<u> </u>		NVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY fice of Pesticide Programs		EFA Reg. Number:	Date of Issuance:
STANES	Reg	A01 "M" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460		60061-94	MAR 2 0 1998
				Term of Issuance	* Expires
FAMAL PROTECTO		F PESTICIDE:		June 30,	
	<u></u> L	_ Registration _ Reregistration		Name of Pestici	de Product:
(under FIFRA, as amended)				ACP Ultima Ablative Copper Polymer Antifouling Bottom Paint	
ame and Address	s of Registrant (in	nclude ZIP Code):		· · ·	
	nth Avenue gh, PA 1521	9			
e submitted to	and accepted by th	ng in substance from that accepte Registration Division prior ways refer to the above EPA reg	to use of	the label in con	is registration must mmerce. In any
		whed by the registrant, the abo Federal Insecticide, Fungicide			eby
n order to prot ancel the regis ith the regists	ect health and the stration of a pesti- ration of a product	onstrued as an endorsement or r e environment, the Administrato cide in accordance with the Ad under this Act is not to be o s use if it has been covered b	r, on his t. The a onstrued	motion, may at a cceptance of any as giving the rec	any time suspend or name in connection
		conditionally reg provided that you		ed in accor	dance with
your produ registrant acceptable	uct under F ts of simil	or cite all data re IFRA sec. 3(c)(5) ar products to sub required for reres 4.	when t nit su	he Agency ch data; a	requires all nd submit
2. 1	Make the fo	llowing label chang	ges:		•
a.	Revise the No. "60061	EPA Registration 1 -94".	Number	to read,	"EPA Reg.
b.		llowing statement ary Statements para			ur
	"May pose	e an aspiration pre	umoni	a hazard."	·
c.	Revise you	ır Environmental Ha	zards	Statement	to read:
	directl disposa generat Dispose not dis lakes,	terial is toxic to y to water by clear l of wastes. Do no ed dring paint remo of paint debris in charge effluent con streams, ponds, est unless in accordance	ning c ot all oval t n an a ntaini cuarie	of equipmen ow chips a o enter w pproved la ng this pr s, oceans	t or nd dúst ater. ndfill. Do oduct into and other
	proving Official:	Walder Mahager Tear		Date: MAR 2 0	1998

••• •> •> a National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent to sewer system without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA. 247

3. Submit the following studies within 18 months (i.e., September 20, 1999) of the date stamped on this Notice of Conditional Registration:

Studies on the Irgarol Technical Grade Active GLN 72-4 Fish Early Life Stage (Estuarine Fish Study) GLN 72-4 Aquatic Invertebrate Life Cycle (Freshwater Invertebrate GLN 73-1 Whole Sediment Acute, Freshwater Invertebrates GLN 73-1 Whole Sediment Acute, Marine Invertebrates Data on Each of the Three Major Degradates\* of Irgarol (\*GS-26575, CA-30-0155, and GS-28620)

GLN 72-1 Acute Freshwater Fish LC50 (one specie), or GLN 72-3(a) Acute LC50 Estuarine and Marine Fish, and

GLN 72-2 Acute Freshwater Invertebrate LC50 (<u>Daphnia</u>), or GLN 72-3(c)Acute LC50 Estuarine and Marine Invertebrate, and

GLN 123-2 Aquatic Plant Growth (2 species: <u>Navicula</u> <u>pelliculosa</u>, and <u>Skeletonema costatum</u>)

4. Submit the following "reserved" studies within 18 months of the date of the agency's written request for these data. The need for these reserved data will be based upon the results of one or more of the above studies as determined by the agency.

GLN	164-2	Aquatic Field Study
GLN	165-5	Accumulation Studies (nontarget organism)
$\operatorname{GLN}$	72-5	Fish Life Cycle
$\operatorname{GLN}$	72-6	Aquatic organism bioavailability/biomagnification/
		toxicity tests
$\operatorname{GLN}$	72-7	Simulated or actual field testing for aquatic
		organisms
		Avian Reproduction
$\operatorname{GLN}$	73-3 <i>I</i>	Acute Pore Water Studies (fish and invertebrates)
$\operatorname{GLN}$	74-1 V	Whole Sediment Chronic Study (invertebrates)
		Seedling Emergence-Dose Response Test
Spec	ial St	udy: Monitoring of Representative U.S. Waters

5. This conditional registration will expire automatically on June 30, 2000. If you fail to satisfy the conditions imposed in the registration, EPA may issue a Notice To Cancel under Section 6(e) of FIFRA. 6. The release rate data (MRID#s 44104304, 44014305 & 44014306) for your product was reviewed and found to be acceptable. The Irgarol release rate for your basic product and two alternate formulations was determined to be:

7.21 ug/cm2/day for your basic "1297 Blue" formulation 8.52 ug/cm2/day for your alternate "1697 Red" formulation, and 7.15 ug/cm2/day for your alternate "1897 Black" formulation.

7. Submit two (2) copies of the revised final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

Sincerely yours,

Marshall Swindell Product Manager 33 Regulatory Management Branch 1 Antimicrobial Division (7510W) 367

## ABLATIVE COPPER POLYMER ANTIFOULING BOTTOM PAINT 1297 BLUE

NONCOMMERCIAL USE KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING E BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STAT

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated: MAR 2 0 1998

Under the Federal Insecticitie, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ps amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg

> NET CONTENTS 1 GALLON (128 FL.OZ. 3.785 LITERS EPA Est: No.1-60061-NJ-2 EPA Registration No. 60061-

Cunnous Oxide

2.4-diamine . .

INGREDIENTS:

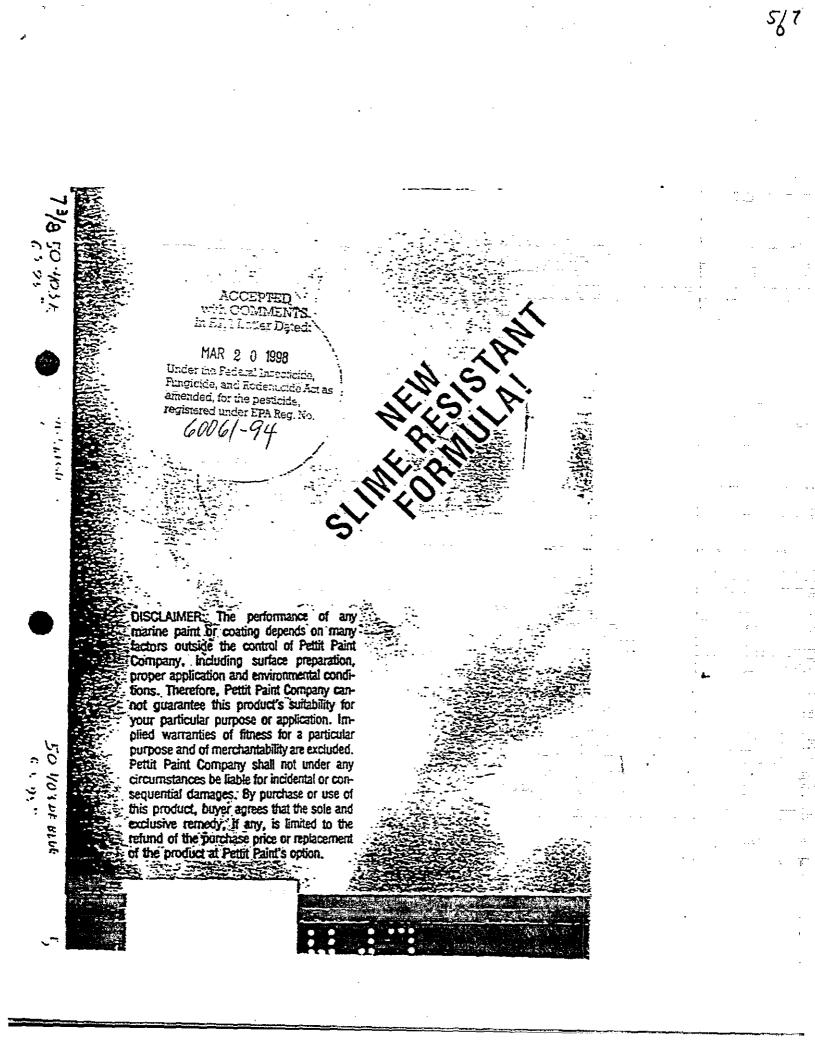
inert 🖓 🖞

N-Cyclopropyl-N-(1,1-dimethylethyl

This product contains

petroleum distillates

6-{methylthio}-1.3.5-triazine-



GENERAL DESCRIPTION Petute and Ablative Copper Polymer is an antifouling protective coaling resistant flo slime, algae, barnacles, and other marine fouling organisms. The high loading of cuprous oxide combined with an organic algicide offers unprecedented control over all types of fouling even in the most severe fouling. areas. Ar with unique controlled erosion minimizes coating build-up and keeps underwater surfaces smooth

## and clean.

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amended, for the periods,

registered under LPA Les.

Under the Poderal Innactivida,

in EPM Letter Dated

1998

MAR 2 0

ACCEPTED why COMMENTS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PREPARATION OF SURFACE: The surface to be painted should be clean, dry, and free of any contamination or Foreign matter. Always prepare the surface to be painted by sanding and solvent cleaning before any paints or primers are applied. When sanding old antifouling paint use a dust mask to prevent the inhalation of sanding

dust. Old, solt bottom paints must be completely removed before applying COVERAGE, APPLICATION AND TEMPERATURE: 2014 can be applied by brush, roller or spray. All painting should be done between 9:00 A.M. and 4:00 P.M. in order to avoid the possibility of dew or condensation spollring the application. The temperature range of application should be between 50 and 90 degrees. At least two, and meierably three or four coats should be applied for best performance, particularly in high wear areas such as the waterline. If the will cover approximately 400 square feet per gallon.

PREPARATION OF PAINT: Official is heavily loaded with cuprous oxide. As a result of this loading there is a tendency for settling to occur especially if the paint has been on the shell for several months. It is necessary to thoroughly mix the paint before using. If possible shake the can of paint on a mechanical paint shaker. Before using check the sides and bottom of the can to make sure all the pigment has been mixed in. If mixing is going to be done with a wooden paddle or an electric drill mixer, pour oll half of the liquid from the top of the can

into another can and then properly mix in any settled pigment; then remix the two parts together thoroughly. THINNING: Use Pettit ACP. Thinner for thinning Science if needed, particularly on warm or breezy days. ACP. Thinner can also be used to thin Science for spraying and for cleaning equipment. Do not thin

more than 10 % (12 ounces per gallon) or inadequate paint film thickness will occur and premature erosion of the finish will be likely.

DRY TIMES: The minimum recoat time is 6 hours. The minimum dry time between the final coat and launching is 16 hours. Under adverse drying conditions such as those encountered on cool or damp days, extend the dry times by 50% in order to ensure that all the solvent is out of the paint film. There is no maximum time

before launching. · MAINTENANCE OF ANTIFOULING PAINT: No antifouling paint can be effective under all conditions of exposure. Man-made pollution and natural occurrences can adversely affect antifouling paint performance. Extreme hot

and cold water temperatures, silt, dirt, oil, brackish water and even electrolysis can ruin an antitouting paint. Therefore, we strongly suggest that the bottom of the boat be checked several times a month to make sure it is clean and that no growth is occurring. Lightly scrub the bottom with a soft brush to remove anything from

the antifouling paint surface. Scrubbing is particularly important with boats that are idle for extended periods of time. The self cleaning nature of the coaling is most effective when the boat is used periodically. SYSTEMS

Mix paint thoroughly to insure toxicants are evenly dispersed throughout the can. All surfaces must be clean, dry and properly prepared prior to painting. Do not apply  $\Delta f_{1444}$  on aluminum. PREVIOUSLY PAINTED SURFACES: If the previous coating is in good condition, thoroughly sand with 80 grit

-paper then solvent clean with 12185 ACPThinner to remove residue. Apply two finish coals of ASA-4. If the previous coaling is soft or in poor condition, remove to the bare surface by sanding or using Pethit Paint & Varnish Remover (9030 for fiberglass; 9022 for wood and metal). Proceed with appropriate bare system as

described below. Old tin copolymers should be removed or sealed with Pettit 6627 Tie Coat Primer before applying ACF ULTIMA :

BARE FIBERGLASS: All bare fiberglass, regardless of age, should be thoroughly cleaned several times with Pettit

15095 Dewaxer or 12120 Brushing Thinner. Sand thoroughly with 80 gril sandpaper to a dull, frosty finish and rewash the sanded surface with 15095 Fiberglass Dewaxer or 12120 Brushing Thinner to remove sanding residue. Then apply two coats of definational following application instructions. Careful observation of the above instructions will help ensure long term adhesion of this and subsequent years' antifulling paint.

To eliminate the sanding operation, wash the fiberglass three times using Pettit 15095 Dewaxer only. Then apply one coal of Petlit 6999 Sandless Primer. Read and follow carefully the application and topcoaling instruc-tions on the Sandless Primer label. Apply at least two coats of ACP DETRIME

BARE WOOD: Sand entire surface with 80 grit paper, wash clean with 12185 ACP Thinner. Apply a coat of CIF14 thinned 25% with 12185 ACP, thinner, allow an overnight dry, lightly sand and wipe clean. Apply two finish

BARE STEEL: Sanoblast to clean bright metal and remove blasting residue with clean, dry compressed air or. a clean brush. Immediately apply two coats of Pettit 4777/4778 High Build Epoxy Primer Haze Gray. Read and follow carefully the instructions on the 4777/4778 Epoxy Primer label.

The surface to be partied with be prepared using hand tools such as write writees or sanders, clean on residue, and immediately apply one coat of Prettit 6980 Rustlock Steel Primer. Let dry 1-2 hours and follow with two coats of Pettit 4777/4778 High Build Epoxy Primer Read and follow carefully the instructions for application and top coating on both primer Jabels States and the state of the structure of the structure of the structure of UNDERWATER METAL PARTS (USE) Pattic 6456 Underwater Melar Killion Surface preparation instructions and Dicono funderwater metal print does not be state of the structure of the

( RIGHT SIDE ) 7,7

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In Else Defection Dated:

WITH COMMENTS ACCEPTED

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: Causes eye irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin: Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear protective clothing such as gloves, long-sleeved cotton shirt. long cants and hat. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Do not breathe vapors, spray mist or sanding dust. While spraying and/or sanding boat surfaces, wear a NIOSH/MSHA certified mask or respirator. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water rafter handling, 🖉 🔧

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Get medical attention. 👘 . . . . t.

IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water and get medical attention. ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to mouth. Get medical attention.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Material is toxicato fish. Do not apply directly to water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes or allow chips and dust-generated during paint removal to enter water. Dispose of paint debris in an approved landfill:

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Use only with adequate ventilation during mixing, application and drying. Use absorbent clean-up material if spilled. For fires blanket flames with foam, CO<sub>2</sub> or dry chemical. Wear NIOSH/MSHA certified breathing equipment.

STORAGE & DISPOSAL: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of according to procedures approved by Federal, State, or local disposal authorities.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent) and dis pose of in an approved landfill. Consult Federal State, or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedure