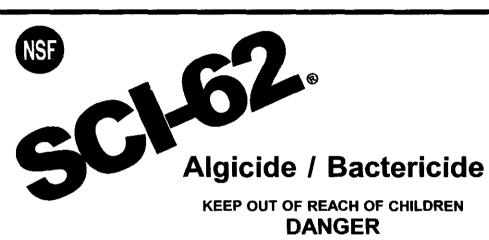
ACCEPTED

JUL 1 9 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as afficient for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 6/943 - 1



See back label for First Aid and additional Precautionary Statements.

INGREDIENTS-

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

 Copper as metallic*
 5%

 OTHER INGREDIENTS:
 95%

 TOTAL:
 100%

 *From Copper Sulfate Pentahydrate
 100%

EPA Reg. No. 61943-1 EPA Est. No. 61943-IN-1

Manufactured by: CHEM-A-CO, INC. Monticello, IN 47960 • 219-583-4368

For Emergency Assistance Call CHEMTREC (800-424-9300)

Non-Flammable DO NOT FREEZE

NET CONTENTS:

9.9 lbs. per Gallon 1.188 Kg/L

GENERAL INFORMATION

SCIº-62 is an innovative, unique formulation used for the suppression of bacterial odors and toxic gases in sewage lagoons, feedlot runoff pits, animal confinement facilities, and other ponds containing organic matter or algae/ bacteria, SCIP-62 may also be used to control algae, bacteria and pond weed in irrigation reservoirs, ponds and potable water supplies.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animais DANGER

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eve damage. Do not get in eves or on clothing. Wear goggles or safety glasses. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. May cause allergic skin response. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

FIRST AID

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact x-xxx-xxxxxxx for emergency medical treatment information.

Jun 19**2002**

If on Skin or Clothing:

Rodenticide Act as arrichded, for the pesticide, registered inde EPA Reg. No. 6 1943-1

Hotel eye open and rinse slowly and gently with ACCEPTE Dater for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact minutes, if present, after the first 5 minutes, their continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control ter or physician immediately for treatment

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 min-Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, autèl. Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Call a poison control center or doctor immedifor adivce. Have the person sip a glass of v ater if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Fish and Aquatic Organisms; This product is toxic to fish. Direct application of SCI*-62 to water may cause a significant reduction in populations of aquatic invertebrates, plants and fish. Do not treat more than one-half of a lake or pond at one time in order to avoid depletion of oxygen from decaying vegetation. Allow 1 to 2 weeks between treatment for oxygen levels to recover. Trout and other species of fish may be killed at application rates recommended on this label, especially in soft or acidic waters. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. (See Disposal Instructions.) Consult your local State Fish and Game Agency before applying this product to public waters. Permits may be required before treatment such waters.

Endangered Species Restrictions: It is a violation of Federal laws to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of an endangered species or adverse modification of their habitat. The use of this product may pose a hazard to certain Federally designated endangered species known to occur in enacific prope within the following counties:

STATE	SPECIES	BULLETIN NO.	COUNTY
California	Solano Grass	EPA/ES-85-13	Solano
Termessee	Slackwater Darter	EPA/ES-85-04	Lawrence Wayne Hancock
	Freshwater Mussels	EPA/ES-85-07	Claiborne Hawkins Sullivan
Alabama	Slackwater Darter	EPA/ES-85-05	Lauderdale Limestone Madison
Virginia	Freshwater Mussels	EPA/ES-85-06	Grayson Smyth Scott Washington Lee

PLEASE NOTE Before using this product in the above (listed) counties. you must obtain the EPA Bulletin specific to your area. This Bulletin identifies areas within these counties where the use of this pesticide is prohibited, unless specified otherwise. The EPA Bulletin is available from either your County Agricultural Extension Agent, the Endangered Species Specialist in your State Wildlife Agency Headquarters, or the appropriate Regional Office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, THIS BULLETIN MUST BE REVIEWED PRIOR TO PESTICIDE USE.

APPLICATION AND HANDLING EQUIPMENT

Application, handling or storage equipment MUST consist of either fiberglass. PVCs, polypropylenes, viton, most plastics, aluminum or stainless steel. Never use mild steel, nylon, brass or copper around full strength SCI®-62.

Always rinse equipment free and clean of SCP-62 each night with plenty of fresh, clean water.

Always store SCI9-62 above 32°F. Freezing may cause product separation. Seller makes no warranty for the performance of product which has been frozen. Spray over entire area of lagoon or mix thoroughly until completely dispersed with the sewage.

Useful formulas for calculating water volume and flow rates:

To find the capacity of a water storage containment in gallons:

Multiply the water volume in cubic feet times 7.5

Note: 1 C.F.S./Hr. = 27,000 gallons

1 Acre Foot = 326,000 gallons

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

GENERAL BACTERIAL ODOR CONTROL: Application rates may vary depending on amounts of organic matter (sewage) in lagoons and pits. Application should be done by pouring SCIP-62 directly from the container into the plt or tagoon. Several application points speed up dispersal. Use one gallion of full strength SCI®-62 in 60,000 gallons (8,000 cubic feet) of sewage. For fastest results, disperse SCI*-62 evenly throughout sewage. Bacterial odors should be noticeably reduced in 1-2 weeks. Repeat application when odors reoccur.

Feedlot Runoff Lagoons: Add a portion of the required dosage of SCI*-62 at several locations around the lagoon to speed dispersal of the product. A minimum of 2 applications per year (spring and fall) is recommended. Additional applications may be required as needed or when the lagoon is pumped.

Animal Confinement Pits: If pits are located under the confinement buildings, add SCI*-62 direct to these pits. If the pits are outside, add SCI*-62 to transfer lime to the pit.

Other Organic Studges: SCI*-62 must be thoroughly mixed with studge. Apply at the rate of one gallon SCIe-82 in 30,000 gallons of sludge.

GENERAL ALGAE/BACTERIA CONTROL: For algae/bacteria control, apply in late spring or early summer when algae/bacteria first appear. The dosages are variable, and depend upon algae/bacteria species, water hardness, water temperature, amount of algae/bacteria present, as well a whether water is clear, turbid, flowing or static. Preferably, the water should be clear with temperatures above 60° F (15.6° C). Higher dosages are required at lower water temperatures. higher algae/bacteria concentrations, and for hard waters. Application should be done by pouring SCI®-62 directly from the container into the lakes, ponds, reservoirs, irrigation canals or swimming pools. Several application points speed up dispersal. Static water requires less chemical for algae/bacteria control than does flowing water. Use higher dosages for chara, nitella, and filamentous algae (pond scum), and lower dosages for planktonic algae. If there is uncertainty about the dosage, begin with a lower dose and increase until control is achieved or until the maximum allowable level has been reached.

Treatment of algae can result in oxygen loss from the decomposition of dead algae. This loss can cause fish suffocation. If the algae cover more than onethird of the total water area, treat in sections. Treat one-third to one-half of the water area in a single operation and wait for 10 to 14 days between treatments. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outward in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. In regions where ponds freeze in winter, treatmentshould be done 6 to 8 weeks bufore expected freeze time to prevent masses of decaying algae under an ice criver.

Trout and certain other species of fish may be killed at recommended application rates, especially in soft or acidic waters. Before treating bodies of water, consult proper state authorities, such as the fisheries commission or conservation department to obtain any necessary permits.

In Lakes, Ponds and Reservoirs: For faster results, disperse SCI®-62 evenly throughout the pond. Apply at the rate of one pint SCI 62 in 7,500-300,000 gallons. For best results, apply to warm, still water on a sunny day when algae are near the surface. For notable water systems, do not exceed one gallon in 60,000 gallons under any circumstances (1 ppm metallic copper) -- 16 mg/L per ANSI/NSF Standard 60 for drinking water.

In Irrigation Conveyance Systems: For continuous addition; add one pint SCI*-62 for each 7.500-300,000 gallons of water. For conveyance systems longer than 30 miles. It is recommended that the above dosage be dispersed among injection points every 30 miles. However, do not exceed the total dosage of one gallon in 60,000 gallons of water.

Swimming Pool Water: Treated pool effluent should not be discharged where it will drain into takes, streams, ponds or public water. Apply at the rate of 2-6 guarts of SCI*-62 per 60,000 gallons (8,000 cu. ft.). This will yield a rate of from 0.5 ppm to 1.5 ppm metallic copper. Application should be made before visible algae appear. Where visible algae are present, apply at the higher rate. For maintenance dosages and where visible algae are not present, user the lower rate. Repeat maintenance dosages to maintain the recommended concentration. and avoid excessive buildup of metallic copper. SCI*-62 may be used to help control pool odors and algae during the winter months. Maintain the higher rate while the pool is not being used during the winter.

Storage and Disposal

Prohibitions: Do no contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in a safe place away from PETS AND KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN. Store away from excessive heat. SCI6-62 will freeze. Always keep container closed. Store SCI®-62 in its original container only. Bulk SCI®-82 shall be stored and handled in stainless steel, fiberglass, polypropylenes, PVCs or plastic equipment. Keep away from galvanized pipe and any nylon storage handling equipment.

Disposal: Excess SCI®-62 should be disposed of through use. Do not contaminate lakes, rivers, or streams as this may cause fish kill. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law, If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

In the event of a spill, neutralize with limestone or baking soda before disposal. May deteriorate concrete.

Container: Do not re-use empty container. Dispose of containers in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

Seller warrants that the product conforms to the chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label for use under normal conditions, but makes no other warranties of FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY. expressed or implied, or any other warranty if the product is used contrary to the label instructions, or under normal conditions or under conditions not foreseeable to the seller, in no case shall the seller be liable for more than the cost of this product to the buyer, and will in no event be liable for any consequential, special or indirect damages connected with the use or handling of this product. This product is offered and the buyer or user accepts it subject to the foregoing terms which may not be varied.