9/14/2005

N-LARGETM Premier

Plant Growth Regulator Solution

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 93.74% Total

This product contains approximately 2.0 grams active ingredient per fluid ounce (30 mL).

EPA Reg. No. 57538-20

EPA Est. Nos. 57538-TX-1, 57538-TX-2

ACCEPTED

SEP 1 4 2005

Under the Federal Insecticide.

as amended, for the pesticide

Fungicide, and Rodentictide Act

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

	1.0 FIRST AID
If swal-	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for
lowed	treatment advice.
1	Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
!	Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison
ļ	control center or doctor.
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for
į	15-20 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 min-
	utes; then continue rinsing eye.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment ad-
	vice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air.
	If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then
İ	give artificial respiration, by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment
1	advice.
If on skin	Take off contaminated clothing.
or clothing	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20
	minutes.
1	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment ad-
į.	vice.

HOTLINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-539-5283 for emergency medical treatment information.

2.0 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

2.1 Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

Caution. Harmful if inhaled, swallowed or absorbed through skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

2.2 Personal Protective Equipment

Applicators, mixers, loaders, and other handlers must wear

- · long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- · waterproof gloves, and
- shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

2.3 User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tebacco or using the toilet.
- · Remove PPE immediately after handling ims product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

2.4 Environmental Hazards

For terrestrial uses: Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Exposed treated seed may be hazardous to birds and other wildlife. Dispose of all excess treated seed and seed packaging by burial away from bodies of water.

3.0 DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide application.

4.0 AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restrictedentry interval (REI) of 4 hours unless wearing appropriate PPE.

Exception: If the product is soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water is: Coveralls, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.

5.0 NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried.

> Manufactured by: Stoller Enterprises, Inc.

4001 W Sam Houston Pkwy N, Suite 100, Houston, TX 77043 Phone (713) 461-1493 Fax (713) 461-4467

Web: www.stollerusa.com E-mail: stoller@stollerusa.com NET CONTENTS ___20 oz (0.59 L) ___ 1 gal (3.785 L) ____2.5 gal (9.46 L) ____5 gal (18.92 L)

6.0 GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Use only as directed. The label should be read thoroughly and understood before making applications. Do not apply this product through any type of sprinkler irrigation system.

6.1 Application Instructions

N-LARGETM PREMIER contains gibberellic acid, which is an extremely potent plant growth regulator. When applying plant growth regulators, deviations from the label directions in the rates, timings, water volumes, or the adoption of untested spray mixes, will result in undesirable effects. Always consult the State Extension Service Specialist in your area for the spray regimen best suited to your conditions.

- . Do not apply to plants under pest, nutritional or water stress
- When a range of rates is indicated, use the concentration and spray volume recommended locally by the State Extension Service Specialist.
- For optimum effectiveness, thorough spray coverage must be achieved. All parts of the plant or crop must receive the spray or desired results will not occur. Prepare solution concentrations by mixing the required amount of product with water in a clean, empty spray tank. Discard any unused spray material at the end of each day following local, state or Federal Law.
- For best results, the water pH must be around neutral and always below 8.5.
- N-LARGETM PREMIER applications made under slow drying conditions (cool to warm temperatures, medium to high relative humidity and no wind) will increase absorption by the plant, thus optimizing effectiveness. Night-time applications are encouraged when day-time conditions are not conducive to slow drying conditions.
- Product persistence: N-LARGE™ PREMIER must be reapplied if significant rain occurs within 2 hours of application.
- Compatibility: Refer to the spray guidelines for ingredients known to be compatible with this product. If the tank mix combination has not been used previously, contact a Stoller representative or conduct a jar test to test for compatibility. Use a small jar and mix a small amount of spray, combining all ingredients in the same ratio as the anticipated use. If any indications of physical incompatibility develop, do not use this mixture for spraying. Indications of incompatibility usually will appear within 5 to 15 minutes after mixing. To ensure maximum crop safety and product performance, follow all precautions and limitations on this label and labels of products used in the tank mixture with N-LARGE PREMIER.
- DO NOT apply using ULV application methods. For aerial applications, spray volumes must be greater than 2 gallons per acre (20 l/ha), 10 gallons per acre for tree crops (100 l/ha).
- No harvest interval is required for this product. Observe the 4-hr. REI.

7.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR GRAPES

For all grapes, application shall be by ground sprayer. Apply as a concentrate or dilute spray in sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting. It is important to wet all flower clusters or berries thoroughly. For cultivar specific spray rates and timings, see accompanying tables.

Application timing/instructions

7.1 SEEDLESS TABLE GRAPE CLUSTER STRETCH SPRAYS Objective/benefit

For cluster elongation and looser cluster forms. To reduce costs of thinning, allow better air circulation to	Make one to three applications before bloom when flower clusters are 2 to 7 inches long.		
aid in the control of bunch rot, and			
increase light penetration to aid in			
sugar development.			
Crop/Cultivar	Rate (grams a.i./acre)		
Perlette Seedless	8-24		
Flame Seedless			
Thompson Seedless	1		
Raisin			
Other Seedless Grapes	Not applicable		
BERRY THINNING SPRAYS			
Objective/benefit	Application timing/instructions		
For decreased berry set, reduced hand-	Make one to four applications during bloom.		
thinning costs, and hastened maturity.	Only 1-2 applications for "Other Seedless		
•	Grapes." When the bloom period is extended,		
	subsequent sprays are to be made 1 to 7 days		
	after the first application.		
Crop/Cultivar	Rate (grams a.i./acre)		
Perlette	Not applicable		
Seedless	1		
Flame Seedless	3-16		

Thompson Seedless	8-20
Raisin	3-12
Other Seedless Grones	0.5-12

NOTE: Higher amounts or multiple applications will cause an excess of shot berries of overthinning, especially in young vines or vines with high vigor.

For "Other Seedless Grapes" use caution as some of the new cultivars are very responsive and will over-thin easily. A grower shall consult the local specialist before thinning cultivars with which he has no familiarity.

BUMP	SPRAY	– For	Thompson	Seedless

Objective/benefit	Application timing/instructions
To help initiate the beginning of the berry growth period.	Make one application of 16-24 grams a.i; acre during the period between the
	last thinning spray and the first sizing
!	spray.

BERRY SIZING SPRAYS

Application	timing/instructions	
Make one to four applications beginning when the average berry size reaches "target" diameter (see below). Timing of the subsequent sprays will be dictated by experience in the vineyard and temperature occurring between sprays. Sprays made after 15-20 days from the first sizing spraare less effective.		
Target Berry Diameter*	Rate (grams a.i./acre)	
4-5 mm	32-128	
6-9 mm	20-128	
3-5 mm	32-128	
3-5 mm	4-20	
3-14 mm 8-60		
	Make one to four a when the average t get" diameter (see subsequent sprays perience in the vinoccurring between after 15-20 days from are fess effective. Target Berry Diameter* 4-5 num 6-9 num 3-5 num	

NOTE. In some growing regions and for some cultivars, high amounts of gibberellic acid will reduce fruitfulness (cluster counts) the following year.

High amounts of gibberellic acid will also delay berry skin color development, sugars accumulation and overall maturation.

A grower shall consult the local specialist before sizing cultivars with which he has no familiarity.

7.2 SEEDED GRAPE

BERRY SIZING SPRAYS

Objective/benefit_		Application timing/instructions		
To increase berry size in listed cultivars; and also to reduce berry shrivel in Emperor.		berry diameter rai	tion during the indicated nge. Application is made oray, or as a spray or dip ster.	
Crop/Cultivar	Berry Diameter (mm)*	Whole vine spray. Rate in grams a.i./acre clusters. Rate in of a.i.		
Emperor	12-16			
Red Globe	12-18	1		
Calmeria	12-16	20	40-50	
Christmas Rose				
Rogue	12-16			
Queens	12-16			
	12-15			

* Predominant average berry diameter for this application.

NOTE: The whole vine application will reduce fruitfulness (cluster counts) the following year.

High amounts of gibberellic acid will also delay berry skin color development, sugars accumulation and overall maturation.

A grower shall consult the Stoller representative or local specialist before sizing cultivars with which he has no familiarity.

Objective/benefit	Application timing/instructions		
To increase berry size.	Make one application 3-5 days after full		
	bloom, but before shatter begins.		
Crop/Cultivar	Rate (grams a.i./acre)		
Black Corinth (Zante Currant)	1-12		

8.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR CITRUS

For citrus, apply in sprays of sufficient water volumes to ensure thorough fruit wetting. In most cases, this application will cause some drop of older mature leaves; this drop of older leaves is inconsequential. However, application to trees of low vigor or under stress (pest, nutritional, or water, etc.) will cause severe leaf and/or fruit drop. Do not apply in white wash sprays in which lime or other caustic material has produced a high pH in the spray tank, Applications of copper fungicides and/or oils within three weeks (before or after) the N-LARGE PREMIER application will result in significant

9.1 CITPUS: FIELD APPLICATIONS

8,1 CHRUS: FIELD APPLICATIONS				
Crop/	Objective/	Rate	Application	
Variety	Benefit	(grams	Timing/	
		a.i./	Instructions	
	<u> </u>	acre)		
Navel	To delay find aging,	16-48	Make one or two applica-	
Orange	reduce physiological		tions as a concentrate or	
	disorders (e.g., rind		dilute spray.	
	staining, water spot-		Early application: spray	
	ting, sticky or tacky		approximately 2 weeks	
	surface, puffy rind		prior to color break (typi-	
	and rupture under		cally August-November).	
	pressure), and pro-		This timing causes the	
	duce a more orderly		greatest delay in rind aging	
	harvesting pattern.		and produces the firmest	
			rind possible.	
			AND/OR	
:			2) Late spray, one applica-	
			tion after marketable color	
			(typically October-	
			December). Late sprays	
			cause re-greening.	
Valencia	To reduce rind creas-	40-80	Make a single application	
Orange (For	ing and to delay rind		as a concentrate or dilute	
California	aging and		spray in August to October	
and Arizona	softening.		to target crop of young	
use only)			fruit.	
NOTE Do not apply the early spray to groves that may be harvested early as fruit coloring				

NOTE Do not apply the early spray to groves that may be harvested early, as fruit coloring will be delayed. Do not apply from January through July, as production will be reduced the following year. Slower color development and increased re-greening of mature fruit is to be expected in the target crop. After marketable color is achieved, treatment effects will be reduced the longer treated fruit remain on the tree.

8.1	CITRUS:	FIELD	APPLIC	ATIONS

Crop/ Variety	Objective/ Benefit	Rate (grams a,i./ acre)	Application Timing/ Instructions
All round Oranges (For Florida use only)	To delay aging and softening of the rind, and to reduce creasing and puffiness.	20-60	Make a single application in August to October to trees with a target crop of young fruit. The addition of pure organo-silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz. in 100 gallons) is beneficial.
Lemon/ Lime	To increase the amount of small ripe fruit and produce a more desirable production pattern relative to market demand.	10-32	Make a single application when target crop is 1/2 to 3/4 full size, but still green.

maturity will occur.

Tangerine Hybrids: Orlando, Robinson, Minneola, Sunburst, and others	To delay disorders associated with rind aging, puffiness, and softening, and to increase peel strength of tangerine hybrids.	20-40	Make one spray applica- tion two weeks prior to color break. Apply as a dilute spray.
--	--	-------	--

NOTE: Do not apply if early harvest is planned. Do not apply after coloring as pre-harvest rind staining may occur. Application during coloring causes variation in rind color devel-

Grapefruit	To delay disorders	16-48	Make one or two dilute

	associated with rind aging (e.g. puffiness, softening, and orange coloration) prevent preharvest drop of mature fruit, increase peel strength, reduce water loss during storage, and produce a more orderly harvesting pattern	spray applications in sufficient volume to ensure coverage. Do not exceed 20 ppm a.i. in spray solution. EARLY: Make application two weeks prior to color break. Apply as a dilute spray (Aug-Sept). AND/OR LATE: Make application
•	a more orderly har- vesting pattern.	AND/OR LATE: Make application after marketable color has developed (Oct-Dec).

NOTE: Do not spray groves that may be harvested early since fruit coloring will be delayed. Treated fruit will re-green if allowed to remain on the tree for extended periods. Application made after December, or when trees begin to break dormancy, will adversely affect new crop. Do not use concentrate sprays. Results will vary from season to season depending on environmental conditions. The delay in rind aging is greatest when spray is applied before color change. This spray timing produces the firmest rind possible.

Star Ruby Grapefruit (All States Except CA)	To reduce early- season small fruit drop of Star Ruby Variety thereby in- creasing yields.	25-35	Make a single dilute appli- cation during the bloom period.
NOTE: Results will vary from season to season depending on environmental conditions.			

Maintain a well-balanced fertilization and watering program.

Clementine Mandarin	To increase fruit set and yield.	1-8	Make one or two applica- tions from 50% petal fall up to 3 weeks after petal fall. Use a dilute spray with sufficient spray vol- ume for adequate coverage
			of tree canopy.

NOTE: The number of applications depends upon amount of desired fruit set. Generally, more fruit will be set by 2 applications, earlier applications, higher rates, and climatic conditions more favorable to set. Differences in the crop strain will also interact with the above factors to affect the degree of fruit set achieved. Reductions in final fruit size will occur as a result of excessive fruit set.

Tangerine	To increase fruit set	8-30	Make one to two applica-
Hybrids	and yield. The num-	İ	tions during the bloom
(Orlando,	ber of applications	1	period. Apply as a dilute
Robinson,	depends on desired		spray.
Minneola,	fruit set.	\	1
Sunburst,			
and others).			
(All States			
Except CA)	İ		İ
	zes will be reduced and color e leaf drop will occur in trees		t slightly retarded. A slight in-
Navel and	To enhance fruit set	15-25	Make a single application
Valencia	and yield,		in Dec-Jan. Apply in 125
Orange (for			175 gallons of water per

Valencia Orange (for Florida use only).	and yield.		in Dec-Jan. Apply in 125- 175 gallons of water per acre with a pure organo- silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz/100 gal- lons).
Amber- sweet Or- ange (For Florida use only).	To enhance fruit set and yield.	15-25	Make a single application in January. Apply in 125- 175 gallons of water per acre with a pure organo- silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz/100 gal- ions).
Grapefruit (All States Except CA)	To enhance fruit set and yield.	15-25	Make a single application in Dec-Jan. Apply in 125- 175 gallons of water per acre with a pure organo- silicone type surfactant at 0.05% (6 fl. oz/100 gal- lons).

8.2 CITRUS: POSTHARVEST APPLICATIONS

Lemon	To delay fruit senes-	50-100	Add 1 to 2 fluid ounces of
(All States	cence and prolong		product (2 to 4 grams of
Except CA)	storage life. The		a.i.) in 10 gallons of stor-
	delay in senescence		age wax, which has been

	will reduce the inci- dence of infection by sour rot (Geotrichum candidum).		diluted as per wax label instructions.
Yellow lemons and other ma- ture citrus fruit (All States Ex- cept CA)	To delay aspects of rind senescence and color changes	50-100	Add I to 2 fluid ounces of product (2 to 4 grams of a.i.) in 10 gallons of storage wax, which has been diluted as per wax label instructions.

9.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR FRUIT CROPS

FRUIT CROPS

	RUIT CROPS			
Crop/Culti-	Objective/	Rate	Application	
var	Benefit	(grams	Timing/	
		a.i./	Instructions	
		acre)		
Banana	To stimulate plant	1-6	Apply by air or ground	
1	growth, and to over-		equipment once every 30	
	come the effects of	1	to 90 days throughout the	
	stress caused by	ł	year. Use sufficient water	
	insect, disease or		volume to achieve good	
,	adverse weather.	l	coverage of the foliage.	
1	These applications	!	Make more frequent appli-	
l i	will also improve	l	cations (monthly) during	
1	fruit size and quality	1	the 6 months prior to an-	
!	and overall yield.		ticipated weather stress	
1	,		periods.	
Banana	To extend storage	1-2	Mix 1 to 2 grams/liter of	
Ì	life.]	water and spray directly on	
		1	the banana fingers from 30	
ļ. ·			days before harvest until	
1		Į.	harvest. One to two appli-	
		ţ	cations are to be used.	
Blueberry	To improve fruit set.	40-80	Make a single application	
(All States	mprore man set,		of 80 grams a.i. in 40 to	
Except CA)			100 gallons of water/acre.	
Highbush:		1	The application shall be	
Coville,		1	made at full bloom (when	
Jersey,]	75% of the flowers are	
Stanley,		İ	fully open).	
Earliblue.			OR	
Weymouth,		1	Make two applications at	
Walcott			40 grams a.i/acre in 40 to	
Berkeley,		1	100 gallons of water. Make	
Blueray,		1	the first application at full	
Bluecrop.		i	bloom, and the second one	
1316A,		1	within 10-14 days of the	
Concord, and			first one. For Weymouth,	
others.		1	application shall be de-	
		1	layed up to two weeks after	
į į		ŀ	bloom to increase size of	
			"shot" berries.	
Віцеренту	To improve fruit set.	40-80	Make a single application	
(All States	TO IMPIOVE HUIL SEL.	10-00	of 40 to 80 grams a.i./acre	
Except CA)			in 40 to 100 gallons of	
Rabbiteye:	•	1	water per acre when most	
Aliceblue			of the flowers are elon-	
Beckyblue,		1	gated but not yet open	
Bonita,				
Brightwell,			(bloom stage 5).	
Climax.		1	OR	
			Make two to four applica-	
Delite, Tift-			tion 10 to 14 days apart	
blue, Wood-			starting at bloom Stage 5.	
ward, and		1	Spray 20 to 40 grams	
others.		1	a.i./acre in 40 to 100 gal-	
			lons of water per applica-	
		<u> </u>	tion.	
Sweet	To produce larger,	16-48	Apply a single spray when	
Cherry	brighter colored,		the fruit is translucent	
]	firmer fruit.		green to straw colored. Use	
			sufficient water volume to	
	evelopment and harvest d		ensure thorough wetting.	

Red Tart	To maintain and	4-18	Apply one spray 14 to 28
Cherry (All	extend high fruit-		days after bloom. Optimum
States Except	ing capacity of		timing is defined as that
CA)	tart cherry trees		stage when 3 to 5 terminal
	and reduce the		leaves have fully expanded,
	occurrence of		or, at least 1 to 3 inches of
	"blind" nodes.		terminal shoot extension has
	Treatment will		occurred. Use 4 to 18 grams
	cause bud differ-		a.i./acre, depending on tree
	entiation, which is	'	age and vigor (See Table
	apparent the year		below). Apply as a concen-
	after application.		trate or dilute spray in suffi-
	Therefore,		cient water volume to ensure
	changes in shoot,		thorough wetting,
	spur, and flower	'	
	production will		
	not be evident		
:	until two or three		
•	years after pro-		
	gram initiation.		
	Applications must		
	be applied annu-		
	ally to ensure		
	vegetative devel-		
	opment and sub-		
	sequent yield		
	improvement year		
	after year.		·
MOTE, Dates	a based on automated m		rings of regions ages. Adipat

NOTE: Rates are based on expected normal tree vigor at various ages. Adjust rate according to tree vigor. If trees are vigorous, use lowest rates. Lowest rates must also be used on trees that have been heavily pruned or hedged. Use higher rates for trees low in vigor and weak in shoot and spur production. Excessive application rates will increase vegetative growth at the expense of fruit production the following year. Applications will not improve growth of trees under stress conditions, such as nutritional, moisture, or pest. Best results will be obtained when combined with good cultural practices.

Application Rates (Grams a.i./acre) for Tart Cherry Trees by Age

Tree Age (years)	Rate (grams a.i./acre)
6-10	4-6
11-15	8-10
16-20	10-14
20 + years	14-18

STONE FRUIT			
Stone Fruit Group (All States Except CA)	To increase fruit firmness and improve fruit quality in the season of application	16-32	Apply as a single spray one to four weeks prior to the beginning of the harvest period. Use sufficient water to achieve complete coverage of fruits and foliage.

NOTE: This application will cause reduction in flower counts the year following the application, particularly if it is made during the months of May through July.

Italian Prune	To reduce	16-48	Make a single application
(All States	internal brown-		four to five weeks before
Except CA)	ing, improve		expected harvest. Apply in
	quality, and		sufficient water volume to
	increase size.		ensure thorough wetting.
11075 01			1. 1.1. 1.1. 1.332111 1

NOTE: Color development and harvest will be slightly delayed. Will reduce bloom the following season

10.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR NON-BEARING FRUIT TREES AND OTHER CROPS

Crop/ Variety	Objective/ Benefit	Rate (grams a.i./acre)	Application Timing/ Instructions
Non Bearing Stone Fruit (All States Except CA)	To reduce flowering and fruiting in young stone fruit trees in order	20-80	Make a single application during the period of flower bud initiation for the following year. Consult with the local horticulturist for timing and rates for specific cultivar

	to minimize		in your area. Use sufficient
	the competi-		water to achieve good cover-
	tive effect of		age of the canopy.
	early fruiting		_
	on tree de-		
	velopment.		
of flowering action and fruid physiologic	in the third season, a	and again in fourth sea	in the second season for reduc- the third season if flower son. Treat only trees that are in rvest.
awberry	To increase	15-25	Make a single application to
iwocity	runner produc-	13-23	mother plants 10-30 days
	tion of mother	ļ	after planting. Plants must
	plants.		have 1-6 leaves at spraying.
	piunus.]	Apply 100 gallons spray/acre
		-	to point of run-off.
set out after :	mid-May, vith cultivar and loc		s will not be effective on plant- ult local horticulturist for spe-
inberry (All	To reduce or	10-50	Make a single application at
tes Except	completely	1	early bloom (2-5% scatter
) .	eliminate the		bloom). Use sufficient water
	crop in the year of application		to ensure thorough coverage.
TF: Applicati	ons made later than	indicated w	vill result in no effect or actually
lt in increased	l fruit set (opposite e	effect).	and location. Consult the local

Pineapple	To shape fruit	120	Make 1 to 2 applications per
		grams	crop cycle of 14 to 18
		a.i./acre	months.

11.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR VEGETABLE CROPS

VEGETABLE CROPS

specialist for specific information.

Crop/ Variety	Objective/ Benefit	Rate (grams a.i./acre)	Application Timing/ Instructions
Artichoke	To accelerate maturity and shift harvest to an ear-lier date.	10-20	For perennials: Apply 1 to 3 applications at bud initiation stage. For annuals: Apply 1 to 4 applications at 2-week intervals, beginning at the fourth true leaf. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting of the entire plant (leaves, stems and buds).
Carrots, Fresh and Processing (All States Except CA)	To delay leaf senescence. Maintaining vigorous foliage will reduce the incidence of infection by Alternaria dauci.	1-6	Make the first application 4-6 weeks after emergence using commercial ground or aerial equipment with spray concentrations of 20-30 ppm. In severe disease situations or cool weather a second spray 14 days later will be required to achieve the desired amount of foliar recovery. Do not apply more than twice per crop.

growth, particularly with a second application.

Celery	To increase	2.5-10	Make a single application
	plant height and		one to four weeks prior to
	yield and to		harvest. Use 25 to 50 gal-
	overcome stress		lons of water per acre by
	due to cold		ground application or 5 to
	weather condi-		10 gallons of water per
	tions or saline		acre for aerial application
	soils, and ob-		(except in California). Use
	tain earlier		lower concentrations if
	maturity,		applying 3 to 4 weeks

			before harvest and higher concentrations within 1 to 2 weeks before harvest.
	apply by air in Califor as bolting will occur.	nia, Do not	apply earlier than 4 weeks
Cucumber	To stimulate	1-4	Make one application prior to

Cucumber	To stimulate fruit set during periods of cool	1-4	Make one application prior to bloom followed by two additional applications at intervals
	temperatures.		of 10 to 14 days. Up to four applications are required. Use sufficient water volume for thorough coverage of exposed foliage.

NOTE: For maximum benefits, vines must be in good condition, except for reduced rate of growth due to cool temperatures.

Lettuce for Seed	To obtain uniform bolting and increase seed production.	1-4	Apply one to four applica- tions at two-week intervals, beginning at the fourth true leaf. Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough wetting.
Melon	To stimulate fruit set during periods of cool temperatures.	1-4	Make one application prior to bloom followed by two additional applications at intervals of 10 to 14 days on cantaloupes and watermelons.

duced rate of growth due to cool temperatures.

Pepper (All	To promote plant	1-3	Apply one to two sprays in 25
States Ex-	growth.	1	to 50 gallons of water per
cept CA)		1	acre at two-week intervals.
ĺ			Begin sprays 2 weeks after
		<u> </u>	transplanting.

NOTE: This use is for acres with a short growing season, or when low temperatures slow plant growth.

Pepper (All States Ex- cept CA)	To increase fruit set and promote fruit growth.	1-3	Apply one to two sprays in 25-to-50 gallons of water per acre at weekly intervals dur-
			ing the flowering period.

NOTE: The high rate is for areas and/or varieties with pollination and/or fruit set

Pepper (All States Ex- cept CA)	To increase fruit size.	1-3	Apply in 25 to 50 gallons of water per acre at the beginning of the picking period.
NOTE: Use the	highest rate for plants w	ith heavy fi	ruit loads.
Potato seed	To stimulate uniform sprouting to aid in maximum production, more uniform development, fewer late maturing plants, and to break dormancy of newly harvested potatoes that have not had a full rest period.	0.2-0.4 (grams in 100 gai- lons)	Dip whole or cut seed pieces in a solution containing 0.2 to 0.4 grams a.i. in 100 gallons of water prior to planting.

NOTE: Under high soil temperatures use the minimum concentration for dormant seed. Do not treat rested seed pieces.

Rhubarb	To break dormancy on plants receiving insufficient chilling and to increase marketable yield of forced rhubarb.	10-20 (grams in 10 gallons)	1) When the rest period is not completely broken, make a single application of 2 fluid ounces (60 ml) of a solution containing 20 grams a.i. in 10 gallons of water to each cleaned crown. 2) When the rest period is broken by cold weather, apply 2 fluid ounces (60 ml) of a solution containing 10 grams a.i. in 10 gallons of water to each
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			cleaned crown.		
NOTE: Keep forcing house temperatures at 40°F-50°F for 24 hours after application. If house is warmer than 50°F, crowns must be covered with plastic. Temperatures above 50°F will lower yields and cause poor stalk color.					
Spinach (All States Except CA)	To facilitate harvest, increase yield and improve quality of fall and over-winter spinach.	6-10	Apply in a single spray 10 to 18 days before each anticipated harvest on fall or over-winter spinach, ideally when daytime temperatures are 40°F to 70°F and during early morning hours when dew is present on crop. Make applications in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre by ground sprayer or in a minimum of 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre by air. When applied to promote growth of second cutting, wait until some regrowth has started before spraying. Maximum benefit is obtained when below normal temperatures predominate following application and growth would be otherwise slowed in		

NOTE: Since the promotion of bolting will occur, do not apply after the midwinter period or if temperatures are expected to exceed 75°F within several days of application. Do not apply on spring planting.

12.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR OTHER CROPS COTTON, HOPS, AND RICE

Crop/Variety	Objective/ Benefit	Rate (grams a.i./acre)	Application Timing/ Instructions
Cotton (All States Except CA)	To promote early plant growth and increase seedling vigor.	1-6	Apply as an in-furrow application to seed or as a foliar application from the cotyledon leaf stage through the 7 leaf/node stage. Up to three applications are to be made as needed. To mix, fill the treatment tank with half the final tank mix volume. Add the required amount of N-LARGE PREMIER and mix thoroughly while adding water to the desired final volume. Compatibility information regarding tank mixtures of N-LARGE PREMIER with herbicides used in cotton is not available. Aerial application: Use a spray system capable of producing a uniform spray pattern of medium to fine spray droplets at 10 gallons per acre (GPA). Apply no less than 3 GPA of total spray volume. Ground application: For low pressure ground sprayers equipped with boom and flat fan nozzies, apply 10 to 15 GPA spray volume. Dispose of

			unused spray mixture according to the label directions at the end of		
MOTE: Heahia	har mtas suban tampan	ntugaa milli lile	the day.		
NOTE: Use higher rates when temperatures will likely average 75°F or less during the 14 days following the application. Do not apply more often than necessary to achieve the desired height, as over-dosage will result in excessive growth. Do not apply to cotton plants under drought stress.					
Hops: Seeded	To increase fruit	4-5	Make a single application		
and seedless Fuggle hops	set and yield	4-3	in 100-150 gallons of water per acre when vine		
and similar varieties			growth is 5-8 feet in length.		
adapted to the			tengut.		
Northwestern U.S					
Rice Seed	For use as a seed	0.5-2,1	Use in 8 to 20 oz. water		
Treatment:	treatment of both semi-dwarf and		per 100 pounds of rice		
	tall rice varieties		seed. N-LARGE PRE- MIER is to be applied to		
	to promote germi-		dry seed with standard		
	nation, emergence	ĺ	mist-treating equipment.		
	and final stand densities when		Best results are obtained using a higher treatment		
	planted at greater		volume (12 to 20 fl. oz.		
	depths where soil		Per 100 pounds of seed)		
	moisture levels are more adequate for		to ensure the seed is completely and uniformly		
	germination.		covered with N-LARGE.		
			Fill the seed treatment		
			tank with water to one-		
			half the final tank mix volume. Add the required		
			amount of N-LARGE		
			PREMIER mixing thor-		
]		oughly while adding		
			water and other seed treatment products to the		
			desired final volume.		
NOTE: Apply or	nly to rice seed intende	d for drill see	ded or dry broadcast sys-		
water used for th	bly to rice used in a 24- le presoak. Do not use	hour presoak	prior to broadcast or to grams a.i. per 100 pounds		
of seed. DO NO: PURPOSES.	T USE TREATED SEI	ED FOR FOO	Ď, FEED, ÖR OIL		
An approved dye	must be added to dist	inguish treated	d seed and prevent inadver-		
tent use of food,	feed or oil purposes. S	eed commerci	ially treated with this prod- requirements of the federal		
and state seed lav	ws. N-LARGE PREMI	ER is compat	ible with most commonly		
used fungicide so	eed treatments such as	VITAVAX®	and DITHANE®, standard		
dyes and sticker-	binding agents. When	preparing tan	k mixes, the user must		
Rice Post-	physical compatibility For use as a post-	1-3	Apply to rice between the		
Emergent	emergence seed-		1 to 2 leaf stage and the 4		
Seedling Treatment	ling application on		to 5 leaf stage of growth.		
Heatment	rice grown in the United States to		Timing and dosage is based on environmental		
	promote more		conditions, tank mix		
	uniform and vig-		combinations with herbi-		
	orous growth of rice prior to per-		cides and method of permanent flood practice		
	manent flood		in relation to rice leaf		
	establishment.		stage.		
	This will allow				
Į	earlier (five to ten days) flooding of				
[drill or dry broad-				
	cast seeded varie-				
i	ties and is particu- larly effective on				
	semi-dwarf varie-				
	ties. Early flood-				
	ing will reduce	1	}		
	additional flushing costs associated		1		
	with delay in	İ	}		
-	permanent flood-				

permanent flood-

ing, weed infesta-		
tions and the num-		
ber of herbicide		
applications as		
well as promote	}	ì
earlier and more		
uniform grain		
manurity.		

NOTE: N-LARGE PREMIER application will result in a temporary lighter

green foliage color due to accelerated growth rates.

Do not apply when rice is subject to drought stress conditions. N-LARGE PREMIER may be tank mixed with most commonly used rice herbicides and fungicides. When N-LARGE PREMIER is applied in tank mixes with Arrosolo®. Riverside Propanil® 60 DF, Stam® 80 EDF or WHAM® EZ, plus an adjuvant, the use of a surfactant is not necessary. Do not apply N-LARGE with products containing fenoxaprop-p-ethyl as the active ingredient. N-LARGE PREMIER applied between split-boot and 100% heading will increase panicle height of semi-dwarf rice. This will facilitate harvest efficiency in the field by allowing the rice grain to be cut above the leaf canopy at faster combine speeds and at reduced vegetative load. Grain quality and maturity will be advanced with the promotion of tiller panicle development. Heading applications to the first crop will also accelerate regrowth of second crop rice. This will result

in earlier second crop maturity and maximize grain yield.					
Hybrid Rice: Seed Produc- tion (All states except CA)	Apply N-LARGE PREMIER to facilitate main culm and tiller panicle extension to increase polli- nation and harvest efficiency.	20-100	Make I to 5 applications at regular intervals during the heading period.		

13.0 SPRAY GUIDELINES FOR ORNAMENTALS, CUT FLOWERS, TURFGRASS, BEDDING PLANTS, ETC.

The following instructions are based on results with common cultivars. Differences in responsiveness will vary from one cultivar to another, or from one set of growing conditions to another, or from one cultural management system to another. Therefore, prior to widespread usage, test a small number of plants from each cultivar under a specific set of growing and cultural management conditions to verify desired efficacy.

ORNAMENTALS

	21120		
Crop/	Objective/	Rate	Application
Variety	Benefit	(grams	Timing/
		a.i./acre)	Instructions
Azalea	As a partial replace-	250-500	Apply three sprays at
(All states	ment of cold treat-	ppm	weekly intervals after
except	ment to break flower		three to four weeks of
California)	dormancy.		chilling.
NOTE: Initia	te treatment when plants	are at Stage	5 of floral development (i.e.
style elongate	ed and open). A represen	tative spray s	chedule consists of applica-
tions made a	13, 10 and 17 days after	four weeks	of chilling. Flowers will not
develop prop	erly if applied prior to	Stage 5. Do	not apply after flower buds
show color.	To ensure uniform flower	ing apply tho	röughly.
Azalea (All	To break dor-	1000 ppm	a.i. Apply after three
states except	mancy on some		to four weeks of
California)	cultivars (e.g.	1	chilling
['Gloria', 'Prize',	ł	{```
Ì	and 'Redwing').		
Azalea (All	As a complete	1000 ppm	a.i. Apply four to six
states except	substitution of	1	sprays at weekly
California)	cold treatment to	1	intervals. Plants
Ĺ	break follower		must be at Stage =
	dormancy.		5 of floral devel-
		İ	opment (style
1		1 .	elongated and
\			open) belove tirst
		125	spray is applied
NOTE: Flow	ers will not develop prop	erly if applied	prior to Stage 5 of floral
			color. To ensure uniform
	mly thoroughly		į

acveropinent. Do	not apply after nower	Dudy silow color.	i o čužnić ammomi		
flowering, apply thoroughly.					
Azalea (All	To inhibit flower	100 -750 ppm	Approximately 2		
states except	bud initiation	a.i.	to 3 weeks after		
California) -	during vegeta-		each pinch, apply		
Flower Bud	tive growth.	Ì	a single foliar		
Initiation			application. After		

		1 0	,
	·		the first applica-
			tion, continue
			applying on a
			weekly basis for I
			to 2 weeks.
NOTE: Make a ma	ximum of three appl	ications.	<u> </u>
Calla Lily (All	For increased	500 ppm a.i.	Prepare a solution
states except	flowering.		and soak rhizome
California)		\ 	or tuber for 10
<u> </u>			minutes prior to
		:	planting.
NOTE: Leaf or flo	wer stretching will b	e observed in some	ultivars. If this
occurs, reduce rate			
Camellia (All	To substitute for	2% a.i. solution	Mix equal vol-
States Except	chilling re-		umes of product
CA)	quirements and		and water. After
0,	increase bloom		removing the
	size.		vegetative bud,
;			found immedi-
		ł	ately adjacent to
	i	1	or below the
			floral bud, place a
			single drop of the
		l	prepared solution
	ł		on the vegetative
			bud scar.
NOTE: Adding a	leposition aid (e.g., o	arboxymethylcellulo	se) to thicken the
solution will reduc	e run-off.		
Cyclamen (all	To promote	0.25 fl. oz.	Apply a single
states except	uniform flower-	10 to 15 ppm a.i.	application of 8
California) -	ing.		mi (0.25 fl. oz.)
Bud Application		1	of a 10 to 15 ppm
, -			a.i. solution di-
	İ		rectly to the
		ł	crown when buds
}	}	1	are pinhead size
		L	in the leaf axils.
Cyclamen (all	To promote	25 ppm a.i.	Thoroughly wet
states except	uniform flower-	1	the crown by
California) -	ing.		applying a single
Foliar Applica-	•		foliar application
tion		1	directly toward
!		i	the crown and
	1]	adjacent leaves
1	1	}	when buds are
1			pinhead size in
l			the leaf axils.
NOTE: Both bud	and foliar application	is have been shown t	o promote uniform
		ns will result in poor	

flowering. Late or excessive applications will result in poorly formed flowers

or weakened stems To produce tree Apply a foliar Fuchsia (all 250 ppm a.i. application bestates except forms of comginning after the California) mon fuchsia cultivars by stem fuchsia plant has reached the deelongation. sired size and continuing for four consecutive weeks. Spray plant to point of run-off.

NOTE: Staking will be required after application. Higher concentrated solutions will cause long, spindly and weak sterns

Geranium (all states except number and size of flowers. To increase number and size solution inflorescence first begins to show color. Apply
spray to the developing inflorescence.

NOTE: Peduncie stretching will be observed if application is made prior to inflorescence showing color or if concentrations in excess of 5 ppm are used. Geranium (all To advance Apply a single 5-15 ppm a.i. states except flowering. application when California) the first flower

bud set is noted.

Seedlings

- 1				Spray plant to
- 1				point of run-off.
Į				Depending on
ì	,	i '		type of geranium,
_				flowering will be
	\			advanced 10 to 21
	NOTE O		l assessiones enterelle	days.
1		To produce tree	l cause long, spindly 250 ppm a.i.	Apply a foliar
ł	Geranium (all states except	forms of com-	230 ppm a.i.	application for
- }	California) -	mon geranium		four consecutive
١	Tree Forms	cultivars by stem		weeks spraying
-	2100 (011112	elongation.		plant to point of
- {	 -			run-off.
		ll be required after a	pplication.	
Í	Hydrangea (all	To substitute for	2-5 ppm a.i.	Apply a single
	states except	chilling re-		foliar application
	California)	quirements and		for one to four
1		break flower bud		consecutive
- 1		dormancy.		weeks beginning at the start of
- (forcing. Thor-
ļ				oughly apply
1				solution to all
-				growing points
				containing flower
				buds.
			I cause long, spindly	
	Pompom Chry-	For elongating	25-60 ppm a.i.	Apply a single
	santhemums (all	peduncles on		spray four to five
	states except California)	pompom chry- santhemums.		weeks after initia- tion of short day
	Camonia	Samuemuns.		conditions. Apply
i				spray towards the
	ı	ı		flower buds.
	NOTE: Overuse or		l cause long spindly	and weak stems.
	Spathiphyllum	To induce flow-	150-250 ppm a.i.	Apply single full
	(all states except	ering of spathi-		coverage spray
	California)	phyllum.		approximately
				nine to twelve
				weeks prior to sale. Spray plant
- {				to point of run-
				off, thoroughly
		ì		wetting all grow-
				ing points.
			ole length and narro	wer leaves will
,	appear on some cu	ltivars such as 'Petito	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul	ltivars such as 'Petito tivars, prior to applic	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L	ltivars such as 'Petito tivars, prior to applic	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants.
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema,	Itivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L./ Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane)	Itivars such as 'Petitivars, prior to applicativars, prior to applicate on To accelerate bloom and in-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L./ Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L./ Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane)	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L./ Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L/ Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California)	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing.
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-L./ Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerc a small number of p	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California)	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing.
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor-
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor- oughly apply
)	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor- oughly apply solution to all
	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor- oughly apply solution to all growing points
	appear on some cu Loa'. For other cul the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except	ltivars such as 'Petiti tivars, prior to applic ARGE PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and in- crease flower-	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor- oughly apply solution to all
)	appear on some cutoa'. For other cutohe effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except California)	Itivars such as 'Petitivars, prior to applicance PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and increase flowering.	e', 'Starlight', 'Tassocation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i. 500-2000 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor- oughly apply solution to all growing points containing flower buds. r yield and de-
)	appear on some cut Loa'. For other cut the effects of N-LA Aglaonema, Anthurium, Dieffenbachia (Dumb Cane) (all states except California) Syngonium (all states except California)	Itivars such as 'Petitivars, prior to applicance PREMIER on To accelerate bloom and increase flowering. N-LARGE PREMIEI Pering. To induce bloom.	e', 'Starlight', 'Tasso cation on a commerce a small number of p 250-500 ppm a.i. 500-2000 ppm a.i.	wer leaves will on', and 'Mauna ial basis, evaluate lants. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Apply a single foliar application for one to four consecutive weeks beginning at the start of forcing. Thor- oughly apply solution to all growing points containing flower buds. r yield and de- lication white plant

commercial basis, evaluate the effects of N-LARGE PREMIER on a small

number of plants.

CUT FLOWERS

grandiflora (all

longer stems.

are 4" to 8" tall. Make

NOTE: Applying N-LARGE PREMIER to ornamental plants grown for cut flowers will aid in promoting longer stems and increased flower yield. Gibberellic Acid is a potent plant growth regulator and overuse will result in undesirable effects. Assess the effects of N-LARGE PREMIER on a small number of

plants prior to making large-scale applications. Application Objective/ Rate Crop/ (grams Variety Benefit Timing/ а.і./асге) Instructions Apply I to 3 applica-50-100 Aster (all states To aid in proexcept Califormoting longer ppm a.i. tions when plants are 2" to 6" tall. Make applicania) - Monte stems and in-Carlo type, Novicreased flower tions at 2 to 3 week yield. type and Belgiintervals. type Baby's Breath 150-500 Make 3 to 4 application To promote (Gypsophila) (all of a solution at 4 weeks plant growth, ppm a.i. states except increase flower of growth (after pinchyield and uniing). Make applications California) formity. at 2 week intervals. 50-100 Apply when plants are Bells of Ireland To promote 4" to 8" tail. Make (Moluccella) (all plant growth and ppm a.i. applications at 2 to 3 states except longer stems California) week intervals. Buplureum (all 50-100 Apply solution as a To promote foliar spray when plants states except plant growth and ppm a.i. California) are 4" to 8" tall. Make longer stems. applications at 2 to 3 week intervals. Campanula (all To promote 50-100 Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants states except plant growth and ppm a.i. California) longer stems. are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals. Candy Tuft 50-100 Apply solution as a To promote foliar spray when plants (Iberis) (all plant growth and ppm a.i. states except longer stems. are 4" to 8" tall. Make California) applications at 2 to 3 week intervals. Column Stock To promote 50-100 Apply solution as a (Matthiola) plant growth and foliar spray when plants prim a.i. (all states except longer stems. are 4" to 8" tall. Make California) applications at 2 to 3 week intervals. Delphinium 50-100 Apply solution as a To promote including plant growth and ppm a.i. foliar spray when plants D.belladonna,are 4" to 8" tall. Make longer stems. D. bellamosum. applications at 2 to 3 D. cardinale, D. week intervals. elatum, D. grandiflorum, D. nudicale, and Delphinium hybrids (all states except California) Didiscus (Tra-50-100 Apply solution as a To promote chyme)(all states foliar spray when plants plant growth and ppm a.i. except Califorlonger stems. are 4" to 8" tall. Make nia) application at 2 to 3 week intervals. Hydrangea (all To promote 50-100 Apply solution as a states except foliar spray when plants plant growth and pom a.i. California) longer stems. are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals. Larkspur (Con-50-100 To promote Apply solution as a solida ambigua, plant growth and ppm a.i. foliar spray when plants C. orientalis. are 4" to 8" tall. Make longer stems. Delphinium applications at 2 to 3 ajacis) (all states week intervals. except California) Lisianthus (Eus-50-100 To promote Apply solution as a toma) Eustoma plant growth and ppm a.i. foliar spray when plants

states exc				applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.
Phlox (Ph paniculat Drummon hybrida) states exc California	a and ndi (all cept	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make application at 2 to 3 week intervals.
Queen An Lace (Am states exc California	nne's mi)(all cept	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.
Safflower thamus) (states exc Californi	all ept	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.
Solidaste dago) (al except Ca nia)	l states	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.
Statice (I nium) (al except C nia)	l states alifor-	To promote earlier flowering and to increase flower yield.	10 ml of a 400-500 ppm a.i.	Apply as a foliar spray when plants are more than 10 inches in diame- ter (approximately 90 to 110 days after normal seeding time).

NOTE: Do not exceed specified rates. Do not apply repeated sprays. Accelerated flowering is influenced by extended photoperiod, adequate nutrition and reduced night temperature. Treatment with Gibberellins lessens the requirement for the cold requirement and/or the long photoperiod.

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	Statice (Limo- nium) (all states except Califor- nia)	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.
	Sunflower (Helianthus) (all states except California)	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.
	Sweet William (Dianthus) (all states except California)	To promote plant growth and longer stems.	50-100 ppm a.i.	Apply solution as a foliar spray when plants are 4" to 8" tall. Make applications at 2 to 3 week intervals.

BEDDING PLANTS, ANNUAL AND PERENNIAL POTTED CROPS, FIELD GROWN ORNAMENTALS AND BULB CROPS

Crop/ Variety	Objective/ Benefit	Rate (grams a.i./acre)	Application Timing/ Instructions
Bedding Plants, Annual and Perennial Pot- ted Crops, Field Grown Orna- mentals and Bulb Crops (all states except California	To promote plant growth and/or overcome the effects of excessive use of a gibberellin inhibiting plant growth regulator.	1-25 ppm a.i.	Begin by applying a single foliar application of a 1 ppm a.i. solution unless experience dictates a higher rate is appropriate. If desired results are not achieved, a reapplication or increased rate will be necessary. Do not use more than 25 ppm a.i.

NOTE: Gibberellic Acid is a potent plant growth regulator and overuse will result in undesirable effects including stem elongation. Assess the effect of N-LARGE PREMIER on a small number of plants prior to making large scale applications.

TURFGRASS

I OIII GILIOS			
Crop/ Variety	Objective/ Benefit	Rate (grams a.i./acre)	Application Timing/ Instructions
Bermudagrass Tidwarf, Tifgreen, and other cultivars (all states except California)	To initiate or maintain growth and prevent color change during periods of cold stress and light frosts.	10-25 grams a.i.	Apply 10 grams a.i. per acre weekly or 25 grams a.i. per acre biweekly in 25 to 100 gallons of water per acre.

NOTE: Application of N-LARGE PREMIER to Bermudagrass grown in golf courses, parks and turf farms has been shown to initiate or maintain growth and prevent color change during periods of cold stress.

Do not exceed specific rates. Maintain adequate moisture and proper fertilization programs as indicated for the local area. Discontinue treatments if thinning is observed. Do not apply the high rate more frequently than every two weeks.

More medicut mount will be necessary		. Do not use on domait turi.		
Bermudagrass	To maintain or	1-3 grams per	Apply weekly in	
	enhance regrowth	acre	25 to 100 gallons	
Tidwarf, Tif-	of golf course		of water per acre.	
green	Bermudagrass			
(all states ex-	during summer			
cept California)	months.	L		

NOTE: Application of N-LARGE PREMIER to Bermudagrass grown in golf courses, parks and turf farms has been shown to initiate or maintain growth and prevent color change during periods of cold stress.

Do not exceed specific rates. Maintain adequate moisture and proper fertilization programs as indicated for the local area. Discontinue treatments if thinning is observed. Do not apply the high rate more frequently than every two weeks. More frequent mowing will be necessary. Do not use on dormant turf.

14.0 CONVERSION TABLE (G/FL. OZ.)

N-LARGE PREMIER contains approximately 2 grams of active ingredient per fluid ounce of product.

Grams of active ingredient	Fluid ounces of N-LARGE
0.5	0.25 oz.
1.0	0.50 oz.
2.0	1 oz.
4.0	2 oz.
_ 5.0	2.5 oz.
8.0	4 oz.
10.0	5 oz.
12.0	6 oz.
16.0	8 oz.
20.0	10 oz.
25.0	12.5 oz.
32.0	16 oz.
40.0	20 oz.
_48.0	24 oz.
50.0	25 oz.

15.0 CONVERSION TABLE (PPM)

Volume of N-LARGE PREMIER to use in water spray to provide the desired parts per million (ppm) spray.

Gibberellic Acid (GA ₃) ppm (parts per mil- lion)	N-LARGE PREMIER mil- liliters (mL) per liter of spray	N-LARGE PREMIER mil- liliters (mL) per gallon of spray	N-LARGE PREMIER fl. oz. per gallon of spray
1	0.02	0.05	0.002
5	0.80	0.30	0.01
10	0.15	0.56	0.02
25	0.37	1.40	0.04
50	0.75	2.80	0.90
100	1.50	5.60	0.20
250	3.70	14.00	0.48
500	7.40	28.00	0.95
750	11.10	42.00	1.40
1000	14.80	50.60	1.90

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16.0 STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide Storage: Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Store away from any heat source.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Do not reuse empty containers. Triple rinse or equivalent; then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

17.0 WARRANTY

To the fullest extent permitted by law, neither the manufacturers nor the seller make any warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use of this material when such use is contrary to label instructions. Read and follow the label directions carefully.

Arrosolo® is a registered trade name for Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc. Dithane® is a registered trade name for Dow AgroSciences L.L.C. Stam® is a registered trade name for Dow AgroSciences L.L.C. Vitavax® is a registered trade name for Uniroyal Chemical Co., Inc. Wham® is a registered trade name for RiceCo. Whip® is a registered trade name for Aventis Crop Science.