures, Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) acres, non-cropland, grasses grown for seed or sod and ornamental turf.

Apply 2,4-D BEE-4 as a water or oil-water spray during warm weather when weeds or woody plants are actively growing. Application under drought conditions will often give poor results. Use low spray pressure to minimize drift. Generally, the lower dosages recommended on this label will be satisfactory for young, succulent growth of susceptible weed species. For less susceptible species and under less favorable growing conditions, use higher recommended rates. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as Canada thistle, field bindweed and certain woody plants usually require repeated applications for satisfactory control. Consult your State Agricultural Experiment stations or Extension Service Weed Specialists for recommendations consistent with this label that best fit local conditions.

General Use Precautions and Restrictions

Chemigation: Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Excessive amounts of this herbicide in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination or plant growth.

Spray Drift Management

A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Droplet Size

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D as the sole active ingredient, or when applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with active ingredients that require a Coarse or coarser spray, apply only as a Coarse or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 385 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

When applying sprays that contain 2,4-D mixed with other active ingredients that require a Medium or more fine spray, apply only as a Medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed

Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors ontarget deposition and there are not sensitive areas (including, but not limited to, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for nontarget species, nontarget crops) within 250 feet downwind. If applying a Medium spray, leave one swatch unsprayed at the downwind edge of the treated field.

Temperature Inversions

If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if: a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.

Susceptible Plants

Do not apply under circumstances where spray drift may occur to food, forage, or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption. Susceptible crops include, but are not limited to, cotton, okra, flowers, fruit trees, grapes (in growing stage), fruit trees (foliage), soybeans (vegetative stage), ornamentals, sunflowers, tomatoes, beans, and other vegetables, or tobacco. Small amounts of spray drift that may not be visible may injure susceptible broadleaf plants.

Other State and Local Requirements

Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of 2,4-D herbicides. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment

All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

Aerial Application

The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter.

Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. This requirement does not apply to forestry or rights-of-way applications.

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

Ground Boom Application

Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.

Mixing

- (1) Fill the spray tank about half full with water, then add the required amount of 2,4-D BEE-4 with agitation, and finally the rest of the water.
 Note: 2,4-D BEE-4 in water forms an emulsion, which tends to separate unless the mixture is kept
 - agitated.
- (2) If oil is added, first mix the 2,4-D BEE-4 and the oil and then add this mixture to the water. However, with adequate agitation, the oil can be added after 2,4-D BEE-4 is mixed with water.
- (3) If straight oil is used, a solution is formed and separation does not occur. Do not allow any water to get into the oil-herbicide mixture to avoid formation of an invert emulsion.

Note: Adding oil, wetting agent, or other surfactant to the spray mixture may increase effectiveness on weeds, but also may reduce selectivity in crops resulting in crop damage.

Tank Mixing Precautions:

- Read carefully and follow all applicable use directions, precautions, and limitations on the respective product labels.
- Do not exceed recommended application rates. Do not tank mix with another pesticide product that
 contains the same active ingredient as this product unless the label of either tank mix partner specifies
 the maximum dosages that may be used.

Tank Mix Compatibility Testing: A jar test is recommended prior to tank mixing to ensure compatibility of this product and other pesticides. Use a clear glass quart jar with lid and mix the tank mix ingredients in their relative proportions. Invert the jar containing the mixture several times and observe the mixture

for approximately 1/2 hour. If the mixture balls-up, forms flakes, sludges, jels, oily films or layers, or other precipitates, it is not compatible and the tank mix combination should not be used.

Mixing with Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizer

This product may be combined with liquid nitrogen fertilizer suitable for foliar application to accomplish broadleaf weed control and fertilization of corn, small grains or pastures in a single operation. Use 2,4-D BEE-4 in accordance with recommendations for these crops provided in this label. Use liquid fertilizer at rates recommended by the supplier or Extension Service Specialist. Test for mixing compatibility by mixing spray ingredients in correct proportions in a clear glass jar before mixing in spray tank. A compatibility aid such as Unite or Compex may be needed in some situations. Compatibility is best with liquid fertilizer solutions containing only nitrogen. Mixing with N-P-K solutions may not be satisfactory, even with the addition of a compatibility aid. Premixing 2,4-D BEE-4 with 1 to 4 parts water may help in situations when mixing difficulty occurs.

Fill the tank about half full with the liquid fertilizer, then add the required amount of 2,4-D BEE-4 with agitation. Maintain agitation and complete filling the tank with liquid fertilizer. Apply immediately and continue agitation in spray tank during application. **Do not store the spray mixture.** Application during very cold weather (near freezing) is not advisable.

Sprayer Clean-Out

To avoid injury to desirable plants, equipment used to apply this product should be thoroughly cleaned before re-use or applying other chemicals.

- 1. Rinse and flush application equipment thoroughly after use at least three times with water. Dispose of all rinse water by application to treatment area or apply to non-cropland area away from water supplies.
- 2. During the second rinse, add 1 qt of household ammonia for every 25 gallons of water. Circulate the solution through the entire system so that all internal surfaces are contacted (15-20 min). Let the solution stand for several hours, preferably overnight.
- 3. Flush the solution out of the spray tank through the boom.
- 4. Rinse the system twice with clean water, recirculating and draining each time.
- 5. Remove nozzles and screens and clean separately.
- 6. If equipment is to be used to apply another pesticide or agricultural chemical to a 2,4-D susceptible crop, additional steps may be required to remove all traces of 2,4-D, including cleaning of disassembled parts and replacement of hoses or other fittings that may contain absorbed 2,4-D.

Application Instructions

Spray Volume: Apply with calibrated air or ground equipment using sufficient spray volume to provide adequate coverage of target weeds or as otherwise directed in specific use directions. For broadcast application, apply the recommended rate of this product in a spray volume of 2 or more gallons per acre by air and 10 or more gallons per acre for ground equipment. Use low-pressure sprays to minimize drift. Where states have regulations, that specify minimum spray volumes, they should be observed. In general, spray volume should be increased as crop canopy, height and weed density increase in order to obtain adequate spray coverage. **Do not apply less than 2 gallons total spray volume per acre.**

Application Rates: Generally, lower rates in recommended rate ranges will be satisfactory for more sensitive weeds species, when weeds are small, and when environmental conditions are favorable for rapid growth. Use higher rates in the recommended rate range for less sensitive species and under less favorable growing conditions. For crop uses, do not mix with oil or other adjuvants unless specifically recommended on this label. Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as Canada thistle, field bindweed and certain woody plants usually require repeated applications for effective control.

Spot Treatments

To prevent misapplication, spot treatments should be applied with a calibrated boom or with hand sprayers using a fixed spray volume per 1,000 sq ft as indicated below.

Hand-Held Sprayers: Hand-held sprayers may be used for spot applications of 2,4-D BEE-4 in labeled crops. Care should be taken to apply the spray uniformly and at a rate equivalent to a broadcast application. Application rates in the table are based on a treatment area of 1,000 sq ft. Mix the amount of 2,4-D BEE-4 (fl oz or ml) corresponding to the desired broadcast rate in one (1) or more gallons of spray. To calculate the amount of 2,4-D BEE-4 required for larger areas, multiply the table value (fl oz or ml) by the number of thousands of sq ft of area to be treated. An area of 1000 sq ft is approximately 10.5 X 10.5 yards (strides) in size. To calculate the amount of 2,4-D BEE-4 required for a broadcast rate higher than those listed, use a multiple of the table value, for example, if a spot treatment requires the equivalent of 10 pt per acre, use 5X the amount per gallon of spray required for the 2 pt/acre rate.

Rate Conversion Table for Spot Treatment:

Label Broadcast Rate (pt/acre)							
1/2	2/3	3/4	1	2	3	4	8
Equivalent Amount of 2,4-D BEE-4 per 1000 sq ft							
1/5 fl oz †	1/4 fl oz	1/3 fl oz	3/8 fl oz	3/4 fl oz	1 fl oz	1 1/2 fl oz	3 fl oz
(5.5 ml)	(7.3 ml)	(8.3 ml)	(11 ml)	(22 ml)	(33 ml)	(44 ml)	(88 ml)

[†] Conversion factors: 1 pt - 16 fl oz.; 1fl oz = 29.6 (30) ml

Band Application: 2,4-D BEE-4 may be applied as a band treatment. Use the formulas below to determine the appropriate rate and volume per treated acre.

Band width in inches

Row width in inches

Band width in inches

Band width in inches

Band width in inches

X Broadcast rate = Band rate per treated acre

Band width in inches

Band volume per treated acre

Weeds Controlled

Annual or Biennial Weeds

Beggarticks (1) mousetail (2) Bittercress, smallflowered (2) mustards (except blue mustard) bitterweed parsnip, wild broomweed, common (1) pennycress (fanweed) pepperweeds (Lepidium spp.) (1) (2) burdock, common buttercup, smallflowered (1)(2) pigweeds (Amaranthus spp.) (1) carpetweed poorjoe cinquefoil, common (2) primrose, common purslane, common (2) cinquefoil, rough (2) cocklebur, common pusley, Florida coffeeweed radish, wild copperleaf, Virginia (2) ragweed, common croton, Texas ragweed, giant croton, woolly rape, wild flixweed rocket, yellow salsify, common (1) galinsoga geranium, Carolina (2) salsify, western (1) hemp, wild shepherdspurse horseweed (marestail) (2) sicklepod smartweed (annual species) (1) (2) jewelweed jimsonweed sneezeweed, bitter

knotweed (1)

kochia lambsquarters, common

lettuce, prickly (1) (2) lettuce, wild lupines

lupines mallow, little ⁽¹⁾ mallow, Venice ⁽¹⁾

marshelder morningglory, annual

morningglory, ivy morningglory, woolly sowthistle, annual sowthistle, spiny spanishneedles sunflower sweetclover tansymustard

thistle, bull thistle, musk (1)

thistle, Russian (tumbleweed) (1)

velvetleaf vetches

Perennial Weeds

Alfalfa (1), (2)

artichoke, Jerusalem (1) aster, many-flower (2)

Austrian fieldcress (1)

bindweed (hedge, field and European) (1) (2)

blue lettuce blueweed, Texas broomweed

bullnettle (1) (2)
carrot, wild (1)
catnip

chicory clover, red ^{(1) (2)} coffeeweed cress, hoary ⁽¹⁾

dandelion ^(f) docks ⁽¹⁾ dogbanes ⁽¹⁾ goldenrod

eveningprimrose, cutleaf (2)

garlic, wild (1)

hawkweed, orange (1)

healal

ironweed, western (2) ivy, ground (1)

Jerusalem-artichoke

loco, bigbend

nettles (including stinging) (1)

onion, wild ⁽¹⁾ pennywort plantains ragwort, tansy ⁽¹⁾

sowthistle, perennial thistle, Canada (1) (2)

vervains ⁽¹⁾ wormwood

(1) These weeds are only partially controlled and may required repeat applications and/or use of higher recommended rates of this product even under ideal conditions of application.

(2) This product may not be used to control this weed species in the state of California.

Crop Uses

Agricultural Use Requirements for Crops: For the following crop uses, follow PPE and Reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

Cereal Grains (Wheat, Barley, Millet, Oats, Rye) (Not Underseeded with Legumes)

Crop/Application Timing	2,4-D BEE-4 (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Wheat, Barley, Millet, Rye Annual and biennial broadleaf weeds	1/2 to 2 [†]	Apply after crop is fully tillered, but not forming joints in the stem (usually 4 to 8 inches tall) and weeds are small. Do not apply before tillering or from
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1 to 2 [†]	early boot through the milk stage of growth.

Oats (Spring Seeded) (Fall Seeded Southern)	1/2 3/4 to 1 1/4 [†]	Apply after crop is fully tillered, but not forming joints in the stem (usually 4 to 8 inches tall) and weeds are small. Do not apply before tillering or from early boot through the milk stage of growth. Do not apply during or immediately following cold weather.
Preharvest application (all cereals)	1	Apply using air or ground equipment to control weeds that could interfere with harvest, or to suppress perennial weeds. Apply when grain is in dough stage. Do not apply from early boot through the milk stage of growth.

[†]Use the lower rate in the rate range if small annual or biennial weeds are the major problem. Use the higher rate if perennial weeds or annual or biennial weeds are present which are considered to be hard-to-kill as determined by local experience. Higher rates increase the risk of crop injury and should be used only where weed control justifies such risk. Do not apply 2,4-D BEE-4 at the crop seedling stage of growth. Consult state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialists for recommendations or suggestions to fit local conditions.

Restrictions:

- Preharvest Interval: Do not harvest within 14 days of application.
- Do not apply more than 3.5 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.

Corn (Field Corn, Popcorn and Sweet Corn)

Application Timing/	2,4-D BEE-4	·
Stage of Growth	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preplant (Burndown) Preemergence (Field corn, popcorn, and sweet corn)	1 to 2	General: For best results, growth conditions should be favorable for active weed growth. Use high rate in rate range for less susceptible weeds, cover crops such as alfalfa, weeds in advanced stages of development, or under less favorable growth conditions. Preplant: Apply 7 to 14 days before planting corn to control emerged broadleaf weed seedlings or
		existing cover crops. Preemergence: Apply any time after planting, but before corn emerges to control broadleaf weed seedlings or existing cover crops. Do not use on light sandy soils.
Postemergence (Field corn, popcorn, and sweet corn) Annual broadleaf weeds Crop up to 8 inches tall	1/2 to 1	Apply when weeds are small and corn is less than 8 inches tall (to top of canopy). If corn is more than 8 inches tall, use drop nozzles to keep spray off foliage. Treat perennial weeds when they are in bud to
Crop 8 inches tall to tasseling (directed spray only)	1	bloom stage. Do not tank mix with atrazine, oil or other adjuvants. Do not apply from tasseling to hard dough stage. Note: Corn treated with 2,4-D may become
Perennial broadleaf weeds	1	temporarily brittle. Wind or cultivation may cause stem breakage during the period of time that corn is brittle. Sweet Corn: To minimize potential for crop injury,



		use only lowest rate in rate range.
Preharvest	up to 3	Apply after corn is in hard dough (or denting) stage.
(Field corn and popcorn only)	·	Do not apply to sweet corn.

Precautions:

- Corn hybrids vary in tolerance to 2,4-D. Some are easily injured. Apply only to varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. Consult the seed company or your Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Weed Specialist for this information.
- After postemergence application, delay cultivation for 8 to 10 days to allow corn to overcome any temporary brittleness.

Restrictions (Field Corn and Popcorn):

- Preharvest interval: Do not harvest for grain or fodder within 7 days after application.
- Do not apply more than 6.0 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.

Restrictions (Sweet Corn):

- Preharvest interval: Do not harvest within 45 days after application or permit meat or dairy animals to forage or graze treated area within 7 days after application.
- Do not make a postemergence application any less than 21 days after a prior application.
- Do not apply more than 3.0 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.

Fallowland and Crop Stubble

Fallowland is idle land, postharvest to crops or between crops.

	2,4-D BEE-4	
Type of Weeds	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Annual broadleaf weeds	1 to 2	Use lower rate in rate range when weeds are small (2 to 3 inches tall) and conditions are favorable for active growth and a higher rate when weeds are larger and/or growing conditions are less favorable.
Biennial broadleaf weeds	2 to 4	Apply when musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage and before development of flower stalks. Use lower rates in the spring during the rosette stage and the highest rate in the fall or when flower stalks have developed.
Perennial broadleaf weeds	2 to 4	Apply when perennial weeds are in bud or bloom stage and actively growing. Do not disturb treated areas for at least 2 weeks after application or until top growth is dead.
Wild garlic and onion in crop stubble	4	Apply to new regrowth of wild garlic or onion that occurs in the fall after harvest of other crops.

Precaution: For best weed control results, do not cultivate for at least two weeks after application or until top growth is dead.

- Preharvest interval: Do not harvest forage or hay from treated areas for 7 days after application.
- Do not re-apply within 30 days of a previous application.
- Do not apply more than 4.0 pt/acre of 2.4-D BEE-4 per use season.
- Do not make more than two applications per use season.

Planting in Treated Areas

Crops on this Label and Labels of other 2,4-D Products: Within 29 days after an application of this product, plant only those crops listed on this or other registered 2,4-D labels. Follow more specific limitations, if any, provided in directions for specific crops. Labeled crops may be at risk of crop injury or loss if planted soon after application, especially during the first 14 days. Degradation factors described below should be considered in weighing this risk.

All Other Crops: Those not listed on any 2,4-D product label may be planted 30 or more days after application without concern for illegal residues in the planted crop. However, under certain conditions, there may be a risk of injury to these crops. Degradation factors described below should be considered in weighing this risk. Under average conditions, any crop may be planted without risk of injury if at least 90 days of soil temperatures above freezing have elapsed since application.

Degradation Factors: When planting into treated areas, the risk of crop injury is less if lower rates of product were applied and conditions following application have included warm, moist soil conditions that favor rapid breakdown of 2,4-D. Risk is greater if higher rates of product were applied and soil temperatures have been cold and/or soils have been excessively wet or dry in the days following application. Consult your local agricultural extension service for information about susceptible crops and risk of crop injury prior to planting into treated fields in your area.

Sorghum (Grain Sorghum (Milo) and Forage Sorghum)

Application Timing/ Stage of Growth	2,4-D BEE-4 (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Postemergence † Crop 6 - 8 inches tall Crop 8 - 15 inches tall (directed spray only)	1/2 to 1 [†] 3/4 to 1	Apply when sorghum is 6 to 15 inches tall. If sorghum plants are more than 8 inches tall (top of canopy), use drop nozzles and apply as a directed spray to minimize exposure of sorghum plants. Do not use with oil or other adjuvants. Do not treat during boot, flowering or dough stage.

[†] Temporary crop injury can be expected under conditions of high soil moisture and high air temperatures. If it is necessary to apply 2,4-D BEE-4 under these conditions, use no more than 2/3 pint per acre.

- Sorghum hybrids vary in tolerance to 2,4-D. To avoid potential crop injury, use this product only on varieties known to be tolerant to 2,4-D. Consult your seed company representative, agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for information regarding tolerant hybrids.
- Do not permit meat or dairy animals to consume treated crop as fodder or forage for 30 days after application.
- Preharvest interval: Do not harvest grain for 30 days following application
- Do not apply more than 1.0 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.
- Do not make more than one application per crop season.

Soybeans (Preplant Burndown Application Only) (Not for Use in California)

Application Timing	2,4-D BEE-4 (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Preplant (Burndown)	3/4 to 1	Apply not less than 7 days before planting soybeans. See Use Precautions and Restrictions below.
	1 to 2	Apply not less than 15 days before planting soybeans. See Use Precautions and Restrictions below.

General Use Directions: Use 2,4-D BEE-4 to control emerged broadleaf weeds or existing cover crops. For best results, apply when weeds are small and actively growing. Use the higher rate in the respective rate range for larger weeds and when perennials are present. Compatible crop oil concentrates, agricultural surfactants and fluid fertilizers approved for use on growing crops may be added to spray mixtures to increase the herbicidal effectiveness on certain weeds. Read and follow all directions and precautions on this label and on the label of each product added to the spray mixture.

Use Precautions, Restrictions and Limitations:

- Important Notice: Unacceptable injury to soybeans planted in treated fields may occur. Whether or not soybean injury occurs and the extent of such injury will depend on weather (temperature and rainfall) from herbicide application until soybean emergence and agronomic factors such as the amount of weed vegetation and previous crop residue present at the time of application. Injury is more likely under cool rainy conditions and where there is less weed vegetation and crop residue present.
- Do not disturb treated soil through tillage between application and planting of soybeans.
- Do not use on sandy soils with less than 1.0% organic matter.
- In treated fields, plant soybean seed as deep as practical, but not less than 1.0 inch deep. Adjust the planter, if necessary, to ensure that planted seed is adequately covered.
- · Do not make more than one application per season regardless of the application rate used.
- Do not allow livestock grazing or harvest hay, forage, or fodder from treated fields. Livestock should be restricted from feeding/grazing of treated cover crops.
- Do not apply 2,4-D BEE-4 as a preplant application in soybeans unless you are prepared to accept the results of soybean injury, including possible stand loss and/or yield reduction.
- During the growing season following application, do not replant treated fields with crops other than those labeled for use with 2,4-D BEE-4.
- Do not apply more than 2 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.

Forestry, Rangeland, Established Pasture, and Non-cropland Uses

Agricultural Use Requirements for Forests (Except Tree Injection Use): For use in forests, follow PPE and Reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

Agricultural Use Requirements for Rangeland, Pasture, Forest (Tree Injection Only) and Non-cropland Areas: When this product is applied to rangeland and established pastures not harvested for hay or seed; non-cropland areas, and when applied by tree injection method only in forest sites, follow reentry requirements given in the "Non-Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

28/34

Forests
Forest site preparation, forest roadsides, brush control, established conifer release (including Christmas trees and reforestation areas)

Treatment Site		
Method of	2,4-D BEE-4	Specific Use Directions
Application	,	•
Annual Weeds	2 to 4 pt/acre	Apply when weeds are small and growing actively before the bud stage. Apply when biennial and
Biennial and perennial	4 to 8 pt/acre	perennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage
broadleaf weeds and	-	and before flower stalks appear. For difficult to
susceptible woody		control perennial broadleaf weeds and woody
plants		species, use up to 4 qt of 2,4-D BEE-4 plus 1 to 4 qt of Garlon® 3A herbicide per acre.
		For conifer release, make application in early spring
·		before budbreak of conifers when weeds are small and actively growing.
Spot Treatment to	1.28 fl oz / gal of	Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small areas with a
control broadleaf weeds	spray solution (See Instructions	hand sprayer, use an application rate equivalent to the broadcast rate recommended for this treatment site
	for "Spot	and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Mix 1.28 fl oz
	Treatment")	per gal of spray solution and apply through pump up
		sprayer or backpack sprayer. Addition of a non ionic
·	!	surfactant is recommended to improve coverage. See
		rate conversion table and instructions for "Spot
	-	Treatment" and use of hand-held sprayers under "Application Instructions".
Conifer Release: Species	1 ½ to 3 qt/acre	To control competing hardwood species such as alder,
such as white pine,	1 72 10 0 91 400	aspen, birch, hazel, and willow, apply from mid to late
ponderosa pine, jack pine,	•	summer when growth of conifer trees has hardened
red pine, black spruce,		off and competing hardwood species are still actively
white spruce, red spruce,	•	growing. Apply with ground or air equipment, using
and balsam fir		sufficient spray volume to ensure complete plant
		coverage. Because this treatment may cause
		occasional conifer injury, do not apply if such injury cannot be tolerated.
Directed Spray: Conifer	4 qt/100 gal	Apply when brush or weeds are actively growing by
plantations including pine	4 qu 100 gar	directing the spray so as to avoid contact with conifer
plantations including pine		foliage. Apply in oil, oil-water, or water carrier in a
}		spray volume of 10 to 100 gallons per acre.
Basal Spray (May also	8 qt/100 gal	Thoroughly wet the base and root collar of all stems
be used in Rangeland,		until the spray begins to accumulate around the root
Pastures, and		collar at the ground line.
Noncropland)		
Surface of Cut Stumps	2.6 fl oz/gal	Apply as soon as possible after cutting trees.
(May also be used in	of water	Thoroughly wet the cambium layer of the cut surface
Rangeland, Pastures,	1	being careful to wet the entire circumference.
and Noncropland)		0.1611
Frill and Girdle (May also	8 qt/100 gal	Cut frills (overlapping V-shaped notches cut downward
be used in Rangeland,		through the bark in a continuous ring around the base
Pastures, and		of the tree) with an axe or other suitable tool. Saturate the freshly cut frills with the 2,4-D mixture.
Noncropland)	(1 to 2 ml no=	
Tree Injection	(1 to 2 ml per	To control and prevent resprouting of unwanted
	injection site)	hardwood trees such as elm, hickory, oak, and

29/34

Application (May also	sweetgum in forests and non-crop areas, apply by
be used in Rangeland,	injecting at a rate of 1 ml of undiluted 2,4-D BEE-4
Pastures, and	per inch of trunk diameter as measured at breast
Noncropland)	height (DBH), approximately 4 1/2 ft above the
	ground. Injection sites, however, should be as close
·	to the root collar as possible and the injection bit must
	penetrate the inner bark. Applications may be made
	throughout the year, but for best results apply
	between May 15 and October 15. Maples should not
	be treated during the spring sap flow. Do not treat
	maple trees from which sap may be harvested.
	For hard to control species such as ash, maple, and
	dogwood use 2 ml of undiluted 2,4-D BEE-4 per
· ·	injection site or double the number of 1 ml injections.
]	Note: No Worker Protection Standard worker entry
	restrictions or worker notification requirements
	apply when this product is directly injected into
	agricultural plants.

Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not allow sprays to contact conifer shoot growth (current year's new growth) or injury may occur.
- Do not apply to nursery seedbeds.
- For conifer release, do not use on plantations where larch is among the desired species.
- For broadcast applications, do not apply more than 8.0 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per 12 month period.

Rangeland, Established Grass Pastures (Including Perennial Grasslands not in Agricultural Production such as Conservation Reserve Program Acres)

Target Weeds or	2,4-D BEE-4	
Woody Plants	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Annual broadleaf weeds Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds	2 2 to 4	For best results, apply when weeds are small and growing actively before the bud stage. Apply when musk thistles or other biennial species are in the seedling to rosette stage and before flower stalks appear. Refer to the "Weeds Controlled" section for a listing of susceptible weed species and weeds that may be only partially controlled and require repeat applications and/or use of higher recommended rates, even under ideal conditions of application
Spot Treatment to control broadleaf weeds	1.28 fl oz / gal of spray solution (See Instructions for "Spot Treatment")	Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small areas with a hand sprayer, use an application rate equivalent to the broadcast rates recommended for this treatment site and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Mix 1.28 fl oz per gal of spray solution and apply through pump up sprayer or backpack sprayer. Addition of a non ionic surfactant is recommended to improve coverage. See rate conversion table and instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of hand-held sprayers under "Application Instructions".
Basal spray, cut surface, frill and girdle, and tree injection application methods		Refer to the "Forestry Uses" section for specific use instructions for these application methods.
Wild garlic and wild onion	4	Make two applications (fall-spring-fall or spring-fall-
vviid gariic and wild onion	L4	I wake two applications (fair-spring-fail of spring-fail-

		spring) starting in late fall or early spring.
Broadleaf weed control in newly sprigged coastal bermudagrass	2 to 4	Applications may be made either preemergence or postemergence. Follow "Specific Us Directions" for Rangeland and Established Grass Pastures, above.
Sand shinnery oak Sand sagebrush	2	Sand shinnery oak: Apply by aircraft between May 15 and June 15. Sand sagebrush: Apply by ground or aircraft when foliage is fully expanded and plants are actively growing. Use a 1:4 oil-water emulsion as carrier and a spray volume of 3 to 5 gallons per acre.
Big sagebrush Rabbitbrush	4	Apply by ground or aircraft when foliage is fully expanded and plants are actively growing. Use a 1:4 oil-water emulsion as carrier and a spray volume of 3 to 5 gallons per acre. Retreatment may be needed.
Chamise, manzanita, buckbrush, coastal sage, coyotebrush, and chaparral species.	4	Apply by ground or aircraft when foliage is fully expanded and plants are actively growing. Use water or 1:4 oil-water emulsion as carrier and a spray volume of 5 to 10 gallons per acre. Retreatment may be needed.
Southern wild rose Broadcast application	up to 4	Broadcast: Apply in a spray volume of 5 or more gallons per acre by aircraft or 10 or more gallons per acre by ground equipment.
Spot treatment	1 gal/100 gal of spray	Spot treatment: Apply when foliage is well developed. Thorough coverage is required. Use 1 gallon of 2,4-D BEE-4 plus 4 to 8 fluid ounces of an agricultural surfactant per 100 gallons of water. Two or more treatments may be required. Do not exceed 4 pt per acre per application.
CRP Acres	For program lands such as CRP, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or this label must be followed.	

- Do not use on bentgrass, alfalfa, clover, or other legumes.
- Do not use on newly seeded areas until grass is well established.
- Do not use from early boot to milk stage where grass seed production is desired.
- Do not apply within 30 days of a previous application.
- **Preharvest Interval:** Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application. For program lands, such as CRP, consult program rules to determine whether grass or hay may be used. The more restrictive requirements of the program rules or this label must be followed.
- Do not apply more than 8 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.

Non-cropland

Such as fencerows, hedgerows, roadsides, rights-of way, utility power lines, railroads and other non-crop areas

2,4-D BEE-4 (pt/acre) 2 to 4	Specific Use Directions
2104	Apply when annual weeds are small and growing actively before the bud stage. Biennial and
4	perennial weeds should be rosette to bud stage, but not flowering at the time of application. For difficult to control perennial broadleaf weeds and
4 to 8	woody species, tank mix up to 4 quarts of 2,4-D BEE-4 plus 1 to 4 qt of Garlon 3A per acre. Oil or wetting agent may be added to the spray, if needed for increased effectiveness.
·.	For ground application: For high volume sprays, apply a total spray volume of 100 to 400 gallons per acre. For low volume sprays apply a total spray volume of 10 to 100 gallons per acre. For helicopter: Apply a total spray volume of 5 to 30 gallons per acre.
1.28 fl oz / gal of spray solution See Instructions for "Spot Treatment"	Note: To control broadleaf weeds in small areas with a hand sprayer, use an application rate equivalent to the broadcast rates recommended for this treatment site and spray to thoroughly wet all foliage. Mix 1.28 fl oz per gal of spray solution and apply through pump up sprayer or backpack sprayer. Addition of a non ionic surfactant is recommended to improve coverage. See rate conversion table and instructions for "Spot Treatment" and use of hand-held sprayers under "Application Instructions".
and girdle, and	Refer to the "Forestry Uses" section for specific use instructions for these application methods.
	Broadcast: Apply in a spray volume of 5 or more
up to 4	gallons per acre by aircraft or 10 or more gallons per acre by ground equipment.
1.28 fl oz / gal of spray solution	Apply when foliage is well developed. Thorough coverage is required. Mix 1.28 fl oz per gal of spray solution and apply through pump up sprayer or backpack sprayer. Addition of a non ionic surfactant is recommended to improve coverage. Two or more treatments may be required.
	1.28 fl oz / gal of spray solution See Instructions for "Spot Treatment" and girdle, and ethods up to 4 1.28 fl oz / gal of

- Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass is well established.
- Bentgrass, St. Augustine, clover, legumes and dichondra may be severely injured or killed by this treatment.
- Do not reapply to a treated area within 30 days of a previous application.
- Do not apply more than 8.0 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.



Turf Uses

Grasses Grown for Seed or Sod

Agricultural Use Requirements: When used in grass grown for seed or sod farms, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

Treatment Site	2,4-D BEE-4	
(Application Timing)	(pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Grasses Grown for Seed (Postemergence Use)		Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. For best results, apply when soil moisture is
Seedling grass	3/4 to 1	adequate for active weed growth.
(five-leaf stage or later)		Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well established (five-leaf stage or later) and then use a
Well-established grasses	1 to 4	maximum of 1 pt/acre. Cool season grasses are more tolerant to higher rates.
		Do not apply to grass in the early boot through milk stage if seed production is desired. When grass is well established, higher rates of up to 4 pints/acre may be applied for control of hard-to-kill annual or perennial weeds.
Sod Farms (Postemergence)	2 to 4	Deep-rooted perennials such as bindweed and
(, 33,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,3,5,1,5,1	_ .	Canada thistle may require repeat applications. Avoid mowing sod farms for 1 to 2 days before or after application. Delay irrigation until the day following application.

- Do not use on creeping grasses such as bentgrass or St. Augustinegrass, except as a spot treatment.
- Do not use on dichondra or other herbaceous ground covers; legumes may be damaged or killed.
- Do not reapply to a treated area within 21 days of a previous application.
- Reseeding: Delay reseeding at least 30 days following application. Preferably, with spring application, reseed in the fall and with fall application, reseed in the spring.
- Preharvest interval: Do not cut forage for hay within 7 days of application
- Do not apply more than 8 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per use season.



Ornamental Turf (Excluding Grasses Grown for Seed or Sod Farms) (Includes lawns, golf courses, cemeteries and parks, airfields, roadsides and vacant lots)

Use Requirements for Ornamental Turf Areas: When this product is applied to ornamental turf areas, follow PPE and reentry instructions in the "Non-agricultural Use Requirements" section of this label.

Treatment Site (Application Timing)	2,4-D BEE-4 (pt/acre)	Specific Use Directions
Ornamental Turf (Postemergence)		Apply when weeds are small and actively growing. For best results, apply when soil moisture is
Seedling grass (five-leaf	3/4 to 1	adequate for active weed growth.
stage or later)		Deep-rooted perennial weeds such as bindweed and Canada thistle may require repeat
Well-established grasses	2 to 3	applications.
		Do not apply to newly seeded grasses until well
Biennial and perennial broadleaf weeds	3	established (five-leaf stage or later) and then use a maximum of 1 pt/acre. Cool season grasses are tolerant of higher rates.

Precautions, Restrictions:

- Do not use on creeping grasses such as bentgrass or St. Augustinegrass, except as a spot treatment.
- Do not use on dichondra or other herbaceous ground covers; legumes may be damaged or killed.
- Reseeding: Delay reseeding at least 30 days following application. Preferably, with spring application, reseed in the fall and with fall application, reseed in the spring.
- Do not make more than 2 broadcast applications per treatment site per year (does not include spot treatments).
- Do not apply more than 3 pt/acre of 2,4-D BEE-4 per application.

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