1639-196	04/11/2013	
	U.S. VIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	Date of Issuance:
	UNITED STATES OFFICE OF Pesticide Programs	E. (eg.Number: Date of issuance:
	Registration Division (7505P)	
HO N	Ariel Rios Building	59639-192
	<sup>5</sup> <sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sub>4</sub> (PROTECT <sup>0</sup> ) 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW	APR 1 1 2013
	Washington, D.C. 20460	TIPAM .
		Term of Issuance:
	NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:	Unconditional
· .	X Registration	Name of Pesticide Product:
	(under FIFRA, as amended)	
		V-10336 Herbicide
Na	me and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):	
Va	lent U.S.A. Corporation	
	00 Riviera Avenue	
	alnut Creek, CA 94596	
Not	e: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this regi- istration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this prod	stration must be submitted to and accepted by the uct always refer to the above EPA registration
s nun	iber .	
	the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is	
Fed	eral Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be commendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the er	construed as an endorsement or ny his
mot	ion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordan	nce with the Act. The acceptance of any
	he in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be con	strued as giving the registrant a right to
exc	lusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.	
	is product is unconditionally registered in accordance with F	IFRA sec. $3(c)(5)$ provided that
you	<b>u:</b>	
1)	Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistra	ation/registration review for your
	oduct when the Agency requires all registrants of similar proc	
- 1	lure to submit acceptable data to fulfill these requirements m	• ·
	icellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e).	ay result in registration
2)	Replace the text "EPA Reg. No. 059639-00192" wherever it	appears on the label with the
tex	t "EPA Reg. No. 59639-192".	
3)	Assure the EPA Establishment Number and Net Contents als	so appear on the label.
	Computer and stars as stability (820 6217) and some sign	-h
1. 1	Generate one-year storage stability $(830.6317)$ and corrosion the product. The observations should be made at 0, 3, 6, 9, a	
	•	
	ults must be submitted to the Agency in electronic and hard of date on this Notice.	copy format within 18 months of
5	NOTE: The Degie Confidential Statement of Fermula (OSF)	deted Sentember 5 2012 1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	NOTE: The Basic Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF)	• · · ·
tne	Alternate CSF #1 dated September 6, 2013 are both accepta	
	SEE NEXT PAGE FOR	ADDITIONAL COMMENTS
	noture of Approving Official:	Deter
	hature of Approving Official:	Date:
	duct Manager 23 $M = M = M = M$	APR 1 1 2013
Her	bicide Branch	HEATA
Reg	gistration Division (7505P)	`
EPAF	orm 8570-6 EPA Decision Number: 470094	Page 1 of 2

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6) NOTE: While no additional data is being requested at this time, any marketing claims made on the pesticide label at any time must be substantiated by data maintained in your files. If data supporting marketing claims made on the product label is not available then those claims must be removed.

7) NOTE: Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

8) Submit one (1) copy of the revised final printed label before the product is released for shipment.

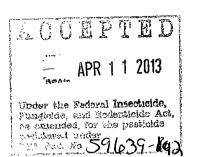
If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.



GROUP 14 15 HERBICIDE

[Bracketed information is optional text].

# V-10336 Herbicide



## FOR CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF CERTAIN WEEDS TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND ON NON-RESIDENTIAL NON-CROP AREAS AS LISTED IN THIS LABEL.

Active Ingredient	By Wt.
Flumioxazin*	. 33.5%
Pyroxasulfone**	. 28.0%
Other Ingredients	
Total	

\*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1 *H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione

\*\*3-[[[5-(difluoromethoxy)-1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl]methyl]sulfonyl]-4,5dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazole

V-10336 Herbicide is a water dispersible granule containing 61.5% active ingredient.

CAS No. 447399-55-5

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

## [CAUTION]

NET WEIGHT: \_\_\_\_ POUNDS

## HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact **800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

## [PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes and socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.]

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:**

This product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This pesticide is toxic to plants and should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

**Ground Water Advisory:** This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in ground water. This chemical may leach into ground water if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

**Surface Water Advisories:** Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

The product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds, streams, and springs will reduce potential loading of pyroxasulfone and its degradation product, 5-difluoromethody-1H-pyrazol-4-yl) methanesulfonic acid (M1), from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

## READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

#### DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT, LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

#### **RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT**

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

#### LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law AND AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law, Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

#### PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

#### NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing **Disclaimer**, **Risks of Using This Product**, **Limited Warranty** and **Limitation of Liability**, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

#### TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

## **RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS**

V-10336 Herbicide is a premix of Group 14 and Group 15 herbicides. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to V-10336 Herbicide and other Group 14 and/or Group 15 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 14 and/or Group 15 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 14 plus Group 15 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by V-10336 Herbicide or other Group 14 and/or Group 15 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of V-10336 Herbicide or other target site of action Group 14 and/or Group 15 herbicides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- · Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy.
- Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

For further information or to report suspected resistance, you may call the following toll-free number: **800-682-5368**.

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### **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

V-10336 Herbicide is a preemergence and early postemergence herbicide for control of selected grass and broadleaf weeds in and around ornamental woody shrubs, deciduous trees and conifers grown outdoors in containers or in the field (in ground) and to maintain bare ground non-crop areas.

Weeds controlled by V-10336 Herbicide are listed in Table 1, Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of V-10336 Herbicide.

Preemergence weed control with V-10336 Herbicide is most effective when applied to clean, weed free soil surfaces. The most effective postemergence weed control with V-10336 Herbicide occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height. Follow specific site use directions prior to using surfactant as certain over the top applications restrict the use of the surfactants.

#### **PRODUCT USE RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR NON-CROP AREAS**

- Do not rotate to food or feed crops after application to bare ground on noncrop areas.
- Do not apply in enclosed greenhouse structures.
- Do not apply when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not incorporate into soil after application.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
- Do not apply to turfgrass.
- Do not apply to areas with adjacent non-dormant pome or stone fruit crops.
- Treatment of powdery, dry soil or light sandy soil, or light sandy soil when there is little to no
  likelihood of rainfall soon after may result in off target movement and possible damage to actively
  growing susceptible crops when soil particles are moved by wind or water. Do not apply when
  these soil and environmental conditions are present.
- Do not apply more than once per season.
- Do not exceed a maximum seasonal pyroxasulfone use rate of 0.267 lb ai per acre.

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### SPRAYER PREPARATION

Before applying V-10336 Herbicide, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. The spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms, must be cleaned to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to, the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. The spray equipment must be cleaned according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply V-10336 Herbicide. Follow the most restrictive cleanup procedure If two or more products were tank mixed prior to V-10336 Herbicide application.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- 2. If a drift retardant is to be used, add 10 lbs of spray grade ammonium sulfate per 100 gallons of spray solution.
- 3. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of V-10336 Herbicide with water prior to addition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gallon of water per 10 oz of V-10336 Herbicide.
- 4. While agitating, slowly add the pre-slurried V-10336 Herbicide to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.

- 5. If tank mixing V-10336 Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 6. Add any required adjuvants.
- 7. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until all spray solution has been applied.
- 8. Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. V-10336 HERBICIDE should be applied within 6 hours of mixing.

#### **APPLICATION METHOD**

V-10336 Herbicide is applied by ground or by air. Application equipment should be clean and in good repair. Nozzles should be uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

#### 1. Ground Application

Apply V-10336 Herbicide, and V-10336 Herbicide tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with flat fan (preplant or preemergence applications only) designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

## 2. Aerial Application

Spray drift away from the site of application may cause damage to non-target vegetation. To minimize drift, apply the largest droplet size consistent with uniform coverage and satisfactory weed control. To obtain satisfactory application and avoid drift, the following directions must be observed:

- Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions (including fog), when winds are gusty or under other conditions that favor drift.
- Do not spray when wind velocity is less than 2 mph or more than 10 mph.
- Do not apply this product by air within 40 ft of non-target plants including non-target crops.
- Do not apply this product by air within 100 ft of emerged cotton crops.
- Do not apply this product by air within 40 ft of streams, wetlands, marshes, ponds, lakes and reservoirs.

#### CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE

When used as part of a burndown weed control program, apply V-10336 Herbicide in 7 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Application at less than 7 gallons per acre may provide inadequate control. When used for preemergence weed control, apply V-10336 Herbicide in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. The higher gallonage applications generally afford more consistent weed control. Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

#### NOZZLE SELECTION AND ORIENTATION

Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles, such as diaphragm type nozzles, to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzles must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0 and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.

#### ADJUVANTS AND DRIFT CONTROL ADDITIVES

Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant recommendation. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

## SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all factors involved in minimizing drift potential.

#### Importance of Droplet Size

The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Use nozzle types and nozzle arrangements that will provide maximum coverage and minimize the potential for off target movement of spray particles. Droplet size for both ground and air applications must be in the "medium" size category as defined in the August 1999 ASAE S572 publication entitled, "Spray Nozzle Classification by Drop Spectra". Refer to that publication for additional information. Regardless of droplet size, if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions off target movement will occur. (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion sections in this label).

#### Controlling Droplet Size

**Volume:** Use high flow rate nozzles that produce medium droplets to apply the highest practical spray volume.

**Pressure:** Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle and do not exceed the manufacturer's recommended pressure. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of nozzles: Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

**Nozzle orientation:** Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards parallel to the air-stream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

**Nozzle type:** Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. Do not use air inducting or flood type nozzles.

**Boom length:** For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

**Ground Boom Application Height:** Applications should not be made at a height greater than 4 feet above the top of the largest plants. Making applications at the lowest possible height reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

#### Wind

Variable wind speeds with changing directions may pose the largest potential for drift damage if crops other than rice are adjacent to the field to be sprayed. Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 to 8 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application must be avoided if wind speed is below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

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## Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation, but they still should remain within the medium droplet size category. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **Temperature Inversions**

Do not spray at times when spray particles may be entrained into a temperature inversion layer. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application. Applications must not occur during temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive Areas

The pesticide must only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (*e.g.*, residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (*i.e.*, when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

#### SPRAYER CLEANUP

Spray equipment, including mixing vessels and nurse tanks, must be cleaned each day following V-10336 Herbicide application. After V-10336 Herbicide is applied, the following steps must be used to clean the spray equipment:

- Completely drain the spray tank, rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- Fill the spray tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
- Top off tank, add 1 gallon of 3% household ammonia (or equivalent) for every 100 gallons of water, circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes, and then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes. If diaphragms are being used on the spray boom, loosen diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm. If spray lines have any end caps, they must be loosened before flushing the system, allowing cleaning solution to spray though the loosened caps. To enhance removal of V-10336 Herbicide from the spray system, add a tank cleaner such as "Valent Tank Cleaner", in place of ammonia and allow the cleaning solution to remain in the pressurized spray system (spray tank, hoses and boom) for 8 hours before flushing the system for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Drain tank completely.
- Add enough clean water to the spray tank to allow all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles to be flushed for 2 minutes.
- Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them in clean water.

Thoroughly clean the spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens and nozzles, before it is used to apply postemergence pesticides. Equipment with V-10336 Herbicide residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to the subsequently treated crop.

#### ADDITIVES

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product, Valent recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant. Mix V-10336 Herbicide with a crop oil concentrate that contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient when applying V-10336 Herbicide as part of a postemergence weed control program. Verify the mixing compatibility by a jar test before using. Do not mix V-10336 Herbicide with a surfactant when applying over the top of dormant woody ornamentals or conifer trees.

A spray-grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2.0 to 2.5 lb/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with a crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for crop oil concentrate or non-ionic surfactant.

#### JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND V-10336 HERBICIDE

When using V-10336 Herbicide and an adjuvant, such as in stale seed bed or reduced tillage situations, a jar test should be performed before mixing commercial quantities of V-10336 Herbicide, when using V-10336 Herbicide for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

- 1. Add 1 pt of the water to a quart jar. The water should be from the same source and temperature as which will be used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- 2. Add 1 g of V-10336 Herbicide to the quart jar for every 3 oz of V-10336 Herbicide per acre being applied

(2 g if 6 oz/A is the desired V-10336 Herbicide rate), gently mix until product goes into suspension.

- 3. Add 60 ml (4 Tbsps or 2 fl oz) of the crop oil or methylated seed oil to the quart jar or 1 ml of non-ionic surfactant if it is being used in place of oil, gently mix.
- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 ml (1 Tbsp or 0.5 oz) of the 28 to 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 g AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 to 32% nitrogen.
- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- 6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed the choice of adjuvant should be questioned:
  - a) Layer of oil or globules on the mixture's surface.
  - b) Flocculation: fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
  - c) Clabbering: Thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression
BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································
Bristly Starbur Acanthospermum hispidum		S
Carpetweed Mollugo verticillata		С
Chickweeds		
Common	Stellaria media	C
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum	С
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Acalypha ostryifolia	S
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale	С
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrate	С
Eveningprimrose, Cutleaf	Oenothera laciniata	С
Florida Pusley	Richardia scabra	С
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	С
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	С
Little Mallow	Malva parviflora	C ·
Marestail/Horseweed	Conyza canadensis	С
Nightshades		
Black	Solanum nigrum	С
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum	С
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides	С
Pigweeds		·····
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	С
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	С
Spiny Amaranth	Amaranthus spinosus	С
Tumble	Amaranthus albus	С
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa	С
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	С
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	С
Radish, Wild	Raphanus raphanistrum	С
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata var menziessii	C
Shepherd's-purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	С
Smallflower Morningglory	Jacquemontia tamnifolia	С
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculate	С
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum	С
Coffee Senna	Cassia occidentalis	С
Common Ragweed	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	С
Florida Beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum	C
Golden Crownbeard	Verbesina encelioides	C
Hairy Indigo	Indigofera hirsuta	C C
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata	C
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	C C

## Table 1. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of V-10336 Herbicide

Continued

14/18

Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression	
BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES			
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	С	
Morningglories		<u> </u>	
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula	С	
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	С	
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea	С	
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea	С	
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber	С	
Palmer Amaranth	Amaranthus palmeri	С	
Ragweed, Giant	Ambrosia trifida	S	
Russian Thistle	Salsola iberica	С	
Smartweeds			
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	S	
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	S	
Spurred Anoda	Anoda cristata	С	
Tropic Croton	Croton glandulosus	С	
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	С	
Waterhemps		<u> </u>	
Common	Amaranthus rudis	С	
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus	С	
Wild Buckwheat	Polygonum convolvulus	S	
Wild Poinsettia	Euphorbia heterophylla	С	
Wormwood, Biennial	Artemisia biennis	S	
GRASS WEED SPECIES			
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	С	
Bluegrass, Annual	Poa annua	С	
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	C	
Crabgrass			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	С	
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	С	
Cupgrass, Southwestern	Eriochloa gracilis	C	
Downy Brome	Bromus tectorum	С	
Foxtails		C	
Giant	Setaria faberi	C	
Green	Setaria viridis	C	
Yellow	Setaria glauca	C	
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	C	
Johnsongrass (seedling)	Sorghum halepense	C C	
Lovegrass, California	Eragrostis diffusa	C	

Table 1	Woode Controlled	or Suppressed by I	Posidual Activity of	f V-10336 Herbicide (Continue	d١
Table 1.	weeds Controlled	or Suppressed by	Residual Activity of	V-IU330 HEIDICIGE (Continue	a)

continued

15/18

Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression	
GRASS WEED SPECIES			
Panicums			
Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	С	
Texas	Panicum texanum	С	
Red Rice	Oryza sativa	С	
Ryegrass			
Italian	Lolium multiflorum C		
Rigid	Lolium rigidum C		
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla	C	

#### Table 1. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of V-10336 Herbicide(continued)

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND ON NON-CROP AREAS

V-10336 Herbicide, when used as directed, can be used for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept weed-free. Apply V-10336 Herbicide only to:

- Bare ground under guardrails, pipelines, railroad beds, railroad yards and surrounding areas
- Bare ground in parking and storage areas, plant sites, substations, pumping stations, and tank farms
- Bare ground areas of airports, brickyards, industrial plant sites, lumber yards and military installations, and storage areas
- Bare ground around farm buildings and along ungrazed fencerows, wind breaks, and shelter belts
- Road surfaces, improved roadside areas and gravel shoulders

V-10336 Herbicide offers residual and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weeds as well as an additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds listed in Table 1, Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of V-10336 Herbicide. V-10336 Herbicide can be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in Table 2 for increased residual or postemergence control. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase.

#### PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply [10] [15] [10-15] oz of V-10336 Herbicide per broadcast acre as a preemergence application on all soil types (up to 5% organic matter). Make the preemergence (to weed emergence) applications of V-10336 Herbicide to a weed-free soil surface. Preemergence applications of V-10336 Herbicide must be completed prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate V-10336 Herbicide on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of V-10336 Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, V-10336 Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds.

## POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply [10] [15] [10-15] oz of V-10336 Herbicide per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt/A crop oil concentrate). The addition of an adjuvant enhances V-10336 Herbicide activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the postemergence activity of V-10336 Herbicide. Emerged weeds are controlled postemergence with V-10336 Herbicide, however, translocation of V-10336 Herbicide within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of an adjuvant. The most effective postemergence weed control with V-10336 Herbicide occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height. Use a tank mix partner in combination with V-10336 Herbicide for the postemergence control of weeds larger than 2 inches. Recommended tank mix partners are listed in Table 2, Suggested Tank Mix Combinations For Non-Selective Vegetation Control.

**IMPORTANT:** Completely read and follow the label of any potential tank mix partner with V-10336 Herbicide. When using tank mixtures, use conditions must be in accordance with the most restrictive of the label limitations and precautions on either herbicide label.

Table 2. Suggeste	d Tank Mix Complications	For Non-Selective Vegetation Co	ntrol
	haveninena	l n i a l a ra ma	

2,4-D	hexazinone	picloram
bromacil	imazapic	pramitol
chlorsulfuron	imazapyr	prodiamine
dicamba	metsulfuron methyl	simazine
diuron	norfurazon	sulfometuron methyl
chlorpyralid	oryzalin	tebuthiuron
glyphosate	pendimethalin	triclopyr
sulfentrazone	aminopyralid	topramazole

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

#### PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container.

Store in a cool, dry, secure place.

Do not put formulation or dilute spray solution into food or drink containers.

Do not contaminate food or foodstuffs.

Do not store or transport near feed or food.

Not for use or storage in or around the home.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night (800) 892-0099.

#### PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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