

**DOX K Herbicide** at rates of 1/4 to 4 quarts per acre in 15 to 30 gallon spray mixture. Apply to problem weeds and vines any time after the spring before full bloom and time in late spring or fall. Suggested control broadleaf weeds are shown in the table below.

3.6 10/201 2.4-3 low  
moderate risk

| Wood Shingles                                                                                              | Volume of Material<br>Per Tensile Area |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Yellow Pine, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir                                         | 3/4 to 1 1/2 galls                     |
| Aspen, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir     | 1/2 to 1 gall                          |
| Fir, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir       | 1 to 2 galls                           |
| Cedar, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir     | 2 to 3 galls                           |
| Yell Pine, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir, Hemlock, Western White Pine, Spruce, Fir | 3 to 4 galls                           |

**TORON E Herbicide** may be tank mixed with **GRASSHOP-60** Concentrate, with **MAH-40** or **MAH-4** for use on crops having mixed species including those crops reported well to 2,4-D. In tank mix combinations, use 1/4 to 1 quart **TORON E Herbicide** with 1 to 2 quarts of **GRASSHOP-60** or **MAH-40** or **MAH-4** as follows:

**Weedy Plant Control:** Suggested rates to control several weedy plants are shown in the table below.

| Plant Species                                                                                                       | Range of YOUNG/ft.<br>Per Treated Area |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Rubus-rose, Rubus                                                                                                   | 1/2 to 1 quart                         |
| Ceanothus                                                                                                           | 1 to 2 quarts                          |
| Pyrus, Amelanchier, Chokeberry, Goose<br>Plum, Malus, Prunella, Dogwood, Red<br>Willow, Pignut, Douglas Fir, Cedars | 2 to 3 quarts                          |
| Blackberry, Currant, Poison Oak                                                                                     | 3 to 4 quarts                          |

[illegible]

Import Subsidies with Export 171. TORBON K Mustangs can be applied each-  
ever condition with this combination spray with Export 171 Woody Plant Herbicide.  
Contact your distributor for Export 171 Woody Plant Herbicide to determine recom-  
mended use.

Line of TCMQON E, with solvent 571 highlights results in a thick layer wrap-in-off spray condition designed to minimize spray drift. Such an condition may be turned to a single tank (French Misting) or back (overhead French Misting). For specific instructions, see Rowset 171 label.

Where spot-dusting applies such as nerves, mandibles, legs and black girds (prothorax), mix 2 gallons of Forest 171 plus 1-1/2 quarts TORDON K Herbicide with 2 gallons of water for each acre to be treated.

Where harder to control species such as red maple, elm or oaks are present, mix 2 to 3 gallons of Sorent 171 plus 1 to 2 quarts of TORDON K with 15 to 20 gallons of water for each acre to be treated.

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ACETIC ACID are trademarks of Union Carbide.

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## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pre-Paid use the net amount due, paid, or paid by storage or deposit.  
 (See document in attachment)

**Prohibited Materials:** Prohibited, spray, chains, or straps that cannot be used or substituted; replacement should be disposed of in a landfill approved for prohibited or listed in a safe place away from other wastes.

**Container Disposal:** Do not re-use containers for POTOMAC K Products for any purpose. Dispose by puncturing holes in them and burying with waste or by taking to an approved landfill. VOTAC is not used, follow official local curbside disposal guidelines.

Disinfect equipment after use, at least three times with water, and dispose of flow water in a non-potable area away from water supply.

Caution: Canada listed, state or local approved authorities for approved alternative procedures.

## THE PRECAUTIONS

Use this product only as specified on this label. Observe any special use and application restrictions and limitations, including method of application and frequency of use as recommended by state authorities.

Do Not Consume Items Harvested for Vegetation on Banned Pesticides. To avoid injury to crops or other desirable plants, do not eat or allow any child to eat any food or drink or use any tobacco or other products that may have been in contact with any of the following plants or other vegetation that may have been in contact with any of the following pesticides:

Do Not Apply or Reapply Pesticide YODANIL to Herbaceous or Spore Germinating Plants or to Herbaceous or Cereals Crops or Other Cereals. Susceptible Plants including but not limited to alfalfa, beans, corn, cotton, cucumbers, eggplants, melons, okra, pumpkins, radishes, soybeans, squash, tobacco, tomatoes, and other vegetable crops. Soybeans, field beans, ornamentals, or shrubs.

Conifer planting intervals vary. Pines planted sooner than six months after treatment with VORDEX II may be injured in the South or west of the Cascade Mountains. Other conifers, west of the Cascade Mountains, may be injured if planted sooner than 8 to 9 months after treatment. For all conifers, the summer period between treatment and planting should be 11 to 12 months in the area between the Cascade and Rocky Mountains and 9 to 8 months in the Lake States and the Northeastern U.S.

**Avoid Injurious Spray!** — Applications should be made only when there is little or no wind. Very small quantities of spray, which may not be

which may seriously injure a susceptible plant. The net spray when used is blowing toward susceptible crops or ornamental plants rather enough to be harmful. It is suggested that a continuous smoke curtain at or near the spray gun or a smoke generator on the spray equipment be used to direct air movement, lower condensation, or temperature inversions (inside air). If the smoke type or reflection is essential of luminous color (dark, do not smoke.

To aid in reducing spray drift, this product should be applied with a Mistrol® lance or an equivalent drift control system, as a thick insect emulsion or with a spray thickening agent such as Micro-Tal or its equivalent. If a spray thickening agent is used, follow all use recommendations and precautions on the product label. Do not use a thickening agent with the Mistrol® lance, or other systems that minimize insecticide drift, or post.

**Ground Equipment:** With ground equipment, spray drift can be reduced by keeping the spray boom as low as possible, by applying 20 gallons or more of spray per acre; by using no more than 400-psi air pressure; by using water spray nozzles producing coarse tips; and by spraying when wind velocity is low. Do not apply with tankage more than 1000-psi or other systems that produce a fine spray pattern.

**Airjet Application:** With aircraft, drift can be increased by applying a drift spray, by using no more than 20 pounds spray pressure at the nozzle, by using straight stream nozzles directed straight back, by using a spray boom no longer than 3/4 the span or wing length, by spraying only when wind velocities are low, and by using approved drift control devices.

Do not move treated soil to other areas. Do not use it to grow plants, unless adequate protective measures or chemical tests show that no dangerous pesticides remain in the soil.

[illegible]

U.S. Patent No. 3,283,689

**Abstract**

**MINI WILSON LEAF-SPRAYER TREATMENT.** To minimize spray drift, do not use pressure exceeding 50 psi at the spray nozzle and keep sprays no higher than brush tops. HALCO-THIN thickening agent or equivalent may be used to reduce spray drift.

**THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY**

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