

EBP A-950

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Potassium dimethyldithiocarbamate 50.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS

50.0%

This product contains 5.2 lb of active ingredient per gallon and weighs 10.4 lb. per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Corrosive. Causes eye and skin damage. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with eyes, nose, mouth, or clothing. Avoid contamination of food. Avoid spraying on food. If on fruit or dress when handling. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT: In case of severe contact with plants, of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash thoroughly. If in the eyes, flush with copious amounts of clean water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. If product is swallowed, vomit, drink 2 glasses of water. Contact a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

Note to physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate gastric lavage.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply to marine and/or stream channels. Do not discharge effluent containing this active ingredient into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public waters unless this product is specifically labeled for use and approved in NPDES permit. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the sewer treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Manufactured by

W. R. Grace & Co., Inc.

1000 Broadway

Seattle, WA 98106

EPA REG NO

EPA EST NO

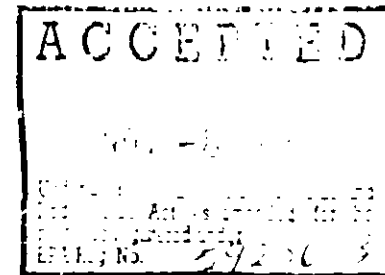
NET CONTENTS

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

EBP A-950 is used in industrial and/or commercial recirculating cooling tower systems and industrial air washing systems to control microbiological slime. Prior to the use of EBP A-950 in industrial and/or commercial recirculating cooling tower systems, systems should be cleaned to remove algal growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. Then make an initial slug addition of 2.0 to 3.0 fl oz of EBP A-950 per 1000 gal of water to provide 20 to 30 ppm of EBP A-950 based on total weight of water in the system. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident. Make subsequent slug addition of 1.0 to 3.0 fl oz of EBP A-950 per 1000 gal of water (10 to 30 ppm EBP A-950) every 2 to 5 days or as needed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and the severity of the microbiological problem. Slug additions should be made in the sump of recirculating cooling tower systems.

EBP A-950 is used in industrial air washing systems which maintain effective mist eliminating components. Prior to its use, systems should be cleaned to remove bacterial slime and other deposits. An initial slug dose of 2.0 to 6.0 fl oz of EBP A-950 per 1000 gal of water is recommended. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident. Subsequent slug additions of 3.0 to 6.0 fl oz of EBP A-950 per 1000 gallons of water should be employed every 1 to 5 days, or as needed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and severity of the bacterial problem. Slug additions may be made to the sump or the water collection trays of the airwash system.



STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not store in a water-tight or leaky container. STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place. Do not store more than four drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Keep container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or empty container is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of your EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

- (1) PLASTIC: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.
(2) METAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.