

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

May 7, 2024

Robert L. Hamilton Sr. Regulatory Manager Valent U.S.A. LLC 4600 Norris Canyon Road San Ramon, CA 94583

Subject: Label Amendment - Registration Review Mitigation for Clethodim Product Name: GRASS KILLER FOR WILDLIFE FOOD PLOTS GL EPA Registration Number: 59639-174 Application Date: October 14, 2022 Decision Number: 595753

Dear Robert L. Hamilton:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Clethodim Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling and must be used at your next label printing. You must

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submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Caleb Carr by phone at (202) 566-0636, or via email at <u>carr.caleb@epa.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington, Branch Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4 Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division Office of Pesticide Programs

ENCLOSURE: Stamped label



CLETHODIM GROUP 1 HERBICIDE

Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL

Kills Grassy weeds without harming broadleaf food plots for wildlife when used as directed. Kills annual and perennial grasses Kills Crabgrass, Quackgrass, Barnyardgrass, Foxtails, Bermudagrass & Johnsongrass Rainfast in one hour Kills Grassy weeds without harming broadleaf wildlife food plots when used as directed. Kills grasses in wildlife food plots This XX container covers XX sq ft Treats Up to XX sq ft Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL can be used to remove grassy weeds on plots grown for wildlife food.

| J | 'Wt |
|--|------|
| *Clethodim (E)-2-[1-[[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl] | |
| -3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one12 | 2.6% |
| Other Ingredients | .4% |
| Total100. | .0% |

Contains Petroleum Distillates

Contains 0.97 lb clethodim per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

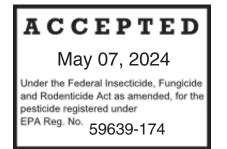
EPA Reg. No. 59639-174 **EPA Est. No.** 39578-TX-1

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Distributed by Valent U.S.A. LLC, P. O. Box 5075, San Ramon, CA94583 (800) 89-VALENT (897-2536)

NET CONTENTS

XX fl oz (X)



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read and follow all label directions.

HOW IT WORKS

Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL is a selective systemic herbicide for control of existing annual and perennial grasses growing in plants grown for wildlife food. Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

Growth of treated grasses stops soon after application. Treated grassy weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. The growing points frequently turn purple to reddish in color before the plant dies. Treated grass will usually completely die within two weeks.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- For maximum annual application rate see crop use directions below.
- Do not make more than 3 applications of Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL per acre per year.

MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Ground Boom Applications

- Apply with the nozzle height recommended by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For all other ground applications, the nozzle must be no more than 3 feet from the target vegetation.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572).
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.

IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

Controlling Droplet Size – Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure recommended for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

BOOM HEIGHT – Ground Boom

For ground equipment, the boom should remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

Boom-less Ground Applications:

- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1) for all applications.
- Do not apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- Do not apply during temperature inversions.

SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

TERMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

WIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

Weed Resistance Management

For resistance management, V-10137 1 EC Herbicide is a Group 1 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to V-10137 1 EC Herbicide and other Group 1 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of V-10137 1 EC Herbicide or other Group 1 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method including hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- Report any incidence of non-performance of this product against a particular weed species to your Valent U.S.A. retailer, representative or call 800-682-5368. If resistance is suspected, treat weed escapes with an herbicide having a different mechanism of action and/or use non-chemical means to remove escapes, as practical, with the goal of preventing further seed production.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES

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- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights. Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended . growth stage for treatment. Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.
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| | | | APPLICATION RATES | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| GRASS SPECIES | SCIENTIFIC NAME | WEED HEIGHT* (inches) | MINIMUM PER APP. RATE fl oz/A | MAXIMUM PER APP. RATE*** fl oz/A |
| Barnyardgrass | Echinochloa crus-galli | 2 to 8 | 9 (0.068 lb ai) | 16 (0.121 lb ai) |
| Broadleaf Signalgrass | Brachiaria platyphylla | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Brome | | | | |
| California | Bromus carinatus | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Cheat | Bromus secalinus | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Downy | Bromus tectorum | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Ripgut | Bromus diandrus | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Canarygrass | Phalaris canariensis | 1 to 4 | 9 | 16 |
| Crabgrass | | | | |
| Hairy | Digitaria adscendens | 2 to 6** | 9 | 16 |
| Large | Digitaria sanguinalis | 2 to 6** | 9 | 16 |
| Smooth | Digitaria ischaemum | 2 to 6** | 9 | 16 |
| Southern | Digitaria ciliaris | 2 to 6** | 9 | 16 |
| Crowfootgrass | Dactyloctenium aegyptium | 2 to 6** | 9 | 16 |
| Fall Panicum | Panicum dichotomiflor | 2 to 8 | 9 | 16 |
| Field Sandbur | Cenchrus incertus | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Foxtail | | | | |
| Giant | Setaria faberi | 2 to 12 | 9 | 16 |
| Green | Setaria viridis | 2 to 8 | 9 | 16 |
| Yellow | Setaria glauca | 2 to 8 | 9 | 16 |
| Goosegrass | Eleusine indica | 2 to 6** | 9 | 16 |
| Itchgrass | Rottboellia cochinchinensis | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Junglerice | Echinochloa colona | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Lovegrass (Stinkgrass) | Eragrostis cilianensis | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Rabbitsfootgrass | Polypogon monspeliensis | 1 to 4 | 9 | 16 |
| Red Rice | Oryza sativa | 1 to 3 | 9 | 16 |
| Rygrass | | | | |
| Hardy | Lolium remotum | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Italian | Lolium multiflorum | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Seedling Johnsongrass | Sorghum halepense | 4 to 10 | 9 | 16 |
| Shattercane | Sorghum bicolor | 6 to 18 | 9 | 16 |
| Southwestern Cupgrass | Eriochloa gracilis | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Sprangletop | | | - | |
| Amazon | Leptochloa panicoides | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Bearded | Leptochloa fascicularis | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Mexican | Leptochloa uninervia | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 |
| Red | Leptochloa filiformis | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 Continued |

Continued

| | | | APPLICATION RATES | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| GRASS SPECIES | SCIENTIFIC NAME | WEED HEIGHT* (inches) | MINIMUM PER APP. RATE fl oz/A | MAXIMUM PER APP. RATE*** fl oz/A | |
| Texas Panicum | Panicum texanum | 2 to 6 | 9 (0.068 lb ai) | 16 (0.121 lb ai) | |
| Volunteer Cereals | | | | | |
| Barley | Hordeum vulgare | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 | |
| Oats | Avena sativa | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 | |
| Rye | Secale cereale | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 | |
| Wheat | Triticum aestivum | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 | |
| Volunteer Corn | Zea mays | up to 12 | 6 (0.045 lb ai) | 12 (0.091 lb ai) | |
| Volunteer Corn | Zea mays | up to 24 | 9 | 14 (0.106 lb ai) | |
| Volunteer Corn | Zea mays | up to 36 | 12 (0.091 lb ai) | 16 | |
| Volunteer Grain Sorghum | Sorghum bicolor | 8 to 12 | 9 | 16 | |
| Wild Oats | Avena fatua | 2 to 6 | 9 | 16 | |
| Wild Proso Millet | Panicum miliaceum | 2 to 10 | 9 | 16 | |
| Witchgrass | Panicum capillare | 2 to 8 | 9 | 16 | |
| Woolly Cupgrass | Eriochloa villosa | 2 to 8 | 9 | 16 | |

USE DIRECTIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (continued)

*Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering. **Length of lateral growth. ***Use higher rate for taller grass.

USE DIRECTIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

| | | APPLICATION RATES | |
|---|--|--|---|
| GRASS SPECIES | WEED HEIGHT (inches) | MINIMUM PER APP. RATE fl oz/A | MAXIMUM PER APP. RATE* fl oz/A |
| Bermudagrass (<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) | 3 (or up to 6" runners) 3 (or up to 6" runners) | 12 (0.091 lb ai) 12 | 32 (0.242 lb ai) 32 |
| Fescue, Tall (<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) | 4 to 8 4 to 8 | 12 12 | 32 32 |
| Foxtail Barley (<i>Hordeum jubatum</i>) First Application Repeat Application (if regrowth occurs) | 2 to 6 2 to 6 | 12 12 | 32 32 |
| Orchardgrass (<i>Dactylis glo</i> merata) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) | 4 to 8 4 to 8 | 12 12 | 32 32 |
| Quackgrass (<i>Elytrigia repens</i>) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) | 4 to 12 4 to 12 | 12 12 | 32 32 |
| Rhizome Johnsongrass (<i>Sorghum halepense</i>) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) | 12 to 24 6 to 18 | 12 9 (0.068 lb ai) | 32 24 (0.182 lb ai) |
| Wirestem Muhly (<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) | 4 to 8 4 to 8 | 12 12 | 32 32 |
| Perennial Bluegrass [Roughstalk (<i>Poatrivialis</i>)] [Kentucky <i>(Poa prantensis</i>)] | | | |
| First Application Repeat Application(s) | 2 to 4 2 to 4 | 12 12 | 32 32 |
| Bentgrass (<i>Agrostis</i> spp.) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs) *Use higher rate for taller grass | 2 to 4 2 to 4 | - | 32 32 |

*Use higher rate for taller grass.

WHERE TO USE:

This product can be used to remove grassy weeds on plots grown for wildlife food.

| TOLERANT PLANTS | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Alfalfa | Peas | Garden and Red Beets | |
| Carrots | Southern Peas | Mustard | |
| Clover, Sweet, White and | Sugarbeets | Peanuts | |
| Other Species | Turnips | Radish | |
| Flax | Canola (not for canola grown in | Soybeans | |
| Lablab | California | Sunflower | |
| Parsnips | Chufa | | |

WHEN TO USE

Apply when grassy weeds are actively growing. Weather conditions such as sunny skies and warm weather promote the growth of weeds and make them more susceptible.

- Do not apply Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL if rainfall is expected within one hour as control may be reduced.
- Do not mow or top grassy weeds before application.
- Do not apply under conditions that cause stress to target grassy weeds. Applying Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL under conditions that do not promote active growth will reduce control. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature and low humidity.

HOW TO APPLY:

Broadcast applications

- Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage.
- Use a minimum of 5 gallons or a maximum of 40 gallons of spray solution per acre.
- Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals per acre is required: perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use 10 gallons per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications.
- Spray pressure should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle.
- Do not use flood nozzles.
- Add half of the needed water to the spray tank
- Add Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL
- Fill tank to desired level.
- Spray plants.
- Apply as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.
- Repeat application may be applied after 14 days.

Hand Sprayer Application:

- Apply with a hand trigger sprayer or pump up hand sprayer.
- Add water to half fill the tank.
- Add Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL.
- Then fill tank to desired level.
- Adjust sprayer to deliver a fine spray.
- Spray directly on grassy weeds till lightly wet, but not dripping.

For hard to control weeds, make a second application 2 to 3 weeks after the first application.

AMOUNT TO USE:

For Broadcast Applications

- For annual grasses 1 to 4 inches tall apply 9 fl oz (0.068 lb ai) per acre.
- For annual grasses 4 to 12 inches tall apply 16 fl oz (0.121 lb ai) per acre.
- For perennial grasses 2 to 6 inches apply 12 fl oz (0.091 lb ai) per acre.
- For perennial grasses 6 inches or taller apply up to 32 fl oz (0.242 lb ai) per acre.
- A second application may be needed for some grasses and for taller grasses.
- Do not apply more than 32 fl oz (0.242 lb ai) of Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL per acre per year.

For Spot Spray Applications

Use 1 fl oz Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL per one gallon of water. Spray plants to lightly wet.

• Do not apply more than 32 fl oz (0.242 lb ai) of Grass Killer for Wildlife Food Plots GL per acre per year.

SPRAY COVERAGE:

For Broadcast Applications

- Spray with a minimum spray volume of 10 GPA.
- Spray with a maximum spray volume of 40 GPA.

For spot spraying with a hand-held sprayer

One gallon of spray mix covers 1300 square feet.

PRECAUTIONS

- Avoid getting spray or spray drift on susceptible grass crops as injury will occur.
- Minor leaf spotting can occur on treated plants under certain conditions. New foliage is not affected.
- Avoid spraying in windy conditions (windy conditions are when winds are greater than 10 miles per hour).
- Avoid spraying when winds are gusty.
- Do not spray on grassy food plants such as corn, sorghum, wheat, barley, rice, rye and millet.

TANK MIXES

Read tank mix product label for rates and weeds controlled. Always read and follow label directions for all tank mix products before using. The most restrictive labeling of any tank mix product must be followed.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

| | FIRST AID | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| If in eyes: | Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. | | |
| If on skin or clothing: | Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. | | |
| If swallowed: | Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. | | |
| If inhaled: | Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. | | |
| HOT LINE NUMBER | | | |
| doctor, or goir | luct container or label with you when calling a poison control center or ng for treatment. You may also contact 800-892-0099 for emergency nent information. | | |
| | NOTE TO PHYSICIAN | | |

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift.

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **Pesticide Storage:** Store in original container in a cool dry place, out of reach of children, preferably a locked storage cabinet.

Pesticide Disposal and Container Handling: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. If empty: Place in trash or offer for recycling, if available. If Partly Filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT, LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these inkerent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label **and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law AND AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED.** No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing **Disclaimer, Risks of Using This Product**, **Limited Warranty** and **Limitation of Liability**, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

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Manufactured for: Valent U.S.A. LLC P.O. Box 5075 San Ramon, CA 94583

Made in U.S.A. EPA Reg. No. 59639-174 EPA Est. No.

059639-00174.20240501_Grass_Killer_for_Wildlife_Clethodim_ID_Clean