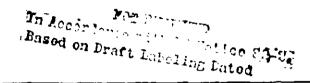
A589



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

This product contains 0.85 lb. of active ingredient per gallon and weighs 8.49 lb. per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

FIRST AID: If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Permits may be required for discharges containing this pesticide into lakes, streams, ponds, or public water. For guidance, contact the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

A589 is used to control algae, bacteria, and fungi in recirculating commercial and industrial water cooling towers. Prior to its use, systems must be cleaned to remove algal growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. An initial slug addition of 6.13 to 15.32 fluid ounces of A589 per 1000 gallons of water to provide a concentration of 48 to 120 parts per million of A589, based on the total weight of water in the system, is recommended. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident.

Subsequent slug additions of 1.53 to 15.32 fluid ounces of A589 per 1000 gallons of water (12 to 120 parts per million of A589) should be employed every 2 to 5 days, or as needed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and the severity of the microbiological problem. Slug additions should be made in the sump of water cooling towers.

A589 is used to control bacteria in industrial air-washing systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components. Prior to its use, systems should be cleaned to remove bacterial slime and other deposits. An initial slug dose of 24.7 to 41.2 fluid ounces of A589 per 1000 gallons of water is recommended. Repeat initial dosage until control is evident. Subsequent slug additions of 16.9 to 41.2 fluid ounces of A589 per 1000 gallons of water should be employed each 1 to 5 days, or as needed. The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and severity of the bacterial problem. Slug additions may be made to the sump or to the water collection trays of the airwash system

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal

STORAGE: Do not stack more than four drums high. Leaking or damaged drums should be plaint. I committee drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary land. I Know container closed when not in use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an acpround waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

- PLASTIC Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and district of this is constant fandful. by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning, if burning in the constant constant.
- HEFFA: Triple tinse (or equivalent), Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and directly or large and local authorities.

Manufactured by: Masters Chemical Co., Inc. 2420 E. Oakton St., Unit A4 Arlington Heights, IL 60005

_____ EPA EST. NO. _____

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