

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

DEC 2 7 2011

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OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Subject:

SECTAGON-42

EPA Reg. No. 61842-6

Phase 2 RED Mitigation Amendment Label Dated May 31, 2011

EPA Decision Number 459138

Dear Ms. Kominski:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with reregistration of metam sodium under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended is acceptable provided the following label revisions are made and the following conditions are met:

LABEL REVISION

- 1. Page 6 Under the "Supervision of Handlers" section, bold the title "Fumigant Safe Handling Information" each time it appears in the last paragraph.
- 2. Page 7 Under Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers, delete the underscore after the parentheses in the first paragraph.
- 3. Page 17-18 Under Calculating the Broadcast Equivalent Application Rate, replace the gray images with black & white images.
- 4. Page 20 -31 The minimum font size for the entire labeling is 12 pt. Make sure the buffer zone tables meet this requirement.
- 5. Page 32 Under "Restrictions for Difficult to Evacuate Sites," reformat the section like this:

"Difficult to evacuate sites are pre-K to grade 12 schools, state licensed daycare centers, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospitals, in-patient clinics, and prisons.

- No fumigant application with a buffer zone greater than 300 feet is permitted within 1/4 mile (1320 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state-licensed day care centers, students (pre-K to grade 12), patients, or prisoners during the application and the 36-hour period following the end of the application.
- No fumigant application with a buffer zone of 300 feet or less is permitted within 1/8 mile (660 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state-licensed day care centers, students (pre-K to grade 12), patients, or prisoners during the application and the 36-hour period following the end of the application."
- 6. Page 39 Increase the font size to a minimum of 12 point in the text box for "Conditions of Sales and Warranty."

CONDITIONS

- 1. EPA has determined that the risk mitigation measures on the revised label for this product are necessary to adequately protect human health and the environment. Therefore, pursuant to 40 CFR § 152.130(d), EPA has decided that no product bearing previously approved labeling may be sold or distributed (released for shipment) by its registrant after December 1, 2012. Wherever state approval is required for sale or distribution of this product with this new labeling, EPA strongly encourages you to submit an application to the state authority as soon as possible. You should be aware that the Agency does not intend to modify the December 1, 2012, deadline because of any failure to obtain state approvals.
- 2. Submit one copy of the final printed label that incorporates the required changes before the product is released for shipment.

One copy of the label stamped "Accepted with comments" is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions, please contact Jose Gayoso by phone at (703) 347-8652 or via email at gayoso.jose@epa.gov or Shaja Joyner by phone at (703) 308-3194 or email at joyner.shaja@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Shaja B. Joyner

Product Manager (20)

Fungicide Branch

Registration Division (7504P)



RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY TO HUMANS.

For retail sale to and use by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

In EPA Letter Dated

DEC 2 7 2011
Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Ac
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

Sectagon – 42

Agricultural Fumigant

FUMIGANT SOLUTION FOR SPECIFIC CROPS AS LISTED IN THIS LABEL

For suppression of: Nematodes, Fungi, Bacteria, Weeds, Weed seeds and Volunteer seeds.

42.2% SODIUM METHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Contains 4.22 lbs. active ingredient per gallon.

DANGER PELIGRO

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

	FIRST AID
If on skin or clothing:	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 – 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	 Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
	HOT LINE NUMBER
	ct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also 74-1975 for emergency medical treatment information.
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Probable mucou	usal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

EPA Reg. No. 61842-6

EPA Est. No. 61842-ID-001

EPA Est. No. 61842-WA-002

Manufactured by: Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. 2255 N. 44th Street, Suite 300 Phoenix, AZ 85008 USA 1-800-525-2803

NSFSPUS0710

Net Contents:



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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

- Corrosive: causes skin damage. May be fatal if absorbed through the skin. Do not get on skin or clothing.
- Prolonged or frequent repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.
- · Harmful if swallowed.
- Harmful if inhaled. Irritating to eyes, nose, and throat. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.
- · Irritating to eyes. Do not get in eyes.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are barrier laminate or viton ≥ 14 mils. For more options, follow the instructions for category H on the chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Handlers applying via weed sprayer (see *Terms used in this labeling* section) while irrigation system is operating or handlers who may be exposed to liquid spray while repairing a malfunctioning chemigation system or shutting off equipment must wear:

- · chemical-resistant coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- · chemical-resistant gloves,
- · chemical-resistant footwear plus socks,
- · chemical-resistant headgear, and
- respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label.

Handlers wearing chemical-resistant attire are limited to 30 minutes of exposure in any 60 minute period to prevent heat illness, and, as required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides, employers of these handlers must take any necessary steps to avoid heat illness.

Except as required above, handlers transferring or loading liquid formulations, handlers operating motorized ground equipment with open cabs, handlers repairing or inactivating irrigation or chemigation equipment during application, and handlers cleaning up spills or equipment, must wear:

- · coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- · chemical resistant gloves,
- · chemical resistant footwear plus socks,
- chemical-resistant apron if transferring or loading the fumigant or cleaning up spills or equipment,
- · protective eyewear, and
- respirator of the type specified in the PPE requirements for respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label if triggered.

All other handlers including handlers operating motorized ground equipment with closed cabs (except for handlers who set up and calibrate chemigation and irrigation equipment and start the application from inside the application block) as stated in this labeling must wear:

- · long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- · shoes plus socks, and
- respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label if triggered.

All handlers who set-up and calibrate chemigation and irrigation equipment and start the application from inside the application block must wear:

- · long-sleeve shirt and long pants,
- · shoes plus socks,
- · protective eyewear, and
- respirator of the type specified in the respiratory protection section in the PPE requirements on this label if triggered.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

When an air-purifying respirator is required under this label's Directions for Use, Protection for Handlers, Respiratory Protection and/or Stop Work Triggers section, handlers must wear at minimum either:

- A NIOSH-certified full-facepiece air-purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor (OV, NIOSH approval prefix TC-23C) cartridge and a particulate prefilter (Type N, R, P, or HE NIOSH approval number prefix TC-84A) or
 - a gas mask with a canister approved for organic vapor (NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G).

Cartridges or canisters must be replaced when odor or sensory irritation from this product becomes apparent during use, if the measured concentration of MITC is greater than 6000 ppb (6 ppm), or in the absence of any other instructions or indications of service life, at the end of each day's work period, whichever occurs first.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

DO NOT transport contaminated clothing inside a closed vehicle unless stored in a sealed container. Wash or dispose as specified.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside
 of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and
 change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to mammals, birds, aquatic invertebrates and fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

Metam-sodium has certain properties and characteristics in common with chemicals that have been detected in groundwater (highly soluble in water and has low adsorption to soil).

For untarped applications, leaching and runoff may occur if there is heavy rainfall after soil fumigation.

USE PRECAUTIONS

Keep off desirable lawns and plants. Do not apply within 3 feet of the drip line of desirable plants, shrubs or trees. Do not use in confined areas without adequate ventilation OR where fumes may enter nearby dwellings. Do not use in greenhouses. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near feed or food.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place, keep container closed when not in use. Do not store below 0° F. Product crystallizes at lower temperatures. Warm or store at higher temperatures and mix to redissolve crystals and assure uniformity before use.

Do not stack more than three drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instruction, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: [NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINERS1 Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.



Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

NOTE OF WARNING: CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED OR DRINKING WATER!

DIRECTIONS FOR USE Restricted Use Pesticide

For suppression of: Nematodes, Fungi, Bacteria, Weeds, Weed seeds and Volunteer seeds.

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. Only handlers may be in the application block from the start of the application until the entry restricted period ends, and in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agriculture workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. For entry-restricted period and notification requirements, see the *Entry Restricted Period* and *Notification* sections of this labeling. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

PPE For Entry During the Entry-Restricted Period: PPE for entry that is permitted by this labeling is listed in the *Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)* section of this labeling.

TERMS USED IN THIS LABELING

<u>Soil Fumigant Training Program</u>: Certified applicator training that provides information on (1) how to correctly apply the fumigant, including how to comply with new label requirements; (2) how to protect handlers and bystanders; (3) how to determine buffer zone distances; (4) how to complete an FMP and the post-application summary; (5) how to determine when weather and other site-specific factors are not favorable for fumigant application; (6) how to comply with required GAPs and how to document compliance with GAPs in the FMP; and (7) how to develop and implement emergency response plans.

<u>Fumigant Safe Handling Information:</u> Information that must be provided annually to handlers that must include the following: (1) what fumigants are and how they work, (2) safe application and handling of soil fumigants, (3) air monitoring and respiratory protection requirements for handlers, (4) early signs and symptoms of exposure, (5) appropriate steps to take to mitigate exposures, (6) what to do in case of an emergency, and (7) how to report incidents.

<u>Application Block</u>: Area within the perimeter of the fumigated portion of a field (including furrows, irrigation ditches, roadways). The perimeter of the application block is the border that connects the outermost edges of total area treated with the fumigant product.

Application Rate: The ratio of fumigant mass applied compared to the soil surface area (e.g., lbs of product per acre). The application rate is expressed on this labeling in terms of either the "treated area application rate" or the "broadcast equivalent application rate." The "treated area application rate" relates to only the rate of fumigant applied to the portion of the field that is fumigated (e.g., rate within the bed or strips). The "broadcast equivalent application rate" relates to the rate of fumigant applied within the entire perimeter of the application block. For bedded

and strip applications, the "broadcast equivalent application rate" must be calculated to determine the buffer zone distance required by this labeling.

Start of the Application: The time at which the furnigant is first delivered/dispensed into the soil in the application block.

Application is Complete: The time at which the fumigant has stopped being delivered/dispensed into the soil and the soil has been sealed; drip lines have been purged (if applicable). For applications with water seals, the application is complete at the time at which the fumigant has stopped being delivered/dispensed into the soil.

Entry Restricted Period: This period begins at the start of the application and expires depending on the application method and if tarps are used when the tarps are perforated and removed. Entry into the application block during this period is only allowed for appropriately PPE-equipped handlers performing handling tasks. See the Entry Restricted Period and Notification section for additional information.

<u>Buffer Zone</u>: An area established around the perimeter of each application block. The buffer zone must extend outward from the edge of the application block perimeter equally in all directions.

<u>Buffer Zone Period</u>: Begins at the start of the application and lasts for a minimum of 48-hours after the application is complete. Non-handlers must be excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period.

<u>Difficult to Evacuate Sites</u>: Pre-K to Grade 12 schools, state licensed daycare centers, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospitals, inpatient clinics, and prisons.

Owner: Any person who has a present possessory interest (fee, leasehold, rental, or other) in an agricultural establishment. A person who has both leased such agricultural establishment to another person and granted that same person the right and full authority to manage and govern the use of such agricultural establishment is not an owner. See definition of "owner" in WPS (40 CFR §170.3).

<u>Roadway</u>: Portion of a street or highway improved, designed or ordinarily used for vehicular travel, exclusive of the sidewalk or shoulder even if such sidewalk or shoulder is used by persons riding bicycles. In the event a highway includes two or more separated roadways, the term *roadway* shall refer to any such roadway separately.

Representative Handling Task: For air monitoring, the locations and handler activities sampled must represent each handler's exposure occurring within the application block. For example, for an application consisting of a seven-handler crew (1 tractor driver, 1 tractor co-pilot, 4 shovelers, and 1 certified applicator supervising) two breathing zone samples could be collected: one sample for the tractor co-pilot and one sample for a downwind shoveler. Results of previous sampling may indicate which tasks and locations are worst case and therefore representative of all handlers.

High Release Height Center Pivot or Lateral Move Irrigation Applications: (1) Release height OR spray height greater than 8 feet, and (2) there is greater than 30 lbs. PSI at the sprinkler head.

Medium Release Height Center Pivot or Lateral Move Irrigation Applications: (1) Release height AND spray height is less than 8 feet, AND (2) 29 lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND (3) there are no end guns.

Low Release Height-Solid Stream Center Pivot or Lateral Move Irrigation Applications: (1) Release height and spray height is less than 4 feet, AND (2) 29 lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND (3) application system produces a solid stream, and (4) there are no end guns.

<u>Solid Stream</u>: An uninterrupted liquid stream that remains generally as a coarse flow until contacting the intended target. An example of a solid stream application is Smart Drop®, also known as drizzle boom. Any application system that employs sprayheads or nozzles with moving parts that produce a rotating or oscillating spray pattern (e.g., rotators, spinner, nutators, and wobblers) or that otherwise break up the stream into droplets does not qualify as a solid stream nozzle.

Weed Sprayer: In this labeling, weed sprayer refers to a tank that holds 100-500 gallons combined with an off-set spray boom that creates a

swath about 4 feet on each side of an orchard tree row, leaving the untreated grassy middle to grow.

USE SITES

Only for use on the following:

Cover crops (i.e., crops planted between periods of regular crop production to prevent soil erosion);

Crops grown solely for seed;

As well as (in alphabetical order):

alfalfa; amaranth (including leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); anise; apple (including balsam, crabapple); apricot; artichokes; arugula (roquette); asparagus (nursery production only); barley; basil; beans (including: lima, green, fava, seed beans); beet (including garden);

berry (including black satin berry, blackberry, blueberry, boysenberry, chesterberry, lowberry, wild raspberry, youngberry, darrowberry, dewberry, cloudberry, elderberry, Cherokee blackberry, coryberry, European barberry, huckleberry, hullberry, gooseberry, cranberry, highbush cranberry, Himalayaberry, jostaberry, juneberry, Saskatoon berry, lingonberry, loganberry, lavacaberry, lucretiaberry, mammoth blackberry, marionberry, bingleberry, mountain pepper berries, mulberry, olallieberry, dirksen thornless berry, nectarberry, Oregon evergreen berry, partridgeberry, phenomenalberry, rangeberry, raspberry (black and red), ravenberry, riberry, rossberry, schisandra berry, serviceberry, Shawnee blackberry, strawberry)

bok choy; broccoli; brussels sprouts; cabbage (including Napa); calabaza; calamondin; cardoon; carrot; casaba; cauliflower; celeriac; celery (including: Chinese); celtuce; chayote (fruit); che; cherry (including: sweet and tart, chokecherry, pincherry); chervil; cheyenne; Chilean guava; Chinese greens; Chinese okra; Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); chinquapin; chironja; chrysanthemum; cilantro; citrus citron; citrus hybrids; collard; corn salad; corn; cotton; cress (including: upland, yellow rocket, winter cress); cucumber (including: Chinese cucumber); cucuzza; currant, (including: black, red, native and other varieties and hybrids);

dandelion; dill; dock (sorrel); eggplant; endive (escarole); fennel, Florence (finochio); forest seedlings; garland; garlic; gherkin; ginger; gourd; grape; grapefruit; hechima; herbs (all); honey balls; honeysuckle; hyotan; kale; kiwifruit (including: fuzzy and hard); kohlrabi; kumquat; leek; lemon; lettuce (including: head and leaf); lime; loquat; mandarin (incluing: tangerine and satsuma); mango; mayhaw; maypop;

melon (including: bitter melon, cantaloupe, hybrids and/or cultivars, citron melon, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, mango melon, honeydew melon, muskmelon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon, watermelon);

mint; muntries; mustard; nectarine; nursery stock (fruit seedlings and rose bushes only); nursery tree crops (including crops like maple, ash, dogwood);

nut (including: almond, beech nut, cashew, chestnut, hickory nut, Brazil nut, macadamia nut (bush nut), filbert (hazelnut), pecan, pistachio, walnut (black and English/Persian); onion; orach; orange (including: sour an sweet); ornamentals; parsley; peas (including: English and garden); peach; peanut; pear (including: oriental and balsam); pepper; phalsa; plum (including: Chickasaw and Damson); plumcot; potato; prune (fresh); pummelo; pumpkin; purslane (including: garden and winter); quince;

radicchio (red chicory); radish (including Oriental); rappini; rhubarb; rye; salal; sea buckthorn; soybean; spinach (including: New Zealand, Malabar, Indian); squash, (including: summer, winter, butternut, straightneck, Acorn, crookneck, hubbard, scallop, spaghetti); sugar beet; sweet potato; swiss chard; tangelo; tangor; tobacco; tomatoes; tree nuts (orchard replant only); turf (including golf courses); turnip; vegetable marrow; wheat; yams; zucchini.

Use only according to label. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the labeling on chemigation is followed.

USE METHOD RESTRICTIONS

The use of this product is restricted to the methods described in this label. Use in greenhouses or any other enclosed structure or confined area is prohibited. Application with handheld equipment is prohibited. Application with cement grinder and shredder equipment is prohibited. Open-pour applications are prohibited. Do not apply this product through traveler or big gun application systems.

CERTIFIED APPLICATOR TRAINING

Any certified applicator supervising a soil fumigant application must have successfully completed one of the soil fumigant training programs listed on the following EPA website http://www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining for the active ingredient(s) in this product. The training must be completed in the time frames listed on the website. The FMP must document the date and location where the soil fumigant training program was completed.

HANDLERS

The following activities are prohibited from being performed by anyone other than persons who have been appropriately trained and equipped as handlers in accordance with the requirements in WPS (40 CFR Part 170):

- Monitoring fumigant air concentrations;
- Cleaning up fumigant spills (this does not include emergency personnel not associated with the fumigation application);
- · Handling or disposing of fumigant containers;
- Cleaning, handling, adjusting, or repairing the parts of fumigation equipment that may contain fumigant residues; and
- Performing any handling tasks as defined by the WPS (40 CFR 170). The following activities are prohibited from being performed in the application block from the start of the application until the entry-restricted period ends and in the buffer zone during the buffer zone period by anyone other than persons who have been appropriately trained and equipped as handlers in accordance with the requirements in the WPS (40 CFR Part 170), (NOTE: persons repairing, and monitoring tarps are considered handlers for the duration listed below). Prohibited activities (except for trained and equipped handlers) include:
- Participating in the application as supervisors, loaders, drivers, tractor co-pilots, shovelers, cross ditchers, or as other direct application participants;
- · Installing, repairing, operating or removing irrigation equipment;
- · Performing scouting, crop advising, or monitoring tasks;
- Installing, perforating (cutting, punching, slicing, poking), or removing tarps; and
 - Repairing or monitoring tarps until 14 days after application is complete if tarps are not perforated and removed during those 14 days. NOTE: see Tarp Perforation and/or Removal section on this labeling for requirements about when tarps are allowed to be perforated.

Handlers do not include local, state, or federal officials performing inspection, sampling, or other similar official duties.

PROTECTION FOR HANDLERS

Supervision of Handlers

For all applications except water run: from the start of the application until the application is complete, a certified applicator must be at the application block in the line of sight of the application and must directly supervise all persons performing handling activities.

For water-run applications (e.g., sprinkler/chemigation, wheel line, center pivot, lateral move, drip, flood, etc.), a certified applicator must be in the line of sight of the application at the start of the application including setup, calibration, and initiation of the application. A certified applicator may leave but must return at least every two hours to visually inspect the equipment to ensure proper functioning and must directly supervise all Worker Protection Standard trained handlers until the application is complete. Worker Protection Standard-trained handlers may perform the monitoring functions in place of a certified applicator but they must be under the supervision of a certified applicator and be able to communicate with a certified applicator at all times during monitoring activities via cell phone or other means.

For handling activities that take place after the application is complete until the entry restricted period expires, the certified applicator is not required to be on-site, but must have communicated in a manner that can be understood by the site owner and handlers responsible for carrying out those activities the information necessary to comply with the label and procedures described in the FMP (e.g., emergency response plans and procedures)

IMPORTANT: This requirement does not override the requirements in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides for information exchange between operators of agricultural establishments and commercial pesticide applicators.

The certified applicator must provide Fumigant Safe Handling Information to each handler or confirm that within the past 12 months, each handler has received Fumigant Safe Handling Information in a manner he/she can



understand. Fumigant Safe Handling Information will be provided where this product is purchased or at www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining.

Exclusion of Non-Handlers from the Application Block and Buffer Zone

The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place must make sure that all persons who are not trained and PPE-equipped and who are not performing one of the handling tasks as stated in this labeling are:

- excluded from application block during the entry restricted period, and
- excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period (see buffer zone exemption for transit on roadways in Buffer Zone Requirements section).

Local, state, or federal officials performing inspection, sampling, or other similar official duties are not excluded from the application block or the buffer zone by this labeling. The certified applicator supervising the application and the owner of the establishment where the application is taking place are not authorized to, or responsible for, excluding those officials from the application block or the buffer zone.

Providing, Cleaning, and Maintaining PPE

The employer of any handler (as stated in this label) must make sure that all handlers are provided and correctly wear the required PPE. The PPE must be cleaned and maintained as required by the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides.

Air-purifying Respirator Availability

The employer of any handler must confirm that an air-purifying respirator and appropriate cartridges of the type specified in the PPE section of this labeling are immediately available for each handler who will wear one. At least one handler must have the appropriate air-purifying respirator and cartridges available (see *Respirator Fit Testing, Medical Qualification, and Training* section for additional requirements).

Exception: Air-purifying respirators do not need to be made available for handlers performing fumigant site monitoring tasks outside of the buffer zone.

Respirator Fit Testing, Medical Qualification, and Training

Using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (see 29 CFR Part 1910.134), employers must verify that any handler that uses a respirator is:

- · Fit-tested and fit-checked,
- · Trained, and
- Examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn. A qualified medical practitioner is a physician or other licensed health care professional who will evaluate the ability of a worker to wear a respirator. The initial evaluation consists of a questionnaire that asks about medical conditions (such as a heart condition) that would be problematic for respirator use. If concerns are identified, then additional evaluations, such as a physical exam, might be necessary. The initial evaluation must be done before respirator use begins. Handlers must be reexamined by a qualified medical practitioner if their health status or respirator style or use-conditions change.

Upon request by local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel, employers must provide documentation how they have complied with these requirements.

Respiratory Protection and Stop Work Triggers

The following procedures must be followed to determine whether an airpurifying respirator is required or if operations must cease for any person performing a handling task (except for fumigant site monitoring outside of the buffer zone) as stated in this label.

- If at any time any handler experiences sensory irritation (tearing, burning of the eyes or nose) then either:
 - An air-purifying respirator must be worn by all handlers who remain in the application block or surrounding buffer zone, or
 - Operations must cease and handlers not wearing an air-purifying respirator must leave the application block and surrounding buffer zone.

- Handlers can remove air-purifying respirators or resume operations if two consecutive breathing-zone samples taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart show that levels of MITC have decreased to less than 600 ppb (0.6 ppm), provided that handlers do not experience sensory irritation.
- During the collection of air samples, an air-purifying respirator must be worn by the handler taking the air samples. Samples must be taken at the location where the irritation was first experienced. When using monitoring devices to monitor air concentration levels, a direct read detection device, such as an electronic device or a colorimetric device (e.g. Draeger, Sensidyne) must be used. The devices must have sensitivity of at least 600 ppb (0.6 ppm) for MITC. Persons using direct read detection devices must follow the manufacturer's directions.
- When breathing zone samples are required, they must be taken outside respiratory protection equipment and within a ten inch radius of the handler's nose and mouth.
- When air-purifying respirators are worn, air monitoring samples must be collected at least every 2 hours in the breathing zone of a handler performing a representative handling task.
- If at any time: (1) a handler experiences any sensory irritation when wearing an air-purifying respirator, or (2) a MITC air sample is greater than or equal to 6,000 ppb (6 ppm), then all handler activities must cease and handlers must be removed from the application block and surrounding buffer zone.
- Handlers can resume work activities without air-purifying respirators if
 two consecutive breathing-zone samples taken at the handling site at
 least 15 minutes apart show levels of MITC have decreased to less than
 600 ppb (0.6 ppm), provided that handlers do not experience sensory
 irritation. During the collection of air samples an air-purifying respirator
 must be worn by the handler taking the air samples. Samples must be
 taken at the location where the irritation was first experienced or where
 sample(s) were greater than or equal to 6000 ppb (6 ppm).
- Handlers can resume work activities if all the following conditions exist provided that the appropriate air-purifying respirator is worn:
 - Two consecutive breathing zone samples for MITC taken at the handling site at least 15 minutes apart must be less than 6,000 ppb (6 ppm),
 - Handlers do not experience sensory irritation while wearing the air-purifying respirator, and
 - Filter cartridges/canisters have been changed.
 - During the collection of air samples an air-purifying respirator must be worn by the handler taking the air samples. Samples must be taken at the location where the irritation was first experienced or where sample(s) were greater than or equal to 6000 ppb (6 ppm).

TARP PERFORATION AND/OR REMOVAL

IMPORTANT: Persons perforating, repairing, removing, and/or monitoring tarps are defined, within certain time limitations, as handlers (see *Handlers* section), and they must be provided the PPE and other protections for handlers as required on this labeling and in the Worker Protection Standard for Agricultural Pesticides.

- Tarps must not be perforated until a minimum of 5 days (120 hours) have elapsed after the application is complete, unless a weather condition exists which necessitates the need for early perforation or removal (see Early Tarp Removal for Broadcast Applications Only and Early Tarp Perforation during Flood Prevention Activities for Bedded Applications Only requirements).
- If tarps are perforated within 14 days after the application is complete, tarp removal must not begin until at least 2 hours after tarp perforation is complete.
- If tarps are perforated but not removed within 14 days after the application is complete, planting or transplanting must not begin until at least 48 hours after the tarp perforation is complete.
- If tarps are not perforated or removed within 14 days after the application is complete, planting or transplanting may take place while the tarps are being perforated.
- Each tarp panel used for broadcast fumigation must be perforated.
- Tarps may be perforated manually ONLY for the following situations:
 - At the beginning of each row when a coulter blade (or other device which performs similarly) is used on a motorized vehicle such as an ATV.
 - In fields that are 1 acre or less.
 - During flood prevention activities.



- In all other instances tarps must be perforated (cut, punched, poked, or sliced) only by mechanical methods.
- Tarp perforation for broadcast fumigations must be completed before noon.
- For broadcast fumigations, tarps must not be perforated if rainfall is expected within 12 hours.
- Early Tarp Removal for Broadcast Applications Only:
 - Tarps may be removed before the required 5 days (120 hours) if adverse weather conditions have compromised the integrity of the tarp, provided that the compromised tarp poses a safety hazard. Adverse weather includes high wind, hail, or storms that blow tarps off the field and create a hazard, e.g., tarps blowing into power lines and onto roads. A compromised tarp is a tarp that due to an adverse weather condition is no longer performing its intended function and is creating a hazard.
- Early Tarp Perforation during Flood Prevention Activities for Bedded Applications Only:
 - Tarp perforation is allowed before the 5 days (120 hours) have elapsed.
 - Tarps must be immediately retucked and packed after soil removal.

ENTRY RESTRICTED PERIOD AND NOTIFICATION

Entry Restricted Period

Entry into the application block (including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the Worker Protection Standard) by any person – other than a correctly trained and PPE-equipped handler who is performing a handling task listed on this labeling – is PROHIBITED from the start of the application until:

- 5 days (120 hours) after the application is complete for untarped applications, or
- 5 days (120 hours) after application is complete if tarps are not perforated and removed for at least 14 days after the application is complete, or
- 48 hours after tarps perforation is complete if tarps will be perforated within 14 days after the application is complete and will not be removed for at least 14 days after the application is complete, or
- Tarp removal is completed if tarps are both perforated and removed less than 14 days after the application is complete.

NOTES

- See Tarp Perforation and/or Removal section on this labeling for requirements about when tarps are allowed to be perforated.
- If early tarp removal occurs for a broadcast application the entry restricted period is a minimum of 5 days after the application is complete.
- When listing application information for soil fumigant applications to comply with Part 170.122 of the WPS, list the entry restricted period time frame in place of the REI.

Notification

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting Fumigant Treated Area signs.

The signs must bear the skull and crossbones symbol and state:

- · "DANGER/PELIGRO,"
- "Area under fumigation, DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE,"
- Metam Sodium fumigation in Use."
- . The date and time of fumigation,
- · The date and time the entry restricted period is over,
- · "Sectagon 42", and
- Name, address, and telephone number of the certified applicator in charge of the fumigation.

Post Furnigant Treated Area sign instead of the Worker Protection Standard sign for this application but follow all Worker Protection Standard requirements pertaining to location, legibility, text size, and sign size (40 CFR § 170.120).

Post the Fumigant Treated Area signs at all entrances to the application block no sooner than 24 hours prior to application.

Fumigant Treated Area signs must remain posted for no less than the duration of the entry restricted period.

Fumigant Treated Area signs must be removed within 3 days after the end of the entry restricted period.

MANDATORY GOOD AGRICULTURAL PRACTICES (GAPs)

The following GAPs must be followed during all fumigant applications.

Shank Applications Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

• Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist within an hour prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and may persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions, Injection Depth, and Soil Sealing

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

The injection point for bedded and broadcast shank injection applications shall be a minimum of 3 inches from the final soil/air interface. Chisel traces must be eliminated following an application and the soil surface must be sealed immediately after application using one or more of the following methods:

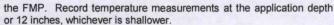
- Compaction with a bed-shaper, roller, press wheel, coil packer, ring packer, or similar device, OR
- Covering the treated soil with 3-6 inches of untreated soil, OR
- Applying a minimum of a ½-inch of water beginning immediately after application begins and completing the water treatment within four hours, OR
- · Covering treated area with a tarp.

Tarps (when tarps are used in Sectagon 42 applications)

- · A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.
- Tarps must be installed immediately after the fumigant is applied to the soil.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in



Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon. For **moderately coarse** textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water

capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

 If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted.
 If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- Do not apply or allow fumigant spill onto the soil surface. Injectors must be placed below the soil surface before product flow begins. Each injection line must either have a check valve located as close as possible to the final injection point, or drain/purge the line of any remaining fumigant prior to lifting injection shanks from the ground. Do not lift injection shanks from the soil until the shut-off valve has been closed and the fumigant has been depressurized (passively drained) or purged (actively forced out via air compressor) from the system.
- Application equipment must be in good working order.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on tanks and transfer hoses.
- · Sight gauges and pressure gauges must be properly functioning.
- Nozzles and metering devices must be the correct size and sealed and unobstructed.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g. mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- All rigs must include a filter to remove any particulates from the fumigant, and a check valve that is visible to the tractor driver during

- application to prevent backflow of the fumigant into the pressurizing cylinder.
- All rigs must include a flow meter or a flow monitoring device.
- All rigs must have a constant pressure system with orifice plates to ensure the proper amount of fumigant is applied.
- Valves (e.g., backflow, shut-off), vacuum relief valves, and low pressure drains must be in place, operational, and leak free.
- Use only positive displacement pumps. Do NOT use impellors made of brass, aluminum, or galvanized material.
- Before using a furnigation rig for the first time, or when preparing it for use after storage, the operator must check the following items carefully:
 - Check the filter, and clean or replace the filter element as
 - Check all tubes and chisels/shanks to make sure they are free of debris and obstructions.
 - Check and clean the orifice plates.

Spray Blade Applications (includes bed-top blade and soil cap applications)

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

• Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions, Injection Depth, and Soil Sealing

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Apply the product mixture on the soil immediately ahead of the bedshaping equipment or tiller. The soil surface must be compacted immediately after application using one or more of the following methods:

- Compaction with a bed-shaper, roller, press wheel, coil packer, ring packer, or similar device, OR
- Covering the treated soil with 3-6 inches of untreated soil, OR
- Applying a minimum of a ¼-inch of water beginning immediately after application begins and completing the water treatment within four hours, OR
- · Covering treated area with a tarp.



Tarps (when tarps are used in Sectagon 42 applications)

- · A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.

For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For **fine** textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

 If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted.
 If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- Do not apply or allow fumigant to drain or drip onto the soil surface.
- · Application equipment must be in good working order.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Sight gauges and pressure gauges must be properly functioning.
- Nozzles and metering devices must be the correct size and sealed and unobstructed.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g. mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.

- All rigs must include a filter to remove any particulates from the fumigant, and a check valve that is visible to the tractor pilot during application to prevent backflow of the fumigant into the pressurizing cylinder.
- Before using a fumigation rig for the first time, or when preparing it for use after storage, the operator must check the following items carefully:
 - Check the filter, and clean or replace the filter element as required.
 - Check all tubes and chisels to make sure they are free of debris and obstructions.
 - Check and clean the orifice plates.

Rotary Tiller Applications Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

• Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions, Injection Depth, and Soil Sealing

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Spray or drip the product mixture on the soil immediately ahead of the bed-shaping equipment or tiller. The soil surface must be compacted immediately after application using one or more of the following methods:

- Compaction with a bed-shaper, roller, press wheel, coil packer, ring packer, or similar device, OR
- · Covering the treated soil with 3-6 inches of untreated soil, OR
- Applying a minimum of a ¼-inch of water beginning immediately after application begins and completing the water treatment within four hours, OR
- Covering treated area with a tarp.

Tarps (when tarps are used in Sectagon 42 applications)

- · A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.

Soil Temperature



- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon. For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For **fine** textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil
immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted.
If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be
brought to the surface by tillage before or during injection. To conserve
existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of
application as possible.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- . Do not apply or allow fumigant to drain or drip onto the soil surface.
- · Application equipment must be in good working order.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Sight gauges and pressure gauges must be properly functioning.
- Nozzles and metering devices must be the correct size and sealed and unobstructed.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g. mechanical, electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- All rigs must include a filter to remove any particulates from the fumigant, and a check valve that is visible to the tractor driver during application to prevent backflow of the fumigant into the pressurizing cylinder.
- Before using a fumigation rig for the first time, or when preparing it for use after storage, the operator must check the following items carefully:

- Check the filter, and clean or replace the filter element as required.
- Check all tubes and chisels shanks to make sure they are free of debris and obstructions.
- Check and clean the orifice plates.

Center Pivot Applications Wind Speed

- For lateral move or center pivot applications: 1) not using a solid stream type nozzle, OR 2) having a release height or spray height greater than 4 feet, OR 3) having 30 lbs or greater PSI at the sprinkler head, wind speed at the application site must be a minimum of 2 mph at the start of the application or forecasted to reach 5 mph during the application and the maximum wind speed is 10 mph.
- For lateral move or center pivot applications using: 1) solid stream, AND
 2) having release height and spray height less than 4 feet, AND 3) having 29 lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, wind speed at the application site must be a minimum of 2 mph at the start of the application or forecasted to reach 5 mph during the application and the maximum wind speed is 25 mph.

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which
results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air
mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions
typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as
late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with
limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be
indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke
from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves
laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Except when applying over cover crops as set forth in the Product Instructions, crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture



- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For coarse textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon. For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

 If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted.
 If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage prior to the application. To conserve soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Flushing Irrigation Lines

• Do not allow fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete. After application of the fumigant, flush the injection and irrigation system with untreated water. The flush time must be adequate to purge the fumigant from the injection and irrigation system, but should be less than the amount that could over-saturate the beds. If common lines are used for both the fumigant application and the water treatment/seal (if applied), these lines must be adequately flushed before starting the water treatment/seal.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- Anti-siphon and back-flow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- · Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- Use only positive displacement pumps. Do NOT use impellors made of brass, aluminum, or galvanized material.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normallyclosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Any alternatives to the required safety devices in this label must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.

Solid Set Sprinkler Applications Wind Speed

 Wind speed at the application site must be a minimum of 2 mph at the start of the application or forecasted to reach 5 mph during the application and the maximum wind speed is 10 mph.

Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which
results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air
mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions
typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as
late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with
limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be
indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke
from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves
laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Except when applying over cover crops as set forth in the Product Instructions, crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Soil Temperature



- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.

For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For **fine** textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

 If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches below the surface of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage prior to the application. To conserve soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Flushing Irrigation Lines

• Do not allow fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete. After application of the fumigant, flush the injection and irrigation system with untreated water. The flush time must be adequate to purge the fumigant from the injection and irrigation system, but should be less than the amount that could over-saturate the beds. If common lines are used for both the fumigant application and the water treatment/seal (if applied), these lines must be adequately flushed before starting the water treatment/seal.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- Anti-siphon and back-flow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- · Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- Use only positive displacement pumps. Do NOT use impellors made of brass, aluminum, or galvanized material.

- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normallyclosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Any alternatives to the required safety devices in this label must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.

Drench Applications Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

• Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Soil Temperature

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- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.

For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches below the surface of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage before the application. To conserve soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.
- Applications must be followed immediately with 0.20 to 0.50 inches of water through solid set sprinklers.
- A minimum of two or more water seals must be applied; one water seal on the first evening of the application and the second on the second evening of the day after application.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- Anti-siphon and back-flow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- · Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- · Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- Each nozzle must be equipped with a flow monitor, e.g., mechanical electronic, or Red-ball type monitor.

- To inject fumigant, use a metering system, effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the fumigant and capable of being fitted with system interlocking controls.
- Nozzles and metering devices are of correct size and are sealed and unobstructed.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normallyclosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Any alternatives to the required safety devices in this label must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.

Drip ApplicationsWeather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which
results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air
mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions
typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as
late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with
limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be
indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke
from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves
laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to
 the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil
 sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil
 compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended
 fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must
 occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the



fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:

For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.

For moderately coarse textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.

For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.

For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 - 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.

For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.

 If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches below the surface of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage prior to the application. To conserve soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Tarps (when tarps are used in Sectagon 42 applications)

- A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP
- Application to blocks with previously laid and perforated tarps is allowed, but once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped. Therefore, the application would not be eligible for tarp buffer zone credits.

Flushing Drip Irrigation Lines

• After application of the fumigant, continue to irrigate the area with water to flush the injection and irrigation system with untreated water. Do not allow fumigant to remain in the irrigation system after the application is complete. The total volume of water must be adequate to completely remove the fumigant from the irrigation system, but should be less than the amount that could over-saturate the beds. If common lines are used for both the fumigant application and the water treatment/seal (if applied), these lines must be adequately flushed before starting the water treatment/seal and/or normal irrigation practices.

Application and Equipment Considerations

 Anti-siphon and back-flow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.

- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak
- · Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- · Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- The drip irrigation system (main lines, headers, drip tape) must be thoroughly checked for leaks before the start of the application. An adequate run-time and pressure are needed to detect leaks. Look for puddling along major pipes (holes on pipes or leaky joints), at the top and ends of rows (leaky connections, open drip tape), in the furrows and on the bed surface (damaged drip tape, malfunctioning emitters).
- To inject furnigant, use a metering system, effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the furnigant and capable of being fitted with system interlocking controls.
- The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, inspection port, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normallyclosed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Nozzles and metering devices are of correct size and are sealed and unobstructed.
- Any alternatives to the required safety devices in this label must conform to the list of EPA-approved alternative devices.

Flood Basin, Furrow and Border Applications Weather Conditions

- To determine if unfavorable weather conditions exist or are predicted (see *Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions* section) and whether an application should proceed, the National Weather Service weather forecast must be checked by the certified applicator supervising the application:
 - o on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and
 - on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.
- Do not apply if an air-stagnation advisory issued by the National Weather Service is in effect for the area in which the application is planned, during the application, or the 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Do not apply if light wind conditions (< 2 mph) are forecast to persist for more than 18 consecutive hours from the time the application starts until 48 hours after the application is complete.
- Detailed National Weather Service forecasts for local weather conditions, wind speed, and air stagnation advisories may be obtained online at: http://www.nws.noaa.gov, on NOAA weather radio, or by contacting your local National Weather Service Forecasting Office.

Identifying Unfavorable Weather Conditions

O Unfavorable weather conditions block upward movement of air, which results in trapping fumigant vapors near the ground. The resulting air mass can move off-site in unpredictable directions. These conditions typically exist prior to sunset and continue past sunrise and persist as late as noontime. Unfavorable conditions are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind and their presence can be indicated by ground fog or smog and can also be identified by smoke

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from a ground source that flattens out below a ceiling layer and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud.

Soil Conditions

- o Soil must be in good tilth, free of large clods, and tilled at a minimum to the depth of the treatment zone. Large clods can prevent effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of the application. If subsurface soil compaction layers (hardpans) are present within the intended fumigation treatment zone, a deep tillage to fracture these layers must occur prior to or during the soil fumigant application.
- o Plant residue that is present must not interfere with the application or the soil seal. Non-decomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by fumigation. Crop residue that is present must lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively and limit the natural "chimneys" that may occur in the soil when plant residue is present. These "chimneys" allow the soil fumigants to move through the soil quickly and escape into the atmosphere. This may create potentially harmful conditions for workers and bystanders and limits the efficacy of the fumigant. Plant residue on the field serves to prevent soil erosion from both wind and water.

Tarps (when tarps are used in Sectagon 42 applications)

- · A written tarp plan must be developed and included in the FMP
- Once a tarp is perforated, the application is no longer considered tarped.

Soil Temperature

- At the beginning of the application, the soil temperature at the injection depth must be between 35° and 90°F, measured at 3 inches in depth.
- If air temperatures have been above 100°F in any of the three days prior to application, then soil temperature must be measured and recorded in the FMP. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.

Soil Moisture

- The soil moisture in the top six inches of soil must be between 60% to 80% of available water capacity immediately prior to the application, subject to the exception below.
- EXCEPTION: In areas where soil moisture must exceed available water capacity to form a bed (e.g., certain regions in Florida), soil moisture content may exceed the 80%.
- If appropriate measuring equipment is not used to determine whether
 the soil moisture in the top six inches of soil is between 60% to 80%
 available water capacity immediately prior the application, the USDA
 Feel and Appearance Method test may be used to estimate whether the
 60% to 80% soil moisture content requirement is met:
 - For **coarse** textured soils (fine sand and loamy fine sand) there must be enough moisture (50 75% of available water capacity) to form a weak ball with loose and clustered sand grains on fingers, darkened color, moderate water staining on fingers, will not ribbon.
 - For **moderately coarse** textured soils (sandy loam and fine sandy loam) there must be enough moisture (50 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball with defined finger marks, very light soil/water staining on fingers, darkened color will not stick.
 - For **medium** textured soils (sandy clay loam, loam, and silt loam) there must be enough moisture (50 75% of available water capacity) to form a ball, very light staining on fingers, darkened color, pliable, and forms a weak ribbon between the thumb and forefinger.
 - For fine textured soils (clay, clay loam, and silty clay loam) there must be enough moisture (50 75% of available water capacity) to form a smooth ball with defined finger marks, light soil/water staining on fingers, ribbons between thumb and forefinger.
 - For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. The field may be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be fumigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If there is uncertainty in determining the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, a local extension service or soil conservationist or pest control advisor (agriculture consultant) should be consulted for assistance.
- If there is insufficient moisture throughout the top six inches below the surface of soil immediately prior to the application, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, soil moisture can be brought to the surface by tillage prior to the

application. To conserve existing soil moisture, tillage should be done as close to the time of application as possible.

Application and Equipment Considerations

- o Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispersing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.
- Meter at a steady rate into 3 to 18 inches of water per treated acre during irrigation. IMPORTANT: Prior to starting the application, always inspect ditches and border areas to ensure containment of the irrigation waters. Apply only into field head ditch. DO NOT APPLY INTO ANY LATERAL DITCHES.
- o Back-flow prevention devices must be installed and in working order.
- Tanks must be in good condition to ensure product does not spill or leak.
- Dry disconnect couplings (closed transfer system) must be installed on all tanks and transfer hoses.
- o Tanks must have sealable covers on access ports.
- o Tanks must have proper pesticide labels affixed to them.
- All tanks, hoses, fittings, valves and connections must be serviceable, tightened, sealed and not leaking.
- Use only tanks, hoses and fittings designed to withstand the pressure of the system and resistant to metam.
- For undiluted product, aluminum, brass, copper, galvanized iron, and zinc materials cannot be used.
- To inject fumigant, use a metering system, effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the fumigant and capable of being fitted with system interlocking controls.
- o Flow rates must be calibrated and checked for each application.
- All previous materials applied with the system must be cleaned thoroughly prior to fumigant application.
- o System must be flushed after application to totally remove all fumigant.

MAXIMUM APPLICATION RATES FOR PRE-PLANT SOIL USES

 Maximum application rate is 320 lbs metam sodium/A and 76 gallons Sectagon-42/A.

CALCULATING THE BROADCAST EQUIVALENT APPLICATION RATE

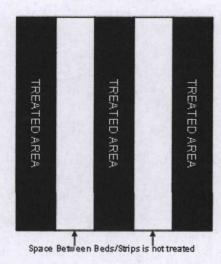
To calculate the broadcast equivalent rate for bedded or strip applications the following information is needed:

- gallons of product per treated acre
- · strip or bed bottom width (inches)
- center-to-center row spacing (inches)
- application block size (acres)

Gallons of product per treated acre is the ratio of total amount of product applied to the size of the total area treated (e.g., the rate of product applied in the bed). For bedded or strip applications, the total area treated is the summation of the area (i.e., length x width) of each treated bed bottom or strip that is located within the application block as shown by the black areas in Figure 1 (e.g., black areas are 0.6A or 60% of the area within the application block). The area of the space between the beds/strips is not factored in the total area treated.

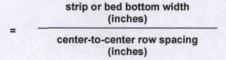
The application block size is the acreage within the perimeter of the fumigated portion of a field (including furrows, irrigation ditches, roadways). The perimeter of the application block is the border that connects the outermost edges of total area treated with the fumigant product.

Figure 1. Bedded/Strip Application (1 acre application block)



The "broadcast equivalent rate" must be calculated with the following formula:

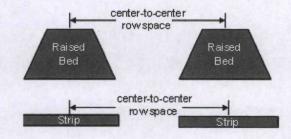
broadcast equivalent rate (gallons product/acre)



gallons product/ treated acre applied in the strip or bed

- The bed width must be measured from the bottom of bed.
- The center-to-center row spacing must calculate as shown in Figure 2.
- If there are any ditches, waterways, drive rows and other areas that are not fumigated that are in the application block, multiply the above broadcast equivalent equation by (total area of strips or beds + row spacing)/(application block size). A sample calculation is provided below

Figure 2. Center Row Spacing

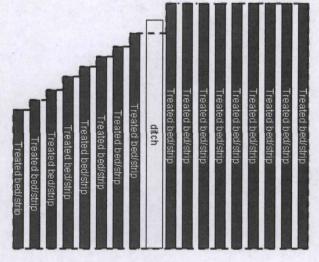




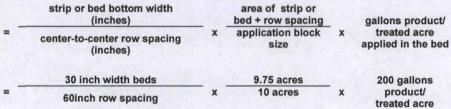
Sample broadcast equivalent rate calculation

Assumptions:

- o Application method is shank bedded
- Bed width is 30 inches (measured at the bottom of bed)
- o Center-to-center row spacing is 60 inches
- 200 gallons of product per treated acre is applied in the beds
- o Total application block size is 10 acres
- Ditch in the middle of application block is 0.25 acres
- o Area of beds + row spacing is 9.75 acres



broadcast equivalent rate (gallons product/acre)



= 97.5 gallons product/acre

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GENERAL BUFFER ZONE REQUIREMENTS

A buffer zone must be established for every fumigant application. The following describes the general buffer zone requirements:

- An area established around the perimeter of each application block.
 The buffer zone must extend outward from the edge of the application block perimeter equally in all directions.
- All non-handlers, including field workers, residents, pedestrians, and other bystanders, must be excluded from the buffer zone during the buffer zone period except for transit (see Buffer Zone Exemptions for Transit on Roadways).
- Local, state, or federal officials performing inspection, sampling, or
 other similar official duties are not excluded from the application
 block or the buffer zone by this labeling. The certified applicator
 supervising the application and the owner of the establishment
 where the application is taking place are not authorized to, or
 responsible for, excluding those officials from the application block or
 the buffer zone.
- The buffer zone period begins at the start of the application and lasts for a minimum of 48-hours after the application is complete.

Buffer Zone Proximity

- Before the start of application, the certified applicator must determine whether their buffer zone will overlap any metam sodium or metam potassium (or other MITC generating pesticides) buffer zone(s).
- To reduce the potential for off-site movement from multiple fumigated fields, buffer zones from multiple metam sodium or metam potassium (or other MITC generating pesticides) application blocks must not overlap UNLESS:
 - A minimum of 12 hours have elapsed from the time the earlier application(s) is complete until the start of the later application, and
 - Fumigant Site Monitoring or Response Information for Neighbors have been implemented if there are any residences or businesses within 300 feet of any of the buffer zones

In addition, only for Low Release Height-Solid Stream Center Pivot Applications:

- Before the application begins, the certified applicator must determine whether the application block or its resulting buffer will overlap with a buffer that is already in effect.
- To reduce the potential for off-site movement from multiple fumigated fields, buffer zones from multiple metam sodium or metam potassium application blocks may not overlap UNLESS:
 - Both application blocks are treated using low release heightsolid stream center pivot systems. The 12 hour waiting period does not apply in this instance.
 - NOTE: Under this exception, buffer zones may only overlap with those from application blocks that are not within the same field (i.e., application blocks must be in separate fields that are treated with a different center pivot rig also equipped with low release height etc.). For buffers from application blocks within the same field to overlap, 12 hours must elapse from the completion of the first application until the start of the subsequent application.
 - Emergency preparedness and response measures specified in the label have been implemented if there are any homes, businesses, or property not within the control of the fumigator within 300 feet of each buffer zone.

Structures Under The Control Of The Owner Of The Application Block

- Buffer zones must not include buildings used for storage (e.g., sheds, barns, garages), UNLESS:
 - The storage buildings are not occupied during the buffer zone period, and
 - The storage buildings do not share a common wall with an occupied structure.

Areas Not Under The Control Of The Owner Of The Application Block

- Buffer zones must not include residential areas (e.g., employee housing, private property), buildings (e.g., commercial, industrial), outdoor residential areas (e.g., lawns, gardens, play areas) and other areas that people may occupy, UNLESS:
 - The occupants provide written agreement, prior to the start of the application, that they will voluntarily vacate the buffer zone during the entire buffer zone period, and
 - Reentry by occupants and other non-handlers must not occur until.
 - o The buffer zone period has ended, and
 - Sensory irritation is not experienced upon re-entry.
- Buffer zones must not include agricultural areas owned and/or operated by persons other than the owner of the application block, UNLESS:
 - The owner of the application block can ensure that the buffer zone will not overlap with a metam sodium or metam potassium (or other MITC generating pesticides) buffer zone from any other property owners, except as provided in the Buffer Zone Proximity section, and
 - The owner of the other property provides written agreement to the applicator that they, their employees, and other persons will stay out of the buffer zone during the entire buffer zone period.
- Buffer zones must not include roadways and rights of way UNLESS:
 - 1. The area is not occupied during the buffer zone period, and
 - Entry by non-handlers is prohibited during the buffer zone period.

<u>Buffer Zone Exemptions for Transit on Roadways</u>
Vehicular and bicycle traffic on public and private roadways through the buffer zone is permitted. (NOTE: Buffer zones are not permitted to include bus stops or other locations where persons wait for public transit.)

- For all other publicly owned and/or operated areas such as parks, sidewalks, permanent walking paths, playgrounds, and athletic fields, buffer zones must not include these areas UNLESS:
 - 1. The area is not occupied during the buffer zone period,
 - Entry by non-handlers is prohibited during the buffer zone period, and
 - Written permission to include the public area in the buffer zone is granted by the appropriate state and/or local authorities responsible for management and operation of the area.

Certified applicators must comply with all local laws and regulations.

See the Posting section for additional requirements that may apply.

BUFFER ZONE DISTANCES

Buffer zone distances must be calculated using the application rate and the size of the application block.

- Buffer zone distances must be based on look-up tables in this labeling (25 feet is the minimum distance regardless of site-specific application parameters).
- If after applying all applicable buffer zone credits the buffer zone is greater than ½ mile (2,640 ft), then the application is prohibited.
- Tables 1-12 as appropriate for the method of application must be used to determine the minimum buffer distances. Round up to the nearest rate and block size, where applicable. Applications are prohibited for rates or block sizes that exceed what is presented in the buffer zone tables.

Table 1. Shank Injection Application - Broadcast Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

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Table 2. Shank Injection Application - Broadcast with Water Seal Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

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75	36	200	0 20	35	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	35	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	2 2	9 2	25	35	25	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
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35	36	20	20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	2 5	0 20	35	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25 25	25	25
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25	25	35	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	0 10	35	3 %	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25 25	25	25
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25	25	35	35	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	52	25 25	25	35	25.0	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	22 22	25	25	25	25
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25	25	25	250	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	52	22 25	22 25	3 20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	2 2	25	25 25	25	25
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{0118.002 / 111 / 00087047.DOC}

Table 3. Shank Injection Application - Bedded Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 125 150 205 43 56 75 90 15 120 135 150 200 250 43 58 73 88 103 118 148 163 113 148 163 203 203 205 250 </th <th>25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 125 150 205 43 56 75 90 105 120 135 140 200 205 58 73 88 103 118 148 163 173 205 205 66 83 100 115 130 148 163 173 205 275 86 101 113 146 151 176 137 206 203 208 86 101 113 146 151 176 131 206 253 208 86 101 123 144 153 176 134 206 203 203 203 86 101 125 144 153 176 189 204 203 203 203 203 102 124 125 176 189 201</th> <th>25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 125 150 205 43 56 75 98 100 118 130 118 130 150 205 205 56 73 88 103 118 133 148 153 213 208 205 66 83 70 115 113 148 153 173 188 213 205</th> <th>25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 115 125 175 225 43 58 73 88 103 118 133 148 153 150 200 205 55 70 85 100 115 118 148 163 173 363 203 205</th> <th>25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 115 125 255 43 56 75 90 118 130 115 120 200 255 58 73 88 103 118 146 163 173 148 153 173 148 153 203 258 86 73 88 100 115 130 148 160 175 225 275 86 101 115 130 148 161 176 173 206 256 275 275 86 101 115 131 146 161 176 131 206 253 238 238 86 101 113 146 151 176 181 206 203 203 238 238 102 123 124 151 176 181 201 202 <t< th=""><th></th></t<></th>	25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 125 150 205 43 56 75 90 105 120 135 140 200 205 58 73 88 103 118 148 163 173 205 205 66 83 100 115 130 148 163 173 205 275 86 101 113 146 151 176 137 206 203 208 86 101 113 146 151 176 131 206 253 208 86 101 123 144 153 176 134 206 203 203 203 86 101 125 144 153 176 189 204 203 203 203 203 102 124 125 176 189 201	25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 125 150 205 43 56 75 98 100 118 130 118 130 150 205 205 56 73 88 103 118 133 148 153 213 208 205 66 83 70 115 113 148 153 173 188 213 205	25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 115 125 175 225 43 58 73 88 103 118 133 148 153 150 200 205 55 70 85 100 115 118 148 163 173 363 203 205	25 38 50 63 75 88 100 113 115 125 255 43 56 75 90 118 130 115 120 200 255 58 73 88 103 118 146 163 173 148 153 173 148 153 203 258 86 73 88 100 115 130 148 160 175 225 275 86 101 115 130 148 161 176 173 206 256 275 275 86 101 115 131 146 161 176 131 206 253 238 238 86 101 113 146 151 176 181 206 203 203 238 238 102 123 124 151 176 181 201 202 <t< th=""><th></th></t<>	
55 70 73 78 710 113 113 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1143 1144 1156 1173 1186 1273 1173 1186 225 225 205 286 86 110 115 140 155 170 185 200 250 300 93 114 115 131 146 153 174 189 204 219 275 300 105 120 135 144 139 174 189 204 219 283 313 105 120 135 144 139 174 189 204 219 286 338 105 120 135 149 159 174 189 204 219 326 326 112 134 135 170 186 201 222 <td>55 70 73 80 110 113 113 143 148 143 148 143 148 153 253 253 250 66 83 98 110 115 128 143 158 173 188 238 286 80 95 110 112 140 155 170 185 200 259 300 93 108 123 134 146 155 170 185 200 259 300 93 108 123 133 144 159 174 189 204 213 275 300 325 93 104 125 144 159 174 189 204 219 235 325 325 105 134 159 150 165 186 201 222 223 326 338 112 134 148 149</td> <td>55 70 73 80 110 118 143 148 143 148 143 148 143 149 155 175 159 273 273 273 275</td> <td>55 70 73 80 113 113 143 148 143 148 143 148 143 149 155 170 155 253</td> <td>55 70 73 80 110 118 113 148 113 148 113 213 253 253 253 253 250</td> <td>55 70 73<</td>	55 70 73 80 110 113 113 143 148 143 148 143 148 153 253 253 250 66 83 98 110 115 128 143 158 173 188 238 286 80 95 110 112 140 155 170 185 200 259 300 93 108 123 134 146 155 170 185 200 259 300 93 108 123 133 144 159 174 189 204 213 275 300 325 93 104 125 144 159 174 189 204 219 235 325 325 105 134 159 150 165 186 201 222 223 326 338 112 134 148 149	55 70 73 80 110 118 143 148 143 148 143 148 143 149 155 175 159 273 273 273 275	55 70 73 80 113 113 143 148 143 148 143 148 143 149 155 170 155 253	55 70 73 80 110 118 113 148 113 148 113 213 253 253 253 253 250	55 70 73<
66 83 96 113 128 143 156 173 188 238 238 338 86 100 95 110 125 140 155 170 187 200 203 300 328 338 455 93 101 116 123 146 151 170 181 206 263 303 455 93 114 123 144 159 174 186 201 225 305 326 450 108 124 135 144 159 174 186 201 222 309 351 400 108 124 136 149 156 170 222 309 351 400 112 148 156 180 191 207 222 309 361 425 112 148 156 180 191 207 223 338 <td>66 83 96 113 128 143 158 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 187 200 203 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 170 181 206 263 300 350 93 108 121 124 153 168 189 204 273 328 475 108 120 125 144 159 174 189 204 279 308 358 475 108 124 159 170 127 229 309 350 400 108 124 159 170 127 223 309 361 413 112 128 156 186 201 227 232 309 350 425 112 124</td> <td>66 83 98 113 128 143 156 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 106 263 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 170 181 206 263 303 356 93 108 113 146 163 174 189 213 275 328 475 105 120 123 156 165 189 204 229 306 350 400 105 120 120 155 174 189 204 219 277 239 319 372 475 112 139 155 177 191 207 223 239 319 475 112 131 143 150 186 201 223 239 328 438<td>66 83 198 113 128 143 115 118 128 143 128 173 118 228 238 338 455 338 338 455 450 338 338 452 338 338 452 450 450 338 338 452 450</td><td>66 83 98 113 128 143 156 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 125 140 155 170 185 200 263 300 336 86 101 116 123 146 151 176 181 206 263 303 356 95 114 123 144 153 174 186 201 275 325 450 106 124 136 159 174 159 174 275 304 358 475 108 124 136 144 159 174 186 201 279 236 336 475 108 124 139 144 136 146 186 201 221 222 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 197 213 236 236<td>66 83 98 113 128 143 158 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 189 200 260 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 176 181 206 263 300 350 93 108 121 126 165 186 189 201 275 328 338 475 106 123 144 159 174 189 201 279 202 300 350 475 108 124 159 177 186 201 271 229 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 201 221 229 309 361 413 112 139 156 186 201 222 239 336 452</td></td></td>	66 83 96 113 128 143 158 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 187 200 203 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 170 181 206 263 300 350 93 108 121 124 153 168 189 204 273 328 475 108 120 125 144 159 174 189 204 279 308 358 475 108 124 159 170 127 229 309 350 400 108 124 159 170 127 223 309 361 413 112 128 156 186 201 227 232 309 350 425 112 124	66 83 98 113 128 143 156 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 106 263 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 170 181 206 263 303 356 93 108 113 146 163 174 189 213 275 328 475 105 120 123 156 165 189 204 229 306 350 400 105 120 120 155 174 189 204 219 277 239 319 372 475 112 139 155 177 191 207 223 239 319 475 112 131 143 150 186 201 223 239 328 438 <td>66 83 198 113 128 143 115 118 128 143 128 173 118 228 238 338 455 338 338 455 450 338 338 452 338 338 452 450 450 338 338 452 450</td> <td>66 83 98 113 128 143 156 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 125 140 155 170 185 200 263 300 336 86 101 116 123 146 151 176 181 206 263 303 356 95 114 123 144 153 174 186 201 275 325 450 106 124 136 159 174 159 174 275 304 358 475 108 124 136 144 159 174 186 201 279 236 336 475 108 124 139 144 136 146 186 201 221 222 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 197 213 236 236<td>66 83 98 113 128 143 158 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 189 200 260 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 176 181 206 263 300 350 93 108 121 126 165 186 189 201 275 328 338 475 106 123 144 159 174 189 201 279 202 300 350 475 108 124 159 177 186 201 271 229 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 201 221 229 309 361 413 112 139 156 186 201 222 239 336 452</td></td>	66 83 198 113 128 143 115 118 128 143 128 173 118 228 238 338 455 338 338 455 450 338 338 452 338 338 452 450 450 338 338 452 450	66 83 98 113 128 143 156 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 125 140 155 170 185 200 263 300 336 86 101 116 123 146 151 176 181 206 263 303 356 95 114 123 144 153 174 186 201 275 325 450 106 124 136 159 174 159 174 275 304 358 475 108 124 136 144 159 174 186 201 279 236 336 475 108 124 139 144 136 146 186 201 221 222 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 197 213 236 236 <td>66 83 98 113 128 143 158 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 189 200 260 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 176 181 206 263 300 350 93 108 121 126 165 186 189 201 275 328 338 475 106 123 144 159 174 189 201 279 202 300 350 475 108 124 159 177 186 201 271 229 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 201 221 229 309 361 413 112 139 156 186 201 222 239 336 452</td>	66 83 98 113 128 143 158 173 188 238 238 338 86 101 115 140 155 140 157 189 200 260 300 336 93 108 101 116 131 146 161 176 181 206 263 300 350 93 108 121 126 165 186 189 201 275 328 338 475 106 123 144 159 174 189 201 279 202 300 350 475 108 124 159 177 186 201 271 229 309 351 475 112 139 156 186 201 221 229 309 361 413 112 139 156 186 201 222 239 336 452
86 107 116 131 146 151 176 151 206 203 313 425 93 108 113 116 113 144 153 116 119 206 263 313 425 99 114 129 153 168 189 219 275 325 450 106 124 135 150 174 159 174 219 275 309 351 470 108 124 139 155 170 186 201 222 309 351 470 112 138 143 159 175 191 207 222 309 351 475 112 138 143 180 197 213 223 309 372 425 112 148 169 180 197 213 223 328 450 112 148 </td <td>86 107 116 121 146 151 176 120 200</td> <td>86 101 116 121 146 161 176 129 203 204 205 204 205</td> <td>86 107 116 121 146 151 176 119 206 253 313 425 93 108 113 116 113 146 151 176 119 206 253 313 425 99 114 129 144 159 174 199 204 219 288 338 475 108 124 159 176 186 201 222 309 361 413 112 134 159 175 191 207 223 309 361 413 112 134 159 175 191 207 223 309 361 413 112 134 164 191 207 223 309 372 425 112 134 164 191 207 223 239 349 450 112 134 169 196 207<!--</td--><td>86 107 116 121 146 151 176 129 209</td><td>86 107 116 121 146 151 176 120 200 203 200</td></td>	86 107 116 121 146 151 176 120 200	86 101 116 121 146 161 176 129 203 204 205 204 205	86 107 116 121 146 151 176 119 206 253 313 425 93 108 113 116 113 146 151 176 119 206 253 313 425 99 114 129 144 159 174 199 204 219 288 338 475 108 124 159 176 186 201 222 309 361 413 112 134 159 175 191 207 223 309 361 413 112 134 159 175 191 207 223 309 361 413 112 134 164 191 207 223 309 372 425 112 134 164 191 207 223 239 349 450 112 134 169 196 207 </td <td>86 107 116 121 146 151 176 129 209</td> <td>86 107 116 121 146 151 176 120 200 203 200</td>	86 107 116 121 146 151 176 129 209	86 107 116 121 146 151 176 120 200 203 200
33 108 123 138 153 168 138 159 278 325 450 99 114 129 144 159 174 159 204 229 328 338 475 108 120 125 150 187 180 195 201 222 309 350 400 112 134 159 170 186 201 221 222 309 351 400 112 134 159 175 191 207 223 239 372 400 112 134 159 180 197 213 239 248 372 425 112 134 169 180 197 213 236 248 384 450 112 135 152 169 180 194 205 256 342 364 463 122 143 156<	33 108 123 158 158 158 159 215 25 450 99 114 129 174 139 174 139 271 225 309 350 475 108 120 125 150 186 201 221 232 309 351 475 112 138 159 170 186 201 221 232 309 351 475 112 138 143 159 176 191 207 223 239 338 475 112 138 149 156 186 201 223 239 338 436 112 139 156 178 191 208 225 236 236 338 438 438 121 139 156 178 219 225 236 250 336 431 438 438 438 438	33 108 123 158 168 189 219 275 325 450 95 114 129 144 159 114 159 174 20 229 320 350 475 106 120 120 125 170 129 201 229 300 350 475 112 128 139 155 170 186 201 221 239 319 351 475 112 138 156 170 186 201 221 239 319 372 425 112 131 136 186 201 221 229 319 372 425 112 131 136 186 203 223 239 394 455 112 132 136 137 208 225 239 324 435 112 143 160 178 136 </td <td>93 108 123 138 153 168 138 219 275 325 450 99 114 129 144 159 174 159 204 229 338 475 108 120 120 135 150 176 189 201 222 309 350 400 112 134 159 175 180 201 223 309 351 400 112 134 159 175 186 201 223 239 372 400 112 134 164 180 197 223 239 349 420 118 135 175 191 207 223 239 349 450 118 136 136 136 203 243 260 347 405 462 118 149 151 120 225 243 256 445<</td> <td>93 108 123 183 168 183 184 275 325 450 93 114 129 114 129 114 129 174 129 274 223 204 235 400 108 120 125 144 159 170 186 201 222 309 350 400 112 136 159 170 186 201 221 222 309 351 400 112 138 143 159 170 186 201 221 222 309 361 413 112 148 156 180 191 207 222 229 309 361 420 112 143 156 186 199 225 229 236 328 450 112 143 160 178 196 202 222 249 463 463</td> <td>33 108 1123 1184 1133 1186 1189 219 2175 325 450 199 114 1139 1144 1139 1144 1139 1144 1139 1149 125 1140 227 228 338 475 108 113 1135 1150 1150 1150 221 232 309 350 475 1112 113 1136 1150 1151 120 223 232 318 475 413 1115 113 1156 116 116 116 120 223 232 318 475 455 112 114 116 116 116 117 213 229 232 318 438</td>	93 108 123 138 153 168 138 219 275 325 450 99 114 129 144 159 174 159 204 229 338 475 108 120 120 135 150 176 189 201 222 309 350 400 112 134 159 175 180 201 223 309 351 400 112 134 159 175 186 201 223 239 372 400 112 134 164 180 197 223 239 349 420 118 135 175 191 207 223 239 349 450 118 136 136 136 203 243 260 347 405 462 118 149 151 120 225 243 256 445<	93 108 123 183 168 183 184 275 325 450 93 114 129 114 129 114 129 174 129 274 223 204 235 400 108 120 125 144 159 170 186 201 222 309 350 400 112 136 159 170 186 201 221 222 309 351 400 112 138 143 159 170 186 201 221 222 309 361 413 112 148 156 180 191 207 222 229 309 361 420 112 143 156 186 199 225 229 236 328 450 112 143 160 178 196 202 222 249 463 463	33 108 1123 1184 1133 1186 1189 219 2175 325 450 199 114 1139 1144 1139 1144 1139 1144 1139 1149 125 1140 227 228 338 475 108 113 1135 1150 1150 1150 221 232 309 350 475 1112 113 1136 1150 1151 120 223 232 318 475 413 1115 113 1156 116 116 116 120 223 232 318 475 455 112 114 116 116 116 117 213 229 232 318 438
27 114 129 244 129 124 229 244 249 244 249 244 244 244 244 245 146 147 248 249 250 470 440	27 144 129 174 129 274 279 274 279 274 279 274 279 274 279 274 270 275 300 350 470	27 144 129 174 129 244 229 249 250 473 106 126 126 127 222 300 350 470 112 128 143 159 170 186 201 223 309 351 413 112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 239 372 455 115 138 148 156 180 197 213 239 328 438 438 112 139 156 178 186 207 229 236 378 383 438 438 121 139 156 178 186 207 229 236 378 383 438 438 121 139 156 178 136 208 225 243 260 377 463 122 143 160 178	27 1,14 1,27 1,29 1,29 2,29 2,30 4,79 108 1,29 1,29 2,29 2,00 2,25 300 350 400 110 1,24 1,29 1,70 1,90 2,07 2,22 309 361 413 112 1,28 1,75 1,91 207 2,23 2,39 3,23 425 112 1,31 1,48 1,64 1,75 1,86 207 2,23 2,39 3,81 475 475 112 1,32 1,48 1,69 1,96 1,97 2,23 2,39 3,81 4,25 475 <t< td=""><td>27 114 129 129 229 249 259 350 479 108 129 129 221 230 250 350 400 108 124 135 149 155 180 137 222 309 350 400 112 128 143 155 170 186 201 223 339 351 425 115 131 148 156 180 197 213 223 338 383 438 112 135 152 169 186 203 219 226 376 376 450 112 135 152 169 186 203 219 226 326 347 405 450 112 139 156 178 191 208 225 243 266 347 405 472 112 149 160 134 206</td><td>27 1141 127 1249 129 224 229 230 470 108 124 135 186 187 186 201 222 309 350 400 112 128 143 155 170 186 201 222 309 351 400 112 128 143 156 180 197 213 223 338 381 436 115 131 148 164 180 197 213 229 309 361 413 112 138 136 186 196 203 226 236 328 384 450 112 139 156 178 191 208 225 226 267 366 475 463 112 143 156 178 191 208 225 243 266 475 463 112 143 1</td></t<>	27 114 129 129 229 249 259 350 479 108 129 129 221 230 250 350 400 108 124 135 149 155 180 137 222 309 350 400 112 128 143 155 170 186 201 223 339 351 425 115 131 148 156 180 197 213 223 338 383 438 112 135 152 169 186 203 219 226 376 376 450 112 135 152 169 186 203 219 226 326 347 405 450 112 139 156 178 191 208 225 243 266 347 405 472 112 149 160 134 206	27 1141 127 1249 129 224 229 230 470 108 124 135 186 187 186 201 222 309 350 400 112 128 143 155 170 186 201 222 309 351 400 112 128 143 156 180 197 213 223 338 381 436 115 131 148 164 180 197 213 229 309 361 413 112 138 136 186 196 203 226 236 328 384 450 112 139 156 178 191 208 225 226 267 366 475 463 112 143 156 178 191 208 225 243 266 475 463 112 143 1
108 124 139 155 170 186 201 217 222 309 361 413 112 128 143 154 175 151 207 223 223 239 312 425 118 131 148 164 197 213 223 248 328 381 450 112 135 152 169 136 203 213 236 233 338 450 450 121 139 156 173 136 203 243 260 347 405 453 123 143 160 178 136 228 243 260 347 405 453 131 150 183 206 223 244 256 243 364 475 131 159 188 206 225 244 286 347 436 450	108 124 139 155 170 186 201 217 222 309 361 413 112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 229 319 372 425 115 131 148 166 180 197 213 229 246 328 383 436 112 135 152 169 186 203 219 226 256 336 450 450 121 139 156 178 196 208 225 243 260 347 405 450 123 146 166 178 196 214 222 249 267 356 475 475 123 146 166 178 219 219 222 249 267 356 475 475 123 146 166 178 210 213	108 124 139 155 170 186 201 217 222 309 361 413 112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 239 339 352 425 115 131 148 164 180 197 213 236 236 328 438 450 112 135 152 169 186 109 219 229 236 236 328 450 121 139 156 173 131 208 225 243 260 347 463 122 143 160 178 136 214 236 267 356 416 475 123 143 160 178 136 214 269 267 356 416 475 138 146 165 188 206 222 249 267 436	108 124 139 155 170 186 201 217 222 309 361 413 112 128 135 115 117 191 207 223 239 319 372 425 118 131 148 164 116 191 207 223 239 349 372 425 112 131 148 164 196 197 213 236 246 328 381 450 121 139 156 118 196 203 213 260 347 405 450 121 139 156 118 196 214 228 256 274 366 427 468 131 150 169 189 206 225 224 266 347 405 488 500 131 150 169 178 201 229 244	108 124 139 155 170 186 201 217 222 309 361 413 112 128 143 156 175 191 207 223 229 319 372 425 115 131 148 156 191 207 223 229 329 381 420 112 135 152 166 186 203 219 226 253 338 394 450 112 139 156 173 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 450 113 150 169 138 206 222 243 267 366 475 468 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 269 267 366 475 468 500 132 154 155 211 231 226 284	108 124 139 155 170 186 201 217 222 309 361 413 112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 229 309 361 475 115 131 148 156 186 191 207 223 229 383 393 450 112 135 152 166 186 203 219 226 226 327 383 394 450 121 139 156 178 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 450 122 143 160 178 196 208 225 243 260 347 405 475 123 143 160 178 196 218 222 248 267 436 475 463 113 154 155 211 221
112 128 143 145 175 191 207 223 239 319 372 425 478 115 131 148 164 186 197 213 229 239 319 344 450 478 118 135 152 169 186 203 219 236 233 344 450 506 121 139 156 173 191 208 225 249 267 356 416 475 536 123 143 160 178 214 222 249 267 356 415 475 534 123 143 160 178 214 222 249 267 356 415 475 534 131 169 188 206 225 244 263 361 438 360 358	112 128 143 149 175 191 207 223 239 319 372 425 478 115 131 148 164 186 197 213 239 319 339 438 478 118 135 152 169 186 219 236 233 339 450 506 121 139 156 173 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 463 520 123 143 160 178 196 224 225 249 267 356 416 475 534 123 143 160 178 196 225 249 267 356 416 475 534 131 150 169 188 206 275 278 366 471 488 548 134 154 156 173 231	112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 239 319 372 425 115 131 148 164 180 197 213 230 246 383 438 1121 139 156 173 131 208 229 239 236 394 463 1121 139 156 173 131 208 225 243 260 347 463 463 1128 146 166 178 196 214 232 249 267 356 416 475 1128 146 165 183 201 214 256 274 366 416 475 113 150 168 188 206 225 274 366 427 488 113 15 16 16 206 225 274 266 374 488 206	112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 223 239 319 372 425 115 131 148 166 180 197 213 230 246 383 436 112 135 152 166 186 203 213 236 256 347 405 450 121 135 173 191 206 225 243 260 347 405 463 123 143 166 113 196 210 212 236 256 347 405 463 131 150 113 100 121 238 256 274 366 407 488 131 150 169 173 236 226 284 364 448 513 132 154 173 192 211 231 280 289 384 488	112 128 143 149 175 191 207 223 239 319 372 425 478 115 113 148 164 116 197 213 230 339 349 450 478 118 135 155 169 186 219 225 233 347 460 550 121 139 156 178 196 225 248 260 347 405 450 550 123 143 160 178 196 225 248 260 347 405 450 550 123 143 160 178 196 214 225 249 267 356 415 475 534 123 126 128 225 249 267 356 415 475 534 134 150 188 206 225 244 263	112 128 143 159 175 191 207 223 239 319 372 425 115 131 148 156 180 197 213 229 246 383 436 121 135 156 178 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 463 121 139 156 178 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 463 122 146 166 178 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 450 123 146 165 178 219 222 243 267 356 475 456 138 146 169 188 201 225 244 262 278 375 438 500 138 156 177 197 231 251 252 288
115 131 148 164 180 197 213 230 246 338 383 438 118 135 115 186 203 219 236 253 338 394 450 121 139 156 173 191 208 225 243 260 347 405 453 128 146 156 178 191 219 232 249 267 356 415 475 128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 427 488 131 150 188 206 225 244 263 281 374 438 500	115 131 148 164 180 197 213 230 246 328 383 438 492 118 115 143 152 169 180 197 225 248 238 338 450 506 121 139 156 173 191 206 225 243 260 347 405 450 506 128 143 156 178 196 214 222 249 267 356 416 475 534 128 166 178 196 214 222 249 267 356 416 475 534 131 140 165 183 201 219 228 274 366 488 548 131 132 162 21 226 227 364 366 488 548 132 134 15 211 231 22	115 131 148 164 180 197 213 230 246 328 438 438 118 135 146 186 203 219 236 235 336 394 450 121 139 156 173 191 206 255 243 260 347 405 463 125 143 156 178 196 214 232 243 267 356 416 475 128 166 178 201 219 236 274 366 427 488 131 150 168 206 218 267 356 427 488 131 157 192 225 244 269 286 384 498 513 138 150 221 231 231 231 231 232 384 488 513 138 177 19	115 131 148 164 180 197 213 230 246 328 438 438 118 135 145 186 203 219 236 236 334 438 438 121 138 156 173 136 225 243 260 374 405 465 123 146 165 188 201 214 232 249 267 356 415 475 131 150 188 201 219 225 224 267 356 416 475 131 150 188 206 225 224 268 384 448 500 132 154 177 197 231 230 269 289 384 448 513 138 156 177 197 236 226 226 236 348 448 513 14	115 131 148 156 180 197 213 236 236 328 348 450 420 118 135 135 135 136 186 187 200 225 248 236 348 450 520 121 135 135 135 131 131 208 225 243 260 347 405 405 520 122 143 156 173 191 218 225 249 267 356 415 475 524 131 131 132 132 211 231 231 231 313 349 448 513 132 134 135 137 137 231 231 231 231 334 448 513 141 151 181 222 244 256 245 246 255 247 141 151 181 222 242 256 275 248 256 256 141 155 185 205 227 248 258 399 413 481 550 141 155 185 205 227 248 258 289 415 481 550 142 143 185 185 205 227 248 258 289 415 481 550 143 144 155 185 205 227 248 258 289 415 481 550 144 155 185 205 227 248 258 289 415 481 550 145 145 185 205 205 268 289 415 481 550 145 145 185 205 205 268 289 415 481 550 145 155 155 155 265 265 146 155 255 265 265 147 148 155 155 205 265 148 155 155 205 265 265 149 155 155 205 265 140 155 205 265 265 141 155 155 205 205 265 142 143 481 250 615 143 144 155 145 145 145 145 145 145 144 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 145 14	115 131 148 164 180 197 213 246 328 438 438 118 135 148 166 186 203 219 226 253 383 394 438 111 139 156 173 191 206 225 243 260 347 405 463 128 160 178 196 214 223 243 260 376 415 475 463 138 160 178 196 214 223 284 260 376 416 475 488 138 156 178 192 211 231 250 284 286 384 448 513 138 158 177 197 217 236 286 286 394 459 525 141 165 186 207 222 242 282 394
118 135 152 189 186 203 219 236 236 338 334 450 506 121 139 156 173 191 208 225 243 260 347 465 506 125 139 156 214 222 243 266 415 475 524 128 146 165 183 201 219 228 256 274 366 427 488 548 131 150 188 206 225 244 263 274 366 427 488 548	118 135 152 169 186 203 219 236 233 338 344 450 506 121 139 156 173 191 206 225 243 260 347 463 550 125 143 160 178 196 214 222 243 266 415 475 534 128 146 165 183 201 221 228 254 356 427 488 548 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 563 133 154 173 192 231 250 288 384 448 513 577	118 135 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 137 136 203 225 253 256 374 405 450 112 143 156 178 136 224 225 249 267 356 416 475 120 143 160 178 214 225 249 267 356 416 475 131 150 188 201 219 228 256 274 366 427 488 131 192 113 211 221 226 278 366 427 488 138 16 188 206 225 224 269 288 349 420 138 146 177 121 221 226 281 349 448 500 138 15 127 221 226 282 349 448 50	118 135 152 186 203 219 236 253 353 334 450 121 139 156 173 191 208 225 249 260 347 405 450 123 146 160 178 196 214 232 249 267 356 416 475 131 150 188 201 219 229 274 366 427 486 131 150 188 206 225 244 283 281 374 448 500 132 154 177 197 211 230 286 284 366 448 500 138 156 177 197 217 236 286 288 384 448 513 141 161 187 247 242 286 376 478 555	118 135 152 169 186 203 219 226 236 338 334 450 506 121 139 156 136 136 200 225 243 260 347 450 506 125 143 160 178 191 208 225 243 267 367 465 475 550 128 146 165 183 201 219 238 274 366 415 475 548 548 131 150 189 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 548 548 138 150 173 231 232 286 288 384 445 553 563 138 176 178 231 232 286 288 384 448 513 577 141 161 181 177 136	118 135 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 136 137 208 253 269 347 405 450 125 143 156 178 191 204 225 249 267 356 416 475 131 150 166 178 201 214 225 244 269 274 486 477 488 131 150 169 188 206 225 224 260 374 427 488 138 154 173 197 217 231 250 289 384 448 513 141 165 181 207 236 256 286 394 450 525 138 158 177 219 231 252 282 392 403 470 <t< td=""></t<>
1.21 1.39 1.39 1.31 1.30 1.39 1.31 2.20 247 403 367 415 403 350 1.28 1.46 1.65 1.83 201 219 228 274 366 427 488 548 1.31 1.50 1.88 2.06 225 244 263 281 375 436 440 475 548 1.31 1.50 1.88 2.06 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 563	1.2.1 1.3.9 1.3.9 1.3.9 2.3.9 2.4.3 2.0.0 34.7 4.0.1 40.3 5.2.0 1.2.5 1.3.1 1.6.0 1.7.8 1.3.1 2.3.2 2.4.3 2.6.0 4.7.5 5.3.4 3.5.4 1.2.8 1.3.6 1.6.5 1.8.3 2.0.1 2.2.3 2.3.4 2.7.4 3.6.6 4.7.5 5.4.8 1.3.1 1.5.0 1.6.9 1.8.8 2.0.6 2.2.5 2.4.4 2.6.3 2.8.1 3.7.5 4.8.8 5.0.0 5.6.3 1.3.2 1.3.4 1.3.2 2.3.4 2.6.3 2.8.1 3.7.5 4.8.8 5.0.0 5.6.3 1.3.5 1.4.6 1.7.3 1.9.2 2.3.1 2.5.0 2.8.8 3.8.4 4.4.8 5.1.3 5.7.7	121 139 140 171 120 171 200 2.22 424 260 367 366 415 403 128 146 160 178 210 219 222 249 267 356 415 475 131 150 165 188 201 219 228 256 274 366 427 488 131 150 168 206 225 224 268 281 375 438 500 132 132 121 231 236 281 384 448 500 138 177 197 211 236 256 281 384 448 500	123 143 160 178 120 223 243 260 356 415 405 405 405 128 146 165 178 201 219 223 224 366 416 415 415 475 131 150 165 188 206 225 224 268 274 366 427 488 133 154 173 192 211 221 226 278 384 448 500 138 156 177 197 271 226 226 278 384 448 513 141 161 187 207 226 226 236 344 459 550	1.2.1 1.39 1.40 1.73 2.40 2.25 2.43 2.00 347 356 415 473 350 1.2.8 1.46 1.65 1.78 2.01 2.13 2.28 2.44 356 415 445 5.48 1.31 1.50 1.65 1.88 2.06 2.25 2.44 2.63 2.81 375 428 5.48 5.48 1.32 1.54 1.65 1.78 2.25 2.44 2.63 2.81 375 4.36 5.43 5.63 1.33 1.54 1.73 1.29 2.25 2.44 2.63 2.84 448 5.13 5.77 1.34 1.56 1.77 1.97 2.11 2.36 2.86 2.84 448 5.13 5.77 1.41 1.65 1.86 2.71 2.36 2.76 2.86 3.84 448 5.13 5.71 1.42 1.63 1.77 2.17	123 139 130 131 130 131 130 131 130 131 130 131 130 131 130 130 131 130 130 131 130 130 131 130 130 131 130 130 131 130 130 130 131 130
128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 427 488 548 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 563	128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 427 488 548 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 563 135 154 173 192 231 231 250 288 384 448 513 577	128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 427 488 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 135 154 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 138 157 197 217 236 256 276 295 394 459 525	128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 477 488 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 448 500 135 154 173 197 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 141 161 177 232 242 256 286 384 448 513 141 161 187 202 242 256 236 384 459 459	128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 427 488 548 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 548 548 135 144 173 192 211 231 250 288 384 448 513 577 141 181 187 217 236 236 286 384 448 513 577 141 165 186 277 248 286 286 384 448 513 577	128 146 165 183 201 219 238 256 274 366 477 488 131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 135 144 173 192 211 231 250 286 288 344 448 513 141 161 181 202 222 222 226 236 236 394 449 513 144 165 186 206 222 222 282 392 403 470 538 148 165 186 206 225 222 282 392 403 470 550 148 165 186 206 225 222 282 289 309 413 481 550
131 150 169 188 206 225 24 4 263 281 375 438 500	131 150 189 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 563 135 134 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 577	131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 135 154 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 138 158 177 197 217 236 256 276 295 394 459 525	131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 135 154 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 138 158 177 197 217 236 256 288 394 459 513 141 161 181 202 226 256 288 394 459 558	131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 563 135 134 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 577 138 158 177 197 217 236 256 276 293 334 449 513 577 141 181 181 202 222 282 282 394 470 538 591 144 165 186 206 227 248 286 384 481 481 538 691	131 150 169 188 206 225 244 263 281 375 438 500 135 134 173 192 211 231 230 286 288 334 448 513 138 158 177 197 217 226 226 276 295 394 459 553 141 161 181 202 222 222 282 392 403 470 538 148 165 190 211 232 248 289 309 413 481 550 148 165 190 211 232 253 274 285 399 413 481 550
	135 154 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513	135 154 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 138 158 177 197 236 256 276 295 394 459 525	135 154 173 192 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 138 158 177 197 217 236 256 276 295 394 459 525 141 161 181 202 222 242 262 262 302 403 470 538	135 134 173 132 231 236 269 288 384 448 513 138 138 117 137 217 236 276 276 295 394 459 555 141 161 181 202 222 242 262 302 470 578 144 165 186 206 227 248 288 309 413 481 550	135 134 173 211 231 250 269 288 384 448 513 138 158 177 197 217 236 256 276 295 394 448 513 141 161 181 202 222 242 262 282 302 409 470 536 148 165 186 206 272 248 289 309 413 481 560 148 169 190 211 232 233 274 250 316 422 452 563

Table 4. Spray Blade and Rotary Tiller Applications Buffer Zone Distance in Feet

80	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	72	118	164	210	248	285	323	
70	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	64	103	142	180	218	255	293	
09	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	57	88	119	150	188	225	263	
50	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	42	58	74	06	135	180	225	
40	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	75	125	275	
30	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	64	103	142	
20	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	49	73	76	
10	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	34	43	52	
8 9 10	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	32	39	47	
- 00	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	36	41	
7	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	29	32	36	
9	25	25	25	25	. 25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	29	30	
5	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	
1	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	The second second
Gal/A	80	13	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	52	26	19	99	70	

Table 5. Center Pivot and Lateral Move Application (High Release Height*) Buffer Zone Distance in Feet

	160	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400	1550	1700	1850	2000	2150	2300	2450	2000
	140	009	700	800	006	1000	1100	1200	1350	1500	1650	1800	1950	2100	2250	2400
	120	400	200	009	200	800	900	1000	1150	1300	1450	1600	1750	1900	2050	0000
	110	350	450	550	650	750	850	950	1100	1250	1400	1550	1688	1825	1963	2400
	100	300	400	200	009	200	800	006	1050	1200	1350	1500	1625	1750	1875	0000
	06	250	350	450	550	650	750	850	1000	1150	1300	1450	1563	1675	1788	1000
	80	200	300	400	200	009	700	800	950	1100	1250	1400	1500	1600	1700	1000
()	70	200	300	400	488	575	663	750	888	1025	1163	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700
Application Block Size (acres)	09	200	300	400	475	550	625	700	825	950	1075	1200	1300	1400	1500	1500
tion Block	50	100	200	300	382	463	544	625	719	813	206	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400
Applica	40	100	200	300	363	425	488	550	638	725	813	006	975	1050	1125	TOUR
	30	7.5	138	200	569	338	407	475	557	638	719	800	850	006	950	1000
	20	75	138	200	250	300	350	400	450	200	550	009	650	200	750	ovo
	10	20	100	150	200	250	300	350	375	400	425	450	488	525	563	2009
	5	20	100	150	188	225	263	300	313	325	338	350	363	375	389	400
	1	20	80	125	160	185	202	220	235	250	262	275	288	300	312	325
	Gal/A	00	13	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	52	56	19	99	70	75

^{*} This buffer zone distance table is for center pivot and lateral move irrigation equipment in which the: 1) release height OR spray height greater than 8 feet, and 2) there is > 30 lbs psi at the sprinkler head.

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Table 6. Center Pivot and Lateral Move Application (Medium Release Height**) Buffer Zone Distance in Feet

160		700	800	006	1000	1100	1200	1350	1500	1650	1800	1950	2100	2250	
140	400	500	009	700	800	900	1000	1150	1300	1450	1600	1750	1900	2050	
120	200	300	400	200	009	700	800	950	1100	1250	1400	1550	1700	1850	
110	150	250	350	450	550	650	750	006	1050	1200	1350	1488	1625	1763	
100	100	200	300	400	200	009	700	850	1000	1150	1300	1425	1550	1675	-
90	88	169	250	350	450	550	650	800	950	1100	1250	1363	1475	1588	-
80	75	138	200	300	400	200	009	750	006	1050	1200	1300	1400	1500	
20	75	138	200	288	375	463	550	889	825	963	1100	1200	1300	1400	0010
09	75	138	200	275	350	425	200	625	750	875	1000	1100	1200	1300	
50	20	75	100	182	263	344	425	519	613	707	800	006	1000	1100	4000
40	20	75	100	163	225	288	350	438	525	613	200	775	850	925	0000
30	25	20	75	125	175	225	275	357	438	519	009	650	200	750	000
20	25	20	75	107	138	169	200	250	300	350	400	450	200	550	con
10	25	20	75	94	113	132	150	175	200	225	250	288	325	363	***
5	25	38	20	63	75	88	100	113	125	138	150	263	175	188	000
1	25	25	25	37	50	62	75	87	100	112	125	138	150	162	475
Gal/A	89	13	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	52	26	19	99	70	25

^{**} This buffer zone distance table is for center pivot and lateral move irrigation equipment in which the: 1) release height AND spray height is less than 8 feet, AND 2) 29lbs. or less PSI at the sprinkler head, AND 3) there are no end guns.

Table 7. Center Pivot and Lateral Move Application (Low Release Height-Solid Stream***) Buffer Zone Distance in Feet Application Block Size lacres)

120 140	150 350	225 425	300 200	375 575	450 650	525 725	008 009	700 900	0001 008	900 1100	1000 1200	1100 1300		1200 1400
0 110	0 125	0 188	0 250	5 325	0 400	5 475	0 550	8 544	5 738	3 332	0 925	8 1019		5 1113
90 100	88 100	138 150	188 200	254 275	319 350	385 425	450 500	532 588	613 675	694 763	775 850	857 938		938 1025
80	75	125	175	232	288	344	400	475	550	625	200	775		820
2	63	100	138	192	244	297	350	419	488	557	625	694		763
09	20	75	100	150	200	250	300	363	425	488	250	613	-	675
20	25	20	75	119	163	207	250	294	338	382	425	494	000	203
40	25	20	75	107	138	169	200	238	275	313	350	413	375	4/2
30	25	38	20	75	100	125	150	188	225	263	300	320	AOD	200+
707	25	38	20	20	89	107	125	157	188	219	250	288	325	200
10	25	38	20	63	75	88	100	125	150	175	200	225	250	
0	25	25	25	35	20	63	75	94	113	132	150	163	175	
1	25	25	25	30	35	40	50	09	70	85	105	125	145	
Gal/A	00	13	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	52	56	19	99	

Table 8. Solid Set Sprinkler Application Buffer Zone Distance in Feet

	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Io	10	10	10	10	10	Te
	120	200	300	400	500	909	700	800	950	1100	1250	1400	1550	1700	1850	טטטנ
	110	150	250	350	450	550	650	750	900	1050	1200	1350	1488	1625	1763	1000
	100	100	200	300	400	200	009	700	850	1000	1150	1300	1425	1550	1675	1900
	90	88	169	250	350	450	550	650	800	950	1100	1100	1363	1475	1588	1700
	80	75	138	200	300	400	200	009	750	900	1050	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600
	70	75	138	200	288	375	463	550	889	825	963	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500
	09	75	138	200	275	350	425	200	625	750	875	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400
	50	20	75	100	182	263	344	425	519	613	707	800	900	1000	1100	10001
	40	20	75	100	163	225	288	350	438	525	613	700	775	850	925	1000
	30	25	20	75	125	175	225	275	357	438	519	009	650	700	750	800
(acres)	20	25	20	75	107	138	169	200	250	300	350	400	450	200	550	009
	10	25	50	75	94	113	132	150	175	200	225	250	288	325	363	400
plication Block Size	6	25	48	70	87	105	123	140	163	155	208	230	283	295	328	360
Appl	8	25	45	65	81	86	114	130	150	146	190	210	278	265	293	320
	7	25	43	09	75	90	106	120	138	140	173	190	273	235	258	280
	9	25	40	55	69	83	97	110	125	131	155	170	268	205	223	240
	5	25	38	20	63	75	88	100	113	125	138	150	263	175	188	200
	4	25	38	20	09	70	83	94	105	116	127	138	226	163	175	188
	3	25	38	20	58	29	78	88	97	106	116	125	189	150	163	175
	2	25	38	20	57	65	73	81	88	97	104	113	152	138	150	163
	1	25	38	50	55	62	89	75	80	87	93	100	115	125	137	150
	_	80	13	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	52	56	19	99	70	75
	A															

Table 9. Drench Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

23.4	204	187	328	3/3	776	402	OTC	609	656	703	750	707	844	891	938	984	1031	1078	1125	1172	1219	1266	1313	1359	1452	1500	1547	1594	1641	1688	1734	1781	1828	1875	1969	2016	2063	2109	2156	2203	2250	2244	2391	2438	2484	2531	2578	2625	2640	2680	2779	2825	2872	2918
211	252	202	557	338	380	454	200	548	165	633	27.9	717	750	802	844	886	928	970	1013	1055	1097	1139	1181	1223	1208	1350	1392	1434	1477	1519	1561	1603	1645	1720	1772	1814	1856	1898	1941	1983	2022	2400	2152	2194	2236	2278	2320	2363	2405	2447	2489	2573	2616	2640
195	224	557	2/3	313	305	420	430	508	547	586	200	SEA	703	742	781	820	859	868	938	776	1016	1055	1094	1133	1211	1250	1289	1328	1367	1406	1445	1484	1523	1503	1641	1680	1719	1758	1797	1836	1875	1052	1992	2031	2070	2109	2148	2188	7222	2266	2305	2383	2422	2461
180	216	210	757	997	353	305	330	467	503	539	27.5	611	647	683	719	755	791	827	863	898	934	970	1000	1042	1114	1150	1186	1222	1258	1294	1330	1366	1402	1438	1509	1545	1581	1617	1653	1689	1761	1707	1833	1869	1905	1941	1977	2013	2048	2084	2156	2192	2228	2264
164	107	197	230	502	200	361	204	427	459	492	505	55.0	291	623	656	689	722	755	788	820	853	888	919	706	1017	1050	1083	1116	1148	1181	1214	1247	1280	1245	1378	1411	1444	1477	1509	1542	1600	1641	1673	1706	1739	1772	1805	1838	1870	1903	1969	2002	2034	2067
156	100	186	617	000	107	244	375	406	438	469	200	531	563	594	625	929	688	719	750	781	813	4 1	679	906	969	1000	1031	1063	1094	1125	1156	1188	1219	1201	1313	1344	1375	1406	1438	1469	1531	1562	1594	1625	1656	1688	1719	1750	1781	1813	1875	1906	1938	1969
141	160	107	13/	577	201	300	338	366	394	422	450	478	506	534	563	591	619	647	675	703	731	759	788	010	877	006	928	926	984	1013	1041	1069	1097	1152	1181	1209	1238	1266	1294	1322	1278	1406	1434	1463	1491	1519	1547	1575	1603	1631	1688	1716	1744	1772
125	150	1.75	1/2	200	250	375	300	325	350	375	400	475	450	475	200	525	250	575	009	625	650	673	700	160	775	800	825	850	875	900	925	950	975	1000	1050	1075	1100	1125	1150	1175	1225	1250	1275	1300	1325	1350	1375	1400	1425	1450	1500	1525	1550	1575
109	121	151	133	201	210	241	263	284	306	328	250	372	394	416	438	459	481	503	525	547	269	591	613	034	678	200	722	744	766	788	809	831	853	5/8	919	941	963	984	1006	1028	1050	1004	1116	1138	1159	1181	1203	1225	1247	1269	1313	1334	1356	1378
102	122	777	767	103	202	222	244	264	284	305	325	345	366	386	406	427	447	467	488	208	528	248	200	282	630	029	029	169	711	731	752	772	792	813	853	873	894	914	934	955	506	1016	1036	1056	1077	1097	1117	1138	1158	1198	1219	1239	1259	1280
94	112	131	151	ner of	180	206	225	244	263	281	300	319	338	356	375	394	413	431	450	469	488	200	275	244	581	600	619	638	929	675	694	713	731	769	788	908	825	844	863	881	900	938	956	975	994	1013	1031	1050	1069	1088	1125	1144	1163	1181
86	103	130	120	130	172	189	206	223	241	258	275	292	309	327	344	361	378	395	413	430	447	404	461	430	533	550	567	584	602	619	989	653	0/9	705	722	739	756	773	791	808	628	859	877	894	911	928	945	963	086	166	1031	1048	1066	1083
70	84	8 00	142	407	141	155	169	183	197	211	325	239	253	267	281	295	309	323	338	352	366	380	254	400	436	450	464	478	492	206	520	534	248	577	591	509	619	633	647	199	689	703	717	731	745	759	773	788	802	gro	844	858	872	886
55	66	27	11	00	100	120	131	142	153	164	175	186	197	208	219	230	241	252	263	273	284	292	300	370	339	350	361	372	383	394	405	416	427	438	459	470	481	492	503	514	536	5.47	558	569	580	291	209	613	623	D34	656	299	878	689
51	19	7 7	17	10	100	112	122	132	142	152	163	173	183	193	203	213	223	234	244	254	264	2/4	502	200	315	325	335	345	355	366	376	386	396	400	427	437	447	457	467	477	468	508	518	528	538	548	529	269	579	500	609	029	630	640
47	26	200	00 14	200	2 2	103	113	122	131	141	150	159	169	178	188	197	206	216	225	234	244	253	202	201	162	300	309	319	328	338	347	356	366	38.4	394	403	413	422	431	441	459	469	478	488	497	206	516	525	534	EKS CHE	563	572	581	591
44	53	2 2	70 12	1,00	00 00	47	106	115	124	133	142	150	159	168	17.1	186	195	203	212	221	230	239	240	256	274	283	292	301	310	318	327	336	345	362	371	380	389	398	407	416	423	CPP	451	460	469	478	486	495	504	513	531	539	548	557
42	20	200	00 23) K	83	92	100	108	117	125	134	142	150	159	167	175	184	192	200	509	217	522	242	250	259	267	275	284	292	300	309	317	325	342	350	359	367	375	384	392	404	417	426	434	442	451	459	467	476	484	501	509	517	526
		1	1	1								-															13						1	1																	469			
			1	1	1							-							1	1	1	1		1				248			1	1	1			3		1	1									1	1	422		444		459
				1																									100																						405			425
																																																			373 4			
		1					-												1		1																														341 3			
									1																																				1						70 3			
				1	1	-						1	1	1	1						1	1	1	1		1	1			1				1		-			1	1	1	1							1		1			

1/2 mile (2,640 feet) then the application is prohibited.

	80	25	88	150	163	175	188	200	238	275	313	350	400	450	200	550	584	634	684	734	784	834	884	934
	70	25	76	125	140	150	163	175	207	250	269	300	350	400	450	200	531	563	594	625	959	889	719	750
	09	25	63	100	113	125	138	150	175	200	225	250	300	350	400	450	478	206	534	563	591	619	647	675
	20	25	20	75	82	88	94	100	125	150	175	200	250	300	350	400	425	450	475	200	525	550	575	009
	40	25	20	75	82	88	98	100	113	125	138	150	200	250	300	350	372	394	416	438	459	481	503	525
	30	25	38	20	57	63	69	75	94	113	132	150	188	225	263	300	319	338	356	375	394	413	431	450
	20	25	38	20	57	63	69	75	82	88	94	100	125	150	175	200	213	225	238	250	263	275	288	300
	10	25	25	25	32	38	44	50	57	63	69	75	82	88	94	100	106	113	119	125	131	138	144	150
acres)	6	25	25	25	31	35	40	45	52	58	64	70	76	80	85	90	96	101	107	113	118	124	129	135
lock Size (a	00	25	25	25	29	33	36	40	47	53	59	65	69	73	76	80	85	06	95	100	105	110	115	120
Application Block Size (acres)	7	25	25	25	28	30	33	35	42	48	54	09	63	65	89	70	74	79	83	88	92	96	101	105
App	9	25	25	25	26	28	29	30	37	43	49	55	26	58	59	09	64	89	71	75	79	83	98	06
	5	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	32	38	44	50	20	20	20	50	55	09	65	70	75	80	85	06
	4	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	30	35	39	44	46	47	49	20	54	58	62	99	70	74	78	82
	3	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	29	32	35	38	41	44	47	20	53	56	59	62	65	89	7.1	75
	2	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	27	28	30	31	37	41	46	20	52	54	56	58	09	62	64	99
	1	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	32	38	44	20	51	52	53	54	55	99	57	58
	Gal/A	4	7	6	12	14	16	19	21	23	26	28	31	33	35	38	40	42	45	47	49	52	54	56

Table 11. Flood Basin, Furrow, and Border Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

* **	52	2 2	35	39	44	48	53	57	19	99	70	74	79	83	88	92	96	101	105	109	114	118	123	127	131	130	140	1444	152	158	162	166	171	175	179	184	102	197	201	206	210	214	219	223	228	252	241	245	249	254	258	263	267	272	200
1	57	22	30	44	48	53	58	63	89	73	78	82	87	92	97	102	107	111	116	121	126	131	136	140	145	150	155	165	170	174	179	184	189	194	199	203	212	218	223	228	233	237	242	247	252	167	202	271	276	281	286	291	295	300	210
200	25	27 22	43	48	53	58	64	69	74	80	85	90	96	101	106	112	117	122	128	133	138	143	149	154	159	COL	170	181	185	191	197	202	207	213	218	223	23.4	239	244	250	255	260	266	27.1	276	797	292	298	303	308	313	319	324	325	232
-	52	35	46	52	58	64	69	7.5	81	87	93	98	104	110	116	121	127	133	139	145	150	156	162	168	173	1/9	185	197	200	208	214	220	225	231	237	243	254	260	266	272	278	283	289	295	301	300	318	324	330	335	341	347	353	354	970
,	25	300	2	26	63	69	75	81	88	94	100	106	113	119	125	131	138	144	150	156	163	169	175	181	188	194	200	213	219	225	231	238	244	250	256	263	275	281	288	294	300	306	313	319	325	331	344	350	356	363	369	375	381	388	Ann
	34	40	7 5	09	67	74	81	87	24	101	108	114	121	128	134	141	148	155	191	168	175	181	188	195	202	2002	577	228	225	242	249	255	292	269	275	282	295	302	309	316	323	329	336	343	349	355	370	376	383	390	396	403	410	417	420
	36	43	200	65	72	79	98	93	101	108	115	122	129	137	144	151	158	165	173	180	187	15	201	208	216	577	230	244	25.2	259	266	273	280	288	295	302	305	323	331	338	345	352	329	367	374	300	345	An3	410	417	424	431	438	440	450
	38	46	5 5	69	11	84	92	100	107	115	123	130	138	145	153	191	168	176	184	191	199	207	214	222	230	237	243	260	258	276	283	291	299	306	314	322	323	345	352	360	368	375	383	390	398	400	421	429	436	444	452	459	467	473	400
,	41	49	20	3 2	81	89	98	106	114	122	130	138	146	154	163	171	179	187	195	203	211	219	228	236	244	707	700	276	284	293	301	309	317	325	333	341	343	366	374	382	390	398	406	414	423	430	455	455	463	471	479	488	496	512	210
2	43	52	00	77	86	95	103	112	120	129	138	146	155	163	172	180	189	198	206	215	223	232	241	249	258	2002	5/7	292	201	309	318	327	335	344	352	361	370	387	395	404	413	421	430	438	447	450	404	481	490	498	207	516	524	533	245
3	55	99	00	86	109	120	131	142	153	164	175	186	197	208	219	230	241	252	263	273	284	295	306	317	328	339	350	372	283	394	405	416	427	438	448	459	4/0	492	503	514	525	536	547	258	569	280	160	613	623	634	645	959	299	6/8	200
2	63	75	100	113	125	138	150	163	175	188	200	213	225	238	250	263	275	288	300	313	325	338	320	363	375	3000	400	413 425	428	450	463	475	488	200	513	525	550	563	575	588	009	613	625	638	650	676	688	200	713	725	738	750	763	788	100
3	R	\$ 8	113	177	141	155	169	183	197	211	225	239	253	267	281	295	309	323	338	352	366	380	394	408	422	436	450	404	COV	506	520	534	548	563	577	591	610	633	647	199	675	689	708	717	731	750	778	788	802	816	830	844	828	872	2000
200	78	96	105	141	156	172	188	203	219	234	250	266	281	297	313	328	344	359	375	391	406	422	438	453	469	484	200	531	547	563	578	594	609	625	641	656	7/9	703	719	734	750	766	781	767	813	828	859	875	891	906	922	938	953	969	100
3	90	108	144	167	180	198	216	234	252	270	288	305	323	341	329	377	395	413	431	449	467	485	203	521	539	557	5/5	595	629	647	599	683	701	719	737	755	701	809	827	845	863	880	868	916	934	255	988	1006	1024	1042	1060	1078	1096	1114	1132
07	102	122	163	183	203	223	244	264	284	305	325	345	366	386	406	427	447	467	488	208	528	248	269	589	609	630	050	0/0	711	731	752	772	792	813	833	853	8/3	914	934	955	975	995	1016	1036	1056	1001	1117	1138	1158	1178	1198	1219	1239	1259	1200
200	113	136	ECT 101	204	227	249	272	295	317	340	363	385	408	430	453	476	498	521	544	266	589	612	634	657	089	702	725	770	793	816	838	861	884	906	929	952	9/4	10201	1042	1065	1088	1110	1133	1155	1178	1201	1245	1269	1291	1314	1337	1359	1382	1405	1761
8	125	150	CIT	225	250	275	300	325	350	375	400	425	450	475	200	525	550	575	009	625	650	675	700	725	750	775	800	620	N. O	000	925	950	975	1000	1025	1050	1100	1125	1150	1175	1200	1225	1250	1275	1300	1325	1375	1400	1425	1450	1475	1500	1525	1550	CYCT
2	137	164	191	246	273	301	328	355	383	410	438	465	492	520	547	574	209	629	929	684	711	738	766	793	820	848	875	206	057	984	1012	1039	1066	1094	1121	1148	1176	1230	1258	1285	1313	1340	1367	1395	1422	1449	1411	1531	1559	1586	1613	1641	1668	1695	11/23
00	148	178	200	252	297	327	356	386	416	445	475	505	534	564	594	623	653	683	713	742	77.2	802	831	861	168	920	950	1000	1039	1069	1098	1128	1158	1188	1217	1247	1277	1336	1366	1395	1425	1455	1484	1514	1544	1573	1632	1663	1692	1722	1752	1781	1811	1841	1870
200	160	192	22.04	300	320	352	384	416	448	480	513	545	577	609	641	673	705	737	769	801	833	865	897	929	961	993	1025	10001	1131	1152	1185	1217	1249	1281	1313	1345	1377	1403	1473	1505	1538	1570	1602	1634	1666	1698	1750	1707	1826	1858	1890	1922	1954	1986	20102
700	172	206	741	2/2	344	378	413	447	481	516	550	584	619	653	889	722	756	791	825	829	894	928	963	266	1031	1066	1100	1150	1202	1238	1272	1306	1341	1375	1409	1444	1478	1547	1581	1616	1650	1684	1719	1753	1788	1822	1001	1691	1959	1994	2028	2063	2097	2131	7100
	-	2	7	90	6 6	A	46	50	54	58	62	99	70	74	78	82	85	89	93	97	101	105	109	113	117.	121	125	1289	1361	140	144	148	152	156	160	164	1680	175	179	183	187	1914	195	199	203	207	210	210	2227	226	230	234	238	242	740

Table 12. Weed Sprayer Application Buffer Zone Distances in Feet

	120	400	200	009	700	800	900	1000	1150	1300	1450	1600	1750	1900	2050	2200
	110	350	450	550	650	750	850	950	1100	1250	1400	1550	1688	1825	1963	2100
	100	300	400	200	009	700	800	006	1050	1200	1350	1500	1625	1750	1875	2000
	96	250	350	450	550	920	750	850	1000	1150	1300	1450	1563	1675	1788	1900
	80	200	300	400	200	009	200	800	950	1100	1250	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800
	70	200	300	400	488	575	663	750	888	1025	1163	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700
	09	200	300	400	475	550	625	700	825	950	1075	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600
Size (acres	50	100	200	300	382	463	544	625	719	813	206	1000	1100	1200	1300	1400
Application Block Size (acres)	40	100	200	300	363	425	488	550	638	725	813	006	975	1050	1125	1200
Applica	30	75	138	200	592	338	407	475	557	638	719	800	850	006	950	1000
	20	75	138	200	250	300	350	400	450	200	550	009	029	200	750	800
	10	20	100	150	200	250	300	350	375	400	425	450	488	525	563	009
	5	20	100	150	188	225	263	300	313	325	338	350	363	375	389	400
	1	50	80	125	160	185	205	220	235	250	262	275	288	300	312	325
	Gal/A	8	13	19	23	28	33	38	42	47	52	99	19	99	70	75

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BUFFER ZONE CREDITS

The buffer zone distances for Sectagon 42 applications may be reduced by the percentages listed below. Credits may be added, but credits cannot exceed 80%. Also, the minimum buffer zone distance is 25 feet regardless of buffer zone credits available.

- See http://www.tarpcredits.epa.gov for a list of tarps that have been tested and determined to qualify for buffer reduction credits. Only tarps listed on this website qualify for buffer reduction credits.
- 10% reduction in buffer zone distance, IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is ≥ 1% - 2%; a 20% reduction is buffer zone distance, IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is >2% - 3%; and a 30% reduction in the buffer zone distance, IF the organic content of the soil in the application block is >3%.
- 10% reduction in buffer zone distance, IF the soil temperature is measured to be 50°F or less. Record temperature measurements at the application depth or 12 inches, whichever is shallower.
- 10% reduction in the buffer zone distance, IF the clay content of the soil in the application block is greater than 27%.

Examples of Buffer Zone Calculations with Credits Applied

If the buffer zone is 50 feet and the application qualifies for a buffer zone reduction credit since the soil organic content is 1.5%, then the buffer zone can be reduced by 10%, i.e., reduced by 5 feet based on the following calculation: 50 feet – (50 feet x 10%) = 45 feet.

If the buffer zone is 50 feet and the application qualifies for two buffer zone credits since the soil organic content is 1.5% and the clay content is greater than 27%, then the buffer zone can be reduced by 20% (10% organic content credit + 10% clay content credit), i.e., reduced by 10 feet based on the following calculation 50 feet - (50 feet x 20%) = 40 feet.

POSTING FUMIGANT BUFFER ZONES

- Posting of a buffer zone is required unless there is a physical barrier that prevents bystander access to the buffer zone.
- Buffer Zone signs must be placed along or outside the perimeter of the buffer zone, at all usual points of entry and along likely routes of approach from areas where people not under the owner's control may approach the buffer zone.
 - Some examples of points of entry include, but are not limited to, roadways, sidewalks, paths, and bike trails.
 - Some examples of likely routes of approach include, but are not limited to, the area between a buffer zone and a roadway, or the area between a buffer zone and a housing development.
 - When posting, the certified applicator supervising the application must ensure compliance with all local laws and regulations.
- Buffer Zone signs must meet the following criteria:
 - The printed side of the sign must face away from the application block toward areas from which people could approach.
 - Signs must remain legible during the entire posting period and must meet the general standards outlined in the WPS for sign size, text size, and legibility (see 40 CFR §170.120).
 - Signs must be posted no sooner than 24 hours prior to the start of the application and remain posted until the buffer zone period has expired.
 - Signs must be removed within 3 days after the end of the buffer zone period.
 - Buffer Zone signs which meet the criteria above will be provided at points of sale for applicators to use. Templates may be downloaded from http://www.epa.gov/pesticides/reregistration/soil-fumigants/.
 - The Buffer Zone signs must contain the following information:
 - The 'Do Not Walk' symbol
 - DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE,
 - Metam Sodium Sectagon 42 Fumigant BUFFER ZONE.
 - Contact information for the certified applicator in charge of the fumigation.

Exception: If multiple contiguous blocks are fumigated within a 14-day period, the entire periphery of the contiguous blocks' buffer zones may be posted. Buffer Zone signs must be posted no sooner than 24-hours prior to the start of the first application. The signs must remain posted

until the last buffer zone period expires and signs must be removed within 3-days after the buffer zone period for the last block has expired.

RESTRICTIONS FOR DIFFICULT TO EVACUATE SITES

- Difficult to evacuate sites are pre-K to grade 12 schools, state licensed daycare centers, nursing homes, assisted living facilities, hospitals, in-patient clinics, and prisons. No furnigant application with a buffer zone greater than 300 feet is permitted within 1/4 mile (1320 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state-licensed day care centers, students (pre-K to grade 12), patients, or prisoners during the application and the 36-hour period following the end of the application.
- No fumigant application with a buffer zone of 300 feet or less is permitted within 1/8 mile (660 feet) of difficult to evacuate sites unless the site is not occupied by children from state-licensed day care centers, students (pre-K to grade 12), patients, or prisoners during the application and the 36-hour period following the end of the application.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND RESPONSE MEASURES

If the buffer zone is 25 feet, then the *Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures* are not applicable.

Triggers for Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures

The certified applicator must either follow the directions under the Fumigant Site Monitoring section or follow the directions under the Response Information for Neighbors section if:

- the buffer zone is greater than 25 feet but less than or equal to 100 feet, and there are residences or businesses within 50 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than 100 feet but less than or equal to 200 feet, and there are residences or businesses within 100 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than 200 feet but less than or equal to 300 feet, and there are residences or businesses within 200 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone, or
- the buffer zone is greater than 300 feet or the buffer zones overlap, and there are residences or businesses within 300 feet from the outer edge of the buffer zone.

Fumigant Site Monitoring

NOTE: Fumigant Site Monitoring is ONLY required if the Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures are triggered AND directions from the Response Information for Neighbors section are not followed.

From the start of the application until the buffer zone period expires, a certified applicator or handler(s) under his/her supervision must:

- Monitor for sensory irritation in areas between the buffer zone outer perimeter and residences and businesses that trigger this requirement.
- Monitoring for sensory irritation must begin in the evening on the day
 of application and continue until the buffer zone period expires.
 Monitor a minimum of 8 times during the buffer zone period, including
 these periods:
 - 1 hour before sunset,
 - during the night,
 - 1 hour after sunrise, and
 - during daylight hours.

Implement the emergency response plan immediately if a handler monitoring experiences sensory irritation.

Response Information For Neighbors

NOTE: Response Information for Neighbors is ONLY required if the Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures are triggered AND directions from the Fumigant Site Monitoring section are not followed.



The certified applicator supervising the application must ensure that residences and businesses that trigger the requirement have been provided the response information at least 1 week before the application starts. The information provided may include application dates that range for no more than 4 weeks. If the application does not occur when specified, the information must be delivered again.

Information that must be included:

- The location of the application block.
- Fumigant(s) applied including the active ingredient, name of the fumigant product(s), and the EPA Registration number.
- · Contact information for the applicator and property owner.
- Time period in which the application is planned to take place (must not range more than 4 weeks).
- Early signs and symptoms of exposure to the fumigant(s) applied, what to do, and who to call if you believe you are being exposed (911 in most cases).
- How to find additional information about fumigants.

The method used to share the response information for neighbors can be accomplished through mailings, door hangers, or other methods that will effectively inform the residences and businesses within the required distance from the edge of the buffer zone.

NOTICE TO STATE AND TRIBAL LEAD AGENCIES

If your state and/or tribal lead agency requires notice, information must be provided to the appropriate state or tribal lead agency prior to the application. Please refer to www.epa.gov/fumigantstatenotice for a list of states and tribal lead agencies that require notice and information on how to submit the information.

The information that must be provided to state and tribal lead agencies includes the following:

- Location of the application blocks,
- Fumigant(s) applied including EPA registration number,
- · Applicator and property owner contact information, and
- Time period that fumigation may occur.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

The certified applicator must include in the FMP a written emergency response plan that identifies:

- · evacuation routes,
- locations of telephones,
- contact information for first responders and local/state/federal/tribal personnel, and
- emergency procedures/responsibilities (e.g., adding water to the field, repairing tarps, fixing equipment, evacuating upwind) if:
 - o there is an incident,
 - sensory irritation is experienced outside of the buffer zone, and/or there are equipment/tarp/seal failure or complaints, or other emergencies.

SITE-SPECIFIC FUMIGATION MANAGEMENT PLAN (FMP)

Prior to the start of application, the certified applicator supervising the application must verify that a site-specific fumigation management plan (FMP) exists for each application block. In addition, an agricultural operation fumigating multiple application blocks may format the FMP in a manner whereby all of the information that is common to all the application blocks is captured once, and any information unique to a particular application block or blocks is captured in subsequent sections.

The FMP must be prepared by the certified applicator, the site owner, registrant, or other party.

The certified applicator must verify in writing (sign and date) that the sitespecific FMP(s) reflects current site conditions before the start of application.

Each site specific FMP must contain the following elements:

- Certified Applicator Supervising the Application
 - o Name,
 - o Phone number,
 - o Pesticide applicator license and/ or certificate number,
 - o Specify if commercial or private applicator
 - o Employer name,

- Employer address, and
- Date and location of completing EPA approved soil furnigant training program.
- o General site information
 - Application block location (e.g., county, township-range-quadrant), address, or global positioning system (GPS) coordinates
 - o Name, address, and, phone number of application block owner
 - o Map, aerial photo, or detailed sketch showing:
 - application block location
 - application block dimensions
 - buffer zone dimensions
 - property lines
 - roadways
 - rights-of-ways
 - sidewalks
 - permanent walking paths
 - bus stops
 - nearby application blocks
 - surrounding structures (occupied and non-occupied)
 - locations of Buffer Zone signs, and
 - locations of difficult to evacuate sites with distances from the application block labeled
- o General application information
 - Target application date/window,
 - o Fumigant product name, and
 - o EPA registration number.
- o Tarp Plan (if tarp is used)
 - Schedule for checking tarps for damage, tears, and other problems
 - o Minimum size of damage that will be repaired
 - Factors used to determine when tarp repair will be conducted
 - o Equipment/methods used to perforate tarps
 - Target dates for perforating tarps
 - Target dates for removing tarps
- o Soil conditions
 - Description of soil texture and moisture in application block.
 - o Method used to determine soil moisture, and
 - Soil temperature measurements if air temperatures were above 100°F in any of the 3 days prior to the application
- Buffer zones
 - o Application method,
 - Injection depth,
 - Application rate from lookup table on label,
 - Application block size from lookup table on label.
 - o Credits applied and measurements taken (if applicable),
 - Tarp brand name, lot number, thickness, manufacturer, batch number, and part number
 - Organic matter content
 - Clay content
 - Soil temperature
 - o Buffer zone distance, and
 - Description of areas in the buffer zone that are not under the control of the owner of the application block. If buffer zones extend onto areas not under the control of the owner, attach the written agreement and keep it with the FMP
- Record Emergency Response Plan as described in the Emergency Response Plan section
- Posting of Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone
 - Person(s) who will post and remove (if different) Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone signs, and
 - Location of Buffer Zone signs
- Emergency Preparedness and Response Measures (if applicable)
 - Fumigant site monitoring (if applicable):
 - When and where it will be conducted;
 - Response information for neighbors (if applicable):
 - List of residences and businesses informed,
 - Name and phone number of person providing information, and
 - Method of providing the information
- State and/or tribal lead agency advance notification (if state and/or tribal lead agency requires notice, provide a list of contacts that were notified and date notified)
- Plan describing how communication will take place between the certified applicator supervising the application, the owner, and other on-site handlers (e.g., tarp perforators/removers, irrigators) for complying with

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label requirements (e.g., buffer zone location, buffer zone start and end times, timing of tarp perforation and removal, PPE)

 Name and phone number of persons contacted by the certified applicator, and

Date contacted

• Handler (including Certified Applicators) Information and PPE

Names, addresses and phone numbers of handlers

- Names, addresses, and phone numbers for employers of handlers
- Tasks that each handler is authorized and trained to perform

o Date of PPE training for each handler

Applicable handler PPE including:

Long-sleeved shirts/long pants, shoes, socks

Chemical-resistant apron

- Chemical-resistant footwear and socks

- Protective eyewear (not goggles)

- Chemical-resistant gloves

Air-purifying respirators

- Respirator make, model, type, style, size, and cartridge/canister type
- Other PPE

For handlers: Confirmation of receipt of Fumigant Safe Handling Information

- For certified applicator(s) supervising the application: Completion date and location of the soil fumigant training program listed on the following EPA website http://www.epa.gov/fumiganttraining for the active ingredient(s) in this product
- For handlers designated to wear air-purifying respirators:
 - date of medical qualification to wear a respirator,

date of respirator training, and

date of fit-testing for the respirator

- Unless exempted in the Protection of Handlers section, verify that:
 - at minimum 1 handler has the appropriate respirators and cartridges/canisters during handler activities, and
 - the employer has confirmed that the appropriate respirator and cartridges/canisters are immediately available for each handler who will wear one

o Air monitoring plan

 If sensory irritation is experienced, indicate whether operations will cease or operations will continue with use of an air-purifying respirator

For monitoring the breathing zone:

- Representative handler tasks to be monitored
- Monitoring equipment to be used, and

Timing of the monitoring

o Good Agricultural Practices (GAPs)

 Identify (e.g., list, attach applicable label section) applicable mandatory GAPs

o Pesticide Product Labels and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

 Ensure that labels and MSDSs are on-site and readily available for employees to review.

Record-Keeping Procedures

The owner of the application block as well as the certified applicator supervising the application must keep a signed copy of the site-specific FMP for 2 years from the date of application. For situations where an initial FMP is developed and certain elements do not change for multiple application blocks (e.g. applicator information, certified applicator, handlers, record-keeping procedures, emergency procedures) only elements that have changed need to be updated in the site-specific FMP provided the following:

 the certified applicator supervising the application has verified that those elements are current and applicable to the application block before it is fumigated

 Record-keeping requirements are followed for the entire FMP (including elements that do not change).

The certified applicator must make a copy of the FMP immediately available for viewing by handlers involved in the fumigation. The certified applicator or the owner of the application block must provide a copy of the FMP to any local/state/federal/tribal enforcement personnel who request the FMP. In the case of an emergency, the FMP must be made immediately available when requested by local/state/federal/tribal emergency response and enforcement personnel. The certified

applicator supervising the application must ensure the FMP is at the application block during all handler activities.

Within 30 days after the application is complete, the certified applicator supervising the application must complete a Post-Application Summary.

POST-APPLICATION SUMMARY

The Post-Application Summary must contain the following elements:

o Actual date and time of the application,

o Application rate,

o Size of application block

o Weather Conditions

 Summary of the National Weather Service weather forecast during the application and the 48 hours after the application is complete including:

o wind speed, and

o air stagnation advisory (if applicable)

Forecast must be checked on the day of, but prior to the start of the application, and on a daily basis during the application if the time period from the start of the application until the application is complete is greater than 24 hours.

o Tarp damage and repair information (if applicable)

o Date of tarp damage discovery,

o Location and size of tarp damage,

o Description of tarp/tarp seal/tarp equipment failure, and

o Date and time of tarp repair completion.

Tarp perforation/removal details (if applicable)
 Date and time tarps were perforated,

Date and time tarps were periorated,
 Date and time tarps were removed, and

Record if tarps were perforated and/or removed early.
 Describe the conditions that caused early tarp perforation and/or removal

o Complaint details (if applicable)

o Person filing complaint (e.g., on-site handler, person off-site),

- If off-site person, name, address, and phone number of person filing complaint, and
- Description of control measures or emergency procedures followed after complaint
- Description of incidents, equipment failure, or other emergency and emergency procedures followed (if applicable)

o Air monitoring results:

When sensory irritation experienced:

- Date, time, location, and handler task/activity where irritation was observed and
- Resulting action (e.g., implement emergency response plan, cease operations, continue operations with airpurifying respirators)

o When using a direct read detection device:

- Sample date(s), time(s), locations, and concentrations
- Handler task/activity monitored (if applicable), and
- Resulting action (e.g., cease operations, continue operations with air-purifying respirators).

Water-run application monitoring

- Record monitoring date(s) and time(s)
- o Name of person(s) monitoring

o Record observations:

Is the equipment functioning properly,

Description of corrective action (if applicable), and

Other comments

o Fumigant Treated Area and Buffer Zone Signs

o Dates of posting and removal

 Any deviations from the FMP (e.g., changes in emergency response actions, changes in handler information, changes in handlers responsible for completing emergency tasks, changes in communication between certified applicator, owner, and other handlers).

Record-Keeping Procedures

The owner of the application block as well as the certified applicator supervising the application must keep a signed copy of the Post-Application Summary for 2 years from the date of application).

PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS

Sectagon 42 is a water-soluble liquid. When applied to properly prepared soil, the liquid is converted into a gaseous furnigant. After a sufficient waiting period, the gas dissipates, leaving the soil ready for planting. Sectagon 42 is recommended for the suppression of weeds, plant



parasitic nematodes, and soilborne fungi that cause reductions in the yield and quality of ornamental, food and fiber crops.

Sectagon 42 will suppress only those pests in the fumigation zone at the time of treatment. Recontamination may occur subsequent to the

fumigant's dissipation from the soil.

Weeds and germinating weed seeds that are suppressed include Annual bluegrass, Bermuda grass, Chickweed, Dandelion, Ragweed, Henbit, Lambsquarter, Amaranthus sp. (Pigweed, Careless weed), Watergrass, Johnsongrass, Nutgrass, Wild morningglory, Purslane, Barnyardgrass, Crabgrass, Groundsel, Prickly lettuce, Pineappleweed, Nettleaf, Goosefoot, Nightshade, Shepherdspurse, Stinging nettle, Malva, London rocket, and Fiddleneck. The best weed suppression is obtained when Sectagon 42 is applied to weeds that are actively growing.

The soil-borne plant pathogenic fungi suppressed include species of Verticillium, Rhizoctonia, Pythium, Phytophthora, Sclerotinia.

The plant parasitic nematodes which Sectagon 42 suppresses include Root knot, Lesion, Dagger, Lance, Needle, Pin, Reniform, Stunt, Stubby root. Sting and Spiral.

Note: Sectagon 42 will only suppress nematodes that are in the fumigated zone at the time of treatment. The fumigated zone is defined as the depth of penetration that Sectagon 42 achieves at the time of application. In Oregon and Washington, Sectagon 42 will only suppress Miloidogyne Chitwoodi. Other pests suppressed include symphilids or garden centipedes.

TREATMENT GUIDELINES

For optimum results from soil furnigation with Sectagon 42 certain procedures should be observed at designated times in the treatment program. Described in this section are important guidelines for each of the four stages of the treatment process:

Planning a Sectagon 42 Application Preparing a Field for Application Applying Sectagon 42

Preparing for Planting after Application of Sectagon 42

Your sales representative will help you select the best treatment program for your particular needs.

PLANNING A SECTAGON 42 APPLICATION

Time of Application

Apply Sectagon 42 after harvest and 14 to 21 days before a new crop is planted. In some areas of North America, fall applications are preferred because the fumes dissipate over the winter, allowing planting to begin as soon as favorable springtime conditions arrive.

Application Rate

Apply 1 to 75 gallons of Sectagon 42 per treated acre depending on crop, target pest, and soil properties. Soil properties to consider when determining the application rate include the depth of soil to be treated, soil texture and percent organic matter.

Application in Tank Mix with Liquid Fertilizer

Sectagon 42 may be injected in a mixture with liquid fertilizers. Since the composition of liquid fertilizers vary considerably, the physical compatibility of each fertilizer/Sectagon 42 tank mix should be checked by using the following procedure:

Mix a small quantity of Sectagon 42 and liquid fertilizer in a glass container. Sectagon 42 and fertilizer should be mixed in the same ratio as they will be applied to the field (i.e., if 40 gallons of Sectagon 42 and 40 gallons of liquid fertilizer are to be applied per acre, then Sectagon 42 and fertilizer should be mixed in the jar in a 40:40 or 1:1 ratio). Agitate the liquids to attain a complete mixture.

If a uniform mix cannot be made, the mixture should not be used. If the mixture remains uniform for 30 minutes, the combination may be used. Should the mixture separate after 30 minutes, but readily remixes uniformly with agitation, the mixture can be used if adequate agitation is maintained in the tank.

DO NOT PLACE CAPS ON JAR, AS INCOMPATIBLE MIXES MAY EVOLVE HYDROGEN SULFIDE GAS.

USE PROMPTLY AFTER MIXING WITH WATER OR FERTILIZER. DO NOT ALLOW SOLUTION TO STAND.

Flush all equipment with water after each day's use. Disassemble valves and clean carefully.

Target Pest and Depth of Treatment

For suppression of weeds and fungi causing seed or seedling diseases, treatment of only the top 1 to 4 inches of soil may be required (see application specific requirements in the Good Agricultural Practices section of this label). For suppression of nematodes and fungi which occur throughout the rhizosphere, treatment to depths of greater than 4 inches

may be required. For a given soil type, the required application rate will increase proportionately with the depth of treatment required.

For example, if 25 gallons of Sectagon 42 per acre is required to treat 4 inches, then 50 gallons of Sectagon 42 will be required to treat to a depth of 8 inches. Choose the appropriate application method to distribute Sectagon 42 evenly throughout the soil to the required depth.

Organic Matter in the Soil

Because of the absorbing effect of humus, soils with high levels of organic matter under the surface require higher than usual doses of Sectagon 42 with the maximum application rate being 75 gallons per acre. For example, muck soils require twice the amount of fumigant that would be used in mineral soils.

Soil Texture

Application rates will vary with the soil texture. For instance, clay soils require more Sectagon 42 than light sandy soil.

Soil Temperature During Treatment

At the time of fumigation, the soil temperature should be in the range of $40^{\circ}F-90^{\circ}F$ (1.6°-32°C).

Phytotoxicity

Sectagon 42 is phytotoxic. Protect valuable, non-target plants by stopping soil applications of Sectagon 42 at least 3 feet short of the drip line of trees, shrubs, and other desirable plants. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

APPLYING SECTAGON 42

Use of Diluted Sectagon 42

Do not store the diluted product. Use Sectagon 42 promptly after it has been mixed with water. In dilute solutions in water Sectagon 42 decomposes over a period of days. Although Sectagon 42 is stable in its concentrated form, it is unstable in acid dilutions.

CHEMIGATION-GENERAL PROCEDURES

When applying by chemigation methods the following precautions must be observed.

Apply this product only through sprinkler systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, solid set, or hand move; flood (basin); furrow; border, or drip (trickle) irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop

can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts. Do not connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

CHEMIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS

NOTE: Tessenderlo Kerley, Inc. does not encourage connection of chemigation systems to public water systems. The following information is provided for users who have evaluated all alternative application and water source options before choosing to make such a connection.

Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank measuring of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPRINKLER SYSTEMS

NOTICE: Do not operate irrigation systems without safety valves or other devices to prevent back siphoning of Sectagon 42 into water sources. Irrigation water treated with Sectagon 42 should be maintained on the treated area until the water is absorbed by the soil. The tank containing Sectagon 42 must be connected to the discharge side of the irrigation pump or other pressurized equipment attached to the irrigation line. Do not apply in irrigation systems that result in overlapping application of



Sectagon 42. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from target areas.

PREPARING FOR PLANTING AFTER APPLICATION OF SECTAGON 42

Effect of Rain

If a Sectagon 42 application is rained on less than 24 hours after treatment, lack of suppression at and near the soil surface may result.

Recontamination

Precautions must be taken to prevent recontamination of treated soil with weed seeds, plant pathogenic fungi and plant parasitic nematodes. Use clean seeds and/or plants. Before farm equipment is driven into the treated area, it should be rinsed free of the untreated soil from other fields. Interval Between Treatment and Planting

Because Sectagon 42 can be harmful to germinating and/or living plants, an appropriate interval must be observed between soil fumigation and planting. On well-drained soils which have a light to medium texture and which are not excessively wet or cold (when soil is colder than 40°F or contains more moisture than 80% available water capacity) following application, planting can begin 14 to 21 days after treatment. If soils are heavy or especially high in organic matter, or if they remain wet and or cold (below 60°F or 15°C) following application, a minimum interval of 30 days should be observed.

Aeration before planting

Soils including soils high in clay or organic matter, should be allowed to aerate and dry thoroughly after treatment with Sectagon 42. During cold and/or wet (when soil is colder than 40°F or contains more moisture than 80% available water capacity) weather, frequent shallow cultivation can aid the escape of Sectagon 42 from the soil.

Testing for Dissipation of Sectagon 42

After the waiting period has passed, if there are any questions about the complete escape of Sectagon 42 from the soil, transplant a seedling into the treated soil. If the plant develops normally without any signs of chemical injury, crop planting can begin.

USES, APPLICATION METHODS & RATES FIELD APPLICATION WHERE ENTIRE AREA IS BEING TREATED

POWER ROLL SEAL METHOD (NON-TARP)

Use a RO-TO-VATE & ROLL Applicator only. Contact your local agricultural extension service, distributor or the manufacturer for approved RO-TOVATE & ROLL Application specifications.

When to Treat: Apply Sectagon 42 2 to 6 weeks prior to planting, whenever soil type and conditions permit. For best results with annual crops, treat the soil each year. Do not use Sectagon 42 to treat any type of soil when it is cold and/or wet (when soil is colder than 35°F or contains more moisture than 80% available water capacity).

Application: Use undiluted Sectagon 42 to the desired depth below the final soil surface. (Contact your dealer or the manufacturer for the specifications for suitable application equipment).

IMPORTANT SOIL TREATMENT PRECAUTIONS

Crops to be hilled: For crops that require soil movement (hilling) prior to or after planting, incorporate Sectagon 42 to a depth that will allow the tillage required to occur without penetrating below the depth of treatment (see application specific requirements in the Good Agricultural Practices section of this label).

Crops to be bedded: For crops to be bedded, care must be taken that exposed sides of raised beds are not cracked or open compared to the power rolled surface. If necessary, add power rollers of the required height or other sealing equipment to the ends of the bedding equipment to seal the sides.

Note: The use of Sectagon 42 for the suppression of weeds, weed seeds and shallow inhabiting soil fungi requires that NO SOIL CULTIVATION OCCUR FOLLOWING TREATMENT until time of planting.

This method of treating soil with Sectagon 42 will not be effective for the suppression of nematodes outside the treated zone. This method of Sectagon 42 application can be used in combination with other soil furnigants to suppress the nematodes persisting in the surface 1 to 6 inches of soil normally not suppressed with injected soil furnigants.

Zone of treatment will be limited by diameter of applicator. If pest is deeper than applicator can treat to, use a different method. For further information contact your local agricultural extension service or the manufacturer.

SOIL INJECTION

Use injectors (shanks, blades, fertilizer wheels, plows, etc.) to apply Sectagon 42 at the rate of 15 to 75 gallons per acre into well prepared soil. Follow immediately with a bedshaper, roller press wheel, or similar device, or cover with an adequate amount of soil to seal the fumigant into the soil.

Example: apply through injectors placed 4 inches below surface and 5 inches apart.

SPRINKLER SYSTEM

Use only those sprinkler systems which give large water droplets to prevent excess loss. Use 37.5 to 75 gallons Sectagon 42 per acre for suppression of nematodes and fungi at a depth of 24 inches. For suppression of weeds and fungi at a depth of 8 inches or less, use 15 to 75 gallons per acre. Inject the Sectagon 42 in enough water to reach to desired treatment depth. The product should be continuously metered into the irrigation system throughout the entire application period. Flush the system with only enough water to clear lines. If the soil surface dried quickly, reseal it with 15 minutes of water once a day for the next day or two.

To prevent runoff of treatment solution during sprinkler application, do not exceed the infiltration rate of the solution into the soil. Should runoff occur, isolate it from growing crops and water sources. Once collected, reapply it to the treated area. See use precautions in "CHEMIGATION" section.

CHECK OR FLOOD IRRIGATION

Meter Sectagon 42 at a steady rate into water during irrigation. Use 40 to 75 gallons of Sectagon 42 per acre, depending upon the kind of pest and depth desired, in 3 to 18 inches of water per acre. See use precautions in "CHEMIGATION" section.

DISC APPLIED METHOD

Spray Sectagon 42 immediately in front of disc. Use 15 to 75 gallons per acre. Follow immediately with a roller to smooth and compact the soil surface.

DRIP IRRIGATION

Sectagon 42 may be injected into drip irrigation systems prior to planting. The area must be calculated in accordance with the size of the band treated. Apply 40 gallons per broadcast acre in one acre inch of water (27,000 gallons). The resulting concentration is 700 ppm on a weight basis. (Example: if the emitters irrigate 10% of each acre then use 5 gallons Sectagon 42 in 2,700 gallons water). Inject continuously. Do not slug treat. See use precautions in "CHEMIGATION" section.

APPLICATION TO BED OR ROWS

POWER ROLL SEAL METHOD (NON-TARP)

Use a modified RO-TO-VATE & ROLL Applicator only. Contact your local agricultural extension service, distributor or the manufacturer for approved RO-TO-VATE & ROLL Applicator specifications.

When to treat: Apply Sectagon 42 2 to 6 weeks prior to planting whenever soil type and conditions permit. For best results with annual crops, treat the soil each year. Do not use Sectagon 42 to treat any type of soil when it is cold and/or wet (when soil is colder than 35°F or contains more moisture than 80% available water capacity).

Application: Use undiluted Sectagon 42 Apply with suitable application equipment that will ensure incorporation of Sectagon 42 to the desired depth below the final soil surface. (Contact your dealer or the manufacturer for the specifications for suitable application equipment).

IMPORTANT SOIL TREATMENT PRECAUTIONS

Crops to be hilled: For crops that require soil movement (hilling) prior to or after planting, incorporate Sectagon 42 to a depth that will allow the tillage required to occur without penetrating below the depth of treatment (see application specific requirements in the Good Agricultural Practices section of this label).

Crops to be bedded: For crops to be bedded, care must be taken that exposed sides of raised beds are not cracked or open compared to the power rolled surface. If necessary, add power rollers of the required height or other sealing equipment to the ends of the bedding equipment to seal the sides.

Note: The use of Sectagon 42 for the suppression of weeds, weed seeds and shallow inhabiting soil fungi requires that NO SOIL CULTIVATION OCCUR FOLLOWING TREATMENT until time of planting.

This method of treating soil with Sectagon 42 will not be effective for the suppression of nematodes outside the treated zone. This method of



Sectagon 42 application can be used in combination with other soil fumigants to suppress the nematodes persisting on the surface 1 to 6 inches of soil normally not suppressed with injected soil fumigants.

Zone of treatment will be limited by diameter of applicator. If pest is deeper than applicator can treat to, use a different method. For further information contact your local agricultural extension service or the manufacturer.

SOIL INJECTION

Sectagon 42 at the rate of 50 to 75 gallons per treated acre (1 to 1.5 pints per 100 sq. ft.), may be injected into preformed plant beds following the directions given above under soil injection. If a wider treated band is desired, space 2 or more injectors (shanks, blades, fertilizer wheels, etc.) at desired intervals to cover the desired treating width. Seal immediately. If Sectagon 42 is injected into established plant beds to terminate growth of a previous crop, and to fumigate the bed in preparation for planting a subsequent crop, the terminated crop should not be used for any food or feed purposes after Sectagon 42 has been applied.

SOIL COVERING METHOD (BED-OVER METHOD)

Sectagon 42 may be sprayed or dripped onto the soil immediately ahead of bed-shaping equipment. Follow immediately with a bedshaper, roller press wheel, or similar device, or cover with an adequate amount of soil to seal the fumigant into the soil. The recommended rate of Sectagon 42 is 40 to 75 gallons per acre of treated soil, approximately equivalent to .5 to 1.5 pints per 100 linear ft. of 12-inch wide row.

DRIP IRRIGATION

During pre-irrigation, check drip tape for uniform distribution and repair if necessary. Apply 15 to 75 gallons Sectagon 42 per treated acre (0.25 to 1.5 pints per 100 sq. ft. of treated soil) using enough water to thoroughly wet entire desired treatment zone. During the entire irrigation period, inject Sectagon 42 continuously into drip line as close as possible to treatment area. Two or more lines per bed may be needed to ensure full coverage. Weed suppression will not be satisfactory if too much water is applied (if 80% available water capacity is exceeded). An adequate concentration of Sectagon 42 must be present at the time of weed seed germination in order to be effective. See use precautions in "CHEMIGATION" section.

DRENCH METHOD

Sectagon 42 may be applied to finished beds in enough water to soak at least 2 inches deep for suppression of shallow seeded weeds. To avoid contamination by untreated soil, do not disturb the treated area. Apply 15 to 75 gallons of Sectagon 42 per treated acre.

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS

TOBACCO PLANT BEDS

Fall applications are recommended wherever possible. Read and follow DIRECTIONS FOR USE carefully. Treatment in the South should generally be made before November 30.

DRENCH METHOD: Apply 2 gallons Sectagon 42 in 150 to 200 gallons of water per 100 sq. yd. Application may be made with sprinklers, sprayers with nozzles or any suitable equipment. Follow directions given above for seed bed treatment.

SYMPHYLID SUPPRESSION

Soil should be in good seed bed condition to a depth of 8 to 10 inches. Maintain adequate moisture during spring season. Treat during July-August when symphylids are in the upper soil surface. Apply 15 gallons Sectagon 42 per acre using blade or chisel injector. Inject below level of symphylid concentration, usually 6 to 8 inches. Pack soil immediately after application.

NOTE: Sectagon 42 will only suppress nematodes which are in the furnigated zone at the time of treatment.

POTATOES

For suppression of potato pests such as Root knot nematodes, Weed seeds, Verticullum dahlias (Early maturity disease).

Apply 30 to 75 gallons Sectagon 42 per acre using injectors (shanks, blades, fertilizer wheels, plows, etc.) Follow immediately with a bedshaper, roller press wheel or similar device or cover with an adequate amount of soil to seal the fumigant into the soil.

Sprinkler system preplant application – Use 37.5 to 75 gallons of Sectagon 42 per acre. Inject into a sprinkler system that can deliver an even water distribution for the area being treated. Inject all of the

Sectagon 42 needed for the area covered and apply in enough water to reach the desired treatment depth. Soil temperature should be in the range of 35°F to 90°F in the treatment zone. Soil moisture immediately prior to treatment must be 60 to 80% of available water capacity down to 24" level. Soil condition must facilitate even moisture penetration without runoff. Do not apply when plants are present. See use precautions in "CHEMIGATION" section.

NOTE: Sectagon 42 will suppress Root knot nematodes in the fumigated zone at the time of treatment. The fumigated zone is defined as the depth of penetration that Sectagon 42 achieves at the time of application.

If high numbers or deep nematodes are identified, anticipate nematodes to build up throughout the growing season. Some damage will occur unless additional action is taken.

Sectagon 42 has no soil residual and reinfestation of a field can occur from numerous sources such as deep nematode populations, seed pieces, irrigation water, equipment contamination and blowing wind.

EARLY MATURITY DISEASES OF POTATOES IN OREGON

Apply 30 gallons Sectagon 42 per acre using injectors (shanks, blades, fertilizer wheels, plows, etc.) Follow immediately with a bedshaper, roller press wheel or similar device or cover with an adequate amount of soil to seal the fumigant into the soil.

NOTE: Sectagon 42 will suppress Root knot nematodes in the fumigated zone at the time of treatment. The fumigated zone is defined as the depth of penetration that Sectagon 42 achieves at the time of application.

MINT

Verticilium wilt control.

When infestation is limited to small spots in a field, spread can be reduced by treating the soil with 75 gallons Sectagon 42 per treated acre (1½ pints per 100 sq. ft.) using injector blade or thin shank injector rig with injectors spaced at intervals to cover the desired treating width.

WHEAT AND BARLEY

For suppression of certain root diseases caused by Early season soil fungi – before applying Sectagon 42 cultivate the area to be treated to break up clods. Apply 2 to 7.5 gallons per treated acre 14 to 21 days before planting. Sectagon 42 may be diluted with water or non-acidic liquid fertilizer immediately before applying. Inject Sectagon 42 to a depth of 5 to 8 inches into moist soil. Space injector shanks at intervals to cover the desired treating width.

Do not mix Sectagon 42 with acidic fertilizer or other acidic solutions. Use only in areas which receive 15 or more inches of rainfall per year.

PEANUTS

Cylindrocladlium Black Rot (CBR) Suppression:

Apply Sectagon 42 at the following rates:

CBR-resistant cultivar (NC8C): 7.5 gallons per treated acre or 4 pints per 1,000 feet of treated row CBR-susceptible peanut cultivars (Florigant, GK-3, NC-5 Keel 29): 15 gallons per treated acre or 8 pints per 1,000 feet of treated row.

CBR-highly susceptible cultivars (VA 81B, NC7): use of Sectagon 42 is not recommended.

Soil Preparation: Before applying Sectagon 42 residue from the previous crop should be decomposed (enhanced by fall discing) and plowed under in the spring with moldboard plow. Soil incorporated preplant herbicides must be applied before application of Sectagon 42.

Application: Apply Sectagon 42 with a gravity flow regulator through chisel-type or counter-type applicators. Center each applicator, one per row, in front of a bedshaper to mark the location of chemical deposition. Sectagon 42 should be deposited 6 to 8 inches below the soil surface of beds. Bed and applicator spacing should coincide with row spacing at planting. Soil temperatures must be in the range of 60°F to 90°F at injection depth before application.

Tillage and Planting after Application: Do not mix treated soil with untreated soil by tillage or other cultural practices. Plant peanuts in the center of treated beds no earlier than 14 days following application of Sectagon 42. An at-planting nematicide treatment will be necessary in fields with heavy infestation of Root knot, Ring and/or String nematode.

FOR SUPPRESSION OF SPECIFIC ORCHARD DISEASES (SUCH AS SPECIFIC APPLE REPLANT DISEASE)

Use 62 to 75 gallons of Sectagon 42 per treated acre. It is best to have the replant site prepared to a planting consistency which includes irrigating to 70% available water capacity before Sectagon 42 application. Treatment can be made in the Fall or Spring before planting but Fall application is the preferred timing. Spring application can be riskier because the interval between treatment and planting is critical; see CAUTIONS listed below. Do not harvest fruit within one (1) year of application. Application with handheld equipment is prohibited.

There are three application techniques that may be used: 1) Entire orchard site, 2) Individual tree row site, and 3) Individual tree plant site.

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Entire orchard site: Inject the desired amount of Sectagon 42 into a sprinkler system to treat the entire replant site. Figure the irrigation schedule required to cover the desired treatment depth. Start the irrigation system and inject the Sectagon 42 one-third to one-half way through the cycle making sure to leave enough time at the end of the cycle to seal the application with plain water.

Individual tree row site: Two methods of application may be used to apply Sectagon 42 to individual tree row sites: Method One is to apply Sectagon 42 through a portable irrigation system such as a sprinkler or drip system; Method Two is to apply the desired amount of Sectagon 42 through a weed sprayer while the irrigation system is running. For either method and after identifying the position of the future tree row site, apply Sectagon 42 one-third to one-half way through the required irrigation cycle leaving enough time at the end of the cycle to apply plain water, sealing the Sectagon 42 in the ground.

Individual tree plant site: Use 18 to 24 fluid ounces of Sectagon 42 per 100 gallons of water. Use 16 gallons of this solution in a 4 by 4 foot planting hole. Water and product amount adjustments can be made to accommodate different size planting holes to ensure product movement to desired depth. Replace dirt removed.

TARPING: Tarping of replant sites is required when near (1/2 mile) to populated areas, such as schools, hospitals, commercial or office buildings, factories, residential areas, etc. Tarping is not required if treatment is farther than 1/2 mile from such populated areas.

CAUTIONS: INTERVAL BETWEEN TREATMENT AND PLANTING Because Sectagon 42 is harmful to living plants, an appropriate interval must be observed between Sectagon 42 application and planting. On well-drained soils which have a light to medium texture and are not excessively wet or cold following application, planting can begin 21 to 30 days after treatment. If soils are heavy or especially high in organic matter or if they remain wet and/or cold (below 60°F) following application, a minimum interval of 30 to 45 days should be observed. Where the dosage approaches the 75 gallons per acre rate, wait at least 60 days.

HARVEST OF ANY FRUIT WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR OF TREATMENT IS PROHIBITED.



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