



ACCEPTED

OCT 1 8 2000

Under the Federal Insectionse, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the

perficide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 6061-95

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
Cuprous oxide 70.0%
N-Cyclopropyl-N1(1,1-dimethylethyl)
-6-(methylthuo) -1,3,5- triazine-2
4-diamine 2.0%

OTHER INGREDIENTS TOTAL

62.2%

COPPER AS METALLIC



This product contains petroleum distillates. EPA EST. NO. 60061-NJ-2 EPA REGISTRATION NO. 60061-95

KOP-COAT, INC.
PETITI PAINT DIV.
ROCKAWAY, NJ 07866 An RPTT Company

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: Causes eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or dothing. Wear protective dothing such as gloves, long-sleeved cotton shirt, long pants and hat. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Do not breathe vapors, spray mist or sanding dust. Remove contaminated dothing and wash clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

NOTE: When this product is used in confined areas or while spraying paint or sanding or sandblasting boat surfaces, wear a mask or a respirator jointly approved by the Mining Safety Health Administration and the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Get medical attention. IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water and get medical attention. ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This material is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not allow chips and dust generated during paint removal to enter water. Dispose of paint debris in an approved landfill. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans and other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent to sewer system without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of EPA. PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: COMBUSTIBLE! Do not use or store near heat or

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited, PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or nosate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

VOC (as supplied): 300 g/l max.

VOC (thinned 5%): 325 g/l max.
NOTICE! THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Product Description: This product is a hard protective paint for use on boat bottoms only. The high loading of cuprous oxide combined with a specially formulated algicide results in resistance to barnades, algae, slime and other marine and fresh-water fouling organisms. It can be applied over most hard anti-fouling coatings. Old soft antifouling paints must be

removed before applying this product.
Surface Preparation: The surface to be painted should be dry, clean and free of any contaminants. It should be properly prepared by solvent cleaning and sanding before any primers or paints are applied. Follow the recommended systems below. When sanding old antifouling paint, always use a facemask to prevent the inhalation of sanding dust. Application and Temperature: This product may be applied by brush, roller or spray at any temperature between 40°F and 90°F. Do not apply this product if rain or dew is expected

before the surface has dried completely. Two coats should be applied for best antifouling

Preparation of Paint: This product is heavily loaded with cuprous oxide. As a result of this loading there is a tendency for settling to occur especially if the paint has been on the shelf for several months. It is necessary to thoroughly mix the paint before using. If possible shake the can of paint on a mechanical paint shaker. Before using check the sides and bottom of the can to make sure all the pigment has been mixed in. If mixing is going to be done with a wooden paddle or an electric drill mixer, pour off half of the liquid from the top of the can into another can and then properly mix in any settled pigment; then remix the two parts together

Thinner: Use Pettit 12120 Brushing Thinner for brush and roller applications. Use Pettit 12121 Spraying Thinner for spray application. In either case do not thin more than 5% by volume. Dry Times: Let this product dry at least 2 hours before recoating and at least eight hours or preferably overnight before launching. This product may be applied up to two months before the boat is launched.

Coverage: This product will cover approximately 400 square feet per gallon. Maintenance of Antifouling Paint: No antifouling paint can be effective under all conditions of exposure. Manmade pollution and natural occurrences can adversely affect antifouling paint performance. Extreme hot and cold temperatures, silt, dirt, oil, brackish water and even electrolysis can ruin an antifouling paint. Therefore we strongly suggest that the bottom of the boat be checked regularly to make sure it is clean and that no growth is occurring. Lightly scrub the bottom with a soft brush to remove anything from the antifouling paint surface. SYSTEMS

Mix paint thoroughly to insure toxicants are evenly dispersed throughout the can. All surfaces must be clean, dry and properly prepared prior to painting. Do not apply this product on

Previously Painted Surfaces: If the previous coating is in good condition, thoroughly sand with 80 grit paper then solvent clean with 12120 Brushing Thinner to remove residue. Apply two finish coats of this product. If the previous coating is soft or in poor condition, remove to the bare surface by sanding or using a paint & varnish remover. Proceed with appropriate bare system as described below.

Bare Fiberglass: All bare fiberglass, regardless of age, should be thoroughly cleaned several times with Pettit 15095 Dewaxer or 12120 Brushing Thinner. Sand thoroughly with 80 grit sandpaper to a dull, frosty finish and rewash the sanded surface with 15095 Fiberglass Dewaxer or 12120 Brushing thinner to remove sanding residue. Then apply two coats of this product, following application instructions. Careful observation of the above instructions will help ensure long term adhesion of this and subsequent years' antifouling paint. To eliminate the sanding operation, wash the fiberglass three times using Pettit 15095 Dewaxer only. Then apply one coat of Pettit 6999 Sandless Primer. Read and follow carefully the application and topcoating instructions on the Sandless Primer label. Apply two coats of this product. Bare Wood: Sand entire surface with 80 grit paper, wash clean with 12120 Brushing Thinner.

Apply a coat of this product thinned with 12120 Brushing Thinner and allow to dry overnight. Then apply two unthinned coats of this product.

Bare Steel, Lead Keels, or other Underwater Metal Parts on Boats and Vessels only: Consult Pettit Technical Bulletin TB 430, High Build Epoxy Primer for complete prime instructions. When the priming is complete, and the last of the epoxy has cured "thumbprint hard", the first coat of this product may be applied directly over the epoxy primer without sanding. Let dry, then apply the second coat of this product. Alternatively, if the last coat of epoxy primer is allowed to cure to full hardness, it must be sanded with 80 grit production paper and wiped dean before the first coat of this product is applied.

Warranty: We guarantee this material to comply with our published specifications. Since the use of this material is beyond our control, we disclaim responsibility for its handling, use, storage, the results obtained or any injury or damage of any nature resulting therein.

MEDICAL EMERGENCIES: 1-800-548-0489

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