59639-78 03/16/2001 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Eric Maurer Valent U.S.A. Corporation 1333 N. California Blvd., Ste. 600 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

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Dear Mr. Maurer:

Subject:

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Revised Labeling - Request for Reconsideration of Use Restrictions for Sunflower, Sugarbeets, and Potatoes (Rebuttal to Agency's Conditional Acceptance Letter Dated March 14, 2001 for Use on Sunflower, Tuberous and Corm Vegetables, Fruiting Vegetables, Celery, Carrot, Radish, Cranberry, Strawberry, Squash, Cucumber, Melons, and Clover) Select Herbicide EPA Registration No. 59639-78 Your Submission Dated March 16, 2001

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable with the following provision:

Within the section for Restrictions and Limitations (General), the third restriction restricts the maximum application amount to no more than 68 fluid ounces (0.5 pounds of active ingredient) per acre per season. Add a statement to this restriction to clarify that the maximum amount that may be applied to clover is no more than 34 fluid ounces (0.25 pounds of active ingredient) per acre per season. Please note that this revision is also required in restriction #9 under the section for Tank Mixes (General Information).

A stamped copy is enclosed for your records. Please submit one (1) final printed copy for the referenced label, incorporating the above changes, before releasing the product for shipment.

Sincerely yours,

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager (23) Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

DK: 305-7546: HB/PM23 CONCURRENCES							
STREET.	7505C						
SURNAME -	D. KEWNY						
DATE	3/16/2001						

OFFICIAL FILE COPY

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ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated MAR | 6 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodemicide Act as amonded, for the posticide regimered under EPA Reg. No. 59639 - 78

SELECT[®] HERBICIDE

Active Ingredient Clethodim {(E)-2[1-[[(3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]	By Wt.
propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one}	
Other Ingredients	<u>87.4%</u>
Total	00.00%

Contains Petroleum Distillates

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Contains 0.94 lbs. clethodim per gal.

U.S. Pat. No. 4,440,566 RE - 32,489

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING - AVISO

SEE BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

NET CONTENTS 1 GALLON

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

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FIRST AID

lf in eyes:	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Swallowed:	 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
	 Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
lf inhaled:	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **1-800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS

Emergency Information - call 1-800-892-0099.

Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton \ge 14 mils, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, protective eyewear, chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure and chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
 Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL AND PAMPHLET. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton \ge 14 mils, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, protective eyewear and chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT, LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label Including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these risks, THEN THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. EXCEPT AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

In no event shall Valent or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

If Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Disclaimer, Risks of Using This Product, Limited Warranty and Limitation of Liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT ON CHEMIGATION WILL BE USED ONLY IF A SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL IS CREATED.

CHEMIGATION

[Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, "Application of SELECT Herbicide Onions and Garlic by Chemigation", for use directions for chemigation. Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed.]

GENERAL INFORMATION

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

FOR USE ON: Soybeans, Cotton, Ornamentals, Sugar beets, Onions (dry bulbs only), Garlic, Shallots (dry bulbs only), Alfalfa, Peanuts, Dry Beans, Sunflower, Potato, Sweet Potato, Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables), Tomatoes, Peppers (bell & non-bell), Eggplants (and other Fruiting Vegetables), Celery, Carrot, Radish, Cranberry, Strawberry, Squash (Including Pumpkins), Cucumber, Melons (Including Cantaloupes and Watermelons), Clover, Conifer Trees, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas.

SELECT Herbicide is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. SELECT Herbicide does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

Repeated use of SELECT Herbicide (or similar postemergence grass herbicide with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.

If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application condition, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

Do not allow SELECT Herbicide to come in contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

Control Symptoms

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Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply SELECT Herbicide postemergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, SELECT Herbicide should be applied as soon as possible after an irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of SELECT Herbicide will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of SELECT Herbicide may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY SELECT Herbicide if rainfall is expected within one hour, since control may be reduced.

CHEMIGATION - ONION AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

Apply SELECT Herbicide at the high rate recommended for annual grasses (34 fl. oz. per acre) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply SELECT Herbicide in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the SELECT Herbicide into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that SELECT Herbicide be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Use Precautions

- 1. Apply this product only through irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- 2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6. The system must contain a function check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

- 9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
Soybeans, Alfalfa, Dry Beans, Cotton, Peanuts, Sugarbeets, Sunflower, Potatoes	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 quart per acre by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt. per acre) in the finished spray volume by air.
	1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to SELECT Herbicide applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including; quackgrass, Rhizome johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Onions (dry bulbs only), Garlic, Shallots (dry bulbs only), Celery, Carrot, Radish, Cranberry, Sweet Potatoes, Yams (and other tuberous and corm vegetables), Tomatoes, Peppers (bell & non- bell), Eggplants (and other fruiting vegetables), Strawberry, Squash (including Pumpkins), Cucumber, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons), and Clover	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1 % v/v to finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise.
Ornamental Plants	Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. $(0.25\% v/v)$. Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pint per acre) in the finished spray volume.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: by non-phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

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Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals, per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions, gartic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop foliage becomes dense.

In California applications to onions, garlic, and shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

When applying by air to onions, garlic or shallots do not exceed 17 fl. oz./A in a single application.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when SELECT Herbicide is applied to onions, garlic, or shallots with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix ½% to 1% (0.65 oz. to 1.3 oz. per gal.) SELECT Herbicide and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at ¼% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume.

NOTE: If SELECT Herbicide is applied as a spot treatment to onions, garlic, or shallots, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS GENERAL

Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.

Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of SELECT Herbicide or reduced grass control may result.

Do not apply more than 68 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide (0.50 lb. ai) per acre per season. Application on Long Island, New York, is restricted to no more than 34 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season.

Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying SELECT Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity, and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate SELECT Herbicide effectively, and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.

Best perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, results in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. No fewer than two SELECT Herbicide applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.

Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to SELECT Herbicide.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to SELECT Herbicide, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying SELECT Herbicide to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small

section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

Tank mixes of SELECT Herbicide and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs an additional application of SELECT Herbicide may be necessary.

AVOID SPRAY DRIFT

Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift, including:

- Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive. Do not spray if wind speed is 10 MPH or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme caution must be used under all conditions. Do not spray if winds are gusty.
- Use extreme caution when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought, low relative humidity), especially when sensitive plants are located nearby.
- Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.
- Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:
 - 1. Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
 - Orienting nozzles straight back with the windstream, using straight stream orifices for aerial applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.
 - Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.
 - 4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

COTTON AND SOYBEANS

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock.

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 60 days of harvest.

SUGAR BEETS

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 40 days of sugar beet harvest.

ONION (DRY BULBS ONLY), GARLIC, AND SHALLOTS (DRY BULBS ONLY)

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 45 days of onion (dry bulbs only), garlic, or shallot (dry bulbs only) harvest. In California do not apply until crop has at least 2 full leaves.

In California 14 day spray intervals are recommended between the application of SELECT Herbicide and Liquid Nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.

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TOMATOES, PEPPERS (bell & non-bell), EGGPLANTS (AND OTHER FRUITING VEGETABLES) Do

not apply SELECT Herbicide within 20 days of tomato, pepper, eggplants (and other fruiting vegetable) harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide per application to fruiting vegetable crops other than tomatoes.

ALFALFA

SELECT Herbicide may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa (including sainfoin, holy clover, and birdsfoot trefoil) grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop, or direct grazing.

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 15 days of grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting) alfalfa for forage or hay.

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide and 2,4-DB as a tank mix unless the 60 day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.

Do not plant rotational crops until 30 days after application of SELECT Herbicide.

DRY BEANS

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 30 days of dry bean harvest (cutting or pulling plants from ground).

PEANUTS

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 40 days of peanut harvest (cutting vines or digging peanuts from ground).

SUNFLOWERS

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 70 days of sunflower harvest.

SQUASH (Including Pumpkins), CUCUMBER, MELONS (Including CANTALOUPES AND WATERMELONS)

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 14 days of squash (including Pumpkins), cucumber, melons (including cantaloupes and watermelons) harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide per application.

POTATOES, SWEET POTATOES, YAMS (AND OTHER TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES)

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 30 days of potato, sweet potato or yam (and other tuberous and corm vegetable) harvest.

CRANBERRY

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 30 days of cranberry harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide per application.

STRAWBERRY

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 4 days of strawberry harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz, of SELECT Herbicide per application.

CARROTS

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 30 days of carrot harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide per application.

RADISH

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 15 days of radish harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide per application. Do not apply more than 34 fl. oz. (0.25 lb. ai) of SELECT Herbicide per acre per season.

CELERY

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 30 days of celery harvest. Do not apply more than 17 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide per application.

CLOVER

Do not apply SELECT Herbicide within 15 days of grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) clover for forage or hay. For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon and Washington only. Do not exceed 34 fl. oz. of SELECT Herbicide (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season.

FALLOW LAND (AND OTHER NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS)

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Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

ORNAMENTALS

Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of SELECT Herbicide application.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS, COTTON, SUGAR BEETS, ONIONS (DRY BULBS ONLY),GARLIC, SHALLOTS (DRY BULBS ONLY), ALFALFA, PEANUTS, DRY BEANS, SUNFLOWER, POTATO, SWEET POTATO, YAM (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables), TOMATOES, PEPPERS (bell & non-bell), EGGPLANTS (and other Fruiting vegetables), CELERY, CARROT, RADISH, CRANBERRY, STRAWBERRY, SQUASH (Including PUMPKINS), CUCUMBER, MELONS (Including CANTALOUPES and WATERMELONS), AND CLOVER, CONIFER TREES, NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS, AND NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS.

IMPORTANT

Plant tolerance to SELECT Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of SELECT Herbicide have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for SELECT Herbicide applications:

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following SELECT Herbicide application.

COMMON NAME Apples

Berries

Cherry, Sweet Citrus Fruits Grapes Olives Peach Pears Prunes

Stone Fruits Strawberries

Tree Nuts

SCIENTIFIC NAME Malus spp. Vaccinium spp. Rubus spp. Prunus avium Citrus spp. Vitis spp. Olea spp. Prunus persica Pyrus communis Prunus spp.

Prunus spp. Fragaria spp.

Juglans spp. (walnut) Carya illinoinensis (pecan) Pistacia vera (pistachio) Prunus dulcis (almond) Corylus maxima (filbert)

CONIFER TREES

SELECT Herbicide can be used to control labelled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME

Arborvitae, American Cedars Cypress

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Thuja occidentalis Cedrus spp. Taxodium spp.

Douglas Fir Firs Hemlock, Canadian Hemlock, Western Pines Spruces Yew

Pseudotsuga menziesii Abies spp. Tsuga canadensis Tsuga heterophylla Pinus spp. Picea spp. Taxus spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas:

Rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, and parkways. Also beneath greenhouse benchesand around golf courses.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights. Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

		WEED	RATE	
GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	HEIGHT INCHES	FL. OZJ ACRE	HIGH RATE ⁽⁴⁾
Barnyardgrass Broadleaf Signalgrass Brome	Echinochloa crus-galli Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 8 2 to 6	13 13	17 17
California Cheatgrass Downy Ripgut Canarygrass	Bromus carinatus Bromus secalinus Bromus tectorum Bromus diandrus Phalaris canariensis	2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 1 to 4	13 13 13 13 13	17 17 17 17 17
Crabgrass Hairy Large Smooth Southern Crowfootgrass Fall Panicum Field Sandbur Foxtail	Digitaria adscendens Digitaria sanguinalis Digitaria ischaemum Digitaria ciliaris Dactyloctenium aegyptium Panicum dichotomiflorum Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6** 2 to 6** 2 to 6** 2 to 6** 2 to 6** 2 to 6 2 to 8 2 to 6	13 13 13 13 13 13 13	17 17 17 17 17 17 17
Giant Green Yellow Goosegrass Itchgrass Junglerice Lovegrass (Stinkgrass) Rabbitsfootgrass Red Rice Rygrass	Setaria faberi Setaria viridis Setaria glauca Eleusine indica Rottboellia exaltata Echinochloa colona Eragrostis cilianensis Polypogon monspeliensis Oryza sativa	2 to 12 2 to 8 2 to 8 2 to 6** 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 1 to 4 1 to 3	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
Hardy Italian Seedling Johnsongrass Shattercane Southwestern Cupgrass Sprangletop	Lolium remotum Lolium multiflorum Sorghum halepense Sorghum bicolor Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6 2 to 6 4 to 10 6 to 18 2 to 6	13 13 13 13 13	17 17 17 17 17
Amazon Bearded Mexican Red Texas Panicum Volunteer Cereals ⁽³⁾	Leptochloa panicoides Leptochloa fascicularis Leptochloa uninervia Leptochloa filiformis Panicum texanum	2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6	13 13 13 13 13 13	17 17 17 17 17
Barley Oats Rye	Hordeum vulgare Avena sativa Secale cereale	2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6	13 13 13	17 17 17

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Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	13	17	
	4 to 12	9	13	
	4 to 12	17	(suppression only)	
Zea mays	12 to 24	13	```17 <i>``</i> `	
Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	13	17	
Avena fatua	2 to 6	13	17	
Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	13	17	
Panicum capillare	2 to 8	13	17	
Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	_ 13	17	
	Sorghum bicolor Avena fatua Panicum miliaceum Panicum capillare	Zea mays4 to 12Zea mays4 to 12Zea mays12 to 24Sorghum bicolor8 to 12Avena fatua2 to 6Panicum miliaceum2 to 10Panicum capillare2 to 8	Zea mays 4 to 12 9 Zea mays 4 to 12 17 Zea mays 12 to 24 13 Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 13 Avena fatua 2 to 6 13 Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 13 Panicum capillare 2 to 8 13	Zea mays 4 to 12 9 13 Zea mays 4 to 12 17 (suppression only) Zea mays 12 to 24 13 17 Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 13 17 Avena fatua 2 to 6 13 17 Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 13 17 Panicum capillare 2 to 8 13 17

٠ Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

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Length of lateral growth. Sethoxydim resistant volunteer com. **)1)**

(2) Includes Roundup Ready®, Liberty Link® and IMI-CORN® volunteer com.

When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum SELECT Herbicide use rate for control is 17 fl. oz./A. (3)

Rates higher than 17 fl. oz./A may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 17 to 34 (4) fl. oz./A may be applied.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA WITH SELECT HERBICIDE

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GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual & Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	17	34

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying SELECT before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of SELECT for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of SELECT in established alfalfa and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Annual Grass Control: Apply SELECT at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendation for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated above (17 to 34 fl. oz./A). If a grass has been cut, apply SELECT after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer- germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to SELECT may vary from region to region. Also some annuals germinate over a extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule spray spring and summer germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall -germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: SELECT effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermudagrass, johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestem muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1%v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH SELECT HERBICIDE

GRASS SPECIES		WEED STAGE	••		
Annual Bluegrass	(Poa annua)	to 4-Leaf	13*	34	

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and / or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

*Use a minimum of 17 fl. oz./A to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN DRY BEANS, SOYBEANS AND SUGARBEETS AT A REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS FOR SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights. Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment. Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture, excessive moisture, low temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES		WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE ⁽¹⁾
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	9
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	1 to 4	11
Crabgrass			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 3*	9
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	11
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 3*	9
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	11
Southern	Digitaria cili aris	1 to 4*	11
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	9
Foxtail, Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	
Foxtail, Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	9 9
Foxtail, Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 4	11
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	9
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	1 to 6	11
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	9
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	1 to 4	11
Volunteer Com**	Zea mays	4 to 12	9
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 6	9
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	<u>1 to 4</u>	11

Length of lateral growth -

Not S.R. Com (1)

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 gt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SUNFLOWER, POTATO, SWEET POTATO, YAM (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables) AND CLOVER.

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RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL OR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass weed pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.
- For the control of annual grasses use 13 to 34 fl. oz/A.
- For the control of perennial grasses use 17 to 34 fl. oz./A.
- [Please refer to container label for specific use rates, weeds and weed sizes. (This text to be used on a Supplemental Label only)]

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN TOMATOES, PEPPERS (bell & non-bell), EGGPLANTS (and other Fruiting Vegetables), CELERY, CARROT, RADISH, CRANBERRY, STRAWBERRY, SQUASH (including PUMPKINS), CUCUMBER, MELONS (including CANTALOUPES and WATERMELONS)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL OR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth for treatment. Use the high rate under heavy grass weed pressure and /or when grasses are at maximum height.
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- For the control of annual grasses use 13 to 17 fl. oz./A.
- For the control of perennial grasses use 17 fl. oz./A.
- For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
- [Please refer to container label for specific use rates, weeds and weed sizes. (This text to be used on a Supplemental Label only)

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights. Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners) 3 (or up to 6" runners)	17 17	34 34
Fescue, tall (Festuca arundinacea) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8 4 to 8	17 17	34 34
Foxtail Barley (Hordeum jubatum) First Application Repeat Application (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6 2 to 6	17 17	34 34
Orchardgrass (Dactylis głomerata) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8 4 to 8	17 17	34 34
Quackgrass* (Agropyron repens) First Application Repeat Application(s)	4 to 12	17	34

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(if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	17	34
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)	40 40 04	47	24
First Application Repeat Application(s)	12 to 24	17	34
(if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	13	17
Wirestem Muhly			
(Muhlenbergia frondosa) First Application	4 to 8	17	34
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	17	34
Perennial Bluegrass			
[Roughstalk (Poa trivialis)]			
[Kentucky (Poa prantensis)]			
First Application	2 to 4	17	34
Repeat Application(s)	2 to 4	17	34

Control of quackgrass and perennial bluegrass with SELECT Herbicide may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A.

TANK MIXES

GENERAL INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with SELECT Herbicide are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the SELECT Herbicide label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Geographic restrictions all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (e.g. protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g. pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per season;
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- Application timing (e.g. pre-harvest interval)
 DO NOT EXCEED A TOTAL OF 68 FL. OZ./ACRE (0.5 LB. AI/A) OF SELECT HERBICIDE PER SEASON, WHETHER APPLIED ALONE OR IN TANK MIX APPLICATIONS.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT HERBICIDE AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.
- · Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop

injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide, as specified in the respective size and rate tables.

 Do not tank mix SELECT Herbicide when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

Maintain agitation throughout the spray application. Failure to agitate the spray volume may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

SELECT Herbicide Tank Mix: Add 1/2 of the required water to the spray tank and begin agitation. Add the required amount of SELECT and mix thoroughly. Then add the required amount of tank mix partner and continue mixing. Finally, add the required amount of crop oil concentrate and/or the Nitrogen fertilizer and the remaining water.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of SELECT Herbicide with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when SELECT Herbicide is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

Table 1.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXES⁽³⁾ TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TILL SOYBEANS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT ACRE RATE ⁽¹⁾	GRASS HEIGHT	CROP OIL + CONC. ⁽²⁾	28%N OR 32%N QTS./A <i>OR</i> 2.5 TO 4.0 LBS. AMS
SELECT Herbicide	6 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3" Fall Panicum 1 to 3"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 gts./A OR 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	9 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4" Fall Panicum 1 to 4"	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A OR 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
2,4-D ESTER*	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. ai	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed)	1 qt./A	1 to 2 qts./A OR 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

* 2,4-D ESTER should not be used where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

- ⁽¹⁾ If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.
- ⁽²⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate with at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.
 ⁽³⁾ The following products can be tank mixed with SELECT Herbicide plus 2,4-D Ester: DUAL® 8 E, DUAL II®, DUAL MAGNUM®, PROWL®, SENCOR® and SENCOR plus the DUAL products.

Table 2.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾				
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP CONCENTR	OIL ATE ⁽³⁾ V/V	
			GROUND	AIR	
SELECT Herbicide + COBRA®	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 12.5 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz. + 12.5 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%	

Table 2.

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SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

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	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾						
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ V/				
			GROUND	AIR			
SELECT Herbicide + BASAGRAN® 4 SL	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	21 to 34 fl. oz. + 1 to 2 pts.	1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide + BLAZER 2 SL	13 to 17 fl. oz. 1 to 1.5 pts.	17 to 34 fl. oz. + 1 to 1.5 pts.	0.5 to 1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide + FLEXSTAR® HL Herbicide ⁽⁵⁾	13 to 17 fl. oz. Refer to the FLEXSTAR HL Herbicide label for specific application rates.	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide + CLASSIC® 25 DG	17 to 21 fl. oz. 0.5 to 0.75 oz.	21 to 34 fl. oz. + 0.5 to 0.75 oz.	1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + PURSUIT®	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.	1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide + REFLEX® 2 LC	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 0.75 to 1.5 pts.	17 to 34 fl. oz. ↓ 0.75 to 1.5 pts.	0.5 to 1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + GALAXY™	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 32 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + CLASSIC 25 DG	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz. - 0.5 to 0.75 oz.	-	0.5%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + BASAGRAN 4 SL	17 to 21 fl. oz. 6 to 10 fl. oz. 1 to 1.5 pts.		0.5%	1%			

Table 2.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

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	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾						
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES PERENNIAL GRASSES		CROP CONCENTR	OIL ATE ⁽³⁾ V/V			
			GROUND	AIR			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + PURSUIT	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 6 to 10 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + STORM®	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 1.5 pts.	-	0.5%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + RESOURCE Herbicide + PURSUIT	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.	-	1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + RESOURCE Herbicide + BASAGRAN Herbicide	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz. + 1 pt.		1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + RESOURCE Herbicide + CLASSIC Herbicide	17 to 21 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz. + 0.5 fl. oz.	-	1%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + RESOURCE Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 6 fl. oz. + 4 fl. oz.		0.5%	1%			
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + FIRSTRATE®	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 0.3 oz./A	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1%				

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Table 2.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEANS (REFER TO THE RECOMMENDATION TABLES ABOVE FOR SPECIFIC GRASSES AND GROWTH STAGES)

	1	APPLICATION RATES/A	CRE ⁽¹⁾	
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES PERENNIAL GRASSES		CROP CONCENTR	OIL ATE ⁽³⁾ V/V
			GROUND	AIR
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + FIRSTRATE	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz./A - 0.3 oz./A	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1%	
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + RAPTOR® (1 AS)	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 4 to 5 fl. oz./A	-	1%	
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + RAPTOR (1 AS)	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 6 to 8 fl. oz./A + 4 to 5 fl. oz./A		1%	-
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + SYNCHRONY® STS™	13 to 17 fl. oz./A + 0.5 oz./A		1 qt./A	-
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + SYNCHRONY® STS™	13 to 17 fl. oz./A ⁽⁶⁾ + 4 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 oz./A		1 pt./A	-
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + RELIANCE® STS™	13 to 17 fl. oz./A ⁽⁶⁾ + 0.5 oz./A	_	1 qt./A	-
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + COBRA + RELIANCE STS	13 to 17 fl. oz./A ⁽⁶⁾ + 4 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 oz./A		1 pt./A	-
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + RESOURCE Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz. + 4 to 12 fl. oz./A		1 qt./A	
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ + FRONTROW™	17 to 21 fl. oz. + Refer to FRONTROW label for use rates		1%	-

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- (1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations
- Ø Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.
- Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pint per acre) in the finished spray volume.
- The addition of 1 to 2 gts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is recommended when SELECT Herbicide is tank mixed with PURSUIT, RESOURCE, GALAXY, STORM, FIRSTRATE, SYNCHRONY, RELIANCE, RAPTOR, FRONTROW, COBRA plus CLASSIC, COBRA plus BASAGRAN, COBRA plus PURSUIT, COBRA plus FIRSTRATE, COBRA plus SYNCHRONY, COBRA plus RELIANCE and COBRA plus RAPTOR. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs /A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate. Refer to FLEXSTAR HL label for geographic and rotational restrictions. Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those which are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEANS AT A REDUCED RATE table.

Table 3.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® HERBICIDE AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾ CROP OIL CONC. ⁽³⁾			COMMENTS
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	
SELECT Herbicide ⁽⁴⁾ +	13 to 17 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1% v/v	Reduce broadcast rate in proportion to the band area actually treated.
COBRA + MSMA (4.0 lbs./gal.)	See COBRA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the SELECT Herbicide label for weed height and species controlled.			
or MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)	height limitations fo	r rates to control broad r cotton. Refer to the weed height and specie	SELECT	

(1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

æ Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt, per acre) in the finished spray volume.

(4) If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of SELECT Herbicide may be necessary.

Table 4.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL® 4 EC HERBICIDE TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION ⁽¹⁾	CROP OIL CONC. ⁽³⁾	COMMENTS (7)
	Annual Grasses		1. 14
SELECT Herbicide	17 to 34 fl. oz./A	1 qt./A	See charts for grasses controlled
+	See BUCTRIL 4 EC Herbicide label for		
BUCTRIL 4 EC Herbicide ^(4,5,6)	rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.		

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-Buctril tank mix.

(2)Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage.

(3) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt /A by ground in the finished spray solution.

(4) Applications of BUCTRIL 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to

- postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil. (5)
- Do not apply the SELECT plus BUCTRIL tank mix within 75 days of harvest.
- (6) Do not exceed two applications of BUCTRIL before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.
- (7) Use a minimum of 10 gals, of spray solution per acre.

Table 5.

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH STINGER™ HERBICIDE APPLIED TO SUGAR BEETS

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION	CROP OIL CONC.		
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air
SELECT Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz. 17 to 34 fl. oz.		1% v/v	
+ STINGER® Herbicide	See STINGER Herbick Herbicide label for wee	le label for rates. Refer to d height and species con	the SELEC1	r

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations. (2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations. Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt. per acre) in the finished spray volume.

(3)

Table 6.

(

SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® or BETANEX®

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	WEEDS	CONTROLLED	WEED HEIGHT	APPLICATION RATE / ACRE ⁽¹⁾
n an	Common Name	Scientific Name		
SELECT Herbicide ⁽³⁾ + BETAMIX	Barnyardgrass Foxtail Foxtail Millet Wild Oats Wild Proso Millet	Echinochloa crus-galli Setaria spp. Setaria italica Avena fatua Panicum miliaceum	1 to 3" 1 to 3" 1 to 3" 1 to 3" 1 to 3" 1 to 3"	17 fl. oz.
OR BETANEX			control broadle	recommended
			control broadle	recommended

Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix.

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

(2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT Herbicide at (3) full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT HERBICIDE AND 2.4-DB HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ALFALFA

A tank mix of SELECT Herbicide plus 2,4-DB (up to 1.0 lb. ai/A) can be used to control grass and broadleaf weeds listed on the two product labels. Include a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v in the finished spray. Follow rate and other recommendations on the individual herbicide labels when applying this tank mix.

NOTE: SELECT Herbicide plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT HERBICIDE AND PURSUIT HERBICIDE FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS IN ALFALFA

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A tank mix of SELECT Herbicide plus PURSUIT Herbicide or PURSUIT DG® Herbicide can be used to control annual grass and broadleaf weeds listed on the two product labels. Include a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray. For annual grass control in alfalfa using SELECT Herbicide plus PURSUIT use 17 to 34 fl. oz./A of SELECT Herbicide.

Before using this tank mix, read and understand the PURSUIT or PURSUIT DG Herbicide labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa.

Do not feed, graze or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application of PURSUIT to alfalfa.

Table 7.

		APPLICATION R	ATES/ACRE(1)
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONC. (V/V) ⁽³
SELECT Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1%
ORTHENE® 75 SP	0.33 to 1.33 lbs.	0.33 to 1.33 lbs.	170
or ORTHENE 97 (for use in cotton and peanuts only, not soybeans.)	0.25 to 1.0 lb.	0.25 to 1.0 lb.	
SELECT Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz.	4.97
ORTHENE 90 S	0.25 to 1 lb.	0.25 to 1 lb.	1%
SELECT Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1%
DANITOL® 2.4 EC Spray ⁽⁴⁾ (For use in cotton and peanuts only, not soybeans.)	10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.	10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz	

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN SOYBEANS, COTTON AND PEANUTS

(2) Refer to insecticide label for rates and insects controlled.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt. per acre) in the finished spray volume.

DANITOL tank mix is labeled for use in cotton and peanuts only, not soybeans. (4)

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT HERBICIDE AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA

SELECT Herbicide can be tank mixed with the following insecticides for use in alfalfa: BAYTHROID®, Dimethoate, LORSBAN®, POUNCE® or WARRIOR®. The SELECT Herbicide rate should be 13 to 17 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa, minimum of 17 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established alfalfa and 17 to 34 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A. For the SELECT plus LORSBAN tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt./A when the LORSBAN rate is 1.0 pt./A or higher.

Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information. It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

Applications must be made at a timing which falls within the guidelines of the SELECT Herbicide label relative to weed sizes and application equipment. For these applications it is necessary to use application equipment designed for herbicide applications.

Table 8.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY® VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEANS WITH SELECT HERBICIDE TANK MIX

PRODUCT	GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGES	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	ADJUVANT RATE ⁽¹⁾
SELECT Herbicide	RR Volunteer Corn	up to 12 inches	9 ⁽¹⁾ to 13 ⁽²⁾	AMS 2.5 lbs./A
ROUNDUP Ultra® (or glyphosate		up to 24 inches	13 to 17	
formulations labeled for RR soybean) ⁽³⁾			up to 2 qts./A	
soybean			(See Roundup Ultra label, glyphosate labels for use rates)	
(1) At the 9 fl. oz./A AMS at 2.5 lbs./	rate of SELECT Herbic A.	ide, the adjuvant r	ecommendation is	1 pt./A COC plus
 height. ⁽³⁾ For glyphosate for the most recommendation THE MOST RESTRICE THE MOST RESTRICE Apply only to ac stage listed on extra listed on	orable soil moisture and r irrigation. ations may sometimes r of new grass emerges,	contain a build-in MS (2.5 lbs/A) or N NY PRODUCT US broadleaf weeds I humidity which es result in reduced g make a second ap	adjuvant system, t NIS at 0.25% v/v pl SED IN A TANK M at recommended kist a few days afte rass control. If reg	he adjuvant us AMS at 2.5 lbs./A. IX MUST BE height or growth er rainfall or within rowth occurs, or an
 Do not tank mix prevent proper of This tank mix m full flowering state Avoid contact w 	respective size and rate SELECT Herbicide whe grass coverage. ay be applied postemer ige. Do not apply later t ith foliage, green stems	en broadleaf weed egence to ROUNI than 60 days befor , or fruit crops, or a	DUP Ready soybe re harvest. any desirable plant	ans up through the s and trees, other
 Do not allow the as minute quant or other areas o of this product is 	with the ROUNDUP Rea SELECT plus ROUND titles of the tank mix car n which treatment was t s greatest when winds a cities, avoid conditions	UP to mist, drip, d n cause severe day not intended. The are gusty or in exce	rift or splash onto o mage or destructio likelihood of injury ess of 5 miles per l	desirable vegetation in to the crops, plants occurring from drift nour. Even under

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALLOW LAND

spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

SELECT Herbicide may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply SELECT Herbicide at 13 to 17 fl. oz./A for annual grasses and 17 to 34 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, SELECT Herbicide may be tank mixed with 2,4-D Ester or BANVEL SGF Herbicide for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 17 fl. oz./A. SELECT Herbicide rate.

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GENERAL INFORMATION:

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height
 as specified by the Recommendations for Annual and Perennial Grasses section of this label.
- Annual grasses which emerge after the SELECT Herbicide application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than one application in non-tilled areas.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- Do not apply to drought-stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for two weeks prior to or after the SELECT Herbicide application.

SELECT HERBICIDE IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODUCT	APPLICATION	CROP OIL CONC.(2)				
	Annual Grasses Perennial Grasses		Annual Grasses Perennial Grasser		Ground	Air
SELECT Herbicide	13 to 17 fl. oz.	17 to 34 fl. oz.	1%	vlv		
+			ļ			
2,4-D Ester	0.5	Ib./A	1			
or						
BANVEL SGF	See BANVEL SGF labe	See BANVEL SGF label for rates.				

⁽¹⁾ Refer to SELECT Herbicide label for weed height and species control. Review BANVEL SGF
 ⁽²⁾ Herbicide and 2,4-D labels for crop restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.
 ⁽²⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the

Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pint per acre) in the finished spray volume.

SELECT HERBICIDE FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE	GRASS WEEDS CONTROLLED/SUPPRESSED		WEED STAGE
		Common Name	Scientific Name	
SELECT Herbicide	21 to 26 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 in. (40 to 60% green- up)

Adjuvant: SELECT Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add SELECT Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the SELECT Herbicide application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals, of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.

Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for two years. Applications of SELECT Herbicide to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless ciethodim is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: SELECT Herbicide applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47 degrees Fahrenheit.

SELECT HERBICIDE FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

Product	Product Rate	Suppression	Application Timing
SELECT	3 to 4 fl. oz/acre	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads	(50 to 90% Tall
HERBICIDE		(Festuca arundinacea)	Fescue green-up)

ADJUVANT: SELECT HERBICIDE must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt/acre, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lb/acre. **Recommended Mixing Order:** Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water. add SELECT Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.

Use the higher SELECT Herbicide rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.

Do not mow area for two weeks after the SELECT Herbicide application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gailons of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.

2-4-D ester maybe added to this tankmix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled)

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, SELECT Herbicide can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT

SELECT Herbicide successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to SELECT Herbicide at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of SELECT Herbicide have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for SELECT Herbicide applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

COMMON NAME

ALDER, RED ASH BASSWOOD BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH, RIVER BIRCH, WHITE CRABAPPLE, FLOWERING DOGWOOD, FLOWERING GOLDON CHAIN TREE MAPLES MULBERRY, WHITE OAKS OLIVE, WILD REDBUD SWEET GUM

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Alnus oregona Fraxinus spp. Tilia spp. Betula pendula Betula nigra Betula papyrifera Malus halliana Cornus florida Laburnum anagyroides Acer spp. Morus alba Quercus spp. Elaeagnus angustifolia Cercis canadensis Liquidambar styraciflua

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME AGERATUM ALYSSUM * ASPARAGUS FERN BLEEDING HEART CAST IRON PLANT CHRYSANTHEMUM CINQUEFOIL COLEUS

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Ageratum spp. Lobularia maritima Asparagus setaceus Dicentra spectabilis Aspidistra elatior Chrysanthemum spp. Potentilla spp. Coleus spp.

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CORALBELLS **CRANESBILL** DAHLIA DAISY, AFRICAN DAYLILY DUSTY MILLER EUONYMUS GAZANIA **GERANIUM, HOUSE** HEATHER HOSTA IRIS JASMINE TOBACCO LOOSESTRIFE MARIGOLD PARTRIDGEBERRY **PETUNIA*** PHLOX PINKS PORTULACA SALVIA SAXIFRAGE SEDUM SELLOUM SNAPDRAGON* SWEET FLAG TICKSEED TOUCH-ME-NOT VERBENA VIOLET YARROW, COMMON ZINNIA

Heuchera sanguinea Geranium spp. Dahlia spp. Osteospermum fruticosum Hemerocallis spp. Senecio cineraria Euonymus spp. Gazania spp. Pelargonium hortorum Cuphea hyssopifolia Hosta fortunei Iris spp. Nicotiana alata Lythrum salicaria Tagetes spp. Mitchella repens Petunia hybrida Phlox spp. Dianthus spp. Portulaca grandifiora Salvia spp. Saxifraga spp. Sedum spp. Philodendron selloum Antimhinum majus Lacorus gramineus Coreopsis grandiflora Impatiens spp. Verbena spp. Viola spp. Achillea millefolium Zinnia elegans

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME

BUGLEWEED, CARPET IVY, ENGLISH JAPANESE SPURGE LILYTURF MONEYWORT MONDO GRASS, WHITE MONDO GRASS DWARF PERIWINKLE, COMMON

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Ajuga reptans Hedera helix Pachysandra terminalis Liriope muscari Lysimachia nummularia Ophiopogon jaburan Ophiopogon japonicus Vinca minor

SHRUBS

COMMON NAME

ABELIA ANISE, PURPLE AUCUBA AZALEA* BAMBOO BARBERRY, JAPANESE BARBERRY, MAGELLAN BAYBERRY BOTTLEBRUSH BOXWOOD CAMELLIA CANDYTUFT CLEYERA CORALBERRY

SCIENTIFIC NAME

Abelia spp. Illicium floridanum Aucuba spp. Rhododendron spp. Bambusa spp. Berberis thunbergii Berberis buxifolia Myrica pensylvanica Callistemon citrinus Buxus sempervirens Camellia japonica Iberis sempervirens Cleyera japonica Ardisia crenata

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CRAPE MYRTLE COYOTE BRUSH FIG, CREEPING GARDENIA HOLLY HONEYSUCKLE INDIAN HAWTHORN JASMINE JASMINE, ASIATIC JASMINE, CONFEDERATE JUNIPER LANTANA NANDINA* OLEANDER, COMMON OREGON GRAPE PHOTINIA PITTOSPORUM PODOCARPUS PRIVET **PYRACANTHA** RHODODENDRON ROSE SPIREA TEA OLIVE VIBURNUM WISTERIA YELLOW SAGE

Lagerstroemia indica Baccharis pilularis Ficus pumila Gardenia spp. llex spp. Lonicera pileata Raphiolepis indica Jasminum spp. Trachelospermum asiaticum Trachelospermum jasminoides Juniperus spp. Lantana spp. Nandinia domestica Nerium oleander Mahonia aquifolium Photinia spp. Pittosporum spp. Podocarpus spp. Ligustrum spp. Pyracantha spp. Rhododendron spp. Rosa spp. Spiraea bumalda Osmanthus fragrans Viburnum tinus Wisteria spp. Lantana camara

* Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment. Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES		WEED HEIGHT INCHES*	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	17	34
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	17	34
Brome				
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	17	34
Cheatgrass	Bromus secalinus	2 to 6	17	34
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	17	34
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	17	34 34 34 34 34 34
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	17	34
Crabgrass				
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	17	34
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	17	34
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	17	34
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	17	34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	17	34
Fall Panicum	Panícum dichotom/florum	2 to 8	17	34
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	17	34
Foxtail				
Giant	Setaria faberi	2 to 12	17	34 34
Green	Setaria viridis	2 to 8	17	34
Yellow	Setaria glauca	2 to 8	17	34
-	-			
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	17	34
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata	2 to 6	17	34 34 34 34 34 34
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	17	34
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	17	34
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	17	34
Red Rice	Oryża sativa	1 to 3	17	34
Rygrass				
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	17	34
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	17	34

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Seedling Johnsongrass Shattercane Southwestern Cupgrass Sprangletop	Sorghum halepense Sorghum bicolor Eriochloa gracilis	4 to 10 6 to 18 2 to 6	17 17 17	34 34 34
Àmazon Bearded Mexican Red Texas Panicum	Lepthochloa panicoides Leptochloa fascicularis Leptochloa uninervia Leptochloa filiformis Panicum texanum	2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6	17 17 17 17 17	34 34 34 34 34
Volunteer Cereals Barley Oats Rye Wheat Volunteer Corn Volunteer Corn Volunteer Grain Sorghum	Hordeum vulgare Avena sativa Secale cereale Triticum aestivum Zea mays Zea mays Sorghum bicolor	2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 2 to 6 4 to 12 12 to 24 8 to 12	17 17 17 17 13 17 17	34 34 34 34 17
Wild Oats Wild Proso Millet Witchgrass Woolly Cupgrass	Avena fatua Panicum miliaceum Panicum capillare Eriochloa villosa	2 to 6 2 to 10 2 to 8 2 to 8 2 to 8	17 17 17 17 17	34 34 34 34 34 34

Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.
 Length of lateral growth.
 17 fl. oz./acre = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.
 34 fl. oz./acre = approximately 0.8 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft. Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH SELECT HERBICIDE IN ORNAMENTALS				
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE	HIGH RATE	
Annual Biuegrass (Poa annua)	to 4-Leaf	13	34	

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

- **RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS** Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights. Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rafe under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ. ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾	_
Bermudagrass		47	24	
(Cynodon dactylon) First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	17	34	
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	17	34	
Foxtail Barley				
(Hordeum jubatum)	2 to 6	17	34	
First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs	2 to 6	17	34	

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Quackgrass (Agropyron repens) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8 4 to 8	17 17	34 34	
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	12 to 24 6 to 18	17 13	34 17	
Wirestem Muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa) First Application Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8 4 to 8	17 17	34 34	

⁽¹⁾ 17 fl. oz./acre = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.
 ⁽²⁾ 34 fl. oz./acre = approximately 0.8 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals.

(0.25% v/v).

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

Emergency Response: For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night 1-800-892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL Triple rinse (or equivalent). Do not reuse container. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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Manufactured for: Valent U.S.A. Corporation P.O. Box 8025 Walnut Creek, CA 94596-8025

Made in U.S.A.

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EPA Reg. No. 59639-78 EPA Est. No. 8655-AR-01

THE VALENT RETURNABLE KEG

Description: This keg is a closed-system, refillable container designed for easy handling and convenient dispensing of product with no container disposal. **Construction:** The keg is made of all stainless steel. Both the gaskets and seals are Viton and are compatible with the Valent product. **Pump System:** With the versatility of the keg, either a mechanical pump or an air pressure system may be used to dispense the product. **Coupler:** A specific dry-disconnect coupler is required for

Coupler: A specific dry-disconnect coupler is required for dispensing product from the keg. This coupler is available through local agricultural equipment suppliers. **Container Capacity:** 15 gallons or 56.7 liters (by weight)

ATTENTION!

This is a closed-system container. Do not try to remove the valve from the keg. The coupler required for removal of product is available from local agricultural equipment suppliers. The keg contains tamper evident seals that, if broken, will incur a fee for the user of the keg. Both the coupler and the valve are designed for one-way operation only. Never try to pump any type of material back into the kea

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

The proper coupler must be attached and engaged before removing any product from the keg. Either a mechanical pump or an air pressure system may be used and connected to the 1-inch NPT thread on the top of the coupler.

IMPORTANT! Attach a hose or pump to the

coupler before engaging coupler. This will prevent the user from being splashed in the event that pressure build-up in the keg forces liquid up through the coupler.

- To attach and engage the coupler. 1. Pull top of black dust cover back to expose head of valve. The bottom ring of the black dust cover will still be attached to the neck of the valve. Save the dust cover for reuse when returning keg. 1.
- Before engaging the coupler, securely attach a hose or pump to the threaded connection.
 Before engaging the coupler, securely attach a hose or pump to the threaded connection.
 Twist coupler onto valve on keg. and engage coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then pushing handle down into lower position to open internal valve. Handle will automatically lock in place.
 Secure and engage coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then pushing handle down into lower position to open internal valve. Handle will automatically lock in place.
 You are now ready to begin the pumping operation.

- To remove coupler from container. 1. Release coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then lifting handle into upper position. Handle will automatically lock in place. Lift coupler from keg. As coupler clears top of valve, pull coupler sideways and lift it off the valve.
- 3. Wipe valve off and replace dust cover.
- 4,
- 5.
- Flush coupler with water. Wipe coupler and store in a clean place. Property dispose of cleaning towels and rinsate. 6,

RETURNING KEGS

Clean the outside of the keg with water or soap before returning the keg to the distributor. Leave all Valent product labels and stickers securely attached. All Valent product labels, stickers and other information must remain on the key in order to comply with both State and Federal regulations.

All Valent kegs are tracked using the individual keg serial number stamped in the top of the keg. Distributors are responsible for these kegs that have been assigned to them. Return this keg to the distributor from which it was purchased. Notify the distributor if the keg cannot be returned by the specific time.

