



U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7505P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number:

59639-228

Date of Issuance:

3/2/18

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

Registration
 Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

V-10438 Herbicide

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

Robert Hamilton
Valent U.S.A. Corporation
1600 Riviera Avenue Suite 200
Walnut Creek, CA 94596-8025

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A). You must comply with the following conditions:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration/registration review of your product under FIFRA when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
2. You are required to comply with the data requirements described in the DCI Order identified below:

Signature of Approving Official:

Shaja B. Joyner, Product Manager 20
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch
Registration Division 7505P

Date:

3/2/18

a. Flumioxazin GDCI-129034-1236

You must comply with all of the data requirements within the established deadlines. If you have questions about the Generic DCI Order listed above, you may contact the Chemical Review Manager in the Pesticide Reevaluation Division:

<http://iaspub.epa.gov/apex/pesticides/f?p=chemicalsearch:1>

3. Make the following label changes before you release the product for shipment:
 - Revise the EPA Registration Number to read, “EPA Reg. No. 59639-228.”
4. Submit one copy of the final printed label for the record before you release the product for shipment.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you fail to satisfy these data requirements, EPA will consider appropriate regulatory action including, among other things, cancellation under FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please also note that the record for this product currently contains the following CSFs:

- Basic CSF dated 5/31/2017
- Alternate CSF 1 dated 5/31/2017
- Alternate CSF 2 dated 5/31/2017

If you have any questions, please contact Nathan Mellor by phone at 703-347-8562, or via email at mellor.nathan@epa.gov.

Enclosure



CHLORIMURON ETHYL	GROUP	2	HERBICIDE
FLUMIOXAZIN	GROUP	14	HERBICIDE

[Bracketed information is optional text].
 [Roundup Ready PLUS® Crop Management Solutions]

V-10438 Herbicide

FOR WEED CONTROL IN SOYBEANS

Active Ingredient	By Wt
¹ Flumioxazin.....	30.0%
² Chlorimuron Ethyl	10.3%
Other Ingredients	<u>59.7%</u>
Total	100.0%

¹2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione
²Ethyl 2-[[[(4-chloro-6-methylpyrimidin-2-yl)amino;]carbonyl;]amino;]sulfonyl;]benzoate

V-10438 Herbicide is a water dispersible granule containing 40.3% active ingredient.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

[SEE NEXT [PAGE][PANEL] FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.]

NET WEIGHT

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Harmful if inhaled, Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

FIRST AID

- If on skin:**
- Take off contaminated clothing.
 - Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
 - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- If inhaled:**
- Move the person to fresh air.
 - If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
 - Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
- If swallowed:**
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
 - Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
 - Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.
 - Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- If in eyes:**
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
 - Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
 - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, shoes, waterproof gloves (including natural rubber), and protective eyewear. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Groundwater Advisory

Chlorimuron-ethyl is known to leach through soil into groundwater under certain conditions as a result of label use. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisories

This product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams and springs will reduce the potential loading of chlorimuron-ethyl from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be greatly reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall or irrigation is expected to occur within 48 hours.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof or chemical-resistant gloves, and shoes plus socks.

**DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT,
LIMITED WARRANTY
AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY**

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these risks, THEN THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law AND AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law, Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements, Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Disclaimer, Risks of Using This Product, Limited Warranty and Limitation of Liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Weed Resistance Management

For resistance management, V-10438 Herbicide is a Group 14 herbicide and a Group 2 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to V-10438 Herbicide and other Group 14 herbicides and Group 2 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Follow appropriate resistance-management strategies.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of V-10438 Herbicide or other Group 14 or Group 2 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method, for example hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management strategies for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Valent U.S.A. LLC at 800-682-5368 or at www.valent.com.

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Timing to Weeds

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PRODUCT INFORMATION

V-10438 Herbicide is a selective herbicide for preemergence control of susceptible broadleaf weeds and suppression of certain annual grasses in soybeans. V-10438 Herbicide also offers control of certain emerged broadleaf weeds when applied as part of a burndown treatment.

V-10438 Herbicide has two modes of action and rapidly inhibits the growth of susceptible weed species. Following application, susceptible weed species may germinate and emerge. Seedling weeds will then either turn brown and die shortly after being exposed to light, or will cease growing, turn yellow and then turn brown from the growing point out. Susceptible species usually do not grow past the cotyledon stage before they die from either mode of action. Less susceptible species may remain green, but will be stunted and non-competitive.

V-10438 Herbicide can be applied in a tank mixture with an organophosphate insecticide or applied following the application of an organophosphate insecticide if applied prior to emergence to STS or STS/RR soybean variety.

V-10438 Herbicide Rate Summary	
fl oz of V-10438 Herbicide	Pounds of Flumioxazin
2.5	0.063
3	0.076
4	0.101
5	0.126

RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not make more than one application of V-10438 Herbicide per year.
- Do not apply more than 5 oz (0.126 lb ai) of V-10438 Herbicide per acre per year.
- Do not apply more than 0.126 lb ai of V-10438 Herbicide per acre per year.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not use on soils with a composite pH of greater than 7.6
- Do not apply to frozen or snow covered soil.

PRECAUTIONS

- Tank mixing V-10438 Herbicide with chloroacetamide-containing products including: fluthiamide (Axiom[®]), s-metolachlor (Dual[®] II Magnum); dimethenamid (Frontier[®]), dimethenamid-P (Outlook[®]) or alachlor (IntRRo[®]), may result in severe crop injury. Under certain conditions, state 24c labeling will allow these tank mixtures.
- Severe crop injury may occur if V-10438 Herbicide is applied within 14 days before or after an application of an organophosphate insecticide on any soybean variety that is not Dupont[™] STS[®] or STS/RR.
 - When applying by air, observe drift management restrictions and precautions listed under Aerial Application.
 - Tillage operations performed after application of V-10438 will reduce residual weed control.
 - Injury may occur if additional chlorimuron-ethyl-containing herbicides are applied to fields that have been treated with V-10438 Herbicide.
 - Injury may occur if V-10438 Herbicide is applied to soils with a history of nutrient deficiency, including iron chlorosis.

Fall Burndown and Fallow Seed Bed Precautions

- Abnormally warm or wet winters will reduce the length of weed control observed in the spring.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND BIOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE

Preemergence Application

Important: Crop injury may occur from applications made to poorly drained soils under cool, wet conditions. Risk of crop injury can be minimized by not using on poorly drained soils, planting at least 1.5 inches deep and completely covering seeds with soil prior to preemergence applications.

Moisture is necessary to activate V-10438 Herbicide in soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following applications of V-10438 Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, V-10438 Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds.

When adequate moisture is not received after soil-applied treatments of V-10438 Herbicide, weed control may be improved by utilizing shallow cultivation. If weeds begin to emerge, irrigate (1/4 inch of water) or cultivate uniformly with shallow-tillage equipment, including a rotary hoe, that will not damage the crop. Deep cultivation reduces the effectiveness of V-10438 Herbicide and should be avoided.

Burndown Application

For best results, apply V-10438 Herbicide to actively growing plants. Applying V-10438 Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. Do not apply V-10438 Herbicide when weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, disease or low humidity. Weeds under stress tend to become less susceptible to herbicidal action. V-10438 Herbicide is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

V-10438 Herbicide is rainfast 1 hour after application. Efficacy may be reduced if rain is expected within 1 hour of application.

Timing to Soybeans

V-10438 Herbicide may be applied up to 3 days after planting but before soybean emergence. Application after the soybeans emerge will result in severe crop injury. Select V-10438 Herbicide rate from Tables 1 or 2, according to anticipated weed spectrum.

Soil Characteristics

Application of V-10438 Herbicide to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require a higher rate than soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

Herbicide Rate

V-10438 Herbicide rate for preemergence application, as well as when used as part of a burndown program, is based upon soil characteristics and the most difficult-to-control weed species being targeted for preemergence control. Select the proper V-10438 Herbicide rate from Table 1. Table 2 list weeds that are suppressed by V-10438 Herbicide.

CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE

Preemergence Application

To ensure uniform coverage, use 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre for conventional tillage application using ground boom application. For aerial application, use 5 to 10 gallons of spray solution per acre. The higher gallonage applications afford more consistent weed control.

Burndown Application

To ensure thorough coverage in burndown applications, use 15 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre using ground boom. Use 20 to 30 gallons per acre if dense vegetation or heavy crop residue is present. When applying aerially, use 7 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Application at less than 7 gallons per acre may provide inadequate control.

Adjuvant Requirements for Burndown

Burndown control of weeds from V-10438 Herbicide requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. A crop oil concentrate (COC), which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil, may be used when applying V-10438 Herbicide as part of a burndown program. Certain tank mixes and/or use patterns may require the use of a non-ionic surfactant (NIS) in place of a COC. The NIS must contain at least 80% active ingredient. Also, spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to the spray mixture along with either a COC or NIS to enhance weed control. The addition of AMS does not replace the need for COC or NIS. Verify mixing compatibility by using a jar test.

Adjuvant Rates for Burndown

COC at 1 to 2 pt/A or NIS at 0.25% v/v. The addition of spray grade AMS at 8.5 to 17 lb per 100 gallons of spray solution maybe added in addition to the COC or NIS.

JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND V-10438 HERBICIDE

When using V-10438 Herbicide and an adjuvant, including in stale seed bed or reduced tillage situations, perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of V-10438 Herbicide, when using V-10438 Herbicide for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

1. Add 1 pt of the water to a quart jar. The water should be from the same source and temperature that will be used in the spray tank mixing operation.
2. Add 2 gm of V-10438 Herbicide to the quart jar, gently mix until product dissolves.
3. Add 60 ml (4 tbsp or 2 fl oz) of the COC to the quart jar, gently mix. If a NIS is being used in a tank mix, add 2.5 ml (1/2 tsp) of the NIS in place of the COC.
4. If AMS is being used, add 19 gm to the quart jar.
5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.

6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed, question the choice of adjuvant:
 - a) Layer of oil or globules on the mixture's surface.
 - b) Flocculation: fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
 - c) Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

SPRAYER PREPARATION AND CLEANUP

Before applying V-10438 Herbicide, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. Clean the spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms, to ensure no residues from the previous spraying operation remain in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. Clean the spray equipment according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply V-10438 Herbicide.

Spray equipment, including mixing vessels and nurse tanks, must be cleaned each day following V-10438 Herbicide application. After V-10438 Herbicide is applied, use the following steps to clean the spray equipment:

1. Completely drain the spray tank, rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
2. Fill the spray tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
3. Top off tank, add 1 gal of 3% household ammonia (or equivalent) for every 100 gals of water, circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes and then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes. If diaphragms are being used on the spray boom, loosen diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm. If spray lines have any end caps, they must be loosened before flushing the system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the loosened caps. To enhance removal of V-10438 Herbicide from the spray system, add a tank cleaner, in place of ammonia and allow the cleaning solution to remain in the pressurized spray system (spray tank, hoses and boom) for overnight before flushing the system for a minimum of 15 minutes. Valent Tank Cleaner can be used in this system.
4. Drain tank completely.
5. Add enough clean water to the spray tank to allow all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles to be flushed for 2 minutes.
6. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them in clean water.

Thoroughly clean spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens and nozzles, before using to apply postemergence pesticides. Equipment with V-10438 Herbicide residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to the subsequently treated crop.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fill clean spray tank 1/3 to 1/2 of desired level with clean water.
2. While agitating, add the required amount of V-10438 Herbicide. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface. If tank mixing V-10438 Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
3. Add any required adjuvants.
4. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Continue agitation until spray solution has been applied.
5. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply V-10438 Herbicide within 6 hours of mixing.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Application equipment must be clean and in good repair. Nozzles must be uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

BROADCAST APPLICATION

Apply V-10438 Herbicide, and V-10438 Herbicide tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with flat fan or flood nozzles (preemergence applications only) designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

BAND APPLICATION

When banding, use proportionately less water and V-10438 Herbicide per acre.

SPRAY DRIFT

Aerial Application

- Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use ½ swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

Ground Boom Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height specified by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For all other ground applications, the nozzle must be no more than 3 feet from the target vegetation.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

- Do not apply this product by air within 40 ft of non-target plants including non-target crops.
- Do not apply this product by air within 100 ft of emerged cotton crops.
- Do not apply this product by air within 40 ft of streams, wetlands, marshes, ponds, lakes and reservoirs.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume – Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure – Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle – Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

Controlling Droplet Size – Aircraft

- Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturer's directions for setting up nozzles. To reduce fine droplets, orient nozzles parallel with the airflow in flight.

BOOM HEIGHT – Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

RELEASE HEIGHT – Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Adjuvants and Drift Control Additives: Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant specifications. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

CROP FAILURE

If the crop treated with V-10438 Herbicide is lost due to a catastrophe, including hail or other forms of inclement weather, soybeans can be replanted immediately.

ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

Prior to using V-10438 Herbicide, give consideration to crop rotation plans. Crops other than soybeans may be extremely sensitive to low concentrations of V-10438 Herbicide remaining in the soil the next planting season. Choice of rotational crop is restricted following application of V-10438 Herbicide.

The following rotational crops can be planted after applying V-10438 Herbicide at the labeled rate. Planting earlier than the rotational interval listed below may result in crop injury.

V-10438 Herbicide Crop Rotational Interval in Months			
Crop	Southern Region¹		Midwest Region²
	Soil pH less than 7	Soil pH 7 or greater	All Soil pH
Soybean	Immediately	Immediately	Immediately
Barley, Ryegrass, Wheat, Winter Rye	4	4	4
Field Corn ³	10	18	10
Cotton	10	30	10
Rice	9	18	10
Tobacco (Transplant)	10	18	10
Tomato (Transplant)	12	18	12
Alfalfa	12	18	12
Clover	12	18	18
Dry Bean, Kidney Bean, Pea, Snap Bean	12	30	12
Sorghum	10	18	10
Cabbage, Cucumbers, Flax, Lentils, Mustards, Peanuts, Pumpkin, Sunflower, Sweet Corn, Watermelon	18	30	18
Canola (Rapeseed), Carrot, Onion, Potato, Sugar Beet and any other crops not listed	18	30	30

¹Southern Region includes the states of AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MO bootheel, MS, NC, NJ, SC, TN, TX, VA and WV.

²Midwest Region includes the states of IA (except Hamburg-Ida-Monona, Nicolett-Clarion and Webster soils), IL, IN, KS, MI, MO (except bootheel), NE (fields south of Route 30 and east of Route 281), NY, OH, OK, PA and WI (South of Interstate 90 between Lacrosse and Madison and South of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee).

³Field corn is defined to include only that corn grown for grain or silage, popcorn and seed corn. However, because seed corn inbred lines may vary in their sensitivity to trace amounts of herbicide carryover, Valent cannot warrant that seed corn can be re-cropped without damage or yield loss. Seek the seed corn company agronomist's advice regarding inbred sensitivity to herbicides prior to planting any inbred lines.

ADDITIONAL PREEMERGENCE BROADLEAF CONTROL

V-10438 Herbicide can be tank mixed with metribuzin, linuron or pendimethalin for additional weed control.

ADDITIONAL PREEMERGENCE GRASS CONTROL

V-10438 Herbicide can be tank mixed with pendimethalin or Command® (clomazone) for additional grass control. [In the states of ***(Note to EPA Reviewer: specific states will be listed here)***]

V-10438 Herbicide can be tank mixed with micro-encapsulated acetochlor (Warrant®) at 2 oz per acre.] [Tank mixes with chloroacetamide containing products including: fluthiamide (Axiom), s-metolachlor (Dual II Magnum), dimethenamid (Frontier), dimethenamid-P (Outlook) or alachlor (IntRRo), may result in severe injury to soybeans when application is followed by prolonged periods of cool wet weather and should not be used with V-10438 Herbicide][, unless directed by state 2(ee) or 24(c) labeling.]

Read tank mix product label for rates and weeds controlled. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

V-10438 Herbicide, when applied according to label use directions, will control the weeds listed in Table 1 and suppress the weeds listed in Table 2. This label makes no claims concerning control of other weed species.

Table 1. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Preemergence Application of V-10438 Herbicide

Broadleaf Weed Species				
Section A				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Organic Matter	Soil Type	V-10438 Herbicide Rate
Bittercress, Hairy	<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i>	0.5 to 5%	All Soil Types	3.0 oz/A
Carpetweed	<i>Mollugo verticillata</i>			
Chamomile				
German	<i>Matricaria recutita</i>			
Mayweed	<i>Anthemis cotula</i>			
Chickweed				
Common	<i>Stellaria media</i>			
Mouseear	<i>Cerastium vulgatum</i>			
Common	<i>Chenopodium album</i>			
Lambsquarters				
Common Purslane	<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>			
Copperleaf				
Hophornbeam	<i>Acalypha ostryifolia</i>			
Virginia	<i>Acalypha virginica</i>			
Dandelion	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>			
Eclipta	<i>Eclipta prostrata</i>			
Eveningprimrose,	<i>Oenothera laciniata</i>			
Cutleaf				
Florida Pusley	<i>Richardia scabra</i>			
Hairy Indigo	<i>Indigofera hirsuta</i>			
Henbit	<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i>			
Kochia	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>			
Little Mallow	<i>Malva parviflora</i>			
Marestail/Horseweed	<i>Conyza canadensis</i>			
Mayweed	<i>Matricaria recutita</i>			
Mustard, Wild	<i>Brassica kaber</i>			
Nightshades				
Black	<i>Solanum nigrum</i>			
Eastern Black	<i>Solanum ptycanthum</i>			
Hairy	<i>Solanum sarrachoides</i>			
Pigweeds				
Redroot	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>			
Smooth	<i>Amaranthus hybridus</i>			
Spiny Amaranth	<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i>			
Tumble	<i>Amaranthus albus</i>			
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	<i>Sida spinosa</i>			
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>			
Purple Deadnettle	<i>Lamium purpureum</i>			
Redmaids	<i>Calandrinia ciliata</i> var. <i>menziesii</i>			

Table 1. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Preemergence Application of V-10438 Herbicide

Broadleaf Weed Species				
Section A				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Organic Matter	Soil Type	V-10438 Herbicide Rate
Shepherd's-purse Smallflower Morningglory Spotted Spurge Swinecress Venice Mallow	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> <i>Jacquemontia tamnifolia</i> <i>Euphorbia maculata</i> <i>Coronopus didymus</i> <i>Hibiscus trionum</i>	0.5 to 5%	All Soil Types	3.0 oz/A
Section B				
All weeds listed in section A plus				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Organic Matter	Soil Type	V-10438 Herbicide Rate
Cocklebur, Common Coffee Senna Florida Beggarweed Hemp Sesbania Jimsonweed Morningglories Entire leaf Ivyleaf Pitted Tall Palmer Amaranth Ragweed Common Giant Sicklepod Smartweeds Ladysthumb Pennsylvania Tropic Croton Sunflower, Common Velvetleaf Waterhemp Common Tall Wild Poinsettia	<i>Xanthium strumarium</i> <i>Cassia occidentalis</i> <i>Desmodium tortuosum</i> <i>Sesbania exaltata</i> <i>Datura stramonium</i> <i>Ipomoea hederacea</i> var. <i>integriuscula</i> <i>Ipomoea hederacea</i> <i>Ipomoea lacunosa</i> <i>Ipomoea purpurea</i> <i>Amaranthus palmeri</i> <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> <i>Ambrosia trifida</i> <i>Senna obtusifolia</i> <i>Polygonum persicaria</i> <i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i> <i>Croton glandulosus</i> <i>Helianthus annuus</i> <i>Abutilon theophrasti</i> <i>Amaranthus rudis</i> <i>Amaranthus tuberculatus</i> <i>Euphorbia heterophylla</i>	0.5 to 3%	All Soil Types	4.0 oz/A
		3 to 5%	Coarse and Medium Soils: (sandy loam, loamy sand, loamy, silt-loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	5.0 oz/A

**Table 2. Annual Grasses Suppressed by Preemergence Application of V-10438 Herbicide
Grass Weed Species**

Common Name	Scientific Name	V-10438 Herbicide Rate
Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>	3.0 to 5.0 oz/A
Crabgrass, Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>	
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>	
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>	
Lovegrass, California	<i>Eragrostis diffusa</i>	
Panicums		
Fall	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>	
Texas	<i>Panicum texanum</i>	

MIDWEST REGION STATES SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

USE V-10438 HERBICIDE ONLY IN THE FOLLOWING MIDWESTERN STATES: IA (except Hamburg-Ida-Monona, Nicolett-Clarion and Webster soils), IL, IN, KS, MI, MO (except bootheel), NE (fields South of Route 30 and East of Route 281), NY, OH, OK, PA and WI (South of Interstate 90 between Lacrosse and Madison and South of Interstate 94 between Madison and Milwaukee). Not for use in non-specified Midwest Region States.

SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAM FOR MIDWEST REGION STATES

Timing To Weeds

On soils with a composite pH of 7 or less, apply 2.5 to 5.0 oz/A per acre of V-10438 Herbicide. On soils with a composite pH greater than 7, apply up to 2.5 oz/A of V-10438 Herbicide. V-10438 Herbicide at 2.5 oz/A will provide suppression of the weeds listed in Table 1.

V-10438 Herbicide, applied as part of a spring burndown program for midwest region states, may be used for preemergence weed control, as well as to assist in burndown of many annual and perennial weeds where soybeans will be planted. For control of emerged weeds, choose the most appropriate burndown tank mix partner from Table 3. For each V-10438 Herbicide tank mix partner listed, refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, plant-back intervals and adjuvants.

Table 3. Tank Mix Partners for Control of Emerged Weeds in Spring Burndown Program for Midwest Region States

Tank Mix Partners	Target Weeds¹
2,4-D LVE	Dandelion Giant Ragweed Marestail/Horseweed
Express [®] XP (tribenuron methyl)+ 2,4-D LVE	Chickweed Species
glyphosate	General Burndown
glyphosate + 2,4-D LVE	General Burndown
Harmony [®] GT XP (thifensulfuron methyl)	Lambsquarter
paraquat	Chickweed Henbit Marestail/Horseweed

¹Refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, plant-back planting intervals and adjuvants.

FALL BURNDOWN AND FALLOW SEEDBED PROGRAMS FOR MIDWEST REGION STATES

Timing To Weeds

Apply 3.0 to 5.0 oz per acre of V-10438 Herbicide in the fall to provide residual weed control in fields that will be planted the following spring with soybeans. If weeds have emerged at the time of application, use V-10438 Herbicide in combination with a labeled burndown herbicide (Table 4). Application must be made no earlier than October 15 or when soil temperature falls below 50°F at a 2 inch depth to maintain residual weed control into the spring (May 1) or up until planting, whichever comes first. Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1. For each V-10438 Herbicide tank mix partner listed, refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, plant-back intervals and adjuvants.

Table 4. Tank Mix Partners for Control of Emerged Weeds in Fall Burndown and Fallow Seedbed Programs for Midwest Region States

Tank Mix Partners	Target Weeds ¹
2,4-D LVE	Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
2,4-D LVE + dicamba	Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
Express XP (tribenuron methyl) + 2,4-D LVE	Chickweed Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
glyphosate	Annual Grasses Chickweed Cressleaf Groundsel Henbit Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
glyphosate + 2,4-D LVE	Annual Grasses Chickweed Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse

¹ Refer to tank mix product labels for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, planting intervals and adjuvants.

SOUTHERN REGION STATES SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS
USE V-10438 HERBICIDE ONLY IN THE FOLLOWING SOUTHERN REGION STATES OF:
AL, AR, DE, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MO (bootheel), MS, NC, NJ, SC, TN, TX, VA and WV. Not
for use in non-specified Southern Region States.

Precaution

- Injury may occur if V-10438 Herbicide is applied to Black Belt soils in Alabama and Mississippi with a history of nutrient deficiency of iron chlorosis or a soil pH greater than 7.

SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAM FOR SOUTHERN REGION STATES

Timing To Weeds

On soils with a composite pH of 7 or less, apply 4.0 to 5.0 oz/A of V-10438 Herbicide. On soils with a composite pH of greater than 7, apply up to 4.0 oz/A of V-10438 Herbicide. If 3 oz/A of V-10438 Herbicide has been applied in the states of AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, MO (bootheel), NC, SC, TN and TX only, an additional 0.5 oz/A of Classic® 25% DG (chlorimuron-ethyl) can be applied.

V-10438 Herbicide, applied as part of a spring burndown program for southern region states, may be used for preemergence weed control, as well as to assist in burndown of many annual and perennial weeds where soybeans will be planted. For control of emerged weeds, choose the most appropriate burndown tank mix partner from Table 5. For each V-10438 Herbicide tank mix partner listed, refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, plant-back intervals and adjuvants.

Table 5. Tank Mix Partners for Control of Emerged Weeds in Spring Burndown Program for Southern Region States

Tank Mix Partner	Target Weeds¹
2,4-D LVE	Dandelion Giant Ragweed Marestail/Horseweed
dicamba	Marestail/Horseweed
Express XP (tribenuron methyl) + 2,4-D LVE	Chickweed species
glyphosate	General Burndown
glyphosate + 2,4-D LVE	General Burndown
Harmony GT XP (thifensulfuron methyl)	Lambsquarters
paraquat	Chickweed Henbit

¹ Refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, plant-back planting intervals and adjuvants.

**FALL BURNDOWN AND FALLOW SEEDBED PROGRAMS FOR SOUTHERN REGION STATES
Timing To Weeds**

V-10438 Herbicide, at 3.0 to 5.0 oz/A, can be used in the fall to provide residual weed control in fields that will be planted the following spring with soybeans. If weeds have emerged at the time of application, use V-10438 Herbicide in combination with a labeled burndown herbicide (Table 6). Application must be made no earlier than November 15 or when soil temperature falls below 50°F at a 2 inch depth to maintain residual weed control into the spring (April 1) or up until planting, whichever comes first. Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1. For each V-10438 Herbicide tank mix partner listed, refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, plant-back intervals and adjuvants.

Table 6. Tank Mix Partners for Control of Emerged Weeds in Fall Burndown and Fallow Seedbed Programs for Southern Region States

Tank Mix Partner	Target Weeds¹
2,4-D LVE	Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
2,4-D LVE + dicamba	Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
dicamba	Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
glyphosate	Annual Grasses Chickweed Cressleaf Groundsel Henbit Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse
glyphosate + 2,4-D LVE	Annual Grasses Chickweed Cressleaf Groundsel Dandelion Henbit Marestail/Horseweed Purple Deadnettle Shepherd's-purse

¹Refer to tank mix product label(s) for specific directions for control of emerged weeds present, rotational restrictions, planting intervals and adjuvants.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container.

Store in a cool, dry, secure place.

Do not put formulation or dilute spray solution into food or drink containers.

Do not contaminate food or foodstuffs.

Do not store or transport near feed or food.

Not for use or storage in or around the home.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night (800) 892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

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