

59807-9

7/24/2008

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U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (H7505C)
401 "M" St., S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg.
Number:
59807-9

Date of Issuance:
JULY 24, 2008

Term of Issuance: Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:
Marathon II

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Ms. Sherri Gray
OHP, Inc.
P.O. Box
Mainland, PA 19451

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A). Once a pesticide is registered, however, it is not regarded as permanently acceptable. Registration does not eliminate the need for continual reassessment of pesticides. If the Agency determines that, at any time, additional data are required to maintain in effect an existing registration, the Agency will require submission of such data under FIFRA section (3)(c)(2)(B).

- 1. Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, EPA Reg. No. "59807-9".

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

JULY 24, 2008

Venus Eagle
PM 01 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

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2. The following changes are necessary due to the Agency's definitive language requirement.

On page 4 make the following changes:

- Delete the word "**General**" from the header "**General Information**". The sub-headers contain information that is mandatory, not advisory.
- Under "**Mixing Instructions**", paragraph 2, change the word "**recommended**" to the word "**specified**".
- Under the section entitled "**Compatibility Note**", rewrite the sentence to read: "**.....use a compatibility test of the intended tank mixture as follows**"...
- Also revise the first word from "**Pour**" to "**Poor**". Remove the word "**should**" from the following paragraph. The sentence would now read, "**Poor mixing...incompatible mixture that is not to be used**".

3. On page 5 make the following changes under the section entitled "Application Instructions":

- Replace the word "**should**" in first sentence with the word "**must**" and remove the word "**recommended**" leaving the sentence to read as "**Marathon II must be....specified application section.**"

4. On page 6 make the following changes under the section entitled "Application Through Irrigation Systems (Chemigation)":

- Change the word "**recommended**" in the first sentence to the word "**specified**".
- Also on page 6 under "**Water Volume**", reword the first sentence to read, "**Make Marathon II chemigation applications as concentrated as possible.**"

5. On page 10, change the application rate for "**Okra and Pepper**" from "**18.0-32.0**" to comply with the rate on the parent label which reads "**16.0-32.0**".

6. On page 18 under the section entitled "**Use Precautions**" rewrite bullet 2 to read, "**Do not make applications when grassy areas are waterlogged or ...**"

- Also on page 18 under the section entitled "**Woody Perennials**", rewrite the second sentence of the paragraph to read as "**Because of this, make applications to woody perennials well in advanced of expected insect activity.**"

7. On page 19, remove the section entitled "**For use on vegetable plants...**" This section does not appear on the parent.

- Also on page 19 replace the word "**recommended**" with the word "**specified**" the heading "**Specific Instructions**" in the "**Applications Instructions**" column.
- On pages 19, 20, and 25 remove the word "**Recommended**" from the chart header so the new header would read, "**Rates and Instruction Applications.**"

8. On page 21 and 24, reword the Grid System sentence to read, to read "**Space holes on 2.5 ft. center in a grid pattern...tree.**"

9. On page 22 under the "**Ebb and Flood Applications**" chart replace the word "**Recommended**" with the word "**Application**", so the header will read "**Application Rate.**"

10. On page 23 under the section "**Use Precautions**" rewrite bullet 5 to read, "**Do not make applications when grassy areas are**" ...

11. On page 24 make the following changes:

- Replace the word "**recommended**" with the word "**specified**" in the second box of the chart under "Specific Instructions".
- Replace the word "**Recommended**" with the word "**Application**" under the "**Soil Inject and Drench Applications**" section, so the header will read "**Application Rate**".

12. Submit two copies of your final printed label before you release the product for shipment. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitute acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. If you have any questions regarding this notice, please contact team review, Dani Daniel at (703) 305-5409.

Enclosure

MARATHON II

Systemic and Foliar Insect Control in Turfgrass on Fruit and Nut Trees, on Ornamental and Vegetable Plants in Greenhouses, Nurseries, and Interior Plantscapes

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Imidacloprid.....21.4%

INERT INGREDIENTS:78.6%

TOTAL.....100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 59807-To Be Assigned

EPA Est. No.:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no puede leer o entender ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente

(TO THE USER: If you cannot read or understand English, do not use this product until the label has been fully explained to you.)

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.• Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.• Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Move person to fresh air.• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.• Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Take off contaminated clothing.• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

For MEDICAL Emergencies Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-222-1222.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: No specific antidote is available. Treat the patient symptomatically.

Manufactured for:
OHP, Inc.
P.O. Box 230
Mainland, PA 19451

Net Contents:

ACCEPTED
With COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:
JUL 24 2008

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide
and Rodenticide Act, As amended, for the
pesticide Registered under EPA Reg. No:

59807-9

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Keep children or pets away from treated area until dry.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinylchloride (PVC) or viton.
- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear when working in a non-ventilated space.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If instructions for washables do not exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on the foliage of blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

This product is toxic to wildlife.

This chemical demonstrates the properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of this chemical in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do NOT formulate this product into other end-use products.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyethylene, polyvinylchloride (PVC) or viton.
- Shoes plus socks

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses.

- Keep children and pets off treated areas until dry.

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN MIXING AND APPLYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES, RESERVOIRS, RIVERS, PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS, ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH PONDS.

RUNOFF MANAGEMENT

Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic areas to allow growth of vegetative filter strip. When used on erodible soils, best management practices for minimizing runoff should be employed. Consult your local Natural Resources Conservation Service for recommendation in your use area.

ENDANGERED SPECIES NOTICE

Under the Endangered Species Act, it is a Federal Offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. Consult your local county bulletin, County Extension Agent, or Pesticide State Lead Agency for information concerning endangered species in your area.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some insects are known to develop resistance to insecticides after repeated use. As with any insecticide, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area.

Marathon II contains a Group 4A insecticide called imidacloprid. Insect biotypes with acquired or inherent tolerance to group 4A products may eventually dominate the insect population if Group 4A products are used repeatedly as the predominant method of control for targeted species. This may eventually result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Marathon II and to other Group 4A products.

The active ingredient in Marathon II is a member of the neonicotinoid chemical group. Avoid using a block of more than three consecutive applications of Marathon II and/or other Group 4A products having the same or similar mode of action. Following a neonicotinoid block of treatments, OHP strongly encourages the rotation to a block of applications with effective products of a different mode before using additional applications of neonicotinoid products. Using a block rotation or windowed approach along with other IPM practices is considered an effective use strategy for preventing or delaying an insect pest's ability to develop resistance to this class of chemistry.

Foliar applications of Marathon II or other Group 4A products from the neonicotinoid chemical class should not be used on crops previously treated with long-residual, soil-applied products from the neonicotinoid chemical class.

Other Group 4A, neonicotinoid products used as foliar treatments include: Actara®, Assail®, Calypso®, Centric®, Intruder™, Leverage® and Trimax™. Other 4A Group, neonicotinoid products used as soil treatment include: Admire® and Platinum®.

Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor and/or product manufacturer for additional insect resistance management recommendations. Also, for more information on Insect Resistance Management (IRM), visit the Insecticide Resistance Action Committee (IRAC) on the web at <http://irac-online.org/>.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Thorough uniform coverage is necessary to achieve optimal control. A spray adjuvant may be used to improve coverage Marathon II may not knockdown established and heavy insect populations. Two applications may be required to achieve control, retreat if needed and as directed on this label. Marathon II may be tank mixed with other insecticides as recommended for knockdown of pests or for improved control of other pests.

Applying Marathon II to crops grown for production of true seed intended for private or commercial planting may be allowed under State specific supplemental labeling but is generally not recommended. As with any insecticide, care should be taken to minimize exposure of Marathon II to honey bees and other pollinators. Use of Marathon II on crops requiring bee pollination should be avoided during bloom and a minimum of 10 days prior to bloom. Additional information on Marathon II uses for these crops and other questions may be obtained from the Cooperative Extension Service, PCA's, consultants or local OHP representative.

Rotational Crops

As soon as practical following the last application, treated areas may be replanted with any crop specified on an imidacloprid label, or any crop for which a tolerance exists for the active ingredient. For crops not listed on an imidacloprid label, or for crops for which no tolerances for the active ingredient have been established, a 12-month plant-back interval should be observed. NOTE: Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted at any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed.

Immediate Plant-back:

All crops on this label plus the following crops not on this label: barley, canola, corn (field, sweet and pop), rapeseed, sorghum, sugar beet and wheat.

30-Day Plant-back:

Cereals (including buckwheat, millet, oats, rice, rye and triticale), soybeans and safflower

12-Month Plant-back:

All other crops

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

To prepare the application mixture, add a portion of the required amount of water to the spray tank, begin agitation, and add the Marathon II. Complete filling tank with the balance of water needed. Be sure to maintain agitation during both mixing and application.

Marathon II may also be used with other pesticides and/or fertilizer solutions; refer to the **Compatibility Note** below. When tank mixtures of Marathon II and other pesticides are involved, prepare the tank mixture as recommended above and follow the suggested Mixing Order below.

Mixing Order

When pesticide mixtures are needed, add wettable powders first, Marathon II or other flowables second, and emulsifiable concentrate last. Ensure good agitation as each component is added and do not add an additional component until the previous is thoroughly mixed. A fertilizer/pesticide compatibility agent may be needed if a fertilizer solution is to be added to the mixture. Be sure to maintain agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of spray mixture.

Compatibility Note

Before adding Marathon II to the spray or mix tank, the compatibility of the intended tank mixture should be checked using the following test:

- 1) Add proportionate amount of each ingredient in the appropriate order to a pint or a quart jar.
- 2) Cap and shake for 5 minutes
- 3) Let set for 5 minutes

Pour mixing or formation or precipitates that do not readily re-disperse indicates an incompatible mixture that should not be used. For further information, contact your local OHP representative.

[Note to reviewer: table below is to be included in the crop label only and will not be included on a noncrop i.e. turf, carveout label]

CONVERSION CHART FOR LINEAR APPLICATIONS (fl. oz./1000 row-feet)								
Specified Rate (fl. oz./Acre)	Average Row Spacing (in inches)							
	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
10	0.19	0.29	0.38	0.48	0.57	0.67	0.76	0.86
12	0.23	0.34	0.46	0.57	0.69	0.80	0.92	1.03
14	0.27	0.40	0.54	0.67	0.80	0.94	1.07	1.21
16	0.31	0.46	0.61	0.77	0.92	1.07	1.22	1.38
18	0.34	0.52	0.69	0.86	1.03	1.21	1.38	1.55
20	0.38	0.57	0.76	0.96	1.15	1.34	1.53	1.72
22	0.42	0.63	0.84	1.05	1.26	1.47	1.68	1.89
24	0.46	0.69	0.92	1.15	1.38	1.61	1.84	2.07
26	0.50	0.75	0.99	1.24	1.49	1.74	1.99	2.24
28	0.54	0.80	1.07	1.34	1.61	1.87	2.14	2.41
30	0.57	0.86	1.15	1.43	1.72	2.01	2.29	2.58
32	0.61	0.92	1.22	1.52	1.84	2.14	2.45	2.75

IMPORTANT: The rate of Marathon II applied directly effects the length of controls as well as the degree of control or effect. Because of this, OHP offers no warranty when Marathon II is used at rates below 0.7 fl. oz./1000 row-feet (the Row-Spacing/Rate combinations that are shaded). When infestations may occur later in crop development or where pest pressure is continuous, use the higher labeled rates.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Marathon II should be applied as a directed or broadcast foliar spray using properly calibrated ground application equipment as allowed in the specific recommended application section. For optimum insecticidal efficacy, thorough coverage of all target foliage without runoff is necessary. To obtain thorough coverage use adequate spray volumes, properly calibrated application equipment and a spray adjuvant if necessary. Failure to provide adequate coverage and retention of Marathon II on leaves and fruit, if present, may result in loss of insect control or delay in onset of activity. Minimum recommended spray volumes unless otherwise specified on crop specific recommended application sections are 10 gallons/acre by ground application. Marathon II may also be applied by chemigation (see APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION) section below) if allowed in the specific recommended application section.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making application decisions. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the applicator.

Mixing and Loading Requirements

To avoid potential contamination of groundwater, the use of a properly designed and maintained containment pad for mixing and loading of any pesticide into application equipment is recommended. If containment pad is not used, maintain a maximum distance of 25 feet between mixing and loading areas and potential surface to groundwater conduits such as field sumps, uncased well heads, sinkholes, or field drains.

Importance of Droplet Size

An important factor influencing drift is droplet size. Small droplets (<150-200 microns) drift to a greater extent than large droplets. Within typical equipment specifications, applications should be made to deliver the largest droplet spectrum that provides sufficient control and coverage. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection.

Wind Speed Restrictions

Drift potential increases as wind speeds of less than 3 mph (due to inversion potential or more than 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size, canopy and equipment specifications determine drift potential at any given wind speed. Do not apply when winds are greater than 15 mph and avoid gust and windless conditions. Risk of exposure to sensitive aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.

Restrictions During Temperature Inversions

Because the potential for spray drift is high during temperature inversions, do NOT make ground applications during temperature inversions. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain close to the ground and move laterally in a concentrated cloud. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical mixing.

No-Spray Zone Requirements for Foliar Applications

Do not apply by ground within 25 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams; marshes or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds.

APPLICATION THROUGH IRRIGATION SYSTEMS (CHEMIGATION)

Marathon II may be applied at rates recommended on this label either alone or in tank mixture with other pesticides and chemicals registered for application through irrigation systems. The normal dilution ratio is 1:100 to 1:200, depending on the system. Always meter the product into the irrigation water during the first part of the irrigation cycle. The product may be mixed separately prior to injection. Agitation may be necessary if the mixture is allowed to stand more than 24 hours.

- Do NOT connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- Apply Marathon II only through micro-irrigation (individual spaghetti tube), drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, and ebb and flood or hand-held or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment and only as recommended in the specific directions. **Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.** Crop injury or lack of effectiveness can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- Be sure to remove scale, pesticide residue, and other foreign matter from the tank and entire irrigation system prior to application.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or a person who is under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

SAFETY DEVICES FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS CONNECTED TO PUBLIC WATER SUPPLIES:

If the source of water for your irrigation system is a public water supply, follow the instructions below.

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public or piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
2. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, water from the public water system should be discarded into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is not water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

SAFETY DEVICES FOR IRRIGATION SYSTEMS NOT CONNECTED TO A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY:

1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
2. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
5. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where the pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticide and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Water Volume

Marathon II chemigation application should be made as concentrated as possible. Retention of Marathon II on target site of insect infestation is necessary for optimum activity. Chemigation of Marathon II in water volumes exceeding 0.10 inches/acre are not recommended.

Uniform Water Distribution and System Calibration

The irrigation system must provide uniform distribution of treated water. Crop injury, lack effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. The system must be calibrated to uniformly apply the rates specified. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Chemigation Monitoring

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Drift

Do not apply when the wind favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

FIELD CROPS

COTTON

- Do NOT apply more than 0.5 lbs. of active ingredient per acre per season of Marathon II, Provado®, Trimax®, or Leverage®, including seed treatment as Gaucho, soil and foliar uses
- Do NOT graze treated fields after any application of Marathon II
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per season: 21.1 fluid ounces/Acre (0.33 lb. A/A)
- Maximum number of Marathon II applications per crop season: 5

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 Row-Foot	Fluid ounces per Acre	Specific Instructions
Cotton aphids Plant bugs Thrips Whiteflies	1.33	17.0 – 21.1 (depending on row-spacing)	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an in-furrow spray directed on or below the seed during planting • As a narrow band directly below the eventual seed row in a bedding operation no more than 7 days before planting • As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle or drip irrigation

POTATO

- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 20.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.31 lb A/A)

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 Row-Foot	Fluid ounces per Acre	Specific Instructions
Aphids Colorado potato beetle Flea beetles Leafhoppers Potato psyllid Wireworms* Symptoms of Potato leaf roll virus* Potato yellows* Net necrosis*	0.9-1.3	13.0-20.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an in-furrow spray directed on the seed pieces or seed potatoes during planting. • As a subsurface side-dress on both sides of the row covered with 3 or more inches of soil. • At ground cracking as a narrow band spray directly over the row and covered with 3 or more inches of soil during hilling. • As a narrow band directly below the eventual seed row in a bedding operation no more than 7 days before planting. <p>For best control or suppression, Marathon II must be applied below the soil surface and in contact with the seed piece or within the root-zone.</p> <p>For potatoes in highly permeable soils with a shallow water table, at-plant application may be made in a 2 – 4 inch band (width of the planter shoe opening) and completely covered.</p>

* Suppression only

POTATO (Seed-Piece Treatment)

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

- Do NOT use treated seed-pieces for food, feed or fodder
- Do NOT make subsequent applications of Marathon II (in-furrow), Gaucho®, Leverage®, or Provado® following an Marathon II seed-piece treatment
- Apply only in areas that are equipped to remove spray mist or dust or with adequate ventilation
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 20.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.31 lb. A/A)

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 Row-Feet	Fluid ounces per Acre ²	Specific Instructions
Aphids Colorado potato beetle Flea beetles Leafhoppers Potato psyllid Wireworms	0.4 - 0.8	8.0 - 16.0	Dilute the Marathon II with 3 parts water (or less) to 1 part Marathon II. Apply the diluted spray using a shielded spray system, agitating or stirring the spray solution as needed. After application of Marathon II, fungicidal or inert absorbent dusts may be applied. Plant the seed-pieces as soon as possible after treatment in order to avoid prolonged exposure of the seed-pieces to sunlight.
Symptoms of Potato leaf roll virus ¹ Potato yellows ¹ Net necrosis ¹	0.8	16.0	
¹ Suppression only			
² Based on a seeding rate of 2000 lbs./acre			

TOBACCO

- Adverse growing conditions may result in delayed control by causing a delay in Marathon II uptake by the plant.
- Pre-Harvest interval (PHI): 14 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.5 lb. A/A)

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 plants (as seedling tray drench)	Fluid ounces per 1000 plants (in-furrow or transplant water)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Flea beetles	1.0	1.4	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an in-furrow spray or transplant water drench during setting. • To seedlings in trays (tray drench) as a uniform broadcast foliar spray no more than 7 days prior to transport followed immediately by overhead irrigation to wash the Marathon II from the foliage into the potting media (NOTE: Failure to wash Marathon II from the foliage may result in reduced control). • As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment. Properly made tray-drench applications have been shown to provide best results. However, the specified rate of Marathon II may be applied as a combination of tray-drench in the greenhouse and/or transplant water drench in the field.
Mole crickets Whiteflies Wireworms Cutworms* Symptoms of Tomato spotted wilt virus*	1.4 - 2.8	1.8 - 2.8	
*Suppression only			

VEGETABLE and SMALL FRUIT CROPS

CURCUBIT VEGETABLES

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cuban pumpkin, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible, including hyotan, cucuzza, hechima and Chinese okra), *Momordica* spp. (including balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, and Chinese cucumber), Muskmellon (hybrids and/or cultivars of *Cucumis melo* including true cantaloupe, cantaloupe, casaba, Crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon pineapple melon, Santa Claus, melon, snake melon, and Winter melon), Pumpkin, Squash (including summer squash types such as butternut squash, calabaza, crookneck

squash, Hubbard squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow and zucchini and winter squash types such as acorn squash and spaghetti squash), and watermelon (including hybrids and/or varieties of *Citrullus lanatus*)

FIELD APPLICATIONS

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb. A/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Bacterial Wilt* (as vectored by various cucumber beetles) Cucumber beetle Leafhoppers Leaf slivering ¹ (from whitefly feeding) Thrips (foliage-feeding only) Whiteflies	16.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a chemigation application into the root-zone using low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment. • As an in-furrow spray directed on or below the seed. • As a narrow surface band spray (2" or less in width) over the seed-line during planting. Within 24 hours the application must be incorporated to a depth of 1 – 1 ½" and sufficiently irrigated. • As a narrow band spray directly below the eventual seed row as part of a bedding operation no more than 14 days before planting. • As a post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench or hill drench. • As a subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. The row application must be incorporated into the root-zone.

¹Suppression only

GREENHOUSE APPLICATIONS

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

- Because all varieties of cucurbit vegetables have not been tested for tolerance to Marathon II applied to seeding flats, it is recommended that a test application be made to a small number of plants and tolerance confirmed for 7 days prior to treating the entire greenhouse.
- Greenhouse applications only provide short-term protection and are not intended as a substitution for field applications. For continuous protection, a field application must be made within 2 weeks of transplanting
- Significant plant injury may result from higher application rates or increased numbers of applications than those recommended below
- Maximum Marathon II applications per crop season: 1
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 0.1 fluid ounces (0.00156 lb. A/A)/1000 plants

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / 1000 plants)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Whiteflies	0.1	No more than 7 days prior to transplanting, apply the specified amount of Marathon II targeting the soil media (tray drench) using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a uniform high-volume broadcast foliar spray followed immediately by sufficient overhead irrigation to wash the Marathon II from the foliage and into the potting media without drainage from the bottom of the tray. NOTE: Failure to wash the application from the leaves may result in reduced efficacy; or, • As an injection into an overhead irrigation system using adequate volume to thoroughly saturate the soil media without drainage from the bottom of the tray.

FRUITING VEGETABLES

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Eggplant, Ground cherry, Okra, Pepper (including bell, chili, cooking, pimento and sweet), Tomato, Pepinos, Tomatillo

FIELD APPLICATIONS

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Okra and Pepper – Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.50 lb. A/A)
- All other crops – Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb. A/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Colorado Potato Beetle Flea Beetles Leafhoppers Thrips (foliage-feeding only) Whiteflies Symptoms of Tomato mottle virus* Tomato spotted wilt virus* Tomato yellow leaf curl virus*	Okra and Pepper 18.0 – 32.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using on the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As a chemigation application into the root-zone using low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment. As an in-furrow spray directed on or below the seed. As a narrow surface band spray (2" or less in width) over the seed-line during planting. Within 24 hours the application must be incorporated to a depth of 1 – 1 1/2" and sufficiently irrigated. As a narrow band spray directly below the eventual seed row as part of a bedding operation no more than 14 days before planting. As a post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench or hill drench or, As a subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. The application must be incorporated into the root-zone.
	All other crops 16.0 – 24.0	
*Suppression only		

GREENHOUSE APPLICATIONS

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

- Significant plant injury may result from higher application rates or increased numbers of applications than those recommended below
- Greenhouse applications only provide short-term protection and are not intended as a substitution for field applications. For continuous protection, a field application must be made within 2 weeks of transplanting
- Because all varieties of fruiting vegetables have not been tested for tolerance to Marathon II applied to seedling flats. It is recommended that a test application be made to a small number of plants and tolerance confirmed for 7 days prior to treating the entire greenhouse
- Maximum Marathon II applications per crop season: 1
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 0.1 fluid ounces (0.00156 lb. A/A)/1000 plants

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz./1000 plants)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Whiteflies	1.4	No more than 7 days prior to transplanting, apply the specified amount of Marathon II targeting the soil media (tray drench) using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As a uniform high-volume broadcast foliar spray followed immediately by sufficient overhead irrigation to wash the Marathon II from the foliage and into the potting media without drainage from the bottom of the tray. NOTE: Failure to wash the application from the leaves may result in reduced efficacy, or, As an injection into an overhead irrigation system using adequate volume to thoroughly saturate with soil media without drainage from the bottom of the tray.

GREENHOUSE VEGETABLES*

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Mature Cucumber and Tomato plants in production greenhouses ONLY

- Because all varieties of greenhouse vegetables have not been tested for tolerance to Marathon II, it is recommended that a test application be made to a small number of plants and tolerance confirmed for 7 days prior to treating the entire greenhouse
- Marathon II applications may result in negative effects on some beneficial species (*Orius* sp.) and bumble bee pollinators being repelled
- Phytotoxicity may occur if applications are made to immature plants
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum Marathon II applications per crop season: 1

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz./1000 plants)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Whiteflies	1.4	Make applications when infestation pressure surpasses the ability of beneficials to maintain pest populations below damage thresholds. Apply the recommended amount in a minimum of 15 gallons of water for tomatoes and 21 gallons of water for cucumbers as a soil drench or using micro-irrigation, drip irrigation, or hand held or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment

HEAD AND STEM BRASSICA VEGETABLES AND LEAFY VEGETABLES

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Broccoli, broccoli raab (rapini), Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccoli, Chinese (gai lan), Broccoli, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard (gai choy) cabbage, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard, Mustard Greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, Turnip (tops or leaves).

Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala), Arugula (rocket), Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible leaved and garland), Cilantro, Corn salad, Cress (garden), Cress (upland, yellow rocket, winter cress), Dandelion, Dock (sorrel), Endive (escarole), Lettuce (head and leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Radicchio (red chicory), Spinach (including New Zealand and vine (Malabar Spinach, Indian spinach)), Watercress (commercial production only), Watercress (upland)

- Do NOT apply to native cress growing in streams or other bodies of water.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz./Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Whiteflies	10.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a chemigation on application into the root-zone using low-pressure drip, trickle, micro sprinkler or equivalent equipment • As an in-furrow spray directed on or below the seed • As a narrow surface band spray (2" or less in width) over the seed-line during planting. Within 24 hours the application must be incorporated to a depth of 1 – 1 1/2 " and sufficiently irrigated • As a narrow band spray directly below the eventual seed row as part of a bedding operation no more than 14 days before planting • As a post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench or hill drench, or, • As a subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. The application must be incorporated into the root-zone

LEAFY PETIOLE VEGETABLES

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Cardoon, Celery, Celtuce, Chinese celery (fresh leaves and stalk only), Florence fennel (including sweet anise, sweet fennel, Finocchio), Rhubarb and Swiss Chard

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 45 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Leafhoppers Whiteflies	10.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a chemigation application into the root-zone using low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • As an in-furrow spray directed on or below the seed • As a narrow surface band spray (2" or less in width) over the seedline during planting. Within 24 hours the application must be incorporated to a depth of 1 – 1 1/2" and sufficiently irrigated • As a narrow band spray directly below the eventual seed row as part of a bedding operation no more than 14 days before planting • As a post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench or hill drench; or, • As a subsurface side-dress on both sides of each row. The application must be incorporated into the root-zone

LEGUME VEGETABLES (except soybean)
NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Edible podded and Succulent shelled pea and Bean and Dried Shelled Pea and Bean including:

- Bean – *Lupinus* spp. (grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin)
- Bean – *Phaseolus* spp. (field bean, kidney bean, lima bean, navy bean, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean)
- Bean – *Vigna* spp. (adzuki bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang, Chinese longbean, cowpea, Crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, yard long bean)
- Pea – *Pisum* spp. (dwarf pea, edible pea, edible-pod pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, sow pea, sugar snap pea)
- Other Beans and Peas – Broad bean (fava), chickpea (garbanzo bean), Guar, Jackbean, Lablab bean, hyacinth bean, lentil, Pigeon pea, soybean (immature seed), Sword bean

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Leafhoppers Thrips (foliage-feeding only) Whiteflies Symptoms Bean common mosaic virus* Bean golden mosaic virus* Beet curly top hybrigeminivirus*	16.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a chemigation application into the root-zone using low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • As an in-furrow spray directed on or below the seed • As a narrow surface band spray (2" or less in width) over the seed-line during planting. Within 24 hours the application must be incorporated to a depth of 1 – 1 ½" and sufficiently irrigated • As a narrow band spray directly below the eventual seed row as part of a bedding operation no more than 7 days before planting; or, • As a post-seeding drench, transplant-water drench or hill drench

*Suppression only

ROOT VEGETABLES
NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Beet (garden)*, Burdock (edible)*, Carrot*, Celeriac*, Chervil (turnip-rooted)*, Chicory*, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsley (turnip-rooted), Parsnip*, Radish*, Oriental radish (diakon)*, Rutabaga*, Salsify (black)*, Salsify (oyster plant), Salsify (Spanish), Skirret and Turnip*

*The tops or greens from these crops may be utilized for food or feed

- Marathon II applications to crops grown on very high organic matter content (muck) soils may require additional pest management control
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum number of Marathon II applications per crop season: 1
- Maximum number of Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 Row-Foot	Fluid ounces per Acre	Specific Instructions
Aphids Flea Beetles Leafhoppers Whiteflies	0.7 – 1.7	10.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an in-furrow spray or shanked-in 1 to 2 inches below seed depth during planting • Within 14 days of planting as a narrow surface band spray (2" or less in width) directly below (1 to 2 inches) the eventual seed-line in a bedding operation • As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment <p>NOTE: The rate applied affects the length of control and higher rates should be used when infestations occur later in crop development or when pest pressure is continuous. Application rates less than 0.7 fl. oz. / 1000 row feet will not provide adequate residual pest control</p>

TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES
NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

Arracacha, Arrowroot, Artichoke (Chinese and Jerusalem), Canna (edible, Queensland arrowroot), Cassava (bitter and sweet)*, Chayote (root), Chufa, Dasheen (taro)*, Ginger, Leren, Sweetpotato, Tanier (cocoyam)*, Tumeric, Yam bean (jicama, manioc pea), Yam (true)*

NOTE: For applications to Potatoes refer to the Field Crops section of this label

*The tops or greens from these crops may be utilized for food or feed

- Marathon II applications to crops grown on very high organic matter content (muck) soils may require additional pest management control
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 3 days (leaves); 125 days (corms)
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.39 lb. AI/A) on other crops
- Maximum Marathon II applications per crop season: 1

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 Row-Feet	Fluid ounces per Acre	Specific Instructions
Aphids Flea Beetles Leafhoppers Whiteflies	0.7 – 1.7	10.0 – 24.0	<p>Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an in-furrow spray over planting materials (hulls) using the rate specified per 1000 row-feet or shanked-in 1 to 2 inches below hulls depth during planting • As a side-dress no more than 45 days after planting using no more than 0.6 fl. oz. / 1000 row-feet <p>NOTE: The rate applied affects the length of control and higher rates should be used when infestation occur later in crop development or when pest pressure is continuous. Application rates less than 0.7 fl. oz. / 1000 row feet will not provide adequate residual pest control.</p>

STRAWBERRY

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

NOTE: DO NOT use both application methods on the same crop in the same season.

ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL CROPS

- Do NOT apply during bloom or within 10 days prior to boom or when bees are actively foraging
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.5 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Whiteflies	24.0 – 32.0	<p>Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After plants are established or on perennial crops in early spring prior to bud opening as a chemigation application into the root-zone using low-pressure drip, trickle, micro-sprinkler or equivalent equipment • As a plant hole or plant maternal treatment just prior to or during transplanting <p>NOTE: The rate applied affects the length of control and higher rates should be used when infestations occur later in crop development or when pest pressure is continuous.</p>

POST-HARVEST USE ON PERENNIAL CROPS

- Within 2 hours of a soil-surface application, 0.25" of rainfall or overhead irrigation water per acre must be applied or decreased activity of beetle grubs may result from failure to adequately incorporate Marathon II into the egg-deposition zone
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 14 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.38 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
White Grub Complex (grubs of Asiatic garden beetle, European and Masked chafer, Japanese beetle and Oriental beetle)	16.0 – 24.0	<p>Using one of the following methods, apply the specified amount of Marathon II as a single post-harvest application that coincides with renovation of the strawberry fields and during the active egg-layering period of the beetles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a ground spray via boom or backpack sprayer in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre • As a row-band spray using an adjusted amount of product based on the treated row band area in

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
		<p>proportion to the amount required per full acre. The bandwidth should be equivalent to the width of the anticipated fruiting bed, or,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As a chemigation application with 600 to 1000 gallons of water followed by 0.10 to 0.25 inches of irrigation <p>NOTE: The rate applied affects the length of control and higher rates should be used when infestations occur later in crop development or when pest pressure is continuous.</p>

SUGARBEET (California ONLY)

NOT FOR USE ON CROPS GROWN FOR SEED unless allowed by state-specific supplemental labeling

- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 12.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.18 lb AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Flea Beetles Leafhoppers Whiteflies Symptoms of Western yellows* Beet curly top hybrigeminivirus*	6.0 – 12.0	<p>Apply the specific amount of Marathon II directly below each seed furrow, either during the bedding operation immediately prior to planting or at the time of planting using sufficient carrier volume to insure uniform application.</p> <p>NOTE: To aid establishment of stands in whitefly areas or for early season control of the other pests listed, the low rate may be used.</p>
*Suppression only		

TREE, BUSH AND VINE CROPS

BUSHBERRY

Blueberry, Currant, Elderberry, Gooseberry, Huckleberry, Juneberry, Lingonberry, Salal

- Within 2 hours of a soil-surface application, 0.25" of rainfall or overhead irrigation water per acre must be applied or decreased activity of beetle grubs may result from failure to adequately incorporate Marathon II into the egg-deposition zone.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Japanese Beetle (adults feeding on foliage) White Grub Complex (grubs of Asiatic garden beetle, European and Masked chafer, Japanese beetle and Oriental Beetle)	16.0 – 32.0	<p>Application to grass covered rows, row middles, drive lanes, headlands, and other grassy areas in and around the berry field will control resident grub populations. Applications directed to the root-zone will help protect berry plant roots from grub feeding.</p> <p>Apply the specified amount of Marathon II to moist soil using one of the following methods</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> As an 18 inch band on each side of the row followed by 0.25 inches of irrigation immediately after application, or, As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment. <p>If necessary, apply one hour of irrigation water immediately before application. To ensure maximum efficacy, apply ½ to 1 inch of irrigation water or rainfall within 24 hours of application</p> <p>Applications may be made post-bloom up to 7 days prior to harvest, or post-harvest until October 1st. For optimum control of Japanese beetle larvae, make applications from June 1 to July 15. For best results, apply Marathon II to control 1st or 2nd instar larvae</p>

CITRUS (Containerized)

Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, and tangor), Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Pummelo, Orange (sweet and sour), Tangelo, Satsuma mandarin, White sapote (*Casimiroa* spp.) and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these

Pest	Application Rate (mL/cubic foot of container media)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Asian citrus psyllids Black fly Citrus leafminer Leafhoppers / Sharpshooters Mealybugs Scales Whiteflies	0.75	Determine the volume of the container and calculate the appropriate dosage necessary to treat the container. Apply the calculated amount of Marathon II as a soil drench or through low-pressure drop or trickle irrigation using sufficient carrier volume to ensure thorough and uniform distribution throughout the media without draining from the bottom of the container
Citrus root weevil (larval complex)	1.25 – 2.50	For best results, treatment should be made at planting prior to insect infestation and retreat if necessary. To control larvae of the citrus root weevil complex, make applications prior to neonate larvae entering potting media. For heavy infestations use higher dosages.
Citrus Thrips*	2.50	

*Suppression only

CITRUS (Field)

Calamondin, Citrus citron, Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo and tangor). Grapefruit, Kumquat, Lemon, Lime, Mandarin (tangerine), Pummelo, Orange (sweet and sour), Tangelo, Satsuma mandarin, White sapote (*Casimiroa* spp.) and other cultivars and/or hybrids of these

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 0 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces/Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Asian citrus psyllid Black fly Citrus leafminer Leafhoppers / Sharpshooters Mealybugs Scales Termites (FL only) Whiteflies	16.0 – 32.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For very coarse soils with 0.75% or less organic matter, apply as a soil surface band spray on both sides of the tree. Bands should overlap at the tree base to create continuous band within the drip-line area of the tree. Immediately after application irrigate with a sufficient amount of water to move the Marathon II into the upper portion of the root zone. • For trees up to 8' tall, drench immediately around the trunk extending outward to cover the entire fibrous root system of the tree. Do NOT exceed more than one-quarter total solution per tree. • For control of existing termite infestations apply the specified dosage to the basal portion of the tree trunk and surrounding soil as a drench application
Symptoms of Citrus tristeza virus* Citrus yellows* Thrips (foliage feeding only)*	32.0	

*Suppression only

CRANBERRY

- Do NOT apply during bloom
- Marathon II has NOT been tested in tank-mixes with other registered pesticides. Premix a sample of the desired tank-mix using the labeled rates and test in a small area prior to use. Evaluate the test area within 48 hours and for at least two weeks prior to using the tank-mix on larger areas. Do not apply if damage results in the test site
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces / Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Rootgrubs (Scarapaeidae) Rootworms (Chrysomelidae)	16.0 – 32.0	For best results, make applications post-bloom immediately after bees are removed. Using one of the following methods, apply the specified amount of Marathon II to moist soil <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a ground spray in a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre directed to the root and crown area, or, • As a chemigation application with 600 to 1000 gallons of water Immediately after application the Marathon II must be incorporated into the root zone by applying 0.1 – 0.3 inches of water / Acre either through chemigation or

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
		through irrigation / rainfall. Reduced control will result if the application is not incorporated within 24 hours NOTE: The rate applied affects the length of control and higher rates should be used when infestations occur later in crop development or when past pressure is continuous.

GRAPE

American bunch grape, Muscadine grape and Viniferous grape

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 30 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces / Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Leafhoppers/ Sharpshooters Mealybugs <i>Phylloxera spp.</i> ²	16.0 – 32.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a hill-drench using sufficient water to insure incorporation into the root-zone followed by irrigation • As a subsurface side-dress shanked into the root-zone on both sides of the plants followed by irrigation, or, • As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment For best results, make applications between bud break and the pea-berry stage
Pierce's Disease ¹	24.0 – 32.0	
¹ Suppression only ² Regular and repeated use of Marathon II over multiple consecutive growing seasons will control existing <i>Phylloxera</i> infestations over time		

HOP

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

- Pre-Harvest Interval: 60 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 19.2 fluid ounces / Acre (0.30 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids	19.2	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As a hill-drench using sufficient water to insure incorporation into the root-zone followed by irrigation • As a subsurface side-dress shanked into the root-zone on both sides of the plants followed by irrigation, or, • As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment

PECAN

- Applications may be made from May 15th until July 15th. Applications made later in the season may result in reduced efficacy.
- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces / Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Twolined spittlebug Pecan scab* (from reduction in honeydew deposition)	16.0 – 32.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II to slightly moist soil using one of the following methods <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • As an emitter of spot application in a minimum of 4 fl. oz. of mixture per emitter site • As subsurface side-dress shanked into the root-zone near the emitter line. Treat distance wetted by the emitter set of each tree, or, • As a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment
*Suppression only		

POME FRUIT

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including Oriental pear) Quince

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24 fluid ounces / Acre (0.38 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers	16.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II as a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment

STONE FRUIT

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

Apple, Cherry (including sweet and tart), Nectarine, Peach, Plum (including Chickasaw, Damson and Japanese), Plumcot, Prune (fresh and dried)

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 21 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 24 fluid ounces / Acre (0.38 lb AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids (including woolly apple aphid) Leafhoppers	16.0 – 24.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II as a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment

STONE FRUIT PRE-PLANT ROOT DIP APPLICATION

Marathon II may be used to control black beach aphids infesting roots as a pre-plant root dip of 2.0 fl. oz. of Marathon II per 10 gallons of water. To apply, thoroughly wet the bare-root transplants by soaking the roots to slightly above the graft union for up to five minutes. Allow the solution to dry on the roots and transplant the trees as soon as possible after treatment.

TROPICAL FRUIT

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

Acerola, Avocado, Black sapote, Canistel, Feijoa, Jaboticaba, Guava Longan, Lychee, Mamey sapote, Mango, Papaya, Passionfruit, Pulasan, Rambutan, Sapodilla, Spanish lime, Star apple, Star fruit, Wax jambu

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 6 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces / Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Leafhoppers Whiteflies	24.0 – 32.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II as a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure trickle, drip, micro-sprinkler or equivalent irrigation equipment.
Scales*	32.0	

*Suppression only

POPLAR/COTTONWOOD (including members of the genus *Populus* grown for pulp or timber)

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

- Maximum Marathon II allowed per crop season: 32.0 fluid ounces / Acre (0.50 lb. AI/A)

Pest	Application Rate (fl. oz. / Acre)	Specific Instructions
Aphids Cottonwood leaf beetle <i>Phylloxera populana</i> *	16.0 – 32.0	Apply the specified amount of Marathon II as a chemigation application directly into the root zone using low-pressure drip irrigation equipment. Cottonwood leaf beetle: For best results make application when beetles first begin feeding. Larger trees may require earlier treatments as a result of slower uptake. Phylloxera: Make applications early in the year from break of dormancy through May.

*Suppression only

APPLICATION TO GRASSY AREAS IN NURSERIES

Marathon II will control soil-inhabiting pests in grassy areas in or around nurseries such as under or around field or container grown plants, on roadways or other grassy areas. The need for an application can be based on historical monitoring of the site, previous records or experiences, current season adult trapping or other methods. Applications may be made preceding the egg laying activity of the target pests and high levels of control may be achieved when applications are made preceding or during the egg laying period. For best results, make applications prior to egg hatch of the target pests, followed by sufficient irrigation or rainfall to move the active ingredient through the thatch.

Use Precautions:

- Applications must NOT exceed a total of 1.6 pt. (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year.
- Applications should NOT be made when grassy areas are waterlogged or the soil is saturated with water because adequate distribution of the active ingredient cannot be achieved when these conditions exist.
- The treated grassy area must be in such a condition that the rainfall or irrigation will penetrate vertically in the soil profile.
- Avoid mowing treated areas until after sufficient rainfall or irrigation has occurred in order to maintain the uniformity of the application.
- Do NOT graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage.
- Do NOT apply Marathon II to soils that are waterlogged or saturated and avoid runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application.
- Do NOT allow leachate to run out for the first 10 days after application or reduced efficacy may result.

Application Instructions:

Apply Marathon II in sufficient water to provide adequate distribution in the treated area. Use of accurately calibrated equipment normally used for soil application of insecticides is required. Use equipment which will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off-target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly.

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 sq. ft.	Fluid ounces per Acre	Specific Instructions
Annual bluegrass weevil Asiatic garden beetle Billbugs Black turfgrass ataeinus Cutworms* European Chafer Green June beetle Northern masked chafer Oriental beetle <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp. Southern masked chafer	0.45 – 0.6 (13 to 17 mL)	19.2 – 25.6	Billbugs and annual bluegrass weevil: For best results make applications prior to egg hatch of the target pest. Cinchbugs: Make applications prior to the hatching of the first instar nymphs. Mole Crickets: Make applications prior to or during the peak egg hatching period. When adults or large nymphs are present and actively tunneling, Marathon II should be accompanied by a curative insecticide.
Cinchbugs* Mole Crickets	0.57 (17 mL)	25.6	NOTE: For best results, the active ingredient must be moved through the thatch by irrigation or rainfall occurring within 24 hours after application.
*Suppression only			

APPLICATION TO ORNAMENTALS AND VEGETABLE PLANTS

Marathon II is a systemic insecticide that may be applied to ornamental and vegetable plants and interior landscapes. The insecticide is translocated upward into the plant system and for best results must be placed where the growing portions of the target plant can absorb the active ingredient. When applicable, adding a fertilizer containing nitrogen into the spray solution may enhance plant uptake of Marathon II.

Woody Perennials:

Protection in woody perennials is slower than in herbaceous species and a delay of 2 or more weeks should be expected, with longer delays for larger plants. Because of this, applications to woody perennials should be made well in advanced of expected insect activity.

Bark Media:

Marathon II treatments to media with 30 – 50% or more bark content may confer a shorter period of protection.

Use Precautions:

- Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted at any time, but DO NOT graze or harvest for food or feed. DO NOT graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage.
- Do NOT apply Marathon II to soils that are waterlogged or saturated and avoid runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application.
- Do NOT allow leachate to run out for the first 10 days after application or reduced efficacy may result.
- Do NOT exceed a total of 1.6 pt. / Acre per year (0.4 lb. AI/A)

FOLIAR AND BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

Marathon II may be applied as a broadcast or foliar application to trees (including non-bearing fruit and nut trees), shrubs, evergreens, flowers, foliage plants, ground covers, interior landscapes and vegetable plants intended for resale.

***For use on vegetable plants intended for resale only including:** Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Kale Kohirabi, Lettuce, Mustard Green, Pepinos, Peppers, Potatoes, Rape Greens, Sorghum, Tomatillo and Tomato.

Application Instructions:

Apply Marathon II in sufficient water to provide adequate distribution in the treated area. Use of accurately calibrated equipment normally used for soil application of insecticides is required. Use equipment which will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off-target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly.

NOTE: When making foliar applications to plants with hard-to-wet foliage such as holly, pine or ivy, use of a spreader / sticker is recommended.

Pest	Application Method	Application Rate	Specific Instructions
Adelgids Aphids Japanese beetle (adult) Lacebugs Leaf beetles (including elm and viburnum leaf beetles) Leafminers Mealybugs Sawfly larvae Thrips* Whiteflies	Foliar	1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL) per 100 gal. of water	Make applications prior to establishment of large pest populations and retreat as necessary. NOTE: Applying Marathon II foliarly after a soil application in the same crop is not recommended for resistance management purposes.
White grub larvae (such as Japanese beetle larvae, chafers, <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp., Asiatic garden beetle and Oriental beetle)	Broadcast	0.45 – 0.60 fl. oz. (13 to 17 mL) per 1000 sq. ft.	Mix the recommended amount of Marathon II in sufficient water to uniformly cover the area being treated using at least 2 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. For best results, incorporate the Marathon II into the upper soil profile irrigating after the application is made.

*Suppression only

IRRIGATION AND DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Marathon II may be applied to ornamental and vegetable plants in greenhouses, nurseries and interior landscapes using soil drenches, micro-irrigation, drip irrigation, overhead irrigation, ebb and flood irrigation, or hand-held or motorized calibrated irrigation equipment.

Use Precautions:

- On plants with a production cycle of less than one year, application is not to exceed a frequency of more than once each 16 weeks for a particular plant. On stock plants and woody crops with a production cycle of greater than one year, application may not exceed once a year.

RECOMMENDED RATES AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR IRRIGATION AND DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Application Site		Recommended Rate		Application instructions	Pests Controlled
Plants in Containers	Herbaceous Species including Vegetables ⁵ (one or two plants per pot)	Container Size (inches)	# of pots treated with 1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL)	Use sufficient water volume to wet most of the potting medium without loss of liquid through leaching. Irrigate moderately after application. To avoid loss of active ingredient due to leaching, do NOT allow leaching or runoff to occur for 10 days after application.	Adelgids Aphids Armored Scale (suppression) Fungus gnat (larvae only) [†] Japanese beetles (adults) Lacebugs Leaf beetles (including elm and viburnum leaf beetles)
		2	3000		
		3	2000		
		4	1500		
		5	1200		
		6	1000		
		7	850		
		8	750		
		9	675		
		10	600		
		11	550		
		12	500		

RECOMMENDED RATE AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR IRRIGATION AND DRENCH APPLICATIONS				
Application Site	Recommended Rate		Application Instructions	Pests Controlled
Woody Perennial Species or Herbaceous Species including Vegetables ⁵ (three or more plants per pot)	2	2000	Apply as a broadcast treatment and incorporate into the medium before planting or apply after plants are established. If application is made to established plants, optimum control will be attained if area is lightly irrigated after application. Do NOT allow leaching or runoff to occur for 10 days after application.	Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Mealybugs Psyllids Root mealybugs ² Root weevil complex (such as Black Vine Weevil, Apopka Weevil, Citrus Root Weevil ³) Soft scale Thrips (suppression) ⁴ White Grub Larvae (Such as Japanese beetle, Masked Chafers, European Chafer, Oriental Beetle, Asiatic Garden Beetle) Whiteflies
	3	1350		
	4	1000		
	5	850		
	6	650		
	7	550		
	8	500		
	9	450		
	10	400		
	11	350		
	12	300		
	Ornamental and Vegetables ⁵ plants grown in flats, benches, or beds	1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL) per 3000 sq. ft. Do NOT use less than 2 gallons of mixture per 1000 sq. ft.		
Containerized Plants	Container Size (gallons)	# of pots treated with 1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL)	For best results, make applications prior to egg hatch of the target pest. Apply in sufficient water to wet the potting medium. Irrigate moderately after application to move the active ingredient into the root zone.	
	1	340 to 244		
	2	280 to 210		
	3	220 to 165		
	5	160 to 110		
	7	100 to 75		
	10	60 to 45		
	15	40 to 30		
20	20 to 15			
Field and Forest Nurseries	1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL) per 1000 ft. of row or 3000 sq. ft. in a minimum spray volume of 2 gallons per 1000 square feet In areas of turf, apply as a broadcast application using 1.35 – 1.7 fl. oz. (40 to 50 mL) per 3000 sq. ft. in a minimum spray volume of 2 gallons per 1000 square feet.		Vegetation in the area to be treated should be mowed to a height of 3 inches or less prior to application. Mowing to the lowest possible height will ensure greater consistency of control. Apply May through July. For best results, treatment should be followed by rainfall or irrigation.	White grub larvae (such as Japanese beetle, Masked chafers, European chafer, Oriental beetle, Asiatic garden beetle)

¹ Fungus Gnat larvae in the soil will be controlled by drench or incorporation; Marathon II does not control adult Fungus Gnats. Other foliar insect control is achieved translocating the active ingredient up into the plant via the root system.

² To control root mealybug, a thorough drenching of the containerized media is necessary. Use a rate of 1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL) in 150 gallons of water and be sure to obtain complete coverage while minimizing the amount of leachate.

³ For control of citrus root weevil on non-bearing citrus nursery stock ONLY.

⁴ Thrips on foliage only are suppressed, not in buds and flowers.

⁵ For use on vegetable plants intended for resale only including: Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Kale Kohirabi, Lettuce, Mustard Greens, Pepinos, Peppers, Potatoes, Rape Greens, Sorghum, Sugarbeets, Tomatillo and Tomato.

RECOMMENDED RATES AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR NURSERY, GREENHOUSE AND INTERIOESCAPE PLANTS			
Application Site	Recommended Rate	Application Instructions	Pests Controlled
<p>Trees</p> <p>NOTE: Application to trees already heavily infested may not prevent the eventual loss of the trees due to existing pest damage and tree stress</p>	<p>0.1 – 0.2 fl. oz. (3 to 6 mL) per inch of trunk diameter (DBH)</p>	<p>SOIL INJECTION: No Soil Injection Application allowed in Nassau or Suffolk counties of New York.</p> <p>GRID SYSTEM: Holes should be spaced on 2.5 ft. centers in a grid pattern, extending to the drip line of the tree</p> <p>CIRCLE SYSTEM: Apply in holes evenly spaced in circles (use more than one circle dependent upon the size of the tree) extending in form the drip line of the tree.</p> <p>BASAL SYSTEM: Space injection holes evenly around the base of the tree trunk no more than 6 to 12 inches out from the base.</p> <p>Mix required dosage in sufficient water to inject an equal amount of solution in each hole. Maintain a low pressure and use sufficient solution for distribution of the liquid into the treatment zone. For optimum control, keep the treated area moist for 7 to 10 days. Do not use less than 4 holes per tree.</p> <p>SOIL DRENCH: Remove plastic or any other barrier that will stop solution from reaching the root zone. Uniformly apply around the base of the tree, direct to the root zone as a drench in no less than 10 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.</p>	<p>Adelgids Aphids Armored Scale* Black vine weevil larvae Eucalyptus Longhorned Borers Flatheaded Borers (including bronze birch and alder borers) Japanese Beetles (adults) Lacebugs Leaf Beetles (including elm and viburnum leaf beetles) Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminers Mealybugs Pine Tip Moth larvae Psyllids Royal Palm Bugs Sawfly larvae Soft Scales Thrips* White grub larvae Whiteflies</p>
<p>Shrubs</p>	<p>0.1 – 0.2 fl. oz. (3 to 6 mL) per foot of shrub height</p>	<p>SOIL INJECTION – No Soil Injection Application allowed in Nassau or Suffolk counties of New York.</p> <p>Mix required dosage in sufficient water to inject an equal amount of solution in each hole. Using a minimum of 4 holes per shrub, apply to individual plants maintaining a low pressure and use sufficient solution for distribution of the liquid into the treatment zone.</p> <p>Keep the treated area moist for 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>SOIL DRENCH: Remove plastic or any other barrier that will stop solution from reaching the root zone. Uniformly apply around the base of the tree, direct to the root zone as a drench in no less than 10 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.</p>	
<p>Flowers and Ground Cover</p>	<p>0.45 – 0.60 fl. oz. (13 to 17 mL) per 1000 sq. ft.</p>	<p>Apply as a broadcast treatment and incorporate into the soil before planting or apply after plants are established. If application is made to established plants, optimum control will be attained if area is irrigated thoroughly after application.</p>	

*Suppression only of these species

EBB AND FLOOD APPLICATIONS

Marathon II may be applied through Ebb and Flood applications. To assure accurate uptake it is recommended that prior treatment, a minimum of 10 plants be brought up to a known field capacity and allowed to dry out for one or two days. Re-wet these plants to determine how much water on average each plant will absorb to return it to field capacity.

Application Site		Recommended Rate		Application Instructions	Pests Controlled
Plants in Containers	Herbaceous species including vegetable plants ⁵ (one or two plants per pot)	Container Size (inches)	mL per 100 Plants		
		2	1.6	To minimize the return back to the storage tank, keeping pot sizes uniform use the volume absorbed per plant (see test above) multiplied by the number of pots being treated.	Adelgids Aphids Armored scales (suppression) Fungus Gnats (larvae only) ¹ Japanese Beetles (adults) Lacebugs Leaf beetles (including elm and viburnum leaf beetles) Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminers Mealybugs Psyllids
		3	2.5		
		4	3.3		
		5	4.2		
		6	5.0		
		7	5.9		
		8	6.6		
		9	7.4		
		10	8.3		
		11	9.0		
		12	10.0		
	Woody perennials, herbaceous species including vegetable plants ⁵ (3 or more per pot)	Container Size (inches)	mL per 100 Plants		
		2	2.5		
		3	3.7		
		4	5.0		
		5	6.3		
		6	7.7		
		7	9.1		
		8	10.0		
		9	11.1		
		10	12.5		
		11	14.3		
		12	16.7		

- 1 Fungus Gnat larvae in the soil will be controlled by drench or incorporation; Marathon II does not control adult Fungus Gnats. Other foliar insect control is achieved translocating the active ingredient up into the plant via the root system.
- 2 To control root mealybug, a thorough drenching of the containerized media is necessary. Use rate of 1.7 fl. oz. (50 mL) in 150 gallons of water and be sure to obtain complete coverage while minimizing the amount of leachate.
- 3 For control of citrus root weevil on non-bearing citrus nursery stock ONLY.
- 4 Thrips on foliage only are suppressed, not in buds and flowers.
- 5 **For use on vegetable plants intended for resale only including:** Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli, Broccoli Raab, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Eggplant, Ground Cherry, Kale, Kohirabi, Lettuce, Mustard Greens, Pepinos, Peppers, Potatoes, Rape Greens, Sorghum, Sugarbeets, Tomatillo and Tomato.

TURFGRASS

Marathon II will control soil-inhabiting pests in grassy areas such as home lawns, business and office complexes, shopping complexes, multi-family residential complexes, golf courses, airport, cemeteries, parks, playgrounds, and athletic fields and sod farms. The need for an application can be based on historical monitoring of the site, previous records or experiences, current season adult trapping or other methods. Applications may be made preceding the egg laying activity of the target pests and high levels of control may be achieved when applications are made preceding or during the egg laying period. For best results, make applications prior to egg hatch of the target pests, followed by sufficient irrigation or rainfall to move the active ingredient through the thatch.

Use Precautions:

- Applications must NOT exceed a total of 1.6 pt. (0.4 lb of active ingredient) per acre per year.
- Keep children and pets off treated areas until dry.
- Do NOT apply through any type of irrigation system.
- Do NOT graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage.
- Applications should NOT be made when grassy areas are waterlogged or the soil is saturated with water because adequate distribution of the active ingredient cannot be achieved when these conditions exist.
- Avoid runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application.
- Do NOT allow leachate to run out for the first 10 days after application or reduced efficacy may result.
- The treated grassy area must be in such a condition that the rainfall or irrigation will penetrate vertically in the soil profile.
- Avoid mowing treated areas until after sufficient rainfall or irrigation has occurred in order to maintain the uniformity of the application.

Application Instructions:

Apply Marathon II in sufficient water to provide adequate distribution in the treated area. Use of accurately calibrated equipment normally used for soil application of insecticides is required. Use equipment which will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off-target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly.

Pest	Fluid ounces per 1000 sq. ft.	Pints per Acre	Specific Instructions
Larvae of: Annual bluegrass weevil Asiatic garden beetle Billbugs Black turfgrass atenioides Cutworms* European Chafer Green June Beetle Japanese beetle Northern masked chafer Oriental beetle Phyllophaga spp. Southern masked chafer	0.46 – 0.6 (14 to 17 mL)	1.25 – 1.6	Grubs, European Crane Fly, billbugs, and annual bluegrass weevil. For best results make applications prior to egg hatch of the target pest. Chinchbugs: Make applications prior to the hatching of the first instar nymphs. Mole Crickets: Make applications prior to or during the peak egg hatching period. When adults or large nymphs are present and actively tunneling, Marathon II should be accompanied by a curative insecticide.
Chinchbugs* Mole Crickets	0.60 (17 mL)	1.60	NOTE: For best results, the active ingredient must be moved through the thatch by irrigation or rainfall occurring within 24 hours after applications.
*Suppression only			

ORNAMENTALS, GROUNDCOVERS AND INTERIOR PLANTSCAPES

Marathon II is a systemic insecticide that may be applied to ornamentals, groundcovers, and interior plantscapes in and around industrial and commercial buildings and residential areas. The insecticide is translocated upward into the plant system and for best results must be placed where the growing portions of the target plant can absorb the active ingredient. When applicable, adding a fertilizer containing nitrogen into the spray solution may enhance plant uptake of Marathon II.

Ant Management Programs:

Marathon II may be used to limit the honeydew available as a food source for ant populations when controlling aphids, scale insects, mealy bugs and other sucking pests on ornamentals. Marathon II applications may be supplemented with bait traps, residual sprays and other methods to further reduce the unwanted ant population.

Woody Perennials:

Protection in woody perennials is slower than in herbaceous species and a delay of 2 or more weeks should be expected, with longer delays for larger plants. Because of this, applications to woody perennials should be made well in advance of expected insect activity.

Bark Media:

Marathon II treatments to media with 30 – 50% or more bark content may confer a shorter period of protection.

Use Precautions:

- Keep children and pets off treated areas until dry
- Do NOT apply through any type of irrigation system
- Cover crops for soil building or erosion control may be planted at any time, but do not graze or harvest for food or feed. Do NOT graze treated areas or use clippings from treated areas for feed or forage.
- Do NOT apply Marathon II to soils that are waterlogged or saturated and avoid runoff or puddling of irrigation water following application
- Do NOT allow leachate to run out for the first 10 days after application or reduced efficacy may result
- Do NOT exceed a total of 1.6 pt. / Acre per year (0.4 lb. A/A)

FOLIAR AND BROADCAST APPLICATIONS

Marathon II may be applied as a broadcast or foliar application to tress (including non-bearing fruit and nut trees), shrubs, evergreens, flowers, foliage plants, ground covers, interior landscapes and vegetable plants intended for resale.

Application Instructions:

Apply Marathon II in sufficient water to provide adequate distribution in the treated area. Use of accurately calibrated equipment normally used for soil application of insecticide is required. Use equipment which will produce a uniform, coarse droplet spray, using a low pressure setting to eliminate off-target drift. Check calibration periodically to ensure that equipment is working properly.

NOTE: When making foliar applications to plants with hard-to-wet foliage such as holly, pine or ivy, use of a spreader / sticker is recommended

Pest	Application Method	Application Rate	Specific Instructions
Adelgids Aphids Japanese beetle (adult) Lacebugs Leaf beetles (including elm and viburnum beetles) Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminers Mealybugs Sawfly larvae Thrips* Whiteflies	Foliar	1.5 fl. oz. (45 mL) per 100 gal. of water	Make applications prior to establishment of large pest populations and retreat as necessary. NOTE: Applying Marathon II foliarly after a soil application in the same crop is not recommended for resistance management purposes
White grub larvae (such as Japanese beetle larvae, chafers, <i>Phyllophaga</i> spp., Asiatic garden beetle and Oriental beetle)	Broadcast	0.46 – 0.60 fl. oz. (14 to 17 mL) per 1000 sq. ft.	Mix the recommended amount of Marathon II in sufficient water to uniformly cover the area being treated using at least 2 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. For best results, incorporate the Marathon II into the upper soil profile by irrigating after the application is made.

*Suppression only

SOIL INJECTION AND DRENCH APPLICATIONS

Application Site	Recommended Rate	Application Instructions	Pests Controlled
Trees NOTE: Application to trees already heavily infested may not prevent the eventual loss of the trees due to existing pest damage and tree stress	0.1 – 0.2 fl. oz. (3 to 6 mL) per inch of trunk diameter (DBH)	<p>SOIL INJECTION – No Soil Injection Application allowed in Nassau or Suffolk counties of New York.</p> <p>GRID SYSTEM: Holes should be spaced on 2.5 ft. centers, in a grid pattern, extending to the drip line of the tree.</p> <p>CIRCLE SYSTEM: Apply in holes evenly spaced in circles (use more than one circle dependent upon the size of the tree) beneath the drip line of the tree extending in from that line.</p> <p>BASAL SYSTEM: Space injection holes evenly around the base of the tree trunk no more than 6 to 12 inches out from the base.</p> <p>Mix required dosage in sufficient water to inject an equal amount of solution in each hole. Maintain a low pressure and use sufficient solution for distribution of the liquid into the treatment zone. For optimum control keep the treated area moist for 7 to 10 days. Do not use less than 4 holes per tree.</p>	Adelgids Aphids Armored Scale* Black vine weevil larvae Eucalyptus Longhorned Borers Flatheaded Borers (including bronze birch and alder borers) Japanese Beetles (adults) Lacebugs Leaf Beetles (including elm and Viburnum leaf beetles) Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminers Mealybugs Pine Tip Moth larvae Psyllids Royal Palm Bugs Sawfly larvae Soft Scales Thrips* White grub larvae Whiteflies

Application Site	Recommendation	Application Instructions	Pests Controlled
		SOIL DRENCH: Remove plastic or any other barrier that will stop solution from reaching the root zone. Uniformly apply around the base of the tree, direct to the root zone as a drench in no less than 10 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.	
Shrubs	0.1 – 0.2 fl. oz. (3 to 6 mL) per foot of shrub height	<p>SOIL INJECTION – No Soil Injection Application allowed in Nassau or Suffolk counties of New York</p> <p>Mix required dosage in sufficient water to inject an equal amount of solution in each hole. Using a minimum of 4 holes per shrub, apply to individual plants maintaining a low pressure and use sufficient solution for distribution of the liquid into the treatment zone.</p> <p>Keep the treated area moist for 7 to 10 days.</p> <p>SOIL DRENCH: Remove plastic or any other barrier that will stop solution from reaching the root zone. Uniformly apply around the base of the tree, direct to the root zone as a drench in no less than 10 gallons of water per 1000 square feet.</p>	
Flowers and Ground Cover	0.46 – 0.60 fl. oz. (14 to 17 mL) per 1000 sq. ft.	Apply as a broadcast treatment and incorporate into the soil before planting or apply after plants are established if application is made to established plants, optimum control will be attained if area is irrigated thoroughly after application.	

*Suppression only of these species

POME FRUIT IN AND AROUND RESIDENTIAL AREAS

Apple, Crabapple, Loquat, Mayhaw, Pear (including Oriental pear), Quince

- Pre-Harvest Interval (PHI): 7 days
- Reapplication Interval: At least 10 days
- Maximum Applications per Year: 5
- Do NOT apply through any type of irrigation system

Pest	Fluid ounces per 100 gal.	Fluid ounces per Acre ²	Specific Instructions
Aphids [except Woolly apple Aphid] Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Leafminer Mealybugs ¹ San Jose Scale ¹	1.5 (45 mL)	6.0	<p>Apply as a foliar spray as needed after petal-fall is complete.</p> <p>Rose Apple Aphid: Apply prior to leaf rolling caused by the pest.</p> <p>Leafhopper: For late season (preharvest) control apply while most leafhoppers are in the nymphal stage.</p> <p>Leafminer: Make first application as soon as petal-fall is complete for control of first</p>

Pest	ounces per 100 gal.	Fluid ounces per Acre ²	Specific Instructions
			<p>generation, which best results occurring when the application is made at the earliest possible time.</p> <p>For succeeding generations, best results occur when applications are made early in the adult flight against egg and early instar larvae. If generations are overlapping or severe pressure continues, a second application may be necessary after 10 days. A single application may result in suppression only. NOTE: Marathon II will not control late stage larvae.</p> <p>Mealybug: For best results be sure to have good spray coverage of the trunk and scaffolding limbs or other nesting sites.</p> <p>San Jose Scale: Time applications to the crawler stage and treat each generation.</p>

¹Not permitted for control on pears in California.

²The amount of Marathon II required per acre depends on tree size and volume of foliage. The listed rate per acre is based on a standard of 400 gallons of dilute spray per acre for large trees.

PECANS IN AND AROUND RESIDENTIAL AREAS

NOT PERMITTED IN CALIFORNIA unless otherwise directed by supplemental labeling

- Reapplication Interval: At least 10 days
- Maximum Applications per Year: 3
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per Year: 18 fluid ounces / Acre
- Do NOT apply through any type of irrigation system

Pest	Fluid ounces per 100 gal.	Fluid ounces per Acre*	Specific Instructions
Yellow pecan aphid Black margined aphid Pecan leaf phylloxera Pecan spittlebug Pecan stem phylloxera	1.5 (45 mL)	6.0	<p>Apply as a foliar spray as pest pressure builds but before infestation is extremely heavy. Two applications at a 10 – 14 day interval may be required to achieve control.</p> <p>For best results, thorough and uniform coverage is necessary. Coverage may be improved through the use of an organosilicone-based spray adjuvant.</p>

*The amount of Marathon II required per acre depends on tree size and volume of foliage. The listed rate per acre is based on a standard of 400 gallons of dilute spray per acre for large trees.

GRAPES IN AND AROUND INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS AND RESIDENTIAL AREAS

- Reapplication Interval: At least 14 days
- Maximum Marathon II allowed per Year: 6 fluid ounces / Acre
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation system

Pest	Fluid ounces per 100 gal.	Fluid ounces per Acre	Specific Instructions
Leafhoppers (including glassy-winged sharpshooter) Mealybugs	1.5 (45 mL)	3.0 (90 mL / A)	Apply as a foliar spray using 200 gallons of water per acre

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry place and in such a manner as to prevent cross contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food, and feed. Store in original container and out of the reach of children, preferably in a locked storage area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

After removal of all PVA packets, dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill, by incineration or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITATION WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and must be followed carefully, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result due to such factors as weather conditions, presence or absence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of OHP, Inc., the manufacturer, or the seller.

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