



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

January 08, 2026

Jolanta Ozatalay
jolantao@fine-americas.com
FINE AGROCHEMICALS, LTD

Subject: Non-PRIA (Pesticide Registration Improvement Act) Labeling Amendment - Non-PRIA label amendment to add "General Chemigation Instructions" and update registration number.
Product Name: FAL 2885
Admin Number: 62097-65
EPA Receipt Date: 11/13/2025
Action Case Number: 00676518

Dear Jolanta Ozatalay:

The amended labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable.

This approval does not affect any terms or conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing terms or conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR § 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR § 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains statements or claims substantially differing from statements or claims made in connection with obtaining a FIFRA section 3 registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

Your release for shipment of this product constitutes acceptance of these terms. If these terms are not complied with, this registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

If you have questions, please contact Brad Miller via email at miller.brad@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James Parker". The signature is fluid and cursive, with "James" on the top line and "Parker" on the bottom line.

James Parker, Biologist
BPB, BPPD
Office of Pesticide Programs

01/08/2026

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and
Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

62097-65

No label revisions other than those indicated were
reported to the Agency.

MASTER LABEL

Sub-label A: Agricultural/Commercial Use

Sub-label B: Commercial Turf/Golf Course & Ornamentals Use

Sub-label C: Residential Use

FAL 2885

Plant growth stimulant for use on field crops, vegetable crops, small fruit, vine, tree fruit, sod, turf, shrubs, flowering plants and ornamentals.

Active Ingredient:

Cytokinin (as kinetin)	0.10%
Indolebutyric Acid.....	0.05%
Gibberellin GA 4 &7.....	0.05%

Other Ingredients:

Total: 99.80%

Contains 0.008 lbs cytokinin/gallon

Contains 0.004 lbs indolebutyric acid/gallon

Contains 0.004 lbs gibberellin GA 4 &7/gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

[See [product label] [attached label booklet] for [First Aid,] Precautionary, Storage and Disposal
Statements, and Directions for Use.]

EPA Reg. No. 62097- AL65

EPA Est. No.

Net Contents: 1 qt, ½ gal, 1 gal, 2.5 gal, 5 gal, 15 gal, 30 gal, 55 gal, 275 gal
Batch/lot No.

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Batch/lot No.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE items separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Treat only those seeds needed for the immediate use and planting. Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging by burial away from streams and bodies of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your state or tribe, consult the state or tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval level (REI) of 4 hours unless wearing appropriate PPE.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as, plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applied when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated areas until sprays have dried.

FAL 2885 is a plant biostimulant which improves the germination of seed, promote early plant emergence in cool conditions, promote root growth and seedling development.

- FAL 2885 may be tank mixed and applied with in-furrow fertilizers to improve germination and early season growth. All possible combinations of fertilizers, pesticides, other biostimulants and/or other tank mix materials with FAL 2885 have not been tested. As such, the user must perform a test mix of the materials to be used in the tank mix with FAL 2885, as shown in the Compatibility section below, to evaluate compatibility of the mixture prior to preparing a larger amount for application in the field. Failure to do so may result in crop injury or lack of performance.
- Tank mixes of FAL 2885 and in-furrow fertilizers must be mixed thoroughly and applied within 1 day of mixing. Agitation must be maintained to assure proper dispersal of the FAL 2885 in the fertilizer.
- Apply FAL 2885 utilizing properly calibrated application equipment. Failure to do so may result in an improper application to the crop which may result in injury to the crop or lack of performance.
- Clean spray equipment thoroughly using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions before and after applying FAL 2885.
- This product cannot be used to formulate or reformulate any other pesticide product.

COMPATIBILITY

Conduct a compatibility test when you plan to mix FAL 2885 with other products. To determine the physical compatibility of FAL 2885 with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the each product to approximately one quart of water with agitation. Add dry formulations first, then flowables, and then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thorough mixing, allow this mixture to stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be readily remixed, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding products to the spray tank. Follow the more restrictive labeling requirements of any tank mix partner. Do not tank mix with products whose label prohibits tank mixing. Treat a small test plot if new combinations of products are being used for the first time.

Tank Mixing Information:

FAL 2885 is soluble in water but can also be mixed directly into many liquid fertilizers for use in-furrow at planting. FAL 2885 may also be applied in tank mixes as foliar sprays. All possible combinations of fertilizers, pesticides and/or other agricultural tank mix partners have not been evaluated. Tests must be performed for compatibility and crop safety before applying mixes of materials with which the applicator does not have experience and prior to large scale use.

Testing has shown that FAL 2885 when used as per label instructions does not result in phytotoxicity. However, not all crop varieties and cultivars have been tested with possible tank-mix combinations. Since local conditions may influence crop tolerance, test any tank-mix combination on a small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure crop safety. Read and follow the applicable Directions For Use on all products involved in tank-mixing. Always refer to the most restrictive labeling.

Tank mixes of FAL 2885 and in-furrow fertilizers must be mixed thoroughly and applied within 1 day of mixing. Agitation must be maintained to assure proper dispersal of FAL 2885 in the fertilizer.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT: Read the entire "Directions for Use" and the "Notice" before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container to seller at once.

NOTICE: FAL 2885 IS NOT A FERTILIZER. USE IN COMBINATION WITH A GOOD FERTILIZER PROGRAM WHERE INDICATED.

Good growing conditions are necessary for the maximum benefits from utilization of FAL 2885. A well-balanced nutrient program is essential for maximum gain from the use of FAL 2885. FAL 2885, in any of its applications, is not intended to replace the fertilizer/nutrient component of a conventional fertility program.

Timing of foliar spray applications is very important. Always follow directions for application rates and timings in the table below. Foliar applications are not recommended if rainfall is forecast two hours of application or before the spray has dried on the leaf surface. For best results, apply FAL 2885 in the early morning or late afternoon, especially when temperature exceeds 95°F (36°C).

Apply FAL 2885 by ground or air. If applied by air, use 2 to 5 gallons of water per acre. If applied by ground, use 5 to 25 gallons of water per acre. For turf grass, apply FAL 2885 by ground using 0.2 to 0.5 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet.

For "In-Furrow" applications noted in the tables below, apply at planting in the seed furrow or 2 inches beside and 2 inches below seed or with a strip till machine 3 inches below the seed. FAL 2885 may be applied with or without fertilizers, pesticides, or other agricultural products. See "Tank Mixing" section for further instructions on tank mixes. NOTE: If seed being planted has been treated with FAL 2885, do not apply FAL 2885 as an in-furrow treatment.

Test results have shown that this product may stimulate higher yields through a larger root mass, earlier fruiting and increased fruit retention. FAL 2885 is a tool to increase plant efficiency.

Consult your farm advisor or extension specialist for advice about rates and timing for any of the crops mentioned below.

Table 1. Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: FIELD CROPS

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
Alfalfa (established)	1 or more				4-6	Make the first application after dormancy break when sufficient regrowth is present. A subsequent application may be made following each cutting once sufficient regrowth is present.
Alfalfa (newly seeded)	1				4-6	Apply when seedling alfalfa is in the 3 rd to 4 th trifoliate stage.
Other Non-grass forage crops	1 or more				2-8	Begin foliar applications once plants reach 2-4 true leaf stage. Subsequent applications may be made at 7-14 day intervals. <u>Crops cut/harvested multiple times per season:</u> Applications may be made following each cutting/harvest once regrowth has been observed.
Beets, Sugar	1	2-8		8	16	6-8 leaf stage.
	2-3			4	8	Make the first application at 2 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 7-14 day intervals
Canola	3	2-8		4	6	Make the first application at 3-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals
Corn	1	2-8		5	6-8	2-6 leaf stage.
	1			4	8	Apply during flowering from initiation of flowering to end of bloom stage.
Cotton	3-4			3	4	Make the first application at 3-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 7-10 day intervals.
	2-3			3	4	Make the first application at early bloom. Repeat applications may be made on 7-14 day intervals.
Flax	2				4-6	Make the first application when plants are 2-4 inches tall. A second application may be made 2-3 weeks after the first application.
Peanuts	4-6	2-8		3	4	An early application may be made at 2-4 true leaf stage.

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
						Subsequent applications should begin approximately 30 days after planting and may be repeated on 7-14 day intervals.
Rice	1				8	Make application at 2-5 leaves or at panicle initiation.
	2				4	Make application at 2-5 leaves and/or at panicle initiation.
Sorghum	1	2-8		5	8	Make application at 2-6 leaf stage.
Soybeans	1	2-8		5	8	Make application at V4-V8 (3-7 trifoliate)
	2			4	4	Make application at V4-V8 (3-7 trifoliate). Repeat application may be made on 10-17 day intervals.
Tobacco	2		2-8	5	8	Make the first application approximately 40 days after planting. A second application may be made following topping.
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye	1-2	2-8		6	8	Apply at tillering in the fall and/or spring. A second application may be made when 2 to 3 leaves have formed on main stem.

Table 2. Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: VEGETABLE CROPS

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
Asparagus	1				4-8	For newly established plants make 1 application to new fern growth. For establish/mature crop make 1 application to new fern growth after cuttings has stopped growing
Beans	1	2-8		4	8	Make application between 3 rd trifoliate leaf stage and flower bud formation.
	2-3			3	4	Make the first application at 3 rd trifoliate leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made 7-10 day intervals
	4-6			2	3	Make the first application at 2 nd trifoliate leaf stage.

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
						Repeat applications may be made on 7-14 day intervals
Broccoli	3	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	6	Make the first application at 4-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals.
Brussels Sprouts	3	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	6	Make the first application at 4-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals.
Cabbage	3	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	6	Make the first application at 4-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals.
Cauliflower	3	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	6	Make the first application at 4-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made within on 10-14 day intervals.
Corn, Sweet	1	2-8		5	8	Make application at 2-6 leaf stage.
	2 or more			3	4	Make the first application at 2-6 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 7-21 day intervals through end of tasseling.
Cucumbers	1	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	8	Make application between flower bud initiation and first bloom.
	2-3			3	4	Make the first application between flower bud initiation and first bloom. Repeat applications may be made on 7-10 day intervals.
	3-4			3	4	Transplants: First application at transplanting. Direct Seeded: First application at 3-4 leaf stage. For both planting methods repeat applications may be made on 7-10 intervals.
Lettuce	3	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	6	Make the first application at 4-5 leaf stage. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals.

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
	1			4	8	Make application between flower bud initiation and first bloom.
Melons	2-3	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	3	4	Make the first application at flower bud initiation. Repeat applications may be made on 7-10 intervals.
	4-6			2	3	Make the first application 2 weeks after emergence. Repeat applications may be made on 7-14 day intervals.
Onions	3	2-8		4	6	Make the first application 2 weeks after emergence. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals.
Peppers	4-6	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	3	4	Transplants: First application at transplanting. Direct Seeded: First application at 3-4 leaf stage. For both planting methods repeat application may be made on 7-14 intervals.
Potatoes	1	2-8		8	16	Apply at tuber initiation.
	3			4	8	Make the first application at stolon formation (8-10 leaf stage). Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals.
Squash	1	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	8	Apply between flower bud initiation and first bloom.
	2-3			3	4	Make the first application at flower bud initiation. Repeat applications may be made on 7-10 day intervals.
	4-6			2	3	Make the first application at 2 weeks after emergence. Repeat applications may be made on 7-14 day intervals.
Tomatoes	1	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	4	8	Apply between flower bud initiation and first bloom.
	2-3			3	4	Make the first application at flower bud initiation. Repeat applications may be made on 7-10 day intervals.

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
	4-6			2	3	Make the first application at 2 weeks after emergence. Repeat applications may be made 7-14 day intervals.
Other Cucurbit Crops (not specified in this table))	1	2-8	2-8 or mix 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz/gal transplant solution	4	4-8	Transplants: For use prior to or at transplanting see notation for vegetable transplants in Transplant section of this label. Make first foliar application between flower bud initiation and first bloom.
	2-6			2	2-4	Apply the first application either 2 weeks after emergence or at flower bud initiation. Repeat applications on 7-14 day intervals, as needed.
	3-4			2-3	2-4	For Transplants: Make first application at transplanting. Direct Seeded: Make first application at 3-4 leaf stage. For both planting methods, foliar applications may be repeated on 7-10 intervals, as needed.

Table 3. Description of In-Furrow Application for Crops Listed

Crop	In-Furrow Rate	Application Timing/Directions
All crops listed in FIELD CROPS & VEGETABLE CROPS tables above with In-Furrow entry.	2 to 8 fl oz/A	In-Furrow: Apply at planting in the seed furrow or 2 inches beside and 2 inches below seed or with a strip till machine 3 inches below the seed. FAL 2885 may be applied with or without fertilizers, pesticides or other agricultural products. See "Tank Mixing" section for further instructions on tank mixes.

NOTE: If seed being planted has been treated with FAL 2885 do not apply FAL 2885 as an in-furrow treatment.

Table 4. Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: SMALL FRUITS, VINES AND TREE FRUITS

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Instructions for Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
Bananas	10			4-8		Apply in a band around the root mat and repeat every 10-14 days for a total of 10 applications.
Blackberries, , Raspberries and other cane type berries.	1		0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal water/transplant solution			Dip roots of plants just prior to planting.
	1		0.25 to 1.0 floz/gal water			Apply solution as a drench to the soil at the time of planting or just after planting. Apply enough solution to drench soil around base of plant. Do not oversaturate soil with solution.
	2-3				2-8	Product may be applied through chemigation to established plants. Make 2-3 applications on 14-21 days intervals beginning with the first root flush in the spring.
	3-4				4-8	Foliar applications may be made at the following intervals: 1) Apply at bud break to help start the plants, 2) after petal fall for increasing cell division 3) approximately 30 days after petal fall for increasing fruit size. If desired a 4 th application may be made approximately 14 days after the third application timing. As an alternative up to 4 applications may be made at 14 day intervals beginning at petal fall. If desired, these applications may be applied through chemigation applications to the plants.
	1 or more				2-8	Make applications beginning at bud break. Repeat applications may be

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Instructions for Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
						made every 7-21 days through veraison.
Olives	1 or more				2-8	Make applications beginning at bud break. Repeat applications may be made every 7-21 days through harvest.
Oranges	1 or more				1-2 pts/ 100 gal	Apply at a rate of 1-2 fl oz/100 gallons of water beginning at 1 st bloom. Repeat applications can be made at each flush of new growth.
Pineapple	1 or more				See Instructions for Application	Method 1: After transplanting spray at a rate of 4-8 fl oz/100 gallons of water. Repeat applications may be made on 10-14 day intervals. Method 2: Applications of 4-8 fl oz/A may be applied through irrigation system.
Pomegranate	1 or more				2-8	Make applications beginning at bud break. Repeat applications may be made every 7-21 days through harvest.
Strawberries	3-6		0.5 to 1.0 floz/gal transplant solution	2	4	If a transplant solution is applied at the time of planting, FAL 2885 may be added to the transplant to reduce transplant shock and promote root growth. water/solution. For foliar applications: Make the first application at 1 st bloom. Repeat applications may be made every 14-28 days for a total of 3 to 6 applications.

TRANSPLANT INSTRUCTIONS:

FAL 2885 may be used in a transplant solution to reduce transplant shock, promote root growth and early plant health. This solution may be used with vegetable and row crops transplants as noted in Tables 3 and 4 above. It may also be used with young trees at the time of transplanting. Transplant solution is made by adding 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz of FAL 2885 per gallon of water. Instructions for application of this solution to young trees is as follows:

1. Bare (naked) roots – Dip roots or spray stock solution onto root mass
2. Balled plants – Spray root ball of plants at time of transplanting.

3. Foliage – Foliage can be lightly misted at the time of transplanting.
4. Furrow planting – Apply 1 gallon of stock solution in furrow per acre.

SEED TREATMENT:

FAL 2885 may only be used as a treatment on seeds for crops listed on this label. Allowable seeded crops may be found in sections above or in the Table 7 below. Treated seed may not be used for food, feed or oil purposes. If this product is intended for commercial seed treatment, the treated seed must be labeled in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Seed Act and applicable State Seed Laws. An approved dye must be added to distinguish treated seed and prevent inadvertent use for food, feed or oil purposes.

If this product is intended for “at planting” use, treat only those seed needed for immediate use and planting. Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time. Dispose of excess treated seed by burial away from streams and bodies of water. A dye is not required for this type of use.

Application instructions are as follows: Apply 1.0 to 4.2 fl oz/100 lbs of seed to be treated. Dilute the FAL 2885 with water and mist the seed while mixing. DO NOT store the seed wet as germination may be reduced if not planted soon after treatments. Specific seed treatment directions are described in the following sections.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR ALL DIRECT SEEDED GRASSES

FAL 2885 may be used as a seed dressing/treatment for all direct seeded grasses. FAL 2885 contains a blend of plant growth regulators that help enhance germination and early season root and top growth.

FAL 2885 may be used at the rate of 1.0 to 4.2 fluid ounces per 100 pounds of seed. Sufficient water needs to be added to insure uniform coverage. Improper coverage will minimize product performance.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR ALL DIRECT SEEDED CROPS

FAL 2885 may be used as a seed dressing/treatment for all direct seeded crops. FAL 2885 contains a blend of plant growth regulators that help enhance germination and early season root and top growth.

Use FAL 2885 at the rate of 1.0 – 4.2 fluid ounces per 100 lbs. of seed. Use the higher rate when conditions favor poor germination such as cool soil temperatures or low germination seed. Sufficient water needs to be added to insure uniform coverage. Improper coverage will minimize product performance.

Table 7. Direct seeded crops* that FAL 2885 may be applied to as a seed treatment.

Crops				
Alfalfa	Chufa	Lespedeza	Phacelia	Sugarbeets
Barley	Clovers	Lettuce	Radish	Sunflowers
Buckwheat	Corn	Melons	Rape	Tall Fescue (forage)

Crops				
Brome grass	Cotton	Oats	Rice	Timothy
Cabbage	Cowpeas	Okra	Rye	Tomato
Canola	Crownvetch	Onions	Ryegrass (forage)	Triticale
Carrots	Cucumber	Orchard grass	Sorghum	Turnips
Cauliflower	Dry Beans	Peanuts	Soybeans	Wheat
Celery	Eggplant	Peas	Spinach	
Chicory	Kale	Peppers	Squash	

*-other direct seeded crops listed in this label but not listed in the table above may also have FAL 2885 applied as a seed treatment.

RED OR WHITE POTATOES:

Choose *one* of the following methods:

Dip potato seed pieces in a solution of 1 part FAL 2885 to 355 parts water (0.4 fluid ounces/gal. of water) for 30 to 60 seconds or spray seed pieces with the above solution so that seed pieces are covered and thoroughly wetted. FAL 2885 may be used with a fungicide program.

OR

Use 0.5 to 1.05 fluid ounces (volumetric measurement), which equals 15.8 to 32.2 grams on a dry basis of FAL 2885 per 100 lbs. of cut seed pieces. Treat seed pieces immediately after they have been cut. Apply so that the cut seed pieces are thoroughly covered. FAL 2885 may be mixed with other seed treatments and carriers such as fir and alder bark to insure uniform coverage.

NOTE: If seed has been treated with FAL 2885, do not apply FAL 2885 as an in-furrow, band, side dress or mark out application.

SWEET POTATOES AND YAMS:

Dip potato slips in a solution of 1 part FAL 2885 to 355 parts water (0.4 fluid ounces/gal. of water) for 30 to 60 seconds. FAL 2885 may be used with a fungicide program.

NOTE: If seed has been treated with FAL 2885, do not apply FAL 2885 as an in-furrow, band, side dress or mark out application.

MECHANICAL SEED TREATERS:

Apply the appropriate amount of FAL 2885 to a premeasured amount of seed and mix thoroughly until all seed are uniformly coated. Seed can be treated in this manner and stored until used for planting. Do not use treated seed for food, feed or oil purposes. An approved dye must be added to distinguish FAL 2885 treated seed and prevent inadvertent use for food, feed or oil purposes. Seed treated with this product must be labeled in accordance with all applicable requirements of the Federal and State seed laws. DO NOT USE TREATED SEED FOR FOOD, FEED OR OIL PURPOSES.

BROADCAST SEED APPLICATION:

Partially fill broadcast spreader with a premeasured amount of seed. Apply the appropriate

amount of FAL 2885 diluted with water on the surface of the seed. Mix with a stick or paddle until all seed are coated. Repeat procedure until broadcast spreader is filled. DO NOT USE TREATED SEED FOR FOOD, FEED OR OIL PURPOSES. Treat only those seeds needed for immediate use and planting. Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time.

GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product only through center pivot, lateral move, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, or furrow irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact your State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Maintain agitation in the supply tank while adding the required amount of FAL 2885, and throughout the application. FAL 2885 should be added to the supply tank at the end of water application (prior to last complete cycle in moving systems).

The correct amount of FAL 2885 to add is calculated as the rate in fluid oz. per acre x the number of acres covered by the contents of the supply tank. For example, if the supply tank covers ten acres and the rate on the label for that crop is 2 fluid ounces per acre, add $10 \times 2 = 20$ fluid ounces to the supply tank at the beginning of the last full cycle.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Agitate the pesticide supply tank contents throughout the application of FAL 2885. Apply FAL 2885 at the end of the water application in a sufficient amount of water to allow proper coverage of plant or crop and allow the entire intended dose of FAL 2885 to be applied before the system is shut down. The rate applied during the chemigation procedure must not exceed the maximum use rate of FAL 2885 allowed for that crop per acre per application.

IN-FURROW CHEMIGATION

1. Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
2. Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
 - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
 - c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
 - d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
 - e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Maintain agitation in the supply tank while adding the required amount of FAL 2885, and throughout the application. Add FAL 2885 to the supply tank at the end of water application (prior to last complete cycle in moving systems).

The correct amount of FAL 2885 to add is calculated as the rate in fl oz per acre x the number of acres covered by the contents of the supply tank. For example, if the supply tank covers ten acres and the rate on the label for that crop is 2 fluid ounces per acre, add $10 \times 2 = 20$ fluid ounces to the supply tank at the beginning of the last full cycle.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to a point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain agitation in the supply tank while adding the required amount of FAL 2885, and throughout the application. Add FAL 2885 to the supply tank at the end of water application (prior to last complete cycle in moving systems).

The correct amount of FAL 2885 to add is calculated as the rate in fl oz per acre x the number of acres covered by the contents of the supply tank. For example, if the supply tank covers ten

acres and the rate on the label for that crop is 2 fluid ounces per acre, add $10 \times 2 = 20$ fluid ounces to the supply tank at the beginning of the last full cycle.

Apply FAL 2885 at the end of the irrigation period in a sufficient amount of water to allow proper coverage of the plant or crop and allow the entire intended dose of FAL 2885 to be applied before the system is shut down. The rate applied during the chemigation procedure must not exceed the maximum use rate of FAL 2885 allowed for that crop per acre per application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Do not store in direct sunlight. Avoid freezing temperatures. After partial use, close the container tightly. Store in a secure place that is cool and dry. Use spray and stock solutions within 24 hours. Immediate use is required if another component is added to the spray solution.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: *[for container sizes 5 gallons or less]* Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.]

[for container sizes greater than 5 gallons] Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container $\frac{1}{4}$ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.]

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Fine Agrochemicals Limited ("FINE") warrants that this Product conforms to the specifications on this label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, FINE makes no other warranties and disclaims all other warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. No agent of FINE or any other person is authorized to make any representation or warranty beyond those contained herein.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this Product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of factors such as abnormal weather conditions, use of the Product other than in strict accordance with this label's instructions, presence of other materials, the manner of application or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of FINE or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

To the extent consistent with applicable law: 1) FINE disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the handling or use of this Product and 2) FINE's liability under this label shall be limited to the amount of the purchase price or, at the election of FINE, the free replacement of the Product.

[Manufactured for: © Fine Agrochemicals Limited, Hill End House, Whittington, Worcester, WR5 2RQ, United Kingdom]

[Produced by: Fine Americas Inc., 1850 Mt Diablo Blvd, Suite No. 670, Walnut Creek, CA 94596, USA]

Sub-label B: Commercial Turf/Golf Course & Ornamentals Use

FAL 2885

Plant growth stimulant for use on sod, turf, shrubs, flowering plants and ornamentals.

Active Ingredient:

Cytokinin (as kinetin)	0.10%
Indolebutyric Acid.....	0.05%
Gibberellin GA 4 &7.....	0.05%

Other Ingredients:

Total:

99.80%

100.00%

Contains 0.008 lbs cytokinin/gallon

Contains 0.004 lbs indolebutyric acid/gallon

Contains 0.004 lbs gibberellin GA 4 &7/gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

[See [product label] [attached label booklet] for [First Aid,] Precautionary, Storage and Disposal Statements, and Directions for Use.]

EPA Reg. No. 62097-AL65

EPA Est. No.

Net Contents: 1 qt, ½ gal, 1 gal, 2.5 gal, 5 gal, 15 gal, 30 gal, 55 gal, 275 gal

Batch/lot No.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE items separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate. Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Treat only those seeds needed for the immediate use and planting. Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging by burial away from streams and bodies of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirement specific to your state or tribe, consult the state or tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on the label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval level (REI) of 4 hours unless wearing appropriate PPE.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as, plants, soil or water is:

- Coveralls
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applied when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Do not enter or allow others to enter the treated areas until sprays have dried.

FAL 2885 is a plant biostimulant which improves the germination of seed, promote early plant emergence in cool conditions, promote root growth and seedling development.

- FAL 2885 may be tank mixed and applied with fertilizers to improve germination and early season growth. All possible combinations of fertilizers, pesticides, other biostimulants and/or other tank mix materials with FAL 2885 have not been tested. As such, perform a test mix of the materials to be used in the tank mix with FAL 2885, as shown in the Compatibility section below, to evaluate compatibility of the mixture prior to preparing a larger amount for application in the field. Failure to do so could result in crop injury or lack of performance.
- Tank mixes of FAL 2885 and fertilizers must be mixed thoroughly and applied within 1 day of mixing. Agitation must be maintained to assure proper dispersal of the FAL 2885 in the fertilizer.
- Apply FAL 2885 utilizing properly calibrated application equipment. Failure to do so may result in an improper application to the crop which could result in injury to the crop or lack of performance.
- Clean spray equipment thoroughly using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions before and after applying FAL 2885.
- This product cannot be used to formulate or reformulate any other pesticide product.

COMPATIBILITY

Conduct a compatibility test when you plan to mix FAL 2885 with other products. To determine the physical compatibility of FAL 2885 with other products, use a jar test. Using a quart jar, add the proportionate amounts of the each products to approximately one quart of water with agitation. Add dry formulations first, then flowables, and then emulsifiable concentrates last. After thorough mixing, allow this mixture to stand for 5 minutes. If the combination remains mixed or can be readily remixed, it is physically compatible. Once compatibility has been proven, use the same procedure for adding products to the spray tank. Follow the more restrictive labeling requirements of any tank mix partner. Do not tank mix with products whose label prohibits tank mixing. Treat a small test plot if new combinations of products are being used for the first time.

Tank Mixing Information:

FAL 2885 is soluble in water but can also be mixed directly into many liquid fertilizers for use at planting. FAL 2885 may also be applied in tank mixes as foliar sprays. All possible combinations of fertilizers, pesticides and/or other agricultural tank mix partners have not been evaluated. Tests must be performed for compatibility and crop safety before applying mixes of materials with which the applicator does not have experience and prior to large scale use.

Testing has shown that FAL 2885 when used as per label instructions does not result in phytotoxicity. However, not all crop varieties and cultivars have been tested with possible tank-mix combinations. Since local conditions can influence crop tolerance, test any tank-mix combination on a small portion of the crop to be treated to ensure crop safety. Read and follow the applicable Directions For Use on all products involved in tank-mixing. Always refer to the most restrictive labeling.

Tank mixes of FAL 2885 and fertilizers must be mixed thoroughly and applied within 1 day of mixing. Agitation must be maintained to assure proper dispersal of the FAL 2885 in the fertilizer.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT: Read the entire "Directions for Use" and the "Notice" before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container to seller at once.

NOTICE: FAL 2885 IS NOT A FERTILIZER. USE IN COMBINATION WITH A GOOD FERTILIZER PROGRAM WHERE INDICATED.

Good growing conditions are necessary for the maximum benefits from utilization of FAL 2885. A well-balanced nutrient program is essential for maximum gain from the use of FAL 2885. FAL 2885, in any of its applications, is not intended to replace the fertilizer/nutrient component of a conventional fertility program.

Timing of foliar spray applications is very important. Always follow directions for application rates and timings in the table below. Foliar applications are not recommended if rainfall is forecast two hours of application or before the spray has dried on the leaf surface. For best results, apply FAL 2885 in the early morning or late afternoon, especially when temperature exceeds 95°F (36°C).

Apply FAL 2885 by ground or air. If applied by air, use 2 to 5 gallons of water per acre. If applied by ground, use 5 to 25 gallons of water per acre. For turf grass, apply FAL 2885 by ground using 0.2 to 0.5 gallons of water per 1,000 square feet.

Test results have shown that this product may stimulate higher yields through a larger root mass, earlier fruiting and increased fruit retention. FAL 2885 is a tool to increase plant efficiency.

Consult your farm advisor or extension specialist for advice about rates and timing for any of the crops mentioned below.

TURF USES:

Table 1. Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: SOD & TURF

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Instructions for Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
Sod*	1				8	Apply as a broadcast application to improve growth and rooting
	2				4	Apply 4 fl oz/A after harvest to speed up regrowth. A repeat application may be made 6 weeks after the first application to continue to boost regrowth.
Turf*	1-2				2 fl oz/ 5000 sq ft	After sod/turf has been laid, apply 2 fl oz/5000 sq ft to help with root growth. A repeat application may be made 30 days after the first application. Irrigation should follow the application to water in the product.

*DO NOT apply this product through any type of irrigation system for use in sod or turf.

Table 2. Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: GOLF COURSES

Crop	No. of Applications	Rate (fl oz/Acre) by Type of Application				Instructions for Application Timing for Banded & Broadcast/Foliar Sprays
		In-Furrow	Transplant Water	Banded	Broadcast/Foliar	
Greens	1 or more				2 fl oz/ 5000-7000 sq ft	Apply an initial treatment of FAL 2885 at 2 fl oz/5000-7000 sq ft to promote root development and protect against "winter kill".
					1 fl oz/ green	Subsequent applications of 1 fl oz of FAL 2885/5000-7000 sq ft may be applied every 30 days to help maintain healthy root growth.
Tees	1 or more				½ fl oz/ 1200-1500 sq ft	Apply FAL 2885 at ½ fl oz (15 ml)/1200-1500 sq ft to maintain healthy root growth. Repeat applications may be made every 30 days.
Fairways	1-2				8	Make 2 applications of FAL 2885 at 8 fl oz/A the first year. Then make 1-2 applications of 8 fl oz/A per year in subsequent years.

NURSERY & GREENHOUSE USES:

FAL 2885 may be used in watering programs or as foliar sprays to reduce apical dominance and to promote bud differentiation, cell division, root induction and growth.

Propagation of Cuttings: Treat plant cuttings with a rooting hormone by dipping in the rooting hormone solution prior to sticking/planting or spraying the rooting hormone solution over the cuttings after sticking/planting. If needed 1-2 additional spray applications of the rooting hormone may be applied over the stuck cuttings to help with root initiation of difficult to root species. Once rooting has begun then spray or mist cuttings with a solution of 0.25 to 1.0 fluid ounce FAL 2885 in 1.0 gallon of water at 7-to-14-day intervals to continue rooting of the cuttings and initiate growth of the above ground shoot of the plants. Once the plants are established the spray intervals may be increased to 2-4 week intervals.

Transplanting: Add 0.25 to 1.0 fluid ounce of FAL 2885 per gallon of transplant solution (fertilizer-water). Use the necessary amount of solution to drench the root zone for that cropping situation. Additional applications may be applied as a foliar spray, drench application or added through irrigation system at 2-4 week intervals.

[Seed Germination & Emergence: Mix 0.25 to 1 fl. oz. of Crest in 1 gal. of water and sprench at 2 to 4 qts. of solution per 100 sq. ft. bench over planted trays. As it is not possible to test for all genus, specie and cultivar variations, It is recommended to test on a small sample of seeded trays to determine the proper rate to apply before applying to a larger planting of seed. Results may vary by species and cultivar, and rate adjustments may be needed for best results.]

Production: To increase growth rate, improve quality and resilience of nursery and greenhouse crops, add 0.25 to 1 fluid ounce per 1 gallon of fertilizer or water solution and apply via foliar spray, drench application or through the irrigation system.

SHRUBS, NON-BEARING ORNAMENTAL TREES AND FLOWERING PLANT USES:

FAL-2885 may be used to aid in propagation of trees, soft wood cuttings, shrubs and woody ornamentals and to reduce transplant shock. Applications of FAL-2885 may also be used to promote growth and vigor and reduce stress in ornamental trees, non-bearing fruit trees such as apple, peach; berry and vine crops such as cranberries; evergreen trees such as spruce, fir, pine; deciduous trees such as birch, elm, maple; flowering plants and shrubs such as poinsettia, rose, azalea, rhododendron, crepe myrtle; and for other flowering and non-flowering shrubs.

Preparation of Stock Plants and Initiating New Cuttings: Spray solution of FAL 2885 (0.5 to 1.0 floz FAL-2885/gallon water) on the stems, branches, vines or canes to be propagated from 1 to 7 days before cutting. If preferable, dip cuttings in rooting hormone solution or spray hormone solution over the cuttings to initiate rooting. One to two

spray applications of rooting hormones may be necessary to initiate rooting. Once rooting begins, spray cuttings with a solution of FAL 2885 (0.5 to 1.0 fl oz FAL 2885/gallon water) or apply through the irrigation system at weekly intervals until the plants are established.

Transplanting:

FAL 2885 may be used in a transplant solution to reduce transplant shock, promote root growth and early plant health. This solution may be used with young trees and ornamental plants at the time of transplanting. Transplant solution is made by adding 0.25 to 1.0 fl oz of FAL 2885 per gallon of water. Instructions for application of this solution to young trees and ornamental transplants is as follows:

1. Bare (naked) roots – Dip roots into stock solution or spray stock solution onto root mass
2. Balled plants – Spray or drench root ball of plants at time of transplanting.
3. Foliage – Foliage can be lightly misted at the time of transplanting.
4. Furrow planting – Apply 1 gallon of stock solution in furrow per acre.

Established Trees, Shrubs and Flowering Plants:

For established trees and shrubs, spray foliage with a solution of FAL 2885 (0.5 to 1.0 fl oz FAL 2885/gallon of water) to the point of run-off. This may be applied to shrubs 2-3 times per year to increase vigor, growth and healthy appearance.

For established flowering plants, once per year mix 4 fl oz of Stock Solution in 1 gal water. Apply the 1 gal mix around the rooting zone of the plant, preferably in the spring. (Stock Solution = 0.5 to 1.0 fl oz of FAL 2885/gallon water).

SEED TREATMENT:

FAL 2885 may only be used as a treatment on seeds for crops listed on this label. Allowable seeded grass crops are listed in the Table 1 below. Ornamental/Flowering plant seed may be treated with FAL 2885 but not all species have been tested for potential efficacy or injury. As such for any ornamental/flowering plant seed to be treated, a test treatment on a small amount of seed should be conducted to evaluate potential injury before treating seed for a larger planting. Treated seed may not be used for food, feed or oil purposes. If this product is intended for commercial seed treatment, the treated seed must be labeled in accordance with the requirements of the Federal Seed Act and applicable State Seed Laws. An approved dye must be added to distinguish treated seed and prevent inadvertent use for food, feed or oil purposes.

If this product is intended for “at planting” use, treat only those seed needed for immediate use and planting. Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time. Dispose of excess

treated seed by burial away from streams and bodies of water. A dye is not required for this type of use.

Application instructions are as follows: Apply 1.0 to 4.2 fl oz/100 lbs of seed to be treated. Dilute the FAL 2885 with water and mist the seed while mixing. DO NOT store the seed wet as germination may be reduced if not planted soon after treatments. Specific seed treatment directions are described in the following sections.

SPECIAL NOTE FOR ALL DIRECT SEEDED GRASSES

FAL 2885 may be used as a seed dressing/treatment for all direct seeded grasses. FAL 2885 contains a blend of plant growth regulators that help enhance germination and early season root and top growth.

FAL 2885 may be used at the rate of 1.0 to 4.2 fluid ounces per 100 pounds of seed. Sufficient water needs to be added to insure uniform coverage. Improper coverage will minimize product performance.

Table 3. Direct seeded grasses* that FAL 2885 may be applied to as a seed treatment.

Bahiagrass	Carpet grass	Paspalum, Seashore
Bentgrass	Centipede	Ryegrass
Bermudagrass	Fescue, Fine Leaf	Zoysiagrass
Bluegrass	Fescue, Tall	

*-other direct seeded grasses listed in this label but not listed in the table above may also have FAL 2885 applied as a seed treatment.

MECHANICAL SEED TREATERS:

Apply the appropriate amount of FAL 2885 to a premeasured amount of seed and mix thoroughly until all seed are uniformly coated. Seed can be treated in this manner and stored until used for planting. Do not use treated seed for food, feed or oil purposes. An approved dye must be added to distinguish FAL 2885 treated seed and prevent inadvertent use for food, feed or oil purposes. Seed treated with this product must be labeled in accordance with all applicable requirements of the Federal and State seed laws. DO NOT USE TREATED SEED FOR FOOD, FEED OR OIL PURPOSES.

BROADCAST SEED APPLICATION:

Partially fill broadcast spreader with a premeasured amount of seed. Apply the appropriate amount of FAL 2885 diluted with water on the surface of the seed. Mix with a stick or paddle until all seed are coated. Repeat procedure until broadcast spreader is filled. DO NOT USE TREATED SEED FOR FOOD, FEED OR OIL PURPOSES. Treat only those seeds needed for immediate use and planting. Do not store excess treated seed beyond planting time.

GENERAL CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply this product only through center pivot, lateral move, overhead boom (greenhouse), side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, hand move, or furrow irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, contact your State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Maintain agitation in the supply tank while adding the required amount of FAL 2885, and throughout the application. FAL 2885 should be added to the supply tank at the end of water application (prior to last complete cycle in moving systems).

The correct amount of FAL 2885 to add is calculated as the rate in fluid oz. per acre x the number of acres covered by the contents of the supply tank. For example, if the supply tank covers ten acres and the rate on the label for that crop is 2 fluid ounces per acre, add $10 \times 2 = 20$ fluid ounces to the supply tank at the beginning of the last full cycle.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to

prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Agitate the pesticide supply tank contents throughout the application of FAL 2885. Apply FAL 2885 at the end of the water application in a sufficient amount of water to allow proper coverage of plant or crop and allow the entire intended dose of FAL 2885 to be applied before the system is shut down. The rate applied during the chemigation procedure must not exceed the maximum use rate of FAL 2885 allowed for that crop per acre per application.

IN-FURROW CHEMIGATION

1. Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
2. Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:
 - a. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
 - b. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
 - c. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
 - d. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
 - e. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
 - f. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Maintain agitation in the supply tank while adding the required amount of FAL 2885, and throughout the application. Add FAL 2885 to the supply tank at the end of water application (prior to last complete cycle in moving systems).

The correct amount of FAL 2885 to add is calculated as the rate in fl oz per acre x the number of acres covered by the contents of the supply tank. For example, if the supply tank covers ten acres and the rate on the label for that crop is 2 fluid ounces per acre, add $10 \times 2 = 20$ fluid ounces to the supply tank at the beginning of the last full cycle.

SPRINKLER CHEMIGATION

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to a point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Maintain agitation in the supply tank while adding the required amount of FAL 2885, and throughout the application. Add FAL 2885 to the supply tank at the end of water application (prior to last complete cycle in moving systems).

The correct amount of FAL 2885 to add is calculated as the rate in fl oz per acre x the number of acres covered by the contents of the supply tank. For example, if the supply tank covers ten acres and the rate on the label for that crop is 2 fluid ounces per acre, add $10 \times 2 = 20$ fluid ounces to the supply tank at the beginning of the last full cycle.

Apply FAL 2885 at the end of the irrigation period in a sufficient amount of water to allow proper coverage of the plant or crop and allow the entire intended dose of FAL 2885 to be

applied before the system is shut down. The rate applied during the chemigation procedure must not exceed the maximum use rate of FAL 2885 allowed for that crop per acre per application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Do not store in direct sunlight. Avoid freezing temperatures. After partial use, close the container tightly. Store in a secure place that is cool and dry. Use spray and stock solutions within 24 hours. Immediate use is required if another component is added to the spray solution.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: *[for container sizes 5 gallons or less]* Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.]

[for container sizes greater than 5 gallons] Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.]

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Fine Agrochemicals Limited ("FINE") warrants that this Product conforms to the specifications on this label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, FINE makes no other warranties and disclaims all other warranties, express or implied, including but not limited to warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. No agent of FINE or any other person is authorized to make any representation or warranty beyond those contained herein.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this Product. Plant injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of factors such as abnormal weather conditions, use of the Product other than in strict accordance with this

label's instructions, presence of other materials, the manner of application or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of FINE or the seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

To the extent consistent with applicable law: 1) FINE disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental or consequential damages resulting from the handling or use of this Product and 2) FINE's liability under this label shall be limited to the amount of the purchase price or, at the election of FINE, the free replacement of the Product.

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[Produced by: Fine Americas Inc., 1850 Mt Diablo Blvd, Suite No. 670, Walnut Creek, CA 94596, USA]

Sub-label C: Residential Use

FAL 2885
RESIDENTIAL USE

Plant growth stimulant for use on field crops, vegetable crops, small fruit, vine, tree fruit, sod, turf, shrubs, flowering plants and ornamentals.

Active Ingredient:

Cytokinin (as kinetin)	0.10%
Indolebutyric Acid.....	0.05%
Gibberellin GA 4 &7.....	0.05%
Other Ingredients:	99.80%
Total:	100.00%

Contains 0.008 lbs cytokinin/gallon

Contains 0.004 lbs indolebutyric acid/gallon

Contains 0.004 lbs gibberellin GA 4 &7/gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

[See [product label] [attached label booklet] for [First Aid,] Precautionary, Storage and Disposal Statements, and Directions for Use.]

EPA Reg. No. 62097-AL65

EPA Est. No.

Net Contents: 1 qt, ½ gal, 1 gal, 2.5 gal

Batch/lot No.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

GENERAL INFORMATION

FAL 2885 is a biostimulant containing plant growth regulators. FAL 2885 enhances plant growth and development by stimulating cell division, cell differentiation and enlargement, nutrient uptake and nutrient utilization. It is especially effective when applied with foliar

fertilizer, but it is also compatible with pesticides.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS: FAL 2885 is water soluble and suitable for use in conventional liquid application systems. Shake FAL 2885 thoroughly and dilute in sufficient water to assure adequate, even coverage without producing excessive runoff. Agitate the spray mixture during application and apply within 12 hours of dilution. If FAL 2885 is tank-mixed with insecticides, fungicides, herbicides or foliar fertilizers, FAL 2885 must be the last addition to the spray mixture.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Apply FAL 2885 to foliage diluted in 1 gallon of water per 1000 sq ft. Larger volumes of water may be used if not associated with excessive runoff. Make early morning or late evening applications.

**TABLE 1. Residential Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions:
VEGETABLES**

Crop	No. of Sprays	Amount/gal/ 1000 sq.ft.	Timing
Bean	3	2 teaspoons	Begin at the 3rd trifoliate leaf and repeat every 7-10 days.
Broccoli, Brussels Sprout, Cauliflower	3	1 tablespoon	Begin at the 4 to 5 leaf-stage followed by 2 more applications at 10-14 day intervals.
Sweet Corn	2 or more	2 teaspoons	Begin at 2-6 leaf stage and then at 7-21 day intervals through the end of tasseling.
Cucumbers, Melon, Squash	3	2 teaspoons	Begin at flower bud initiation and then follow with 2 more sprays at 7-10 day intervals
Lettuce	3	1 tablespoon	Begin at the 4-5 leaf stage and then 2 more sprays at 10-14 day intervals.
Onion	3	1 tablespoon	Begin 2 weeks after emergence and 2 more sprays at 10-14 day intervals.
Peppers	4	2 teaspoons	Begin at transplant or at the 3 to 4 leaf stage for direct seeded and repeat at 10-14 day intervals
Potatoes	3	1 1/2 tablespoons	Begin at 8-10 leaf stage and then 2 more sprays at 7-10 day intervals.
Tomatoes	3	2 teaspoons	Begin at flower bud initiation and then 2 more sprays at 10-14 day intervals.

**TABLE 2. Residential Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions:
VEGETABLES SMALL FRUITS, VINES AND TREE FRUITS**

Crop	No. of Sprays	Amount/gal/1000 sq.ft.	Timing
Strawberries	3-6	2 teaspoons	Begin sprays at first bloom. Repeat at 2-4 week intervals for a total of 3-6 sprays.
Oranges	3-6	2 tablespoons	Spray to wet foliage at first bloom and repeat at each flush of new growth.
Shrubs, Established	2-3	4 tablespoons	Spray foliage to point of run-off 2-3 times a year.
Flower Plants (Roses, Azaleas, etc.)	1	1 teaspoon	In early spring, water in over root zone 1 time per year.

Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: TURF*

To improve growth and heavy rooting, spray broadcast at 1 1/2 tablespoons per gallon per 1000 sq ft. To speed up regrowth after cutting, spray broadcast 2 teaspoons per gallon of water per 1000 sq ft.

Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: SOD*

For quick "tie down" after laying and to get turf off to a quick start, use as follows:

1. Broadcast 2 fl oz/5000 sq ft and water in.
2. Make second application 30 days later and water in.

*Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Crop Application Rates and Application Instructions: TRANSPLANTS

Prepare stock solution with 4 tablespoons of FAL 2885 per 1 gallon of water. When transplanting with bare roots, dip in stock solution before planting. When transplanting with balled plants, spray ball at time of planting with stock solution. Mist foliage at time of transplant.

NOTICE: FAL 2885 IS NOT A FERTILIZER. USE IN COMBINATION WITH A GOOD FERTILIZER PROGRAM WHERE INDICATED.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container only. Do not store in direct sunlight. Avoid freezing temperatures. After partial use, close the container tightly. Store in a secure place that is cool and dry. Use spray and stock solutions within 24 hours. Immediate use is required if another component is added to the spray solution.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.

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