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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MAY 1 5 2007

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

James Pensyl Valent U.S.A. Corporation 1600 Riviera Avenue P.O. Box 8025 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Dear Mr. Pensyl:

Subject:

Add Use on Asparagus, Herbs, Hops, Leafy Greens, Safflower, Sesame,

and

Succulent Beans and Peas

Select 2 EC Herbicide

EPA Registration No. 59639-3

V-10137 1 EC Herbicide

EPA Registration No. 59639-132 Your Submissions Dated May 4, 2007

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under section 3(c)(7)(B) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), is acceptable provided that you:

- 1. Submit/cite all data required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) or 4(a) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Make the following label changes listed below before you release the product for shipment:
 - a. Verify that "beans (dry shelled)" and "peas (dry shelled)" are appropriate for terms for all of the listed crops in these sections. The EPA Commodity Vocabulary [http://www.epa.gov/opphed01/foodfeed/index.htm] uses the terms: "dry bean", "shelled pea" and "pea and bean succulent shelled".
 - b. In the "General Information" and "For Use on" sections footnotes 1 and 2 verify that for all the listed crops that they have both dry shelled and succulent varieties.

c. In footnote 12 and in the crop specific directions for use delete the duplicate "edible burdock" in the list of Crop Group 1 Subgroup 1C crops. 40 CFR 180.41 includes edible burdock in crop group 1A and 1B. In footnote 10 and in the crop specific directions for use turnip greens should be listed separately since it has its own specific tolerance established and is not part of the listed Crop Group 5 Brassica Leafy Vegetables.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product bearing the amended labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

If you have any questions concerning this letter please contact Mr. James Stone at 703-305-7391.

Sincerely yours,

Joanne I. Miller

Product Manager (23)

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505P)

Joanne J. Miller

Enclosure



ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated:

MAY 15 2007

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

59639-3

SELECT® 2 EC HERBICIDE

Active Ingredient	By Wt.
*Clethodim	26.4%
Other Ingredients	<u>73.6%</u>
Total	100.0%

Contains Petroleum Distillates

*(E)-2-[1-[((3-chloro-2-propenyl)oxy]imino]propyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one

Contains 2.0 lbs. clethodim per gal.

U.S. Pat. No. 4,440,566 R.E. 32,489

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING - AVISO

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

NET CONTENTS 1 GALLON

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

Causes substantial but temporary eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

If in eyes:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If on skin or clothing:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

if swallowed:

- Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact **1-800-892-0099** for emergency medical treatment information.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS

Ingestion of this product or subsequent vomiting can result in aspiration of light hydrocarbon liquid, which can cause pneumonitis. If ingested, probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply where weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to the federally designated endangered species of Solano Grass and Wild Rice. Use of this product is prohibited in the following areas where the species are known to exist:

Solano Grass: Solano County, California: the vernal lakes area bounded by the Union Pacific

Railroad and Hastings Road to the north, Highway 113 to the east, Highway 12 to

the south, and Travis Air Force Base to the west.

Wild Rice: Hays County, Texas.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS:

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL AND PAMPHLET. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton ≥ 14 mils, shoes plus socks, and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT, LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied, lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance, or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested yield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer acknowledges and accept these risks, THEN THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law AND AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law, Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. To THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Disclaimer, Risks of Using This Product, Limited Warranty and Limitation of Liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT ON CHEMIGATION WILL BE USED ONLY IF A SUPPLEMENTAL LABEL IS CREATED.

CHEMIGATION

[Do not apply this product through any irrigation system unless the supplemental labeling on chemigation is followed. Refer to supplemental labeling entitled, "Application of SELECT 2 EC Onions (dry bulbs and green) and Garlic by Chemigation", for use directions for chemigation.]

May be applied to onions and garlic by sprinkler irrigation systems. Do not apply by chemigation to any other crop, or to this crop using any other type of irrigation system.

GENERAL INFORMATION

FOR USE ON:

Alfalfa, Asparagus, Bean and Pea (dry shelled)¹, Bean and Pea (succulent)², Broccoli, Cabbage, Canola*, Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)³, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton, Cranberry, Cucumber, Eggplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables)⁴, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), Flax*, Garden Beet, Garlic, Herbs⁵, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶, Legume Vegetables (edible podded)⁷, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens)⁸, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)⁹, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other leafy brassica greens)¹⁰, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulb and green), Ornamentals, Peanut (including perennial), Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potato, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Squash (including Pumpkins)⁹, Soybeans, Strawberry, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Sweet Potato, Tomato and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)¹²,

*Not for use in California

Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea crops approved for use with Select 2 EC include: Bean (Lupinus spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (Phaseolus spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (Vigna spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.), field and pigeon

Other Succulent Bean and Pea crops approved for use with Select 2 EC includes: Bean (Lupinus spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (Phaseolus spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (Vigna spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.), field and pigeon

Other head and stern brassica vegetables approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: Chinese broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage. Chinese mustard, cavalo broccolo and kohirabi.

Other Emilian Vanctables (system terreta) approved for your with OFLECT CEC

Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino, peppers (all) and tomatillo.

Other Herb crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, camomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, coriander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (*origanum* spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.

Other root vegetables approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, turnip-rooted; chicory;

- ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip.

 Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: Bean (*Phaseoulus* spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean (*Vigna* spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea (*Pisum* spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean.
- Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (roquette), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and malabar).

Other cucurbit crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew Melon.

Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens and turnip greens.

Other leaf petiole crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and Swiss chard.

Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric and bean yam.

SELECT 2 EC is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

SELECT 2 EC is a selective postemergence herbicide for control of annual and perennial grasses. SELECT 2 EC does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds.

Repeated use of SELECT 2 EC (or similar postemergence grass herbicides with the same mode of action) may lead to the selection of naturally occurring biotypes that are resistant to these products in some grass species.

If poor performance occurs and cannot be attributed to adverse weather or application conditions, a resistant biotype may be present. This is most likely to occur in fields where other control strategies such as crop rotation, mechanical removal, and other classes of herbicides are not used from year to year.

Do not allow SELECT 2 EC to come in contact with desirable grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, as these and other grass crops will be injured or killed. Minor leaf spotting may occur on treated plants under certain environmental conditions. New foliage is not affected.

Control Symptoms

Treated grass weeds show a reduction in vigor and growth. Early chlorosis/necrosis of younger plant tissue is followed by a progressive collapse of the remaining foliage. Symptoms will generally be observed in 7 to 14 days after application, depending on grass species treated and environmental conditions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Timing of Applications

Apply SELECT 2 EC postemergence to actively growing grasses according to rate table recommendations. Applications made to grass plants stressed by insufficient moisture, or hot or cold temperatures, or to grass plants exceeding recommended growth stages may result in unsatisfactory control. Do not apply under these conditions.

In arid regions where irrigation is used to supplement limited rainfall, SELECT 2 EC should be applied as soon as possible, after irrigation (within 7 days). In arid regions, a second application of SELECT 2 EC will generally provide more effective control of perennial grass weeds than a single application. Make second application to actively growing grass 2 to 3 weeks after emergence of new growth.

Cultivation of treated grasses 7 days prior to or within 7 days after application of SELECT 2 EC may reduce weed control. DO NOT APPLY SELECT 2 EC if rainfall is expected within one hour, since control may be reduced.

ADDITION OF ADJUVANT OR CROP OIL CONCENTRATE

CROP	ADJUVANT RECOMMENDATIONS
Alfalfa, Cotton, Dry Shelled Bean & Pea, Edible Podded Legume Vegetables, Peanuts (including perennial), Potato, Soybean,	Always use a crop oil concentrate* at 1.0 qt./A by ground or 1 % v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume by air.
Succulent Bean & Pea, Sugar Beet and Sunflower	1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to SELECT 2 EC applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Asparagus, Canola, Carrot, Clover, Cranberry, Cucurbits, Flax, Fruiting Vegetables (except Tomato), Garden Beet, Garlic, Head & Stem Brassica	Always use a crop oil concentrate at 1% v/v in the finished spray volume unless tank mix instructions indicate otherwise.
Vegetables, Herbs, Hops, Leaf Petioles, Leafy Brassica Greens, Leafy Greens, Mint, Mustard Seed, Onion (Dry Bulb & Green), Root Vegetables, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (Dry Bulb & Green), Strawberry, Sweet Potato (Yam & other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables except Potato) and Tomato	Addition of liquid fertilizer is not recommended for these crops.
Non-Bearing Food Crops, Ornamental Plants,	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v). Use of crop oil concentrate is not recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage.
Conifer Trees, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), and Non-Crop or Non-planted Areas	Always use a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

^{*}Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those that contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality, and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ground Application

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 40 gals. of spray solution per acre. Under the following conditions a minimum of 10 gals. per acre is required: ultra narrow row cotton, narrow row soybeans, broadleaf herbicide tank mixes, perennial grasses, volunteer corn, drought or stress conditions, heavy grass pressure or when grasses are at or near maximum height. Failure to use a minimum of 10 gals. per acre under these conditions can result in poor coverage and reduced grass control requiring repeat applications. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

Applications to onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, and shallots (dry bulbs and green) should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Air Application

Use a minimum of 3 gals. of spray solution per acre unless otherwise directed in this label. Increase spray volumes up to 10 gals. as grass or crop foliage becomes dense. For onions (dry bulbs and green), garlic, or shallots (dry bulbs and green): When applying by air do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. In California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 20 gals. of spray solution per acre. In states other than California, air application to onions, garlic, or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

NOTE: Crop injury may occur when SELECT 2 EC is applied to onions, garlic or shallots with aerial equipment.

Spot Treatment

When using hand sprayers or high volume sprayers utilizing hand guns, mix 1/4% to 1/2% (0.33 oz. to 0.65 oz. per gal.) SELECT 2 EC and treat to wet vegetation, while not allowing runoff of spray solution. For uses requiring crop oil concentrate, include crop oil concentrate at 1% (1.3 oz. per gal.) by volume. For uses requiring non-ionic surfactant, include non-ionic surfactant at 1/4% (0.33 oz. per gal.) by volume.

NOTE: If SELECT 2 EC is applied as a spot treatment, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.

CHEMIGATION - ONION (Dry Bulb and Green) AND GARLIC SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

 Do not apply SELECT 2 EC by chemigation in the states of Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington.

Apply SELECT 2 EC at the high rate recommended for annual grasses (16 fl. oz. per acre) when the grass height is at the low end of the range (application to larger grasses may not provide adequate control). Add a crop oil concentrate containing at least 15% emulsifier at 1 quart per acre.

Apply SELECT 2 EC in 0.1 to 0.2 acre-inch of water either at the end of a regular irrigation set or as a separate application not associated with a regular irrigation using the least amount of water that provides proper distribution and coverage. Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness. Use a metering device to inject the SELECT 2 EC into the irrigation water at a constant flow. Constant agitation must be maintained in the chemical supply tank during the entire period of herbicide application. Inject the product with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dye indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period.

It is not recommended that SELECT 2 EC be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Use Precautions

- 1. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, travelers, big gun, solid set, or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop may result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- 3. If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists,

- equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the label-prescribed safety devices for public water supplies are in place.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- 12. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

GENERAL

Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application as control may be unsatisfactory.

Do not apply a postemergence broadleaf herbicide within one day following application of SELECT 2 EC or reduced grass control may result.

SELECT 2 EC s not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

For canola, do not apply more than 6 fl. oz. of SELECT 2 EC per acre per season. For clover, flax, mustard seed and radish crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of SELECT 2 EC (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season. For all other crops, do not apply more than 32 fl. oz. of SELECT 2 EC (0.50 lb. ai) per acre per season. Application on Long Island, New York, is restricted to no more than 16 fl. oz. of SELECT 2 EC (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per season.

Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to the following crops: asparagus, brassica vegetables (head and stem), bean (succulent), carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, legume vegetables (edible podded), non-bearing food crops, pea (dry shelled), pea (succulent), root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to canola or mustard seed. For all other crops, do not apply more than 16 fl. oz. of SELECT 2 EC (0.25 lb. ai) per acre per application. Exceeding these recommendations may result in unacceptable crop injury.

Do not apply under conditions of stress. Applying SELECT 2 EC under conditions that do not promote active grass growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. These conditions include drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, low humidity and grasses either partially controlled or stunted from prior pesticide applications. Grasses under these kinds of stressful conditions will not absorb and translocate SELECT 2 EC effectively, and will be less susceptible to herbicide activity.

Optimal perennial grass control can be obtained if rhizomes or stolons are cut up by preplant tillage practices, (discing, plowing, etc.) to stimulate maximum emergence of grass shoots. Cultural practices, such as continuous no-tillage in which the perennial grass rhizomes or stolons are not cut up, result in a very staggered, non-uniform weed emergence. Due to this non-uniform weed emergence, no fewer than 2 SELECT 2 EC applications per season per year are recommended at the appropriate weed-growth stage rate under continuous no-till conditions.

Grass crops such as corn, rice, sorghum, small grains, or turf, etc. are highly sensitive to SELECT 2 EC.

While all the vegetable crops on this label have been tested and are tolerant to SELECT 2 EC, not all specialty varieties of these crops have been tested. It is advised that, before applying SELECT 2 EC to specialty varieties of vegetable crops on this label, crop tolerance be investigated first using a small section of the field. It is possible that injury symptoms can occur. Symptoms may appear as leaf speckling or stunting.

Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for all products whether used alone or in a tank mix. The most restrictive labeling of any product used applies in tank mixtures, including all crop rotational and other crop restrictions.

Tank mixes of SELECT 2 EC and broadleaf herbicides may result in reduced grass control. If grass regrowth occurs, an additional application of SELECT 2 EC may be necessary. **AVOID SPRAY DRIFT**

Do not allow spray from ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent land or crops. When drift may be a problem, do everything possible to reduce spray drift, including:

- Do not spray if wind speeds are or become excessive.
- Do not spray if wind speed is 10 mph or greater. If sensitive crops or plants are downwind, extreme
 caution must be used under all conditions.
- Do not spray if winds are gusty.
- Use extreme caution when conditions are favorable for drift (high temperatures, drought, low relative humidity), especially when sensitive plants are located nearby.
- Do not apply when a temperature inversion exists. If inversion conditions are suspected, consult with local weather services before making an application.
- Further reductions in drift can be obtained by:
 - 1. Using large droplet size sprays. Do not use nozzles that produce small droplets. Orient nozzles downward and slightly backward as needed to reduce drift for ground applications.
 - Orienting nozzles straight back with the windstream, using straight stream orifices for aerial
 applications. Use the lowest number of nozzles practical with the largest possible orifice
 size to obtain the minimum 3 GPA volume. Application height and boom length should be
 set according to manufacturer's instructions to minimize drift.
 - 3. Increasing the volume of spray mixture (for example, a minimum of 10 GPA for ground applications) by using higher flow rate nozzles. Using lower pressure with the appropriate nozzle to obtain higher volumes will also reduce drift.
 - 4. Applying as close to target plants as practical while maintaining a good spray pattern for adequate coverage.

Do not apply under conditions involving possible drift to food, forage or other plantings that might be damaged or the crops thereof rendered unfit for sale, use or consumption.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Alfalfa including: Sainfoin Holy Clover Birdsfoot trefoil ⁽³⁾	15 days before grazing, feeding or harvesting (cutting) for forage or hay	6-16 fl. oz ⁽⁴⁾	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to tank mix partners for feeding, grazing and harvesting restrictions. (5.6) The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Asparagus	1 day	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a
	<u></u>			minimum of a 14 day interval.
Bean, Dry Shelled including: Bean (Lupinus spp.) Grain Sweet White White Sweet Bean (Phaseolus spp.) Field Kidney Lima (dry) Navy Pinto Tepary Bean (Vigna spp.) Adzuki Bean Black-eyed Pea Catjang Cowpea Crowder Pea Moth Bean Mung Bean Rice Bean Southern Pea Urd Bean Broad (dry) Chickpea (garbanzo) Guar Lablab Bean Lentil	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A per application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval. Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Bean, Succulent including: Bean (Phaseolus spp.) Broad Bean (succulent) Lima Bean (green) Bean (Vigna spp.) Black-eyed Pea Cowpea Southern Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Beet, Garden	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a
Brassica Vegetables, Head & Stem including: Broccoli Brussels sprouts	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	minimum of a 14 day interval. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a

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Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Cabbage Cauliflower				minimum of a 14 day interval.
Canola	70 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when SELECT 2 EC is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 6 oz./A in a cicelo application.
				single application.
0	00.1	0.00	100 1 1 11	Do not exceed 6 fi. oz./A in a season.
Carrot	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
]		For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Clover	15 days before grazing, feeding, or harvesting (cutting)	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For use on clover grown in the states of Idaho, Oregon and Washington only.
	for forage or hay			Do not exceed 16 fl. oz./A in a season.
Cotton	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals,
Cranberry	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	and volunteer corn. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply between the "hook" stage and full fruit set. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Cucurbits including: Chayote (fruit) Chinese Wax Gourd Citron Melon Cucumber Gherkin Gourd, Edible Muskmelons (all) including: Cantaloupes Honeydew Melon Pumpkin Squash (all) Watermelon	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

Use Rates Per Acre 6-16 fl. oz.	Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾ 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate	Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
6-16 fl. oz.	less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume using a crop oil concentrate	after application unless clethodim is
	containing at least 15% emulsifier.	
6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Apply prior to bloom. Crop injury may occur when SELECT 2 EC is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz./A in a season.
6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 ft. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	SELECT 2 EC has not been tested on all herbs, and herb varieties. It is the responsibility of the user to test SELECT 2 EC on a small portion of the crop to be treated before treating the entire field. Crop tolerance should be verified to SELECT 2 EC on a small area of the herb crop, at the desired SELECT 2 EC rate and with the same crop oil concentrate that will be used on the herb field. If no crop response is evident seven (7) days after treatment, SELECT 2 EC may be used on the entire field at the rate tested and with the same crop oil used in the tolerance test. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Hops	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

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Crops ⁽¹⁾	From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Leaf Petioles including: Cardoon Celery Celtuce Chinese Celery Fennel, Florence (finochio) Rhubarb Swiss Chard	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Leafy Brassica Greens including: Broccoli Raab Cabbage, Chinese (bok choy) Collards Kale Mizuna Mustard Greens Mustard Spinach Rape Greens Turnip Greens	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 % v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Leafy Greens including: Amaranth Chinese Spinach Leafy Amaranth Tampala Arugula (roquette) Chervil Chrysanthemum, Edible-leaved Chrysanthemum, Garland Corn Salad Cress Garden Upland (yellow rock and winter) Dandelion Dock (sorrel) Endive (escarole) Lettuce, Head and Leaf Orach Parsley Purslane Garden Winter Radicchio (red chicory) Spinach New Zealand	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Vine (indian and malabar) Legume Vegetables, Edible Podded including: Bean (Phaseolus spp.) Runner Snap Wax Bean (Vigna spp.) Asparagus Chinese Longbean	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season. For peas apply before bloom, but no later than 21 days before harvest.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Moth Yardlong Jackbean Pea (<i>Pisum</i> spp.) Dwarf Edible-pod Snow Sugar Snap Pigeon Sword Bean				Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Mint	21 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁴⁾	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A by air.)	Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Mustard Seed	75 days	4-6 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply after crop has begun bolting. Crop injury may occur when SELECT 2 EC is applied during the bloom period. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not exceed 16 fl. oz/A in a season.
Onion (Dry Bulb Only) Gartic Shalfot (Dry Bulb Only)	45 days	6-16 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾ . ⁽⁸⁾	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by ground in entire U.S. Minimum of 20 gals./A spray volume by air in California. (9) In states other than California, air applications to onions, garlic or shallots should be made in a minimum of 10 gals./A.
Onion, Green Including: Green Eschalot Green Shallot Japanese Bunching Onion Leeks Scallion or Spring Onion	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

	Minimum Time	T	Crop Oil	
Crops ⁽¹⁾	From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Ornamentals	N/A	6-16 fl. oz.	Use of crop oil concentrate is not	Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).
Non-Bearing Food Crops	N/A	6-8 fl. oz. ⁽⁸⁾	recommended since it may injure flowers and foliage. See Special Use Instructions.	Sugar maples cannot be tapped for syrup within one year of SELECT 2 EC application. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application to non-bearing food
Pea, Dry Shelled including: Pea (Pisum spp.) Field Pigeon	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season.
				Apply before bloom but not later than 30 days prior to harvest. (10) Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Pea, Succulent including: Pea (Pisum spp.) English Pea Garden Pea Green Pea	21 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A per application. Do not apply more than one (1) application per acre per season.
Pigeon Pea				Apply before bloom but not later than 21 days prior to harvest. (10) Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Peanut (including Perennial)	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Potato	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
			1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Radish	15 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. Do not apply more than 16 fl. oz./A (0.25 lb. ai) per acre in a season.
_				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Root Vegetables (except Radish), including: Chicory	30 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
Ginseng Horseradish Turnip				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Safflower	70 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a single application.
		ļ	<u> </u>	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.
Sesame	14 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply during flowering. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A in a
				single application. For repeat applications make on a
Soybean	60 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ^(S)	minimum of a 14 day interval. Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage or hay to livestock. Refer to appropriate Table for
			puny by an.	reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses.
				The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass,
				red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Strawberry	4 days	6-8 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	Do not apply more than 8 ft. oz./A in a single application.
				For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

Crops ⁽¹⁾	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (PHI)	Use Rates Per Acre	Crop Oil Concentrate Rates Per Acre ⁽²⁾	Special Use Instructions
Sugar Beet	40 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to appropriate Table for reduced rate recommendations for the control of small annual grasses. The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Sunflower	70 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1 qt. by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) by air. ⁽⁵⁾	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals, and volunteer corn.
Sweet Potato, Yam and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables (except Potato) including: Artichoke Chinese Jersusalem Cassava Bitter Sweet Ginger	30 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	The addition of AMS has shown improved grass control for difficult to control species including: quackgrass, rhizome, Johnsongrass, red rice, wild oats, volunteer cereals and volunteer corn.
Tomato	20 days	6-16 fl. oz.	1% v/v in the finished spray volume.	For repeat applications make on a minimum of a 14 day interval.

N/A = Not Applicable

- Acceptable crop oil concentrates would be those which contain a minimum of 80% oils and 15% emulsifier. A crop oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria: be non phytotoxic, contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, provide good mixing quality and be successful in local experience. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. See the Addition c Adjuvant and Crop Oil Concentrate section for further information.
- SELECT 2 EC may be applied to seedling or established alfalfa grown for seed, hay, silage, green chop or direct grazing.
- For weed control in established alfalfa and mint, the minimum use rate is 10 fl. oz./A.
- 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N or 32%N), or an equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added to SELECT 2 EC applications, in addition to the recommended rate of crop oil concentrate.
- Do not apply SELECT 2 EC plus 2,4-DB as a tank mix to alfalfa unless the 60 day feeding, grazing, and harvesting restriction on the 2,4-DB label can be observed.
- For ground applications to garlic or shallot, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For air applications to onion, garlic or shallot, do not exceed 8 fl. oz./A in a single application. For garlic and shallot, do not exceed 2 applications per season. In CA for air applications to onion, do not exceed 2 applications per season.
- If SELECT 2 EC is applied as a spot treatment to onion, garlic, shallot, or non-bearing food crops, care should be taken to not exceed the maximum rate allowed on a "per acre" basis or crop injury may occur.
- In California, do not apply SELECT 2 EC to onion, garlic, or shallot until the crop has at least two full leaves. In California, 14 day spray intervals are recommended between the application of SELECT 2 EC and liquid nitrogen or other herbicide applications. Injury to crop may occur when shorter intervals are observed.

SELECT 2 EC is not recommended for use on vegetable crops being grown for seed production unless specific use directions are provided.

Applications of SELECT 2 EC to peas during the bloom period could result in severe crop injury, including loss of yield and delayed maturity.

FOR USE ON:

Alfalfa, Asparagus, Bean and Pea (dry shelled)¹, Bean and Pea (succulent)², Broccoli, Cabbage, Canola*, Carrot, Cauliflower (and other Head and Stem Brassica Vegetables)3, Celery, Clover (grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only), Conifers, Cotton, Cranberry, Cucumber, Eggplant (and other Fruiting Vegetables)4, Fallow Land (and other non-producing agricultural areas), Flax* Garden Beet, Garlic, Herbs⁵, Hops, Horseradish (and other Root Vegetables)⁶, Legume Vegetables (edible podded)7, Lettuce, Head and Leaf (and other leafy greens)8, Melons (including Cantaloupes and Watermelons)9, Mint, Mustard Greens (and other leafy brassica greens)¹⁰, Mustard Seed*, Non-Bearing Food Crops, Non-Crop or Non-Planted Areas, Onions (dry bulb and green), Ornamentals, Peanut (including Perennial), Peppers (bell and non-bell), Potato, Radish, Rhubarb (and other Leaf Petioles)¹¹, Safflower, Sesame, Shallots (dry bulbs and green), Squash (including Pumpkins)9, Soybeans, Strawberry, Sugar Beet, Sunflower, Sweet Potato, Tomato and Yam (and other Tuberous and Corm Vegetables)12,

*Not for use in California

Other Dry Shelled Bean and Pea crops approved for use with Select 2 EC include: Bean (Lupinus spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (Phaseolus spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (Vigne spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea (garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.), field and pigeon

Other Succulent Bean and Pea crops approved for use with Select 2 EC includes: Bean (Lupinus spp.), grain, sweet, white and white sweet; Bean (Phaseolus spp.), field, kidney, lima (dry), navy, pinto and tepary; Bean (Vigna spp.), adzuki bean, black-eyed pea, catjang, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, Southern pea, urd bean, broad (dry), chickpea

(garbanzo), guar, lablab bean and lentil; Pea (Pisum spp.), field and pigeon

Other head and stem brassica vegetables approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: Chinese broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Chinese (napa) cabbage, Chinese mustard, cavalo broccolo and kohlrabi.

Other Fruiting Vegetables (except tomato) approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: eggplant, groundcherry, pepino,

peppers (all) and tomatillo.

Other Herb crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: angelica, balm, basil, borage, burnet, camomile, catnip, chervil (dried), chive, Chinese chive, clary, conander (leaf), costmary, culantro (leaf), curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), horehound, hyssop, lavender, lovage (leaf), marigold, marjoram (origanum spp.), nasturtium, parsley (dried), pennyroyal, rosemary, rue, sage and savory, summer and winter.

Other root vegetables approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: burdock, edible; celeriac; chervil, tumip-rooted; chicory; ginseng; parsley, turnip-rooted; parsnip; radish, oriental; rutabaga; salsify; salsify, black; salsify, Spanish; skirret and turnip.

Other Edible Podded Legume Vegetable crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: Bean (Phaseoulus spp.), runner, snap and wax; Bean (Vigna spp.), asparagus, Chinese longbean, moth, yardlong, jackbean; Pea (Pisum spp.), dwarf, edible-pod, snow, sugar snap, pigeon and sword bean.

Other Leafy Greens crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: amaranth (Chinese spinach, leafy amaranth and tampala), arugula (roquette), chervil, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), corn salad, cress (garden, yellow rock and winter), dandelion, dock (sorrel), endive (escarole), lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), radicchio (red chicory), spinach (New Zealand and Vine (Indian and malabar).

Other cucurbit crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: Chayote (fruit), Chinese Wax Gourd, Citron Melon, Edible Gourd, Gherkin and Muskmelons (all) including Honeydew Melon.

Other leafy brassica greens approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: broccoli raab, Chinese (bok choy) cabbage, collards, kale, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, rape greens and tumip greens.

Other leaf petiole crops approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: cardoon, celtuce, Chinese celery, Florence fennel, and

Other tuber and corm vegetables approved for use with SELECT 2 EC include: arracacha, arrowroot, Chinese artichoke, Jerusalem artichoke, edible burdock, edible canna, bitter and sweet cassava, chayote (root), chufa, dasheen (taro), ginger, leren, tanier, turmeric and bean yam.

IMPORTANT

Plant tolerance to SELECT 2 EC at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if the herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of SELECT 2 EC have investigated the safety factor to plants not listed on the label.

NON-BEARING FOOD CROPS

SELECT 2 EC SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED TO NON-BEARING FRUIT OR NUT CROPS WHICH ARE GROWN FOR ROOT STOCK.

Crop injury to non-bearing fruit and nut crops can occur if SELECT 2 EC is improperly applied. SELECT 2 EC should not be applied directly over the top of these plant types. Instead, spray should be directed at the base of the plant where grassy weeds are growing near the ground.

Non-bearing fruit and nut crops are plants which will not bear fruit or nuts for at least one year following SELECT 2 EC application.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Apples	Malus spp.
Berries	Vaccinium spp.
	Rubus spp.
Cherry, Sweet	Prunus avium
Citrus Fruits	Citrus spp.
Grapes	Vitis spp.
Olives	Olea spp.
Peach	Prunus persica
Pears	Pyrus communis
Prunes	Prunus spp.
Stone Fruits	Prunus spp.
Strawberries	Fragaria spp.
Tree Nuts	
Almond	Prunus triloba
Filbert	Corylus maxima
Pecan	Carya illinoinensis
Pistachio	Pistacia vera
Walnut	Juglans spp.

CONIFER TREES

SELECT 2 EC can be used to control labeled grasses in Christmas tree farms, conifer nurseries, and conifer plantations (but not in forests).

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Arborvitae, American	Thuja occidentalis
Cedars	Cedrus spp.
Cypress	Taxodium spp.
Fir, Douglas	Pseudotsuga menziesii
Firs	Abies spp.
Hemlock, Canadian/Eastern	Tsuga canadensis
Hemlock, Western	Tsuga heterophylla
Pines	Pinus spp.
Spruces	Picea spp.
Yew	Taxus spp.

NON-CROP OR NON-PLANTED AREAS

The following areas are considered non-crop or non-planted areas: rights-of-way including railroads, highways, roads, dividers, medians, pipelines, public utility lines, pumping stations, transformer stations and substations. Around airports, electric utilities, commercial buildings, manufacturing plants, storage yards, rail yards, fence lines, parkways, and post-harvest croplands. Also beneath greenhouse benches and around golf courses.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT)

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beets, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to canola or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT* (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE ⁽¹⁾
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	2 to 8	6	8
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	2 to 6	6	8
Brome				
California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	6	8
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	Bromus secalinus 2 to 6		8
Downy	Bromus tectorum	2 to 6	6	8
Ripgut	Bromus diandrus	2 to 6	6	8
Canarygrass	Phalaris canariensis	1 to 4	6	8
Crabgrass				
Hairy	Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	6	8
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	2 to 6**	6	8
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	2 to 6**	6	8
Southern	Digitaria ciliaris	2 to 6**	6	8
Crowfootgrass	Dactyloctenium aegyptium	2 to 6**	6	8
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	2 to 8	6	8
Field Sandbur	Cenchrus incertus	2 to 6	6	8
Foxtail				
Giant	Setaria faberi 2 to 12		6	8
Green	Setaria viridis 2 to 8		6	8
Yellow	Setaria glauc 2 to 8		6	8
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	2 to 6**	6	8
itchgrass	Rottboellia cochinchinensis	2 to 6	6	8
Junglerice	Echinochloa colona	2 to 6	6	8
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	2 to 6	6	8
Rabbitsfootgrass	Polypogon monspeliensis	1 to 4	6	8
Red Rice	Oryza sativa	1 to 3	6	8
Ryegrass]
Hardy	Lolium remotum	2 to 6	6	8
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	2 to 6	6	8
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	4 to 10	6	8
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	6 to 18	6	8
Southwestern Cupgrass	Eriochloa gracilis	2 to 6	6	8

continued

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES (EXCEPT FOR IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT) (continued)

GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED HEIGHT (inches)*	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE ⁽¹⁾
Sprangle top				
Amazon	Leptochloa panicoides	2 to 6	6	8
Bearded	Leptochloa fascicularis	2 to 6	6	8
Mexican	Leptochloa uninervia	2 to 6	6	8
Red	Leptochloa filiformis	2 to 6	6	8
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Cereals ⁽²⁾				
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	6	8
Oats	Avena sativa	2 to 6	6	8
Rye	Secale cereale	2 to 6	6	8
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	2 to 6	6	8
Volunteer Corn ⁽³⁾	Zea mays	4 to 12	4	6
Volunteer Corn ⁽³⁾	Zea mays	12 to 24	6	8
Volunteer Corn (S.R.) ⁽⁴⁾	Zea mays	4 to 12	8 (suppression	n only)
Volunteer Grain Sorghum	Sorghum bicolor	8 to 12	6	8
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	2 to 6	6	8
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	2 to 10	6	8
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	2 to 8	6	8
Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	6	8

^{*} Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

Length of lateral growth.

⁽¹⁾ Rates higher than 8 fl. oz./A may be applied in certain geographic areas, cropping situations, or environmental conditions, where experience has shown that higher rates are needed for satisfactory control of annual grasses. In these situations, rates from 8 to 16 fl. oz./A may be applied. Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head and stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to canola or mustard seed.

When a cereal grain crop (such as wheat) is interseeded for crop establishment or is planted as wind breaks to aid crop establishment, the minimum SELECT 2 EC use rate for control is 8 fl. oz./A.

[3] Includes Roundup Ready®, Liberty Link® and IMI-CORN® volunteer com.

⁽⁴⁾ Sethoxydim resistant volunteer corn.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL & PERENNIAL GRASS CONTROL IN ESTABLISHED ALFALFA AND MINT WITH SELECT 2 EC

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual & Perennial Grasses Listed in Grass Table	See Table	10	16

Mowing: The best control of annual grasses can be achieved by applying SELECT 2 EC before grass weeds are mowed. Once a grass is mowed it becomes tougher to control, as much of the available leaf surface has been removed. In areas without a killing frost, some annuals can over-winter after having been mowed multiple times. These grasses form large crowns and may contain many viable buds. These grasses, even though they may be an annual grass, may require repeated applications of SELECT 2 EC for partial or complete control.

Irrigated Alfalfa and Mint: Irrigation practices can be very critical to the successful use of SELECT 2 EC in established alfalfa and mint and may be necessary to initiate active growth of the weeds prior to application. Generally applications 2 to 4 days after an irrigation are most effective. Irrigation made shortly after application (2 days) can be effective, but more consistent grass control occurs when the irrigation is made before the application.

Aerial Application: Apply SELECT 2 EC in a minimum of 10 GPA in established alfalfa and mint when applying by air.

Annual Grass Control: Apply SELECT 2 EC at the grass sizes indicated in the Recommendation for Annual Grass Table and rates indicated. If a grass has been cut, apply SELECT 2 EC after active growth has resumed and regrowth has reached the minimum height and before it reaches the maximum height indicated. Apply before the alfalfa/mint canopy covers the grasses and interferes with the spray coverage. Some annual grasses are spring- and summer-germinating plants, while others are fall-germinating plants, and the time they are actively growing and most susceptible to SELECT 2 EC may vary from region to region. Also some annuals germinate over a extended period of time, and because control of small grasses is desired, applications after each weed flush may be required. As a general rule spray spring and summer-germinating grasses as early in the season as possible, after initial green-up. Spray fall-germinating weeds in the fall soon after they begin growing but before any damage is done due to frost. Late fall applications may be less effective due to environmental conditions, such as frost, slower plant growth, or the onset of flowering.

Perennial Grass Control: SELECT 2 EC effectively controls perennial grasses such as bermudagrass, Johnsongrass, quackgrass, wirestern muhly, tall fescue, foxtail barley and orchardgrass. Due in part to lack of tillage, perennial grasses are more difficult to control in a perennial crop such as established alfalfa or mint. A program of repeated applications is usually necessary for best results. The best way to control perennial grasses is to do so in the year of stand establishment before rhizomes and stolons become large and difficult to kill.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at or near maximum height,

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground or 1% v/v (but not less than 1 pt./A) to the finished spray volume by air

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH SELECT 2 EC

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua)	to 4-leaf	6*	16

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity, which exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

*Use a minimum of 10 fl. oz./A to control annual bluegrass in seedling and established alfalfa and mint.

DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES IN CANOLA, DRY SHELLED BEAN & PEA (INCLUDING SOYBEAN), EDIBLE PODDED LEGUME VEGETABLES, FLAX, MUSTARD SEED, SUCCULENT BEAN & PEA AND SUGAR BEET (REDUCED RATE RECOMMENDATIONS NOT FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA)

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Regrowth by tillering may occur if application is made when plants are stressed by lack of moisture,

excessive moisture, low or high temperatures and/or under very low humidity.

GRASS SPECIES			RATE FL.OZ/ ACRE ⁽¹⁾
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 4	4
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla	1 to 4	5
Crabgrass			
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 3*	4
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	1 to 4*	5
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 3*	4
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	1 to 4*	5
Southern .	Digitaria ciliaris	1 to 4*	5
Fall Panicum	Panicum dichotomiflorum	1 to 4	4
Foxtail			
Giant	Setaria faberi	1 to 4	4
Green	Setaria viridis	1 to 4	4
Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 4	5
Yellow	Setaria glauca	1 to 4	4
Seedling Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense	1 to 6	5
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	4 to 10	4
Texas Panicum	Panicum texanum	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Cereals			
Barley	Hordeum vulgare	1 to 4	5
Oats	Avena sativa	1 to 4	5
Wheat	Triticum aestivum	1 to 4	5
Volunteer Corn**	Zea mays	4 to 12	4
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 6	4
Wild Oats	Avena fatua	1 to 4	5

^{*}Length of lateral growth

^{**}Not S.R. Corn

⁽¹⁾ Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground application to the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.
- Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.
- Do not apply more than 8 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to the following crops: asparagus, carrot, cranberry, cucurbits, flax, fruiting vegetables (except tomato), garden beet, green onion, head & stem brassica vegetables, herbs, hops, leaf petioles, leafy brassica greens, leafy greens, non-bearing food crops, root vegetables, safflower, sesame and strawberry. Do not apply more than 6 fl. oz./A of SELECT 2 EC per application to canola or mustard seed.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Fescue, Tall (Festuca arundinacea)			T
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Foxtail Barley (Hordeum jubatum)			
First Application	2 to 6	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 6	8	16
Orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata)			<u> </u>
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Quackgrass* (Elytrigia repens)		 	
First Application	4 to 12	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 12	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)			T
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa)			Ţ
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Perennial Bluegrass*			1
Roughstalk (Poa trivialis)			
Kentucky (Poa prantensis)			
First Application	2 to 4	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	8	16
Bentgrass* (Agrostis spp.)			
First Application	2 to 4	-	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	2 to 4	_	16

^{*}Control of quackgrass, perennial bluegrass and bentgrass with SELECT 2 EC may be enhanced by adding AMS at 2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A

TANK MIXES GENERAL INFORMATION

The labels for each of the herbicides recommended for tank mixing with SELECT 2 EC are unique to the characteristics of those products and contain restrictions and limitations that may be more restrictive than the SELECT 2 EC label in certain considerations. Those concerns may include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Geographic restrictions all products are not registered for use in all areas and rates may vary from one region of labeled use to another;
- 2. Crop rotation restrictions;
- 3. Applicator certification requirements;
- 4. Worker safety rules (e.g. protective clothing, reentry time, posting);
- 5. Soil type or soil characteristics (e.g. pH, OM);
- 6. Maximum dosage or number of applications per season;
- 7. Rain free period required; or
- 8. Application timing (e.g. pre-harvest interval)
- 9. Do not exceed the total season rates.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT 2 EC AND BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASSES AND BROADLEAF WEEDS

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply when the first grass or broadleaf weed species in a mixed population reaches the recommended height or growth stage for treatment.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Always add the appropriate adjuvant to the spray mix at the rate recommended for each specific tank mix combination.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control and possible increases in crop
 injury as compared to either product used alone. If regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass
 emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC, as specified in the respective size and rate
 tables.
- Do not tank mix SELECT 2 EC when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- 2. While agitating, add the correct amount of SELECT 2 EC. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 3. If tank mixing SELECT 2 EC with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates, and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 4. Add any required adjuvants (crop oil concentrate, non-ionic surfactant and/or nitrogen solution).
- 5. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. **Agitation should continue until all spray solution has been applied.**

Failure to agitate the spray solution may result in improper mixing of the herbicides and unsatisfactory weed control. Mixing and compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

INFORMATION ON ANTAGONISM

Tank mixes of SELECT 2 EC with postemergence broadleaf herbicides have shown some reduction or failure to control certain grass species which would have otherwise been controlled when SELECT 2 EC is applied alone. Activity of the postemergence broadleaf herbicide in the tank mix is not affected.

ALFALFA

Table 1. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR ALFALFA
(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)		OIL
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾ ANNUAL GRASSES		PERENNIAL GRASSES	CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
			GROUND	AIR
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+	+	1 /0	1 /0
2,4-DB ⁽⁴⁾	Refer to 2,4-DB label	Refer to 2,4-DB label		_
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.		1	}
+	+		1%	1%
PURSUIT DG ⁽⁵⁾	1.08 to 2.16 oz.	-	1 76	176
or	or			
PURSUIT ⁽⁵⁾	3 to 6 fl. oz.			
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.			
+	+		0.5%	0.5%
BUCTRIL® 2L ⁽⁶⁾	1.0 to 1.5 pts.	-	0.5%	0.5%
or	or		}	
BUCTRIL GEL(6,7)	0.5 to 0.75 pt.			1

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽²⁾Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾SELECT 2 EC plus 2,4-DB may increase the severity of crop injury when tank mixed. Alfalfa plants will generally outgrow this temporary crop injury within a few weeks.

⁽⁵⁾Before using this tank mix, read and understand the PURSUIT or PURSUIT DG labels for geographical restrictions and restrictions regarding alfalfa growth stage and type. Failure to do so can result in crop injury to alfalfa. Do not feed, graze, or harvest alfalfa for 30 days following an application of PURSUIT to alfalfa.

⁽⁶⁾ In the states of Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Nevada and the western halves of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas: The SELECT 2 EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL tank mix must be applied in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 2 trifoliates. Unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa seedlings less than the 2 trifoliate leaf stage. SELECT 2 EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 80°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. In the states not listed above, apply in the fall or spring to seedling alfalfa when the majority of the field has a minimum of 4 trifoliate leaves. When alfalfa stand is uneven and conditions favor leaf burn, unacceptable crop injury may occur to alfalfa in the 2 trifoliate or smaller stage of growth. SELECT 2 EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL applications made when temperatures are expected to exceed 70°F at (and 3 days following) application can result in unacceptable crop injury. Crop leaf burn can occur following SELECT 2 EC plus BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL or BUCTRIL GEL application. Warm, humid conditions may enhance leaf burn. New crop growth will not be affected.

⁽⁷⁾Do not apply when alfalfa is under moisture, temperature, insect or disease stress or has been stressed by other pesticide carryover or application.

CANOLA

Table 2. REDUCED RATE SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR CANOLA

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE			AMMONIUM SULFATE	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES			
SELECT 2 EC(2)	4 to 5 fl. oz.	GRASSES	GROUND	AIR	
+ LIBERTY ⁽³⁾	+ 34 fl. oz.	•	3.0 lbs.	3.0 lbs.	

MAnnual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

COTTON

Table 3. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH COBRA® AND MSMA APPLIED POST DIRECTED TO COTTON

PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(2)		APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽²⁾ CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ V/V	
	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	Reduce broadcast rate
COBRA + MSMA	See COBRA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the SELECT 2 EC label for weed height and species controlled. See MSMA label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton. Refer to the SELECT 2 EC label for weed height and species controlled.			in proportion to the band area actually treated.
(4.0 lbs./gal.) or MSMA (6.6 lbs./gal.)				

¹¹¹Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent

⁽²⁾Do not apply Select 2 EC tank mix during or after bolting or flowering or crop injury may occur.

⁽³⁾ For use only on LibertyLink® canola

them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

(2) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽³⁾Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ If at the time of application, grass height is so tall that post-directed applications cannot get good coverage over the top of the grassy weeds, then poor control may result and a second (non-post directed) application of SELECT 2 EC may be necessary.

COTTON(continued)

Table 4. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH BUCTRIL 4 EC TO CONTROL EMERGED WEEDS IN BXN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION

PROPUCT ⁽¹⁾	PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾ APPLICATION RATE/ACRE ⁽²⁾		COMMENTS ⁽⁷⁾
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	CONCENTRATE PER ACRE ⁽³⁾	COMMEN 15
SELECT 2 EC +	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1 qt.	See charts for grasses
BUCTRIL 4 EC ^(4.5,6)	See BUCTRIL 4 EC label for rates to control broadleaf weeds and height limitations for cotton.		controlled.

¹¹⁾Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and

"Use a minimum of 10 gals, of spray solution per acre.

Table 5. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH GLYPHOSATE TO CONTROL EMERGED **GRASSES IN COTTON AS A BROADCAST APPLICATION**

	APPLICATIO	N RATE/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	ADJU	JVANT	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	Glyphosate formulation with built in adjuvant	Glyphosate formulation without built in adjuvant	COMMENTS
SELECT 2 EC + GLYPHOSATE	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	Non-ionic surfactant @ 0.125 to	Crop oil concentrate @ 1 pt./A	See charts for grasses controlled.
		e label for rates dleaf weeds and ns for cotton.	0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals. of carrier	Use a minimum of 10 gals. of spray solution per acre.

If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate.

prevent them from receiving complete coverage.

(2) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC at the recommended rate with the appropriate amount of crop oil concentrate in a non-BUCTRIL tank mix.

(3) Always add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground in the finished spray solution.

(4) Applications of BUCTRIL 4 EC can be made only to cotton that has been genetically modified for crop tolerance to

postemergence over-the-top applications of bromoxynil.

5 Do not apply the SELECT 2 EC plus BUCTRIL tank mix within 75 days of harvest.

⁽⁶⁾Do not exceed 2 applications of BUCTRIL before cotton is 12 inches tall and one application after 12 inches tall.

DRY SHELLED AND SUCCULENT BEANS

Table 6. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR DRY SHELLED **AND SUCCULENT BEANS**

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

(2)	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		CROP OIL CONCENTRATI	
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	(V/V	
SELECT 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1 0.100113	
+ BASAGRAN®	+ 1.0 to 2.0 pts.	+ 1 to 2 pts.	1%	1%

[&]quot;If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone

FLAX

Table 7. REDUCED RATE SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR **FLAX**

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

	APPLICATION R	ATES/ACRE	NNIAL CONCENTRATE	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL	PERENNIAL		
<u> </u>	GRASSES ⁽¹⁾	GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
SELECT 2 EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.			
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
BRONATE ADVANCED ^{TM(2, 3)}	11.4 fl. oz.		•	
SELECT 2 EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.		•	
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
BRONATE® ^(2, 3)	0.9 pt.			
SELECT 2 EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.			
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
BUCTRIL ^(2, 3)	1.0 pt.		,	
SELECT 2 EC	4 to 5 fl. oz.			
+	+	-	1 pt.	1 pt.
RHONOX® ^(2, 3)	0.25 to 0.5 pt.			

¹⁷Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTORL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

⁽without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

(2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall enough or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations. ⁽³⁾Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽²⁾Do not apply Select 2 EC tank mix during or after the bud stage or to ornamental flax or crop injury may occur.

⁽³⁾Do not apply tank mixes if temperatures are expected to exceed 85°F at (or 3 days following) application or crop injury may

SOYBEAN

Table 8. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES(3) TO CONTROL ANNUAL GRASSES WHEN USED AS A BURNDOWN IN NO-TH L SOYBEAN

PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATE/ACRE (1)	GRASS HEIGHT (inches)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE /ACRE ⁽²⁾	28%N <i>OR</i> 32%N QTS./A <i>OR</i> 2.5 TO 4.0 LBS. AMS
SELECT 2 EC + 2,4-D ester* ⁽³⁾	3 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 3 Fall Panicum 1 to 3	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	4 fl. oz.	Foxtail 1 to 4 Fall Panicum 1 to 4	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS
	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb. ai	(See Grass Chart for grasses claimed.)	1 qt.	1 to 2 qts. or 2.5 to 4.0 lbs. AMS

*2,4-D ester should not be used where drift sensitive crops may be grown.

Table 9. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾ ANNUAL PERENNIAL		CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)	
	GRASSES	GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
SELECT 2 EC +	6 to 8 fl. oz. +	8 to 16 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1%	1%
COBRA	12.5 fl. oz.	12.5 fl. oz.		
SELECT 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+	+	+	1 /0	1 4
BASAGRAN 4 SL	1 to 2 pts.	1 to 2 pts.		
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+ Glyphosate (For use on Roundup Ready soybean only)	+ 0.75 to 3.0 lb. ai	0.75 to 3.0 lb. ai	0.5 to 1% ⁽⁴⁾	1% ⁽⁴⁾
SELECT 2 EC +	6 to 8 fl. oz. +	6 to 8 fl. oz. +	0.5 to 1%	1%
ULTRA BLAZER®	1 to 1.5 pts.	1 to 1.5 pts.		

⁽¹⁾ If regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC according to the

appropriate size and rate recommendations.

Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate in the finished spray volume.

The following products can be tank mixed with SELECT 2 EC plus 2,4-D ester: VALOR®, AUTHORITY® BROADLEAF, CANOPY XL®, DUAL® 8 E, DUAL II®, DUAL MAGNUM®, PROWL®, SENCOR®, SENCOR plus the DUAL products and TURBO®.

Table 9. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

(continued)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE(1)	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/\	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
FLEXSTAR® HL ⁽⁶⁾	Refer to the FLEXSTAR HL	Refer to the FLEXSTAR HL	1%	1%
	label for specific application rates.	label for specific application rates.		
SELECT 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	10 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	+	+	1%	1%
CLASSIC® 25 DG	0.5 to 0.75 oz.	0.5 to 0.75 oz.		
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁴⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	+	+	1%	1%
PURSUIT® 70 DG	1.44 oz.	1.44 oz.		
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁵⁾	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			
COBRA	6 to 8 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
+	+			Į
CLASSIC 25 DG	0.5 to 0.75 oz.			
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁵⁾	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			}
COBRA	6 to 10 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
+	+			
BASAGRAN 4 SL	1 to 1.5 pts.			
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁵⁾	8 to 10 fl. oz.		4	
+	+			
COBRA	6 to 10 fl. oz.	-	0.5%	1%
+	+			
PURSUIT 70 DG	1.44 oz.			
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁵⁾	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+	-	0.5%	1%
STORM®	1.5 pts.	<u> </u>		l

Table 9. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	CROP (CONCENTRATE)[L r= ⁽³⁾ /////
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIR
SELECT 2 EC(5)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			
RESOURCE®	4 fl. oz.	-	1%	1%
+	+			
PURSUIT 70 DG	1.44 oz.			
SELECT 2 EC(5)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			4.5.
RESOURCE	4 fl. oz.	-	1%	1%
+	+			
BASAGRAN	1 pt.			
SELECT 2 EC (5)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
RESOURCE	+ 4 fl. oz.		19/	1%
	4 11. 02.	-	1%	170
+ CLASSIC	0,5 oz.			
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁵⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+	+			
COBRA	6 fl. oz.	_ [0.5%	1%
+	+	-	0.576	1 70
RESOURCE	4 fl. oz.		,	
SELECT 2 EC ⁽⁵⁾	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	+	+	1%	_
FIRSTRATE®	0.3 oz.	0.3 oz.		
SELECT 2 EC(5)	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+ ,	+	+		
COBRA	6 to 8 fl. oz.	6 to 8 fl. oz.	1%	•
+	+	+		
FIRSTRATE	0.3 oz.	0.3 oz.		
SELECT 2 EC(5)	6 to 8 fl. oz.			-
+	+	-	1%	•
RAPTOR® (1 AS)	4 to 5 fl. oz.	,,,		
SELECT 2 EC(5)	6 to 8 fl. oz.			
+	+			
COBRA	6 to 8 fl. oz.	-	1%	-
+	+			
RAPTOR (1 AS)	4 to 5 fl. oz.			

Table 9. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE(1)	CROP	OIL
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	GROUND	AIE· (V/V)
SELECT 2 EC (5)	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾		- OROUND	71111
+	+	-	1 qt.	-
SYNCHRONY® STS™	0.5 oz./A			
SELECT 2 EC (5)	6 to 8 fl. oz. ⁽⁷⁾	1		
+	+			
COBRA Herbicide	4 to 8 fl. oz.	-	1 pt.	-
+	+			
SYNCHRONY STS™	0.5 oz.			
SELECT 2 EC (5)	6 to 8 fl. oz.			·
+	+	-	1 qt.	-
RESOURCE	4 to 12 fl. oz.	ļ		
SELECT 2 EC (5)	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+			
FRONTROW™	Refer to	-	1%	-
	FRONTROW label			
	for use rates.			
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.		
+	+	+		
FIRSTRATE	0.3 oz.	0.3 oz.		
+ (5)	+	+	1%	-
FLEXSTAR HL ⁽⁵⁾	Refer to the	Refer to the		
	FLEXSTAR HL	FLEXSTAR HL		
	label for specific	label for specific		
lus	application rates.	application rates.	<u> </u>	

(1) If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

Refer to FLEXSTAR HL label for geographic and rotational restrictions.

Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

[3] Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾The addition of 2.5 lb. of ammonium sulfate is required when SELECT 2 EC is tank mixed with glyphosate. If the glyphosate formulation has a stand alone built in adjuvant, add 0.125% v/v non-jonic surfactant in place of crop oil concentrate. If the glyphosate formulation does not have a built in adjuvant system, add 0.5 to 1% crop oil concentrate for ground application and

^{1%} v/v for aerial application.

(5) The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is recommended when SELECT 2 EC is tank mixed with PURSUIT, RESOURCE, STORM, FIRSTRATE, SYNCHRONY, RAPTOR, FRONTROW, COBRA plus CLASSIC, COBRA plus BASAGRAN, COBRA plus PURSUIT, COBRA plus FIRSTRATE, COBRA plus SYNCHRONY, and COBRA plus RAPTOR. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs./A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

⁽⁷⁾Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

SOYBEAN (continued)

Table 10. REDUCED RATE SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR SOYBEAN (Refer to table for reduced rate use in canola, dry shelled bean & pea, edible podded legume vegetables, flax, mustard seed, soybean, succulent bean & pea and sugar heet recommendations for small annual grasses for specific grasses and growth stages)

	APPLICATION R	RATES/ACRE(1)	CROP OIL	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES ⁽²⁾	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CONCENTRATE (V/V)	
			GROUND	AIR
SELECT 2 EC	4 to 8 fl. oz.		-	
+	+	-	1%	1%
FIRSTRATE	0.3 oz.		1	
SELECT 2 EC	4 to 6 fl. oz.			
+	+	-	1%	1%
PURSUIT 70 DG	1.44 oz.			

[&]quot;If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

¹²⁾ Annual grasses and sizes controlled with these tank mixtures are those that are identified in the DIRECTIONS FOR

REDUCED RATE TO CONTROL SMALL ANNUAL GRASSES table.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾ The addition of 1 to 2 qts./A of liquid fertilizer (10-34-0, 28%N, or 32%N) is required when SELECT 2 EC is tank mixed at reduce rates. An equivalent amount (2.5 to 4.0 lbs/A) of spray grade ammonium sulfate (AMS) may be added in place of liquid fertilizer. Fertilizer adjuvants are to be added in addition to the crop oil concentrate.

PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL)

Table 11. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXES WITH BROADLEAF HERBICIDES FOR PEANUT (INCLUDING PEANUT)

(Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages.)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RATI	ES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE	
PRODUCT	ANNUAL GRASSES(2)	PERENNIAL GRASSES	(V/V	
SELECT 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.	GIAGGEG	GROUND	AIR
+	+	_	1%	1%
BASAGRAN	1.0 to 2.0 pts.			
SELECT 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+	-	1%	1%
ULTRA BLAZER	0.5 to 1.5 pts.			
SELECT 2 EC	8 to 10 fl. oz.			
+	+		1%	1%
STORM	1.5 pts.			

⁽¹⁷⁾If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

(2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION FOR HARVEST EFFICIENCY IN PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL) WITH SELECT 2 EC

GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height charts "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES" & "RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES"	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	16	32

Do not apply as part of a tank mix when applying SELECT 2 EC for grass suppression.

Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by ground to the finished spray volume.

prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

[3] Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

SUGAR BEET

Table 12. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH STINGER® APPLIED TO SUGAR BEET (Refer to the recommendation tables above for specific grasses and growth stages)

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION RODUCT ⁽²⁾		CROP CONCENT (V/V	RATE ⁽³⁾
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%
+ STINGER	See STINGER lat	pel for rates.	L	

^[11]If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone

Table 13. SELECT 2 EC TANK MIXED WITH BETAMIX® or BETANEX® APPLIED TO SUGAR DEET

103	WEEDS	CONTROLLED	WEED	APPLICATION
PRODUCT ⁽¹⁾	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	HEIGHT (inches)	RATE/ACRE ⁽²⁾
SELECT 2 EC (3)	Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1 to 3	8 fl. oz.
+	Foxtail	Setaria spp.	1 to 3	
BETAMIX	Foxtail Millet	Setaria italica	1 to 3	l
or	Wild Oat	Avena fatua	1 to 3	
BETANEX	Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum	1 to 3	
		<u> </u>	See BETA	MIX label for
			rates to co	ontrol broadleaf
			weeds. No	additives are
			recomme	nded in the
			tank mix.	
			See BETA	NEX label for
			rates to co	ntrol broadleaf
			weeds. No	additives are
			recomme	nded in the
	nou ha radiisad whan grass		tank mix.	

⁽¹⁾Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

⁽without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

(2) Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

(3) Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽²⁾ Do not use crop oil concentrate. No additives are recommended in the tank mix. If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix herbicide), according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽³⁾If grass regrowth occurs or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC at full label rate with appropriate rate of crop oil concentrate.

TABLE 14. SELECT 2 EC PLUS BETANEX OR BETAMIX TANK MIX FOR THREE SEQUENTIAL APPLICATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASS CONTROL (MICRO-RATE APPLICATION)

	APPLICATION	N RATES/ACRE(1)	METHYLATE		
PRODUCT		GRASSES	SEED OIL(2) (V		
	ANNUAL GRASSES	CONTROLLED (inches)	GROUND	AIR	
SELECT 2 EC	2 to 3 fl. oz.	Green Foxtail (1-2)	1.5%	1.5%	
+	+	Yellow Foxtail (1-2)			
BETANEX	8 to 12 fl. oz. (3)	Barnyardgrass (1-2)			
or	or	Wild Oat (1-2)			
BETAMIX	8 to 12 fl. oz. ⁽³⁾	Volunteer Cereals (1-2)			

⁽¹⁾Broadleaf weed control may be reduced when grass populations are tall or dense enough to intercept the spray pattern and prevent them from receiving complete coverage. Tank mixing is not recommended in these situations.

Directions for Use for Micro-Rate Applications to Sugar Beet General Information

Multiple micro-rate applications of SELECT 2 EC in tank mixtures with reduced rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX and methylated seed oils may be applied by air or ground equipment to sugar beet to control early germinating annual grasses listed above. The rate of BETANEX or BETAMIX must not exceed 0.12 lb. ai./A (broadcast application) when in combination with these spray adjuvants. Note that maximum rate allowed varies depending on crop growth stage. The use of wetting agents or spray adjuvants with conventional rates (0.73 to 1.22 lb. ai./A) or multiple low rate (0.24 to 0.73 lb. ai./A) applications of BETANEX or BETAMIX is prohibited on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master label. Favorable climatic conditions (good conditions for plant growth and development) are essential for adequate weed control. All use precautions and restrictions on the BETANEX and BETAMIX master labels must be followed.

Directions for Using Micro-Rate Multiple Applications of SELECT 2 EC Tank Mixes Apply SELECT 2 EC in broadcast applications only at a rate of 2 to 3 fl. oz./A in tank mixture with

either BETANEX or BETAMIX following the directions for use on the tank mix partner label. A minimum of three sequential applications of 2 fl. oz./A or a minimum of 2 sequential applications of 3 fl. oz./A should be utilized for SELECT 2 EC tank mixtures. A minimum of 3 sequential applications of BETAMIX or BETANEX should be used. Accurate timing is essential; make initial application immediately after weeds emerge, and make repeat applications on 5 to 7 day intervals. If weed control is not adequate due to climatic conditions, spray coverage or other factors, return to conventional application rates of SELECT 2 EC (6 to 8 fl. oz./A) and add rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX as directed on their label. When using conventional rates of BETANEX or BETAMIX in tank mixtures with SELECT 2 EC, a spray adjuvant is not recommended.

⁽²⁾Always use a methylated seed oil at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽³⁾Use 8 fl. oz./A rate when sugar beet are in the cotyledon to 4 leaf stage. Rate can be increased up to 12 fl. oz./A when the smallest sugar beet plants in the field are in the 4 true leaf stage or larger.

Use Precautions for Micro-Rate Applications: (See SELECT 2 EC, BETANEX and BETAMIX master label for further use precautions.)

Not all weeds will be adequately controlled, even with favorable climatic conditions. Conventional rates of SELECT 2 EC, BETANEX or BETAMIX and/or hand labor may be required if multiple micro-rate applications do not adequately control weeds. Plugging of spray nozzles may be encountered due to the potential for formation of a precipitate in the spray solution that is often associated with micro-rate applications. Valent will not be responsible for any nozzle plugging that may occur with the use of multiple micro-rate applications. Methylated seed oils must not be added if the BETANEX or BETAMIX rate exceeds 0.12 lb. ai/A broadcast, as the addition of methylated seed oils could increase the possibility of crop injury at dosage rates greater than 0.12 lb. ai/A.

GROUND APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes and pressure is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 10 gals, and a maximum of 20 gals, of spray solution per acre. Spray pressures should reflect a minimum of 30 psi and a maximum of 60 psi at the nozzle. Do not use flood nozzles.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Use of sufficient spray volumes is essential to ensure complete coverage. Use a minimum of 5 gals. and a maximum of 15 gals. of spray solution per acre.

Table 15. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT 2 EC AND FUNGICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND DISEASES IN SUGAR BEET

PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	APPLICATION	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)	
· Nebuu.	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CONCENTRATE ⁽³⁾ (V/V)
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%
+	+	+	1 /6
EMINENT®	13 fl. oz.	13 fl. oz.	

[&]quot;If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix fungicide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

Refer to SELECT 2 EC and fungicide label for rates and weeds and diseases controlled.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT 2 EC AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUT (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND SUNFLOWER

	APPLICATION	RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾				CR	OP		
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ⁽³⁾	Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4.5)	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	+ ↓ 	Х	X	X		
+	+	+							
ORTHENE® 75 S	0.33 to 1.33 lbs.	0.33 to 1,33 lbs.					! 		
or ORTHENE 97	0.25 to 1.0 lb.	0.25 to 1,0 lb.							
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	<u> </u>	Χ	Х	х	Х	
+	+	+]]) :)))	
ORTHENE 90 S ⁽⁶⁾	0.25 to 1 lb.	0.25 to 1 lb.					1		
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%		X		X		_
+	+	+		\	i I	'	} }	i	
DANITOL® 2.4 EC	10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz	10 2/3 to 16 fl. oz.					[_]	ļ	
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%					I	Χ
+	+	+	1	()	i		((ļ	
ASANA XL®	Refer to ASANA XL	Refer to ASANA XL							
	label	label label							
SELECT 2 EC	6 to 8 fl. oz.	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%						Х
+	+	+	}	1		1	1 1		
WARRIOR®	Refer to WARRIOR	Refer to WARRIOR		[i					
	label	label		ļ			<u> </u>		
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.(/)	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	X			} }	}	
+	+	+							
WARRIOR	Refer to WARRIOR	Refer to WARRIOR						Ī	
051 507 0 50	label 10 to 16 fl. oz. (7)	label 10 to 10 fi	40/	-,-			4		
SELECT 2 EC	i	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	X				- 1	
+ BAYTHROID®	+ Refer to BAYTHROID	+ Refer to						ì	
DATTINODA	label	BAYTHROID label						ì	
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz. (7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	x			├─┤		
JEECO 2 EO	+	10 10 16 11, 02.	1 /0	^					
DIMETHOATE®	Refer to	Refer to							
D	DIMETHOATE label	DIMETHOATE label	(1 1	ļ		}	}	
								1	

Table 16. TANK MIX APPLICATION OF SELECT 2 EC AND INSECTICIDES FOR CONTROL OF GRASS WEEDS AND INSECTS IN ALFALFA, COTTON, MINT, PEANUTS (INCLUDING PERENNIAL), SOYBEAN AND

SUNFLOWER (continued)

	APPLICATION I	RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		I		CF	ROP		
PRODUCT ⁽²⁾	ANNUAL GRASSES	PERENNIAL GRASSES	CROP OIL CONCENTRATE (V/V) ⁽³⁾	Alfalfa ⁽⁴⁾	Cotton	Mint ^(4,5)	Peanut	Soybean	Sunflower
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz.(7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1 to 2 pt. ⁽⁸⁾	Х				_	
+	+	+							
LORSBAN®	Refer to LORSBAN	Refer to					li		
	label	LORSBAN label		} }				L	<u> </u>
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 16 fl. oz. (7)	10 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	X					
+	+	+							
POUNCE®	Refer to POUNCE	Refer to POUNCE							
ı	label	label							

[&]quot;If grass regrowth occurs, or an additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC alone (without a tank mix insecticide) according to the appropriate size and rate recommendations.

⁽⁷⁾The SELECT 2 EC rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in seedling alfalfa.

⁽²⁾ Refer to SELECT 2 EC and insecticide label for rates and weeds and insects controlled.

⁽³⁾ Always use a crop oil concentrate at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt/A) in the finished spray volume.

⁽⁴⁾Certain insecticides may cause temporary phytotoxic symptoms on alfalfa and mint foliage. Refer to the insecticide label for further information It is suggested that prior to using any of these insecticide/herbicide tank mixtures, that a small area of the field be treated first and observations for crop injury be made prior to treating the whole field.

⁽⁵⁾ The SELECT 2 EC rate should be 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in baby mint, minimum of 8 fl. oz./A for annual grass control in established mint and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grass control. Crop oil concentrate should be added at the rate of 1.0 to 2.0 pts./A.

(6) Insecticide tank mix use with ORTHENE 90 S in soybean is permitted only in a state having an approved Section 24(c) registration for ORTHENE 90 S use in soybean.

⁽⁸⁾ For the SELECT 2 EC plus LORSBAN tank mix, reduce the adjuvant rate down to 1.0 pt/A when the LORSBAN rate is 1.0 pt/A or higher.

Table 17. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ROUNDUP READY VOLUNTEER CORN CONTROL IN ROUNDUP READY SOYBEAN WITH SELECT 2 EC HERBICIDE TANK MIX

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	SELECT 2 EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations with built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	1.0 to 2.0 lb. ai./A	Non-ionic surfactant @
12 to 18	5	(Approximately equivalent to 22 to 44 fl. oz./A of ROUNDUP	0.125 to 0.25% v/v plus ammonium sulfate @
18 to 24	6	Weather MAX)	8.5 to 17 lbs. per 100 gals./ of carrier

Roundup Ready Volunteer Corn Height (inches)	SELECT 2 EC Rate fl. oz./A	Glyphosate ⁽¹⁾ rate for formulations without built in adjuvant	Adjuvant
<12	4	Up to 2.0 lb. ai./A	Crop oil concentrate @
12 to 18	5	(Equivalent to 32 to 64 fl. oz./A of ROUNDUP Original)	1 pt./A plus ammonium sulfate @ 8.5 to 17 lbs. per
18 to 24	6		100 gals. of carrier

⁽ii)Glyphosate formulation must be labeled for use on Roundup Ready soybean.

THE MOST RESTRICTIVE LABELING OF ANY PRODUCT USED IN A TANK MIX MUST BE FOLLOWED.

- Apply only to actively growing grass and broadleaf weeds at recommended height or growth stage listed on each label.
- Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity which exist a few days after rainfall or within seven days after irrigation.
- Tank mix applications may sometimes result in reduced grass control. If regrowth occurs, or an
 additional flush of new grass emerges, make a second application of SELECT 2 EC, as
 specified in the respective size and rate tables.
- Do not tank mix SELECT 2 EC when broadleaf weeds are tall and/or dense enough to prevent proper grass coverage.
- This tank mix may be applied postemergence to ROUNDUP READY soybean up through the full flowering stage. Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.
- Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, or fruit crops, or any desirable plants and trees, other than soybean with the ROUNDUP READY gene as severe injury or destruction will result.
- Do not allow the SELECT 2 EC plus ROUNDUP to mist, drip, drift or splash onto desirable vegetation as minute quantities of the tank mix can cause severe damage or destruction to the crops, plants or other areas on which treatment was not intended. The likelihood of injury occurring from drift of this product is greatest when winds are gusty or in excess of 5 miles per hour. Even under lesser wind velocities, avoid conditions that allow spray drift to occur such as combinations of spray pressure and nozzle type that will result in fine particles (mist) that are likely to drift.

FALLOW LAND

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

SELECT 2 EC may be used to control annual and perennial grasses in land that has been left fallow the previous year and other non-producing agricultural areas. Apply SELECT 2 EC at 6 to 8 fl. oz./A for annual grasses and 8 to 16 fl. oz./A for perennial grasses. When both grass and broadleaf weeds are the target pest, SELECT 2 EC may be tank mixed with 2,4-D ester or BANVEL® SGF for broad spectrum control. When both annual and perennial grasses occur in the same field, use a minimum of 8 fl. oz./A. SELECT 2 EC rate.

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- Use a minimum spray volume of 5 gals./A for aerial applications and 15 gals./A for ground applications.
- Apply only to actively growing grasses when the first grass reaches the recommended weed height as specified by the Recommendations for Annual and Perennial Grasses section of this label
- Annual grasses that emerge after the SELECT 2 EC application will not be controlled, and a second application may be necessary.
- The control of perennial grasses may require more than 1 application in non-tilled areas.
- Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.
- Do not apply to grasses that have tillered, formed seedheads or exceeded recommended growth stage.
- · Do not use flood jet nozzles.
- · Do not apply to drought stressed grasses.
- Do not mow area for 2 weeks prior to or after the SELECT 2 EC application.

TABLE 18. SELECT 2 EC IN TANK MIXES TO CONTROL ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL GRASSES IN FALLOW LAND

PRODUCT	APPLICATION RATES/ACRE ⁽¹⁾		APPLICATION RATES/ACRE(1)		CONCE	P OIL NTRATE ⁽²⁾ //V)
	Annual Grasses	Perennial Grasses	Ground	Air		
SELECT 2 EC + 2,4-D ester or BANVEL SGF	6 to 8 fl. oz. + 0.5 lb./A or See BANVEL SGF label for rates	8 to 16 fl. oz.	1%	1%		

The Refer to SELECT 2 EC label for weed height and species control. Review BANVEL SGF and 2,4-D labels for crop

restrictions, use rates and weeds controlled.

(2) Always use a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil containing at least 15% emulsifier at the listed rate (but not less than 1 pt./A) in the finished spray volume.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR GRASS SUPPRESSION IN NON-CROP AREAS WITH SELECT 2 EC							
GRASS SPECIES WEED STAGE RATE FL. OZ.I ACRE							
Annual and perennial grasses that exceed height claimed for control on height chart above.	Up to and including grasses in the seed head stage.	12	16				
Do not apply as part of a tank mix when apple Add a crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A by groun	, ,	ppression.					

TABLE 19. SELECT 2 EC FOR THE CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE IN NATIVE PRAIRIE WARM-SEASON GRASS RESTORATION PROJECTS

PRODUCT	PRODUCT PATER	GRASS CONTROLLE	WEED		
PRODUCT	PRODUCT RATES	Common Name	Scientific Name	STAGES	
SELECT 2 EC	10 to 12 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue	Festuca arundinacea	4 to 6 inches tall (40 to 60% green-up)	

Adjuvant: SELECT 2 EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 qt./A, plus a spray grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lbs./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray grade ammonium sulfate in water, add SELECT 2 EC, then add crop oil concentrate.

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Burn or mow fields a minimum of 3 weeks prior to application to remove excess crop residue. Apply in the spring, at 40 to 60% tall fescue green-up, prior to emergence of warm-season grasses. Do not mow area for 2 weeks after the SELECT 2 EC application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 PSI at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood jet nozzles.

Apply only to fields that have warm-season grasses established for 2 years. Applications of SELECT 2 EC to emerged warm-season grasses may cause injury. Do not apply to warm-season grasses grown for seed.

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

NOTE: SELECT 2 EC applications are most effective if applied when average nighttime temperatures are consistently greater than or equal to 47°F.

TABLE 20. SELECT 2 EC FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF TALL FESCUE SEED-HEADS IN NON-PRODUCING AGRICULTURAL AREAS

Product	Product Rate	Suppression	Application Timing			
SELECT 2 EC	1 1/2 to 2 fl. oz./A	Tall Fescue Seed-Heads (Festuca arundinacea)	(50 to 90% Tall Fescue green-up)			
ADJUVANT: SELE	ADJUVANT: SELECT 2 EC must be applied with crop oil concentrate at 1 gt./A, plus a spray					
grade ammonium sulfate at 2.5 to 4 lb./A. Recommended Mixing Order: Thoroughly mix spray						
grade ammonium s	grade ammonium sulfate in water, add SELECT 2 EC Herbicide, then add crop oil concentrate.					

SPECIAL APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS/PRECAUTIONS

Apply at 50 to 90% tall fescue green-up.

Use the higher SELECT 2 EC rate if less tall fescue green matter is present.

Do not mow area for two weeks after the SELECT 2 EC application.

Apply in a minimum of 15 to 20 gals. of water per acre at a spray pressure of 40 to 60 psi at the nozzle. Apply using flat fan or hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood nozzles.

2-4-D ester maybe added to this tank mix for broadleaf control (see 2,4-D ester label for weeds controlled).

Do not graze treated fields or feed treated forage and/or hay to livestock. Do not plant any crop for 30 days after application, unless clethodim is registered for use in that crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ORNAMENTALS

For ornamental plant uses, SELECT 2 EC can be used to control labeled grass weeds in greenhouses, lathhouses, shadehouses, and around outdoor ornamentals, including nurseries, parks, roadside plantings, and structure landscapes.

IMPORTANT

SELECT 2 EC successfully controls weeds in newly transplanted and established non-grassy ornamentals. Plant tolerance to SELECT 2 EC at labeled rates has been found to be acceptable for the indicated genera and species listed below. Due to variability within species, crop growth stage, environmental conditions, and application techniques, it is recommended that the user determine if herbicide can be used safely on a few plants prior to widespread application. Neither the seller nor the manufacturer of SELECT 2 EC have investigated the safety factor to ornamental plants not listed on the label.

The following plants have shown a tolerance for SELECT 2 EC applications:

ORNAMENTAL TREES

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Alder, Red	Alnus rubra
Ash	Fraxinus spp.
Basswood	Tilia spp.
Birch, European White	Betula pendula
Birch, River	Betula nigra
Birch, White	Betula papyrifera
Crabapple, Flowering	Malus halliana
Dogwood, Flowering	Cornus florida
Golden Chain Tree	Laburnum anagyroides
Maples	Acer spp.
Mulberry, White	Morus alba
Oaks	Quercus spp.
Olive, Wild	Elaeagnus angustifolia
Redbud, Eastern	Cercis Canadensis
Sweet Gum, American	Liquidambar styraciflua

GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Bugleweed, Carpet	Ajuga reptans
Ivy, English	Hedera helix
Japanese Spurge	Pachysandra terminalis
Lilyturf	Liriope muscari
Moneywort	Lysimachia nummularia
Mondo Grass, White	Ophiopogon jaburan
Mondo Grass Dwarf	Ophiopogon japonicus
Periwinkle, Lesser	Vinca minor

GARDEN FLOWERS AND PLANTS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Ageratum	Ageratum spp.
_Alyssum*,Sweet	Lobularia maritima
Asparagus Fern	Asparagus setaceus
Bleeding Heart	Dicentra spectabilis
Cast Iron Plant	Aspidistra elatior
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.
Cinquefoil	Potentilla spp.
Coleus	Coleus spp.
Coralbells	Heuchera sanguinea
Cranesbill	Geranium spp.
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
Daisy, Trailing African	Osteospermum fruticosum
Daylily	Hemerocallis spp.
Dusty Miller	Senecio cineraria
Euonymus	Euonymus spp.
Gazania	Gazania spp.
Geranium, House	Pelargonium hortorum
Heather, False	Cuphea hyssopifolia
Hosta	Hosta fortunei
Iris	Iris spp.
Jasmine Tobacco	Nicotiana alata
Loosestrife	Lythrum salicaria
Marigold	Tagetes spp.
Partridgeberry	Mitchella repens
Petunia*	Petunia hybrida
Phlox	Phlox spp.
Pinks	Dianthus spp.
Portulaça	Portulaca grandiflora
Salvia	Salvia spp.
Saxifrage	Saxifraga spp.
Sedum	Sedum spp.
Selloum	Philodendron selloum
Snapdragon*	Antirrhinum majus
Sweet Flag	Acorus gramineus
Tickseed	Coreopsis grandiflora
Touch-Me-Not	Impatiens spp.
Verbena	Verbena spp.
Violet	Viola spp.
Yarrow, Common	Achillea millefolium
Zinnia	Zinnia elegans

^{*}Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

SHRUBS

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	
Abelia	Abelia spp.	
Anise, Purple	Illicium floridanum	
Aucuba	Aucuba spp.	
Azalea*	Rhododendron spp.	
Bamboo	Bambusa spp.	
Barberry, Japanese	Berberis thunbergii	
Barberry, Magellan	Berberis buxifolia	
Bayberry	Myrica pensylvanica	
Bottlebrush	Callistemon citrinus	
Boxwood, Common	Buxus sempervirens	
Camellia, Common	Camellia japonica	
Candytuft	Iberis sempervirens	
Cleyera	Cleyera japonica	
Coralberry	Ardisia crenata	
Crape Myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	
Coyote Brush	Baccharis pilularis	
Fig, Creeping	Ficus pumila	
Gardenia	Gardenia spp.	
Holly	llex spp	
Honeysuckle	Lonicera spp.	
Indian Hawthorn	Raphiolepis indica	
Jasmine	Jasminum spp.	
Jasmine, Asiatic	Trachelospermum asiaticum	
Jasmine, Star	Trachelospermum jasminoides	
Juniper	Juniperus spp.	
Lantana	Lantana spp.	
Nandina* Bamboo, Heavenly	Nandinia domestica	
Oleander, Common	Nerium oleander	
Oregon Grape	Mahonia aquifolium	
Photinia	Photinia spp.	
Pittosporum	Pittosporum spp.	
Podocarpus	Podocarpus spp.	
Privet	Ligustrum spp.	
Pyracantha	Pyracantha spp.	
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.	
Rose	Spiraea bumalda	
Sweet Olive	Osmanthus fragrans	
Viburnum	Viburnum tinus	
Wisteria	Wisteria spp.	
Yellow Sage/Shrub Verbena	Lantana camara	

^{*}Slight foliage or flower speckling has been observed on these species.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL GRASSES IN ORNAMENTALS

Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.

Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

Barnyardgrass	GRASS SPECIES	SCIENTIFIC NAME	WEED* HEIGHT INCHES	RATE FL. OZ./ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
Broadleaf Signalgrass Brachienie platyphylla 2 to 6 8	Barnvardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli		8	16
Brome California Bromus carinatus 2 to 6 8 Cheat Bromus secalinus 2 to 6 8 Cheat Bromus diandrus 2 to 6 8 Canarygrass Phalaris canariensis 1 to 4 8 Crabgrass Crabgrass Crabgrass Canarygrass Digitaria adscendens 2 to 6 8 Canarygrass Crabgrass Crabgras Crabgras Crabgrass Crabgras Crabgra					16
Development	·				
Deheat	California	Bromus carinatus	2 to 6	8	16
Downy				8	16
Ripgut		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	16
Canarygrass		<u> </u>		+	16
Crabgrass Hairy					16
Hairy					
Large		Digitaria adscendens	2 to 6**	8	16
Smooth					16
Digitaria ciliants 2 to 6" 8					16
Declyiootgrass Declyioctenium aegyptium 2 to 6** 8					16
Fall Panicum					16
Field Sandbur					16
Giant					16
Giant		Solid Hookso	1		
Green		Setaria faberi	2 to 12		16
Yellow Setaria glauca 2 to 6*** 8 Goosegrass Eleusine indica 2 to 6*** 8 Itchgrass Rottboellia cocchin 2 to 6 8 Junglerice Echinochloa colona 2 to 6 8 Lovegrass (Stinkgrass) Eragrostis cilianensis 2 to 6 8 Rabbitsfootgrass Polypogon monspeliensis 1 to 4 8 Red Rice Oryza sativa 1 to 3 8 Red Rice Oryza sativa 1 to 3 8 Rygrass Italian Lolium remotum 2 to 6 8 Hardy Lolium remotum 2 to 6 8 Italian Lolium remotum 2 to 6 8 Seedling Johnsongrass Sorghum halepense 4 to 10 8 Seedling Johnsongrass Sorghum halepense 4 to 10 8 Seedling Johnsongrass Eriochloa gracilis 2 to 6 8 Seudivestern Cupgrass Eriochloa gracilis 2 to 6 8 Southwestern Cupgrass Eriochloa gracilis 2 to 6					16
Goosegrass Eleusine indica 2 to 6 *** 8 Itchgrass Rottboellia cochin 2 to 6 8 Nottboellia colona 2 to 6 8 Nottboellia				+ · ·	16
Interpress Rottboellia cochin 2 to 6				· ····	16
Junglerice					16
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)					16
Rabbitsfootgrass Polypogon monspeliensis 1 to 4 8 Red Rice Oryza sativa 1 to 3 8 Rygrass					16
Red Rice					16
Rygrass				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16
Hardy		Oryza sauva	1 1100		
Italian		Lolium remotum	2 to 6	Ι ρ	16
Seedling Johnsongrass Sorghum halepense 4 to 10 8 Shattercane Sorghum bicolor 6 to 18 8 Southwestern Cupgrass Eriochloa gracilis 2 to 6 8 Sprangletop					16
Shattercane Sorghum bicolor 6 to 18 8 Southwestern Cupgrass Eriochloa gracilis 2 to 6 8 Sprangletop					16
Southwestern Cupgrass Eriochloa gracilis 2 to 6 8 Sprangletop Amazon Leptochloa panicoides 2 to 6 8 Bearded Leptochloa fascicularis 2 to 6 8 Mexican Leptochloa uninervia 2 to 6 8 Red Leptochloa filiformis 2 to 6 8 Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals Volunteer Cereals 8 8 Barley Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 12 to 24 8 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum millaceum					16
Sprangletop Amazon Leptochloe panicoides 2 to 6 8 Bearded Leptochloa fascicularis 2 to 6 8 Mexican Leptochloa uninervia 2 to 6 8 Red Leptochloa filiformis 2 to 6 8 Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals Volunteer Cereals 8 8 Barley Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
Amazon Leptochloe panicoides 2 to 6 8 Bearded Leptochloa fascicularis 2 to 6 8 Mexican Leptochloa uninervia 2 to 6 8 Red Leptochloa filiformis 2 to 6 8 Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals Volunteer Cereals 8 Barley Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8		Enocinoa gracins	2100		10
Bearded Leptochloa fascicularis 2 to 6 8 Mexican Leptochloa uninervia 2 to 6 8 Red Leptochloa filiformis 2 to 6 8 Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals Volunteer Cereals 2 to 6 8 Barley Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8		Lentochine nanicoides	2 to 6	9	16
Mexican Leptochloa uninervia 2 to 6 8 Red Leptochloa filiformis 2 to 6 8 Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals Volunteer Cereals 2 to 6 8 Barley Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
Red Leptochloa filiformis 2 to 6 8 Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals Sealey Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 12 to 24 8 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
Texas Panicum Panicum texanum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Cereals					16
Volunteer Cereals Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Oats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 12 to 24 8 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8			4		16
Barley Hordeum vulgare 2 to 6 8 Qats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 12 to 24 8 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8		- amount toxunum	2100	-	
Oats Avena sativa 2 to 6 8 Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 12 to 24 8 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8		Hordeum vulgare	2 to 6	8	16
Rye Secale cereale 2 to 6 8 Wheat Triticum aestivum 2 to 6 8 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 4 to 12 6 Volunteer Corn Zea mays 12 to 24 8 Volunteer Grain Sorghum Sorghum bicolor 8 to 12 8 Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
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Wild Oats Avena fatua 2 to 6 8 Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
Wild Proso Millet Panicum miliaceum 2 to 10 8 Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
Witchgrass Panicum capillare 2 to 8 8					16
					16
Woolly Cungrass Friechlos villoss 2 to 8 9	Woolly Cupgrass	Eriochloa villosa	2 to 8	8	16

^{*}Generally occurs between 3-leaf stage and tillering.

(1)8 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.
(2)16 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.
Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

^{**}Length of lateral growth.

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR ANNUAL BLUEGRASS CONTROL WITH SELECT 2 EC IN ORNAMENTALS				
GRASS SPECIES	WEED STAGE	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE	HIGH RATE	
Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua)	to 4-leaf	6	16	

Apply under favorable soil moisture and humidity that exists within a few days after rainfall or within 7 days after irrigation. Grass needs to be actively growing at time of application(s).

Apply at weed stage indicated on the label, as reduced control can be expected with more mature annual bluegrass.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when annual bluegrass is more mature.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v).

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PERENNIAL GRASSES

- Apply only to actively growing grasses at recommended weed heights.
- Apply when the first grass weed species in a mixed grass weed population reaches the recommended growth stage for treatment.

Use the high rate under heavy grass pressure and/or when grasses are at maximum height.

GRASS SPECIES	WEED HEIGHT (inches)	RATE FL. OZ./ ACRE ⁽¹⁾	HIGH RATE ⁽²⁾
Bermudagrass (Cynodon dactylon)			
First Application	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	3 (or up to 6" runners)	8	16
Quackgrass (Elytrigia repens)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16
Rhizome Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense)			
First Application	12 to 24	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	6 to 18	6	8
Wirestem Muhly (Muhlenbergia frondosa)			
First Application	4 to 8	8	16
Repeat Application(s) (if regrowth occurs)	4 to 8	8	16

⁽¹⁾⁸ fl. oz./A = approximately 0.2 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

Add a non-ionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient at the rate of 1 pt. per 50 gals. (0.25% v/v)

 $^{^{(2)}}$ 16 fl. oz./A = approximately 0.4 fl. oz./1000 sq. ft.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Store in cool, dry place. Do not store diluted spray.

Emergency Response: For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night 1-800-892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Do not reuse container. Offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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Manufactured for:

Valent U.S.A. Corporation P.O. Box 8025 Walnut Creek, CA 94596-8025 www.valent.com

Made in U.S.A.

EPA Reg. No. 59639-3 EPA Est. No. 8655-AR-01

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THE VALENT RETURNABLE KEG

Description: This keg is a closed-system, refillable container designed for easy handling and convenient dispensing of product with no container disposal.

Construction: The keg is made of all stainless steel. Both the gaskets and seals are Viton and are compatible with the Valent product.

Pump System: With the versatility of the keg, either a mechanical pump or

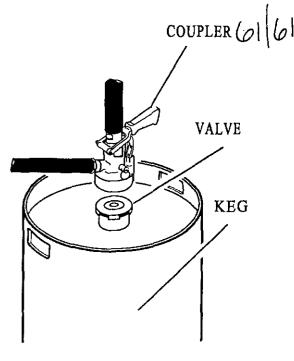
an air pressure system may be used to dispense the product.

Coupler: A specific dry-disconnect coupler is required for dispensing product from the keg. This coupler is available through local agricultural equipment

Container Capacity: 15 gallons or 56.7 liters (by weight)

ATTENTION!

This is a closed-system container. Do not try to remove the valve from the keg. The coupler required for removal of product is available from local agricultural equipment suppliers. The keg contains tamper evident seals that, if broken, will incur a fee for the user of the keg. Both the coupler and the valve are designed for one-way operation only. Never try to pump any type of material back into the keg.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

The proper coupler must be attached and engaged before removing any product from the keg. Either a mechanical pump or an air pressure system may be used and connected to the 1-inch NPT thread on the top of the coupler.

IMPORTANT! Attach a hose or pump to the coupler before engaging coupler. This will prevent the user from being splashed in the event that pressure build-up in the keg forces liquid up through the coupler.

To attach and engage the coupler:

- 1. Pull top of black dust cover back to expose head of valve. The bottom ring of the black dust cover will still be attached to the neck of the valve. Save the dust cover for reuse when returning keg.
- 2. Before engaging the coupler, securely attach a hose or pump to the threaded connection.
- 3. Twist coupler onto valve on keg and engage coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then pushing handle down into lower position to open internal valve. Handle will automatically lock in place.
- 4. Secure and engage coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then pushing handle down into lower position to open internal valve. Handle will automatically lock in place.
- 5. You are now ready to begin the pumping operation.

To remove coupler from container:

- 1. Release coupler by pulling handle straight out to unlock and then lifting handle into upper position. Handle will automatically lock in place.
- 2. Lift coupler from keq. As coupler clears top of valve, pull coupler sideways and lift it off the valve.
- 3. Wipe valve off and replace dust cover.
- 4. Flush coupler with water.
- 5. Wipe coupler and store in a clean place.
- 6. Properly dispose of cleaning towels and rinsate.

RETURNING KEGS

Clean the outside of the keg with water or soap before returning the keg to the distributor. Leave all Valent product labels and stickers securely attached. All Valent product labels, stickers and other information must remain on the keg in order to comply with both State and Federal regulations.

All Valent kegs are tracked using the individual keg serial number stamped in the top of the keg. Distributors are responsible for these kegs that have been assigned to them. Return this keg to the distributor from which it was purchased. Notify the distributor if the keg cannot be returned by the specific time.

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