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57639-35

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO TOXICITY TO FISH AND AQUATIC ORGANISMS.

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators, or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

DANITOL® 2.4 EC Spray

(INSECTICIDE - MITICIDE)

Active Ingredient *Fenpropathrin	By Wt. 30.9%
Other Ingredients	<u>69.1</u> %
Total	00.0%
2,2,3,3-tetramethylcyclopropanecarboxylate)	

Contains 2.4 pounds fenpropathrin per gallon. Contains Petroleum Distillates

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING - AVISO

SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail).

NET CONTENTS 1 GALLON

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield; or safety glasses). Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT:

If on skin:

Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention.

If in eyes:

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue

rinsing. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed:

Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have a person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting

unless told to by a poison control center or doctor.

If inhaled:

Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration,

preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention.

Note to Physicians:

Possible mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Treatment is supportive and symptomatic. Diazepam has been recommended to reduce the CNS effects of fenpropathrin. Emergency Information - call 1-800-892-0099.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and is toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restrictive-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton > 14 mils, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

ADDITIONAL RESTRICTED ENTRY INTERVAL REQUIREMENTS AND ADDITIONAL PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA

CALIFORNIA SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR COTTON:

These directions supersede restricted entry intervals for cotton field scouts on the container found elsewhere on the container label.

Applicators and other handlers (except <u>drivers of ground application equipment, flaggers</u> and <u>field scouts</u> in California) must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton > 14 miles, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Field Scout reentry requirements:

 Field scouts are prohibited from entering treated cotton fields for 24 hours after application.

Field Scouts must wear specified protective clothing on the following schedule:

- On days 2 thru 5 field scouts must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, or coveralls, and chemical resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils, and shoes plus socks.
- 2. On days 6 thru 8 field scouts must wear: long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and shoes plus socks.

Drivers of ground application equipment in California must wear: chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton a 14 mils, shoes plus socks, protective eyewear and must either be in an enclosed cab or, if not in an enclosed cab, wear a chemical-resistant suit over work clothes.

Flaggers in California: Whenever possible, mechanical flaggers should be used. Human flaggers must wear: chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton > 14 mils, shoes plus socks, protective eyewear and must either be in an enclosed cab or, if not in an enclosed cab, wear coveralls over work clothes.

When handlers (including drivers of ground application equipment and flaggers) use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

CALIFORNIA SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR TOMATO AND STRAWBERRY HARVESTERS:

Harvesters and other personnel performing tasks with all-day foliage contact in treated fields within fourteen (14) days of application must wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and shoes plus socks.

Following treatment of strawberry fields with the higher recommended rates of DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray (16 to 21% fl. oz./A, 0.3 to 0.4 lb. ai/A), harvesters must wear gloves for seven (7) days following application.

DISCLAIMER, CONDITIONS OF SALE, LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

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It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Such risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistence, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, presence of other materials, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. User assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product described above.

DISCLAIMER OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES

VALENT MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

In no event shall Valent or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THIS PRODUCT.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Disclaimer, Conditions of Sale, Limited Warranty and Limitation of Liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

Valent must have prompt notice as soon as Buyer or User has reason to believe they may have a claim (not to exceed twenty-one days from date of application) so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made. Unless Buyer and Users shall promptly notify Valent of any claims, they shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

CROP ROTATION

There are no restrictions on rotational crops.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray mixes readily with water. When tank mixing with ORTHENE® 90 S, first mix the recommended amount of ORTHENE 90 S in the appropriate amount of water, then add the DANITOL last. Agitate well. All applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on both the ORTHENE and DANITOL EPA registered labels are to be followed.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crop thereof, rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

SPRAY DRIFT RECOMMENDATIONS AND PRECAUTIONS ALL CROPS

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING ALL CROPS IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; RIVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES, OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

- Do not apply by ground within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes, or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds. Do not apply this product as an ultralow volume (ULV) spray, or in any carrier other than water.
- For aerial applications the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used, and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.
- Use the largest droplet size consistent with pest control. Formation of very small drops may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with good pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop should be avoided.
- Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.
- Risk of exposure to aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic areas.
- Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip.
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

COTTON

CROP	PESTS	DOSAGE/ACRE (LB. AI/ACRE)	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Cotton	Bollworm Tobacco Budworm Beet Armyworm Cotton Leafperforator Leafhopper Plant Bugs (Lygus) Saltmarsh Caterpillar	10-2/3 to 16 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2 to 0.3)	Apply with air or ground equipment in a seasonal program in adequate water for uniform coverage (2 to 10 gals./acre by air or 10 to 50 gals./acre by ground). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES PROVIDE IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL. Begin applications when first pest activity is noticed and repeat as needed to maintain control. Under severe pressure, use the higher recommended rates. DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray may be mixed with and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides to comply with local IPM programs.
	treated fields.	h or treated forage to liv 3 pts. (42-2/3 fl. oz., 0.8	For control of Pink Bollworm and Sweetpotato / Silverleaf Whitefly, tank mix DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray with ORTHENE 90 S or ORTHENE® 75 S at indicated rates. Comply with all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered labels for ORTHENE 90 S or ORTHENE 75 S. Stinkbugs and Cutworms: Use ORTHENE 90 S at 12 oz./acre or ORTHENE 75 S at 16 oz./acre. Use a minimum application rate of 10 % fl. oz. acre DANITOL (0.2 lb. ai./acre) in CA and AZ.

SPRAY DRIFT RECOMMENDATIONS AND OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR COTTON

Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include AMBUSH® Insecticide, AMMO® Insecticide, ASANA® XL Insecticide, BAYTHROID® Emulsifiable Pyrethroid Insecticide, CAPTURE® Insecticide/Miticide, DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray Insecticide/Miticide, DECIS®, FURY® Insecticide, KARATE® Insecticide, MUSTANG® Insecticide, POUNCE® Insecticide, SynerGin™ 2, and SCOUT X-TRA® Insecticide. All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.

appropriate carriers.

TOMATO

CROP	PESTS	DOSAGE/ACRE (LB. AI/ACRE)	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Tomato	Yellowstripped Armyworm Fruitworms Twospotted Spider Mite (except CA) Stinkbug	10-2/3 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2)	Apply with ground or air equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (25 to 120 gals./acre by ground or 5 to 10 gals./acre by air). Begin applications when first pest activity is noticed and repeat as needed to maintain control but not more often than every seven (7) days. DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray may be mixed with and/or
			alternated with commonly used insecticides and miticides to comply with local IPM programs.
	Sweetpotato/ Silverleaf Whitefly	10-2/3 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2) + 24 to 32 fl. oz. MONITOR 4	EARLY SEASON WHITEFLY CONTROL PROGRAM FOR REDUCTION OF GEMINIVIRUS: Apply as a tank mix with ground or air equipment for uniform coverage (25 to 120 gals./acre by ground or 5 to 10 gals./acre by air). Begin applications when scauting first indicates adult whiteflies are on young plants. NOTE: This may result in treatment immediately following transplanting.
		(0.75 - 1.0)	MID TO LATE SEASON WHITEFLY CONTROL PROGRAM FOR PREVENTION OF IRREGULAR FRUIT RIPENING: Apply as a tank mix with ground or air equipment for uniform coverage (25 to 120 gals./acre by ground or 5 to 10 gals./acre by air). Begin applications when scouting indicates whitefly are present and repeat as needed (approximately 10 to 14 day intervals) to maintain control but not more often than every seven (7) days.
			Comply with all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered label for MONITOR® 4 Spray.
	Thrips Yellowstripped Armyworm Potato Aphid Fruitworms Tomato Pinworm	10-2/3 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2) ÷	Apply as a tank mix with ground or air equipment for uniform coverage (25 to 120 gals./acre by ground or 5 to 10 gals./acre by air). Begin applications when first pest activity is noticed and repeat as needed to maintain control but not more often than every seven (7) days.
		24 to 32 fl. oz. MONITOR 4 (0.75 - 1.0)	Comply with all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered label for MONITOR 4 Spray.
	Do not harvest tomatoes within three (3) days of last DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray application. Do not apply the DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray + MONITOR 4 tank mix within seven (7), days of harvest. Do not exceed 2-2/3 pts. (42-2/3 fl. oz., 0.8 lb. ai.) total application of DANITOL 2. EC Spray per acre per season.		

STRAWBERRY

CROP	PESTS	DOSAGE/ACRE (LB. AI/ACRE)	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS	
Strawberry	Lygus Spittle Bug Tarnished Plant Bug	10-2/3 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2)	Apply with ground equipment in adequate water for uniform coverage (100 to 300 gals./ acre). Apply as pests appear before mite counts exceed 20/leaflet (eggs + motiles). If warranted, a second application may be made with a retreatment interval of no less than 30 days.	
	Twospotted Spider Mite	16 to 21-1/3 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.3 to 0.4)	Best results are achieved when mite populations are low. Treatment is recommended when mite populations are just beginning to build. Alternate with other insecticides or miticides if retreatment is needed in less than 30 days to comply with local IPM programs.	
	Do not apply within two (2) days of harvest. Do not exceed more than 2 applications totaling 2-2/3 pts. of DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray (42-2/3 fl. oz., 0.8 lb. ai.) per acre to the same planting in 12 consecutive months.			

PEANUTS

CROP	PESTS	DOSAGE/ACRE (LB. AI/ACRE)	SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS
Peanuts	Twospotted Spider Mite Corn Earworm	10-2/3 to 16 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2 to 0.3)	Apply with air or ground equipment in a seasonal program in adequate water for uniform coverage (5 to 10 gals./acre by air or 10 to 50 gallons per acre by ground). HIGHER WATER VOLUMES PROVIDE
	,		IMPROVED INSECT CONTROL.
			Begin applications when first pest activity is noticed and repeat as needed to maintain control but no more often than every seven (7) days. Under severe pest pressure use the higher recommended rate.
	Sweetpotato/ Silverleaf Whitefly Thrips	10-2/3 to 16 fl. oz. DANITOL (0.2 to 0.3)	DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray may be mixed with and/or alternated with commonly used insecticides and miticides to comply with local IPM programs.
	, mps	+ 11 oz. ORTHENE 75 S	For control of Sweetpotato (Silverleaf) Whitefly and Thrips, tank mix DANITOL with ORTHENE 75 S at the indicated rates.
		(0.5)	In tank mix, comply with all applicable Instruc-tions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered labels for both DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray and ORTHENE 75 S.
	Do not apply within 14 days of digging. Do not graze or feed treated peanut vine forage or dried hay within 14 days of the last application. Do not exceed 2-2/3 pts. (42-2/3 fl. oz., 0.8 lb. ai.) total application of DANITOL 2.4 EC Spray per acre per season. Not for use on peanuts in California or New York.		

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Not for use or storage in or around the home

Do not store next to feed, food, or transport in or on vehicles containing foodstuffs or feeds. Store in a cool, dry place.

Protect from heat.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night 1-800-892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Do not reuse container. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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AMBUSH® and KARATE® - Reg. TM of Zeneca Ag Products

AMMO®, CAPTURE®, FURY®, MUSTANG® AND POUNCE® - Reg. TMs of FMC Corporation

ASANA®XL - Reg. TM of E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company

BAYTHROID® - Reg TM of Miles, Inc.

DANITOL® - Reg. TM of Sumitomo Chemical Company, Ltd. for fenpropathrin insecticide-miticide

ORTHENE® - Reg. TM of OMS Investments, Inc.

DECIS®, SCOUT X-TRA® and SynerGin™ 2 - Reg. TMs and TM of The Aventis Group

Manufactured for: Valent U.S.A. Corporation P.O. Box 8025 Walnut Creek, CA 94596-8025

Made in U.S.A.

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