

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PESTICIDE PROGRAMS

Joseph W. Burley, Ph.D. Regulatory Manager Sipcam Agro USA, Inc. 2520 Meridian Parkway, Suite 525 Durham, NC 27713

MAY 1 8 2010

SUBJECT:

Applications for Pesticide Notification – Label Change per PR Notice 2007-4

Echo® 90DF

EPA Reg. No. 60063-10

Echo® Ultimate ETO

EPA Reg. No. 60063-36

Echo® 6F ETQ

EPA Reg. No. 60063-37

Applications Dated August 5, 2009

Dear Dr. Burley:

The Agency is in receipt of your Applications for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4 for the above products. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of these requests for their applicability under 2007-4 and finds that the actions requested fall within the scope of PRN 2007-4. The labels submitted with the applications have been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please call me directly at 703-305-6249, or Terri Stowe of my staff at 703-305-6117.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader

Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

2 8/7

Please read instructions on r	everse before completing form	n	Form App	roved. OMB N	lo. 2070-0060. Aj	pproval Expires 05-31-98.
<b>\$</b> EPA	Environmenta	United States  al Protection ington, DC 20460	Agency		Registration Amendment Other	
		Application	n for Pesticide -			
1. Company/Product Number 60063-36			2. EPA Produc Tony Ki	-		3. Proposed Classification
4. Company/Product Name Echo Ultimate ET	Q		PM# 22			None Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applic	<del></del>		6 Evnedite	d Peview Ir	accordance with	FIFRA Section 3(c)(3)
Sipcam Agro U	SA, Inc. Parkway, Suite 525			oduct is simila		composition and labeling
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Amendment - Explain bel		,	Age	al printed labels in ncy letter dated	-N	OTIFICATION
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The second secon			Section - III			
1. Material This Product	Will Be Packaged In:					
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No * Certification must	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes"	No. per	Water Soluble Packagin Yes* No  If "Yes"	No. per	2. Type of Con  Metal  Plastic  Glass  Paper	:
be submitted	Unit Packaging wgt.	container	Unit Packaging wgt.	container	Other	
3. Location of Net Contents Inf	ormation	4. Size(s) Retail C	ontainer		5. Location of Label D	Irections
Label Container 5 lb, 1		5 lb, 10 lb			-	mpanying product
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			Section - IV			
1. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below for identi	fication of Individua	il to be contacted, if ne	cessary, to proc	ess this application	.)
Name		· T	tle		Tele	ephone No. (Include Area Code)
Joseph W. 1	Burley	P	Regulatory Man	ager		(919) 226 1297
=	nts I have made on this form and crowingly false or misleading staw.		reto are true, accurate ar	•		6. Date Application Received  (Stamped)
2. Signature ABh	lez		Regulatory M	anager		
4. Typed Name Joseph W. 3	Burley		Date 08/05/2009			

Please read instructions on reverse	before completing form	·	Form	n Approved. OMI	B N. 2070-006	60. Appro	val Expires 05-31-98.
<b>⊕</b> EPA	Environmenta	nited States  I Protection  I	•		Registra Amendm Other		OPP Identifier Number
		Applicati	ion for Pestici	de - Section I			
1. Company/Product Number 60063-36			2. EPA	Product Manager y Kish		3. 1	Proposed Classification
4. Company/Product Name Echo Ultimate ETQ			PM# 22				None Restricted
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Inc. Sipcam Agro USA, 2520 Meridian Park Durham, NC 27713	Inc.		(b)(i), i to: EPA				RA Section 3(c)(3) position and labeling
Check if this is a new a	ddress						
			Section - I	<u> </u>			
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Resubmission in response to Ag  Notification - Explain below.	ency letter dated			"Me Too" Applicat		A	1AY 1 8 2010
Notification - Explain below.  Explanation: Use additional pa				Other - Explain be	elow.		
requirements of EPA's reg the labeling or the Confide it is a violation of 18 U.S.C not consistent with the req FIFRA and I may be subject certification statement.]	ntial Statement of Sec. 1001 to willfour uirements of 40 Cl	Formula fo ully make a FR §§ 156.10	r this product on the statem 1, 156.140, 156.1	except as certinent to EPA. If 144, 156.146 ar	fied in the pa further unde nd 156.156, tl	aragraph rstand tl his prod	n below. I understand that mat if the amended label is uct may be in violation of
			Section - II	<u></u>			······································
1. Material This Product Will B	e Packaged In:			·- ,			· · · <del>-</del>
Child-Resistant Packaging  Yes*  No  Certification must	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	Water Soluble Pace Yes* No  If "Yes" Unit Packaging wo	No. per		of Container Metal Plastic Glass Paper	
be submitted						Other (Spec	ify)
3. Location of Net Contents Informatio  Label Container	n	4. Size(s) Retail	Container		5. Location of La On Label On Labeling		ins ying product
·		Lithograph Paper glued Stenciled	Other				
			Section - I\	<u> </u>			
1. Contact Point (Complete items d	irectly below for identific	ation of individ	ual to be contacted,	if necessary, to pr	ocess this applic	ation.)	
Joseph W. Burley		i i	Regulatory Manager			No. (include Area Code) 19) 226 1297	
I certify that the statements I have I acknowledge that any knowing both under applicable law.	e made on this form and a	ment may be pu	nereto are true, accura nishable by fine or im			6	Date Application Received ( <b>Stamped</b> )
2. Signature			3. Title Regulatory Manager				
4. Typed Name Joseph W. Burley			5. Date 08/05/2009				

#### Section II Explanation (continued):

Notification of addition of EPA approved language regarding certified adjuvants per PR Notice 98-10. This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula except as certified in the paragraph above. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.



August 5, 2009

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Room S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 South Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202-4501

Subject: Echo Ultimate ETQ
EPA Reg. No. 60063-36
Notifications per PR Notice 2007-4 and PR Notice 98-10

Dear Sir or Madam:

In support of the above notifications, please find the following documents enclosed:

- Application for Pesticide Notification, Form 8570-1
- One copy of the product labeling, which is annotated to enable the Agency to differentiate the changes which have been made to that label
- One clean copy of the label, containing the incorporated changes
- Copy of a letter from Mr. Donald Stubbs which acknowledges that the CPDA language appropriate to approved adjuvants can be added to a registrant's label by notification under the procedures set forth in PR Notice 98-10.

For ease of review by the Agency, please note that changes to this product label are limited to those found on pages 5 and 11. Those changes have been underlined and highlighted in the annotated copy.

If you have any questions about this submission, please feel free to call me at 770-594-6356

Sincerely,

Joseph W. Burley PhD Regulatory Manager Sipcam Agro USA, Inc.



#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mr. Warren Stickle, President Chemical Producers & Distributors Association 1430 Duke Street Alexandria, VA 22314

JAN 25 2006

Dear Mr. Stickle:

Thank you for your letter of November 22, 2005 in which you requested that registrants be allowed to use the notification process set forth under PR Notice 98-10 to add voluntary informational label language concerning certified adjuvants from the Chemical Producers and Distributors Association's certification program.

In his September 27, 2005 letter to you, Jim Jones, Office Director for the Office of Pesticide Programs, stated that the use of wording recommending a specific or certified adjuvant can be done if the labeling language makes it clear that the recommendation is coming from the registrant and not the Agency. The following statement was found to be acceptable and can be added to a pesticide label through the notification process:

"When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, [name of the registrant of the pesticide] recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant"

If you have any questions please feel free to contact Michael Nieves at (703) 308 - 6351.

Sincerely,

Donald Stubbs, Associate Director

Registration Division



# SIPCAM AGRO USA, INC. NOTIFICATION ECHO® Ultimate ETQ MAY 1 8 2010

Active Ingredient: Chlorothalonil (tetrachloroisophthalonitrile)	82.5%
Other Ingredients:	
Total:	100.0%

# Keep Out of Reach of Children

# **DANGER - PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

FIRST AID				
IF INHALED	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>			
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING	Rinse	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
IF IN EYES	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>			
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.      Have affected person sin a glass of water if able to swallow.			
Have the product co treatment.	ntainer or	label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for		
(800) 222-1222 Poison Control Center (800) 858-7378 NPIC (human and animal health) (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (transportation and spills)		(800) 858-7378 NPIC (human and animal health)		
	mporary a	pable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.  Ilergic reaction respond to treatment with antihistamines or steroid creams		

Manufactured for Sipcam Agro USA, Inc. 2520 Meridian Parkway, Suite 525 Durham, NC 27713

Net Contents: \_\_\_\_ pounds

ECHO is a registered trademark of Sipcam Agro USA, Inc.

EPA Reg. No. 60063-36

EPA Est. No.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

# **DANGER - PELIGRO**

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. DO NOT get in eyes or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not breathe spray mist.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Mixers, loaders, applicators and all other handlers must wear:

- > Long-sleeved shirt and long pants:
- > Shoes plus socks;
- > Protective eye wear;
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of waterproof material, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, or viton; if you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart;
- > A NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N, R, P, or HE prefilter.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them.

# **Engineering Controls:**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
   As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. DO NOT apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high-water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

Chlorothalonil can contaminate surface water through spray drift. DO NOT apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Under some conditions, it may also have a high potential for runoff into surface water for several days to weeks after application. These include poorly draining or wet soils with readily visible slopes toward adjacent surface waters, frequently flooded areas, areas overlaying extremely shallow ground water, areas with in-field canals or ditches that drain to surface water, areas not separated from adjacent surface waters with vegetated filter strips, and areas overlaying tile drainage systems that drain to surface water.

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Chlorothalonil degradates are known to leach through soil into ground water under certain conditions as a result of label use. Use of this product in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in ground water contamination.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, or pets, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during applications. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Special Eye Irritation Provisions: This product is a severe eye irritant. Although the restricted-entry interval expires after 12 hours, for the next 6½ days entry is permitted only when the following safety measures are provided:

At least one container designed specifically for flushing eyes must be available in operating condition at the WPS-required decontamination site intended for workers entering the treated area.

Workers must be informed, in a manner they can understand:

- that residues in the treated area may be highly irritating to their eyes;
- that they should take precautions, such as refraining from rubbing their eyes, to keep the residues out of their eyes;
- that if they do get residues in their eyes, they should immediately flush their eyes using the eyeflush container that is located at the decontamination site or using other readily available clean water; and
- how to operate the eyeflush container.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170):

Do not enter or allow others to enter into treated areas until spray deposits have dried.

#### **General Precautions and Restrictions**

This product must not be applied within 150 feet (for aerial and air-blast applications), or 25 feet (for ground applications) from marine/estuarine water bodies unless there is an untreased buffer area of that width between the area to be treated and the water body.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to

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agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- 1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed ¾ the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

# Aerial Drift Advisory Information INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable conditions (see Wind, Temperature).

#### **CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE**

- Volume- Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure- Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle
  types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow
  rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles- Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle orientation- Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle type- Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift potential.

#### **BOOM LENGTH**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **APPLICATION HEIGHT**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### **SWATH ADJUSTMENT**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, small drops, etc.).

#### WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS**

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high.

Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a

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concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

## **Integrated Pest Management**

ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ is an excellent disease control agent when used according to label directions for control of a broad spectrum of plant diseases. This product is recommended for use in programs that are compatible with the principles of Integrated Pest Management (IPM), including the use of disease resistant crop varieties, cultural practices, pest scouting and disease forecasting systems which reduce unnecessary applications of pesticides.

# **Fungicide Resistance Management**

ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ is effective for strategic use in programs that attempt to minimize disease resistance to fungicides. Some other fungicides which are at risk from disease resistance exhibit a single-site mode of fungicidal action. This product, with a multi-site mode of action, may be used to delay or prevent the development of resistance to single-site fungicides. Consult with your federal or state Cooperative Extension Service representatives for guidance on the proper use of this product in programs which seek to minimize the occurrence of disease resistance to other fungicides.

## Mixing, Loading and Applying

ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ is intended to be diluted into water, then applied to crops by typical agricultural spraying techniques. Always apply this product in sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage of foliage and crop surfaces intended to be protected from disease. Spray volume to be used will vary with crop and amount of plant growth. Spray volume should normally range from 20 to 150 gallons per acre (200 to 1400 liters per hectare) for dilute sprays and 5 to 10 gallons per acre (50 to 100 liters per hectare) for concentrate ground sprays and aircraft applications. Both ground and aircraft methods of application are recommended unless specific directions are given for a crop.

Slowly invert container several times to assure uniform mixture. Measure the required amount of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ and pour into the spray tank during filling. Keep agitator running when filling spray tank and during spray operations.

Do not use on greenhouse-grown crops except as directed in the Ornamental Plants section of this label.

#### Tank Mixing

When tank mixing this product with other pesticides observe the more restrictive label limitations and precautions. No label dosage rates should be exceeded. This product cannot be mixed with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.

Do not combine ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ in sprayer tank with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers, unless your prior use has shown the combination physically compatible, effective and noninjurious under your conditions of use. Do not combine this product with Dipel 4L, Foil, Triton AG-98, Triton B-1956 or Latron B-1956, as phytotoxicity may result from the combination when applied to the crops on this label. DO NOT tank mix this product with oil, or with any adjuvants which contain oil as their principal ingredient. When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Sipcam Advan USA recommends the use with Copper-Count N in concentrated spray suspensions.

Dipel is a registered trademark of Abbott Laboratories; Foil is a registered trademark of Ecogen, Inc.; Latron and B-1956 are trademarks of Rohm and Haas Company;

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Copper-Count is a registered trademark of Mineral Research and Development Corporation.

# **Applications Through Sprinkler Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)**

Application through sprinkler irrigation systems is recommended only for those specific crops for which the notation "chemigation OK" is listed on this label.

Apply this product only through center pivot, motorized lateral move, traveling gun, solid set and portable (wheel move, side roll, end tow, or hand move) irrigation system(s). DO NOT apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

DO NOT apply this product through irrigation systems connected to a public water system. 'Public water system' means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days per year.

Controls for both irrigation water and pesticide injection systems must be functionally interlocked, so as to automatically terminate pesticide injection when the irrigation water pump motor stops. A person knowledgeable of the irrigation system and responsible for its operation shall be present so as to discontinue pesticide injection and make necessary adjustments, should the need arise.

The irrigation water pipeline must be fitted with a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of treated irrigation water back toward the water source. The pipeline must also be fitted with a vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain, located between the irrigation water pump and the check valve, to prevent back-siphoning of treated irrigation water into the water source.

Always inject ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ into irrigation water after it discharges from the irrigation pump and after it passes through the check valve. Never inject pesticides into the intake line on the suction side of the pump.

Pesticide injection equipment must be fitted with a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump. Interlock this valve to the power system, so as to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the chemical supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually turned off.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Spray mixture in the chemical supply tank must be agitated at all times, otherwise settling and uneven application may occur. DO NOT apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ may be used through two basic types of sprinkler irrigation systems as outlined in Sections A and B below. Determine which type of system is in place, then refer to the appropriate directions provided for each type.

#### A. Center Pivot, Motorized Lateral Move and Traveling Gun Irrigation Equipment

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For injection of pesticides, these continuously moving systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump of either diaphragm or piston type, constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides, fitted with a system interlock, and capable of injection at pressures approximately 2 to 3 times those encountered within the irrigation water line. Venturi applicator units cannot be used on these systems.

Fill chemical supply tank of injection equipment with water. Operate system for one complete revolution or run across the field, measuring time required, amount of water injected, and acreage covered. Thoroughly mix recommended amount of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ for acreage to be covered into same amount of water used during calibration and inject into system continuously for one revolution or run. Mixture in the chemical supply tank must be continuously agitated during the injection run. Shut off injection equipment after one revolution or run, but continue to operate irrigation system until this product has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

#### B. Solid Set and Portable (Wheel Move, Side Roll, End Tow, or Hand Move) Irrigation Equipment

With stationary systems, an effectively designed in-line venturi applicator unit is preferred which is constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides; however, a positive-displacement pump can also be used.

Determine acreage covered by sprinkler. Fill tank of injection equipment with water and adjust flow to use contents over a thirty to forty-five minute period. Mix desired amount of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ for acreage to be covered with water so that the total mixture of this product plus water in the injection tank is equal to the quantity of water used during calibration and operate entire system at normal pressures recommended by the manufacturer of injection equipment used for amount of time established during calibration. No agitation should be required. This product can be injected at the beginning or end of the irrigation cycle or as a separate application. Stop injection equipment after treatment is completed and continue to operate irrigation system until this product has been cleared from last sprinkler head.

#### **Application Rates**

Dosage rates on this label indicate pounds of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ per acre, unless otherwise stated. Under conditions favoring disease development, the high rate specified and shortest application interval should be used.

#### **TURFGRASSES**

Do not use on home lawns and turf sites associated with apartment buildings, daycare centers, playgrounds, recreational park athletic fields, athletic fields located on or next to schools (ie., elementary, middle and high schools), campgrounds, churches, and theme parks. Do not apply more than the following totals of chlorothalonil active ingredient from all registered product sources to the indicated types of turfgrass:

	TOTAL CHLOROTHALONIL
	ACTIVE INGREDIENT
TYPE OF TURFGRASS	PER ACRE PER YEAR
Golf Course Greens	73 lbs
Golf Course Tees	52 lbs
Golf Course Fairways	26 lbs
Other Turf (not Sodfarms)	26 lbs

Apply ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ in 90 to 450 gallons of water per acre on golf course greens and tees, and 30 to 100 gallons of water per acre on fairways, lawns and other turfgrass (not socifarms). Apply with ground equipment only.

Page 8

Begin applications when conditions favor disease development and repeat applications as long as these conditions persist. Under severe disease conditions use the highest rate and shortest interval corresponding with the application schedule selected from the table below. DO NOT mow or irrigate after treatment until spray deposit on turfgrass is thoroughly dry. This product should always be used in conjunction with good turf management practices.

DISEASES* CONTROLLED	INTERVAL OF APPLICATION	GOLF COURSE GREENS & TEES RATE PER 1,000 SQ.FT.	GOLF COURSE FAIRWAYS, LAWNS & OTHER TURFGRASS** RATE PER ACRE
<ol> <li>Dollar spot</li> <li>Brown patch</li> <li>Leaf spot, Melting-out,</li> <li>Brown blight</li> <li>Gray leaf spot</li> </ol>	7-14 days	1.82 to 3.25 ounces (4.1 to 7.3 lbs a.i./acre)	5 to 8.9 pounds (4.1 to 7.3 lbs a.i./acre)
<ul><li>5. Red thread</li><li>6. Anthracnose</li><li>7. Copper spot</li><li>8. Stem rust (bluegrass)</li><li>9. Dichondra leaf spot</li></ul>	7 days or 14 days	3.25 ounces or 5 ounces (7.3 or 11.3 lbs a.i./acre)	8.9 pounds or 13.7 pounds (7.3 or 11.3 lbs a.i./acre)

\*Diseases listed are caused by fungi, some of which are named as follows:

- 1. Dollar spot: Sclerotinia homeocarpa; Lanzia or Moellerodiscus spp.
- 2. Brown patch: Rhizoctonia solani, R. zeae, R. cerealis
- 3. Leaf spots, Melting-out, Brown blight: *Drechslera spp.* (including *D. poae, D. siccans*), *Bipolaris sorokiniana, Curvularia spp.*
- 4. Gray leaf spot: Pyricularia grisea, P. oryzae
- 5. Red thread: Laetisaria fuciformis
- 6. Anthracnose: Colletrotrichum graminicola
- 7. Copper spot: Gloeocercospora sorghi
- 8. Stem rust: Puccinia graminis
- 9. Dichondra leaf spot: Alternaria spp.
- \*\*Does not include sodfarms.

**Gray Snow Mold** caused by Typhula spp.: Apply in sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage (2 to 10 gallons per 1,000 square feet). Apply 5 ounces of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ per 1,000 square feet of turf area (13.7 pounds per acre). Application must be made before snow cover in autumn. If snow cover is intermittent or lacking during the winter, re-apply this product at monthly intervals until Gray Snow Mold conditions no longer prevail. In areas where Pink Snow Mold (Microdochium or Fusarium patch) is likely to occur, apply ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ at 5 ounces in combination with products containing iprodione at 1.82 ounces active ingredient, per 1,000 square feet of turf area. Read and observe all label directions for products containing these active ingredients.

**Fusarium (Microdochium) Patch**: ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ is effective against Fusarium patch only in areas where snow cover is intermittent or lacking during the winter. Apply 5 ounces of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ per 1,000 square feet of turf area. Begin applications in late autumn and re-apply at 21 to 28 day intervals until conditions favorable for Fusarium patch no longer prevail.

Algal scum: Apply ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ at 1.82 to 3.25 ounces per 1,000 square feet on 3.7 to 14 day schedule. When colonies of algae are well established, every attempt should be made to dry out the afflicted area. Once dry, spiking or verticutting should be done to enhance turfgrass recovery in conjunction with the use of this product. Several applications of this product at the high rate may be necessary for turfgrass recovery. When environmental conditions are favorable for algae growth, a preventive program with this product will suppress re-colonization of the turf.

#### **ORNAMENTAL PLANTS**

Apply ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ at a rate of 1.25 pounds per 100 gallons of water unless other directions are given in the tables below. Apply enough diluted spray per acre to provide thorough coverage of all plant parts that are intended to be protected from disease, generally ranging from 20 to 150 gallons per acre. Repeat applications at 7 to 14 day intervals until conditions are no longer favorable for disease. During periods when conditions favor severe disease incidence, generally cloudy or wet weather, apply this product at 7 day intervals. **DO NOT apply more than a total of 36.4 lbs chlorothalonil active ingredient per acre per growing season on field-grown ornamentals.** 

Fruits and other structures which may be borne on treated plants **MUST NOT BE EATEN**.

This product may be used in greenhouses. DO NOT use mistblowers or high pressure spray equipment when making applications of this product in greenhouses.

ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ is recommended for control of fungal diseases referred to by numbers in parentheses following each type of ornamental plant. The user should test for possible phytotoxic responses, using recommended rates on each type of ornamental plant on a small area prior to widespread use. Applications made during bloom may damage flowers and/or fruits.

#### ORNAMENTALS RECOMMENDED FOR TREATMENT WITH ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ

Broadleaf Shrubs and Trees		
Andromeda (Pieris) (4) Ash (Fraxinus) (1) Aspen (1) Azalea (1,2,4) Buckeye, Horsechestnut (1) Camellia (2) Cherry-laurel (1) Crabapple (1,6) Dogwood (1) Eucalyptus (3) Euonymus (1) Firethorn (Pyracantha) (1) Flowering almond (1,2) Flowering cherry (1,2) Flowering plum (1,2) Flowering quince (1,2) Hawthorn (1,6)	Holly (1) Lilac (5) Magnolia (1) Maple (1) Mountain laurel (1) Oak (red group only) (1,7) Oregon-grape (Mahonia) (6) Red-tip (Photinia) (1) Poplar (1) Privet (Ligustrum) (1) Rhododendron (1,2,4) Sand cherry (1,2) Sequoia (1) Spirea (1) Sycamore, Planetree (1) Viburnum (5) Walnut (Juglans) (1)	

Flowering Plants and Bulbs

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Arabian violet (2)	Lily (1)
Begonia (1)	Marigold (1)
Carnation (1,2)	Narcissus (1)
Chrysanthemum (1,2)	Pansy (1)
Crocus (1)	Petunia (1,4)
Daffodil (1)	Phlox (1)
Daisy (1)	Poinsettia <sup>b</sup> (1)
Geranium (1,6)	, ,
Gladiolus (1,2)	Rose <sup>C</sup> (1)
Hollyhock (6)	Statice (1)
Hydrangea (foliage only) (1,6)	Tulip (1)
Iris (1,2)	Zinnia (1,5)

a/ Avoid applications during bloom period on plants where flower injury is unacceptable. b/ Discontinue applications prior to bract formation; phytotoxicity is possible on the bracts.

c/ Use 0.9 pound of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ per 100 gallons of water.

d/ Use 2.5 pounds of ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ per 100 gallons of water.

## Diseases controlled with ECHO ULTIMATE ETQ:

Leafspots & Foliar Blights:	
Actinopelte leafspot Alternaria leafspot or leaf blight Anthracnose (Gnomonia, Glomerella, Colletotrichum, Discula) blights Black spot (Diplocarpon) Botrytis blights Cephalosporium leafspot Cercospora leafspot Cercosporidium leafspot *Shothole (Stigmina) *Corynespora stem & leafspots Curvularia leafspot Dactylaria leafspot Didymellina leafspot *Drechslera (Bipolaris) leafspots, inkspot	Fabraea (Entomosporium) leafspot Fusarium (Gibberella) leafspot *Gloeosporium black leafspot Marssonina leafspot Monilinia blossom blight, twig blight Mycosphaerella ray blight *Myrothecium leafspot, brown rot *Phyllosticta leafspot *Ramularia leafspot Rhizoctonia web blight Scab (Venturia) Septoria leafspot Sphaeropsis leafspot *Stagonospora leaf scorch Tan leafspot (Curvularia) Volutella leaf blight

# 2. Flower Spots & Blights:

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Botrytis flower spot, flower blight	Ovulinia flower blight	
Curvularia flower spot	≛Rhizopus blossom blight	
Monilinia blossom blight	*Sclerotinia flower blight	
3. Cylindrocladium stem canker		
4. Phytophthora leaf blight, dieback		
5. Powdery mildews:		
Erysiphe cichoracearum	Microsphaera spp.	
Sphaerotheca fuliginea	тинсгозрнаета эрр.	
6. Rusts:		
Gymnosporangium spp.	Pugginia ann	
Pucciniastrum hydrangeae	Puccinia spp.	
7. Taphrina blister		

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

Pesticide Storage: Store in a cool place. Protect from excessive heat.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, pesticide spray or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

#### WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF DAMAGES

CONDITIONS OF SALE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, Sipcam Agro USA, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Sipcam Agro USA, Inc.. SIPCAM AGRO USA, INC. DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, SIPCAM AGRO USA, INC. SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, AND SIPCAM AGRO USA, INC.'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER AND USER ACKNOWLEDGE AND ASSUME ALL RISKS AND LIABILITY RESULTING FROM HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT. SIPCAM AGRO USA, INC. DOES NOT AUTHORIZE ANY AGENT OR REPRESENTATIVE TO MAKE ANY OTHER WARRANTY, GUARANTEE OR REPRESENTATION CONCERNING THIS PRODUCT.