# **BMP 144 (2X)**

# Biolarvicide • Biological Larvicide Aqueous Suspension

A microbial insecticide effective against mosquitoes, blackflies, fungus gnats, nuisance flies (*Psychoda* spp. and *Chironomus* spp.) and nuisance aquatic midges (*Chironomine*) in a variety of habitats.

# **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

FIRST AID		
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
Have the produ	uct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
See back	panel for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.	

EPA Reg. No.: 62637-1

EPA Establishment No.: XXXXX-XX-XX

Manufactured for:

BECKER MICROBIAL PRODUCTS, INC.

5786 N.W. 119<sup>th</sup> Drive

Coral Springs, FL 33076-4025

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Under the Pederal Insecticides, Pungicide, and Redemicide Act. as canceled, for the peticide registered under price and the peticide peticide registered under price and the peticide registered under peticide registered under peticide registered under peticide registered under peticide registered registered

<sup>\*</sup> Equivalent to 4.84 Billion ITU / gallon (1.2 Billion ITU / liter). Potency units should not be used to adjust rates beyond those specified in the Directions for Use Section. <u>Note</u>: The percent active ingredient does not indicate product performance and potency measurements are not federally standardized.

Net Contents: XX

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS - CAUTION: Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE): Applicators and other handlers who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR Part 170) – in general, agricultural plant uses – must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks. Mixers / loaders and applicators not in enclosed cabs or aircraft must wear a dust / mist filtering respirator meeting NIOSH standards of at least N-95, R-95, or P-95. Repeated exposure to high concentrations of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

**USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:** Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. Do not apply to treated, finished drinking water reservoirs or drinking water receptacles.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to apply this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or thorough drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

# **Agricultural Use Requirements**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry intervals (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water, is coveralls, waterproof gloves and shoes plus socks.

# **FUNGUS GNATS:**

BMP 144 (2X) may be applied to ornamentals, vegetables, or herbs growing in greenhouse, nursery or plantscape areas for control of fungus gnat larvae when larvae are present in the soil or potting mix. Application may also be made to areas under benches and greenhouse floors where fungus gnats breed. For light infestations, use 8-16 oz/100 gal. (0.5 –1.0 tsp/gal.); for heavy infestations use 32-64 oz/100 gal. (2-4 tsp/gal.). Apply as a drench to sufficiently wet the surface of the growth medium where larvae are present.

Where heavy infestations (adults, eggs, pupae, and larvae) are present, reapply weekly. Routine use of lower rates will keep populations to a minimum.

Even though BMP 144 (2X) is not known to be phytotoxic to plants, it has not been tested against all plant species. Before wide scale usage, it should be checked on several plants.

#### CHEMIGATION:

BMP 144 (2X) can be applied through drip or overhead irrigation (Chemigation) systems. Apply only through: sprinkler, including solid set, or flood or drip irrigation systems. Do not apply BMP 144 (2X) through any other type of irrigation system. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State extension service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for a public water system are in place. A person knowledgeable of the Chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

# Instructions for Use of Public Water Sources:

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick closing valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump; such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

# Chemiqation System Connected to Public Water System:

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top of the overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functioning interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where the pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

## The following uses are not subject to the Worker Protection Standard:

BMP 144 (2X) may be applied to any water sites except treated, finished drinking water reservoirs or drinking water receptacles.

# MOSQUITOES:

Habitat	Rate Required for Control
Flood water, roadside ditches, irrigation ditches, rice fields pastures, woodland pools, snowmelt pools, standing pools	
Tidal water, salt marshes, catch basins, and storm water retention areas	
Polluted water (sewage lagoons, etc.) water with moderate organic matter, and water with a high concentration of suspended solids	

#### SPECIFIC APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:

General: BMP 144 (2X) may be applied in conventional aerial and ground application equipment

with sufficient water to provide thorough coverage of the target area. The amount of water needed will be dependent on weather, type of spray equipment and mosquito habitat.

Ground applications should be made in 5-100 gallons per acre in conventional equipment. As low as one gallon per acre surface area can be used when the target area is open with light vegetative cover.

Aerial applications may be done diluted or undiluted. For undiluted applications, apply 0.25 to 2.0 pts/A of BMP 144 (2X) through fixed wing aircraft or helicopters equipped with conventional boom and nozzles or rotary mist atomizers. For diluted applications, fill the mix tank or aircraft hopper with the appropriate volume of water and agitate before adding BMP 144 (2X). Maintain agitation during loading and spraying. Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all of these factors when making decisions.

# **BLACKFLIES:**

The concentration should be maintained in the stream for 15 minutes.

**SPECIFIC APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS:** Apply with conventional ground and aerial application equipment or metered release systems from infested sites to achieve larvicidal concentrations. Insecticidal activity should occur within 24 hours. Reapply as needed. BMP 144 (2X) may be applied undiluted through appropriate ULV application equipment.

# **NUISANCE FLIES:**

For control of the Nuisance Flies *Psychoda* spp. and *Chironomus* spp. in sewage treatment facilities utilizing trickling filter systems.

## **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

#### Nuisance Fly Habitat

Suggested Use Rates (1)

Trickling filter system of wastewater treatment plants

10 – 50 mg per liter of wastewater feed to the system per 30 minutes.

 Use higher rates for control of *Chironomus* spp. Apply undiluted with a pre-calibrated pump or other device into the wastewater feeding into the filters for a minimum period of 30 minutes. Repeat applications as needed. Control of *Chironomus* spp. may take two weeks.

## **NUISANCE AQUATIC MIDGES:**

For control of *Chironomine* midges (*Chironominae: Chironomini*) inhabiting shallow, man-made and natural lakes and ponds.

#### APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

## Nuisance Midge Habitat

Suggested Rate Range (1)

Shallow lakes and ponds Per sewage oxidation ponds (less than an acre 6 feet deep) 1.0 gailon / acre (3.80 liters / acre)

1. Apply diluted with water in a total volume of 5 gallons / acre by pouring or spraying over the surface to be treated with a pre-calibrated device. Repeat applications as necessary. Control of *Chironomini* midges may take up to two weeks.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a cool (59 –  $86^{\circ}$  F;  $15 – 30^{\circ}$  C), dry place.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Wastes resulting from use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

**Container Disposal:** Triple rinse (or equivalent) then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Do not reuse container.

#### **NOTICE TO USER**

Seller makes no warranty express or implied, of merchantability, fitness or otherwise concerning the use of this product other than as indicated on the label. User assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with label instructions.

In case of emergency endangering life and property involving this product, call collect, day or night, (800) 759-1602.