

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

March 16, 2015

Robin R. Charlton Senior Regulatory Scientist Valent U.S.A. Corporation 1600 Riviera Ave, Ste 200 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Subject: Supplemental Label Amendment – Revised crop rotation intervals for tomatoes on the supplemental label Product Name: V-10142 Ag Herbicide EPA Registration Number: 59639-166 Application Date: January 29, 2015 Decision Number: 499862

Dear Ms. Charlton:

The supplemental label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. The supplemental label must be incorporated into the master label within 18 months of the date of this notice.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Aswathy Balan by phone at 703-347-0510, or via email at balan.aswathy@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Ein the for

Shaja Joyner, Product Manager 20 Fungicide and Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

Supplemental Label



[Bracketed text is optional]



V-10142 AG HERBICIDE EPA Reg. No. 59639-166

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V-10142 AG HERBICIDE FOR USE ON MELONS AND [POTATO] [TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES]

This supplemental label expires on August 31, 2016 and must not be used or distributed after this date.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

THIS LABELING MUST BE IN THE POSSESSION OF THE USER AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION. READ THE LABEL AFFIXED TO THE CONTAINER FOR *V-10142* AG HERBICIDE BEFORE APPLYING. USE OF *V-10142* AG HERBICIDE ACCORDING TO THIS LABELING IS SUBJECT TO THE USE PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS IMPOSED BY THE LABEL AFFIXED TO THE CONTAINER FOR *V-10142* AG HERBICIDE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON MELONS (Crop Subgroup 9A)

Citron melon; Muskmelon (cantaloupe); Watermelon

Restrictions and Limitations

- Do not apply more than 6.4 oz of *V-10142* Ag Herbicide per acre per year.
- Make only one application per year.
- Make application to field grown melons only.
- Apply to well established melons (at least 5 inches wide).
- Do not apply V-10142 Ag Herbicide by air on melons.
- V-10142 Ag Herbicide will not control ALS resistant weeds (Group 2).

Specific Use Instructions

- Movement of soil may influence residual activity and/or crop response.
- Use the higher rate listed if there is a field history of nutsedge or if weed pressure is normally heavy.
- To activate *V-10142* Ag Herbicide into the soil solution, a rainfall event or overhead irrigation supplying 1/2 to 1 inch of water no sooner than 12 hours but not more than 5 days after application is necessary.
- When weeds are emerged at time of application (1 to 3 inches in height), use an approved surfactant as specified (see Adjuvant section on container label).

MELON (Crop Subgroup 9A) Citron melon; muskmelon (cantaloupe); watermelon			
V-10142 Ag Herbicide Application Rates PHI Special Instructions			
4 to 6.4 oz/A (0.19 to 0.3 lb ai/A)	48 days	Row Middle Application for Plastic Mulch or Bare Soil Culture	
		A row middle (between the rows) application may be made at any time during the cropping season (up to 48 days before harvest), as long as the melons are well established and at least 5 inches wide.	
		 Avoid contact with the melon crop. When application is being made to melons grown in plastic mulch culture, equipment must be adjusted to prevent the spray from contacting the plastic. 	
Refer to Table 1 for preemergence weeds controlled and suppressed. Refer to Table 2 for postemergence weeds controlled and suppressed.			

Ground Application

For row middle application, determine the area to be sprayed and calculate the amount of V-10142 Ag Herbicide and water needed based on a broadcast total spray volume of 20 to 40 gallons of water per acre and a V-10142 Ag Herbicide rate of 4.27 to 6.4 oz/A (0.2 to 0.3 lb ai/A). For example, if the rows are 36 inches wide and 18 inches between the rows is the area to be sprayed at the rate of 6.4 oz/A (0.3 lb ai/A), the V-10142 Ag Herbicide calculation is:

Band Width in				Amount V-10142 Ag
Inches	V	Rate per		Herbicide Needed per Acre
Row Width in	— X	Broadcast Acre	=	for
Inches				Row Middle Application

Example: $\frac{18"}{36"} \times 6.4 \text{ oz/A} = 3.2 \text{ oz/A}$ for row middle application

If the broadcast water volume selected is 30 gallons per acre, the calculation is:

Band Width in Inches	V	Sprav Volume per		Amount of Water Volume
Row Width in Inches	— X	Broadcast Acre	=	Row Middle Application

Example: $\frac{18"}{36"} \times 30$ gal = 15 gal water per acre for row middle application

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON [POTATO] [TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1C)

Arracacha; Arrowroot; Cassava (bitter and sweet); Chayote (root); Chinese Artichoke; Chufa; Dasheen (taro); Edible Canna; Ginger; Jerusalem Artichoke; Leren; Potato; Sweet Potato; Tanier; True Yam; Turmeric; Yam Bean]

Restrictions and Limitations

- Do not apply more than 6.4 oz of *V-10142* Ag Herbicide per acre per year.
- Make only two applications per year.
- Do not apply V-10142 Ag Herbicide by air on [potato] [tuberous and corm vegetables].

Specific Use Instructions

- Movement of soil may influence residual activity and/or crop response.
- Use the higher rate listed if there is a field history of nutsedge or if weed pressure is normally heavy.
- To activate *V-10142* Ag Herbicide into the soil solution, a rainfall event or overhead irrigation supplying 1/2 to 1 inch of water no sooner than 12 hours but not more than 5 days after application is necessary.
- When weeds are emerged at time of application (1 to 3 inches in height), use an approved surfactant as specified (see Adjuvant section on container label).

[POTATO] [TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES (Crop Subgroup 1C)

Arracacha; Arrowroot; Cassava (bitter and sweet); Chayote (root); Chinese Artichoke; Chufa; Dasheen (taro); Edible Canna; Ginger; Jerusalem Artichoke; Leren; Potato; Sweet Potato; Tanier; True Yam; Turmeric; Yam Bean]

V-10142 Ag Herbicide Application Rates	PHI	Special Instructions
4 to 6.4 oz/A (0.19 to 0.3 lb ai/A)		 Preemergence Apply V-10142 Ag Herbicide to a well-prepared moist seedbed after the crop has been planted, prior to emergence or immediately after hilling.
3.2 to 4 oz/A (0.15 to 0.19lb ai/A)		 Postemergence V-10142 Ag Herbicide may be applied after the crop has emerged if weeds are less than 3 inches in height as part of a weed control program.
3.2 oz/A (0.15 lb ai/A) followed by 3.2 oz/A (0.15 lb ai/A)	45 days	 SEQUENTIAL APPLICATION PROGRAM (Preemergence Application Followed By Early Postemergence Application) Apply V-10142 Ag Herbicide to a well-prepared moist seedbed after the crop has been planted, prior to emergence or immediately after hilling. Follow the preemergence application with an early postemergence application. The early postemergence application must not be made any sooner than 21 days after the preemergence application. Emerged weeds must be under 3 inches in height.
 Refer to Table 1 for p Refer to Table 2 for p 	oreemergence oostemergenc	e weeds controlled and suppressed. ce weeds controlled and suppressed.

• Refer to Table 3 for weeds controlled by *V-10142* Ag Herbicide sequential application program (preemergence application followed by early postemergence application).

Ground Application

Apply V-10142 Ag Herbicide in 20 to 40 gal of water per acre and ensure thorough, uniform coverage. For banded application, use proportionately less water and V-10142 Ag Herbicide.

Common Name	Scientific Name	V-10142 Ag Herbicide Rates
		oz/A
Weeds Controlled		
Buckwheat, Wild	Polygonum convolvulus	6.4
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata	4
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	6.4
Nutsedge, Yellow	Cyperus esculentus	6.4
Pigweeds (except Livid)	Amaranthus spp.	4 to 6.4
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	4 to 6.4
Ragweed, Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	6.4
Turnip, Wild	Brassica napus	6.4
Weeds Suppressed		
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	6.4
Burning Nettle	Urtica urens	4 to 6.4
Crabgrass, Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	4
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi	6.4
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris	4 to 6.4
Mayweed	Anthemis cotula	4
Nightshade, Black	Solanum nigrum	6.4
Nutsedge, Purple	Cyperus rotundus	6.4
Shepherd's-purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	4 to 6.4
Sowthistle	Sonchus oleraceus	4 to 6.4
Thistle, Russian	Salsola iberica	4 to 6.4

Table 1. Preemergence Weeds	Controlled and Suppresse	d b	y V-10142 Ag Herbicide
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Table 2. Postemergence Weeds Controlled and Suppressed by V-10142 Ag Herbicide

Common Name ¹	Scientific Name	<i>V-10142</i> Ag Herbicide Rates oz/A	
Weeds Controlled			
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata	4 to 6.4	
Morningglory	Ipomoea spp.	6.4	
Nutsedge, Yellow	Cyperus esculentus	6.4	
Pigweeds (except Livid)	Amaranthus spp.	4 to 6.4	
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	4 to 6.4	
Weeds Suppressed			
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	6.4	
Crabgrass, Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	4 to 6.4	
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum	6.4	
	pensylvanicum		

¹For weeds 1 to 3 inches in height, to be used with an approved surfactant.

Common Name ¹	Scientific Name	<i>V-10142</i> Ag Herbicide Rates			
Weeds Controlled					
Buckwheat, Wild	Polygonum convolvulus				
Croton, Woolly	Croton capitatus				
Dayflower	Commelina communis				
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata				
Galinsoga, Hairy	Galinsoga ciliata				
Gourd, Texas	Cucurbita foetidissima				
Groundcherry, Cutleaf	Physalis angulata				
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata				
Horseweed	Conyza canadensis	3.2 oz/A preemergence			
Jointvetch, Northern	Aeschynomene virginica	followed by 3.2 oz/A early			
Jointvetch, Indian	Aeschynomene indicica	postemergence			
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album				
Morningglory, Pitted	Ipomoea lacunosa				
Nutsedge, Yellow	Cyperus esculentus				
Pigweeds (except Livid)	Amaranthus spp.				
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea				
Ragweed, Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia				
Texasweed	Caperonia palustris				
Turnip, Wild	Brassica napus				

Table 3. Weeds Controlled by V-10142 Ag Herbicide Sequential Application Program

¹Early postemergence application for weeds 1 to 3 inches in height, to be used with an approved surfactant.

ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

The following rotational intervals are recommended for crop safety. Crop injury may result if the specified intervals are not followed. The rotational interval should be extended 6 to 8 months if either drought conditions and/or extended periods of cool conditions occur after application. These conditions and/or failure to use conventional tillage and cultivation cultural practices increases the persistence of *V*-10142 Ag Herbicide in the soil and therefore increases the potential for rotational crop injury and yield reduction. In cropping systems that employ drip irrigation, the rotational interval may need to be extended.

CROP ROTATION			
Rotational Interval	Rotational Crop		
Immediately	Rice		
1 day	Tomato (transplanted)		
100 days	Tomato (seeded)		
8 months	Cucumber ¹ , Eggplant, Lettuce, Melons ¹ (citron melon, muskmelon (cantaloupe), watermelon), Mustard Greens, Peppers (bell and non-bell), Radish, Spinach, Turnip, Turnip Greens, White Potato		
9 months	Cabbage ¹ , Squash ¹		
12 months	Field Corn, Sweet Corn, Grain Sorghum, Soybean, Wheat		
24 months ²	All crops not listed		

¹5 months in Florida and Georgia.

² A Successful soil bioassay must be performed prior to planting any crops not listed sooner than 24 months after a *V-10142* Ag Herbicide application. A successful bioassay is one in which a representative soil sample is taken from the field in question and the crop to be planted into that field is safely grown in that soil.

PLEASE CONTACT VALENT U.S.A. CORPORATION AT 800-6-VALENT (682-5368) TO DETERMINE IF THIS USE IS REGISTERED IN YOUR STATE.

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