UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

DCT 2 2 2003

Mr. Robert Prince Microgen Inc. 33 Clinton Road, Ste. 102 West Caldwell, NJ 07006

Subject:

D-125

EPA Registration No. 61178-1 Amendment Date: August 1, 2003 EPA Receipt Date: August 1, 2003

Dear Mr. Prince,

The following amendment submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable with the conditions listed below.

Response to Agency letter dated May 14, 2003

General Comments

A copy of the accepted stamped label is enclosed. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed label before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact Jacqueline McFarlane at (703) 308-6416.

Sincerely,

Product Manager (31)

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

CONCURRENCES									
SYMBOL					***********				
SURNAME)		,							
DATE			************		*************				
EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)			Printed on Recorded Power				OFFICIAL FILE COPY		

HIGHLIGHTED COPY

2715

CENTER PANEL

D-125

BROAD SPECTRUM DISINFECTANT, HOSPITAL DISINFECTANT, ANTIMICROBIAL, BROAD SPECTRUM CLEANER & DISINFECTANT, GERMICIDAL, GERMICIDE, GERMICIDAL CLEANER, CLEANS AS IT DISINFECTS, ANTIBACTERIAL, BACTERICIDE, HIV & HBV VIRUCIDE, KILLS COMMON HOUSEHOLD GERMS. CARPET SANITIZER AGAINST ODOR CAUSING BACTERIA, REDEFINING CLEAN, CLAIMS AGAINST 110+ ORGANISMS. HOSPITAL VIRUCIDAL DISINFECTANT, CONCENTRATED DISINFECTANT CLEANER, CONCENTRATED FORMULA

CLEANER, DISINFECTANT, SANITIZER, DETERGENT, FUNGICIDE, DEODORIZER, VIRUCIDE*, MILDEWSTAT

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS.	
Alkyl (60% C ₁₄ , 30% C ₁₆ , 5% C ₁₂ , 5% C ₁₈) dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride	2.37%
Alkyl (68% C ₁₂ , 32% C ₁₄) dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chloride	2.37%
INERT INGREDIENTS	35.26%
TOTAL 10	0.00%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

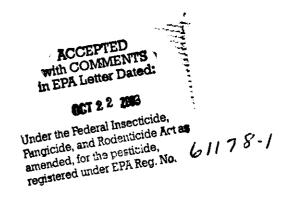
DANGER

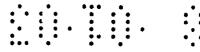
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

NET CONTENTS: Varies

Microgen Inc.
33 Clinton Road Suite 102
West Caldwell, NJ 07006

EPA Reg. No. 61178-1 EPA Est. No. Varies





Contains DISNFX-125 Brand Hospital Disinfectant Formula Exclusively from MICROGEN, INC

LEFT PANEL- NUMBER 1

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield or safety glasses). Wear protective clothing and rubber gloves. Avoid contamination of food. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT - FIRST AID

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

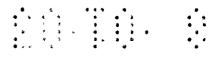
IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For additional medical advice, call the following emergency phone number: 000-000-0000.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

If container is 5 gallons or more, the following statement must be used: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.



LEFT PANEL- NUMBER 2

STORAGE and DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE

Do not store on side. Avoid creasing or impacting of side walls. Store securely in closed original container. Avoid storage at temperature extremes or in sunlight. Avoid shipping or storing below freezing. If product freezes, thaw at room temperature and shake gently to remix components. Use locked storage in an area that will prevent cross-contamination of other pesticides, fertilizer, food and feed. Store in locked area inaccessible to children.

If container is 1 gallon or less, the above storage statements may be used.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

If container is 1 gallon or less, the above pesticide disposal statements may be used.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent), then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

If container is 1 gallon or less, the following statement may be used: Do not reuse empty container. Replace cap and discard container in trash. Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.



5 7 15

RIGHT PANEL-NUMBER 1

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

To be used in hospitals in the following areas as a disinfectant: operating rooms, patient care rooms & facilities, recovery, anesthesia, ER, radiology, X-ray cat labs, newborn nurseries, orthopedics, respiratory therapy, surgi-centers, labs, blood collection rooms, central supply, housekeeping & janitorial rooms, nursing homes, doctor's offices & labs, dentists offices & labs (dental operatories).

This product is not to be used as a terminal sterilant/high-level disinfectant on any surface or instrument that (1) is introduced directly into the human body, either into or in contact with the bloodstream or normally sterile areas of the body, or (2) contacts intact mucous membranes but which does not ordinarily penetrate the blood barrier or otherwise enter normally sterile areas of the body. This product may be used to preclean or decontaminate critical or semi-critical medical devices prior to sterilization or high-level disinfection.

In addition, this product may be used as a disinfectant in Mortuaries, Cosmetic Manufacturing Facilities, Medical Device Manufacturing Facilities, Biotechnology Firms, Shipping Terminals, Police Stations, Bus Stations, Train Stations, Laundromats, Trucks, Photocopier Centers, Exercise Rooms, Museums, Art Galleries, Bicycle Shops, Computer Manufacturing Sites, Post Offices, Performance/Theater Centers, Banks, Libraries, Recycling Centers, Toy Factories, Gift Shops, Tatoo Parlors, Gyms, Gymnasiums, Tanning Spas, Massage/Facial Salons, Hair/Nail Salons, Video Centers, Public Transportation, Physician Offices, EMS & Fire Facilities, Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Facilities, Auto Repair Centers, Cruise Lines, Airlines Terminals, Log Cabins, Coffee Shops, Department Stores, Retail Stores, Bagel Stores, Court Houses, Municipal Government Buildings, Colleges, Universities, Community Colleges, Campgrounds, Travel Rest Areas, Recreational Facilities, Sports Arenas, Donut Shops, Boats/Ships, Hotels/Motels, Dormitories, Movie Houses, Pizza Parlors, Lifecare Retirement Communities, Hospices, Book Stores, Convenient Stores, Liquor Stores, Day Care Centers, Acute Care Institutions, Alternate Care Institutions, Home Health Care Institutions, Food Establishments, Shopping Malls, Churches, Picnic Facilities, Schools, Barber/Beauty Shops, Salons, Health Clubs, Spas, Sick Rooms, Rest Rooms, Shower Rooms, Shower Stalls, Bathrooms, Veterinary Clinics, Restaurants, Cafeterias, Bars, Meat/Poultry/Food Processing Plants, Meat/Poultry Producing Establishments, Dairies, Farms, Poultry Houses, Swine Farms, Dog/Cat Animal Kennels, Airplanes, Industries and Homes.

This product can be used to disinfect the following inanimate, hard, non-porous nonfood environmental surfaces: walls, floors, sink tops, toilet bowls, table tops, counters, countertops, barber shop instruments and tools, appliances, tables, chairs, benches, telephones, chair arms, bed frames, cabinets, bathtubs, and urinals.

Meat/Poultry/Food Processing plants: Do not use on food contact/processing surfaces or before using this product, food products and packaging materials must be removed from the room or carefully protected. After use, all food contact surfaces in the area must be thoroughly rinsed with potable water. This product may be used in inedible product processing areas, nonprocessing areas and/or exterior areas without a rinse.

Restaurants, Cafeterias. Bars: Use a potable rinse on the following specific food contact surfaces: counters, tables, picnic tables, appliances and/or stovetops. This product should not be used to disinfect or clean utensils, glassware, dishes and cookware.

page 4 of 10 (08-01-2003)

RIGHT PANEL-NUMBER 2

BOTTLE USE-DILUTION: Remove outer cap. While holding bottle by the neck, twist off inner cap and discard. Replace outer cap loosely. Gently squeeze the lower chamber until the upper reservoir is filled to the desired level. Use at a dilution of 1:64 (2 ounces per gallon of water or 16 ml per liter).

DISINFECTION:

Add two ounces D-125 per gallon of water. Remove gross filth or heavy soil. For heavily soiled areas, a precleaning step is required. Apply solution with a cloth, mop, sponge or hand pump trigger sprayer such that all surfaces remain wet for 10 minutes. Let air dry. Prepare a fresh solution for each use. D-125 is effective in hard water up to 300 ppm hardness (calculated as CaCO₃) and in the presence of organic soil (5% blood serum).

This product, in the presence of a 98 % organic soil load, diluted 1:64 (2 ounces per gallon) in 791 ppm Hard Water, demonstrated efficacy within 10 minutes against the following organisms: Staphylococcus aureus, Salmonella choleraesuis. Note that the organisms referenced in the above statement are not commonly associated with blood spills. For blood spills, the surface must be thoroughly cleaned before applying the disinfectant.

DISINFECT TOILET BOWLS Flush toilet and add 2 ounces D-125 directly to the bowl water. Swab the bowl completely using a scrub brush or toilet mop, making sure to get under the rim. Let stand for 10 minutes and flush.

DISINFECTION OF BARBER AND BEAUTY SHOP INSTRUMENTS & TOOLS: Thoroughly preclean. Completely immerse brushes, combs, scissors, clipper blades, razors, tweezers, manicure and other shop tools for 10 minutes (or longer as required by local authorities). Fresh solution should be prepared daily or more often when the solution becomes diluted or soiled. After disinfection, wipe dry the product as appropriate. **NOTE:** Plastics may remain immersed until ready to use. Stainless steel shears and instruments must be removed after 10 minutes, rinsed, dried, and kept in a clean, noncontaminated receptacle. Prolonged soaking may cause damage to metal instruments.

RIGHT PANEL-NUMBER 3

FOR VETERINARY, DOG/CAT ANIMAL KENNEL, FARM PREMISE, SWINE FARM, DAIRY DISINFECTANT USE

- 1.Remove all animals and feed from premise, vehicles, and enclosures.
- 2.Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes, and other facilities and fixtures occupied or traversed by animals.
- 3. Empty all troughs, racks, and other feeding and watering appliances.
- 4. Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.
- 5. Saturate all surfaces with the recommended disinfecting solution for a period of 10 minutes.
- 6.Immerse all halters, ropes, and other types of equipment used in handling and restraining animals, as well as forks, shovels, and scrapers used for removing litter and manure.
- 7. Ventilate buildings, cars, boats, and other closed spaces. Do not house livestock or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set or dried.
- 8. Thoroughly scrub all treated feed racks, mangers, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains, and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse

FOR POULTRY HOUSE DISINFECTANT USE

- 1.Remove all poultry and feeds from premises, trucks, coops and crates.
- 2.Remove all litter and droppings from floors, walls and surfaces of facilities occupied or traversed by poultry.
- 3. Empty all troughs, racks, and other feeding and watering appliances.
- 4. Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.
- 5. Saturate all surfaces with the recommended disinfecting solution for a period of 10 minutes.
- 6. Ventilate buildings, coops, and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set or dried.
- 7. Thoroughly scrub all treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains, and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.

SANITIZATION - NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES: Remove all gross filth or heavy soil prior to applying sanitizing solution. To sanitize walls, floors and other hard, nonporous surfaces in such areas as schools, institutions, and industries, use a mop, cloth or immerse item in a solution containing 2 ounces per gallon so as to wet all surfaces thoroughly for 1 minute. Drain or air dry. Prepare a fresh solution daily or when solution gets visible dirty.

MILDEWSTAT - Thoroughly clean surfaces prior to treatment. To control mold and mildew on precleaned, hard, non-porous surfaces (such as floors, walls, table tops) add 2 ounces D-125 per gallon of water. Apply solution with a cloth, mop, or sponge making sure to wet all surfaces completely. Let air dry. Prepare fresh solution for each use. Repeat application at weekly intervals or when mildew growth reappears.

CLEANING AND DEODORIZATION - D-125 deodorizes garbage storage areas, empty garbage bins and cans, toilet bowls and any other odor-causing areas. Mix 2 ounces per gallon of water and apply solution to surfaces. Be sure to thoroughly wet surfaces, allow to air dry.

8 715

RIGHT PANEL-NUMBER 4

FUNGICIDE - At 2 ounces per gallon, D-125 is effective against the pathogenic fungus *Trichophyton mentagrophytes* in 5% organic soil load. **Contact time** - **10 minutes.** Surfaces where this fungus is found: shower areas & stalls, bathroom floors, bathroom benches.

VIRUCIDAL*: When used on inanimate, hard, non-porous, environmental surfaces at 2 ounces per gallon of water for a 10 minute contact time (5% organic soil), except for Poliovirus type 1 (Chat strain): which requires a 30 minute contact time (5% organic soil) and HIV-1 which requires only a 30 second contact time.

*KILLS HBV AND HIV-1 ON PRE-CLEANED ENVIRONMENTAL SURFACES/OBJECTS PREVIOUSLY SOILED WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS in health care settings or other settings in which there is an expected likelihood of soiling of inanimate surfaces/objects with blood or body fluids, and in which the surfaces/objects likely to be soiled with blood or body fluids can be associated with the potential for transmission of HBV (Hepatitis B Virus) or HIV-1 (AIDS virus).

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CLEANING AND DECONTAMINATION AGAINST HBV AND HIV-1 OF SURFACES/OBJECTS SOILED WITH BLOOD/BODY FLUIDS:

PERSONAL PROTECTION: Specific barrier protection items to be used when handling items soiled with blood or body fluids are disposable latex gloves, gowns, masks or eye coverings.

CLEANING PROCEDURE: Blood and other body fluids must be thoroughly cleaned from surfaces and objects before application of the disinfectant.

DISPOSAL OF INFECTIOUS MATERIALS: Blood and other body fluids should be autoclaved and disposed of according to Federal, State and local regulations for infectious waste disposal.

CONTACT TIME: Leave surfaces wet for 30 seconds for HIV-1 and 10 minutes for HBV. The contact time for the viruses, fungi and bacteria listed on this label is 10 minutes except for Polio virus Type 1 (Chat strain) which is 30 minutes.

9 7 15

RIGHT PANEL-NUMBER 5

To be used in the following areas as a food contact sanitizer: Cruise Lines, Airlines Terminals, Log Cabins, Coffee Shops, Department Stores, Retail Stores, Bagel Stores, Court Houses, Municipal Government Buildings, Colleges, Universities, Community Colleges, Campgrounds, Travel Rest Areas, Recreational Facilities, Sports Arenas, Donut Shops, Boats/Ships, Hotels/Motels, Dormitories, Movie Houses, Pizza Parlors, Lifecare Retirement Communities, Hospices, Book Stores, Convenient Stores, Liquor Stores, Day Care Centers, Acute Care Institutions, Alternate Care Institutions, Home Health Care Institutions, Food Establishments, Shopping Malls, Churches, Picnic Facilities, Homes, Schools, Institutions, Industries, Meat/Poultry/Food Processing Plants, Dairies, Bars, Restaurants and Cafeterias to sanitize hard, nonporous food contact surfaces as listed and identified below. Use a mop, sponge or cloth to apply sanitizing solution or immerse item in sanitizing solution. This product is an effective sanitizer when diluted in water up to 250 ppm hardness (CaCO₃).

SANITIZATION - FOOD CONTACT SURFACES: (glassware, utensils, cookware and dishware)

- 1. Scrape and pre-wash utensil, glassware, cookware, and dishware.
- 2. Wash with a good detergent.
- 3. Rinse with potable water.
- 4. Sanitize in a solution of 4 oz. of product per 7 gallons of water (200 ppm active solution). Immerse all utensils for 1 minute or longer if specified by government sanitary code.
- 5. Place sanitized utensils on a rack or drain board to air dry. Do not rinse or wipe.

SANITIZATION - FOOD CONTACT IMMOBILE SURFACES: (food processing equipment, counter tops, tables, picnic tables, appliances, stovetops and food work areas)

- 1.Remove all gross food particles and soil by pre-flush or pre-scrape.
- 2.Clean all surfaces thoroughly using a good detergent or cleaner. Tilt movable surfaces for proper drainage.Rinse with potable water.
- 3.Mix 4 oz. of product per 7 gallons of water (200 ppm active solution).
- 4. Wet surfaces thoroughly for 1 minute.
- 5.Let surfaces drain and air dry. Do not rinse or wipe.
- 6. Fresh sanitizing solution should be prepared daily or more often if solution becomes diluted or soiled.

For mechanical operations: The prepared use solution may be used once for sanitizing and re-used for other purposes such as cleaning.



BACK PANEL-NUMBER 1

CARPET SANITIZER AGAINST ODOR-CAUSING BACTERIA, FOR HOME, INSTITUTIONAL, INDUSTRIAL AND HOSPITAL USE

This product sanitizes the carpet by controlling/reducing the growth of odor-causing bacteria. It can be used in industrial and institutional areas such as homes, motels, hotel chains, nursing homes and hospitals.

Vacuum carpet thoroughly prior to application. Mix 1 ounce of product per gallon of water. Follow the Injection and/or Extraction procedures as specified for any conventional steam cleaning equipment you are using. For rotary floor machines, mix 2 ounces per gallon of water and spray on carpet at a rate of 300-500 sq. ft. per gallon.

For use on washable synthetic fibers. Do not use on wool. Test color fastness of carpet before use. Apply diluted product to a small concealed spot, then rub with a clean white cloth. If color changes or transfers to cloth, a water-based product should not be used.

After using the product, set carpet pile in one direction with a stiff brush. Place aluminum foil under the legs of furniture while carpet is drying. Over-wetting can cause carpet to shrink. Manufacturer assumes no responsibility for over-wetting misuse.

NOTE: This product should not be mixed with other cleaning products.

LAUNDRY ADDITIVE (DISINFECTANT, RESIDUAL BACTERIOSTATIC AND RESIDUAL SELF SANITIZING ACTIVITY UNDER CONDITIONS OF HIGH RELATIVE HUMIDITY OR WET CONTAMINATION) AGAINST ODOR-CAUSING BACTERIA FOR INSTITUTIONAL, INDUSTRIAL AND HOSPITAL USE.

This product disinfects/sanitizes laundry such as bedspreads, sheets, pillowcases, diapers, towels, and other wet linens by controlling and/or reducing the growth of odor-causing bacteria. It can be used in industrial and institutional areas such as motels, hotel chains, nursing homes and hospitals. This product is used as an addition to the final rinse cycle.

Add 8 fluid ounces of this product per 100 lbs. of dry laundry to the final rinse cycle water (200 ppm). If the product is to be diluted prior to adding it to the final rinse cycle, use 1 ounce per gallon of water and then add to the washwheel in the final rinse cycle.

11 7 15

BACK PANEL-NUMBER 2

WATER DAMAGE RESTORATION

SANITIZER AGAINST ODOR-CAUSING BACTERIA AND FUNGI FOR HOME, INSTITUTIONAL, INDUSTRIAL AND HOSPITAL USE

This product is particularly suitable for use in water damage restoration situations to sanitize against odor causing bacteria on the following porous and semi-porous materials: carpets, carpet cushion, subfloors, drywall, trim and frame lumber, tackless strip and paneling. Using solutions recommended, saturate affected materials with enough product to remain wet for at least 10 minutes. Use proper ventilation.

Sewer Backup & River Flooding: During mitigation procedures, dilute 2-4 ounces of the product per gallon of water allowing for the diluting effect of absorbed water within saturated materials. Remove gross filth or heavy soil along with non-salvageable materials. Saturate all affected areas with a sprayer using a course spray tip, before and after cleaning and extraction.

Carpets, Carpet Cushions and Other Porous Materials such as Subfloors, Drywall, Trim and Frame Lumber, Tackless Strip and Paneling: For water damage from a clean water source, extract excess water. Test hidden area for colorfastness. Dilute 2-4 ounces of the product per gallon of water, allowing for the diluting effect of absorbed water within saturated materials. Remove gross filth or heavy soil. Apply directly with a sprayer using a course spray tip, to fully saturate affected materials. Roll, brush or agitate into the materials and allow the materials to remain damp for 10 minutes. Follow with a thorough extraction. Dry rapidly and thoroughly.

Special Instructions for Cleaning/Sanitizing Carpet Against Odor Causing Bacteria: The product may be used in industrial and institutional areas such as homes, motels, hotels, chains, nursing homes, schools and hospitals. For use on wet-cleanable synthetic fibers. Do not use on wool. Vacuum carpet thoroughly prior to cleaning/sanitizing. Test fabric for color fastness. For portable extraction units: Mix 1 ounce of the product per gallon of water. For truck mounted extraction machines: Mix 24 ounces of the product per gallon of water and meter at 4 gallons per hour. For rotary floor machines: Mix 2 ounces of the product per gallon of water and apply at the rate of 300-500 sq. ft. per gallon. Do not mix this product with other cleaning products. Follow the cleaning procedures specified by the manufacturer of the cleaning equipment. After using the product, set the carpet pile and protect the carpet from furniture legs and bases while drying. Do not over-wet. If applied to stain resistant nylon carpet, apply a fabric protector according to the carpet manufacturer's directions.



(

12 815

MICROORGANISM LIST INSERT

This product is effective against the following microorganisms:

Contact time is 10 minutes unless noted as below.

Isolates From AIDS Patients

- 1 Aspergillus niger
- 2 Candida albicans
- 3 Cryptococcus neoformans
- 4 Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- 5 Staphylococcus aureus
- 6 Streptococcus pneumoniae

Gram Positive Clinical Isolates

- 7 Enterococcus faecalis
- 8 Micrococcus luteus

(

- 9 Staphylococcus aureus
- 10 Staphylococcus aureus (Toxic shock)
- 11 Staphylococcus epidermidis
- 12 Staphylococcus saprophyticus
- 13 Streptococcus haemolyticus
- 14 Streptococcus pyogenes

Gram Negative Clinical Isolates

- 15 Acinetobacter calcoaceticus var. anitratus
- 16 Acinetobacter calcoaceticus var. lwoffii
- 17 Bordetella bronchiseptica
- 18 Brevundimonas diminuta
- 19 Burkholderia cepacia
- 20 Enterobacter agglomerans
- 21 Enterobacter cloacae
- 22 Enterobacter gergoviae
- 23 Enterobacter liquefaciens
- 24 Escherichia coli (Urinary)
- 25 Escherichia coli (Wound)
- 26 Flavebacterium meningosepticum
- 27 Hafnia alvei
- 28 Klebsiella oxytoca
- 29 Klebsiella pneumoniae
- 30 Morganella morganii
- 31 Proteus mirabilis
- 32 Proteus vulgaris
- 33 Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- 34 Pseudomonas fluorescens
- 35 Pseudomonas pseudomallei
- 36 Pseudomonas putida
- 37 Pseudomonas stutzeri
- 38 Serratia marcescens
- 39 Sphingomonas paucimobilis

Other Bacteria

- 40 Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae
- 41 Actinomyces pyogenes
- 42 Bacillus cereus
- 43 Bacteroides fragilis
- 44 Corynebacterium ammoniagenes (Brevibacterium ammoniagenes)
- 45 Bordetella bronchiseptica
- 46 Burkholderia pickettii
- 47 Campylobacter jejuni
- 48 Chryseomonas luteola
- 49 Corynebacterium pseudotuberculosis
- 50 Enterobacter aerogenes
- 51 Enterococcus faecium
- 52 Escherichia coli
- 53 Escherichia coli strain 0157:H7
- 54 Escherichia vulneris
- 55 Haemophilus influenzae
- 56 Klebsiella pneumoniae
- 57 Listeria monocytogenes
- 58 Pasteurella haemolytica
- 59 Pseudomonas aeruginosa
- 60 Rhodococcus equi
- 61 Salmonella choleraesuis
- 62 Salmonella schottmuelleri
- 63 Salmonella typhi
- 64 Shigella dysenteriae
- 65 Staphylococcus aureus
- 66 Staphylococcus auricularis
- 67 Staphylococcus capitis
- 68 Staphylococcus hominis
- 69 Staphylococcus simulans
- 70 Stenotrophomonas maltophilia
- 71 Streptococcus equi var. equi
- 72 Streptococcus equi var. zooepidermicus
- 73 Streptococcus pneumoniae (PRSP)
- 74 Streptococcus pyogenes
- 75 Streptococcus salivarius
- 76 Yersinia enterocolitica

Pathogenic Fungi

77 Trichophyton mentagrophytes

Environmental Fungi

- 78 Aspergillus candidus
- 79 Aspergillus niger
- 80 Penicillium chermesinum
- 81 Penicillium oxalicum
- 82 Penicillium spinulosum
- 83 Ulocladium sp.

Antibiotic Resistant Gram Negative Rods

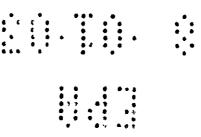
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa (Sulfa, Cefatoxime, Nitrofurantoin, Tetracycline, Amikacin, Ampicillin, Cephalothin and Bactine Resistant)
- 85 Escherichia coli (Sulfa, Tetracycline, Ampicillin and Penicillin Resistant)
- 86 Klebsiella oxytoca (Sulfanilimide and Tetracycline Resistant)
- 87 Klebsiella pneumoniae type 1 (Cephalothin, Ampicillin, Sulfa and Tetracycline Resistant)
- 88 Morganella morganii (Penicillin and Tetracycline Resistant)
- 89 Enterobacter agglomerans (Ampicillin and Sulfanilimide Resistant)
- 90 Salmonella choleraesuis (Antibiotic Resistant)

Antibiotic Resistant Gram Positive Rods

- 91 Enterococcus faecalis (Vancomycin Resistant-VRE)
- 92 Staphylococcus aureus (Methicillin-MRSA), Penicillin G, Ampicillin, Cefazolin, Cefatoxime, Chloramphenicol, Ciprofloxacin, Clindimycin, Erythromycin, Oxacillin, Rifampin, Tetracycline Resistant, Vancomycin Resistant Intermediate-VISA)
- 93 Staphylococcus epidermidis (Drug Resistant)

Human Viruses

- 94 Adenovirus type 2
- 95 Cytomegalovirus
- 96 HBV (Hepatitis B Virus)
- 97 Herpes Simplex type 1 Virus
- 98 Herpes Simplex type 2 Virus
- 99 HIV-1 (AIDS Virus)
- 100 Influenza A/Brazil Virus
- 101 Influenza A/Victoria (H3N2) Virus
- 102 Influenza A2-Asian Virus
- 103 Influenza B Virus (Allen strain)
- 104 Influenza C Virus (Taylor strain)
- 105 Measles Virus
- 106 Parainfluenza type 1
- 107 Poliovirus type 1 (Chat strain) 30 minutes contact time
- 108 Vaccinia Virus



Non-Human Viruses

- 109 Avian Influenza/Turkey/Wisconsin Virus
- 110 Canine Distemper Virus
- 111 Canine Herpesvirus
- 112 Equine Herpesvirus
- 113 Equine Influenza
- 114 Feline Calicivirus
- 115 Feline Infectious Peritonitis
- 116 Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis (IBR)
- 117 Newcastle Disease Virus
- 118 Porcine Parvovirus
- 119 Porcine Respiratory & Reproductive Syndrome Virus (PRRSV)
- 120 Porcine Rotavirus

(

- 121 Pseudorabies Virus
- 122 Transmissible Gastroenteritis (TGE)
- 123 Tl bacteriophage
- 124 T4 bacteriophage
- 125 Vesicular Stomatitis Virus (VSV)
- 126 Bovine Viral Diarrhoea Virus (BVDV)

